

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

P. O. BOX 871

SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO

March 20, 1962

Texaco Inc.
P. O. Box 728
Hobbs, New Mexico

Attention: Mr. H. N. Wade

Gentlemen:

Reference is made to your letter of March 14, 1962, wherein you request temporary allowables to be assigned to the Paddock, Blinebry, Drinkard, Diluro-Devonian, and Fusselman zones in your G. L. Erwin (b) NCT-2 Well No. 2, located in Unit J, Section 35, Township 24 South, Range 37 East, North Justis Field, Lea County, New Mexico. This well was previously approved a quintuple completion by Order No. R-2109 in the Drinkard, Siluro-Devonian, Fusselman, McKee, and Ellenburger zones.

Inasmuch as all of the proposed zones included in the subject well, with the exception of the Paddock, have previously been approved in multiple completions in the area, this office has no objection to such temporary assignment of allowable as each new zone is brought in, with the exception of said Paddock zone.

It is suggested that you make application for a hearing to amend Order No. R-2109 at your earliest convenience to conform to the actual completion of the well.

Very truly yours,

DANIEL S. NUTTER
Chief Engineer

DSN/og

cc: J. D. Ramey
Oil Conservation Commission
Hobbs, New Mexico

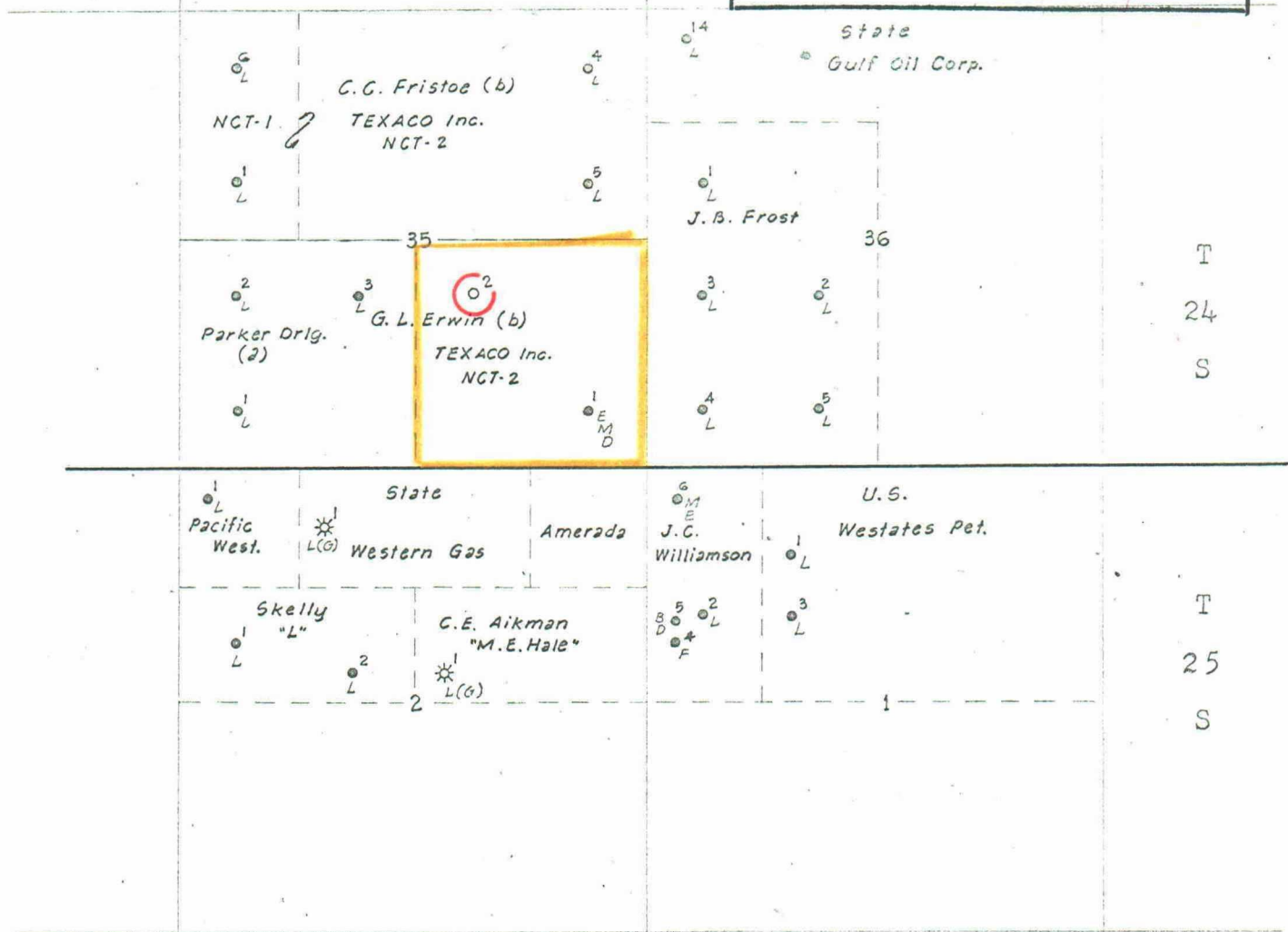
C
O
P
Y

3. The following facts are submitted:

| | ZONE V | ZONE W | ZONE X | ZONE Y | ZONE Z |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| a. Name of Reservoir | Drinkard | Siluro-Dev. | Fusselman | McKee | Ellenburger |
| b. Top and Bottom of Pay Section (Perforations) | 5950'-6050' | 6700'-6900' | 6950'-7200' | 7900'-8050' | 8400'-8500' |
| c. Type of Production (oil or gas) | Oil | Oil | Oil | Oil | Oil |
| d. Method of Production (Flowing or artificial lift) | Flow | Flow (Est.) | Flow | Flow | Flow |

BEFORE EXAMINER NUTTER
 OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION
Texaco EXHIBIT NO. 1
 CASE NO. 2409

R-37-E



LEGEND

- L - Langlie Mattix
- L(g) - Langlie Mattix (Gas)
- E - Ellanburger, Undesignated
- M - McKee, Undesignated
- D - Drinkard, Undesignated
- F - Fusselman, Undesignated
- B - Blinchbry, Undesignated

Scale: 1" = 2000'

PLAT OF TEXACO Inc. G. L. ERWIN "b" NCT-2 LEASE
 AND OFFSET LEASES
 Lea County, New Mexico
 Scale: 1" = 2000'

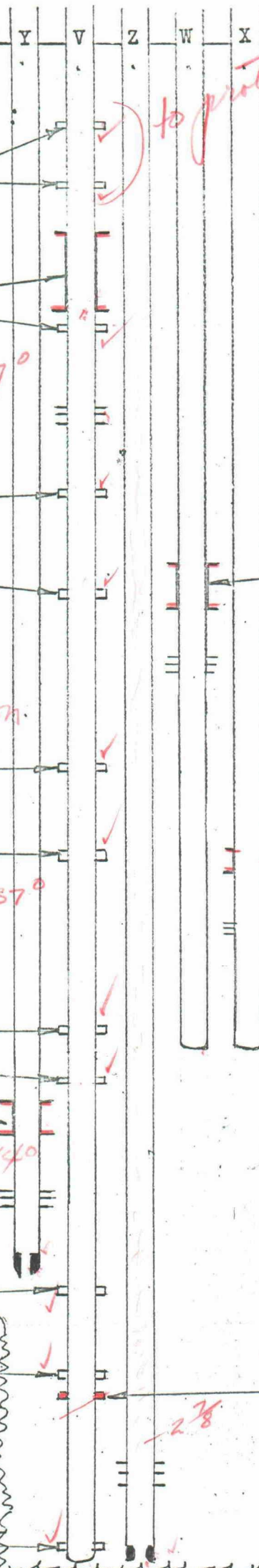
OFFSET OPERATORS

- J. B. Frost - 2106 Tower Petroleum Bldg. - Dallas 1, Texas
- Parker Drilling Co. - Commerce Bldg. - Houston, Texas
- Amerada - Drawer D - Monument, New Mexico
- Western Gas - 1006 Main St. - Hobbs, New Mexico
- J. C. Williamson - 608 V&J Tower - Midland, Texas

DIAGRAMMATIC SKETCH - QUINTUPLE INSTALLATION (TUBINGLESS)
 TEXACO INC. G. L. ERWIN (b) NCT-2 WELL NO. 2
 UNDESIGNATED ELLENBURGER, MCKEE, FUSSELMAN, SILURO-DEVONIAN AND DRINKARD POOLS
 LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

TUBING STRINGS:

All J-55 Buttress with Special Clearance Couplings.
 Ellen. (Z), 8500' - 2-7/8" OD ✓
 McKee (Y), 8150' - 2-3/8" OD ✓
 Fuss. (X), 7300' - 2-3/8" OD ✓
 Sil-Dev. (W), 7300' - 2-3/8" OD ✓
 Drink. (V), 8500' - 2-3/8" OD ✓
 Sliding Side Doors @ 4600' and 5000'
 16" pup jt. w/Rad. Coups. @ 5920'
 Sliding side door @ 5900'
 Top at 5930'
 Name: Drinkard *inter sw 36-37°*
 Type Prod: Oil *750/1*
 Bottom at 6200' *2500 psi*
 Sliding Side Door @ 6080'
 Sliding Side Door @ 6680'
 Top at 6600'
 Name: Siluro-Devonian *inter sw grow GOR BHP unknown*
 Type Prod: Oil
 Bottom at 6800'
 Sliding Side Door @ 6750'
 Sliding Side Door @ 6780'
 Top at 6800'
 Name: Fusselman *inter sw 36-37°*
 Type Prod: Oil *1100/1*
 Bottom at 7300' *exp paraffin 2500 psi*
 Sliding Side Door @ 6980'
 Sliding Side Door @ 7580'
 10" pup jt. w/Rad. Coups. @ 7720'
 Top at 7600'
 Name: McKee *int sw 45-44°*
 Type Prod: Oil *1400/1*
 Bottom at 7900' *3200 psi*
 Sliding Side Door @ 7860'
 Sliding Side Door @ 8160'
 Top at 8180'
 Name: Ellenburger *sw 2 7/8*
 Type Prod: Oil *1000/1*
 Bottom at 8500' *2800 psi*
 Sliding Side Door @ 8380'



to protect Queen Pad + B2

20" hole to 250'.
 16" casing @ 250'.
 Cement Circulated
 13-3/4" hole to 3450'
 11-3/4" casing @ 3450'.
 Cement Circulated
 10-5/8" hole 3450' - 8150'

Perforated:
 5950' - 6050' (Est.)
Can not lift all zones

12" pup jt. w/ Rad. Coups. @ 6670'
 Perforated:
 6700' - 6720' (Est.)
type of Rad GOR Perforators

8" pup jt. w/Rad. Coups. @ 6920'
 Perforated:
 6950' - 7050' (Est.)

BEFORE EXAMINER NUTTER
 OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION
TEXACO EXHIBIT NO. 2
 CASE NO. 2409

Perforated:
 7750' - 7830' (Est.)
reduce to

8-3/4" hole 8150' - Total Depth
 Radioactive Coupling @ 8270'
 Perforated:
 8300' - 8350' (Est.)

TOTAL DEPTH 8500'

CEMENT PROGRAM ON FIVE TUBING (CASING) STRINGS: Cement through 2-7/8" OD String with 1700 sacks of Incor, 8% gel. with retarder. Yield = 2.19 cubic feet per sack. Calculated cement top at 3000', assuming 65% fillup. Block squeeze through Otis Type "A" Sliding Side Doors with 50 to 100 sacks of Incor neat cement at each setting to assure zone isolation. — *Ag w/ 3000 to 3500 psi*

top out board on 65% fillup 3000'

10/25/61 776

GO, INC.

