SECONDARY RECOVERY STUDY SKELLY PENROSE "B" UNIT LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

PREPARED BY:

SKELLY OIL COMPANY

UNIT OPERATOR

JULY 12, 1965

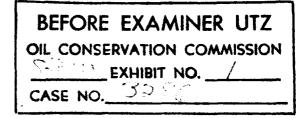


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INTRODUCTION

The Langlie Mattix Pool, located in Lea County, New Mexico is areally the largest and among the earliest developed oil pools in southeast New Mexico. This report concerns that portion of the Langlie Mattix Pool outlined on Attachment I as the Skelly Penrose "B" Unit and described as follows:

> Township 22 South, Range 37 East E/2 SE/4 Section 31 NW/4, W/2 NE/4, S/2 Section 32

Township 23 South, Range 37 East W/2 NW/4 Section 4 All Section 5 NE/4, E/2 SE/4 Section 6 N/2 NE/4 Section 7 N/2, SE/4, N/2, SE/4 SW/4 Section 8 W/2 Section 9

New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission nomenclature designates as the vertical limits of the Langlie Mattix Pool those formations encountered between the lower 100 feet of the Seven Rivers formation and the base of the Queen formation.

The Working Interest Owners of the proposed Skelly Penrose "B" Unit have agreed that in order to conserve natural resources, to prevent waste, to protect correlative rights, and to institute and consummate secondary recovery operations the Langlie Mattix Pool underlying the proposed Unit Area should be unitized. Skelly Oil Company was selected to be the Unit Operator.

This report has been prepared in order to present data concerning the unit and secondary recovery operations at the New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission hearing which has been called by Skelly to request authority to institute the waterflood project.

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CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

- Primary producing life of the entire proposed unit area is 90 per cent complete on May 1, 1965. Those leases which have not reached their economic limit have reached 76 to 99 per cent of primary depletion.
- An economically successful secondary recovery project for the subject unit can be expected.
- Unitization of the unit area is necessary in order to prevent waste and protect correlative rights.
- 4. An adequate water supply is available for operating the unit.
- 5. Installation of secondary recovery facilities should be effected with all possible expediency.

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DEVELOPMENT AND PRODUCTION HISTORY

Development of the Penrose Sand within the area of the Skelly Penrose "B" Unit was started with the drilling of Skelly Oil Company's Harrison "A" Well No. 1, completed December 4, 1935. Development east of the proposed unit area was rapid with most of the wells outlined on Attachment III as part of the proposed Skelly Penrose "A" Unit having been completed by 1940. Few wells in the "B" Unit were completed during the 1935-1940 period; most of the development in this area was during 1957 and 1958, with some wells completed as late as early 1960.

Primary life of the Penrose "B" Unit area is approximately 90 per cent complete. Estimated ultimate primary oil recovery is 1,717,780 barrels. On May 1, 1965, cumulative primary production was 1,550,398 barrels, with 167,382 barrels remaining primary oil to be produced. The remaining primary reserves were determined by extrapolation of rate time production curves. The present allowable for producing wells in the Skelly Penrose "B" Unit ranges from 1 to 8 barrels per day with six wells shut-in or temporarily abandoned, two wells plugged and abandoned and one well classified as an associated gas well.

Extensive Penrose Sand development is present adjacent to the proposed Unit area to the north, south and east. Skelly Oil Company is negotiating units in the south and east areas also, and will be unit operator for those areas when unitization is effected. The formation of three separate units was planned because development, in general, was considerably earlier in the "A" area than in the south and west areas, and the three areas are in different stages of depletion, the east (A area) being more advanced. The formation of separate units will better facilitate the negotiation of an equitable basis of participation in each of

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the three areas. Certain notable differences in completion practices, as well as rate of development, are evident among the three areas; consequently, different operational problems may be encountered in the different areas.

Adjacent to Skelly Penrose "B" Unit on the north will be two secondary recovery projects; the Langlie Mattix Penrose Unit operated by Ambassador Oil Corporation, and Humble Oil and Refining's State "M" Lease on which a waterflood project has recently been initiated. Cooperative line flooding between the Skelly Penrose "B" Unit, the Ambassador Langlie Mattix Unit and the Skelly Penrose "A" Unit waterfloods will facilitate secondary operations and avoid undue drainage of unitized substances around the boundaries of the units.

Skelly Oil Company, incooperation with Humble and Ambassador, has operated a pilot waterflood on its H. O. Sims Lease in Section 34-T22S-R37E since August 1953. A map indicating the location of this pilot is shown on Attachment No. II. The Skelly portion of two 80-acre five-spots includes two injection wells and one producer within an enclosed five-spot pattern. Based on the production from H. O. Sims No. 6, the center producer of the five-spot, ultimate secondary recovery from Skelly's portion of the pilot area is estimated to be equal to ultimate primary recovery. Operation of the pilot indicates that injection difficulties can be expected due to gas stringers exposed in many of the older open hole completions. Pilot performance, however, definitely indicates that waterflooding of the Penrose Sand in the vicinity of the proposed Skelly Penrose "B" Unit can be accomplished profitably, and will promote conservation of natural resources.

A graph of the projected secondary response is shown on Attachment No. IV.

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GEOLOGY AND RESERVOIR CHARACTERISTICS

The oil pay formation in the Skelly Pennose "B" Unit is the Pennose Said, a lower member of the Queen formation. The Pennose top is encountered from depths of 3,423 to 3,701 feet; average depth of the Pennose top in the Skelly Pennose "B" Unit is 3,580 feet.

The Penrose zone of the Queen formation is described as lenticular, closely cemented sand lenses contained in a dense dolomitic limestone which was deposited during the Permian age along the western edge of the Central Basin Platform, accompanying a period of mild geologic disturbance. The oil reservoir is contained in a generally northwest trending anticlinal stratigraphic trap which is broken by small "saddles".

One core analysis (of the lower 50 feet of the Penrose Section from the Redfern Development Corporation, Redfern No. 1 in Unit D Section 8-T23S-R37E) is available from the proposed Skelly Penrose "B" Unit area. The following weighted average values were the result of the analysis:

Gross feet analyzed	50.0
Net feet of pay	11.2
Porosity, per cent	9.92
Residual saturations, oil	10.42
Total water	40.40
Permeability, md.	1.12

In the south part of the Penrose "B" Unit area, the upper Penrose is gas productive. One is would be

The primary driving mechanism of the Penrose Sand is solution gas, producing oil of approximately 36 degrees API gravity. The gas zones present in the upper Penrose, as well as the immediately higher Queen and Seven Rivers formations, are present as localized gas stringers, found in the higher portions of the

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general antolinal effect. There is no evidence to suggest that the Penrose formation contains enough continuous vertical permeability that the gas zones could have furnished energy as a principal driving force in the production of primary cil from the Penrose.

No estimation of original oil in place or per cent primary recovery is presented in this report. Any estimation of oil in place would be highly conjectural, and is not considered necessary at this time. It is felt that the cooperative pilot waterflood performance affords adequate justification for waterflooding the Penrose section underlying the Skelly Penrose "B" Unit area.

Attachment No. V is an interpretation of the Queen formation structure in the Langlie Mattix area by Skelly Oil Company's Geological Department. Attachment No. VI is a Gamma Ray-Neutron log of a type Langlie Mattix section within the area of the proposed unit.

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PLAN OF DEVELOPITIAT

Characteristics of the producing formation and the 40-acre spacing development in the Langlie-Mattix Area are well adapted to the 80-acre five-spot injection pattern for waterflooding. Cooperative line flooding between the Skelly Penrose "B" Unit, the Ambassador Langlie-Mattix Unit, the Humble State "M" Lease, the Skelly Penrose "A" Unit, and the Skelly Penrose "C" Unit waterfloods will facilitate secondary operations and avoid undue drainage of unitized substances around the boundaries of these units.

Completion practices, in general, will support the five-spot pattern with a minimum of re-working, for conversion of producing wells to injection wells. The largest per cent of those wells in the Skelly Penrose "B" Unit which were logged, cased, cemented, and perforated in the Penrose Section can be utilized as injection wells by expansion of the 80-acre five-spot pattern in the H. O. Sims pilot area throughout the Ambassador Langlie-Mattix Flood and the proposed Skelly Penrose "A" and "B" Units. The proposed pattern is shown on Attachment VII.

Use of the 80-acre five-spot pattern, except in the south portion of the proposed unit where the pattern may be modified to allow peripheral injection, will minimize recompletion costs and permit deferment of the expense of recompleting the plugged and abandoned wells and drilling the two undrilled locations. The advisability of these recompletions and drilling possibilities can be more definitely determined as secondary operations proceed. The diagrammatic sketches of the injection wells is shown as Attachment No. VIII.

Provision for plant equipment include three triplex pumps capable of furnishing 9,077 barrels injection water per day at 1845 psi, which is the maximum requirements of the flood. This volume approximates 275 barrels per injection well per day under full operation, and compares favorably with injection rates and

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pressures noted in the pilot project nearby. Initial injection pressures at these rates are expected to be well under 1000 psi.

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MATER SUPPLY

The Penrose "B" Unit will purchase injection water from the Skelly operated Jol Water System. The water source for the Jal Water System will be Seven Rivers and Capitan Reef water supply wells located approximately eight (8) miles southwest of the unit.

UNITIZATION AND PARTICIPATION

The Working Interest Owners of leases within the proposed Skelly Penrose "D" Unit have unitized their leases and selected Skelly Oil Company to be the Unit Operator. The effective date of the unit was July 1, 1985.

The participation formula that was used as an equitable method of determining participation in the unit is as follows:

Phase I: 50% Current Production (1-1-83 to 4-1-63) plus

50% Remaining Primary Recovery @ 4-1-63

Phase II: 100% Ultimate Primary Recovery

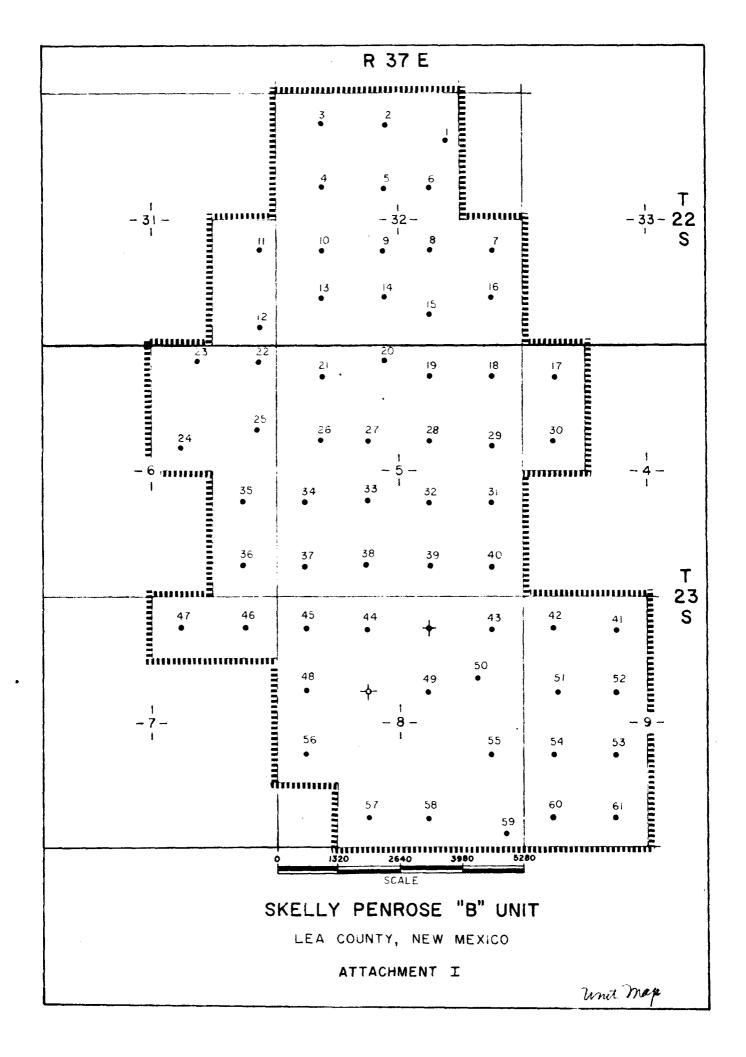
Phase I is to remain in effect until a total of 167,382 barrels of oil have been produced from the original Unit Area from and after May 1, 1965. Phase II will remain in effect thereafter.

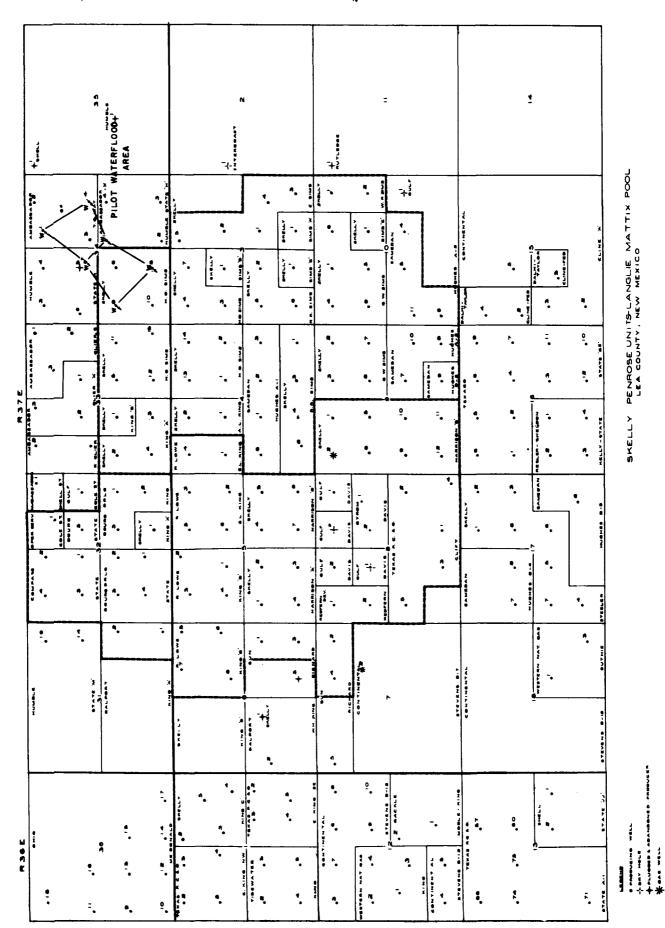
LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

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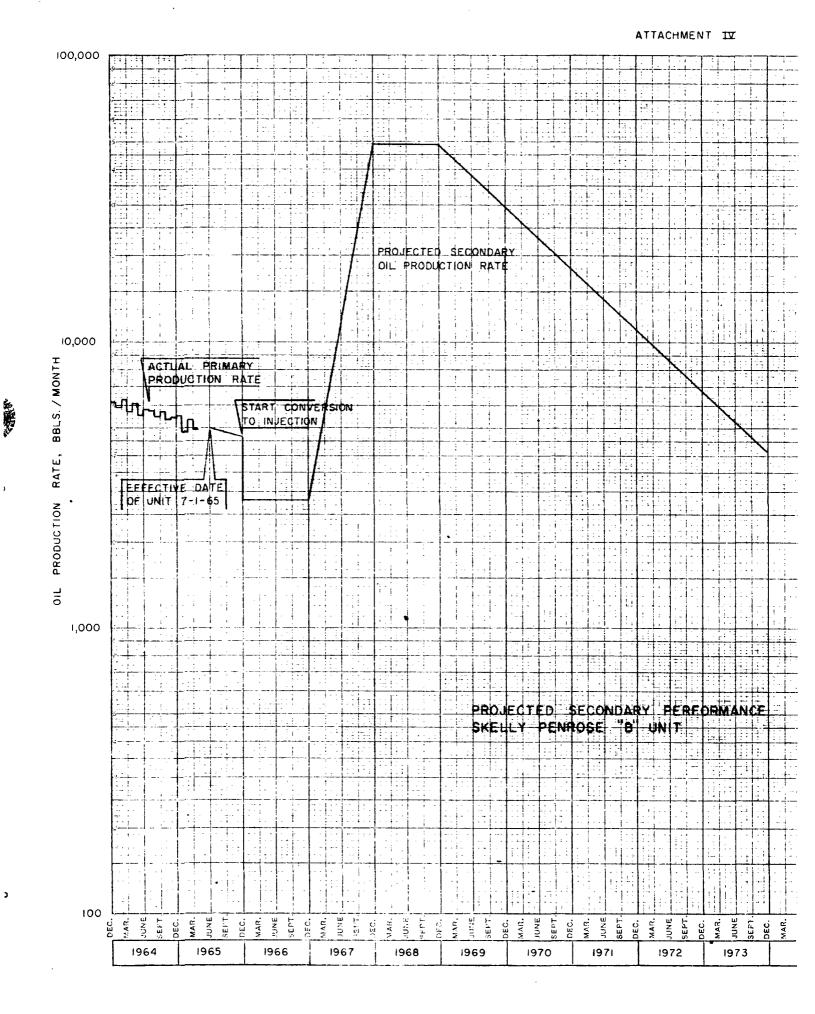
Attachment No.	Title
I	Pearose "B" Unit Map
II	Map of Pilot Waterflood Area
III	Map of Skelly Penrose "3" Unit Area
IV	Projected Secondary Performance
V	Structure Map of Queen Sand
VI	Typical log of Langlie-Mattix Section
VII	Injection Pattern
VIII	Diagrammatic Sketch of Injection Wells

