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NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

EXAMINER HEARING

SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO

Hearing Date	JUNE 28, 2001	Time_8:15 A.M.
NAME	REPRESENTING LOCAL CONTROL OF SHARE	LOCATION
DAVE BONEAU	YNTES PETROLEUM	ARTESIA
Rein McKamey Ed N. DAUIS	David Pet.	Roswell
TIM CASHON	PENDOX GRATING	Dans
Mike Feldenert Dyndar burnand	Holland + Hust and complete + Cast Chesapers	Santa Fe
BBERT A. HEFNER IV	CHESARANE	ovec, de
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STATE OF NEW MEXICO

ENERGY, MINERALS AND NATURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

IN THE MATTER OF THE HEARING CALLED BY THE OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONSIDERING:

CASE NO. 12,680

APPLICATION OF ENERGEN RESOURCES)
CORPORATION TO AMEND ORDER NOS. R-9722-C)
AND R-10,448-A TO REINSTATE THE PROJECT)
ALLOWABLE FOR THE WEST LOVINGTON-STRAWN)
UNIT AREA UNDER THE SPECIAL RULES AND)
REGULATIONS FOR THE WEST LOVINGTON-)
STRAWN POOL, LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO)

BEFORE:

ORIGINAL

REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

EXAMINER HEARING

MICHAEL E. STOGNER, Hearing Examiner

June 28th, 2001

Santa Fe, New Mexico

0) UN 12 MS 7:55

This matter came on for hearing before the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division, MICHAEL E. STOGNER, Hearing Examiner, on Thursday, June 28th, 2001, at the New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department, 1220 South Saint Francis Drive, Room 102, Santa Fe, New Mexico, Steven T. Brenner, Certified Court Reporter No. 7 for the State of New Mexico.

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APPEARANCES

FOR THE DIVISION:

DAVID BROOKS
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Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505

FOR THE APPLICANT:

MILLER, STRATVERT and TORGERSON, P.A. 150 Washington Suite 300 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501 By: J. SCOTT HALL

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FOR HANLEY OAD III:

HOLLAND & HART, L.L.P., and CAMPBELL & CARR 110 N. Guadalupe, Suite 1 P.O. Box 2208 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2208 By: WILLIAM F. CARR

* * *

WHEREUPON, the following proceedings were had at 1 9:02 a.m.: 2 Okay, at this time I'll call 3 EXAMINER STOGNER: Case Number 12,680, which is the Application of Energen 4 Resources Corporation to amend Order Numbers R-9722-C and 5 R-10,448-A. This is to reinstate the project allowable for 6 7 the West Lovington-Strawn Unit area under the special rules and regulations for the West Lovington-Strawn Pool, Lea 8 9 County, New Mexico. 10 Call for appearances. 11 MR. HALL: Mr. Examiner, Scott Hall, Miller 12 Stratvert and Torgerson Law Firm, Santa Fe, on behalf of 13 Energen Resources Corporation, with one witness this morning. 14 15 EXAMINER STOGNER: Any other appearances? MR. BRUCE: Mr. Examiner, Jim Bruce of Santa Fe 16 17 representing Devon Energy Production Company, L.P. no witnesses. 18 EXAMINER STOGNER: Others? 19 20 MR. CARR: May it please the Examiner, my name is 21 William F. Carr with the law firm Holland and Hart, L.L.P. 22 We're appearing on behalf of Hanley OAD III. Hanley is a 23 working interest owner in the unit owner and appears in support of Energen. We have no witnesses. 24

EXAMINER STOGNER:

Any other appearances?

Will the witnesses please stand to be sworn? 1 (Thereupon, the witnesses were sworn.) 2 BARNEY I. KAHN, 3 4 the witness herein, after having been first duly sworn upon 5 his oath, was examined and testified as follows: 6 DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. HALL: 7 For the record, sir, please state your name. 8 0. Barney Kahn. Α. Mr. Kahn, where do you live and by whom are you 10 Q. employed? 11 Α. I'm employed by Energen Resources Corporation in 12 13 Birmingham, Alabama. What do you do for Energen? 14 Ο. I'm the chief engineer with Energen. 15 Α. And are you familiar with the Application that's 16 0. been filed in this case? 17 Α. Yes. 18 19 And are you familiar with the lands that are the 20 subject of this Application? 21 Α. Yes. And you previously testified before the Division 22 23 and had your credentials as an expert petroleum engineer 24 accepted as a matter of record; is that correct? 25 Α. Yes.

