#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO

# ENERGY, MINERALS AND NATURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

IN THE MATTER OF THE HEARING CALLED BY THE OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONSIDERING:

CASE NO. 12,370

APPLICATION OF MARBOB ENERGY CORPORATION FOR AN UNORTHODOX GAS WELL LOCATION, EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

ORIGINAL

### REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

### EXAMINER HEARING

00 APR 21 AH 10:

BEFORE: MICHAEL E. STOGNER, Hearing Examiner

April 6th, 2000

Santa Fe, New Mexico

This matter came on for hearing before the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division, MICHAEL E. STOGNER, Hearing Examiner, on Thursday, April 6th, 2000, at the New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department, Porter Hall, 2040 South Pacheco, Santa Fe, New Mexico, Steven T. Brenner, Certified Court Reporter No. 7 for the State of New Mexico.

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**APPEARANCES** 

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## APPLICANT'S WITNESS:

## RAYE P. MILLER (Landman)

Direct Examination by Mr. Owen Examination by Examiner Stogner

5 28

REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE

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## EXHIBITS

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### APPEARANCES

## FOR THE DIVISION:

LYN S. HEBERT Attorney at Law Legal Counsel to the Division 2040 South Pacheco Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505

## FOR THE APPLICANT:

CAMPBELL, CARR, BERGE and SHERIDAN P.A. Suite 1 - 110 N. Guadalupe P.O. Box 2208
Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2208
By: PAUL R. OWEN

\* \* \*

1	WHEREUPON, the following proceedings were had at
2	9:07 a.m.:
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4	
5	EXAMINER STOGNER: At this time I will call Case
6	Number 12,370.
7	MS. HEBERT: Application of Marbob Energy
8	Corporation for an unorthodox gas well location, Eddy
9	County, New Mexico.
10	EXAMINER STOGNER: Call for appearances.
11	MR. CARR: Paul Owen of the Santa Fe law firm of
12	Campbell, Carr, Berge and Sheridan, representing the
13	Applicant Marbob Energy Corporation.
14	And I have one witness, six exhibits in this
15	case.
16	EXAMINER STOGNER: Any other appearances? Let
17	the record show the room is empty.
18	Will the witness please remain standing to be
19	sworn in?
20	(Thereupon, the witness was sworn.)
21	MR. OWEN: May it please the Examiner, as my
22	first witness I call Mr. Raye Miller.
23	EXAMINER STOGNER: Do you have others?
24	MR. OWEN: That's all I have. "First" implies
25	others. That's my only witness, Mr. Examiner.

## 1 RAYE P. MILLER, the witness herein, after having been first duly sworn upon 2 his oath, was examined and testified as follows: 3 4 DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. OWEN: 5 Mr. Miller, would you please tell us your full 6 name and spell your first name? 7 My full name is Raye Paul Miller. My first name 8 Α. 9 is spelled R-a-y-e. Where do you live? 10 Q. I reside in Artesia, New Mexico. 11 Α. And who do you work for? 12 Q. 13 Α. I work for Marbob Energy Corporation. 14 Q. What do you do for Marbob? 15 A multitude of things. I wind up being in the Α. land department, gas contracts engineering. We're a small 16 company, and we do a lot of different things as part of our 17 18 job. As a matter of fact, Mr. Miller, you have 19 0. previously testified before this Division as a practical 20 21 oilman and had your credentials as a practical oilman 22 recognized and made a matter of record, have you not? That's correct. 23 Α. Are you familiar with the Application filed on 24 Q. behalf of Marbob in this case? 25

A. Yes, I am.

- Q. Are you familiar with the status of the lands in the subject area?
  - A. Yes, sir, I am.
- Q. And are you familiar with the project in general, including the geology of the project?
  - A. Yes, sir, I am.
- Q. Why don't you tell us what Marbob seeks with this Application?
- A. Do you want him to accept me before you just get started right off?

MR. OWEN: Mr. Examiner, are the witness's qualifications as a practical oilman acceptable?

EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Raye Paul Miller's qualifications are acceptable.

- Q. (By Mr. Owen) And Mr. Miller, why don't you tell us what Marbob seeks with the Application in this case?
- A. We're seeking an order authorizing Marbob to drill its Primero Federal Well Number 2 to the Morrow formation in the Washington Ranch-Morrow South Gas Pool at an unorthodox location, that location being 2116 feet from the south line and 542 feet from the west line, which falls in Unit Letter L of Section 23, Township 26 South, Range 24 East, of Eddy County, New Mexico.
  - Q. And you've prepared a number of exhibits for

introduction in this case?