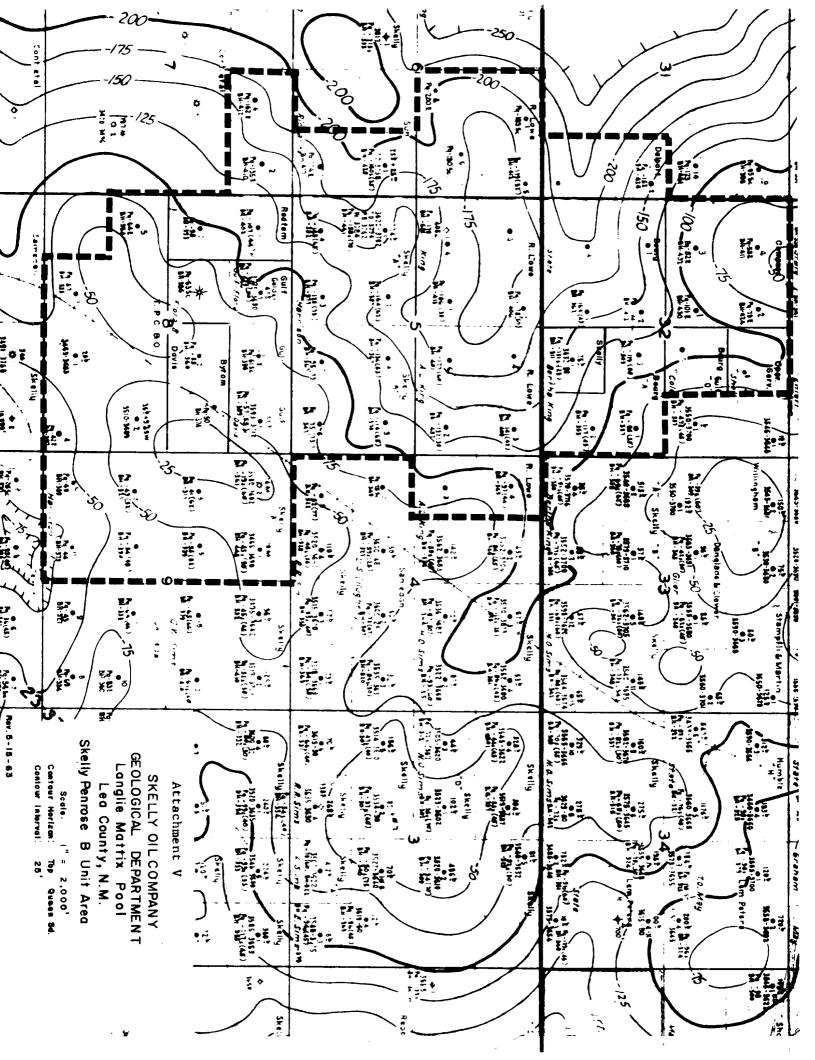
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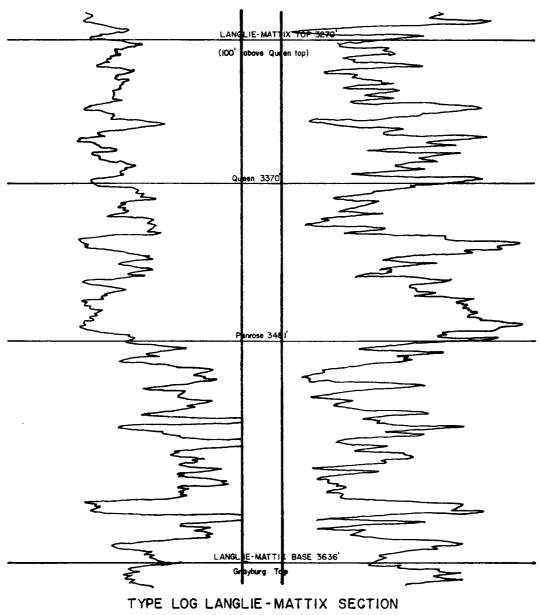


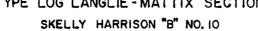
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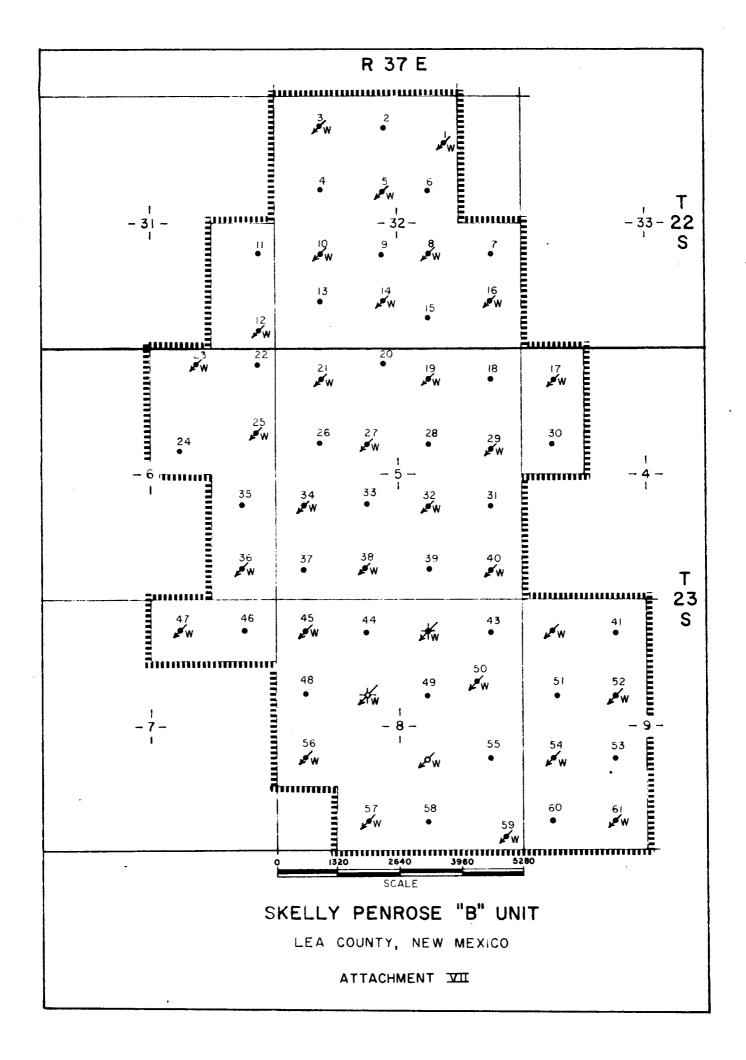




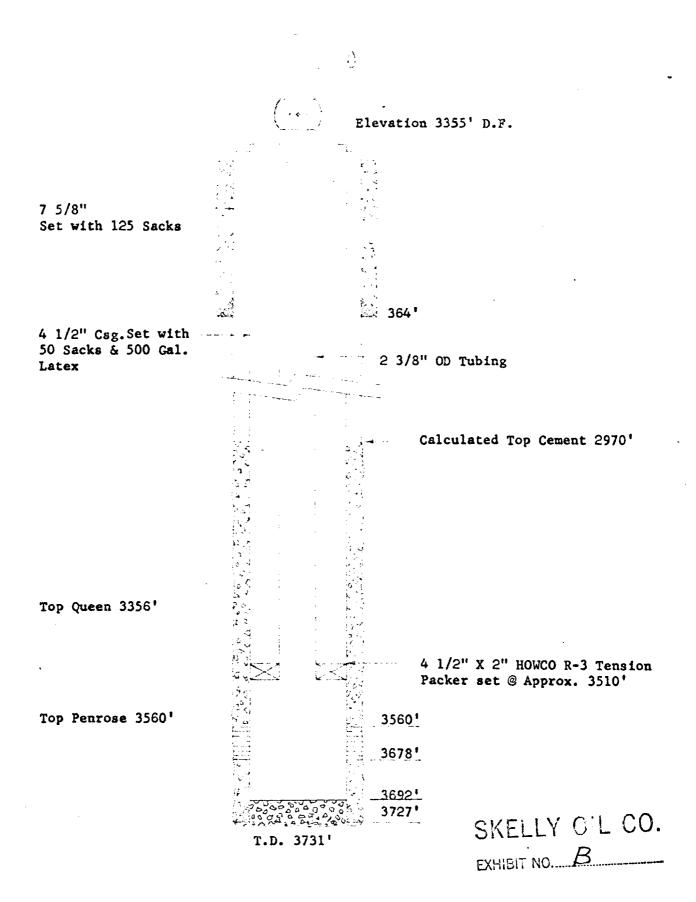
ATTACHMENT VI



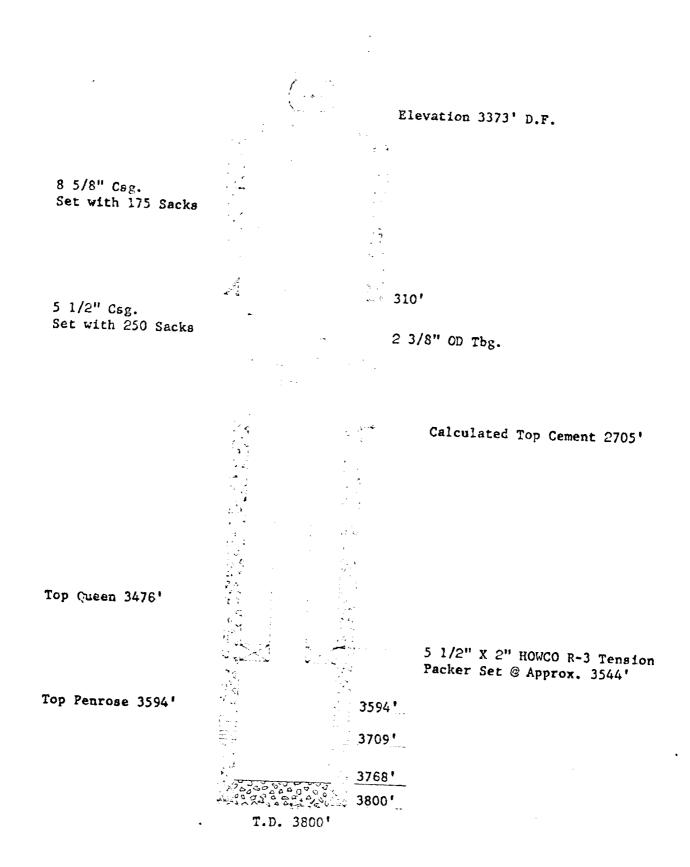




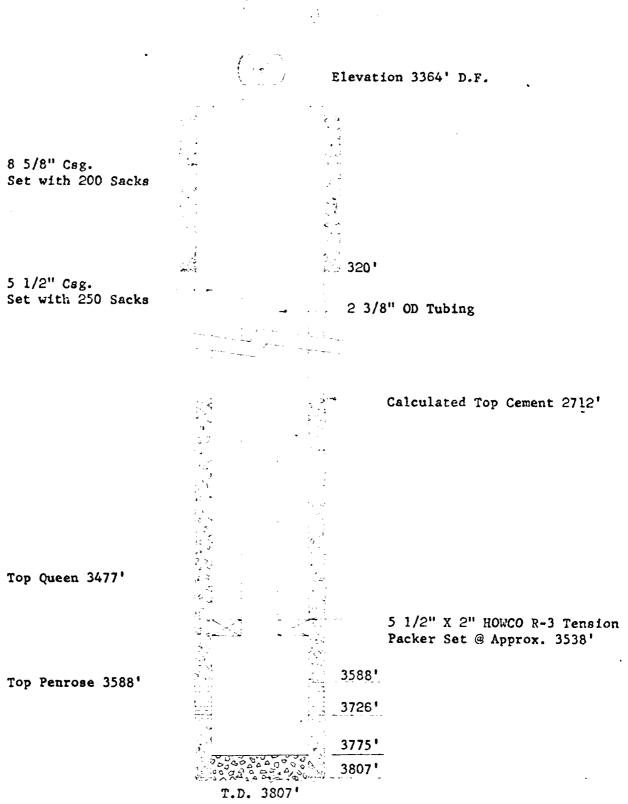
Operators Service Co. Cole - State No. 1 990' FNL & 1650' FEL Section 32, T22S, R37E Lea County, New Maxico Langlie Mattix Injection Well Skelly Penrose "B" Unit Well No. 1

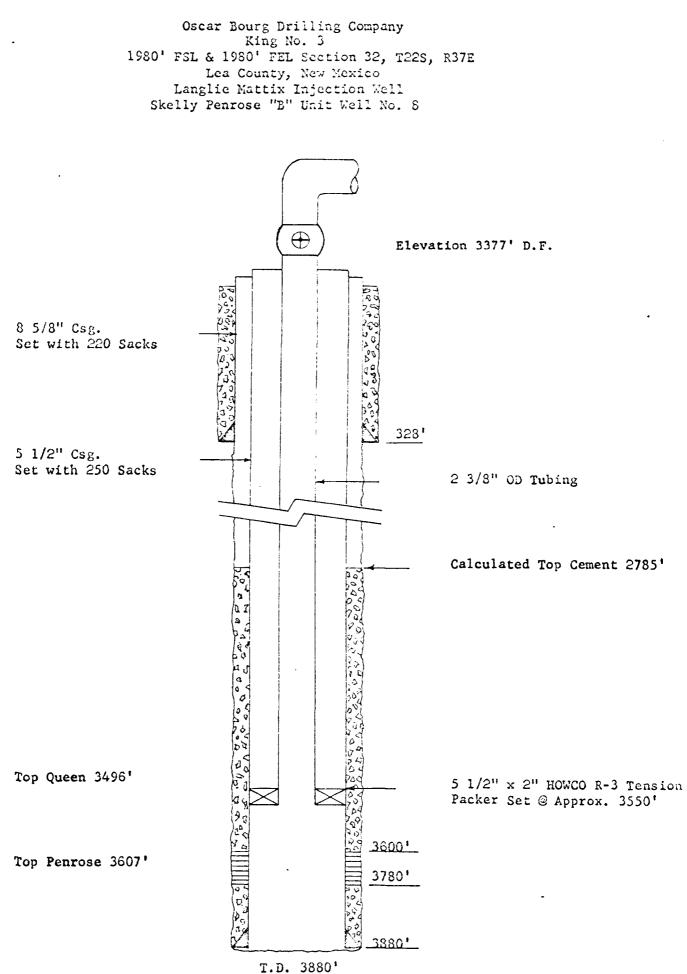


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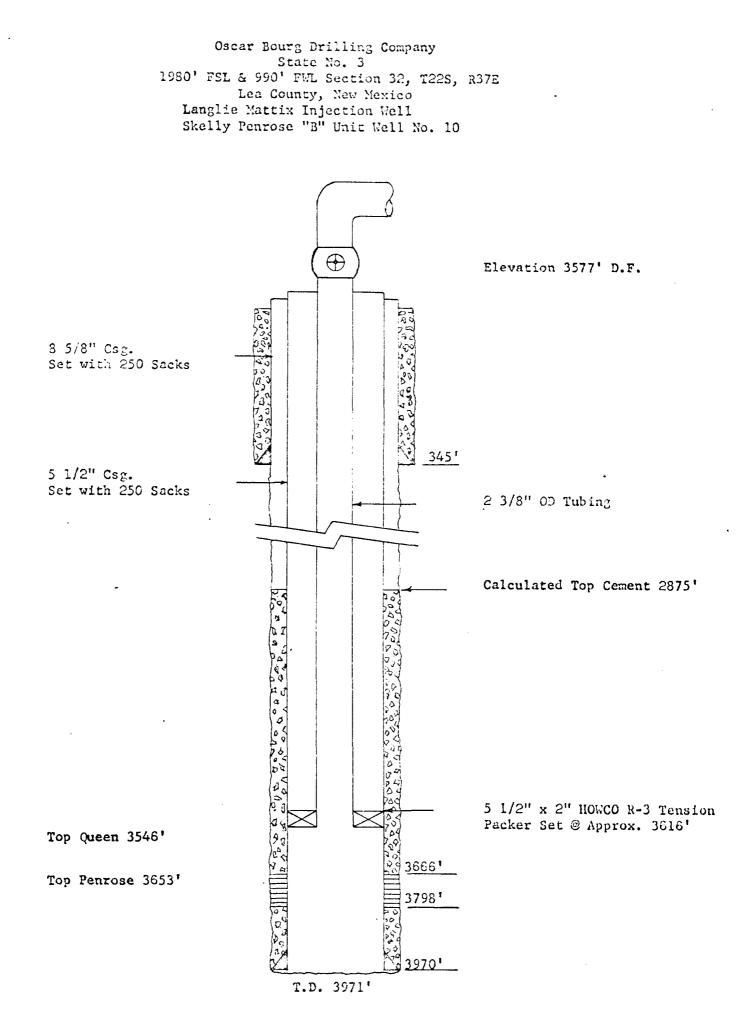


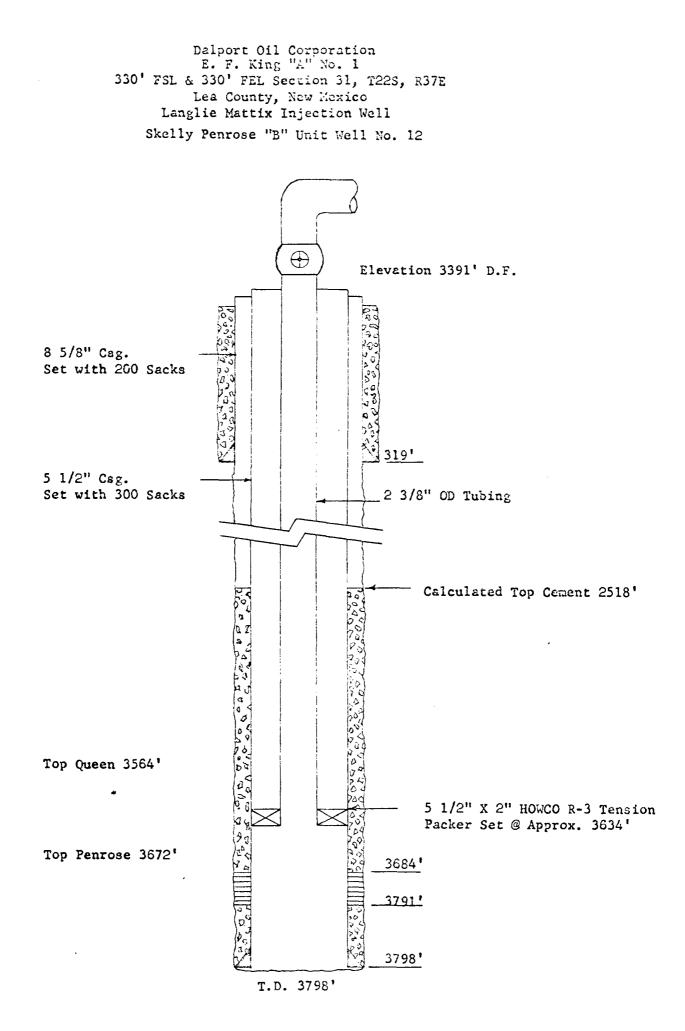
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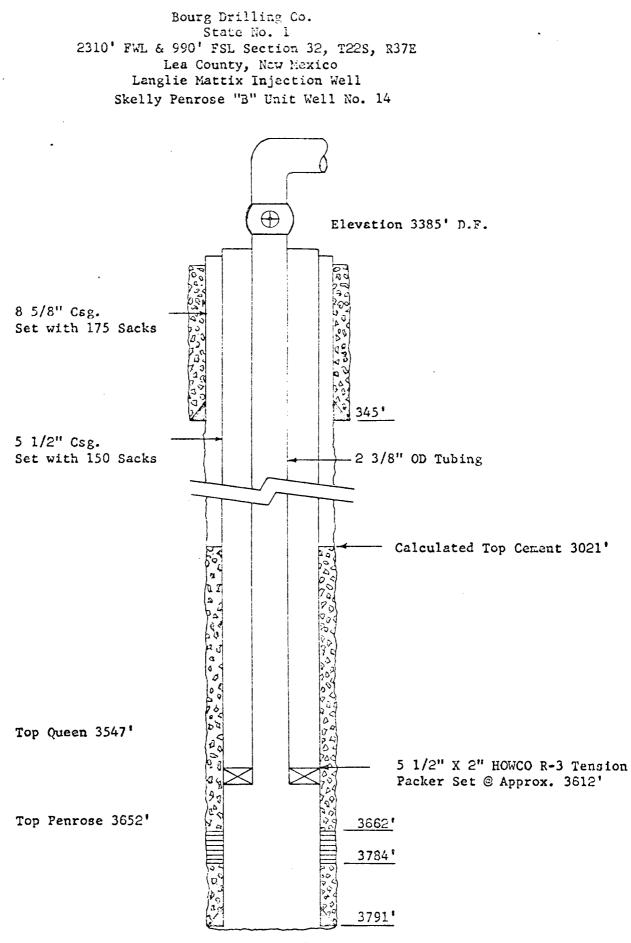




