

ESSER CO., N. MADE IN U.S.A NO

-20



KEUFFEL & ESSER CO., N. Y. NO. 359-20  $10~\times~12~{\rm tr}~{\rm the~h.}$  MADE (N.U.S.A.

# ECONOMIC DATA

	320-Acres	160-Acres	
Reserves Gas Distillate	8,553,000 MCF 94,000 Bbls.	4,277,000 MCF 47,000 Bbls.	
Price Gas Distillate	\$0.1075/MCF \$2.79/Bb1.	\$0.1075/MCF \$2.79/Bb1.	
Total Income* Gas Distillate Total	\$ 805,000 230,000 \$1,035,000	\$403,000 <u>115,000</u> \$518,000	
Rate of Income During Payout* Gas Distillate Total Operating Expense	\$101/Day <u>\$ 30/</u> Day \$131/Day \$100/Well/Month	\$51/Day <u>\$15/</u> Day \$66/Day \$100/Well/Month	
Investment Well Cost Surface Equipment Total	\$170,000 <u>8,000</u> \$178,000	\$170,000 <u>8,000</u> \$178,000	

Taxes Other Than Federal Income Taxes - 10%

\*Based on 7/8 Working Interest

BEFORE THE ONL CONSERVATION COMMISSION SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO PAN AM EXTIBIT NO.

EXS

## ECONOMIC CALCULATIONS

PAYOUT: Investment Rate of Return-Operating Expense

320-Acres

$$\frac{\$178,000}{(.90)(\$131/\text{Day})(30.4 \text{ days/Mo.})-\$100/\text{Mo.}} = \frac{178,000}{3,480} = 51.2 \text{ Months}$$

160 Acres

$$\frac{\$178,000}{(.90)(\$66)(30.4)-\$100} = \frac{178,000}{1,710} = 104 \text{ Months}$$

RETURN ON INVESTMENT (20-Year Life):

Total Income-Investment-Operating Expenses Investment

320 Acres

 $= \frac{\$932,000-\$178,000-\$24,000}{\$178,000} = \frac{\$730,000}{\$178,000} = 4.1$ 

160 Acres

×.,

 $= \frac{466,000-178,000-24,000}{178,000} = \frac{\$264,000}{\$178,000} = 1.48$ 

OIL CONSERVICION COMMISSION SANTA FE, DEW MIXION PANAM EXHIBIT NO. CASE \_\_

# ATOKA PENNSYLVANIAN GAS POCL EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

#### General Information

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The Atoka Pennsylvanian Gas Pool was discovered by the completion of Standard Oil Company of Texas J. H. Everest No. 1, which is located 1980' FSL & 660' FWL of Section 14, T-18-S, R-26-E, Eddy County, New Mexico. This well was completed in October, 1957 with a calculated absolute open flow of 21,000 MCFD. While testing, the well also produced distillate with recoveries of 11 to 13 barrels per MMCF of gas. Production is from a coarse grained sand found at approximately 9100'. Three successful completions have been realized to date and one non-commercial well has been drilled. A market for this gas has not yet been developed and only relatively small volumes have been produced. This production has been primarily to furnish gas as rig fuel and for drilling other wells in the area.

Pertinent data for the individual wells are attached.

#### Structural Information

The sand body from which the Atoka Pennsylvanian Gas Pool produces is considered to be a continuous sand trending generally in a northeast-southwest direction. Production is considered to be from a stratigraphic trap in an area of porosity and/or permeability development. The dip of the sand is to the southeast in this area.

#### Characteristics of the Reservoir Rock and Fluids

The pay has been described on core analyses as a gray, coarse grained sand. Porosity and permeability of the pay in the section of the well where a full hole core was obtained averaged 9.5% and 51 Md., respectively. Log calculations support this porosity average. Distillate recoveries have been reported ranging from 11 to 17 barrels per MMCF of gas. The corrected gravity of the distillate is approximately 60° API.

### Cumulative Production

The cumulative production from the three wells completed in the pool is as follows:

Operator and Well	MMCF	Bbls. Dist.
Standard Oil Company of Texas		
Everest No. 1	152	2,426
Martin No. 1	70	852
Pan American Petroleum Corporation		
Flint No. 1	0	0
Pool Total	222	3,278

# Economics

The cost to drill and complete a well in the Atoka Pennsylvanian Gas Pool is estimated to be \$170,000. An additional investment of approximately \$8,000 will be required for surface equipment, such as storage tanks and a separator. Net return-on-investment using a 20-year well life is calculated to be 4.1 and 1.48 for 320-acre and 160-acre development, respectively.

## STANDARD OF TEXAS-EVEREST NO. 1

<u>1980' FSL & 660' FWL</u> Section 14, T-18-S, R-26-E

TD: 10,546' PBD: 9,267' 7" CSA 9370' Perf: 9079-9085' 9089-9093' 9095-9116' IPF: 3,472 MCF 38 Bbls. Dist. 24 Hrs. Natural CAOF: 21,000 MCFD

# DST:

Interval: 9067-9130' Open 1 Hr. GTS 2 Min. Est. F 1,600 MCFD Rec. 100' Dist. 4 50' Mud FP 3500-3675 psi 30 Min. SIP 3690 psi

DST of Perfs: Open 29 Hrs. WBTS 5 Min. GTS 6 Min. F 3320 MCFD / 11 Bbls. Dist./MMCF For 24 Hrs. TP 2750 psi; 18/64" Choke F 6,140 MCFD / 13 Bbls. Dist./MMCF for 5 Hrs. TP 2350 psi; 24/64" Choke 45 Min. SIP 3750 psi

### STANDARD OF TEXAS-MARTIN NO. 1

<u>1650' FSL & 1980' FEL</u> Section 15, T-18-S, R-26-E

TD: 9086' 5-1/2" CSA 9086' Perf 8966-9018' Acid Wash w/500 Gal. IPF: 5400 MCFD Based on 4-Hr. Test Dist. recovery not reported CAOF: 43,000 MCFD / 17 Bbls. Dist./MMCF

No DST's

# STANDARD OF TEXAS-PAUL TERRY, ET AL, UNIT NO. 1

# <u>1980' FNL & 1980' FWL</u> Section 15, T-18-S, R-26-E

TD: 9100' Plugged and Abandoned

DST's: Interval: 8890-9100' Packer failed

Interval: 8870-9100' Open 1 Hr. 30 Min. GTS 12 Min. Est. F 215 MCFD Recovered 430' GCM FP 235 psi 1 Hr. SIP 3060 psi

Attempted fracture treatment 8494-9100' - Failed.

### PAN AMERICAN-FLINT NO. 1

<u>1980'</u>	FSL	&	<u>1980'</u>	FEL
Section	22,	T-	·18-S,	R-26-E

TD: 9263' PBD: 9155' 5-1/2" CSA 9263' Perf 9094-9116' IPF: 10,540 MCF 60 Bbls. Distillate 12 Hrs. Natural CACF: 21,000 MCFD ↓ 11 Bbl3. Dist./MMCF

DST:

Interval 9072-9263' Open 3.1/2 Hrs. GTS 2 min. F 5860 MCFD / 2.75 Bbls. Dist./Hr. Rec. 30' Mud / 150' Dist. FP 3050 psi 90 Min. SIP 3735 psi