

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO
ENERGY, MINERALS, AND NATURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT
OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION**

**IN THE MATTER OF THE HEARING
CALLED BY THE OIL CONSERVATION
DIVISION FOR THE PURPOSE OF
CONSIDERING:**

**CASE NO. 11809
Order No. R-10878**

**APPLICATION OF BURLINGTON RESOURCES
OIL & GAS COMPANY FOR COMPULSORY
POOLING, AN UNORTHODOX GAS WELL
LOCATION AND A NON-STANDARD PRORATION
UNIT, SAN JUAN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO.**

ORDER OF THE DIVISION

BY THE DIVISION:

This cause came on for hearing at 8:15 a.m. on July 10, 1997, at Santa Fe, New Mexico, before Examiner David R. Catanach.

NOW, on this 12th day of September, 1997, the Division Director, having considered the testimony, the record, and the recommendations of the Examiner, and being fully advised in the premises,

FINDS THAT:

(1) Due public notice having been given as required by law, the Division has jurisdiction of this cause and the subject matter thereof.

(2) Division Case Nos. 11808 and 11809 were consolidated at the time of the hearing for the purpose of testimony.

(3) The applicant, Burlington Resources Oil & Gas Company (Burlington), seeks an order pooling all mineral owners, including working, royalty and overriding royalty interest owners in all formations which occur below the base of the Cretaceous Age to the top of the Pre-Cambrian Age underlying all of Irregular Section 8, Township 31 North, Range 10 West, NMPM, San Juan County, New Mexico, thereby forming a non-standard 639.78-acre spacing and proration unit for any and all formations and/or pools spaced on 640 acres within said vertical extent. Said unit is to be dedicated to the applicant's Marcotte Well No. 2 (API No. 30-015-29660) to be drilled at an unorthodox gas well location 1540 feet from the South line and 935 feet from the East line (Unit I) of Section 8.

(4) By Order No. R-10815 dated June 5, 1997, the Division, upon application of Burlington Resources Oil & Gas Company, amended Rule No. 104 of the Division General Rules and Regulations to provide for 640-acre well spacing within the San Juan Basin for wells projected to be drilled to a formation older than the Dakota (below the base of the Cretaceous). In addition, Rule No. 104 was further amended to require that wells be located no closer than 1200 feet from the outer boundary of the 640-acre proration unit nor closer than 130 feet from any quarter section line nor closer than 10 feet from any quarter-quarter section line or subdivision inner boundary.

(5) Pursuant to the provisions of Division Order No. R-10815, the effective date of amended Rule No. 104 was June 30, 1997, the day of its publication in the New Mexico Register.

(6) The applicant has attempted to consolidate, on a voluntary basis, all of the interests within Irregular Section 8, but has been unable to do so.

(7) Lee Wayne Moore and JoAnn Montgomery Moore, Trustees (Moore) and Total Minatome Corporation (Total) who respectively own 2.2517% and 4.6522% of the working interest in the proposed spacing unit, appeared at the hearing in opposition to the application.

(8) In addition, Bert Harris, representing the interest of Mary Maude Harris, a lessor of a certain Amoco Production Company lease within Irregular Section 8, appeared at the hearing and requested a continuance of Case No. 11809 until such time as his legal counsel could be available.

(9) Prior to the hearing, the Division considered and ruled upon several motions filed by various parties in this case. The following described motions were denied by the Division on July 8, 1997:

Motion to Continue--Filed on behalf of Lee Wayne Moore and JoAnn Montgomery Moore, Trustees and Timothy B. Johnson, Trustee for Ralph A. Bard, Jr. Trust (Moore-Bard);

Motion to Dismiss--Filed on behalf of Moore-Bard;

Motion to Dismiss--Filed on behalf of Total Minatome Corporation

(10) The Motions to Dismiss on behalf of Moore-Bard and Total Minatome Corporation and the Motion to Continue on behalf of Moore-Bard were renewed by legal counsel subsequent to the presentation of evidence and testimony in this case. These motions, as well as Bert Harris' request for continuance, were denied by the Division at the conclusion of proceedings.

(11) In addition, Moore-Bard and Total both obtained from the Division a Subpoena Duces Tecum which directed Burlington to produce extensive geologic and seismic data and other documentation with regards to the pooling of Irregular Section 8 for the Marcotte Well No. 2 by 9:00 a.m. on July 8, 1997.