MR. HALL: At this time, Mr. Examiner, we'd offer 1 Mr. Kahn as a qualified expert petroleum engineer. 2 EXAMINER STOGNER: Any objections? 3 No, sir. 4 MR. BRUCE: 5 EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Kahn is so qualified. (By Mr. Hall) Mr. Kahn, if you would, please, 6 Q. 7 tell us what your specific involvement has been with the West Lovington-Strawn Unit. 8 9 Α. I became the project engineer on the West Lovington-Strawn Pool after Energen acquired it from 10 Enserch in late 1998. 11 And is Energen now operator of the West 12 Lovington-Strawn Unit? 13 Energen became the operator in May of this year. 14 Α. All right. Would you explain to the Hearing 15 0. Examiner what it is that Energen seeks by this Application? 16 17 Α. Well, we're seeking to reinstate the project 18 allowable, which would equal the top proration unit allowable times the number of developed wells in the pool 19 and allow a transfer of those allowables within the project 20 21 That allowable would then become 4629 barrels of oil area. 22 per day for the project. 23 EXAMINER STOGNER: Hold it, what was that number 24 again? 25 THE WITNESS: 4629 barrels of oil per day for the project.

- Q. (By Mr. Hall) All right, let's orient everyone to the acreage. If you would refer to Exhibits 1 and 2, please, identify those and explain what those are intended to reflect.
- A. Exhibit 1 is the hydrocarbon pore volume map that has been presented in previous hearings and which the participation in the unit is based upon.

Exhibit Number 2 is a top-of-the-Strawn porosity structure map, with the purple line representing the zero porosity line, which conforms with the zero line on the net hydrocarbon map in Exhibit 1.

- Q. All right. Now, the unit itself has undergone several iterations, has it not?
- A. Yes, there was an original unit, then there was a first expansion, which included the tract in Section 28, and the Snyder "S" Com well, and then there was a second expansion which included the Snyder "EC" 1, the Snyder "C" 4, the Snyder "F" 3 and the Beadle 1. Those are all in the southwest portion of the pool.
 - Q. You mean to say the southeast portion?
 - A. I'm sorry the southeast, you're correct.
- Q. Now, is it your understanding that -- Let me ask you, Exhibits 1 and 2 reflect the current boundaries of the unit as expanded, correct?

- A. Within the -- What's colored yellow on the exhibits is the current outline of the unit, yes.
- Q. Now, is it your understanding that the unit boundaries encompass the entirety of the West Lovington-Strawn Pool?

A. Yes.

MR. HALL: Mr. Examiner, I would point out to you that on examination of the pool rules for the West Lovington-Strawn Pool, the acreage in Section 5 within the unit -- the pool itself has not been expanded formally to include that acreage, and I've had some discussions with Mr. Brooks about that, just so you know about that.

EXAMINER BROOKS: Right, it was my understanding from those discussions that notice had nevertheless been given of this Application to all persons within one mile of the entire unit area.

MR. HALL: That's correct.

EXAMINER BROOKS: Okay, you may continue.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Just for clarification, over there in Section 5, does it just include an 80 acres or a 40-acre portion within the nomenclature of the pool boundaries? What's the difference, in other words?

MR. HALL: None of the acreage in Section 5 is included within the pool. The Snyder "F" 3 well you see drilled in that Tract 22 there, the C-102s for that report

completion in West Lovington-Strawn Pool. I assume that the Division treats that as Undesignated West Lovington-Strawn Pool for the time being.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Just a suggestion, you might want to, after the proceedings today, is, maybe go over to Hobbs and talk to Mr. Kautz about putting that in the nomenclature.