- A. Yes, sir, I have.
- Q. Let's turn to Exhibit Number 1. Can you please explain that exhibit for the Examiner, please?
- A. Exhibit Number 1 is the administrative application that we initially submitted in regards to this unorthodox location, and we were subsequently advised through discussions that it probably needed to be set for hearing because of the changes and the setbacks and the consideration that OCD was giving to unorthodox gas well locations.
- Q. And Mr. Miller, did, in fact -- did my law firm file a formal Application for hearing in this case, as well as your administrative application, which is reflected in Exhibit Number 1?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Was that Application filed following your discussions with Mr. Stogner in which it appeared that you would set this matter for hearing?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. What's the primary objective of this proposed well?
- A. The objective of the well is actually the Morrow formation. And again, there is actually a producing well to the north of it that's such that it would be in the

Washington Ranch-Morrow South Gas Pool.

- Q. And in that Morrow pool, why is this unorthodox location necessary?
- A. Well, we're seeking a location that actually is closer to the section line than 660 feet, which is the required setbacks by the OCD rules for gas wells.
- Q. And you therefore seek an exception to Rule 104.C.(2).(a) --
  - A. Yes, we do.

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1.8

- Q. -- of the Division rules?
- A. It's based on -- Our request is based on the fact of problems at surface locations, with the surface manager being the Bureau of Land Management for the proposed well.
- Q. Did you initially propose this well at a standard location?
- A. Yes, sir, we proposed the well at a standard location and spent a lot of time with this well and the current producing well in fighting with the BLM over where we were going to wind up actually being able to drill it.
- Q. Mr. Miller, are your negotiations with the BLM as to this well reflected in Marbob Exhibit Number 2?
- A. Yes, I've provided in Exhibit 2 several items here. The first plat that appears on top is actually the location that we initially requested for the BLM. We show the plat there and then attach the -- I didn't send the 30

pages or attach the 30 pages that they require in an application to drill, but I did attach the application front page, and then also the topographic map, which shows the location of our standard or our initially requested location.

Our folks have had quite a bit of discussion with the BLM in regards to the location we drilled in the north half of 23, and so when we filed this location we tried to place it at a location that we felt like the BLM would probably find fairly acceptable, given the restrictions that they have or the special management areas they have in this location.

Following that first topo is, then, a second plat. You can see our surveyors have loved this work. It's a long way from Hobbs, and they've gotten various trips out there to resurvey. This one was done in January of this year, the other one was done in January of last year.

We thought we had an agreement with the BLM that this location would be acceptable. And as you can see, it's 2100 feet from the south line and 700 feet from the west line. We were told by the cave/karst specialist that he felt that this location would be fine, and so we surveyed it in and filed it.

You'll notice I've also included a topo that

gives you the location where it's located and the access road that we proposed in to it. And then after that top you'll find the actual location that is the one we're now seeking.

Q. Mr. Miller, why was that second location rejected?

A. The second location was rejected because of visual concerns. If you notice, our access road -- Well, I guess I should describe a little more about the topo.

The dark black line that runs kind of from the northeast to the southwest there through Section 14 and on down into Section 27 is actually the paved highway running between Carlsbad and El Paso, or running on into Texas towards El Paso. This is below Whites City.

The BLM has a special management on this area for various different concerns, but one of them is a visual concern. And the visual thing of beauty that they see for people on the highway is the Guadalupe Escarpment, the mountain range on the west. Now, that -- I mean, it is pretty. I've driven that road a lot of times going to El Paso and I've seen it.

The problem I have is that our location is not actually on the side of the road with the mountains. But that doesn't seem to matter to the BLM. And in fact, they were very concerned that, you know, this location that was

that that access road would be too visible by people coming back from El Paso because of the fact that it would extend across the top of that ridge.

And actually, where we're located there, this location and the other location, that's kind of a flat part of a ridge. And then it slopes off on both sides into valleys in there.

They decided that that was too visible a location, and that's why they requested that we move it even slightly further.

And the third plat -- and then it also has a topo
-- and you can see that we're slightly down from the top of
the ridge there and that our access road has now been
changed to where it actually accesses from a point off the
top of the ridge with a little more slope on it.

The other areas of concern that the BLM has in this vicinity is, they have cave/karst concerns. I mean, none of us want to drill into Carlsbad Caverns or Lechuguilla Cave, but actually in this area we don't have the type of formations that would actually have generated those type of caves. What we actually have in this vicinity is, we have some gypsum/karst-type of features that are prevalent in many areas around the southeastern part of New Mexico.

In our discussions with the BLM over the original first location in the north half of 23, we made several moves based on karst concerns of the BLM. And that winds up having set some really difficult negotiations, because we went through a lengthy process of fighting them over those locations and finally resolved it at an unorthodox location to just try to get a well drilled, to see if we were successful. And indeed, we were successful on that first well. But the fight that we put up there seems to have influenced their willing to work with us on many of these other locations.