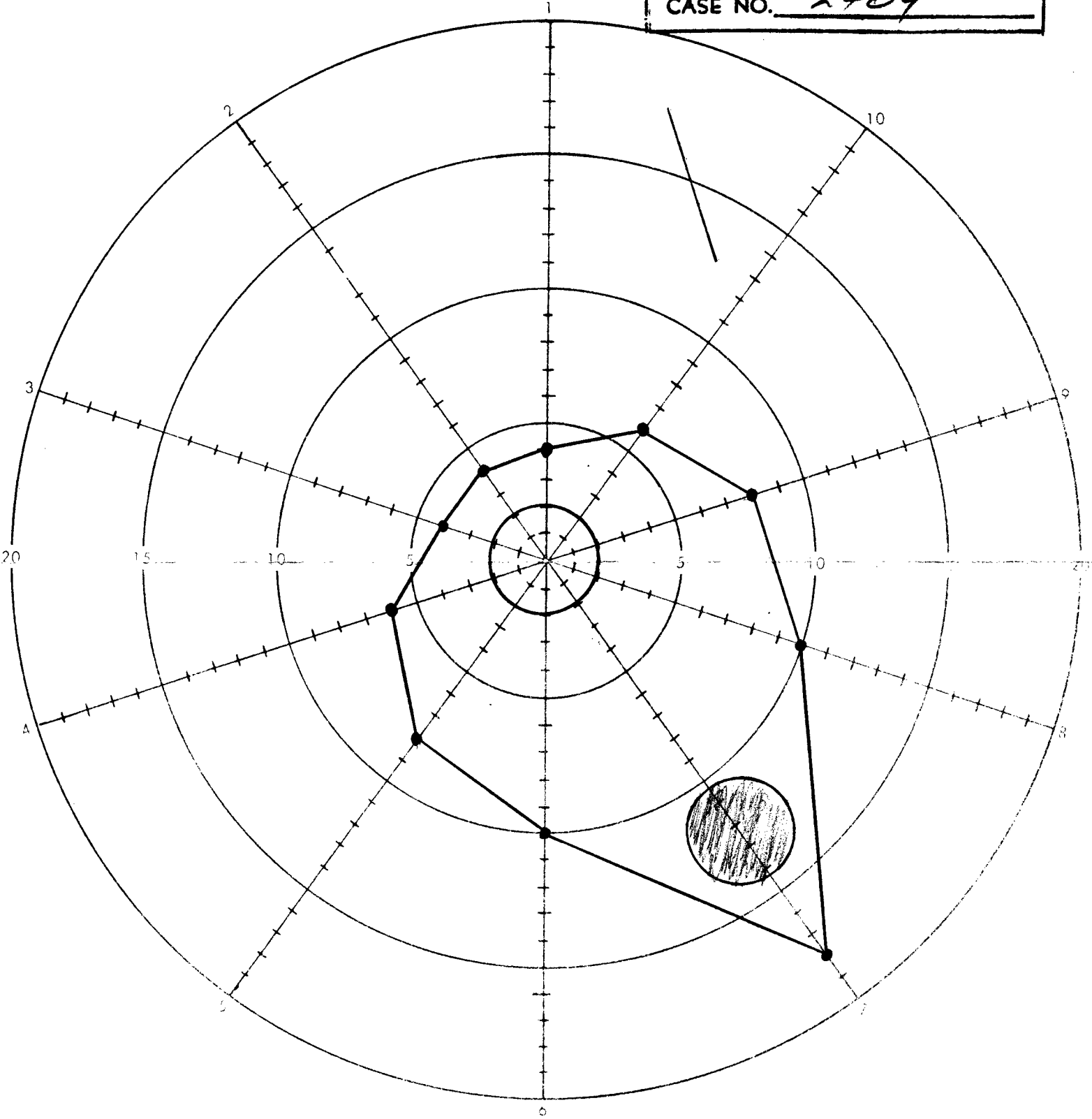
BEFORE EXAMINER NUTTER

ORIENTATION CHART

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

EXHIBIT NO. 4

CASE NO. 2409



EXAMPLE OF TWO STRING ORIENTATION PROCEDURE

THIS INTERPRETATION IS SUBJECT TO THE GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS COVERING ALL WORK PERFORMED BY GO, INC.

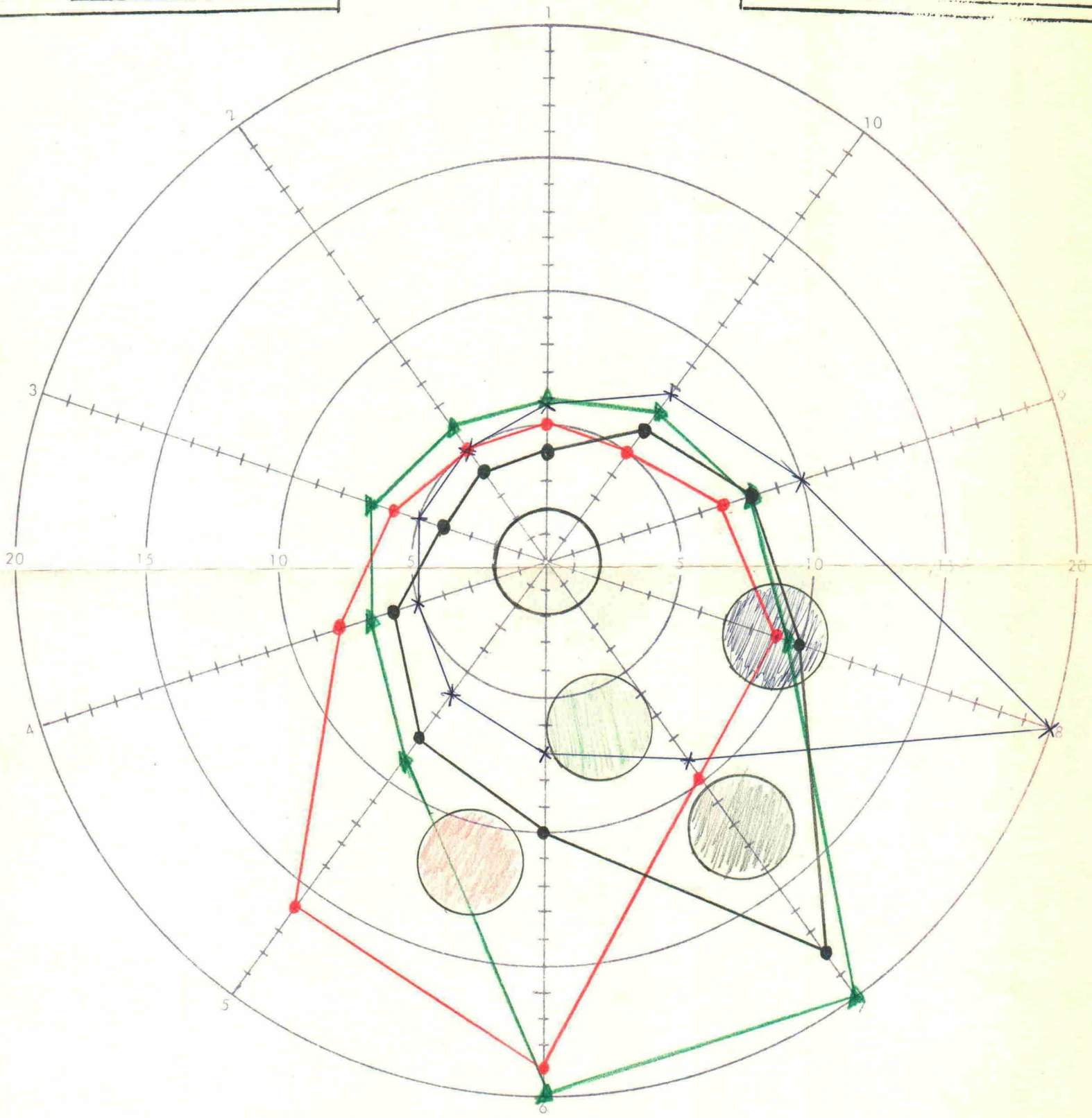
10/25/67

BEFORE EXAMINER NUTTER
OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION
Texaco EXHIBIT NO. 5
CASE NO. 2409

GO, INC.

ORIENTATION CHART

BEFORE EXAMINER NUTTER
OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION
CASE NO. _____



EXAMPLE OF FIVE STRING ORIENTATION PROCEDURE

THIS INTERPRETATION IS SUBJECT TO THE GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS
COVERING ALL WORK PERFORMED BY GO, INC.

DEVILS FORK FIELD

RIO ARRIBA COUNTY, N.M.

Bottom Hole Pressure
Buildup
Calculations

BEFORE THE
OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION
SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO

Merrison EXHIBIT No. *2-A*

CASE 2409

DEVILS FORK FIELD
 Bottom Hole Pressure Survey
 7-30-62 to 8-6-62

| <u>Well</u> | <u>Highest Measured Pressure</u> | <u>Estrapolated Pressure</u> | <u>Pressure by Horner's Method</u> | <u>Estimated Reservoir Pressure</u> |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Canyon Largo #89 | 1482 | 1600 | N.A. | 1541 |
| Canyon Largo #106 | 1516 | N.A. | N.A. | 1512 |
| Canyon Largo #118 | 1865 | 1933 | N.A. | 1933 |
| NCRA*State #1 | 1848 | 1941 | N.A. | 1941 |
| Edna #1 | 1127 | 1930 | 1748 | 1748 |
| Edna #2 | 1709 | 1930 | 1843 | 1843 |
| Edna #3 | 1398 | 1843 | 1622 | 1622 |
| Miller A-1 | 1371 | 1575 | N.A. | 1473 |
| Miller B-2 | 1114 | 1532 | 1324 | 1324 |
| Miller B-4 | 1258 | 1838 | 1609 | 1609 |
| Dashko B-1 | 1269 | 1486 | 1356 | 1356 |
| Dashko B-2 | 931 | 1509 | 1286 | 1286 |
| Largo Spur 1 | 1505 | 1616 | 1530 | 1530 |
| Largo Spur 2 | 1505 | N.A. | N.A. | 1505 |
| Largo Spur 3 | 1493 | 1674 | N.A. | 1542 |
| Largo Spur 1-A | 1383 | 1761 | 1582 | 1582 |
| Zamorra 1 | 1499 | N.A. | N.A. | 1499 |
| Byrd 1-23 | 932 | 1330 | 1071 | 1071 |
| Byrd 5-23 | 728 | 955 | 765 | 765 |
| Killarney 1 | 1454 | N.A. | N.A. | ---- |
| Lybrook 1-19 | 1522 | N.A. | N.A. | 1522 |
| New Mexico Fed.G-1 | 1436 | 1563 | N.A. | 1500 |

Bco Inc. Byrd 1-A

BHP Buildup
 7-30-62 to 8-6-62

Cum. Prod. = 10,762 bbl/s

Av. Stabilized Prod. Rate = 22 B/D

Shut in date 7-30-62 $T = \frac{10762}{22} = 489 \text{ da}$

Shut in date 7-30-62

| Date | Δt | $\frac{\Delta t}{T + \Delta t}$ | Pressure |
|--------|------------|---------------------------------|----------|
| 8-1-62 | 2 | 0.00407 | |
| 8-3-62 | 4 | 0.00811 | |
| 8-6-62 | 7 | 0.0141 | |