MR. HALL: All right.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Thank you.

- Q. (By Mr. Hall) Mr. Kahn, if you would, please,
 I'd like you to refer to Exhibit 3, and that's Order Number
 9722 from Case Number 10,530. Do you have that before you?
 - A. Yes, I do.

- Q. Would you briefly explain to us your understanding of what was accomplished by Order R-9722?
- A. It established the East Big Dog-Strawn Pool, which has now become the West Lovington-Strawn Pool, and it established Rule 6, providing for an 80-acre proration unit, produce at a depth-bracket allowable of 445 barrels of oil per day.
- Q. All right. This pool was originally known as the East Big Dog-Strawn Pool?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And it subsequently underwent a name change to West Lovington-Strawn Pool?

A. Yes.

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- O. What was the discovery well for the pool?
- A. It was the Hamilton Federal Number 1, in Section
- 4 33. And its location is 330 feet from the south line and 5 2145 from the east line.
 - Q. All right. And as you say, it established special pool rules for operations in the pool, did it not?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Briefly explain what the drive mechanism is for this reservoir.
 - A. Originally it was a gas expansion, and then in October of 1995 they began gas injection to maintain the pressure.
 - Q. All right. And is this a volatile oil reservoir?
- 15 A. Yes.
- 16 Q. And what does that mean exactly?
 - A. It's a very high initial solution ratio and a very high formation volume factor. The original solution ratio was 2250 cubic feet per barrel, and the original oil volume factor was 2.3.
 - Q. All right. Let's refer to Exhibit 4 now, if you would, please, sir, and Exhibit 4 is a copy of Order Number R-10,448 from Case Number 11,194. Tell us your understanding of what was accomplished by this order.
 - A. That order authorized the gas injection for

pressure maintenance, and it adopted Rule 6, providing for the 445-barrel-of-oil-per-day rate, and it allowed for the transfer of the allowable among the wells, including the injection well.

- Q. And are those provisions reflected at paragraphs
 14 and 15 of the decretal portions of the Order on page 7?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. All right, let's refer to Exhibit 5, please, sir. That is a copy of Consolidated Order R-9722-C and R-10,448-A. Do you have that in front of you?
- A. Yes.

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- Q. And what did the Division do in that particular case? Why don't you tell us what the Applicant was --
- A. Well, the Applicant was requesting to revise the boundaries of the pool and to create the South Big Dog-Strawn Pool and establish a 250-barrel-of-oil-a-day allowable to be applied inside the pressure unit, the pressure-maintenance project area. And they proposed a double allowable standard, basically 250 barrels of oil per day for some wells and 445-barrel-of-oil for other wells.
- Q. Now, at the time were their wells completed within the Strawn Pool --
- 23 A. Yes.
 - Q. -- that were not included in the unit?
 - A. Yes, there were wells that were in the pool but

not included in the unit at that time.

- Q. And was it established in that case that those wells were in communication with the unit reservoir?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And the unit pressure maintenance project as well?
- A. Yes.

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- Q. And did the Division express some concern that there would be some difficulty in administrating dual allowables in a situation like that?
- A. Yes, in fact that was the reason for not allowing the double-standard allowable, because it would cause confusion.
 - Q. All right. Now, in that order did the Division find that there was a need to maintain adequate reservoir pressure by virtue of the pressure-maintenance project?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. And was there also a concern that the operator -- who was Gillespie-Crow at the time, correct?
 - A. Gillespie was the operator at that time.
 - Q. And was the purpose of the pressure maintenance project to manage a secondary gas cap; is that right?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And did the Division express a need that the operator needed to be able to do that efficiently?