- Q. Now, this third location is reflected on the third plat and third topo map contained in Marbob Exhibit Number 2. Is that the location that was proposed in Marbob's original administrative application to the Oil Conservation Division?
  - A. Yes, it is.

- Q. And Mr. Stogner indicated that he would not approve that location administratively; is that correct?
  - A. Right, it would need to be set for hearing.
- Q. Did you discuss the fact that the Oil

  Conservation Division had reservations about this location

  with the BLM subsequent to Mr. Stogner's indication that he

  would not approve it administratively?
  - A. Yes, we did, and the BLM actually has provided a

letter, which is included behind that last topo, which was sent to the OCD requesting -- or showing their support for this Application at the unorthodox location and identifying the various different concerns that they have in this area.

I also failed to discuss the sensitive soil issue. It winds up being a thing where our first location to the north fell on a fairly significant slope, and that was immediately ruled out. We'd either have to go uphill or downhill, that they wouldn't allow us to drill. And I mean, this sensitive soil -- Well, obviously I'm not a good soils person, because it looks like a lot of sensitive soil in this part of the world. I'm not sure how we don't have most of Texas being sensitive soils, or a good portion of west Texas. But anyway...

And also, in one of the locations or one of the access roads of either the original or the second, where the access road actually was proposed to come off the highway, there was a small arch site, and so by the fact that we moved the access road further north, we avoided that arch site. We did not mitigate it, but it was a very, very minor arch site, and the archaeologist had indicated that they might be willing to waive it, as long as we made sure that our road was confined to the location that we were actually proposing.

Q. So you initially proposed a well at the standard

location, and that location was rejected by the BLM; is that correct?

A. That's correct. If you'll notice, there's a large time frame variance between our first application, or the staking done in January of 1999, and the second one done in January of 2000. The BLM was very unhappy with us in the north half of 23, and when we proposed this well in the south half of 23, they told us there was no way we were going to get a location down there.

In the interim time, we drilled several wells in this facility, which I'll talk about later on in a different exhibit, and we were unsuccessful at those locations. And since the Number 1 was successful, we wanted to try for a well in the south half of 23. And as a result, we've been -- negotiating, I guess, is the proper word -- ever since, to try to get a location with the BLM.

- Q. Now, have you actually had on-site visits with the BLM to try to find a well at a standard location?
- A. We've had -- Well, Mr. Chumbley, who works in our office, has been to this location numerous times and had physical, on-site visits with Mr. Jim Goodbar, who is the cave/karst specialist for the BLM. And that's how we came to this final spot, was by their picking it while they were there in the field.
  - Q. Based on your discussions and on other employees

of Marbob's discussions with the BLM, is it your opinion that there is no possibility of locating a well at a standard location?

- A. Surface location, I don't believe the BLM would grant us a location in the south half of 23 at a standard location, at least not in the southwest quarter.
- Q. In your opinion, have you exhausted all negotiations with the BLM for a standard surface location
  - A. Yes, sir.

- Q. Do you have any secondary objectives in this well?
- A. No, there are none. The Number 1 well that was drilled in the north half of 23 was mudlogged through all of the Delaware and all the horizons. We also have drilled three additional wells to the northwest, to the north and the northeast, and those were all mudlogged and looked for secondary targets, and there was no indication of production outside of potentially in the Morrow horizon.
- Q. So you're not seeking approval of an unorthodox location for a proration unit based on 40-acre or 80-acre spacing?
  - A. No, sir, we're not.
- Q. How is Marbob planning to drill and produce the well?
  - A. Our proposal for drilling is basically a fairly

simple proposal that has been approved by the BLM. We'll set 8-5/8 casing at about 950 to 1000 feet. We'll drill a 7-7/8 hole to TD, which should be about 8000 feet. We would either then -- Well, we'll log and then either run pipe or plug the well if there's no sands present or not commercial sands present.

If it's successful, we'll set a stack pack and low-profile green tanks. We won't use the sandstone brown, we'll actually use nice green tanks, but they'll be short tanks. And then we'll complete the well and we'll lay a gas line to the north to tie into the Number 1, which is currently tied into El Paso Field Service.

- Q. And is that Number 1 well reflected on Marbob Exhibit Number 3 in the north half of 23 there?
- A. Yes, if you'd like to look at Exhibit Number 3, it actually shows the proration unit or the location of our well there, proposed well, is in the pink. The Number 1 well is shown there to the north, in the north half of Section 23.

