IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO Friday, December 28, 1973

NO. 9821

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MICHAEL P. GRACE II and CORINNE GRACE,

Petitioners-Appellants,

vs.

Eddy County

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO,

Respondent-Appellee,

10 and

> CITIES SERVICE OIL COMPANY and the CITY OF CARLSBAD,

> > Intervenors.

This matter coming on for consideration by the Court upon petition for rehearing on petition for stay of judgment, and the Court having considered said petition and being sufficiently advised in the premises;

IT IS ORDERED that petition for rehearing on petition for stay of judgment be and the same is hereby denied.

ATTEST: A True Copy

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Clerk of the Supreme Court of the State of New Mexico

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JOHN C. OTTO 1 45 West Jefferson, Suite 503 2 Phoenix, Arizona 85003 Telephone: (602) 252-7461 3 Attorney for Petitioners-Appellants 4 IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO 5 6 MICHAEL P. GRACE II and 7 CORINNE GRACE. 8 Petitioners-Appellants, NO. 9821 9 vs. District Court File No. 28181 10 OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO, PETITION FOR REHEARING 11 Respondent-Appelle, 12 13 14 CITIES SERVICE OIL COMPANY and CITY OF CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO, 15 16 Intervenors. 17 18 COME NOW Petitioners-Appellants by and through counsel 19 undersigned and respectfully move the Court for rehearing on the Petition 20 for Stay of Judgment which Petition was denied by the Court on the 12th day 21 of December, 1973 and as grounds therefore would respectfully show the 22 Court: 23 24 T 25 That the Court should consider in the determination of this 26 motion the affidavits filed herein on the 12th day of December, 1973 but 27 which were not considered in the previous rehearing herein, and that a 28 consideration thereof would materially affect the Court's decision in this 29 matter. Said affidavits show the following: 30 (a) The affidavit of Ronald B. Johnson demonstrates that based 31 upon the files and records of Grace Atlantic #1 gas well located in the south

Carlsbad Morrow field, which is the subject matter of this cause may be

substantially and materially damaged in the event that the production is restricted below five million cubic feet per day.

There is every probability that because of the allowable, that subsequent to January 1 and pursuant to the Stipulation entered into between the Oil Conservation Commission and Petitioners that the well will have to be cut back below five million cubic feet per day, subsequent to January 1, 1974, resulting in irreparable damage to the well, as is more particularly shown by the Stipulation with the Oil Conservation Commission a copy of which is attached hereto and made a part hereof by this reference.

Said affidavit also shows that with the additional test of the 24 hour bottom hole pressure on the wells in the Morrow field would make it possible to arrive at the amount of reserves both under the wells in question and the reserves under the entire field, which findings are required in order for the Commission to have a valid basis upon which to determine prorationing.

- (b) The affidavit of Kenneth S. Smith demonstrates that it is certainly possible to calculate the reserves necessary in order to permit the Commission to reach a valid determination as to the prorationing formula to be applied, under the Statute and the Continental Oil case.
- (c) The affidavit of Corinne Grace attaching the exhibit prepared by registered engineers demonstrates that it is certainly possible to determine the reserves under wells in this field as was, in fact, done as is shown by the attachments to Mrs. Grace's affidavit.
- (d) The affidavit of Robert W. Becker clearly demonstrates that it is not only reasonable and possible to determine the reserves but it is practical to do so as well. Again demonstrating that it is possible to comply with the command of the legislature and the teaching of the Continental Oil case.