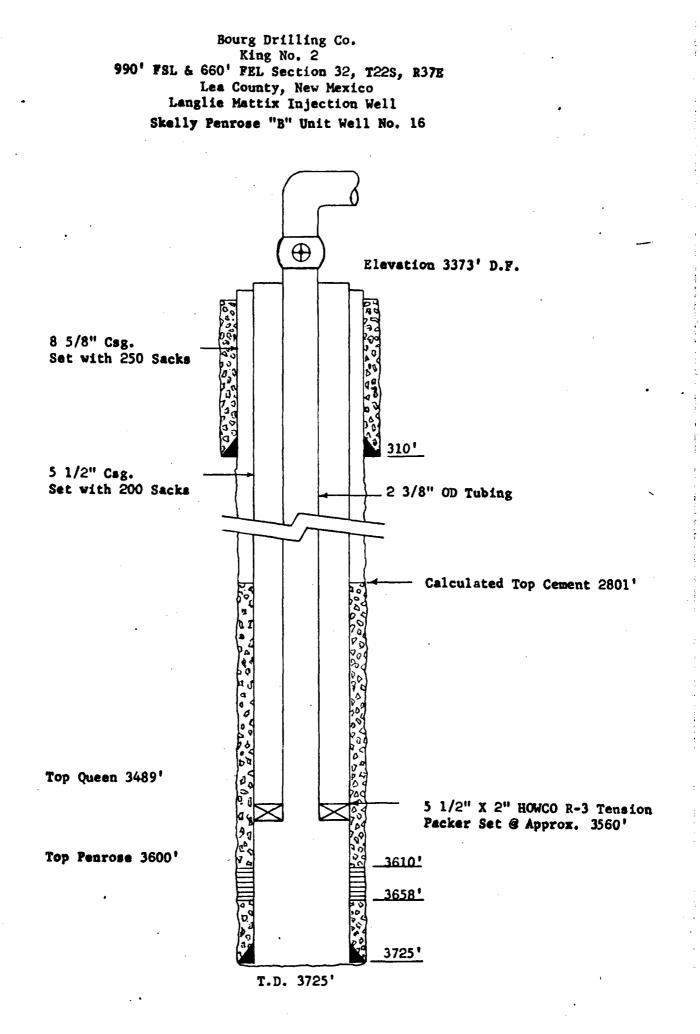
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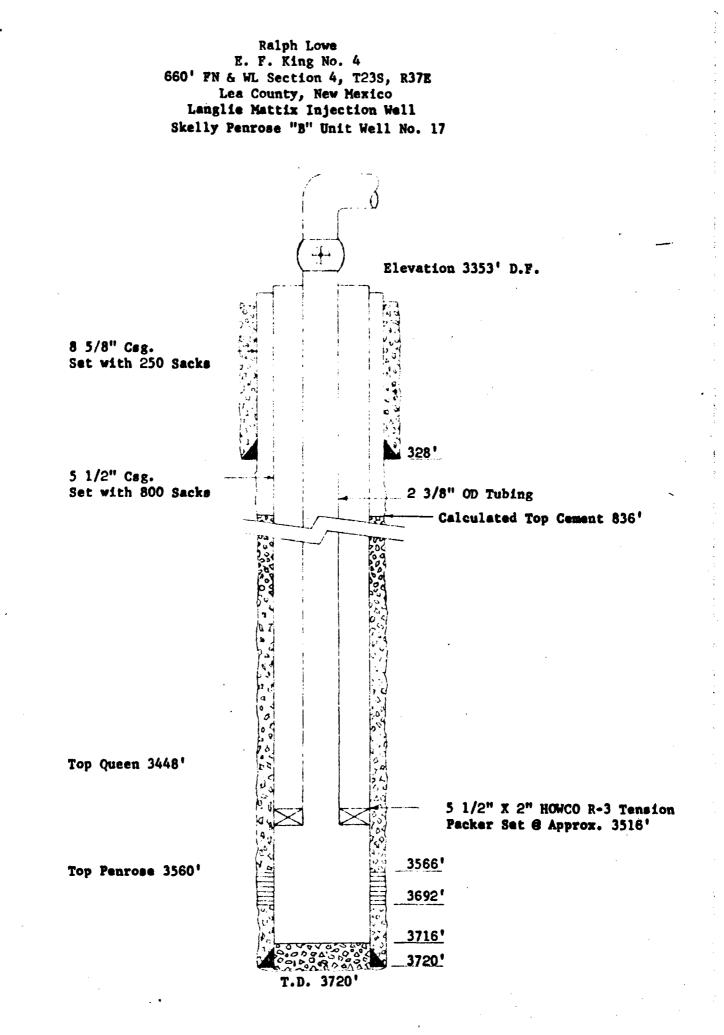


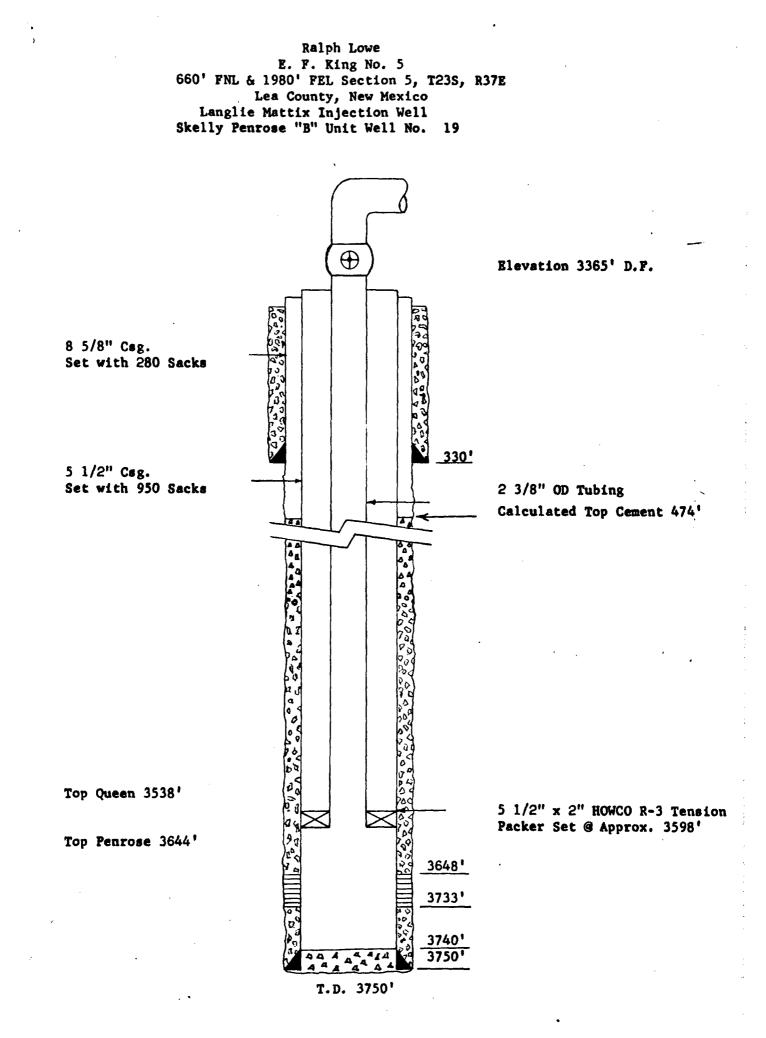


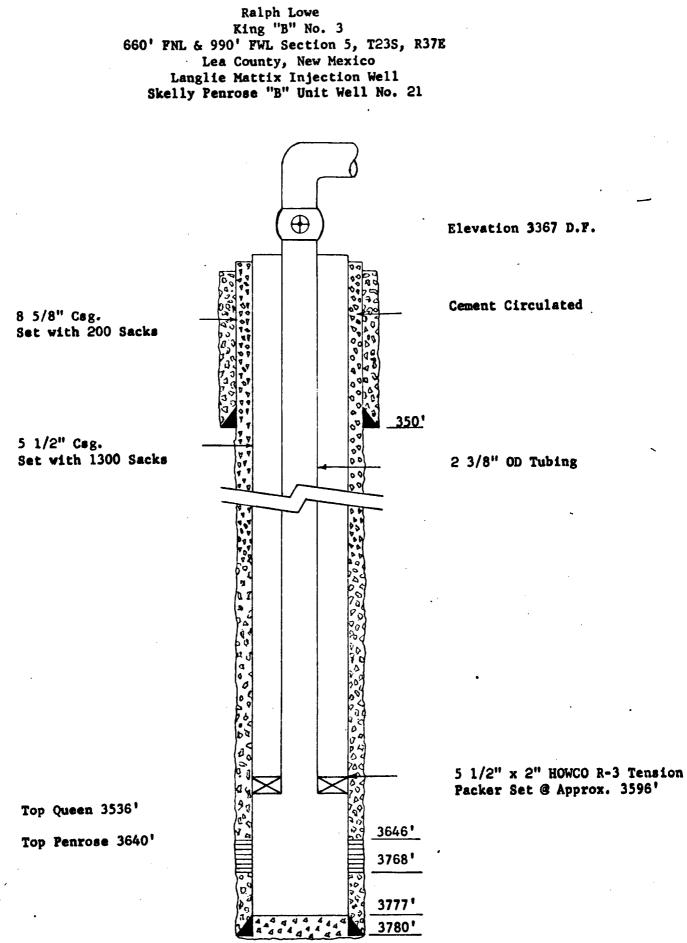


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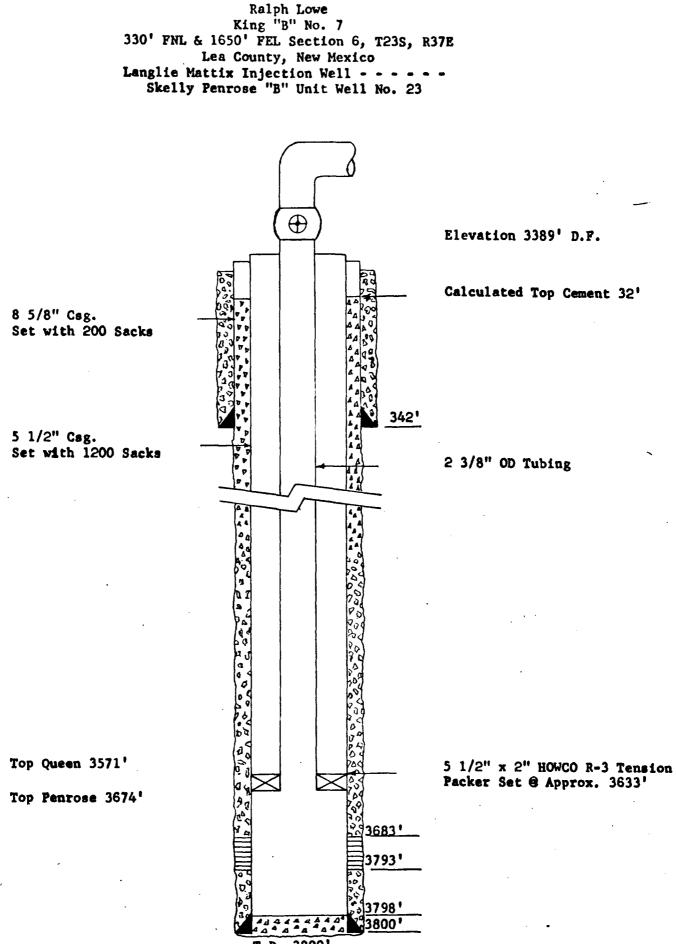




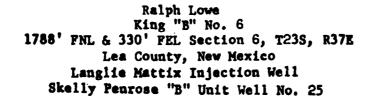


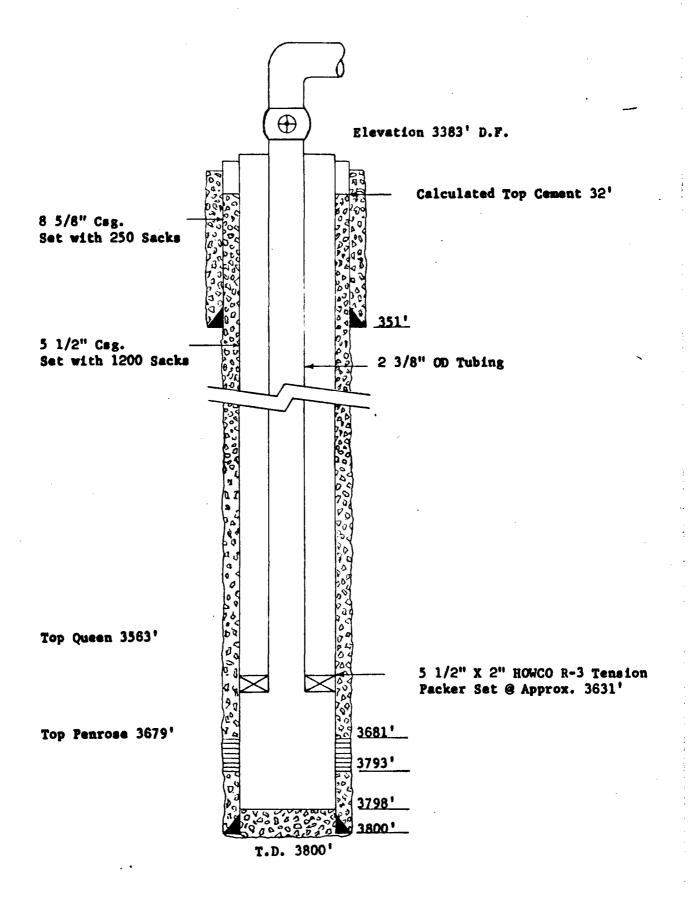


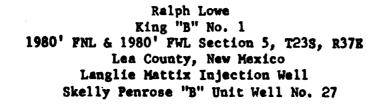
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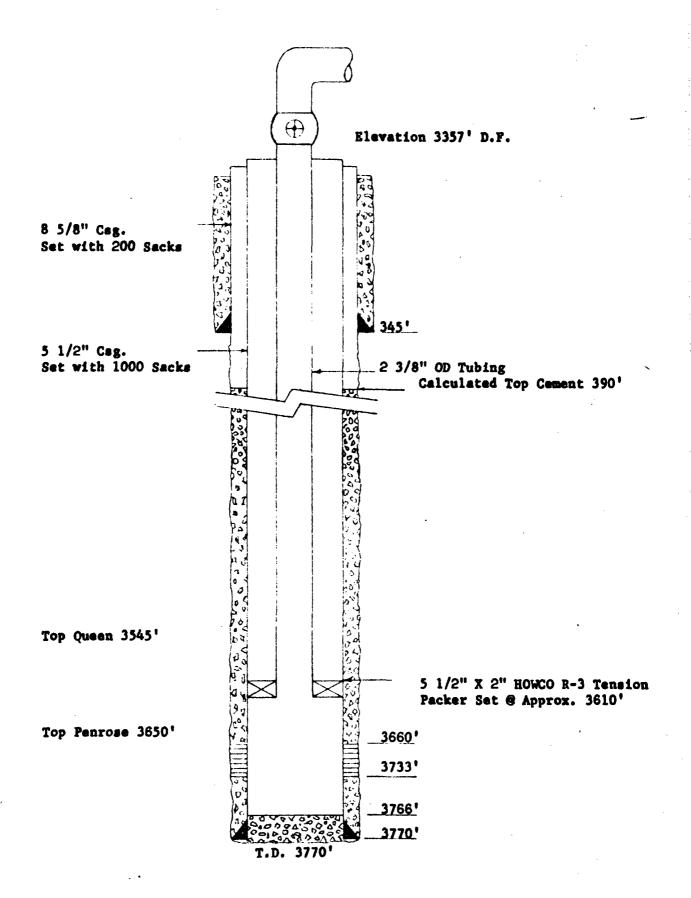