This map actually identifies offset proration units. It's actually a Midland Map Company map that I've plagiarized here, and it winds up identifying that the federal lease, if you look there in the east half of 22, is Federal Lease 100316, which is the same federal lease that covers all of Section 23 and covers all of Section 24.

There is a different federal lease number,

100317, which covers the east half of 27, all of 26 and all

of 25. The royalties on those federal leases are

identical.

We wind up -- The only productive well at this point in the field is the Number 1 well there in the north half. The ownership of both of those federal leases is identical.

Primero Operating brought this deal to us several years ago. They had acquired the federal leases. We now own them jointly with them, and the ownership overrides royalties, and working interest is all common through all of the tracts there.

- Q. Now, I notice that there are a couple of Marbob wells located in Section 26 there, one in the east half, one in the west half. Are those wells actually drilled?
- A. No, the wells in Section 26 are proposed locations which we filed with the BLM, and these are at orthodox locations.

I'm concerned as to how the BLM will approach us on these locations. I think at this point, even if the Commission approves this Application, that we probably should have a letter, possibly from the Commission, that indicates to the BLM that they need to avoid unorthodox gas well locations and try to find somewhere inside the

orthodox area to allow companies to drill, particularly given the fact that, you know, gas wells, probably even with the infill wells, you wouldn't have more than four in a section, and surely there should be that many suitable locations, and orthodox, that they would allow us to consider drilling.

So we do need some support from you all to actually try to avoid going through this again in Section 26.

- Q. Now, Mr. Miller, you're not saying that you're planning to come in here and ask for an unorthodox approval of an unorthodox location for those two wells in 26, are you?
- A. No, sir, we're not. In fact, we're going to go to the BLM and tell them that basically the Commission doesn't want to see us back, and that they need to work with us and find a location in an orthodox spot.
- Q. Okay. Now, as to the Primero well that's the subject of this Application, have you gotten all working interests voluntarily committed to the well?
- A. Yes, all of the interests are agreeable to that location.
- Q. And the ownership of interests in the east half of Section 22 there and the north half of 23 appear to be affected by the encroachment of this proposed well

location. Have you contacted the interest owners in those proration units?

A. Yes, sir. The interest owners, outside of Marbob Energy, are David Sorenson, Slash Four, Branex and Pitch Energy. Pitch is one of our companies. Sorenson, Slash Four and Branex operate under Primero Operating.

We have notified them of this hearing, and if you look at Exhibit 4, each one has signed a waiver for the unorthodox location based on the notice of the hearing today, April 6th, and the unorthodox location that we were seeking. And those are contained as Exhibit 4.

- Q. And again, Mr. Miller, following your initial discussions with Mr. Stogner regarding the administrative application, you had my law firm file a formal Application for hearing; is that correct?
  - A. Yes, sir.

- Q. And that hearing was -- That Application requested a hearing for April 20th, 2000; is that right?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. In fact this case, of course, is being heard on April 6th. Your letters that are reflected in Marbob Exhibit Number 4, in fact, notified them that the hearing will be April 6th; is that correct?
  - A. That's correct.
  - Q. And in fact, have all interest owners affected by

this Application waived objection to this Application and the relief sought by this Application?

A. Yes, sir, they have.

- Q. Okay. Now, you've also brought a couple of technical exhibits to review with the Examiner. Can you take a look at Marbob Exhibit Number 5 and explain it to the Examiner, please?
- A. Exhibit Number 5 is a structure map on the Morrow formation down in this area. The log contained on the left-hand side of the exhibit is actually the log from the discovery well, the Primero Federal Number 1.

Our structure map that is there to the right is based on that limestone marker shown there in blue at about 7660 in that particular well. And the actual pay zone there is a 10-foot interval just shown underneath the brown line there on the left in the initial well.

There is one error on my finely produced exhibit here. You can tell I didn't draw this one by hand like some of my others there. It identifies that the cum of the Primero Federal Number 1 is .106 BCF. The actual cum currently is .249 BCF. The well is producing at about 1.3, 1.4 million a day, and the reservoir appears to be such that we'll actually cum somewhere in the neighborhood of 2, 2.5 BCF from that 10-foot sand.

To the right is, then, the structure map, based

on that limestone marker. And as you can see, we're dipping to the south southeast there in structure.

I love these geologists, as they draw these nice sand patches for these Morrow channel sands. If you look, the well in the north half of 23 there did have 10 foot of sand. If you look in 15, in the northwest quarter, the Mayes Com Number 1 was a well that was actually a shallow well that we re-entered and deepened to the Morrow. It has eight foot of sand, but the sand was unproductive, it was tight.