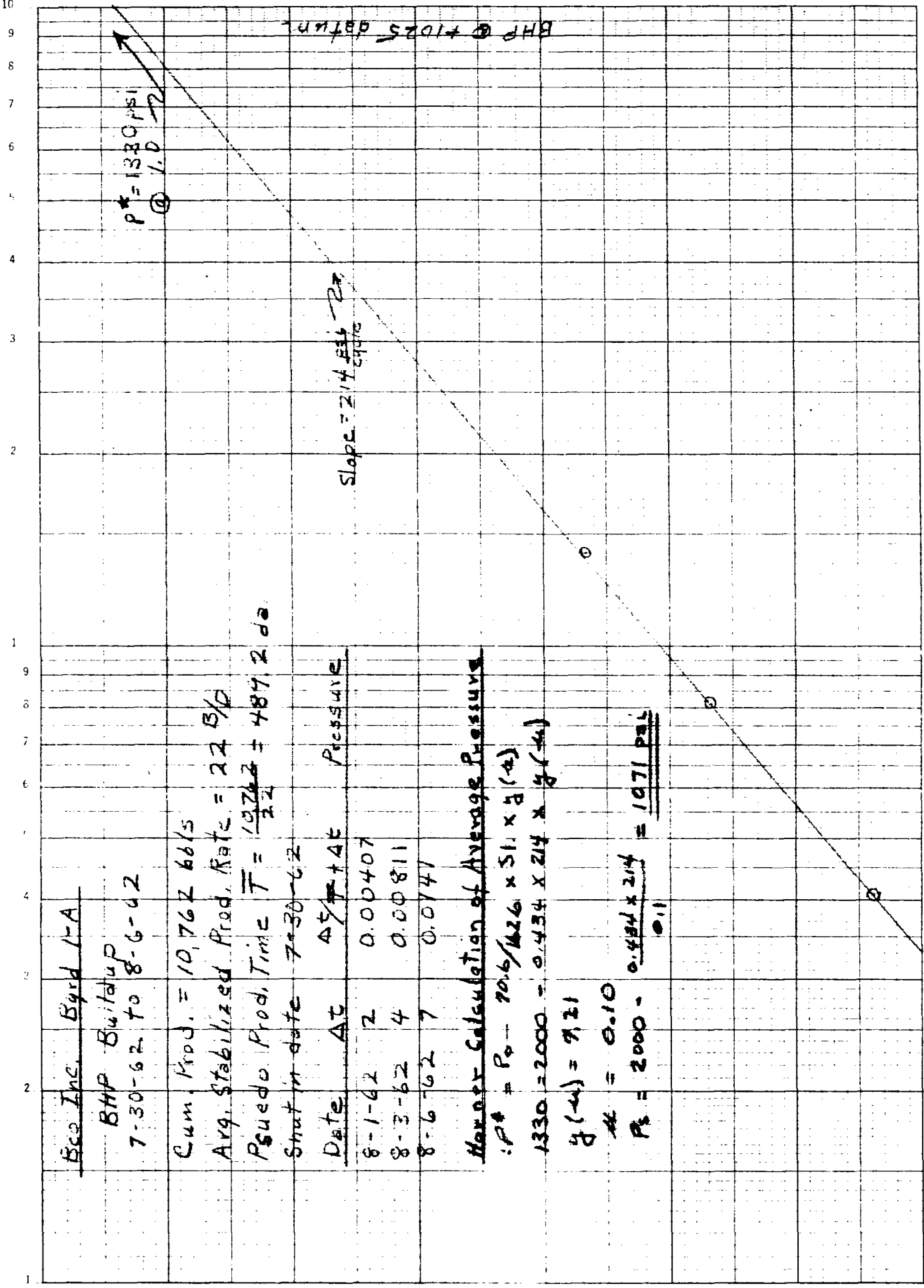
Harvey Calculation of Average Pressure

$P^* = P_0 - \frac{20.6}{1426} \times 51.1 \times 2.14$
 $1330 = 2000 - 0.434 \times 2.14 \times \frac{q}{h}$

$\frac{q}{h} (-4) = 921$

$\Delta t = 0.10$

$P_0 = 2000 - \frac{0.434 \times 2.14}{0.11} = 1071 \text{ psi}$



PROPERLY + METRO LARG SPUR #3

BNP BUILDUP
 7-28-62 to 8-6-62
 CUMULATIVE PRODUCTION = 374,156 MCF
 AVG. STABILIZED PROD. RATE = 1013 MCF/D
 PERIOD PRODUCING TIME T = 371 da
 SHUT IN 7-28-62

| DATE | AT | $\Delta T/T$ | TEMPERATURE |
|--------|----|--------------|-------------|
| 8-1-62 | 4 | 0.0107 | 1755 |
| 8-6-62 | 9 | 0.0237 | 1773 |

$P^* = 1674 \text{ psia}$

SLOPE = $\frac{111 \text{ psi}}{2 \text{ cycles}}$

HORNER CALCULATION OF ORIG. PRESSURE

$P^* = P_0 - 70 \frac{162.6 \times SE \times \gamma (\text{cp})}{1674 = 2000 - 0.434 \times 111 \times \gamma (\text{cp})}$

$\gamma (\text{cp}) = 6.74$

$u = 0.105$

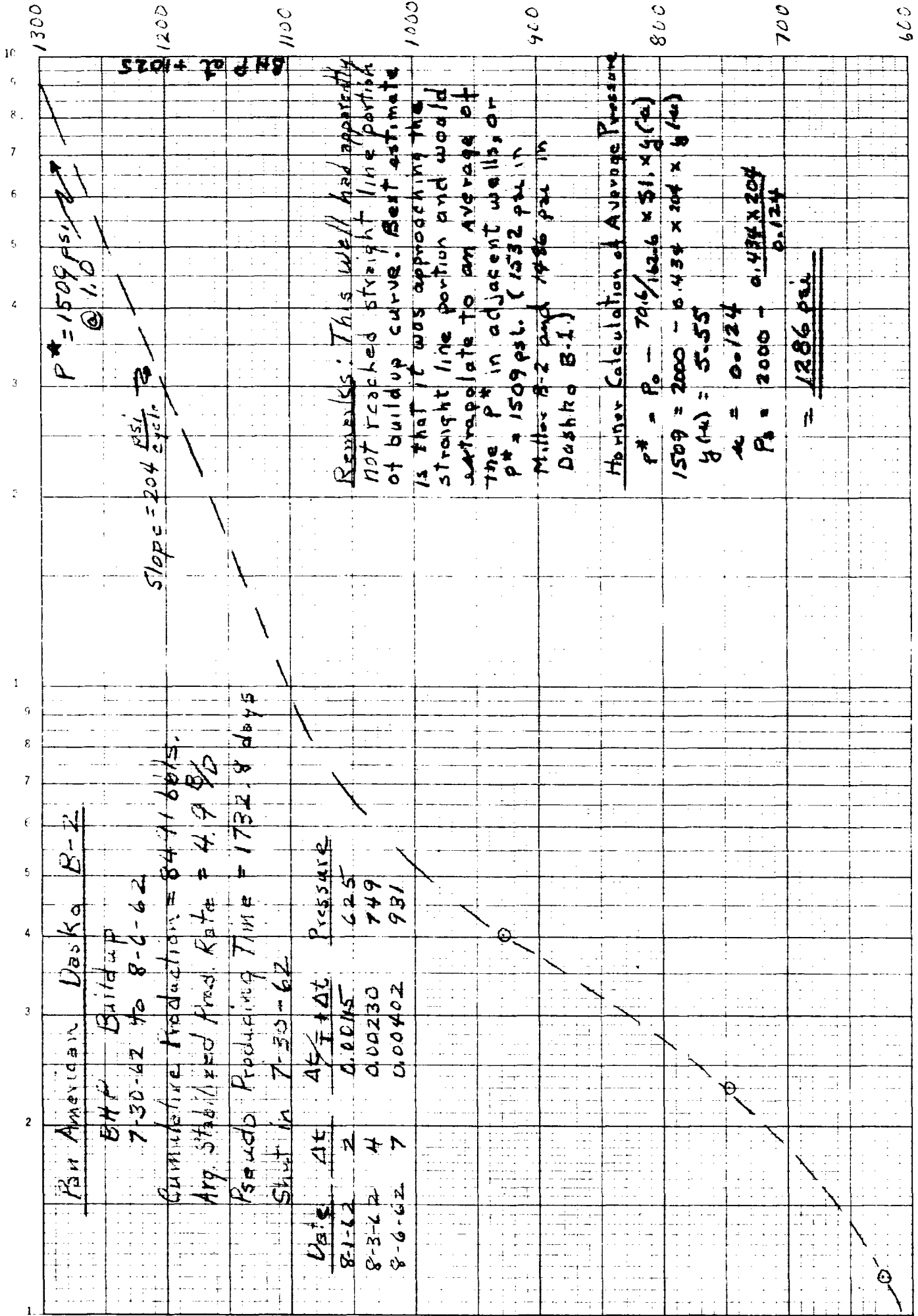
$R_2 = 2000 - 0.434 \times 111$

$= 1542 \text{ psia}$

≈ 105

* Pressure adjusted from that previously reported to BNP tubing gradient constant.

BHP @ 1025 DATUM



Pan American Dasko B-2
 BHP Buildup
 7-30-62 to 8-6-62
 Cumulative Production = 8471 bbls.
 Avg. Stabilized Prod. Rate = 4.9 B/D
 Pseudo Producing Time = 1732.8 days
 Shut in 7-30-62

| Date | Δt | $\Delta t / T + \Delta t$ | Pressure |
|--------|------------|---------------------------|----------|
| 8-1-62 | 2 | 0.0015 | 625 |
| 8-3-62 | 4 | 0.00230 | 749 |
| 8-6-62 | 7 | 0.00402 | 981 |

Remarks: This well had apparently not reached straight line portion of buildup curve. Best estimate is that it was approaching the straight line portion and would extrapolate to an average of the P^* in adjacent wells, or $P^* = 1509$ psi. (1532 psi in Miller B-2 and 1486 psi in Dasko B-1.)

Horner Calculation of Average Pressure
 $P^* = P_0 - \frac{79.6}{162.6} \times 51. \times y(a)$
 $1509 = 2000 - 0.434 \times 204 \times y(14)$
 $y(14) = 5.55$
 $u = 0.124$
 $P_0 = 2000 - \frac{0.434 \times 204}{0.124}$
 $= 1286$ psi

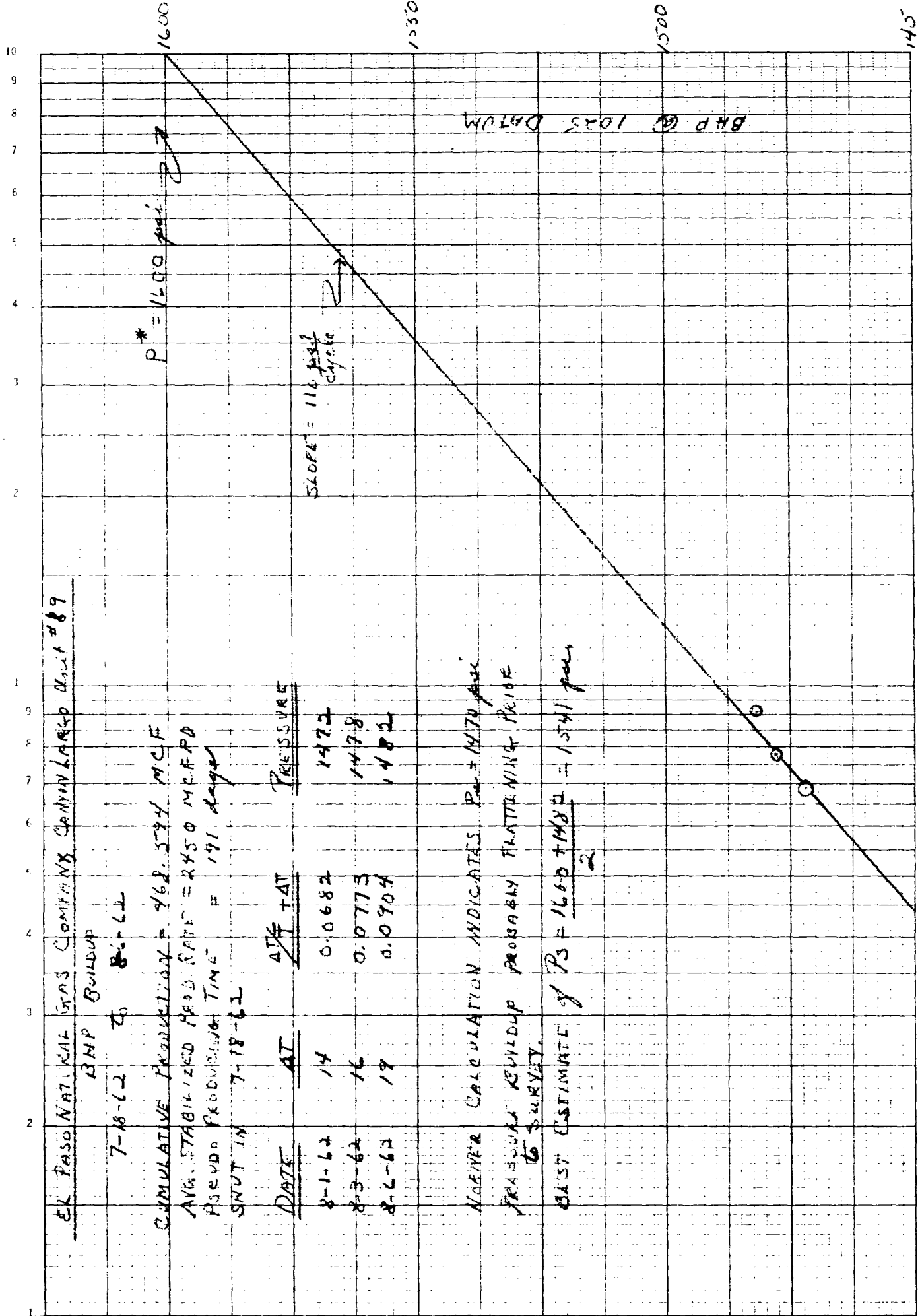
EX PASO NATIONAL GAS COMPANY'S CAMP LARGO Unit #89