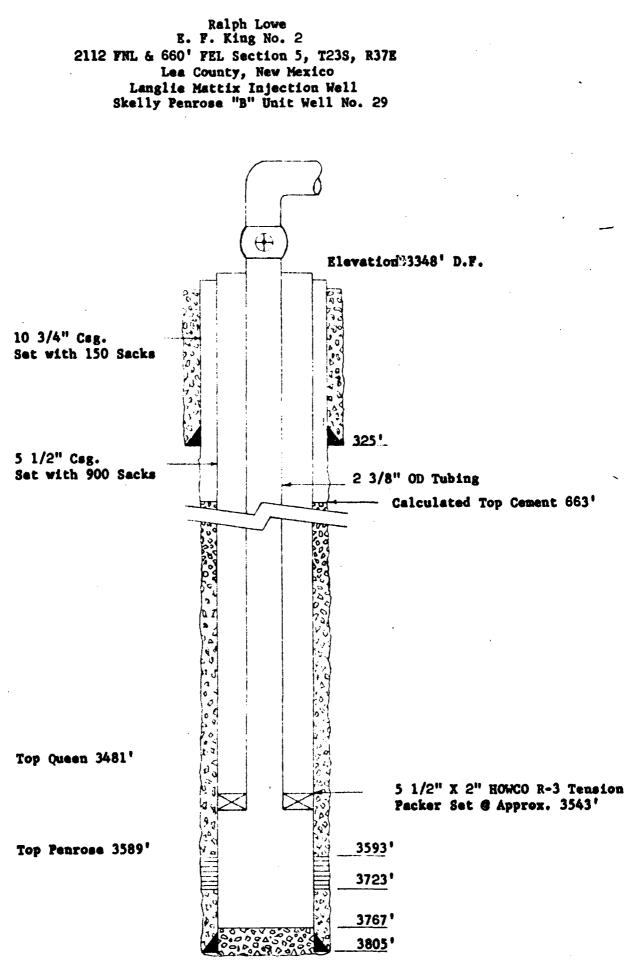
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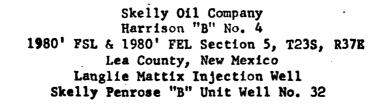


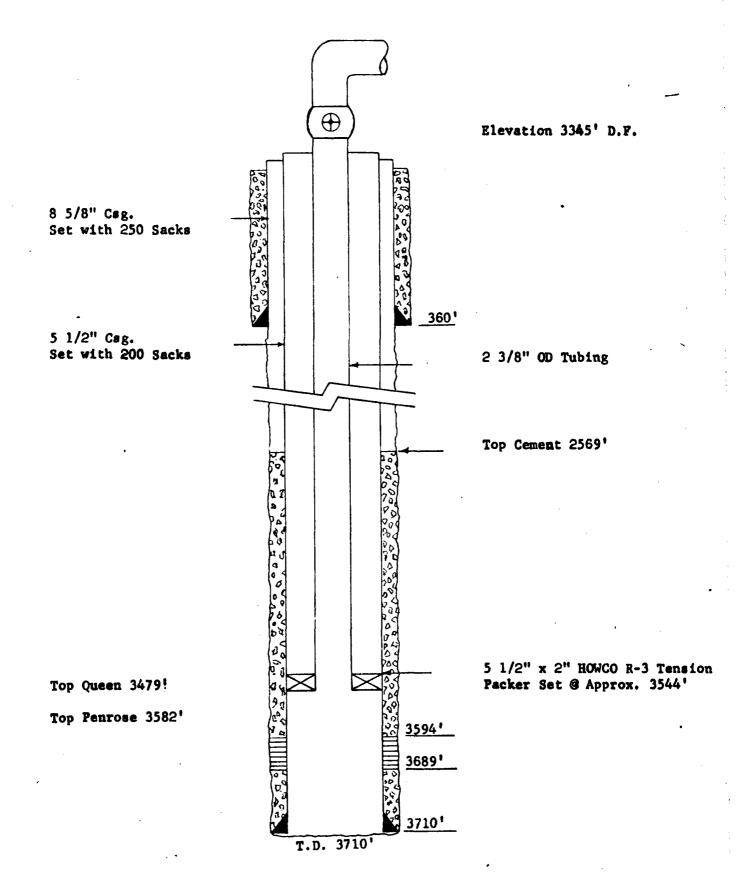


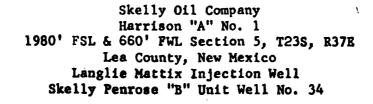


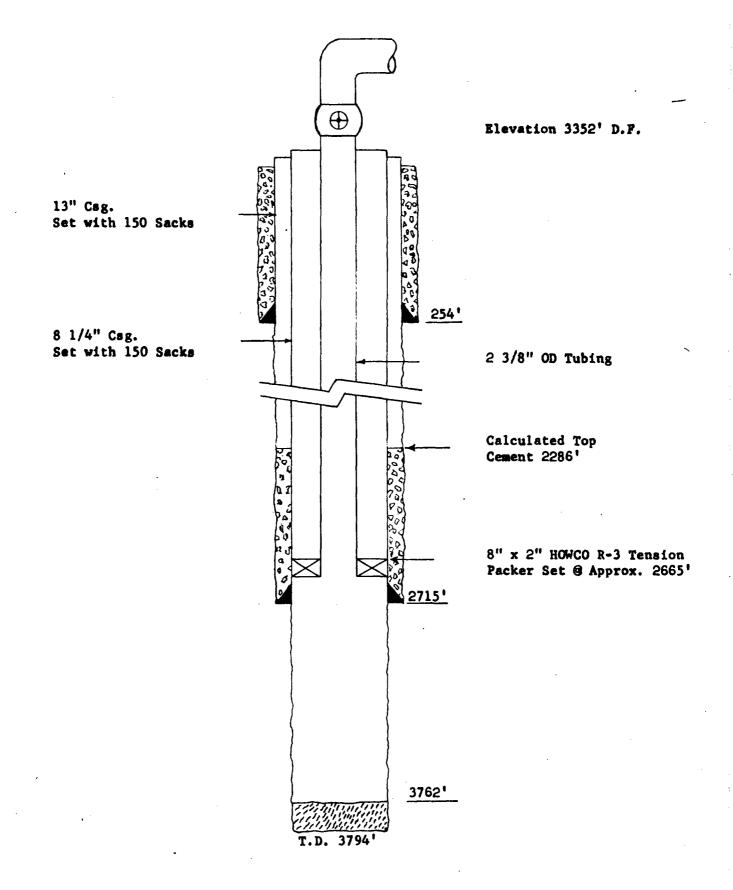


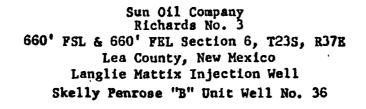
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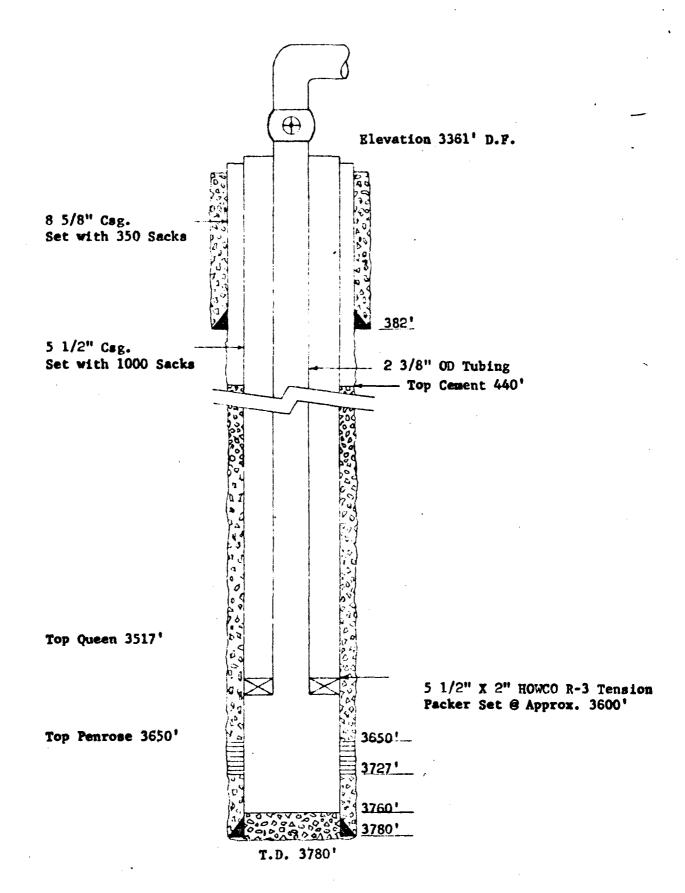