(12) On July 8, 1997, the Division granted Burlington's Motion to Quash both the Moore-Bard and Total Subpoena Duces Tecum.

(13) Land testimony presented by all parties in this case is generally in agreement that:

- a) Burlington, who owns approximately 9.31045% of the subject spacing unit, has the right to drill and is currently drilling its Marcotte Well No. 2;
- b) Burlington has voluntarily consolidated approximately 93% of the working interest within the proposed spacing unit owned by thirteen different working interest owners;
- c) Moore and Total are the only two uncommitted working interest owners within the proposed spacing unit; and,
- d) Burlington sought and successfully obtained a farmout of certain acreage within the proposed spacing unit from Amoco Production Company. This acreage is subject to oil and gas leases containing pooling provisions which call into question the lessee/operator's ability to commit the lease acreage to spacing units larger than 320 acres. Among the parties Burlington seeks to pool in this case are royalty and/or overriding royalty interest owners subject to the aforesaid lease agreement with Amoco.

(14) At issue with regards to Total's interest in this case are the following:

- a) Total asserts that its interest in the proposed spacing unit is subject to a Farmout Agreement (hereinafter referred to as the GLA-46 Agreement) dated November 27, 1951, between Brookhaven Oil Company and San Juan Production Company, predecessors in interest to Total and Burlington, respectively. Total further asserts that under the provisions of the GLA-46 Agreement, its operating rights to the subject acreage are already effectively transferred to Burlington without restriction as to well depth (i.e. Total has already agreed to participate) and that a carried interest provision provides that Total's share of drilling costs are to be recovered out of one-half of Total's share of production;
- b) On April 22, 1997, Burlington sent a proposal letter and AFE for the Marcotte Well No. 2 to Total seeking its voluntary participation in the drilling of the 14,000 foot Pennsylvanian test;
- c) Total responded to Burlington's well proposal and AFE by informing Burlington that it elects to participate in the drilling of the Marcotte Well No. 2 under the terms of the GLA-46 Agreement; and,
- d) Burlington responded to Total by stating that it regarded the GLA-46 Agreement as being inapplicable to depths below the Mesaverde formation and that it regarded Total's response as indicating that it was not participating in the drilling of the Marcotte Well No. 2.

(15) Total presented evidence and testimony to support its position that the GLA-46 Agreement should apply to the Marcotte Well No. 2 and that it has voluntarily agreed to participate in the drilling of the well pursuant to its execution of Burlington's well proposal under the terms of the GLA-46 Agreement.

(16) Total further testified that in its opinion, Burlington has not negotiated in "good faith", and that Burlington's landman threatened to create administrative obstacles and difficulties in other properties where Burlington and Total are joint interest owners, including certain offshore properties.

(17) Burlington presented no evidence or testimony with regards to the GLA-46 Agreement, but reiterated its position that this agreement does not apply to "deep gas wells" within the San Juan Basin. Burlington did testify however, that of the six GLA-46 owners, only Total has taken the position that the GLA-46 Agreement covers the "deep gas" while all of the other owners have agreed to either sign a new operating agreement or to farmout their interest for the "deep gas".

(18) Burlington further takes the following position with regards to the GLA-46 Agreement and the compulsory pooling issues:

- a) whether or not the GLA-46 Agreement applies to “deep gas” is a matter of contract interpretation, and there is a dispute between Burlington and Total with regards to such interpretation;
- b) Total’s interest in the Marcotte Well No. 2 should be pooled for the following reasons:
 - i) if the Division does not pool the interest of Total, and subsequent litigation determines that Total’s interpretation of the GLA-46 Agreement is incorrect, Burlington will be forced to consolidate the interest of Total once again, either by voluntary agreement or by forced-pooling. The Marcotte Well No. 2 will have been drilled by that time, and Total, in deciding whether or not to voluntarily participate in the well will have knowledge as to the success of the Pennsylvanian test, giving it an unfair advantage over Burlington;
 - ii) if Burlington’s interpretation of the GLA-46 Agreement is subsequently determined to be incorrect, Total will have been voluntarily committed under the terms of the GLA-46 Agreement, and will simply be dropped from the pooling order.

(19) It is the Division’s position that the interpretation of the GLA-46 Agreement should be deferred to the courts.

(20) Burlington’s compulsory pooling case against Total is appropriate, and in order to consolidate all of the interest within the proposed spacing unit, the interest of Total should be pooled by this order.