A. Yes.

- Q. Based on those findings and the concerns expressed by the Division in that Order, what did the Division end up doing with respect to a project allowable?
- A. Well, basically they eliminated the project allowable for the Strawn project and because of the differing allowables that was requested, so we went from a project allowable to a well allowable.
 - Q. All right. And was that a 250- --
 - A. At 250 barrels of oil per day.
- Q. All right. And under the Division's order, was it possible to transfer allowables --
 - A. No, that was not possible under that order.
- Q. All right. Did it also eliminate the assignment of an allowable to the injection well?
- A. Yes.
- Q. Now, does the circumstance where you had wells completed both -- in the West Lovington-Strawn Pool, both inside the unit and outside the unit boundaries still exist today?
- A. No, that does not exist, not since the second expansion has taken place.
- Q. All right. Let's look at Exhibit 6 briefly. Would you identify that, please sir?
 - A. Yes, this is a tabulation of the unit wells 1

through 18, with their API number, the locations, both in the unit part of the section and the township and range.

This is all of the wells in the pool.

- Q. All right. So all unit wells are 100 percent of the wells in the pool?
- A. 100 percent of the wells are in the pool now -- are in the unit now, I'm sorry.
 - Q. Or vice-versa?
 - A. Yes.

- Q. Now, in your opinion is there any reason why the project allowable provisions under paragraphs (14) and (15) of Order Number R-10,448 should not be reinstated?
 - A. I know of no reason.
- Q. All right. Let's look at the production history for the pool, Mr. Kahn. If you would refer to Exhibits 7 and 8, explain those to the Hearing Examiner.
- A. Exhibit 7 is a tabulation of the monthly production beginning in June of 1992 through May of 2001. What is shows is the monthly oil production and the cumulative column next to it. It shows the monthly gas production at the pressure base and the cumulative gas production. It also shows the injected gas, beginning in October of 1995, and the column next to that is the net cum, which is basically the produced cum minus the reinjected volumes to come up with a net cum.

And then the column to the right, then, is the water that was produced and the cumulative water. And then the last column is the bottomhole pressure tests that are taken semiannually. And these are field average bottomhole pressure tests; the pressures usually are within a pretty close range of about 20 or 30 pounds. And the last fieldwide bottomhole pressure test that was taken was in May of this year and indicated in that column.

- Q. So this is a historic tabulation of reservoir pressures from most recent tests in May of this year --
- 11 A. Yes.

- Q. -- back to --
 - A. Initial --
 - Q. -- June of 1992. All right, let's look at Exhibit 8. What does that exhibit show?
 - A. Exhibit 8 is a plot of pressure versus cum oil production. This is a pressure plot that had always been maintained by Gillespie, and what I have done is updated it with the most recent May, 2001, pressure test that was just completed at the end of May. And you can see where it's at about 4,760,000 barrels, approximately, which is the cum.

What Gillespie was showing on this plot with the triangle symbols was what the pressure cumulative performance would have been without gas injection for pressure maintenance. Gas injection began in 1995 and has

maintained the pressure between a 3160 and a 3300-pound range.

- Q. All right. Let's look at Exhibit 9 now. Would you identify that and explain what it's intended to reflect?
- A. Exhibit 9 is a tabulation starting in October of 1995, showing the volumes of gas purchased and reinjected and the associated cost with that.

Beginning at the far left on a monthly basis, there is those columns referring to the purchase of extraneous gas. This is gas that's purchased to make up for the withdrawals from the reservoir to maintain pressure, both in -- It's tabulated in MMBTU and MCF at the New Mexico pressure base, and MCF of 1465.

The next column is what the actual cost of that purchased gas was during those months, in dollars per MMBTU.

And the column to the right of that shows the total cost each month of the purchase of extraneous gas, a total there through April of \$12,388,000.

The next group of columns is the total injected gas. That includes the purchased extraneous gas, plus the reinjected reservoir gas. It's tabulated in MMBTU and in MCF, and the cost associated with the reinjected gas. That cost represents the fact that the gas could have been sold,

but instead of being sold it was reinjected. And that cumulative cost of postponed sales is \$14,571,000.

The column next to the "Reinjected" headings is the produced gas. The column to the right of that is used gas, and what I've defined there as used gas is gas that was either product shrinkage in the natural gas recovery plant, natural gas liquid recovery plant, fuel and sales. So it's all gas that could not be reinjected.

Then there's a column that just shows what the fraction is, another column which shows produced oil barrels, which conforms with the previous tabulation in Exhibit 7. It shows a produced GOR, a net GOR, net being after reinjected gas.