hn P. Otto

1 (e) That the Court take judicial notice of the proceedings in 2 Cause No. 46933 District Court of Santa Fe County including the additional 3 affidavit of Kent S. Smith, a copy of which is attached hereto for the Court's convenience. 5 WHEREFORE Petitioner-Appellants pray for a rehearing in 6 this matter and that the Court consider these matters together with the 7 decision in the Carlsbad-Straughn case and grant the stay prayed for until 8 such time as this matter can be determined on the merits in order to prevent 9 10 waste and irreparable harm as well as further financial damage to Petitioners-11 Appellants. 12 Respectfully submitted, 13 14 John C. Otto 15 Attorney for Petitioners-Appellants 45 W. Jefferson, Suite 503 16 Phoenix, Arizona 85003 Copy of the foregoing mailed this 17 day of December, 1973, to: 18 William C. Marchiondo, Esq. 19 Marchiondo & Berry, P.A. P. O. Box 568 20 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87103 co-counsel for Petitioner-Appellants 21 22 A. J. Losee, Esq. William F. Carr, Esq. 23 Oil Conservation Commission Albuquerque, New Mexico 24 Attorneys for Respondent-Appelle 25 Robert F. Leblanc, Esq. 26 Jason W. Kellahin, Esq. Cities Service Oil Company and 27 City of Carlsbad, New 1 Mexico Albuquerque, New Mexico 28 Attorneys for Intervenors 29 Robert Borkenhagen, Esq. 30 American Bank of Commerce Bldg. Albuquerque, New Mexico 31 Attorney for Amicus Curiae, City of Mesa, Arizona 32

Plaintiffs/s.

V5.24

No.4693333

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION, TO I. R. TRUSILLO, Chairman, T. ALEXIJ. TARMIJO, Members.
and A. A. PORTER, JR., Members.
and Secretary of the Commission,

Defendants: F.

#### ORDER

This cause the ving come constoring and the following having been stipulated to on October 19, continued to November 2, 11973; to by the parties thereto in open court; to with a

- I. That the Plaintiffs Grace Atlantic North well is lever to produced beyond the tolerance provided for in Rule 15 (b) tof the separated Gas Pool Rules for Southeastern new Mexico, as promulgated by Godmission Order North 28-1670 (lass amended as a
- 2.2. That:Befendant:Commission:on:October -2 issued Gas Supplement:No.:GP=3802 Fordering:that -the aforesaid well be shut in until such time:that sit beloverproduced in an amount mot in excess of all the tolerance specified in Rule 15 (b):
- 3. That con October S, 1973, Plaintiffs obtained a Temporary Restraining Order in this Cause which purported to stay the effect of the aforesaid shut-in directive:
- 4. % That concurrent with the application for the aforesaid. Temporary Restraining Order, a Plaintiffs if iled an application for a public bearing before the Defendant commission to determine, among other things, whether the well-would incur material damage as a result of a shut-in and whether the well-should be allowed to make up overproduction at a rate less than by complete shut-in a

## ILLEGIBLE

Restraining Orderventered on October 5, 11/73.3.

- 6.4. That some octobers 25 and 26, \$1973, Defendants Commissions after anotice; sheld a hearing to determine the squestions raised by:

  Plaintiff's application referred from No.24 aboves.
- 7. That and October 27 Defendant Commission issued its:
  Order NovoR-4648 Which supheld the shut in directive contained in the Supplement NovoSF43802 and ordered that the subject well be shut-in until such time that it be every reduced in an amount that was not in excess of the tolerance provided for by Rule 116 (b).
- 8. %. That som: November #2, (1973) Plaintiffs (filled an sapplication for orehearing of the application referred to vin No 2:4 above \*\*
- 9.9 That the Defendant Commission agrees that the Court may agree to make approduction at a rate less than by complete that in minimaccordance with the requirements set for the below.
- 10.2.Plaintiffs agree that scommencing at 27:00 a.m. November 3, 1973; the daily rate of production from the subject well shall be reduced to a rate commensurate with the daily allowable for a november, such trate being 6970 mcf per stay as
- ing the date of this erder they will continue producing the subject well at a rate which Plaintiffs in good faith believe is appropriate to reduce the well's overproduced status while avoiding material damage to the well.
- 1217. If Tupon receipt of Tecember production figures withis a Defendant Commission's opinion that the rate of production from the November 3, 31973; Through December 31, 11973; Tif projected to March 31, 11974; is not sufficiently low to bring the well into the permissible six times overproduced tolerance by March 31, 11974;