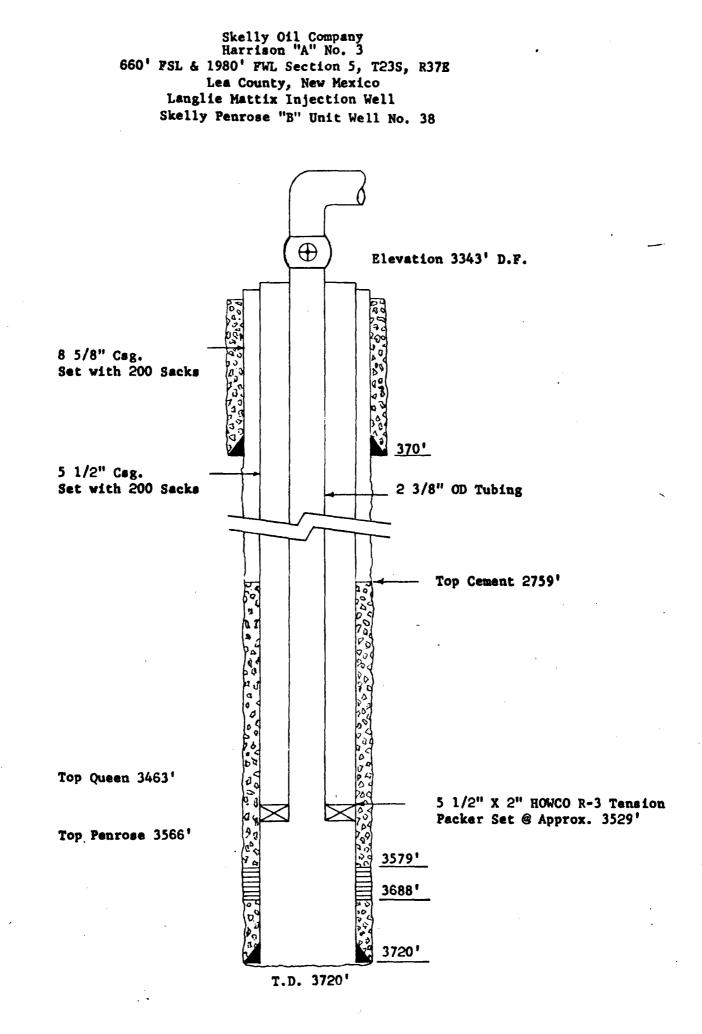


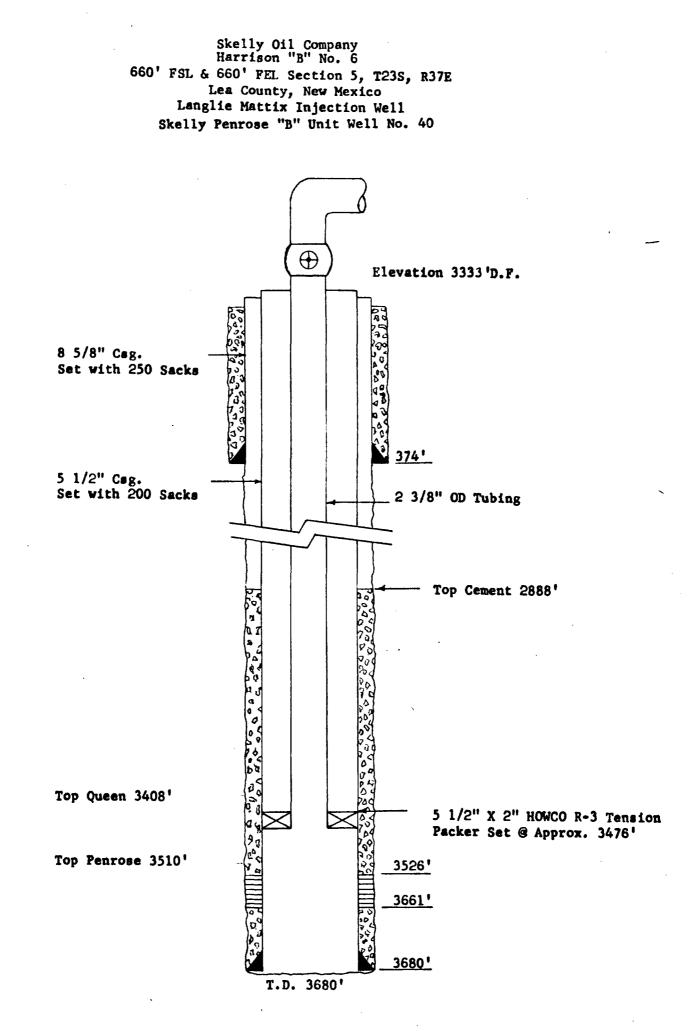


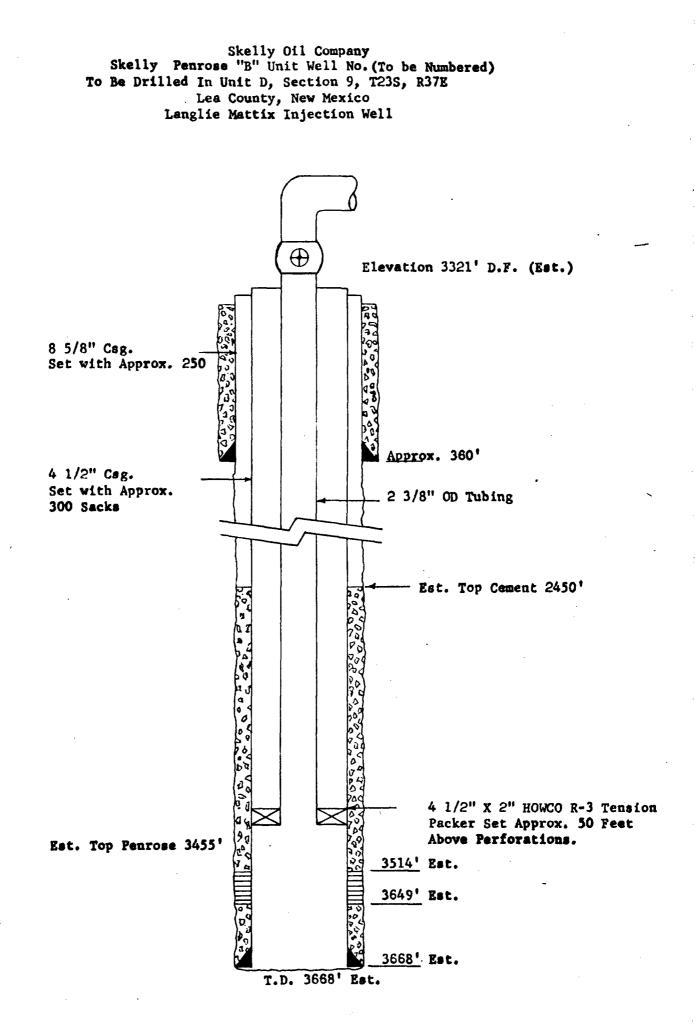


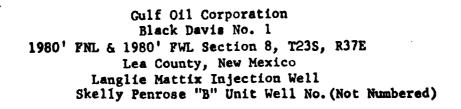


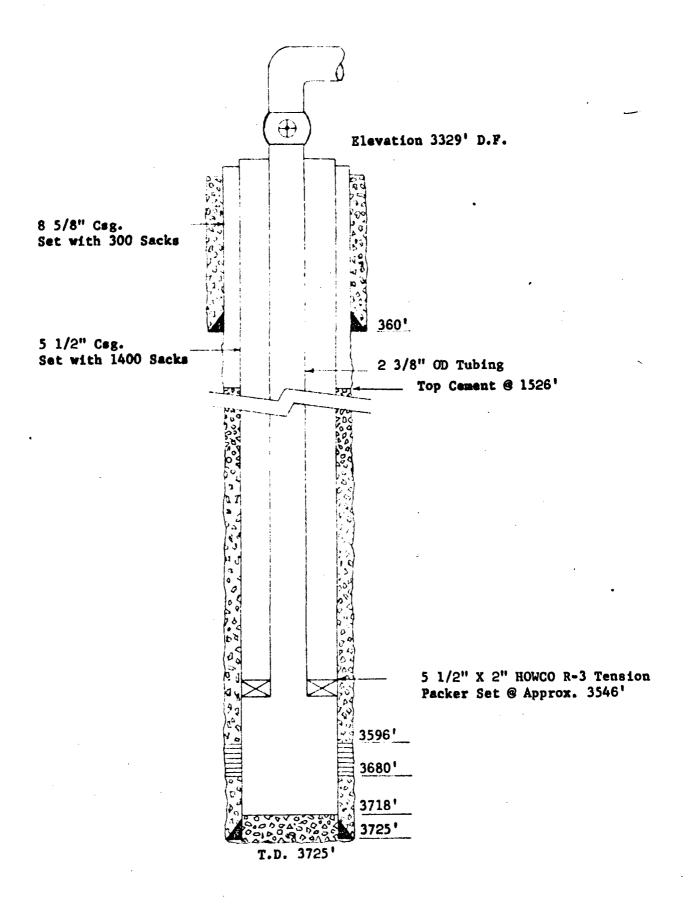


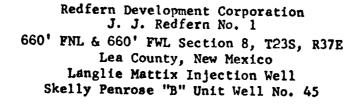


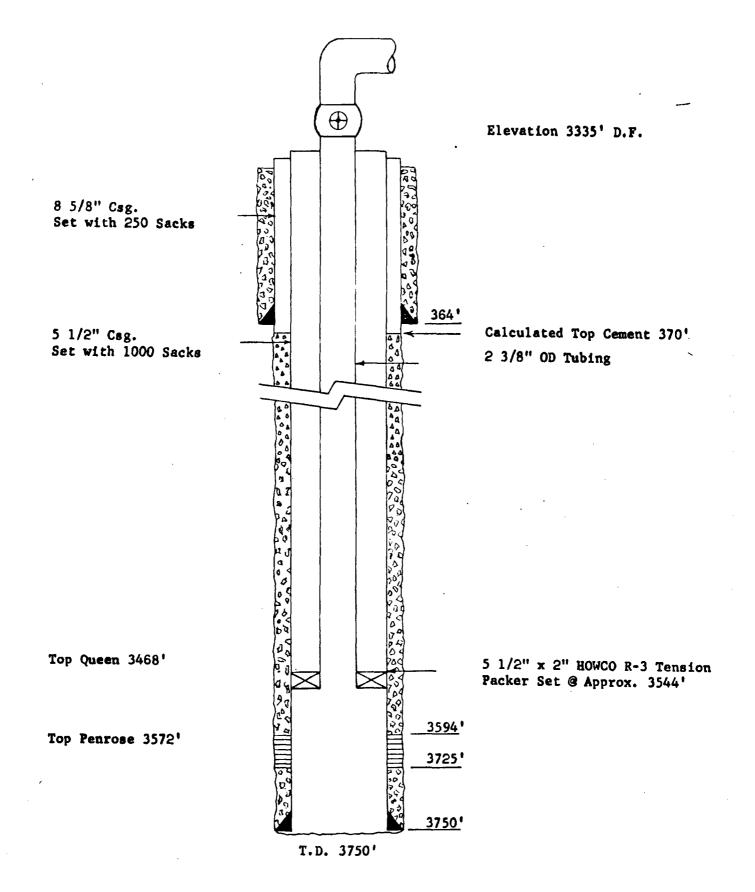


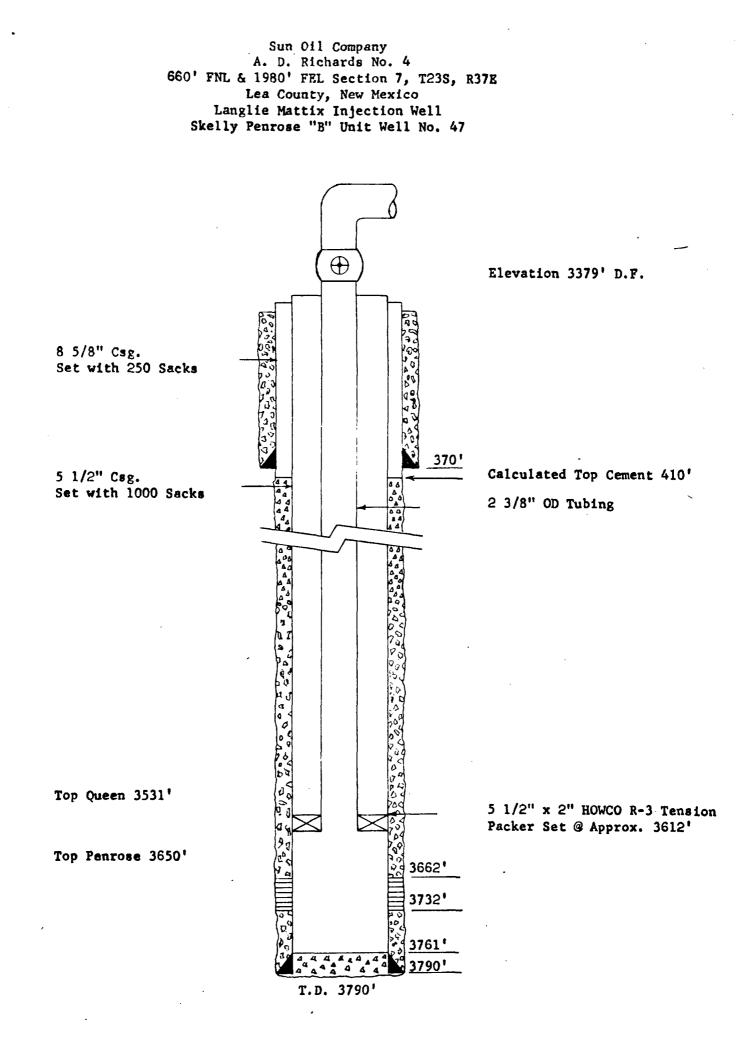


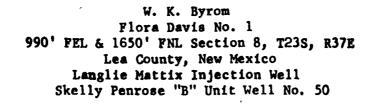


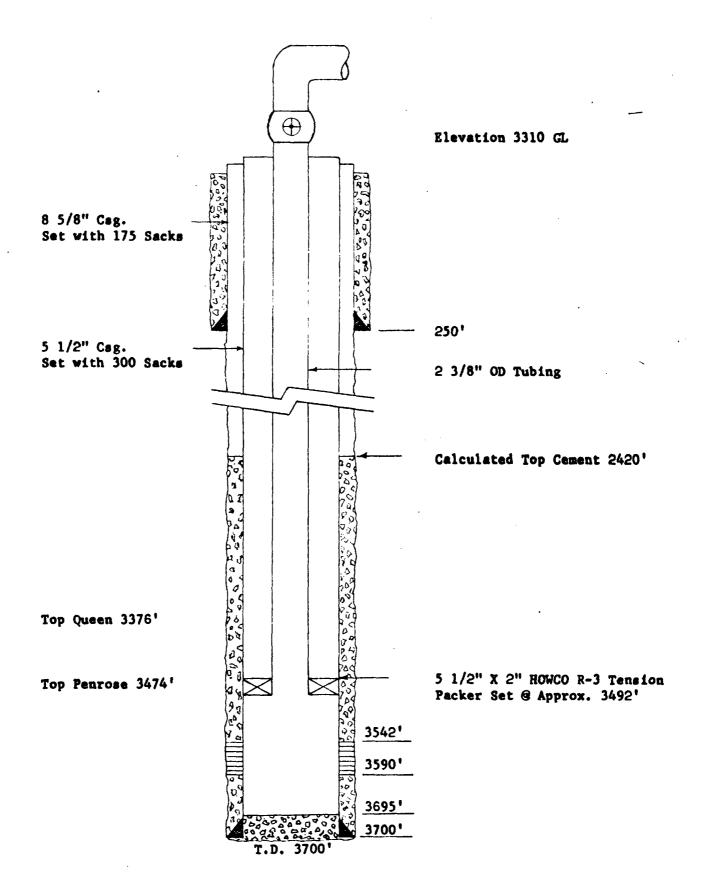


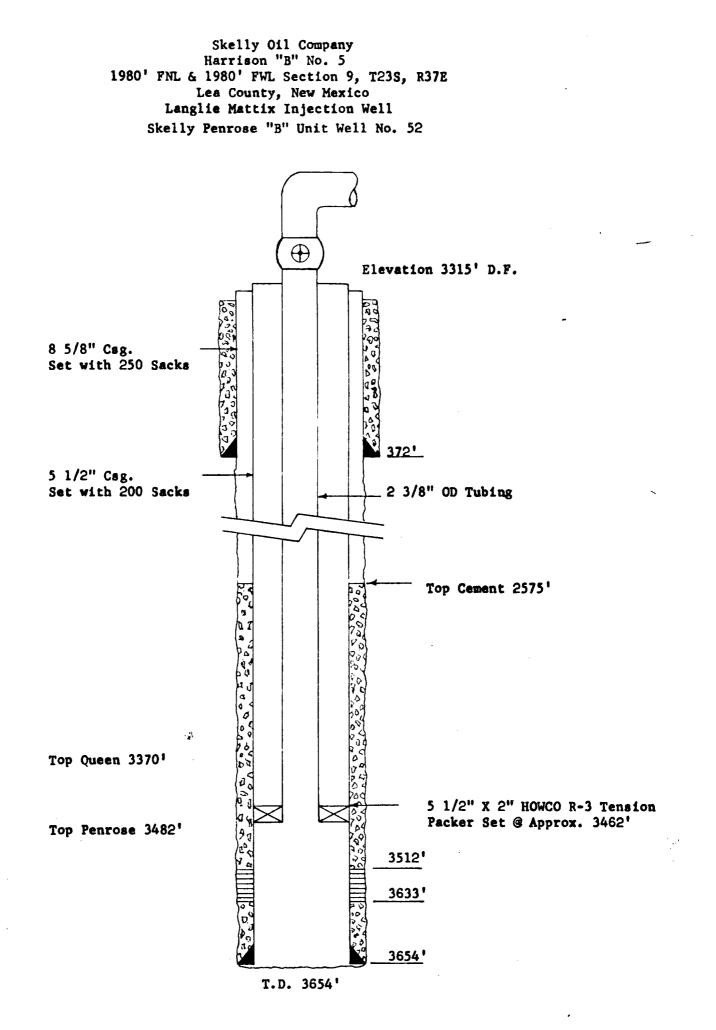


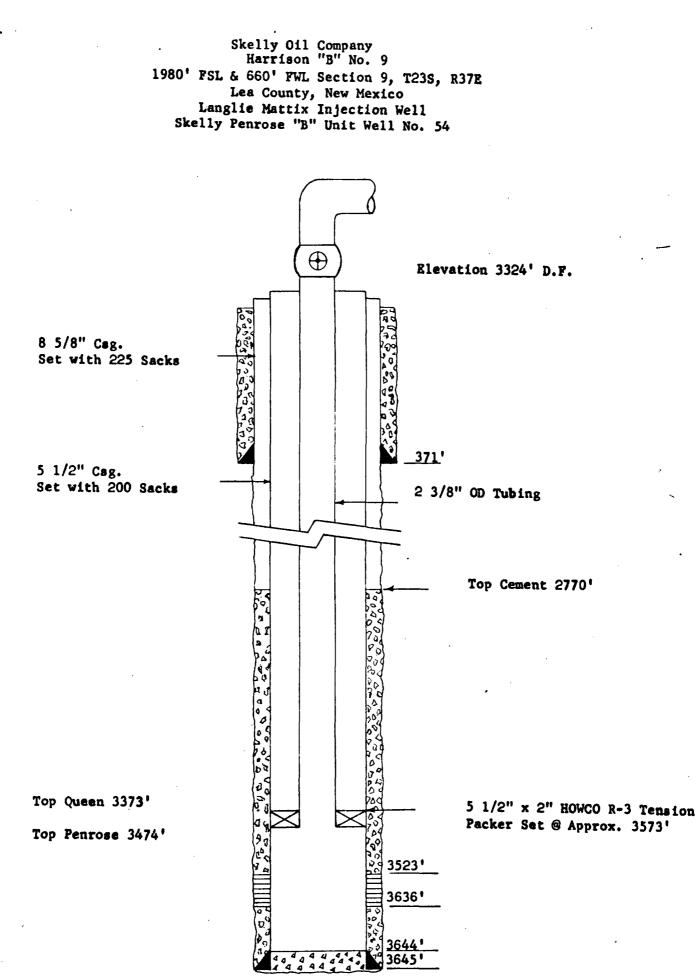




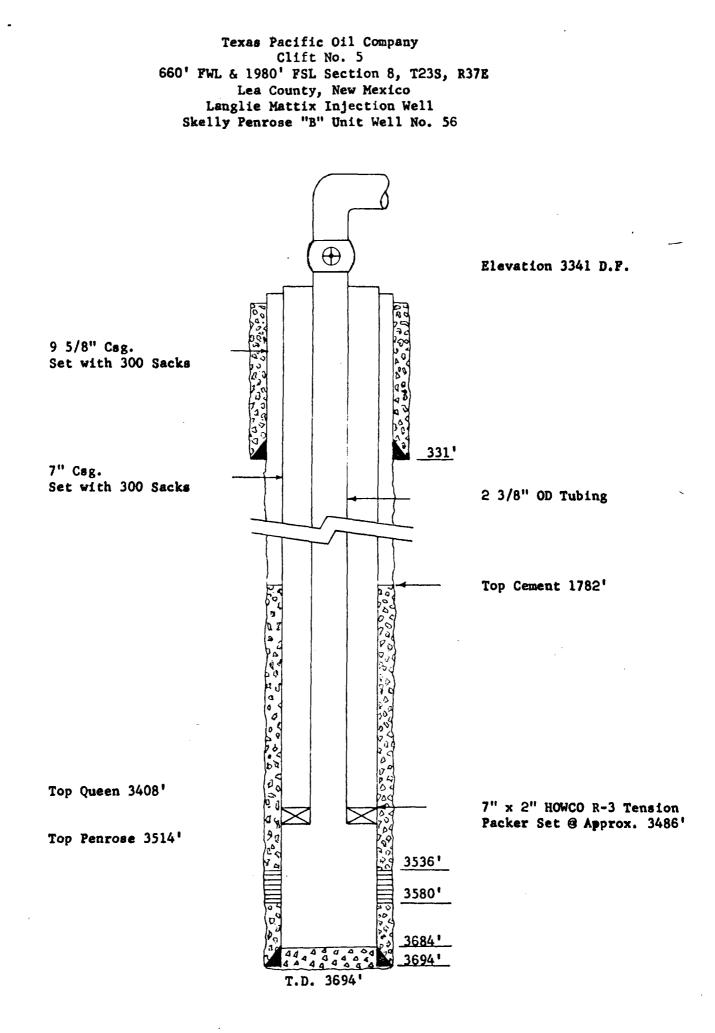


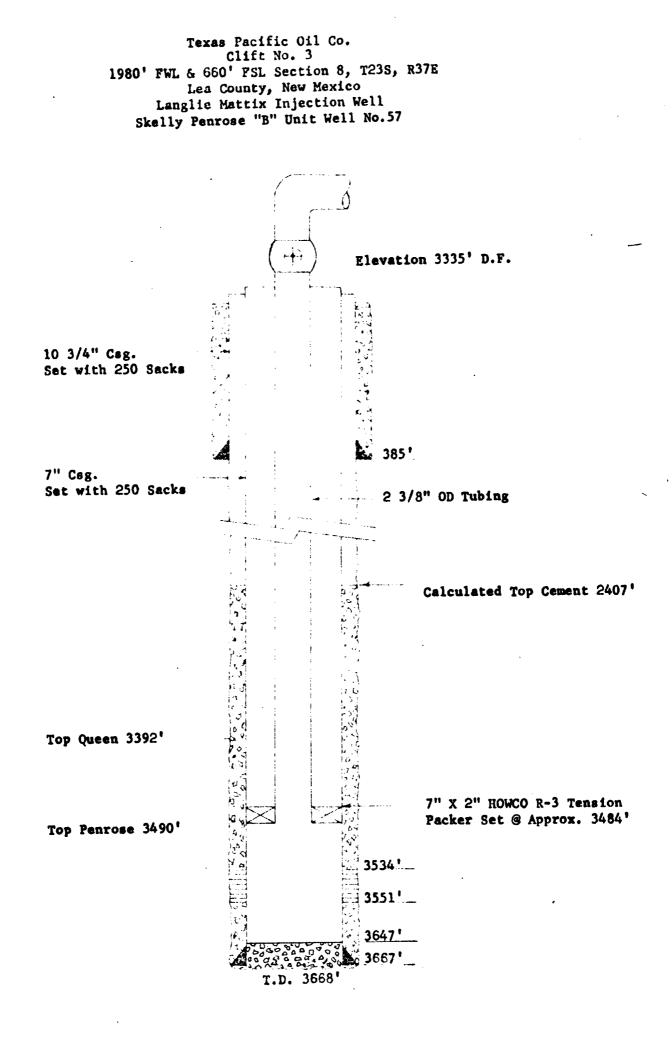


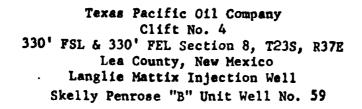


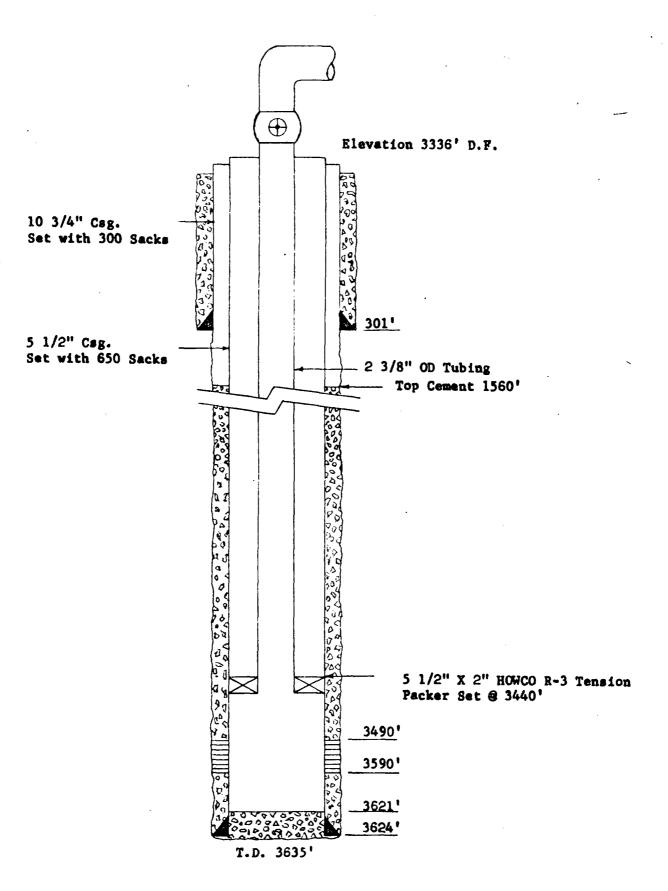


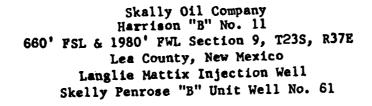
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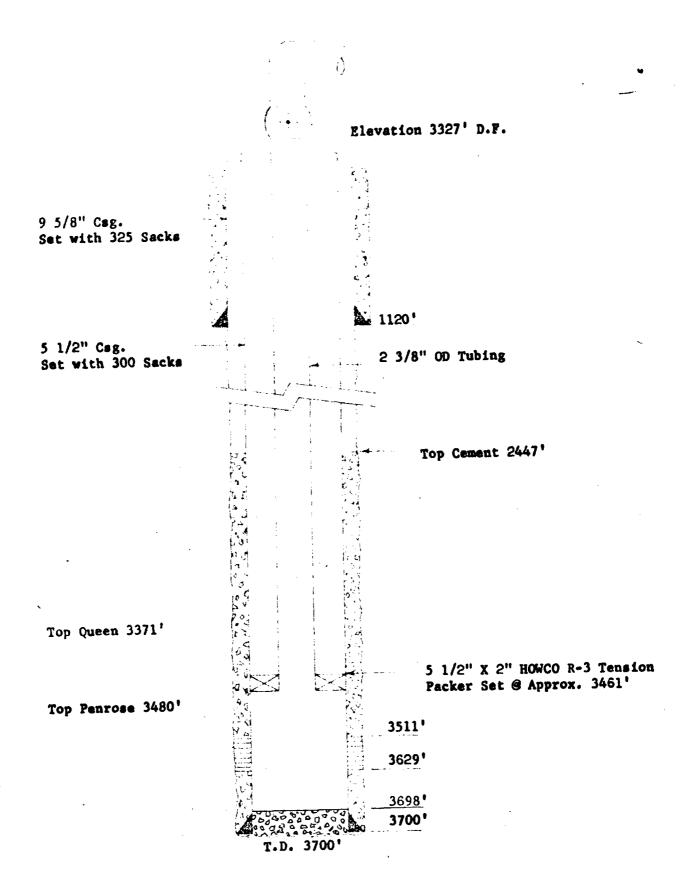