We then moved from that well in the northwest of 15 to the location in the northeast of 15 called the Washington Primero Number 1. We drilled that well as a north half also. Both of those wells were drilled as a north half proration unit, with 50 percent of it being federal minerals, the other 50 percent being fee minerals. We drilled that well.

As the nice geologist has shown, there was 16 feet of sand there. The only problem is, that sand was tight, there was no way that it could be productive.

We then came down and decided that we were too far west, so we moved into Section 14, and we drilled the Primero White Number 14 in the southwest quarter, at the location there that shows as Number 1, and encountered only two foot of sand. And so the geology wisdom was that

obviously we'd missed the channel that it lay between, the Primero White 14 Number 1 and the Washington Primero Number 1, and so all we needed to do was just kick it to the west, and we would hit that channel and have the mother lode.

We did actually apply and directionally drill the Primero White 14 Number 1 to an unorthodox bottomhole location after we had drilled it to the orthodox bottomhole location, and it's shown there as the Number 2, and it had zero foot of sand in the pay section.

And so whereas our nice channel used to take in those locations, we now have a nice curve around those locations because it's obvious there's no sand there.

There is very little well control in this area.

I mean, this is a guess. Our folks were looking for a location somewhere in the southwest quarter of 23 to try to see if there was more of a reservoir there than what we have.

The location that we've applied for here as this Primero Federal Number 2 is actually about 2334 feet away from that Primero Federal Number 1, which is the producing well.

The location in Section 22, that Primero Grooms 22 Federal, is at an orthodox location. That has been approved and permitted by the BLM. It is, though, still 2315 feet away from this unorthodox location. So if we

were successful here and moved over to the Primero Grooms and drilled it, we would have considerable distance between our wells to try to capture more reservoir if the reservoir is actually present.

- Q. Now, that Primero Federal Number 1 in the north half of 23, was that the original location proposed by Marbob?
- A. No, the original location, if our map is right, would probably now not be in the channel. And we fought over cave/karst locations. Our original location, I believe, was in the southeast of the northwest. And we fought and we fought and we fought, and finally through agreement with the BLM we came to an agreement on this location in the northwest northwest.

Now, our geologist picked all those fine locations in 15 and 14, the BLM forced us to the one in 23. So actually I have a little better hope of this second location since it's now a BLM-forced location rather than one our geologist initially picked, but we'll find out someday.

- Q. All right. Now --
- A. Oh, I should also point out on that structure map, there shows -- and it identifies with a couple of question marks up there, there may actually be a fault that runs through the north part of 14 and 15 in there, with the

downthrown side being on the north end of it, the upthrown side being on the south end, of about 100 feet. There was a shift, you know, between those wells. We didn't actually encounter any strange drilling, but the change in depth subsurface makes the geologist believe that there's a possibility that there may be some type of fault structure up there that actually has changed.

Now, I should also probably mention that to the north of this is the El Paso Washington Ranch Gas Storage Unit. So the Washington Ranch field, old field that was discovered and it's now gas storage, is to the north. And this location, or these wells in 15, were as close as wells could be drilled to that gas storage.

- Q. All right. Now, Marbob Exhibit Number 6 is a couple of AFEs for this proposed well; is that right?
- A. Yes, they are. The first exhibit indicates it's an AFE of August, 1999, which it is, except it has a minor modification. The footage rate that was in our original August of 1999 application was below the rate that's actually shown here, but this rate actually reflects the cost of drilling a footage well in this area at this time.

The second AFE is actually our estimate of what it would take if we were required to directionally drill this location to a standard bottomhole location with the unorthodox surface location.

The difference in the AFEs is about \$100,000. That is probably a little bit high to what our actual cost would be, and primarily because we tend to have not had real good results on day work versus footage. Some way, the drill bits don't seem to drill quite as fast for us when the drilling contractor has no incentive, and as a result -- You know, if everything went perfect, the cost could be somewhere in the neighborhood of about \$60,000 to \$65,000.

We really figure by the time the additional cost and the additional mud log days and stuff on, we really felt like the \$100,000 was probably a more accurate cost as to what it would take if we actually were required to directionally drill the bottomhole location to a standard location.

- Q. Now, the first AFE, the figures in the first AFE contained in Marbob Exhibit Number 6 are based on your actual costs incurred in drilling the wells in 14, 15 --
  - A. -- and the north half of 23.
  - Q. -- and the north half of 23; is that right?
- A. Yes, except with the adjustment of the drilling rate there to the AFE. This was not the original drilling rate that was quoted under the AFE. It was actually, I believe, a 14.50-per-foot rate. The rates have gone up by the drilling contractor.