Going further to the right, the column heading showing "Project", it shows the project allowable in MCF a day and the project allowable in barrels per day. That's if the project allowable had been reinstated so that it was the total allowable for all 18 existing wells that we currently have.

The column to the right of that shows the actual production in MCF per day. The net production in MCF per day is after subtracting out the reinjected gas. So it's just a tabulation basically showing what the cost of a pressure maintenance project is and the cost of make-up gas purchased from extraneous sources and reinjected gas from

the reservoir.

- Q. Now, what will reinstatement of the project allowable permit Energen to do that it can't do now?
- A. Okay, we have referred to Exhibit 10, and Exhibit 10 tabulates some recent maximum tests for all of the wells except the injection well, which is number 7, which is not shown on this table, but it shows what the maximum recent test is in barrels per day, MCF per day and what the GOR was.

You can barely make it out, but there is a portion there that was originally highlighted in yellow for Well Number 5 and Well Number 6, and then there's a note down at the bottom which says "2 hour test". So on Well 5 and 6, which are very high GOR, those wells are not produced; they're shut in. And there was just a two-hour test that recorded the 5 barrels per day and the 206 MCF a day, resulting in a GOR of 41,200, and also for Well Number 6. But those are just two-hour tests, whereas the rest are full 24-hour tests.

Then in June of this year, it shows what the status of the wells are. Wells Number 1 and 2 are shut in because of high GOR. Well Number 3 was producing 58 barrels at a GOR of 6500. Well Number 4, 5 and 6 were shut in. Of course Well Number 7 is the injection well.

Well Number 9 and 10 were shut in due to high

GORs. Well Number 11, 171 barrels a day and a 5800 GOR. Well Number 13 is on pump, 95 barrels a day. Well 14 is 218 barrels a day with a ratio of 2800. Well Number 15 is on pump, 58 barrels a day, the ratio 2228. 16 is shut in due to high GOR. 17 is 149 barrels, 6500 GOR. 18 is 124 barrels a day and a GOR of 7100.

The headings to the right of that are the well allowables in barrels per day and MCF per day at a limiting GOR ratio of 2000 to 1. Most of the wells in the unit are 80-acre proration units, except for Wells 15 and 16, which are a 90-acre proration unit. Therefore it's ratio'd up to 281 barrels a day, would be the allowable. And Well Number 18 is 101 acres, so its ratio'd up from 250 barrels a day up to 317 barrels a day. So that that would be a -- and if you put in the Number 7 well for 250 barrels a day, that's where you get the 4629 as the project allowable in barrels per day.

The project allowable in MCF a day, of course, is just two times that, so it would be the 500 MCF and the -- 562 and 634.

And then on the column headings to the right of that project allowable you've got barrels per day, MCF per day and GOR.

Underneath that I have some headings called the allowable cases for the existing wells, and the first row

under the heading says "Well", which would be basically the well allowable as it currently exists at basically 250 barrels of oil per day per well. It would show that the maximum allowed production due to the limiting GOR limit of 2000 to 1 would be 1091 barrels a day. That -- You can go back to the upper headings where it shows what the limiting GOR would cause the actual production to be 1091.

The maximum -- The gas under the current allowable would be 7,696 MCF a day. The gross income from the oil would be \$28,911, the gross income from the natural gas liquids would be \$15,000, for a total of 44,000.

To maintain pressure, it would require 2697 MCF a day of gas to be reinjected to make up for the barrels produced, and it would require 2957 MCF a day to be reinjected a day to maintain pressure, for a total of 5654 MCF a day to maintain the pressure based on the withdrawals under the well allowable. The cost of that at current gas prices would be \$22,000.

Then the next column heading, which says "Gross Revenue" should be -- an additional nomenclature on that should be "oil only, gross revenue". And basically what that is, is the gross income from oil minus the cost of maintaining the pressure due to the oil withdrawals, would be \$6566 of gross revenue.

Then going back to the left again, the second row

under those headings is the project allowable, which would be the 4629.