BMP BUILDUP
 7-18-62 to 8-6-62

CUMULATIVE PRODUCTION = 462,344 MCF
 AVG. STABILIZED HEAD RATE = 450 MCF/D
 PSEUDO PRODUCTION TIME = 191 days
 SHUT IN 7-18-62

| DATE | AT | AT/F + AT | PRESSURE |
|--------|----|-----------|----------|
| 8-1-62 | 14 | 0.0682 | 1472 |
| 8-3-62 | 16 | 0.0773 | 1478 |
| 8-6-62 | 17 | 0.0904 | 1482 |

NAOMER CALCULATION INDICATES $P_s = 1470$ psi
 PRESSURE BUILDUP PROBABLY FLATTENING PERME
 TO SURVEY.
 BEST ESTIMATE of $P_s = \frac{1600 + 1482}{2} = 1541$ psi



0.01 DIMENSIONLESS TIME = $\frac{AT}{F + AT}$ 0.1 1.0

FRANK F. KUTLEDGE MILLER A-1

MAP BUILDUP
 7-16-62 to 8-6-62
 CUMULATIVE PRODUCTION = 382,607 MCF
 AVG. STABILIZED PRODUCTION RATE = 1864 MCF/DA
 PSEUDO PRODUCING TIME = 210.6 DAYS
 SHUT IN 7-16-62

| DATE | ΔT | ΔT / TAT | PRESSURE |
|--------|----|----------|----------|
| 8-1-62 | 16 | 0.071 | 1355 |
| 8-3-62 | 18 | 0.079 | 1364 |
| 8-6-62 | 21 | 0.091 | 1371 |

HORNER CALCULATION OF AVG. PRESSURE

$$P^* = P_0 - \frac{70.6}{162.6} \times \frac{SA}{191} \times \frac{q}{y} \quad (4)$$

$$1575 = 2000 - 0.434 \times \frac{SA}{191} \times \frac{q}{y} \quad (2)$$

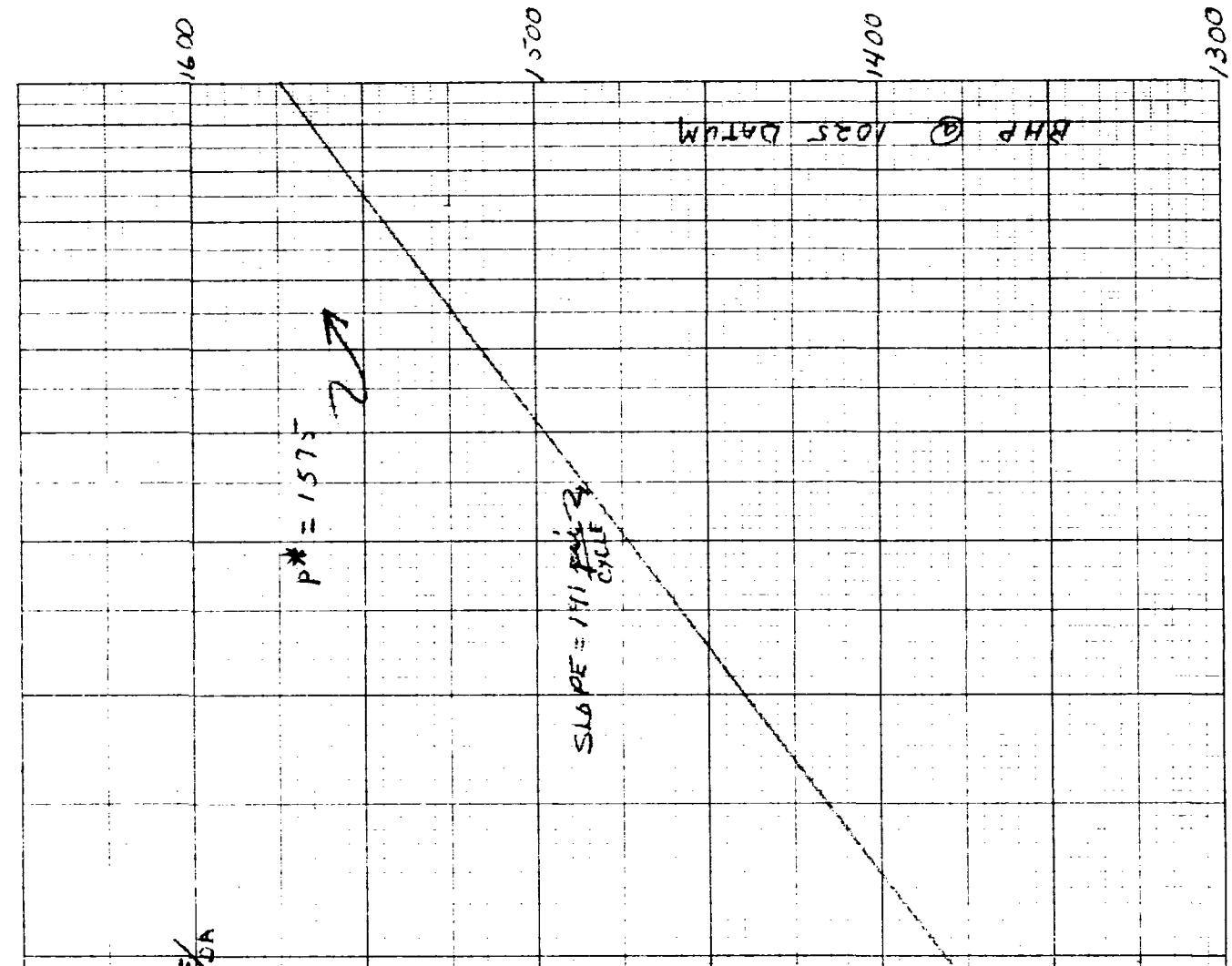
$$SA = 0.13$$

$$P_0 = 2000 - \frac{0.434 \times 191}{0.13}$$

$$= 1362 \text{ psi}$$

THIS IS HIGHER THAN MEASURED PRESSURE PROBABLY BECAUSE THE BUILDUP CURVE HAD STARTED LEVELING OFF PRIOR TO THE SURVEY. BEST ESTIMATE OF AVERAGE PRESSURE IS HALFWAY BETWEEN HIGHEST MEASURED & EXTRAPOLATED PRESSURE

$$\frac{1371 + 1575}{2} = 1473 \text{ psi}$$



0.01 DIMENSIONLESS TIME = $\frac{\Delta T}{T} + \Delta T$ 0.1 1.0

J. STODOLAY MERRIN & ASSOCIATES, MCRA - STATE #1

BMP BUILDUP

9-3-62 TO 9-5-62

CUMULATIVE PRODUCTION = 343 BBLs

AVG. STABILIZED PROD. RATE = 188 B/D

BEUDO - PRODUCING TIME = 1.82 DAYS = 43.8 Hrs.

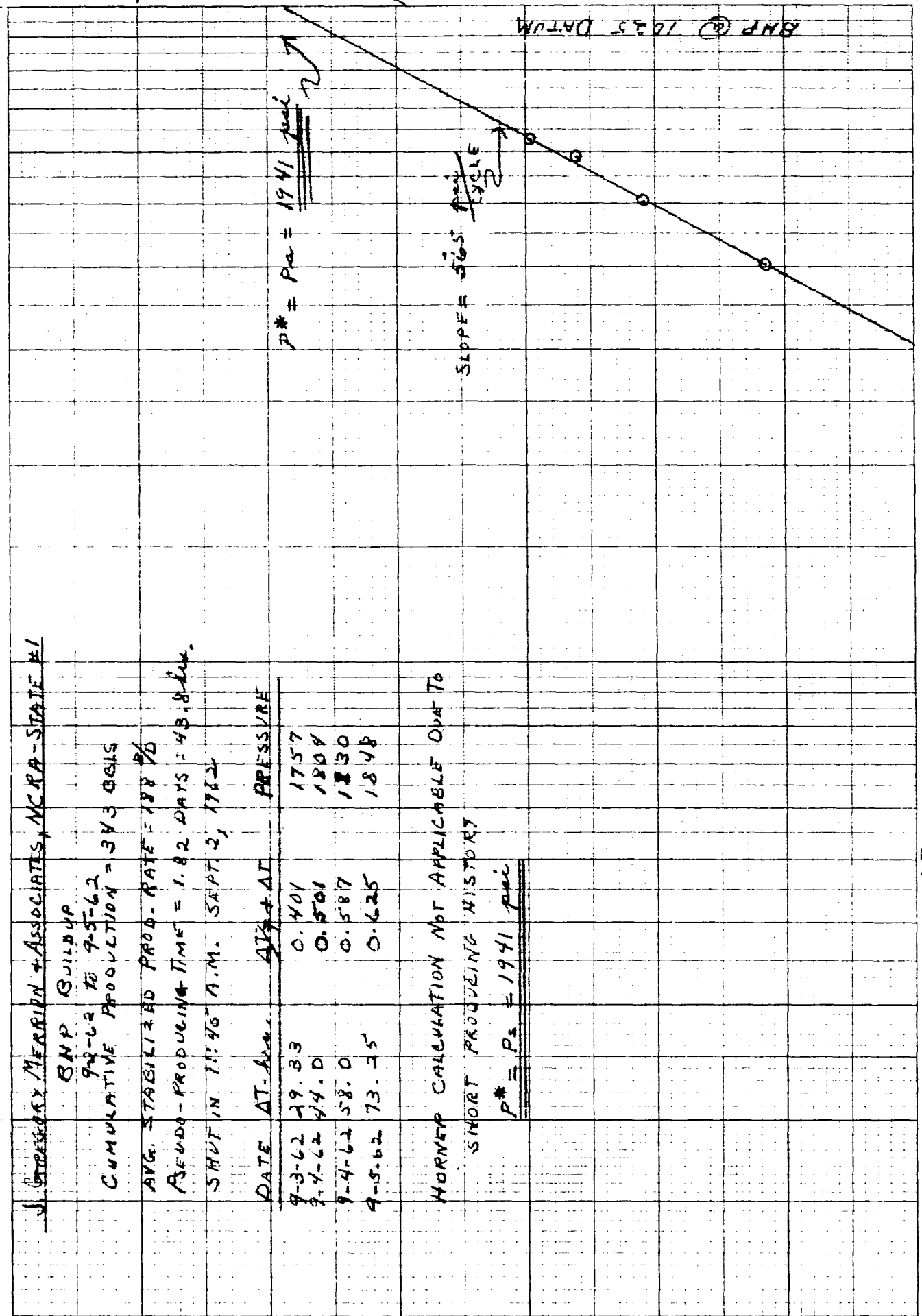
SHUT IN 11:40 A.M. SEPT 2, 1962

| DATE | AT - Avg. | ΔT | PRESSURE |
|--------|-----------|------------|----------|
| 9-3-62 | 29.83 | 0.401 | 1757 |
| 9-4-62 | 44.0 | 0.501 | 1804 |
| 9-4-62 | 58.0 | 0.587 | 1830 |
| 9-5-62 | 73.25 | 0.625 | 1848 |