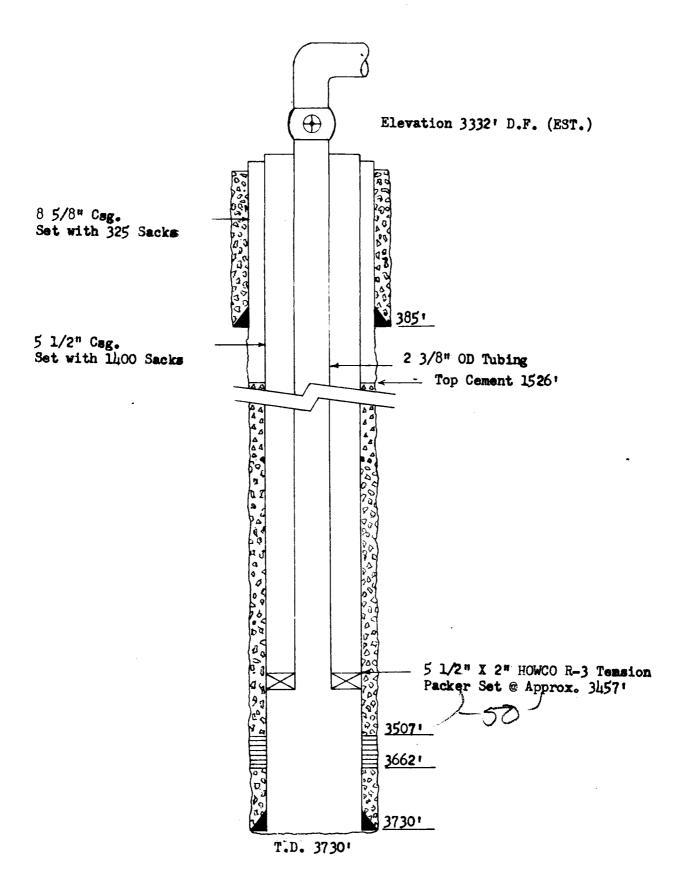




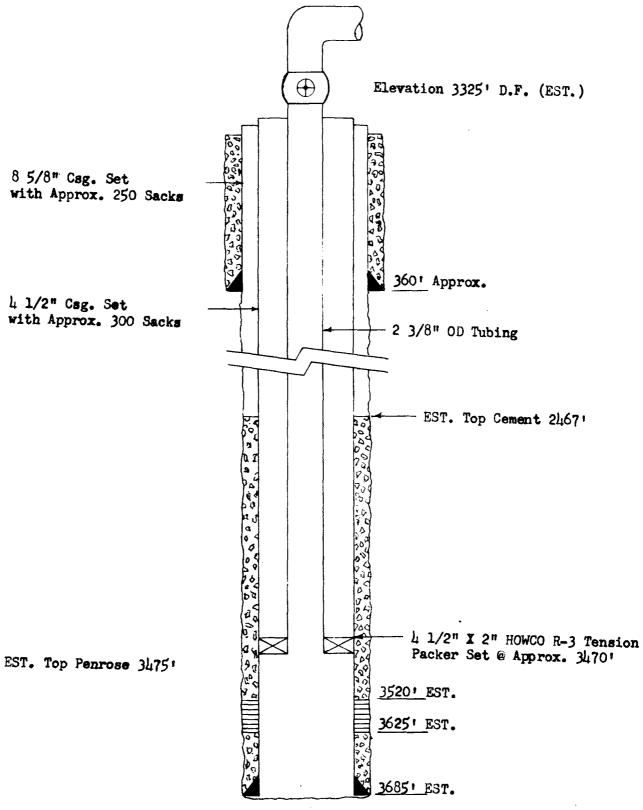




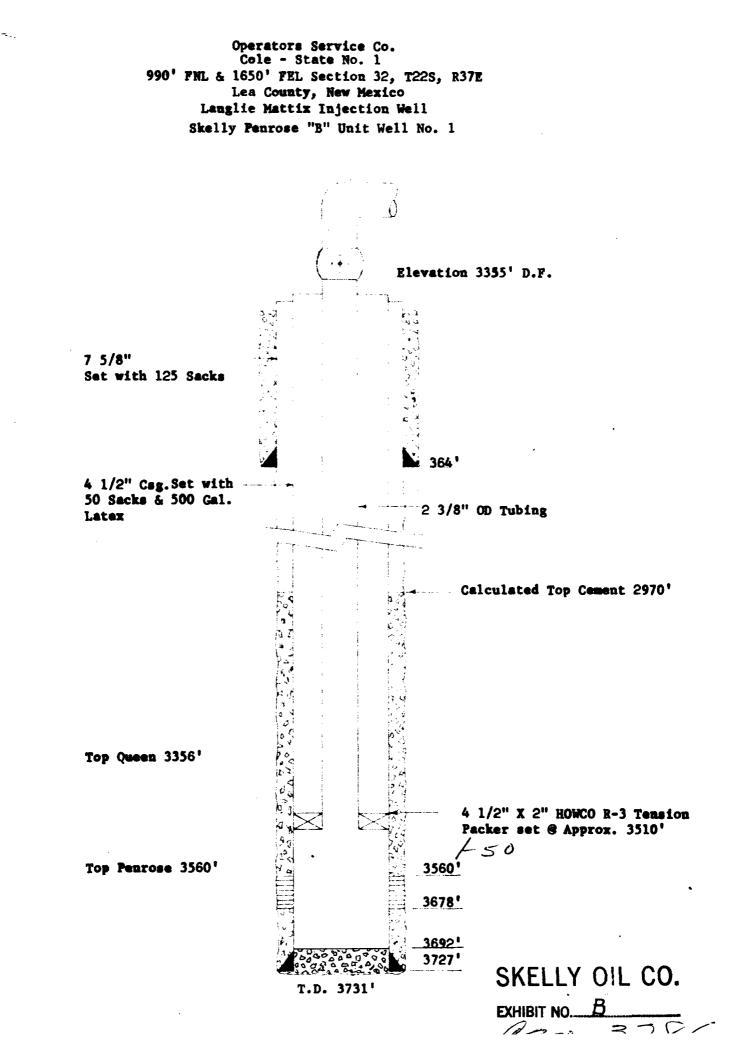
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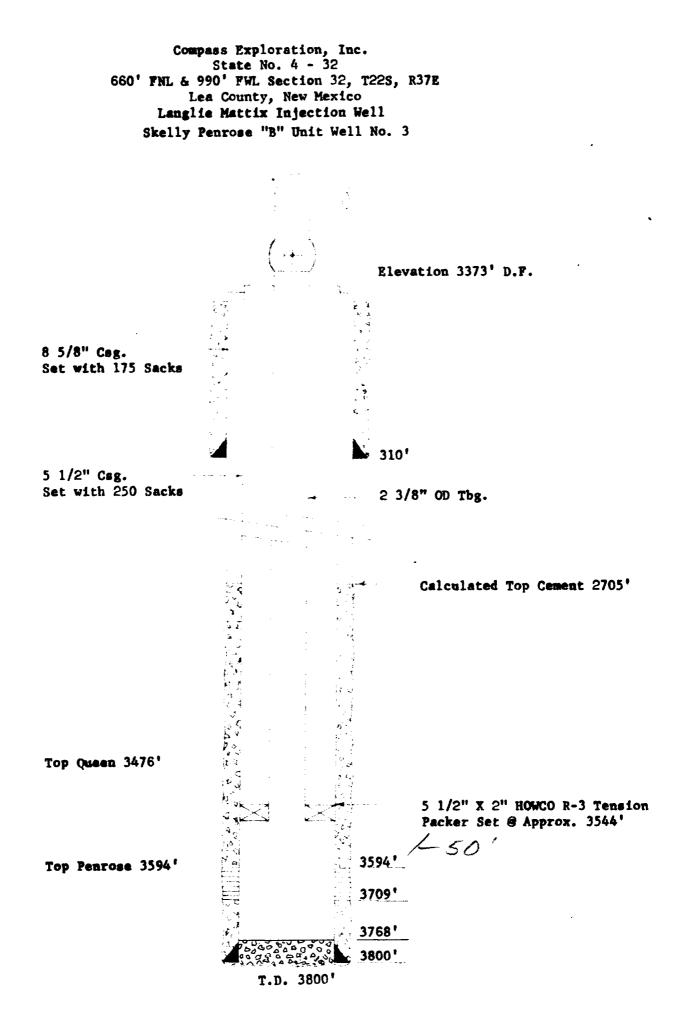


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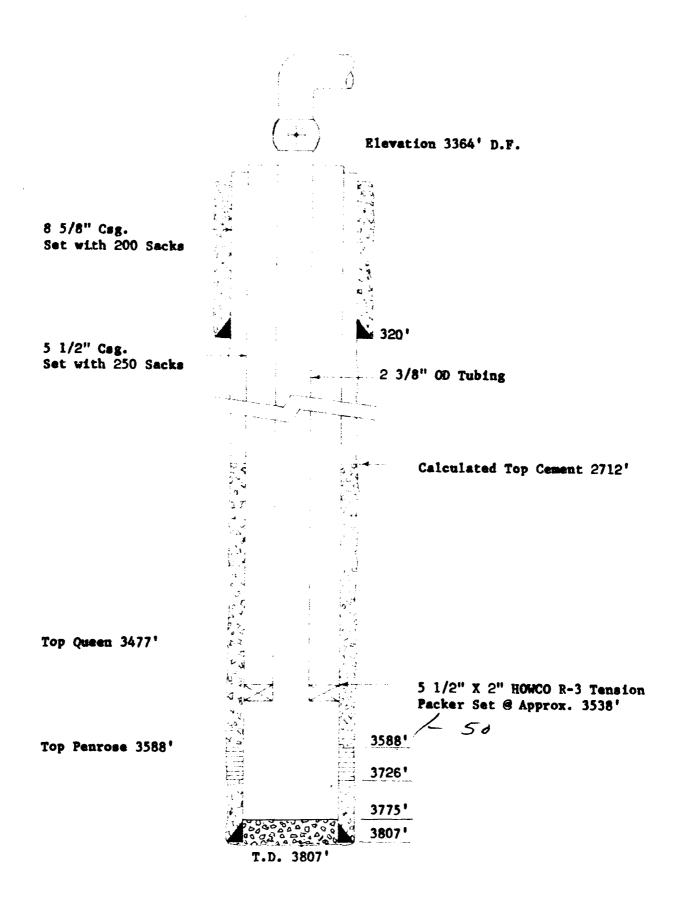


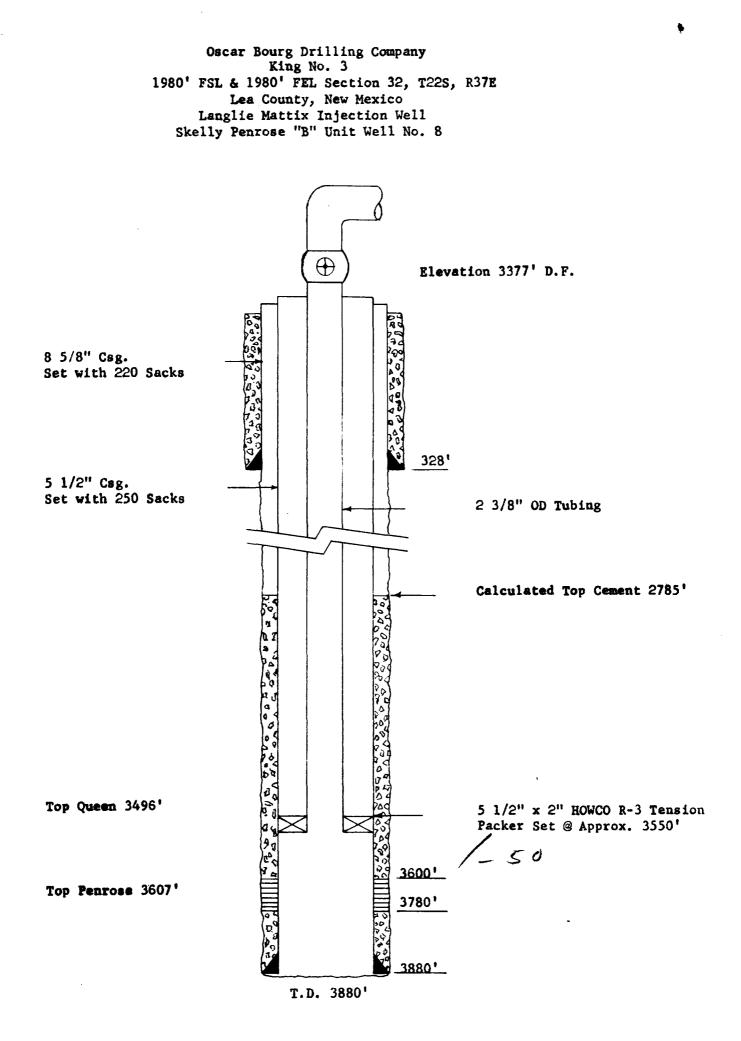
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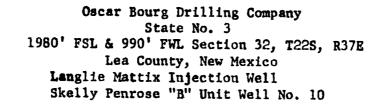


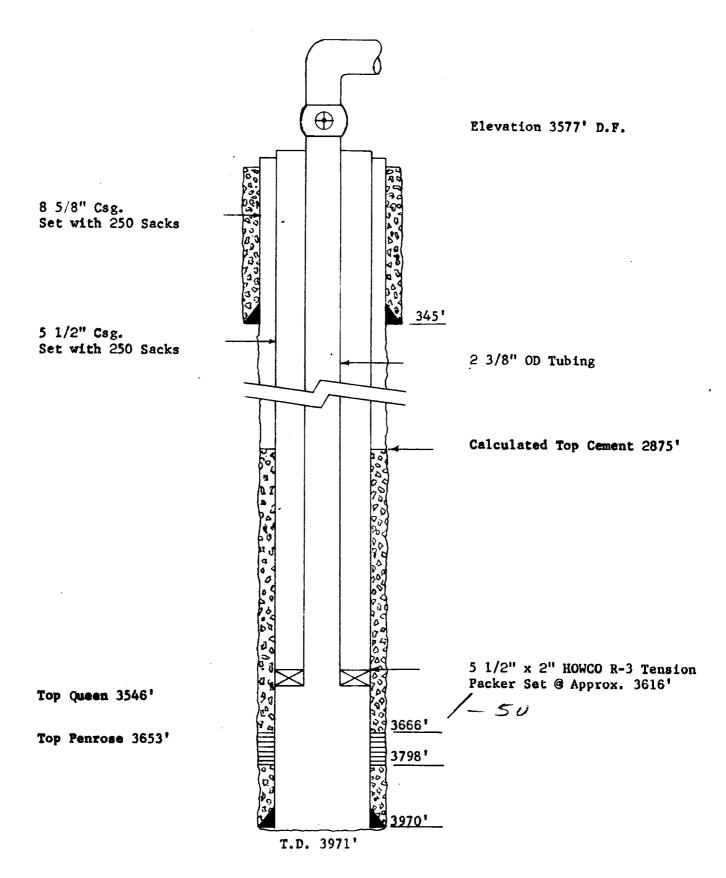


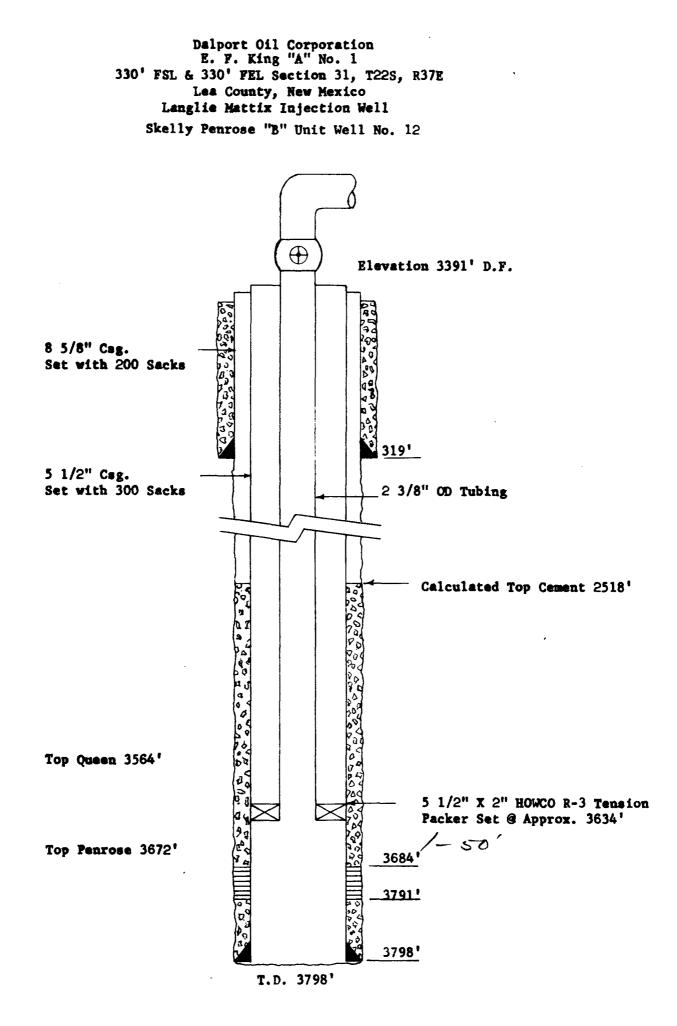
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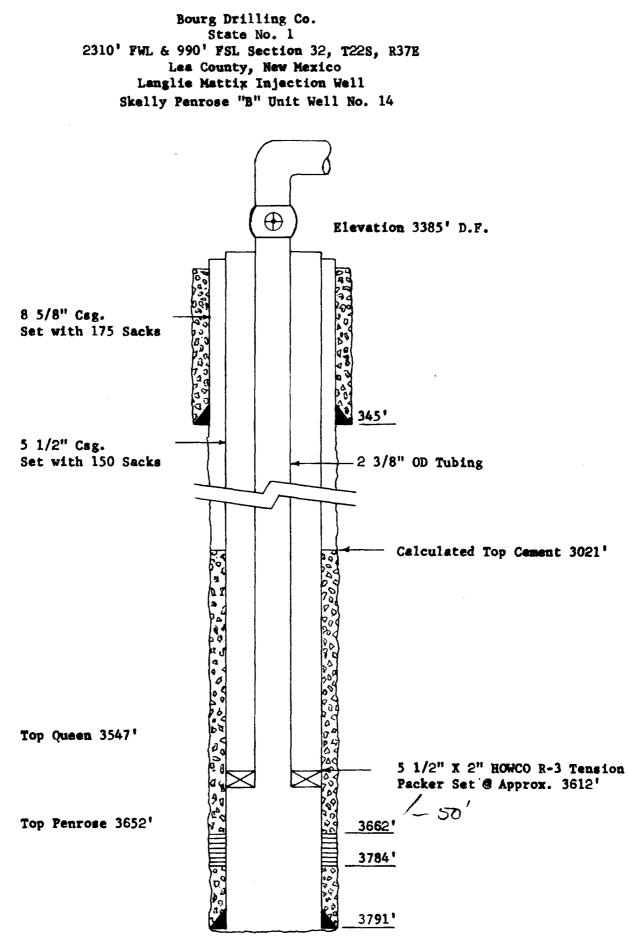