- Q. And the rates reflected on the second AFE where you have a higher rate due to the directional estimate, is based on your actual experience in drilling the directional kickoff in the Primero White Number 2 in Section 14; is that correct?
- A. It's based on that experience, and also we did check with the directional folks to see, because the Primero White was a little different animal in the fact that we had already drilled the straight hole. We had to had to set a plug and kickoff, whereas under this Application, if we were obligated to directionally drill, we could just plan on our kickoff point and go in the hole with a motor on a bit trip and then kick to a standard location. So it wouldn't be quite as expensive as what we had.

And also the footage we'd be varying is accounted for in this AFE.

- Q. Okay. Now, one quick question back on your structure map.
  - A. Yes, sir.

- Q. Your unorthodox location that you're proposing is not -- doesn't appear to be any geologically inferior position to the standard location; is that a fair statement?
  - A. With the lack of well control in this area, we

believe that it's got just as good a chance as the two 1 locations that we had applied for previously. 2 3 Ο. Okay. 4 Α. Those little magic patches of sand that he puts 5 down there, I don't think he could see. 6 Okay. Now, if you don't drill a well here in the 7 south half of 23, is it your opinion that reserves will be 8 left in the ground which might otherwise be recovered? Α. Yes, sir. 9 And in your opinion, will the granting of this 10 11 Application and the drilling of the proposed well be in the best interests of conservation, the prevention of waste and 12 the protection of correlative rights? 13 14 Α. Yes, sir. Mr. Miller, were Exhibits 1 through 6 prepared by 15 Q. you or compiled under your direction and supervision? 16 17 A. Yes, they were. MR. OWEN: Mr. Examiner, I move the admission of 18 19 Marbob Exhibits 1 through 6. 20 EXAMINER STOGNER: Exhibits 1 through 6 will be admitted into evidence. 21 22 MR. OWEN: That's all I have of this witness at this time, Mr. Examiner. 23

page on Exhibit Number 2, the letter from the BLM Carlsbad

EXAMINER STOGNER: And for the record, the last

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Office to me, I have not received that. This is the first time I've seen this letter, so I'll make that a part of the record. And that was dated March 24th.

THE WITNESS: Yeah, they faxed us a copy of it.

I just assumed that it had been sent to you. Sorry about that.

#### **EXAMINATION**

#### BY EXAMINER STOGNER:

- Q. Mr. Miller, were you out there on any of the site -- what do you call them, site surveys?
- A. Not on the south half of 23. I made several trips down there on the north half of 23, and in fact took a camera, made photographs and had a meeting with, at that time, Gary Bowers, his cave specialist, and one of the other folks. And we argued at length and spent several months fighting over the fact of their not wanting us to drill at particular locations in the north half of 23.

I've driven by the south half, but I actually wasn't on site when Mr. Chumbley and Mr. Goodbar have had their various arguments or discussions.

- Q. But you're familiar with what goes on, general on-site BLM meeting with the operator?
  - A. Oh, yes, sir.
- Q. Okay. How many BLM representatives are usually at one of these things in this area?

A. There have been a whole host of variations in the way the BLM has handled this. In our first deal there in the north half of 23, the BLM actually had one person on site with us when we were reviewing those possible locations. And in fact, we had myself, the geologist and Mr. Chumbley, all three of us, out there when were, at different times, going over the north half of 23.

After the problems that we had with that location, and in the fact that we were going to try to drill several other locations, we applied for the well in the south half of 23, the well in 22, the well in 14 and the well in 15 to the BLM.

We went down, had a meeting with them and described the various locations that we were wanting to try to have approved, and they wound up -- they took a team of six people, I believe, and went and visited each one of those locations. They moved our location in the northeast of 15.

Now, I don't know if the topo maps show it, but the location in the northeast of 15 is actually down underneath a considerable hill to where, when you drove by, even when that well was being drilled, you could not see the pad and could only see about the top third of the mast from the highway, because of the slope and change of terrain.

The location in the northwest of 15, of course, fell on fee, private land, and so the BLM couldn't move us there.

The location in 14, we moved a couple of different ways for them. It winds up, it fell right beside the road, and finally the cave/karst and sensitive-soils people overrode the visual guy and had him allow us to drill right next to the highway in 14. But it's been a thing where we've fought -- Every location down there has been like pulling teeth.

Now, you also -- and I didn't address it earlier -- you notice there's a location shown in the southeast of 15 called the Primero Yates 15 Fee Fed Com. Yates staked a location, and we staked a location in that vicinity.

That's actually the location that we staked. Yates staked one that was basically just slightly, I believe, south and maybe a hair east of that, which would have been basically the same offset unorthodox as we did in the Primero Federal Number 1.

The BLM told Yates that there was slim to no chance that they would get that location approved. Yates fought with them for a period of time, and at this point I don't believe that location was ever approved, or any location was ever approved for the southeast of 15. After our lack of success in the north half of 15, I don't

believe those applications are being pursued at this point.