WORNER CALCULATION NOT APPLICABLE DUE TO

SHORT PRODUCING HISTORY

$P^* = P_s = 1941 \text{ psia}$



0.01 DIMENSIONLESS TIME = $\frac{\Delta T}{T} + AT$ 0.1 1.0

PAN AMERICAN DASHKOB-1

BHP BUILDUP
 7-30-62 to 8-6-62

CUMULATIVE PROD. = 47.933 BBLG

AVG. STABILIZED PROD. RATE = 36.1 B/D

SEUDO PRODUCING TIME = 1377.8 DAYS

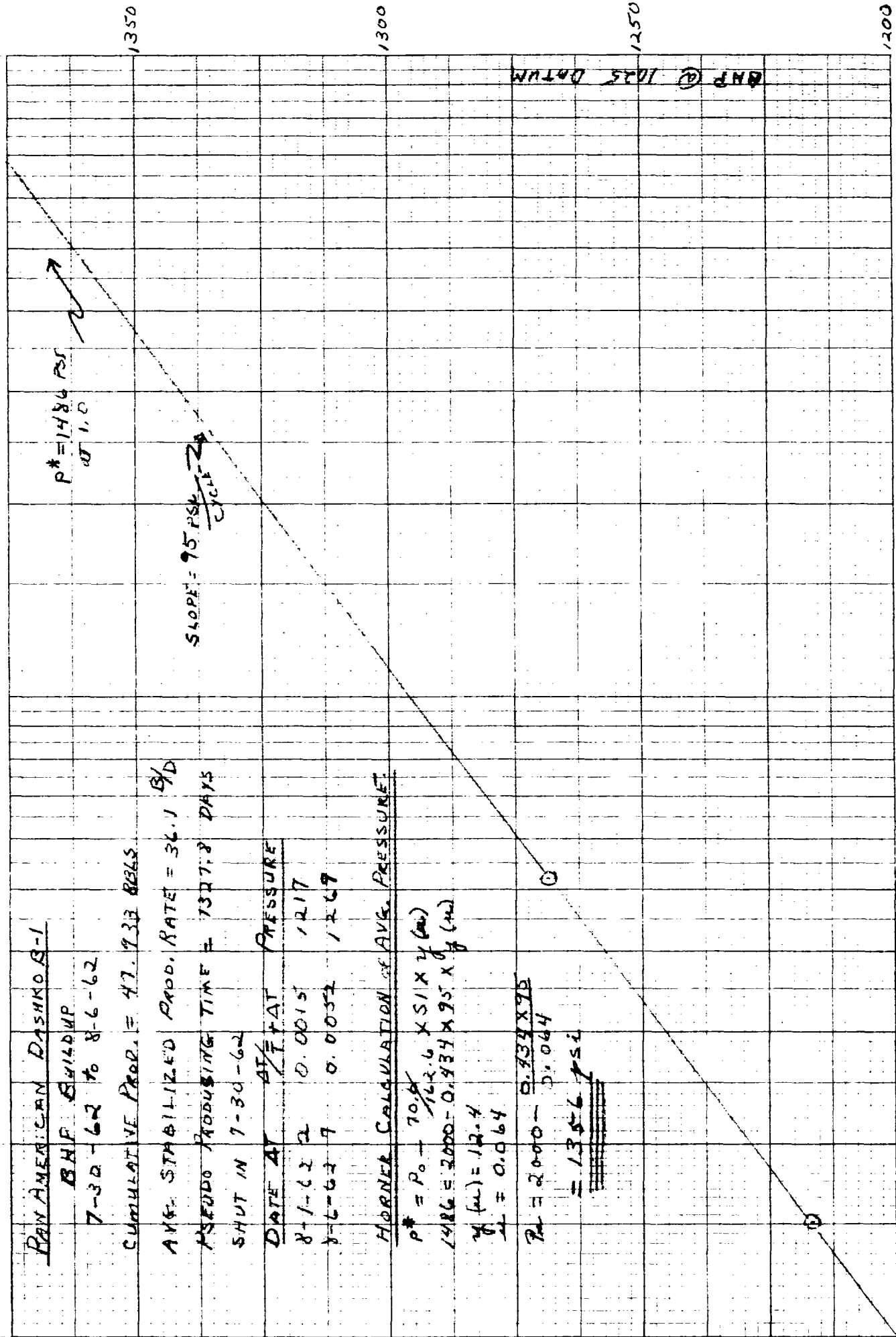
SHUT IN 7-30-62

| DATE | ΔT | ΔT / T | ΔT / AT | PRESSURE |
|--------|----|--------|---------|----------|
| 8-1-62 | 2 | 0.0015 | | 1217 |
| 8-6-62 | 7 | 0.0052 | | 1269 |

HORNER CALCULATION OF AVG. PRESSURE

$P^* = P_0 - \frac{70.8}{162.6} \times 51 \times 2 \sqrt{q}$
 $1486 = 2000 - 0.934 \times 95 \times \sqrt{q}$
 $\sqrt{q} = 12.4$
 $q = 0.064$

$P_2 = 2000 - \frac{0.934 \times 95}{0.064}$
 $= 1356 \text{ PSI}$



0.001 DIMENSIONLESS TIME = $\frac{\Delta T}{T + \Delta T}$ 0.01

Paul E Rutledge Miles B-4

BHP Built up
 7-30-62 to 8-6-62

Cumulative Production = 6158 bbls

Avg. Prod. Rate = 11 ^{bbl}/D

Pseudo Producing Time = 559.8 days

Shift in 7-30-62

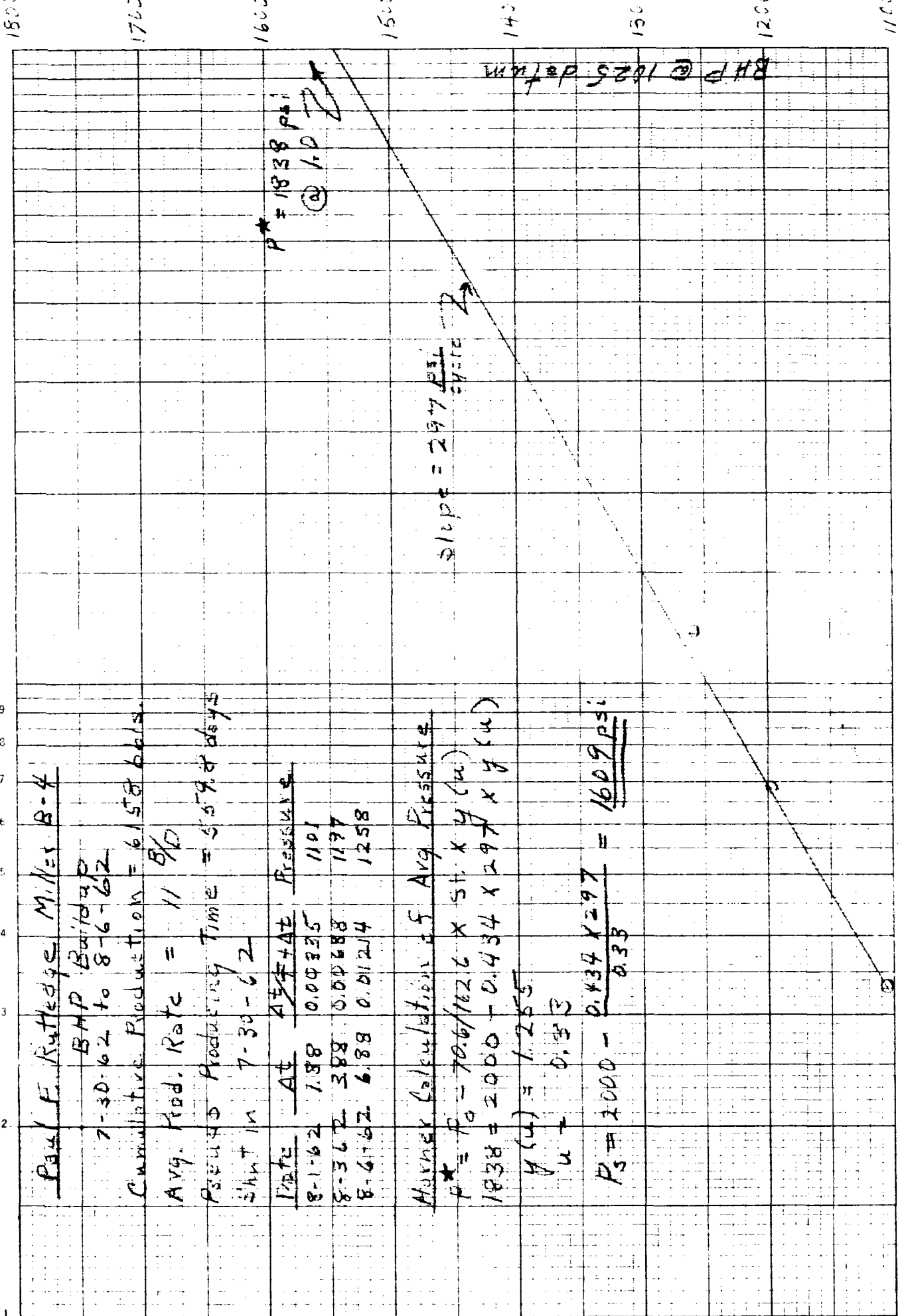
| Date | At | $\frac{A^2 F + At}{F}$ | Pressure |
|--------|------|------------------------|----------|
| 8-1-62 | 1.88 | 0.00835 | 1101 |
| 8-3-62 | 3.88 | 0.00688 | 1177 |
| 8-6-62 | 6.88 | 0.01214 | 1258 |

Marnex Calculations of Avg. Pressure

$P^* = P_0 - 70.6/102.6 \times St \times y(u)$
 $1838 = 2000 - 0.434 \times 297 \times y(u)$

$y(u) = 1.255$
 $u = 0.33$

$P_2 = 2000 - \frac{0.434 \times 297}{0.33} = 1609 \text{ PSI}$



$P^* = 1838 \text{ PSI}$
 @ 1.0

Dimensionless Time = $\frac{At}{F + At}$ 0.01 0.21 0.1

Red River # Hard Large Spur 1-A

BHP Buildup 7-28-62 to 8-6-62

Cumulative Production = 2053 bbls.

Avg. Stabilized Prod. Rate = 2.8 $\frac{bbl}{day}$

Flowback Period Time T = 733.2 days

Shut in 7-28-62

| DATE | Δt | $\frac{\Delta P}{F + \Delta t}$ | Pressure |
|--------|------------|---------------------------------|----------|
| 8-1-62 | 4 | 0.00542 | 1315 |
| 8-6-62 | 9 | 0.0121 | 1383 |

Holmes Calculation of Avg. Pressure

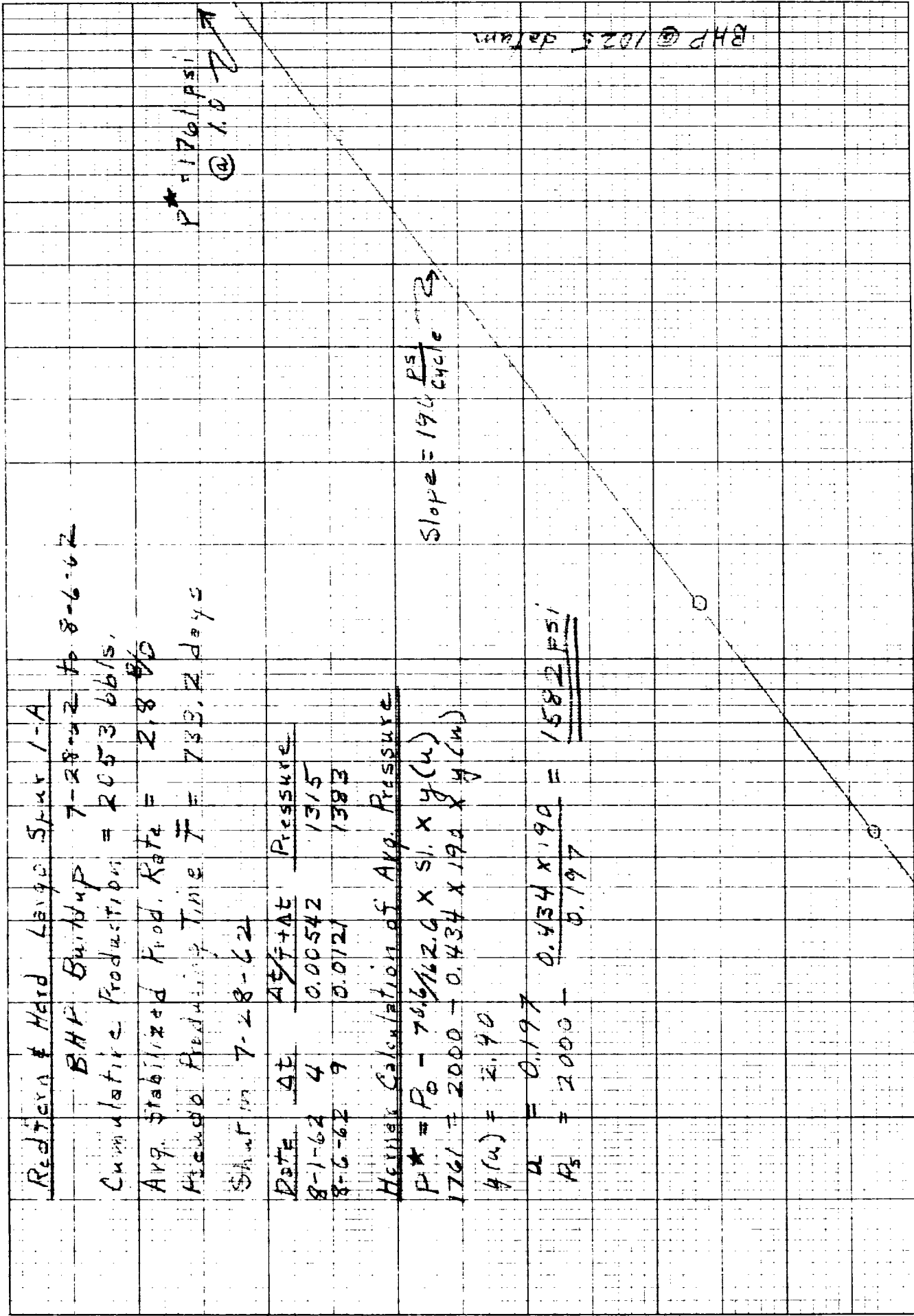
$$P^* = P_0 - 70.6 \sqrt{162.6 \times 51. \times y(u)}$$

$$1761 = 2000 - 0.434 \times 190 \times y(u)$$

$$y(u) = 2.90$$

$$u = 0.197$$

$$P_3 = 2000 - \frac{0.434 \times 190}{0.197} = 1582 \text{ PSI}$$



Dimensionless Time = $\frac{\Delta t}{T + \Delta t}$ 0.001 0.01 0.1 1300 1400 1500 1600