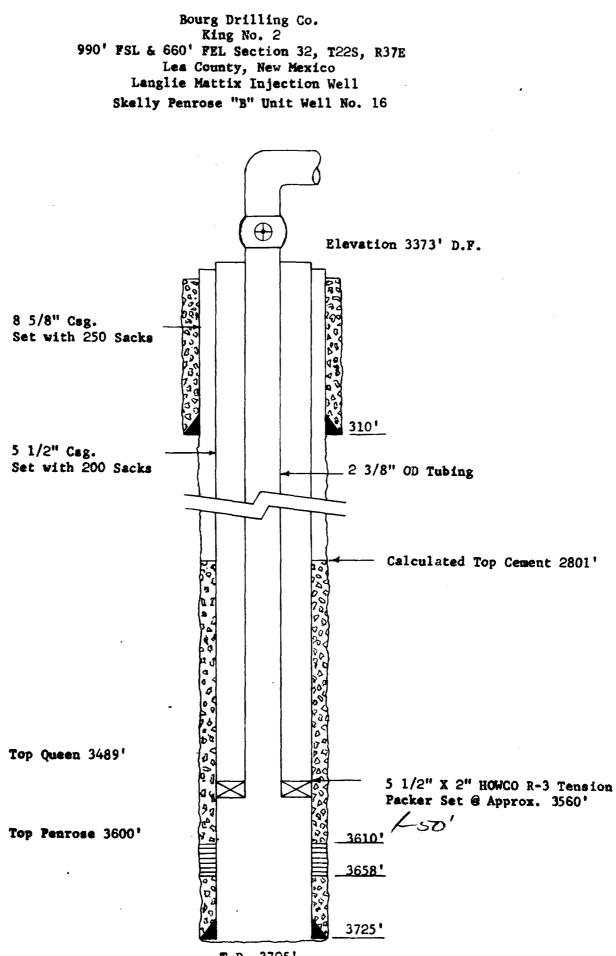








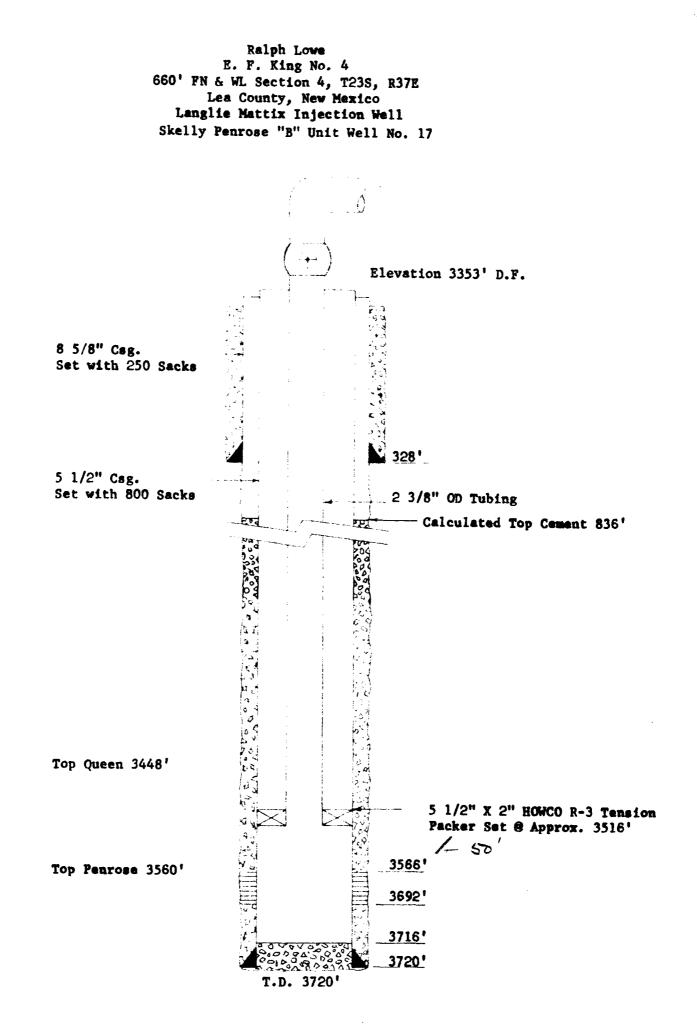
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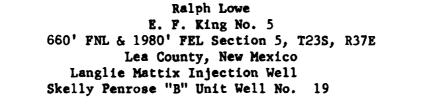


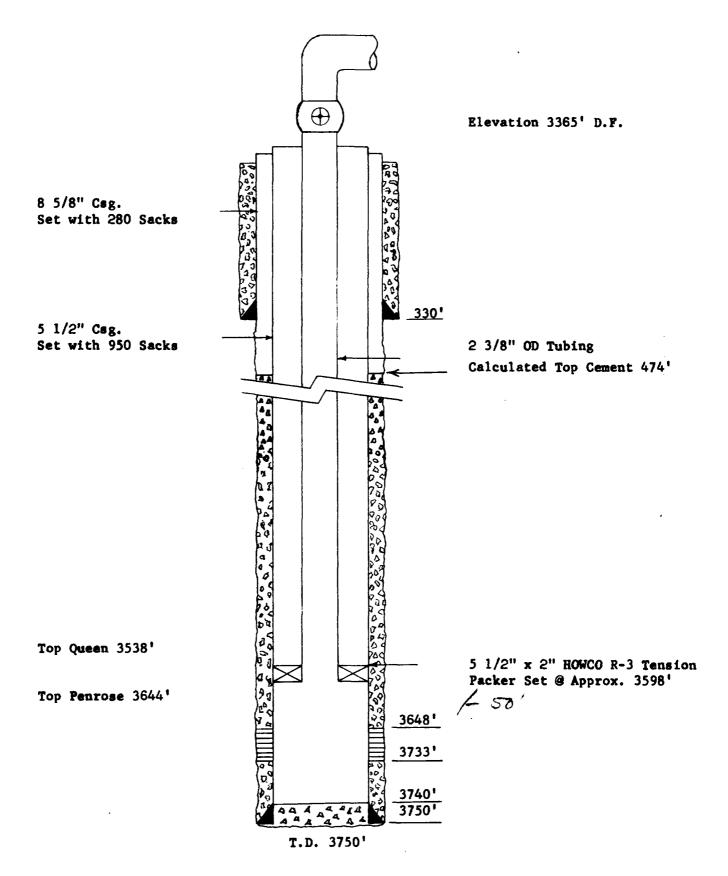
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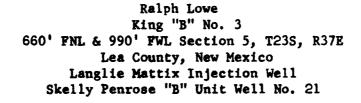
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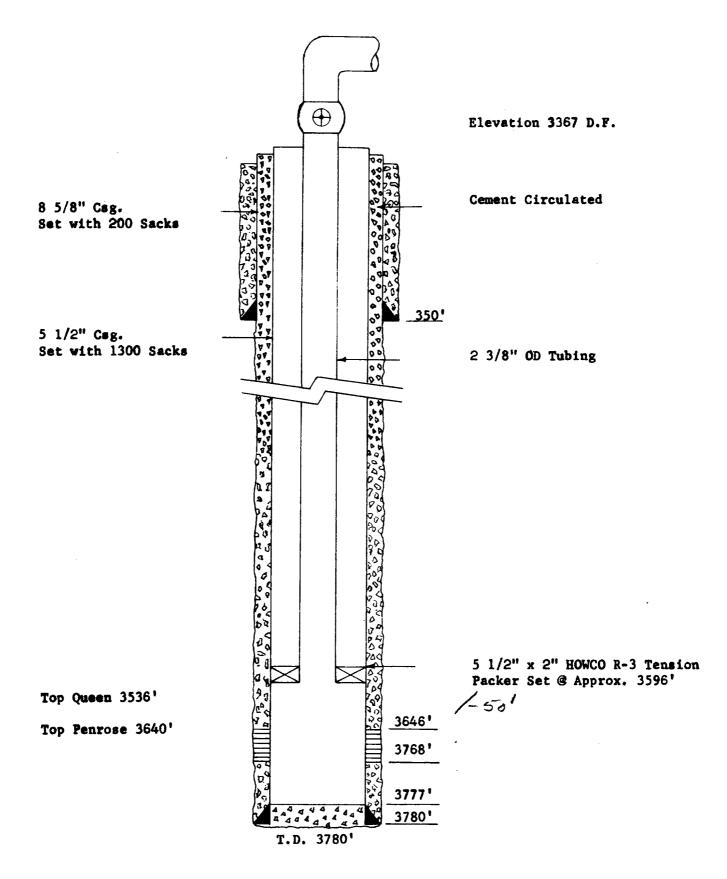
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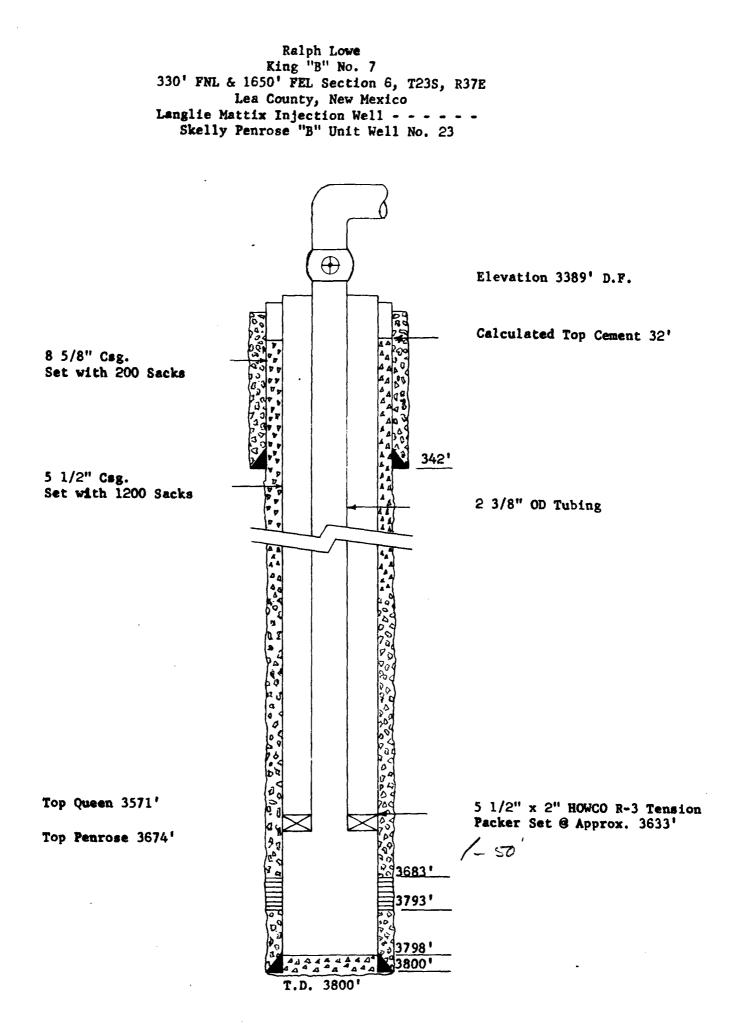