Having a project allowable would allow the operator to shut in all the high gas-oil ratio wells. And you can see that in the "Project Allowable", the upper headings up to the right, where it shows all of the wells are shut in that have high GORs. And what is happening is that the lower-GOR wells are produced at higher than 2000 GOR limit.

For instance, 17 and 18 are good examples. 17 would be produced at 1300 MCF a day, rather than its limiting GOR of 500 a day. Well Number 18 would be produced at 1590 MCF a day, rather than its limiting GOR of 634.

So what is accomplished under a project allowable versus a well allowable is that you get to shut in the high-GOR wells, transfer the allowables to the lower-GOR wells, produce them at rates higher than currently allowed under GOR limit, and in effect produce 200 barrels a day more oil and 500 MCF a day less gas.

By doing that, you have increased your oil revenue, decreased your cost of gas to maintain the pressure, and have resulted in a gross revenue from the oil production of \$10,000, which gives you a difference in dollars per day -- this is gross, including royalties and

working interest -- of \$4270 a day difference.

That economic difference right there allows the operator to continue pressure maintenance and gas injection longer than he would if we were under the current allowable, which would cause more gas to be produced and therefore more gas to be purchased and reinjected to maintain pressure.

This is just an example of the economic of a well allowable versus a project allowable and the fact that pressure maintenance could be continued longer and therefore recover more oil than if it was under the current well allowable.

Underneath that it just shows for a new well. We are proposing three new wells downdip. What we are attempting to do is locate three wells lower structurally, so that they will produce at a lower GOR, and the difference per well on that is a difference of about \$980 a day, by being able to transfer allowables. And that's based on the fact that there's been three wells drilled recently that are structurally low wells, and they were capable of producing 344 barrels a day at a less than 2000 GOR. So by drilling the three wells that we have proposed structurally lower than where the expanded secondary cap is, we would have a lower GOR and be able to produce those at higher than the 250-barrel-a-day limit.

So that's basically what -- I know Exhibit Number 10 looks like it's a very complicated arrangement, but basically what it's showing is the economic difference between the current well allowable and a reinstated project allowable.

- Q. So in sum, by reinstatement of the project allowable, the unit will be able to recover additional reserves that would otherwise go unproduced?
 - A. Yes.

- Q. By virtue of economics, for one, and then secondly because you're able to more efficiently manage the property from an engineering and operations perspective?
- A. Right, by being able to transfer allowables between wells when a well has a high GOR, we could then shut that well in and produce a well at a lower GOR, at a higher oil rate.
- Q. Now, do you believe that the current 250-barrelper-day allowable rate is sufficient?
- A. Well, yes, you can see on Exhibit 9 that with the current -- with the allowable at 250 barrels a day for the 18 wells, that production has never exceeded that and hasn't really come close.

We're currently producing -- As you can see, if you go back to Exhibit 9, if you look at the last several months, which would be January, February, March and April,

you can see that the oil production in the very right-hand column is less than it has been previously.

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The reason that we've cut back production for those four months is because the makeup gas was -- in January was \$9.90, in February was \$6.14 per MMBTU. Then it dropped to \$4.95 and \$5.26.

But at those high cost of makeup gas, in order to maintain pressure what we did was, we shut in the high-GOR wells and only produced the low-GOR wells, so that we wouldn't have to buy so much makeup gas. We were actually able to have a net revenue higher with these low production rates for those four months than we would have been under the previous rates of around 1200 barrels a day, because we would have had to produce so much more gas. But by being able to transfer allowables, we can accomplish a higher oil rate and reduce the gas volumes produced and therefore reduce the gas amount — the purchase to make up for the gas.

- Q. Is there any risk that you're going to reach premature gas saturation by shifting around the allowables among project wells?
- A. Well, no, the concept is to be able to shift allowables so that we can maintain pressure. And by maintaining pressure, we will delay the reduction of pressure, which would then cause the additional gas

saturation to occur in the reservoir.

- Q. All right. Now, what date did the Division issue the order approving the third expansion of the unit?
- A. The order was issued on March 20th of the year 2000.
- Q. And is Energen requesting that the reinstated project allowable be made effective that same date?
 - A. Yes.