Q. Okay.

A. Part of the problem we have is the fact that the Carlsbad office of the BLM -- and I guess this is more judgmental on my part, but I honestly believe that some of their specialists have run a little bit amok. I mean, southeast New Mexico is an area of considerable extractive industry development, and some of these issues of painted dirt, cave karst when it's just gypsum karst and stuff, seem to have taken precedence over sanity.

In fact, the first location, when we drilled it, we wound up moving United Drilling Company in and had them air-drill the surface, because we knew the problem that we had had with that cave/karst person, that if we actually encountered some kind of karst and had lost circulation in there, that we were going to pay havoc.

And so we actually drilled the surface hole with an air rig, set casing, moved that rig off and then brought another rig on. We encountered no karst, no lost circulation when we were drilling with air, and as a result, on this location we are proposing just to drill it with rotary, and that's been actually approved by the BLM.

They also wouldn't approve our location size. I mean, each location that we've done down there, they've not allowed us to have a standard location with standard pits.

We've restricted our location size to a minimum size for each location that we could possibly work in, and we've actually altered our drilling pits to where the pits are just long, narrow trenches that reduce the amount of area that we're impacting. But, you know -- I mean, we've gone to a lot of trouble to try to work with them on these areas.

Q. Okay, you answered a couple of my questions I was leading up to.

Is there ever, on any of these on-site visits, a representative of the BLM that's specific to the oil and gas resources?

- A. Well, the cave/karst person claims to be a geologist. And we've never asked him if he has any technical training, but he believes that he knows as much about it as our geologist. And in fact, his location was successful. I don't know, maybe he does.
- Q. But as far as the departments, the BLM office, the Carlsbad office in general has an oil and gas designee of some kind; is that correct?
  - A. Well --

- Q. Or at least they used to.
- A. See, Carlsbad doesn't actually have a downhole person at this point. All the geologic and engineering work is actually being handled out of the Roswell office.

And so we actually submit our applications to drill to

Roswell. Roswell forwards them to Carlsbad, Carlsbad does

all the surface work, archaeology, biology, wildlife,

sensitive species, cave/karst, all that is done in

Carlsbad.

And then that is returned back to Roswell, and then Roswell approves the actual downhole, you know, depths of casing strings, cement program, where cement needs to be brought to. So the engineering is actually still handled out of Roswell.

- Q. But there's never any Roswell --
- A. No.

- Q. That I didn't know. It used to be handled out of Carlsbad.
- A. Right. In the reorganization they had looked at moving all of the functions to Roswell at one point in doing away with the Carlsbad office.

And then in the reorganization plan they did actually consolidate the engineers and geologists. All of our unit agreements and everything is handled out of Roswell for southeast New Mexico. Alexis Swoboda and Armando Lopez are the engineering people.

When we've had problems or questions about the way that they want casing programs done in Eddy County, north Eddy County in particular, we've met with Tim Gum

from OCD Artesia, that actually met with the BLM in Roswell.

- Q. Okay, back to the cave and karst concerns.
- A. Yes, sir.

- Q. When the surface area is being drilled or the surface string is being drilled and some sort of cave/karst environment is hit or encountered, is the Carlsbad office or this cave/karst person notified, or do they know about it?
- A. Right, we're required, if we have any lost circulation, to immediately notify the Carlsbad office.

What we had set up on the Number 1 well was that if we encountered a karst when we drilled the surface string, we would actually run our surface casing with cement baskets, we would cement up to the bottom of the cement basket to actually bring the cement up to the void, and then we would actually come in and cement from the basket on to the surface.

Now, that would leave a gap of no cement actually at the void. And our agreement was that if we did that, then on the production string we would have to circulate cement between the production string and the surface string so that there would be cement as well as pipe protecting that void from possible fluid migrations in future years.

That didn't happen, and so as a result we were

allowed to -- we circulated cement on the surface string, and as a result we were only required to bring up the cement above any productive horizons, I believe 500 foot above, on the production string.

- Q. If that's encountered and you use the cement basket and circulate back up to the surface, are you having to one-inch it?
- A. I don't remember how that was described in our Application. Since we didn't do it, I don't remember. It's been over a year now since we did that well, and I don't remember what they were requiring. I suspect it probably was a one-inch type of program.

In drilling the other two wells that did not have -- The well in the northwest of 15 did have surface casing already on the re-entry, but the well in the northeast and then the well in the southwest of 14, we did not encounter any karst features.