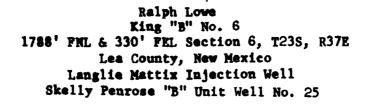


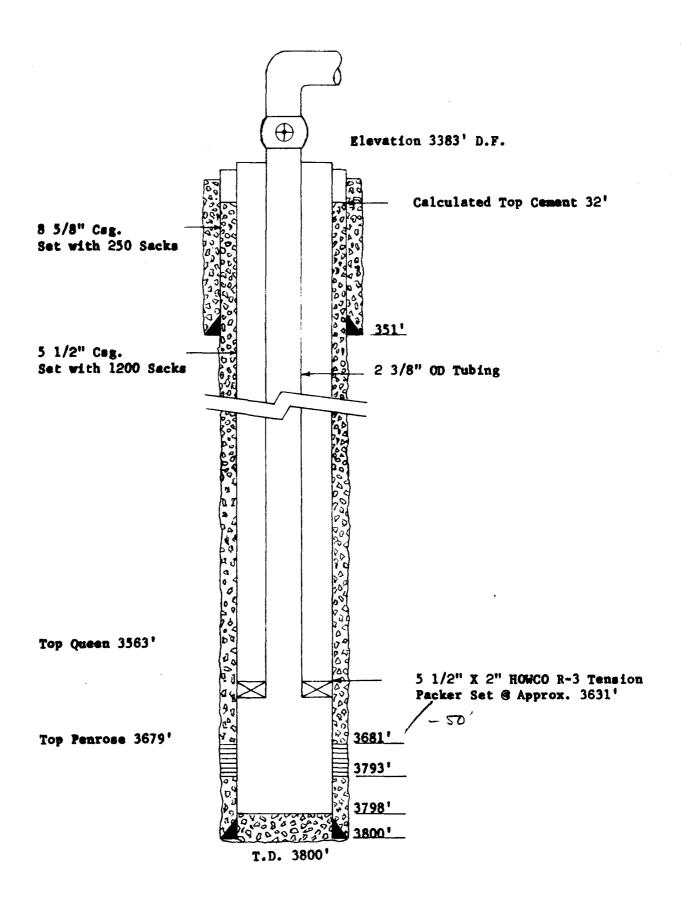


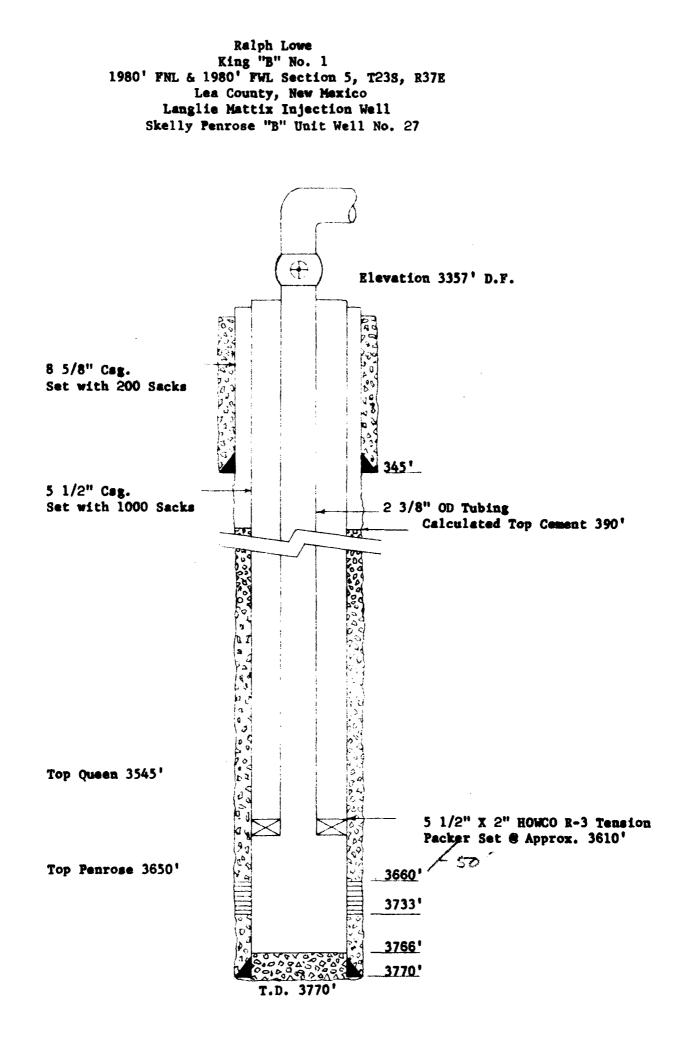


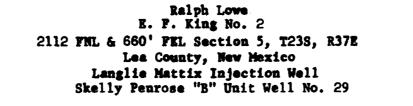


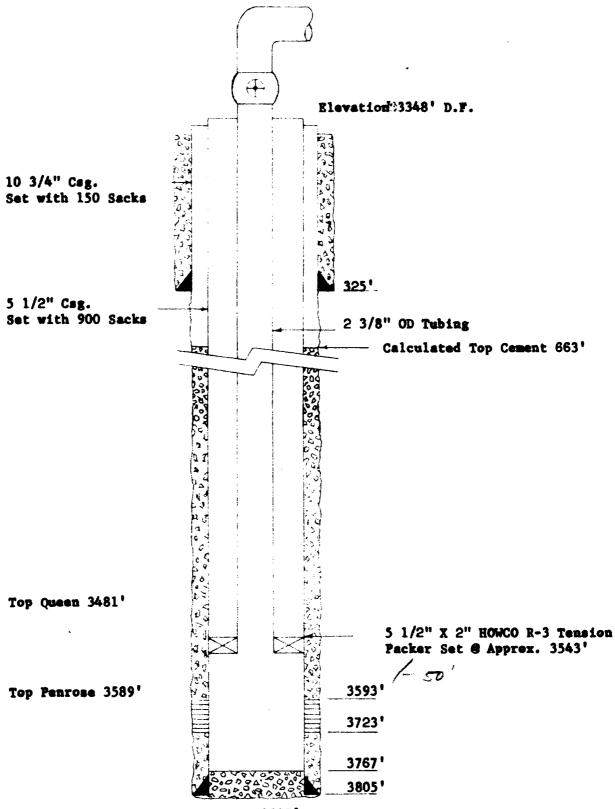




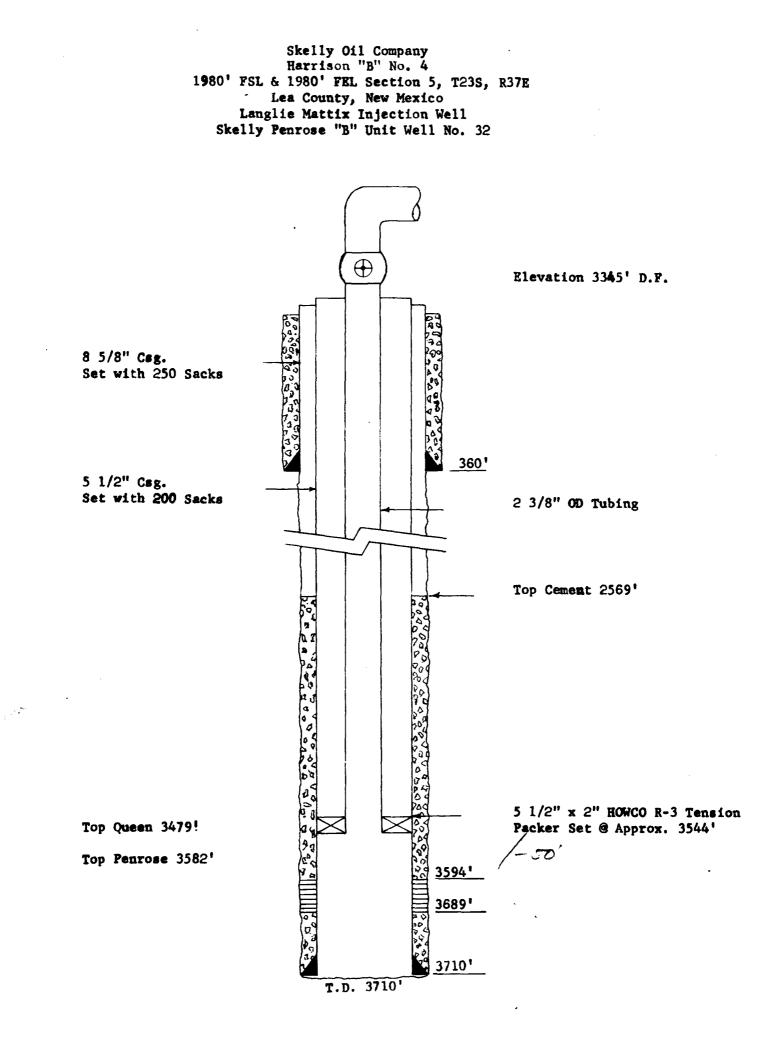




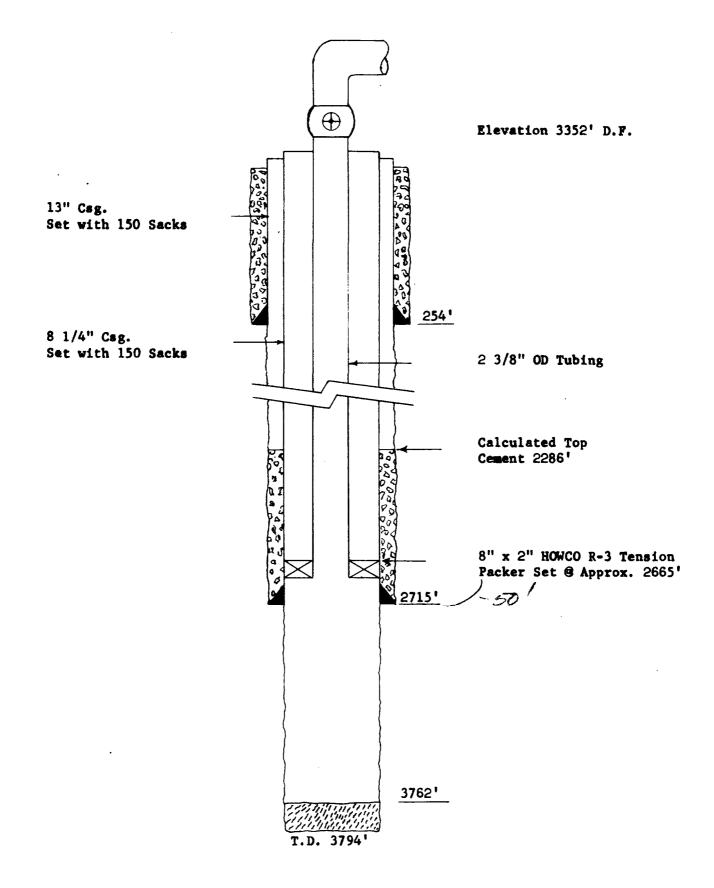


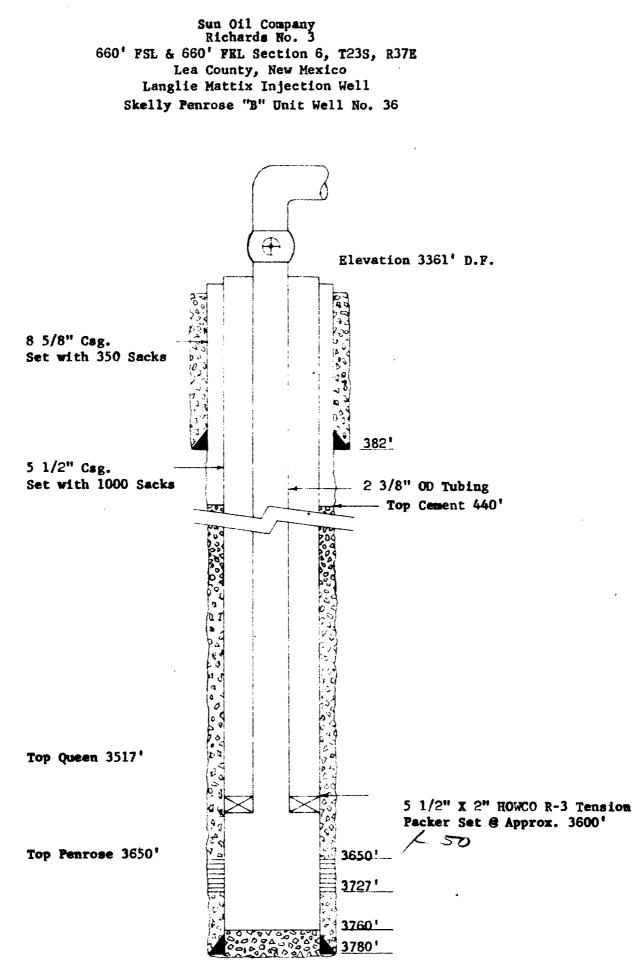


T.D. 3805'

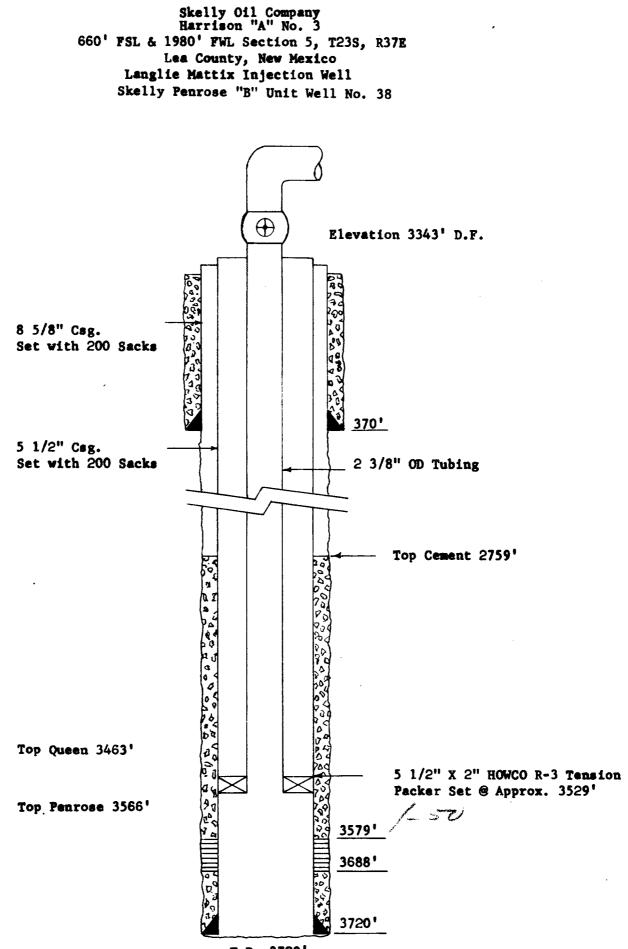


Skelly Oil Company Harrison "A" No. 1 1980' FSL & 660' FWL Section 5, T23S, R37E Lea County, New Mexico Langlie Mattix Injection Well Skelly Penrose "B" Unit Well No. 34

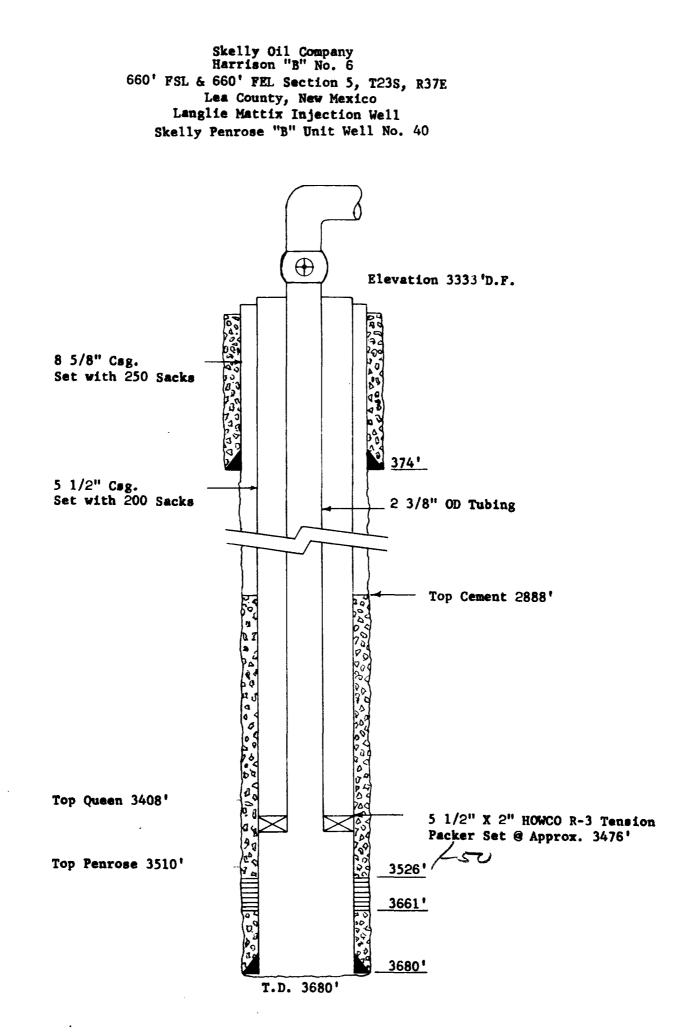


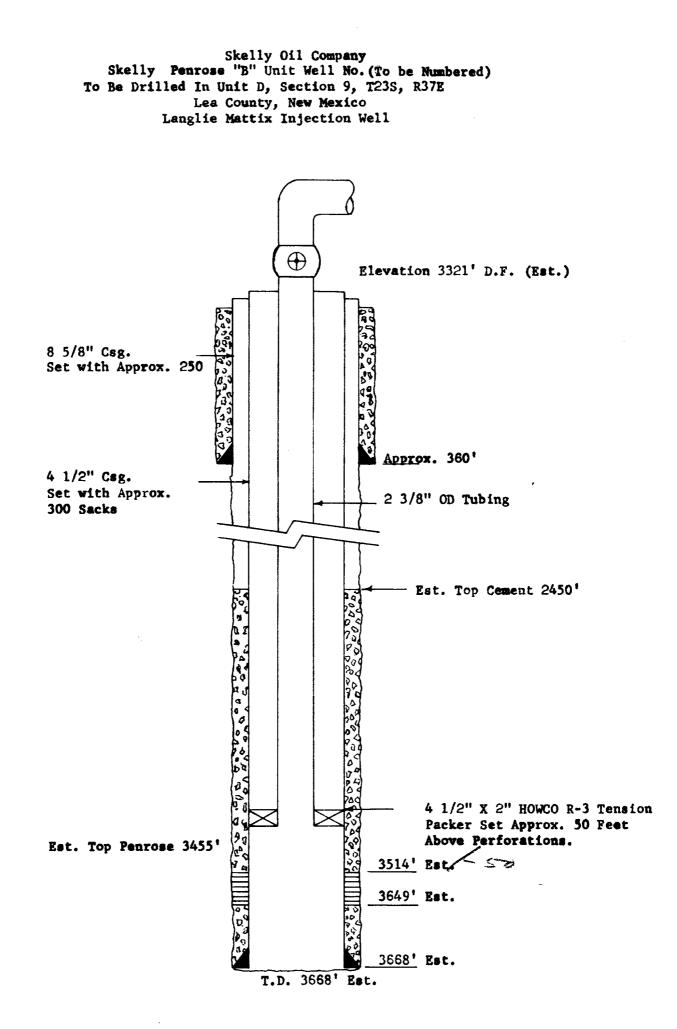


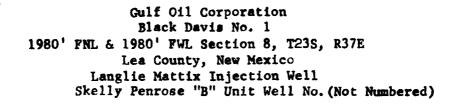
T.D. 3780'

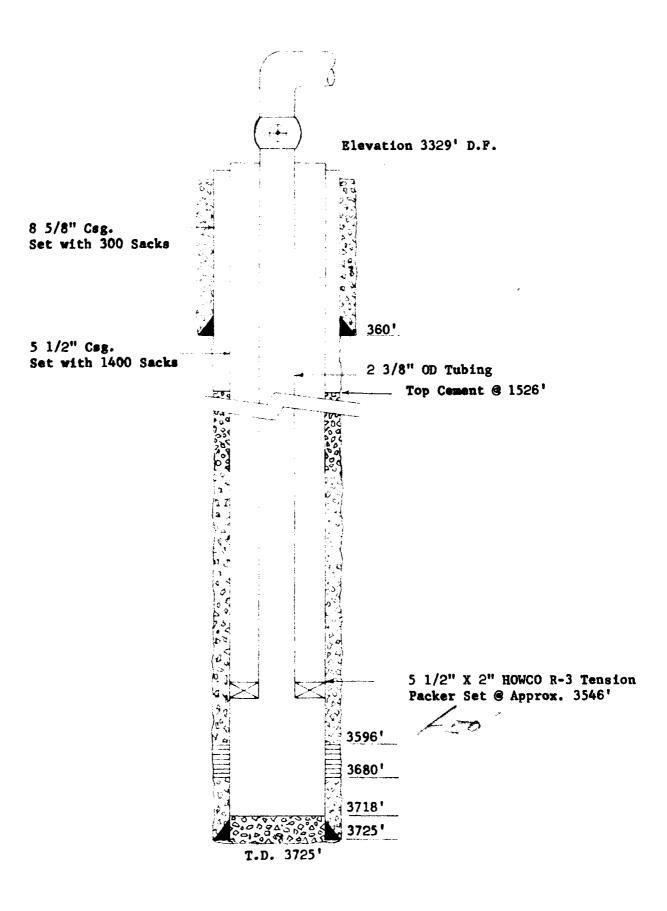


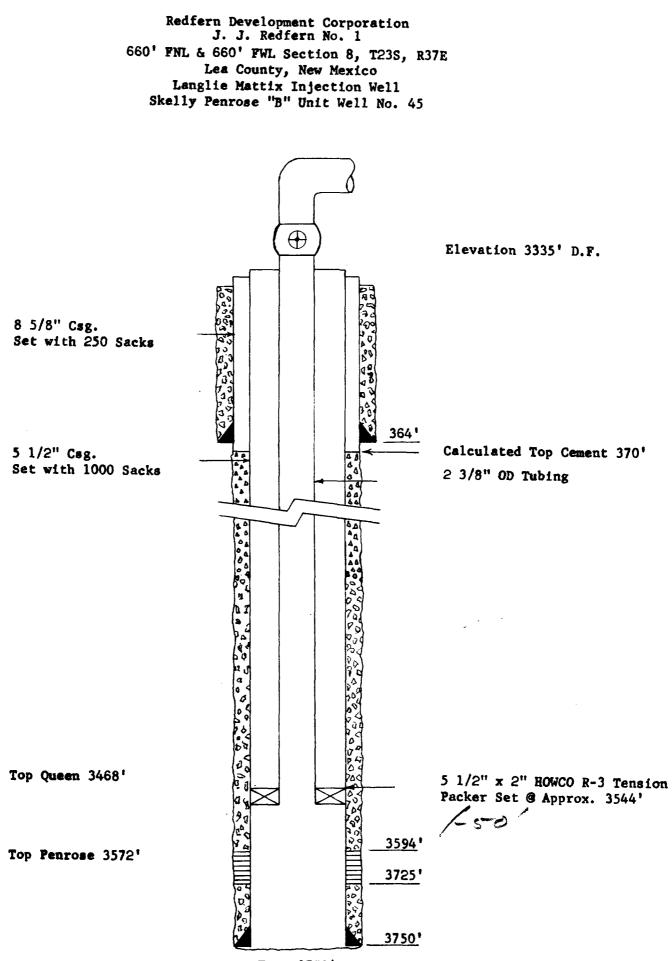
T.D. 3720'











T.D. 3750'