- Q. Now, Mr. Kahn, in your opinion will the granting of this Application serve the interests of conservation and result in the protection of correlative rights and the prevention of waste?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And did you direct Energen's geologist to prepare Exhibits 1 and 2?
- A. Yes, basically these were prepared in the past, and our geologist did prepare these Exhibits 1 and 2.
- Q. All right, so Exhibits 1 and 2 were based on exhibits previously admitted into evidence in the numerous other cases on the West Lovington-Strawn Unit?
- A. Yes. And as I stated before, Exhibit Number 8 was actually prepared by Gillespie when they were the operator, and what I did was, when we had our fieldwide bottomhole pressure test in May, I added the May pressure point to Exhibit 8. All of the other remaining exhibits

were prepared by myself.

MR. HALL: All right. At this time, Mr.

Examiner, I would move the admission of Exhibits 1 and 2 and Exhibits 6 through 9. Exhibits 3, 4 and 5, I believe you can take administrative notice of those order exhibits.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Exhibits 1 and 2 and -- what, 5 through 9 did you say?

MR. HALL: It's 3 -- I'm sorry, 6 through 9.

EXAMINER STOGNER: 6 through 9 and 1 and 2 will be accepted at this time, and I'll take administrative notice on what is Exhibits 3 and 4.

MR. HALL: 3, 4 and 5.

EXAMINER STOGNER: 3, 4 and 5, and incorporate the record in the previous cases in this matter at this time.

MR. HALL: I'll provide you with two sets of Exhibit 11, which are the notice affidavit. What we did for notice in this case, Mr. Examiner, is provided notice to all the unit working interest owners and royalty interest owners, I believe, as well as to every operator, working interest owner and unleased mineral interest owner within a mile of the pool boundaries, West Lovington-Strawn Pool. We weren't able to efficiently extract out ownership within the other surrounding Strawn pool, so everybody got notice, more people than should have.

EXAMINER STOGNER: And we want to admit Exhibit 1 11 at this point. 2 MR. HALL: Move its admission, that concludes my 3 direct, Mr. Examiner. 4 EXAMINER STOGNER: Exhibit Number 11 will be 5 admitted into evidence. 6 7 Thank you, Mr. Hall. Mr. Bruce, your witness. 8 MR. BRUCE: Unfamiliar as I am with this unit, 9 10 I'll pass on questioning Mr. Kahn. 11 EXAMINER STOGNER: Okay, Mr. Carr has left the 12 building. 13 EXAMINATION BY EXAMINER STOGNER: 14 15 Q. How far from blowdown are we, in your estimation, in this project? 16 17 Α. If we have three successful downdip wells, this will forestall blowdown for a time. I think -- Right now, 18 in fact, we do have -- we've had an AFE approved by all of 19 the working interest owners for the three wells. 20 21 already have a location prepared, all three have been 22 permitted, and we have a location for prepared for Number 23 19, which is in Section 33. And rigs are very difficult to obtain right now, but I think we can possibly have a rig 24 moved on location sometime in July. 25

And with these -- with successful downdip production at a lower GOR than was currently being produced by the wells in the field, I believe we can forestall blowdown until 2003.

- Q. And the Unit Well Number 7, that is still the only injection well?
 - A. Yes, sir. That's in Section 1.

- Q. Kind of thinking ahead here, when blowdown occurs, will we need to then come in and do away with that GOR limit or increase it, or --
- A. Yes, sir, I would feel that the most appropriate means would be to increase the GOR limit from 2000 to 4000, and I think that would cover us, because we don't intend to blow down at a higher rate than the 4000 project allowable would be.
- Q. And even once blowdown is well on its way and reaching its maturity, one would still need to control the withdrawal of the extrenuous gas or the gases within the reservoir, and would that be accomplished through that --?
- A. Yes, sir, at blowdown, of course, extraneous gas would be produced at that time.
- Q. But would it need to be limited as far as its producing capabilities? Would it need to be limited to, say, 4000 MCF a day or something?
 - A. 4000 a day would give us a project allowable for

gas production of 18 million a day, and we don't intend to, at this time, produce at over that rate.