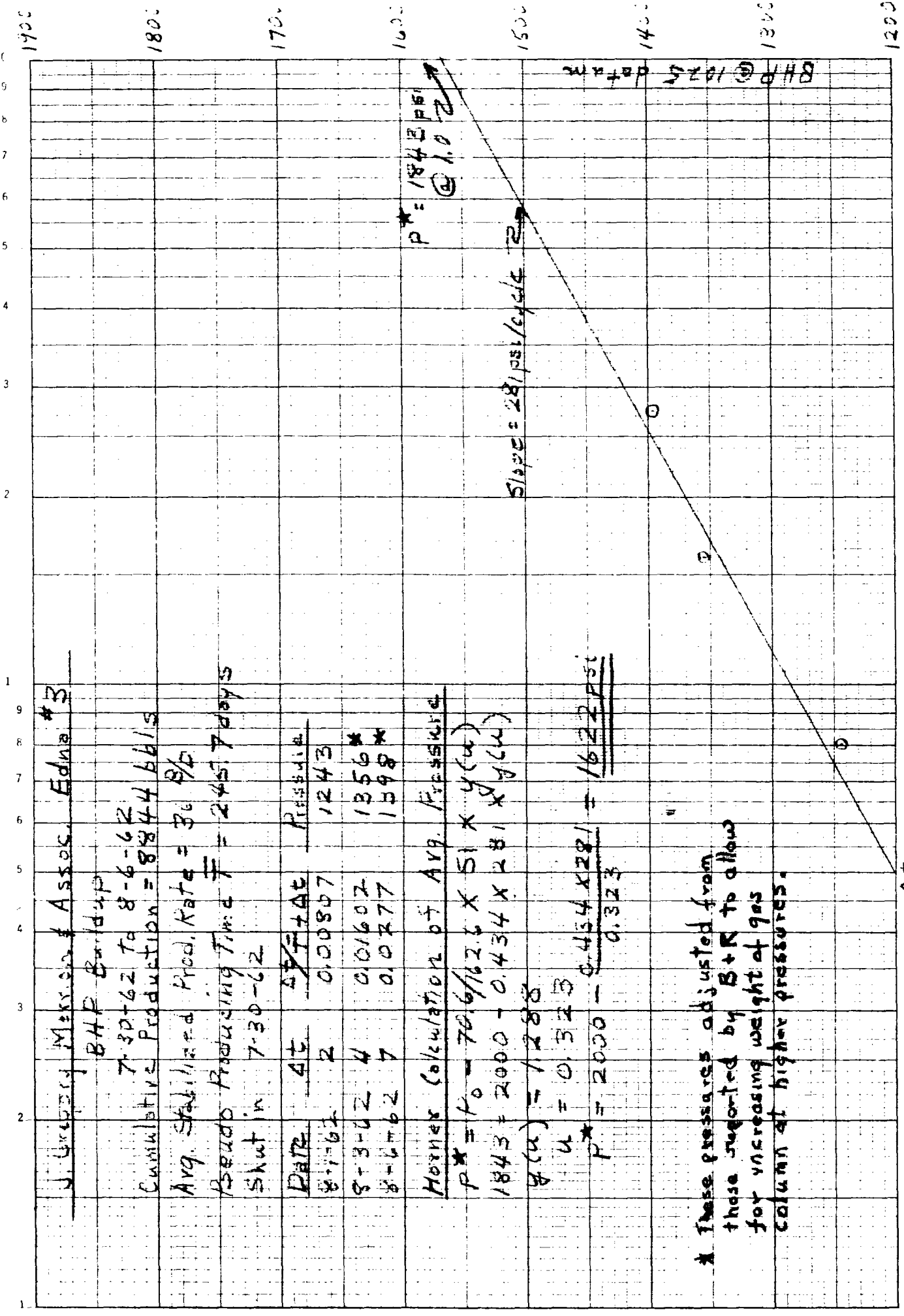
J. Gregory Messers & Assoc. Edna #3
 BHP Backup
 7-30-62 to 8-6-62
 Cumulative Production = 8844 bbls
 Avg. Stabilized Prod. Rate = 36 9/d
 Pseudo Producing Time $\bar{T} = 245.7$ days
 Shut in 7-30-62

| DATE | ΔT | $\frac{\Delta T}{\bar{T} + \Delta T}$ | Pressure |
|--------|------------|---------------------------------------|----------|
| 8-1-62 | 2 | 0.00807 | 1243 |
| 8-3-62 | 4 | 0.01602 | 1356* |
| 8-6-62 | 7 | 0.0277 | 1598* |

Horner Calculation of Avg. Pressure

$P^* = P_0 = 70.6/162.6 \times 51 \times y(u)$
 $1843 = 2000 - 0.434 \times 281 \times y(u)$
 $y(u) = 1.288$
 $u = 0.523$
 $P^* = 2000 - \frac{0.434 \times 281}{0.323} = 1622 \text{ PSI}$

* These pressures adjusted from those suggested by B+R to allow for increasing weight of gas column at higher pressures.



J. Gregory Mertin + Assoc. Edna #1

BHP Buildup

7-30-62 to 8-6-62

Cumulative Production = 42,216 bbls

Avg. Stabilized Prod. Rate = 55 B/D

Pseudo Producing Time $T = \frac{42,216}{55} = 767.6 \text{ da.}$

Shut in 7-30-62

| Date | Δt | $\frac{\Delta t}{T + \Delta t}$ | Pressure |
|--------|------------|---------------------------------|----------|
| 8-1-62 | 2 | 0.0026 | 926 |
| 8-3-62 | 4 | 0.0052 | 1045 |
| 8-6-62 | 7 | 0.00904 | 1127 |

Horner Calculation of Avg. Pressure

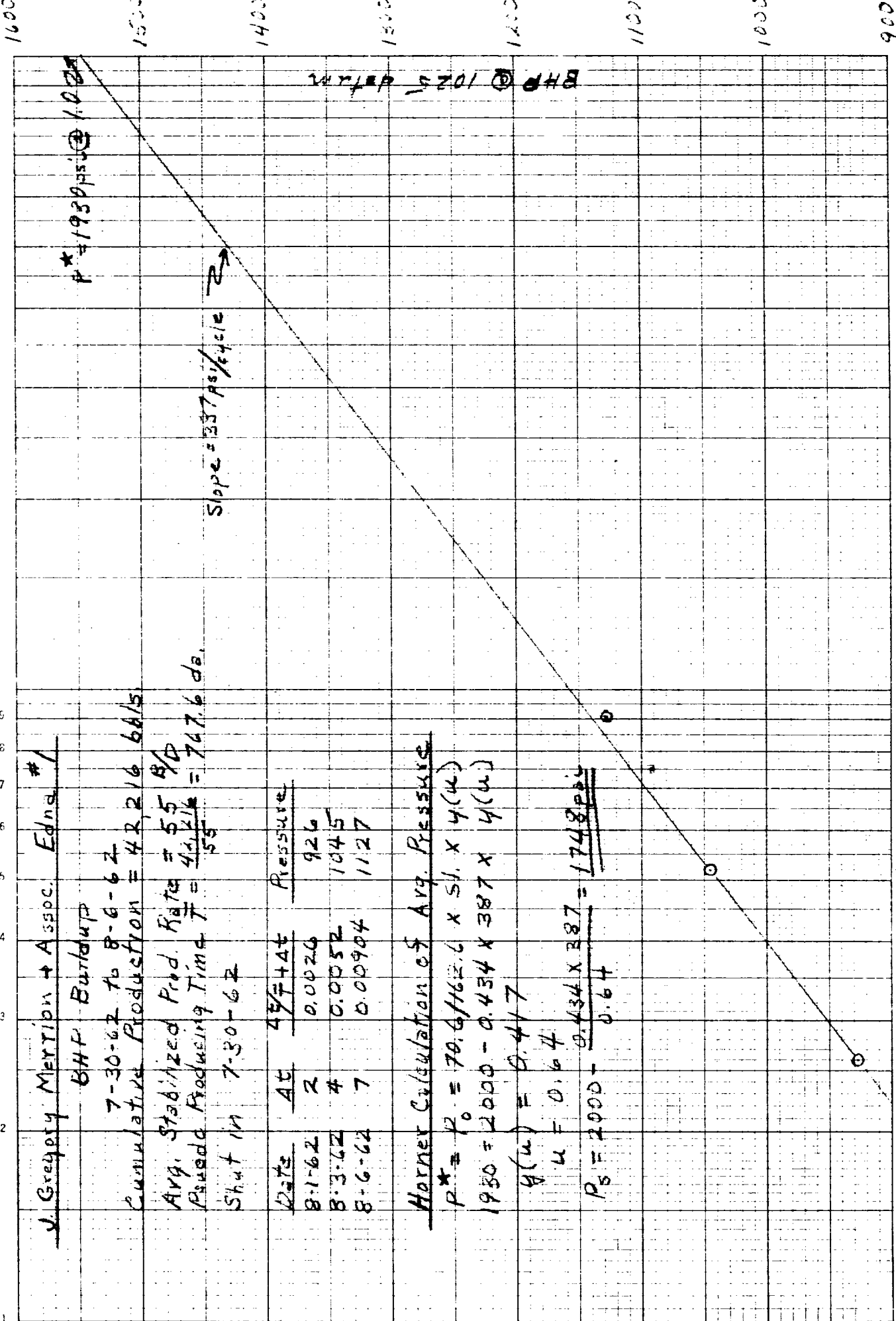
$P^* = P_0 = 70.6 / 162.6 \times 51.1 \times y(u)$

$1930 = 2000 - 0.434 \times 387 \times y(u)$

$y(u) = 0.417$

$u = 0.64$

$P_0 = 2000 - \frac{0.434 \times 387}{0.64} = 1748 \text{ psi}$



0.001 Dimensionless Time = $\frac{\Delta t}{T + \Delta t}$ 0.01 0.1

J. Gregory Mexican & Assoc Edm #2

BHP Edm #2
 7-30-62 to 8-6-62

Cumulative Production = 31,708 bbls

Avg Stabilized Prod Rate = 65 bbls/day

Pseudo Fracture Time $T = \frac{31,708}{65} = 487.8$ days

Shut in 7-30-62

| Rate | AT | $\Delta F + \Delta C$ | Pressure |
|--------|----|-----------------------|----------|
| 8-6-62 | 7 | 0.014 | 1709 |