The other thing that -- you know, and part of the cave/karst person's concern is the fact that -- you know, I referenced the fact that there's a considerable slope to the west there across the highway, and in fact there's a valley and the old Washington Ranch springs and all are down in this valley. There are some farms underneath this slope. In fact, in Section 16 is farmland in there.

And you know, the cave/karst person, one of his

concerns in 23 was the fact that he felt his karsts were actually conduits to the water aquifer.

We actually got an aerial photo of this area, went to the State Engineer's office, worked with them to determine that -- hydrologically where we were in Section 23, that yes, if we were -- you know, if any fluids did go into one of these karsts, that the drainage, the hydrology was to the east, and that actually there is no wells in 15 or 24, no surface water in those areas, and that actually our drainage in the shallow water aquifers was to the east, it was not to the west, as he initially indicated that we'd be damaging, or possibly damaging, the stuff down below to the west.

We spent a long time. I mean, this well -- We need to make some wells and make a lot of gas to pay for all of our time and effort.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Okay. Is there any other questions of this witness?

MR. OWEN: No, I have no further questions.

EXAMINER STOGNER: You may be excused.

I'll tell you what, Mr. Miller's request has not gone unnoticed, and I would like for you, Mr. Owen, to work with me on perhaps some additional paragraphs in this order that direct the BLM, since -- or what Mr. Miller had requested, and perhaps to follow up a letter with these

concerns.

I've had concerns out there quite often -- and this is not only in the Carlsbad area but also in the Farmington area -- that there's never an oil and gas person on these on-site surveys, and it seems to have lost sight that that's even a resource worth being concerned about, whenever these on-site surveys. Not only is it not getting equal billing, I don't even think it's getting adequate billing.

But if you'd work with me on this, I'd appreciate it.

MR. OWEN: Mr. Stogner, as a matter of clarification on the record, it appears that you will be an issuing an order in this case, whatever the result is, which clarifies the Division's concerns regarding wells in this area and the need for the BLM to take into consideration the Division's rules and its view of the necessity of following its well-location rules in this area generally; is that correct?

EXAMINER STOGNER: That's kind of what I see, addressing in the course of the order this particular Application, the concerns that led us to this Application. That can be expanded out to the general -- or to rule changes, to make it more accessible. Even for them, the rule change was also done for them, their concerns, the

surface concerns. And hopefully we would see fewer of 1 2 these. But also, Mr. Miller has also the concerns in 26. 3 4 But I think somewhat -- wording can be in there to address a general issue in this particular area, along with our 5 rules and regulations and concerns, in light of what we 6 7 have got to have in the order for this particular 8 Application. So if you'll help me with the draft order, 9 10 provide me one, and let's work with it. 11 MR. OWEN: Mr. Examiner, I appreciate your 12 concern, and I think it's particularly appropriate to Marbob in this case, given its proposal to drill two wells 13 in 26 and its anticipation of difficulties in dealing with 14 15 the BLM and with those particular projects. 16 EXAMINER STOGNER: Okay. So let's do that, and 17 if there's nothing further in Case Number 12,370, let's take a 15-minute recess, and thank you. 18 (Off the record at 10:00 a.m.) 19 (The following proceedings had at 10:26 a.m.:) 20 EXAMINER STOGNER: I want to return to Marbob 21 Case 12,370, and for the record that case will be taken 22 under advisement. 23 24 MR. OWEN: Mr. Examiner, for the record, does

Marbob have verbal approval to proceed with the well at

this time? 1 2 EXAMINER STOGNER: At this particular time I have all intentions of approving this Application, and what I'd 3 like for you to do is help me with some additional wording 4 5 in light of our new rule changes and our new policy as far 6 as getting tougher on these unorthodox locations. 7 But in this particular matter, yes, I have every 8 intention of --MR. OWEN: I look forward to working with you on 9 10 that matter, Mr. Examiner. 11 (Thereupon, these proceedings were concluded at 12 10:27 a.m.) 13 14 15 16 i hereby certify that the foregoing to complete record of the proceedings is 17 the Examiner hearing of Case No. 12370 18 heard by meyou? 19 Conservation Division 20 21 22 23 24 25

#### CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER

STATE OF NEW MEXICO )
) ss.
COUNTY OF SANTA FE )

I, Steven T. Brenner, Certified Court Reporter and Notary Public, HEREBY CERTIFY that the foregoing transcript of proceedings before the Oil Conservation Division was reported by me; that I transcribed my notes; and that the foregoing is a true and accurate record of the proceedings.

I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative or employee of any of the parties or attorneys involved in this matter and that I have no personal interest in the final disposition of this matter.

WITNESS MY HAND AND SEAL April 9th, 2000.

STEVEN T. BRENNER

CCR No. 7

My commission expires: October 14, 2002