Q. So it would still need to limit the gas production, even once the blowdown was well in --

- A. Yes, in fact, the intention for blowdown is to produce the gas out of the low-structure wells to recover as much additional oil as possible, and only at the very end when the pressure gets real low, is to open up the wells at the very top of the structure, which would be Well Number 7 and Number 5 and 6, which are the highest structural wells in the pool.
- Q. Okay. You had mentioned a March 20th of year 2000 date. What was that again?
- A. That's when the order was issued for the second expansion, which included the acreage that was outside -- the acreage that was in communication with the pool that was outside the unit.
- Q. Was there a meeting with the working interest in this unit before you came here today, or did you just notify everybody, or was there an actual meeting with the participants?
- A. No, sir, we did not have a meeting specifically on this. The prior meeting that we had, a month or so ago, or two months ago, I believe, was when we were elected as the operator of the unit, and we presented the AFEs for the

three wells. But there was not a meeting to discuss this. 1 So essentially the conflict that created the 250 2 Ο. 3 has been removed; is that correct? Yes, sir, at that time there were wells outside 4 5 the unit that were within the pool and in communication with the pool. Since the second expansion, that situation 6 7 doesn't exist. 8 EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Carr, I had called for cross-examination, but you had left the room. Do you have 9 10 any questions of this witness? 11 MR. CARR: No, Mr. Examiner, we do not. appearing in support of the Applicant and the operator. 12 EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Bruce, are you appearing 13 14 in support or --15 MR. BRUCE: Mr. Examiner, I'm just representing an offset operator. They're just interested in what is 16 17 happening in the unit, West Lovington-Strawn Unit. EXAMINER STOGNER: I've never seen such a calm 18 19 hearing in this area before. I'm a little taken aback 20 today. THE WITNESS: This is different to last year I 21 believe. 22 23 EXAMINER STOGNER: And the years previous. So 24 I'm a little speechless today. 25 MR. BRUCE: Mr. Examiner, on one note, the

1	initial pool rules in this matter were the expert
2	witness on that was Daniel S. Nutter, one of the prior
3	Commission Hearing Examiners, and so, you know, perhaps Mr.
4	Nutter started this all for us.
5	EXAMINER STOGNER: He did, and I even got
6	crosswise with him on that. Just looking at Order Number
7	9722, that brought back a lot of memories.
8	I don't have any questions of this witness at
9	this time.
10	Are there any questions?
11	EXAMINER BROOKS: No.
12	EXAMINER STOGNER: Okay.
13	MR. HALL: Mr. Examiner, I have a draft order in
14	the works. I'll get that off to you as soon as I can.
15	EXAMINER STOGNER: You read my mind. And out of
16	courtesy, would you provide it to these two gentlemen, Mr.
17	Carr and Mr. Bruce?
18	MR. HALL: Will do.
19	EXAMINER STOGNER: You may be seated, and if
20	there's nothing further in Case Number 12,680, then this
21	matter will be taken under advisement.
22	MR. HALL: Thank you.
23	(Thereupon, these proceedings were concluded at
24	9:52 a.m.)
25	* * ** Examiner hearing of Case No. 12680.
-	heard by me on 28 June 1001 X

(505) STEVEN T. BRENNE (505), Exeminer (505) Oli Conservation Division

CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER

STATE OF NEW MEXICO)
) ss.
COUNTY OF SANTA FE)

I, Steven T. Brenner, Certified Court Reporter and Notary Public, HEREBY CERTIFY that the foregoing transcript of proceedings before the Oil Conservation Division was reported by me; that I transcribed my notes; and that the foregoing is a true and accurate record of the proceedings.

I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative or employee of any of the parties or attorneys involved in this matter and that I have no personal interest in the final disposition of this matter.

WITNESS MY HAND AND SEAL June 29th, 2001.

STEVEN T. BRENNER

CCR No. 7

My commission expires: October 14, 2002