Hornet Calculation of Avg. Pressure

$P^* = P_0 - 70.6/162.6 \times S_1 \times y(u)$

$1930 = 2000 - 0.434 \times 119 \times y(u)$

$y(u) = 1.36$

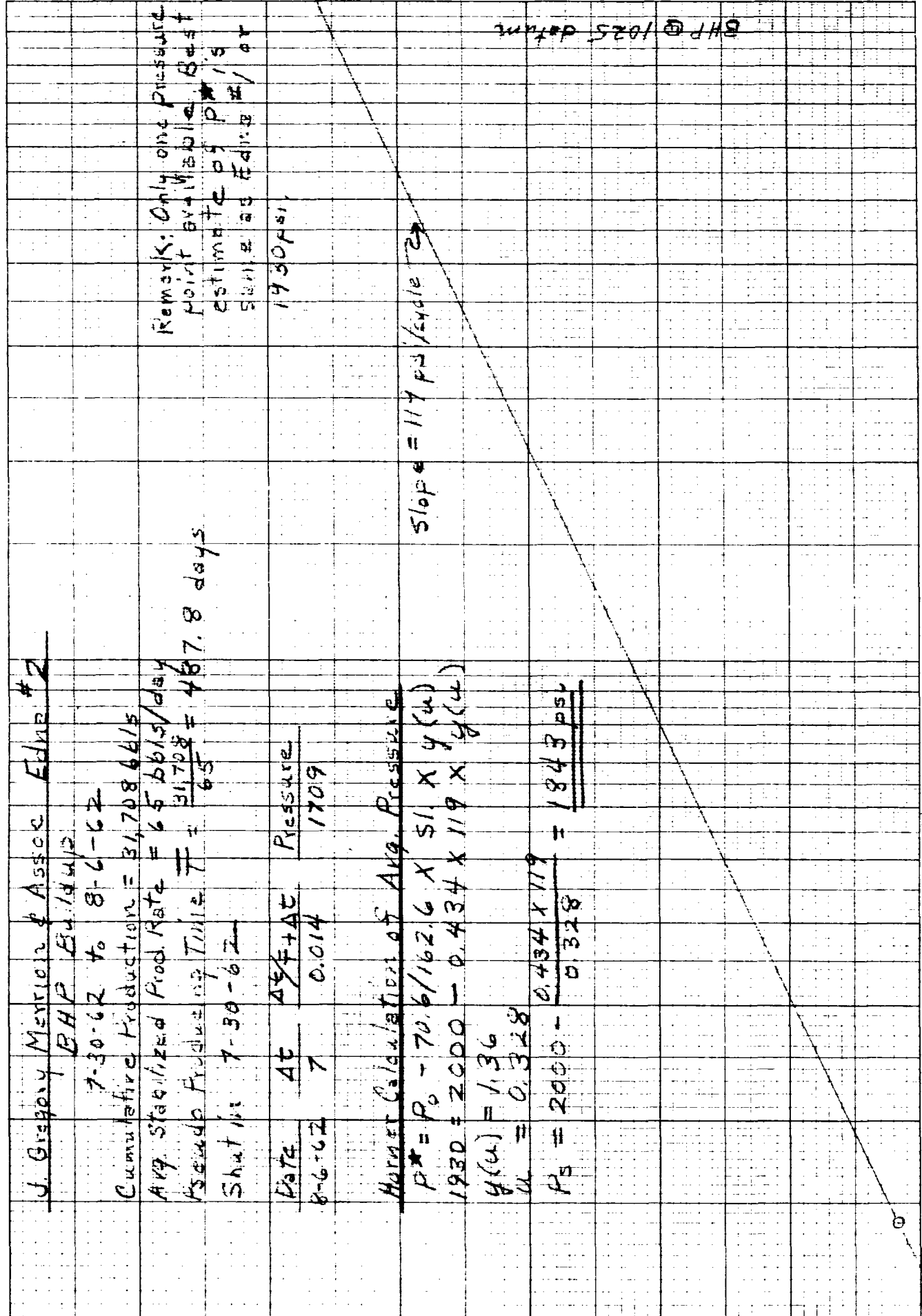
$u = 0.328$

$P_s = 2000 - \frac{0.434 \times 119}{0.328} = 1843 \text{ psi}$

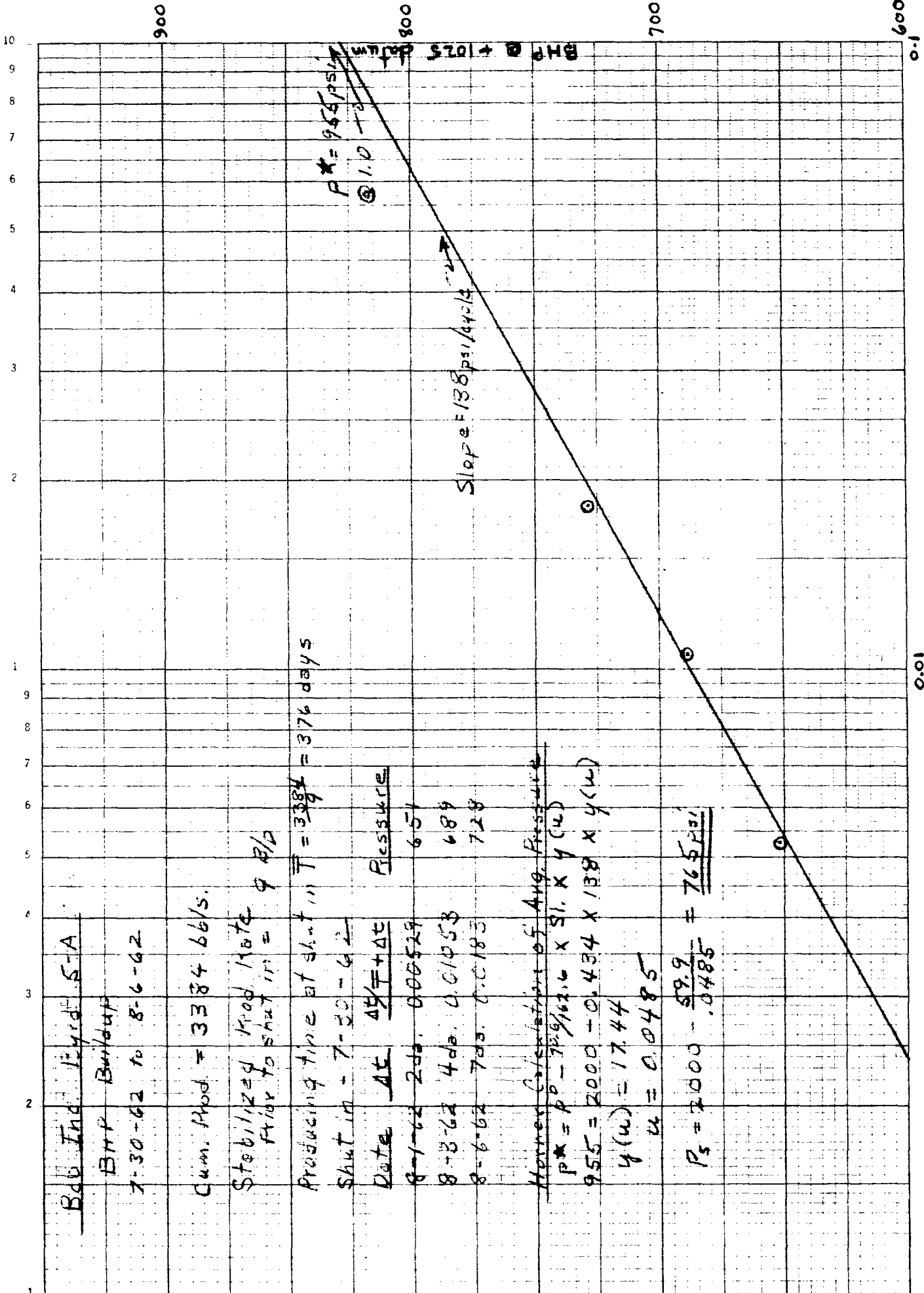
Remarks: Only one pressure point available. Best estimate of P* is 1930 psi.

Slope = 117 psi/cycle

BHP @ 1025 datum



Dimensionless Time = $\frac{4t}{r^2 + 4C}$



0.01 Dimensionless Time $\Delta T / \bar{T} + \Delta T$

0.001

El Paso Nat Gas Co. Condensate Unit #118

BHF build-up
 7-29-62 to 8-6-62

Cumulative Production = 604,661 bbls

Avg. Stabilized Prod. Rate = 130 bbl/d

Pseudo Producing Time $T = 4.63$ days

Start in 7-27-62

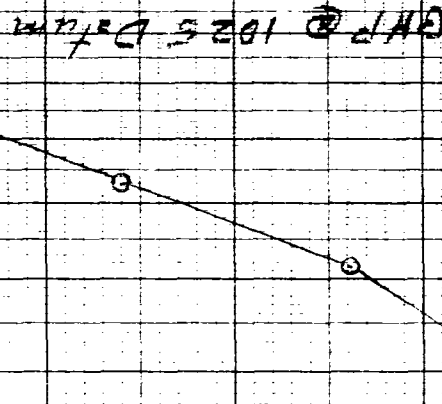
| Date | At | Pressure |
|--------|----|----------|
| 8-1-62 | 3 | 1812 |
| 8-3-62 | 5 | 1855 |
| 8-6-62 | 8 | 1865 |

Horner Calculations - Not Applicable

Due to short producing history, well was producing with such a small drainage radius that i-s-sdior curve be considered infinite and

$P^* = P_s = 1933$ psig

$P^* = P_s = 1933$ psig



1960

1960

1960

1960

Dimensionless Time = $\frac{\Delta t}{T + \Delta t}$

0.01

0.1

1.0

Redfern & Heid Largo Spur #1

BHP Buildup

7-12-62 to 8-6-62

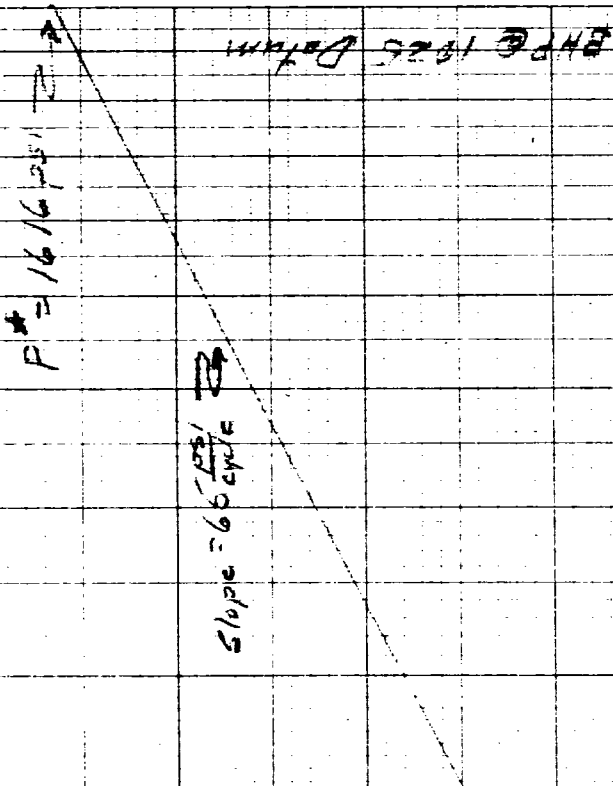
Cumulative Production = 1,020,735 MCF

Avq. Stabilized Prod. Rate = 818 MCF/D

PSUDO Producing Time $T = 1250$ days

Shut In 7-12-62

| Date | AT | $\frac{4\pi h^2 \mu k}{Q B \gamma c}$ | Pressure |
|--------|----|---------------------------------------|----------|
| 8-1-62 | 20 | 0.0157 | 1499 |
| 8-3-62 | 22 | 0.0173 | 1499 |
| 8-6-62 | 25 | 0.0196 | 1505 |



Hurst's Calculation of Avg. Reservoir

$F^* = P_0 - 70.9 \frac{Q}{1616} \times S_1 \times \gamma(u)$

$1616 = 2000 - 0.434 \times 65 \times \gamma(u)$

$\gamma(u) = 13.6$

$u = 0.06$

$P_s = 2000 - \frac{0.434 \times 65}{0.06}$

$= 1530 \text{ psi}$

0.01 Dimensionless Time = $\frac{4.8}{T + AT}$

0.1

1.6

1450

1500

1550

1600

Paul F. Rutledge Miller B-2

BHP Burdette

7-30-62 to 8-6-62

Cumulative Production = 16,477 bbl/s

Avg Stabilized Prod. Rate = 17.5 B/D

Perfor. Reducing Time = 941.5 days

Start In 7-30-62

| Date | Δt | $\Delta P/P + \Delta t$ | Pressure |
|--------|------------|-------------------------|----------|
| 8-1-62 | 1.92 | 0.00335 | 1012 |
| 8-3-62 | 3.83 | 0.00403 | 1070 |
| 8-6-62 | 6.88 | 0.00725 | 1114 |