(21) At issue with regards to Moore’s interest in this case are the following:

- a) Moore contends that Burlington’s proposed Joint Operating Agreement (JOA) for the Marcotte Well No. 2 contains certain provisions which are unreasonable and which are contrary to terms contained within most JOA’s, among them a 400 percent non-consent risk penalty and a provision prohibiting participating interest owners from having access to either the well site and/or drilling information such as well logs;

- b) Moore contends that Burlington has not negotiated in "good faith" for the following reasons:
 - i) Burlington is in possession of certain 3-D seismic data which it has generated and utilized in developing this prospect. Moore has requested from Burlington that it be allowed to review this seismic data in order to make a decision on whether or not to voluntarily participate in the drilling of the Marcotte Well No. 2. Burlington maintains that its 3-D seismic data is proprietary and confidential information and has thus far refused Moore's request for access to this data;
 - ii) Burlington has made offers to select interest owners within the proposed proration unit to review the aforesaid 3-D seismic data while it has consistently denied Moore's request to view such data;
 - iii) Burlington's farmout proposal of Moore's interest in Sections 8 and 9, and additional acreage in Sections 3-10 and 15-18, Township 31 North, Range 10 West, and Sections 1-3, 10-15 and 23 of Township 31 North, Range 11 West, contains an overriding royalty "not worthy of consideration";
 - iv) during the course of its efforts to obtain Moore's voluntary participation, Burlington's landman represented that the drilling of the Marcotte Well No 2 was a "high risk" venture that only had a 10% chance of success.
- (22) The evidence and testimony presented by all parties in this case indicates that:
 - a) Burlington is proposing to drill a 14,000 foot Pennsylvanian test which, if completed, will cost approximately \$2.3 million dollars;
 - b) to date there have been approximately twenty-eight "deep gas" Pennsylvanian tests drilled in the San Juan Basin. None of the "deep gas" tests thus far have resulted in commercial hydrocarbon production. The Marcotte Well No. 2 is located approximately 20 miles from the nearest Pennsylvanian production, being the Barker Dome Field which produces from the Pennsylvanian formation at a much shallower depth (approximately 9,000-10,000 feet);
 - c) Burlington's characterization of the drilling of the Marcotte Well No. 2 as being a "high risk" venture is not inappropriate;

- d) Burlington has attempted to expedite negotiations and forced-pooling proceedings in this case due to a nationwide drilling rig shortage and due to the availability of a suitable drilling rig for the proposed 14,000 foot Pennsylvanian test. This drilling rig was transported a distance of approximately 700 miles from Ozona, Texas;
- e) the Marcotte Well No. 2 was spudded on June 25, 1997;
- f) on July 29, 1996, Burlington wrote to Moore offering to purchase its deep gas rights within the area which included Sections 8 and 9. On April 22, 1997, Burlington sent Moore a letter including an AFE and JOA which sought, among other things, Moore's participation in the drilling of the Marcotte Well No. 2. Negotiations between Burlington and Moore continued during May 5-9, 1997;
- g) on June 11, 1997, Burlington filed a compulsory pooling application for the proposed Marcotte Well No. 2;
- h) on July 1, 1997, Moore proposed to Burlington that he retain a 27.5% overriding royalty and would deliver to Burlington a 60% net revenue interest in Section 8 which Burlington rejected as being unreasonable;
- i) during the course of its negotiations to obtain the voluntary agreement of working interest owners in Section 8, Burlington made a technical presentation to Amoco Production Company (Amoco) and Cross Timbers Oil Company, L.P. (Cross Timbers), both interest owners within the proposed proration unit, regarding its geologic interpretation of its 3-D seismic data obtained for the drilling of the Marcotte Well No. 2. This presentation of technical data was made by Burlington after these interest owners had agreed that after reviewing such data they would either (a) farmout their interest (b) participate in the drilling of the well, or (c) sell their interest on pre-arranged terms;
- j) at the time of the hearing, Burlington testified that it is willing to make the same technical presentation to Moore as was made to Amoco and Cross Timbers, provided however, such presentation would be made under the same terms and conditions as were offered to these parties;
- k) subsequent to reviewing Burlington's data, both Amoco and Cross Timbers elected to farmout their interest to Burlington within the proposed proration unit;

- l) because Moore owns other mineral interests in the immediate vicinity of Section 8, the disclosure of Burlington's proprietary 3-D seismic data would either (a) give Moore a competitive advantage in other tracts in which they own an interest and/or (b) establish a commercial value for the Moore interest for purposes of selling or trading their interests to others;
- m) the facts and circumstances of this case justify the denial of the requests that the Division require Burlington to furnish its 3-D seismic data to potential well participants prior to any agreement or election being made;
- n) there are thirty-three (33) royalty and/or overriding royalty interest owners within the proposed proration unit which are subject to leases limiting the size of the spacing units to less than 640 acres. Of the thirty-three royalty and/or overriding royalty interest owners, twenty-two (22) have voluntarily agreed to amend their lease agreement and join in the Marcotte Well No. 2.
- o) all working, royalty and overriding royalty interest owners were provided notice of the hearing by Burlington in conformance with Division Rule No. 1207.A.(1)

(23) Burlington has made a good faith effort to secure the voluntary participation of the Moore interest for the drilling of the Marcotte Well No. 2, but has been unable to do so.

(24) The interest of Moore should be pooled by this order.

(25) Pursuant to the authority granted to the Division by the Oil and Gas Act, the Division has the authority to pool all interests in a spacing unit, including royalty interests. Such authority supersedes any contractual agreements of the parties, therefore, lease agreements with pooling clauses limiting pooling to spacing units less than 640 acres will be superseded and amended by this order.

(26) The evidence and testimony presented by Burlington in this case further indicates that the proposed unorthodox location for the Marcotte Well No. 2 is necessitated by Burlington's desire to utilize an existing well pad so as to minimize surface damage and by other topographic considerations.

(27) The proposed non-standard proration unit is necessitated by a variation in the legal subdivision of the United States Public Lands Survey.

(28) No offset operator appeared at the hearing in opposition to the proposed unorthodox well location or non-standard proration unit.

(29) To avoid the drilling of unnecessary wells, to protect correlative rights, to avoid waste, and to afford to the owner of each interest in said unit the opportunity to recover or receive without unnecessary expense his just and fair share of the production in any pool completion resulting from this order, the subject application should be approved by pooling all mineral interests, whatever they may be, within said unit.

(30) The applicant should be designated the operator of the subject well and unit.

(31) Any non-consenting working interest owner should be afforded the opportunity to pay his share of estimated well costs to the operator in lieu of paying his share of reasonable well costs out of production.

(32) Any non-consenting working interest owner who does not pay his share of estimated well costs should have withheld from production his share of the reasonable well costs plus an additional 200 percent thereof as a reasonable charge for the risk involved in the drilling of the well.

(33) Any non-consenting working interest owner should be afforded the opportunity to object to the actual well costs but actual well costs should be adopted as the reasonable well costs in the absence of such objection.

(34) Following determination of reasonable well costs, any non-consenting working interest owner who has paid his share of estimated costs should pay to the operator any amount that reasonable well costs exceed estimated well costs and should receive from the operator any amount that paid estimated well costs exceed reasonable well costs.

(35) \$5100.00 per month while drilling and \$510.00 per month while producing should be fixed as reasonable charges for supervision (combined fixed rates); the operator should be authorized to withhold from production the proportionate share of such supervision charges attributable to each non-consenting working interest, and in addition thereto, the operator should be authorized to withhold from production the proportionate share of actual expenditures required for operating the subject well, not in excess of what are reasonable, attributable to each non-consenting working interest.

(36) All proceeds from production from the subject well which are not disbursed for any reason should be placed in escrow to be paid to the true owner thereof upon demand and proof of ownership.

(37) Should all the parties to this forced pooling order reach voluntary agreement subsequent to entry of this order, this order shall thereafter be of no further effect.

(38) The operator of the well and unit shall notify the Director of the Division in writing of the subsequent voluntary agreement of all parties subject to the forced pooling provisions of this order.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED THAT:

(1) All mineral interests, including working, royalty and overriding royalty interest, whatever they may be, in all formations which occur below the base of the Cretaceous Age to the top of the Pre-Cambrian Age underlying all of Irregular Section 8, Township 31 North, Range 10 West, NMPM, San Juan County, New Mexico, are hereby pooled thereby forming a non-standard 639.78-acre spacing and proration unit for any and all formations and/or pools spaced on 640 acres within said vertical extent. Said unit shall be dedicated to the applicant's Marcotte Well No. 2 (API No. 30-015-29660) to be drilled at an unorthodox gas well location (also hereby approved) 1540 feet from the South line and 935 feet from the East line (Unit I) of Section 8.