Horner (calculated) vs Avg. Pressure

$$P^* = P_0 - \frac{70.7626}{SI} \times y(u)$$

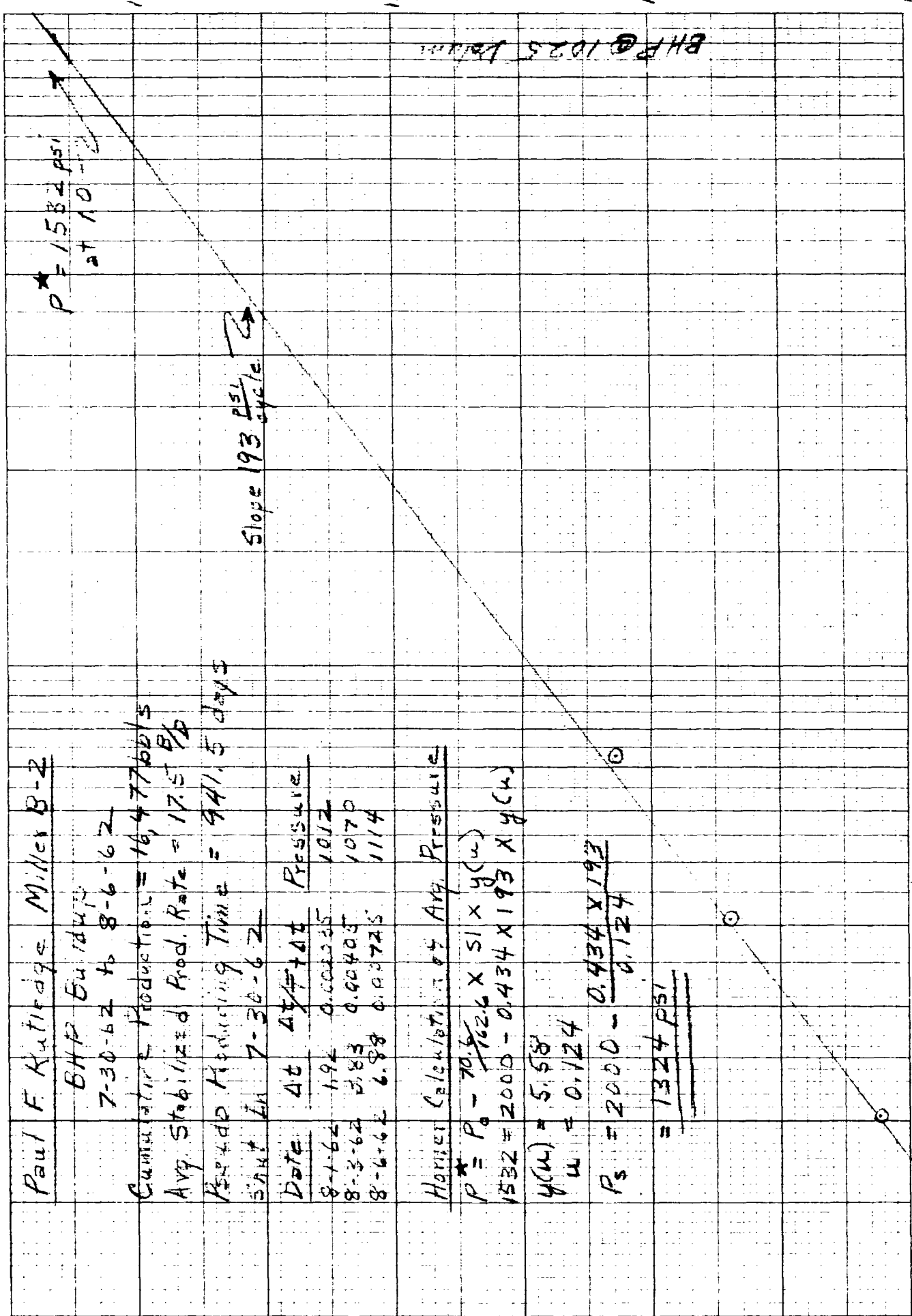
$$1532 = 2000 - 0.434 \times 193 \times y(u)$$

$$y(u) = 5.58$$

$$u = 0.124$$

$$P_s = 2000 - \frac{0.434 \times 193}{0.124}$$

$$= 1324 \text{ PSI}$$



0.001 Dimensionless Time $\frac{qt}{F + \Delta t}$ 0.01 0.1 1000

Skelly Oil Co. New Mexico Federal G-1

BHP Buildup
 7-23-62 to 8-6-62

Cumulative Production = 345,046 MCF

Avg. Stabilized Producing Rate = 1187 MCF/D

Pseudo Producing Time = 303.5 days

Shut in 7-23-62

Date Δt Δt/F + Δt Pseudo

8-1-62 9 0.031 1422

8-6-62 14 0.044 1436

Horner Coefficient: indicates $P_s = 1444$ psi

However, curve had probably begun to level off, prior to running the survey.

Best estimate of average pressure is halfway between highest measured and extrapolated

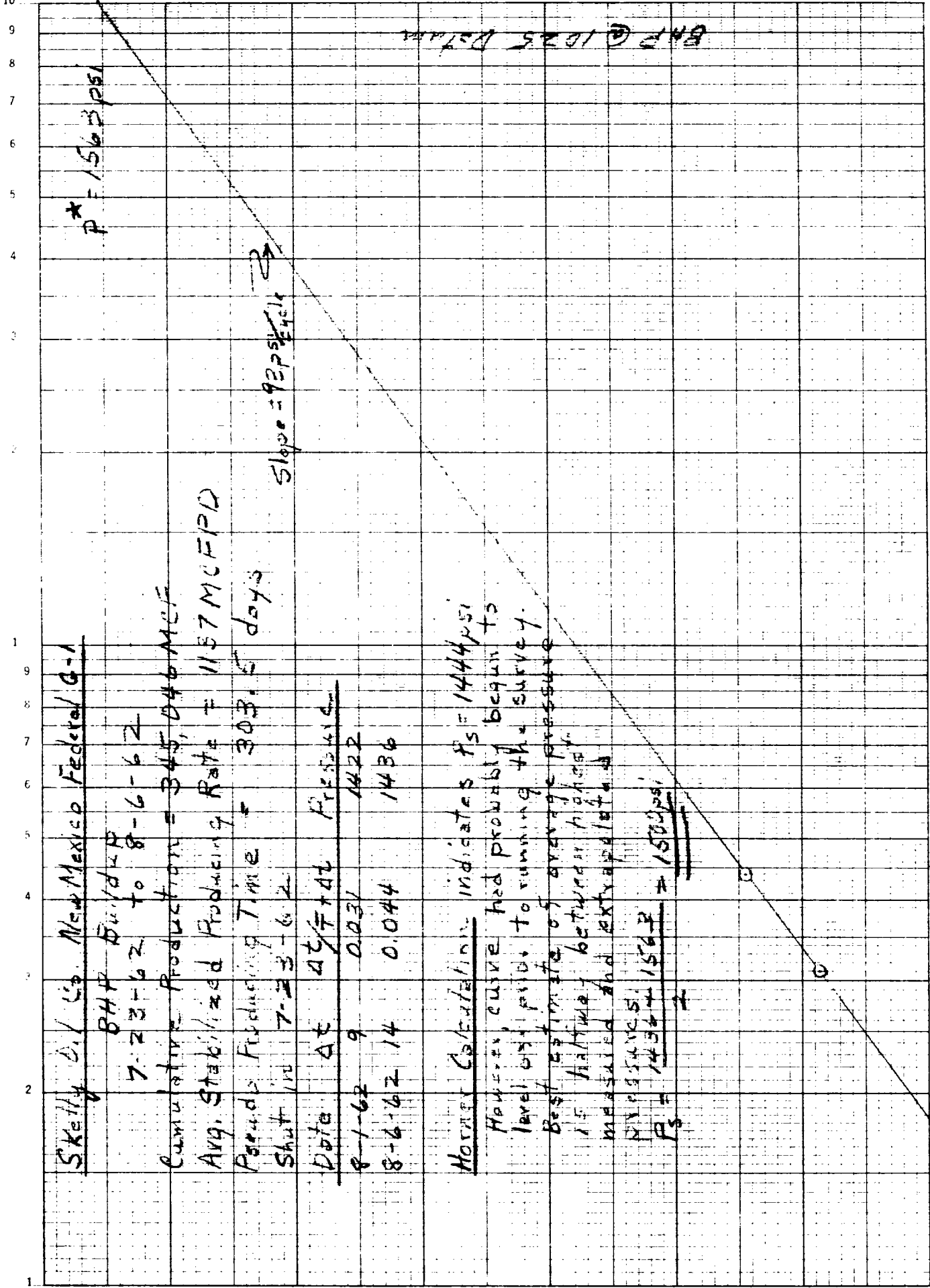
pressures

$P_s = \frac{1436 + 1562}{2} = 1500$ psi

$P^* = 1563$ psi

Slope = 92 psi/cycle

BHP @ 1025 Days



0.01 Dimensionless Time = $\frac{4.5}{14.5}$

0.1

1.0

150

150

145

140

INSTANTANEOUS RELATIVE PERMEABILITY TO GAS AND OIL VS. CORRESPONDING GAS PHASE SATURATION

| | | | | | |
|--------------|-----------------------|-------|-----------------|-------|---------|
| Sample No. 2 | The British-American | Well | Marve "B" No. 4 | Depth | 4920-21 |
| Company | Oil Producing Company | Field | Bisti | | |
| Reservoir | Gallup Sand | | | | |

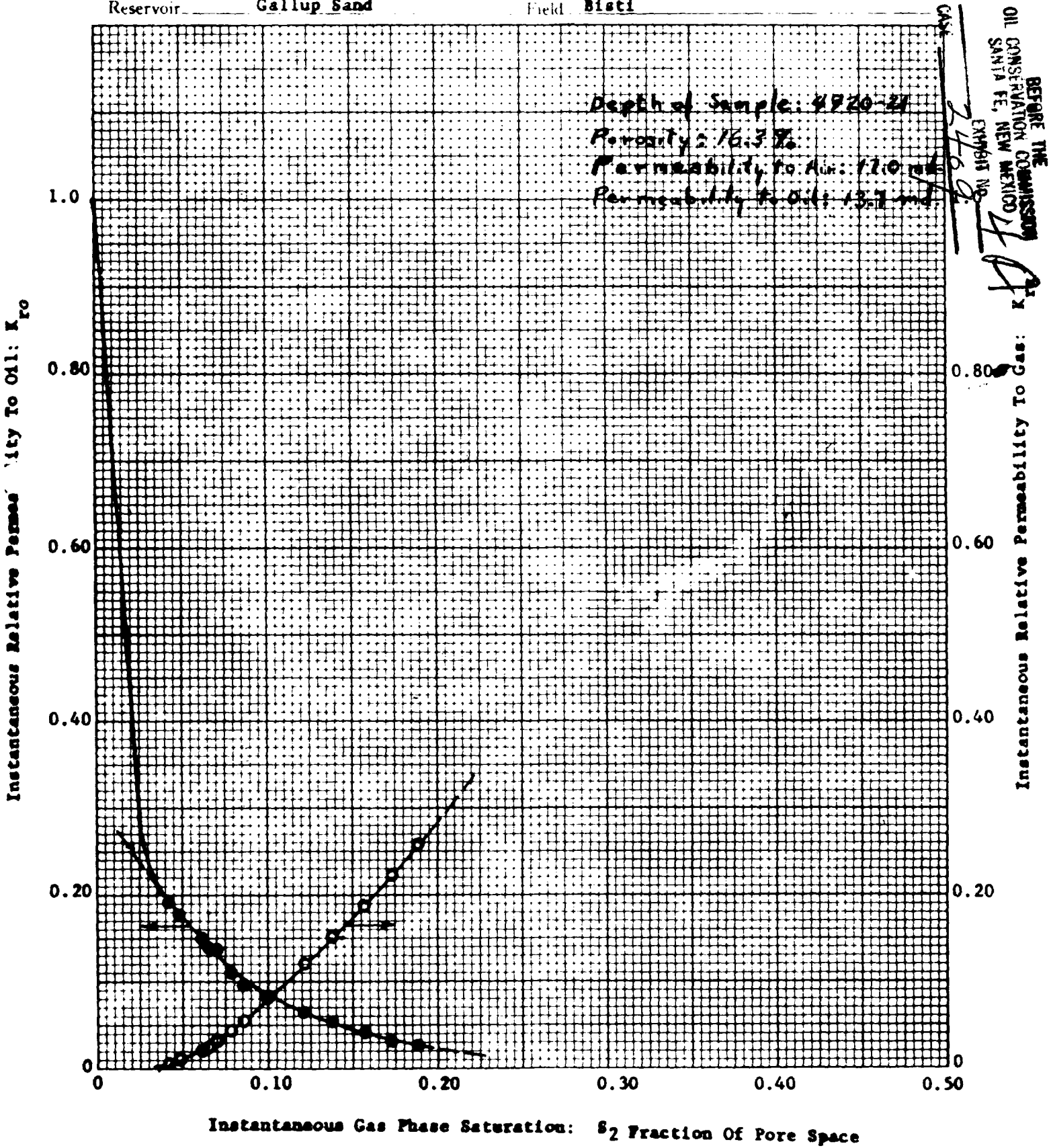


Figure 1-8