PROVIDED HOWEVER THAT, the operator of said unit shall continue the drilling of said well with due diligence to a depth sufficient to test the Pennsylvanian formation.

PROVIDED FURTHER THAT, should said well not be drilled to completion, or abandonment, within 120 days after commencement thereof, said operator shall appear before the Division Director and show cause why Ordering Paragraph No. (1) of this order should not be rescinded.

(2) Burlington Resources Oil & Gas Company is hereby designated the operator of the subject well and unit.

(3) After the effective date of this order, the operator shall furnish the Division and each known working interest owner in the subject unit an itemized schedule of estimated well costs.

(4) Within 30 days from the date the schedule of estimated well costs is furnished to him, any non-consenting working interest owner shall have the right to pay his share of estimated well costs to the operator in lieu of paying his share of reasonable well costs out of production, and any such owner who pays his share of estimated well costs as provided above shall remain liable for operating costs but shall not be liable for risk charges.

(5) The operator shall furnish the Division and each known working interest owner an itemized schedule of actual well costs within 90 days following completion of the well; if no objection to the actual well costs is received by the Division and the Division has not objected within 45 days following receipt of said schedule, the actual well costs shall be the reasonable well costs; provided however, if there is objection to actual well costs within said 45-day period the Division will determine reasonable well costs after public notice and hearing.

(6) Within 60 days following determination of reasonable well costs, any non-consenting working interest owner who has paid his share of estimated well costs in advance as provided above shall pay to the operator his pro rata share of the amount that reasonable well costs exceed estimated well costs and shall receive from the operator his pro rata share of the amount that estimated well costs exceed reasonable well costs.

(7) The operator is hereby authorized to withhold the following costs and charges from production:

- (A) The pro rata share of reasonable well costs attributable to each non-consenting working interest owner who has not paid his share of estimated well costs within 30 days from the date the schedule of estimated well costs is furnished to him.
- (B) As a charge for the risk involved in the drilling of the well, 200 percent of the pro rata share of reasonable well costs attributable to each non-consenting working interest owner who has not paid his share of estimated well costs within 30 days from the date the schedule of estimated well costs is furnished to him.

(8) The operator shall distribute said costs and charges withheld from production to the parties who advanced the well costs.

(9) \$5100.00 per month while drilling and \$510.00 per month while producing are hereby fixed as reasonable charges for supervision (combined fixed rates); the operator is hereby authorized to withhold from production the proportionate share of such supervision charges attributable to each non-consenting working interest, and in addition thereto, the operator is hereby authorized to withhold from production the proportionate share of actual expenditures required for operating such well, not in excess of what are reasonable, attributable to each non-consenting working interest.

(10) Any unleased mineral interest shall be considered a seven-eighths (7/8) working interest and a one-eighth (1/8) royalty interest for the purpose of allocating costs and charges under the terms of this order.

(11) Any well costs or charges which are to be paid out of production shall be withheld only from the working interest's share of production, and no costs or charges shall be withheld from production attributable to royalty interests.

(12) All proceeds from production from the subject well which are not disbursed for any reason shall immediately be placed in escrow in San Juan County, New Mexico, to be paid to the true owner thereof upon demand and proof of ownership; the operator shall notify the Division of the name and address of said escrow agent within 30 days from the date of first deposit with said escrow agent.

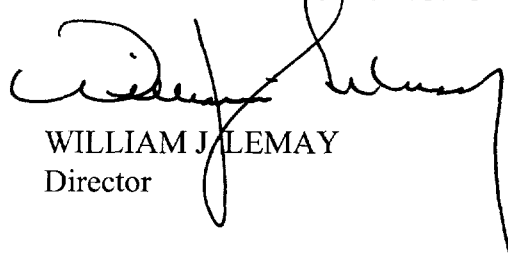
(13) Should all the parties to this forced pooling order reach voluntary agreement subsequent to entry of this order, this order shall thereafter be of no further effect.

(14) The operator of the well and unit shall notify the Director of the Division in writing of the subsequent voluntary agreement of all parties subject to the forced pooling provisions of this order.

(15) Jurisdiction is hereby retained for the entry of such further orders as the Division may deem necessary.

DONE at Santa Fe, New Mexico, on the day and year hereinabove designated.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION


WILLIAM J. LEMAY
Director



S E A L