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## ILLEGIBI F

three engineers will be formed within tenedays a committee of of three engineers will be formed within tenedays a cone of of Plaintiffs achoice cone of the fendament of the tenedays a choice candad a third of ogood repute designated by the other stwo engineers and a at ano acost ato a Defendament. This icommittee will determine the a minimum rate of sproduction apossible without material adamage to the well which will bring the well into the aforesaid permissible a tolerance by March 317197478.

1311. In lany weenty tif appoint equipment (March; 1974 production) figures the Befendant determines that the well's overproduction on has anotable are duced to an amount which is inotain lexess of six and times its taverage monthly allowable for the preceding eleveness and two-thirds months; saccording to the records of the Defendant propagation the records of the Defendant probabilities agree that the well, supoposite tive from the Defendant probabilities there are the remain shut an auntib the well's soverproduction has been reduced to an amount that his notain in excess of six itimes its laverage monthly allowable to the excess of six itimes its laverage monthly allowable to the excess of six itimes its laverage monthly allowable to the excess of six itimes its laverage monthly allowable to the excess of six itimes its laverage monthly allowable to the excess of six itimes its laverage monthly allowable to the excess of six itimes its laverage monthly allowable to the excess of six itimes its laverage monthly allowable to the excess of six itimes its laverage monthly allowable to the excess of six itimes its laverage monthly allowable to the excess of six itimes its laverage monthly allowable to the excess of six itimes its laverage monthly allowable to the excess of six itimes its laverage monthly allowable to the excess of six itimes its laverage monthly allowable to the excess of six itimes its laverage monthly allowable to the excess of six itimes its laverage monthly allowable to the excess of six it in excess of six its laverage monthly allowable to the excess of six itimes its laverage monthly allowable to the excess of six itimes its laverage monthly allowable to the excess of six its laverage monthly allowable to the excess of six its laverage monthly allowable to the excess of six its laverage monthly allowable to the excess of six its laverage monthly allowable to the excess of six its laverage monthly allowable to the excess of six its laverage monthly allowable to the excess of six its laverage

1414.Plaintiffs agree to dismiss two actions pending against the Defendant Commission as afollows to Eddy County Cause No. 28329 and Oil Conservation Commission Case No. 5085; Order No. 28-4648 and agree mototo appeal the pending decision in Eddy County Cause No. 2818283.

IT ITS ISTHEREFORE TO ORDERED Se seo Flows vous

- 1.1.Theheffectrof the Shubern Order No 20R-2648 dissued by the Defendant Commission on October 27, 21973; is thereby stayed at a
- 2.2. The parties therein are thereby ordered to comply with all stipulations hereinabove set for them.

## **ILLEGIBLE**

APPROVEYI:

MICHAEL P. IGRACECTITI Plaintiff

Orders# Page(3 3

Attorneys for Plaintiffs in	
F. 78. HOWDEN THE	MARKET STATE
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FARRELL LINES .: 5	nphaprovat no e
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JOHN R. FOTTOWN	البيد ۽ بينون
OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION ON Defendants	•
A. L. PORTER, UR.	Bullet in official is
Sednetary+Director	
ATTOPNEYS FOR BEFENDAMENT	
	•
THOMAS W. DERRYBERRY	<b>(88</b> 1 4716, 1
WILLIAM F. CARRER	Maria de de tra
INTERVENORS ME	
DONALDIG. ESTEVENSUS	CONTRACTOR NAME OF THE PARTY OF
Attorney ofor Morris Antweil	
	Vage a
JASON W. KELLAHIN	
Attorney.for Cities Service 35 and Pennzoil	
	₹ 1

#### AFFIDAVIT

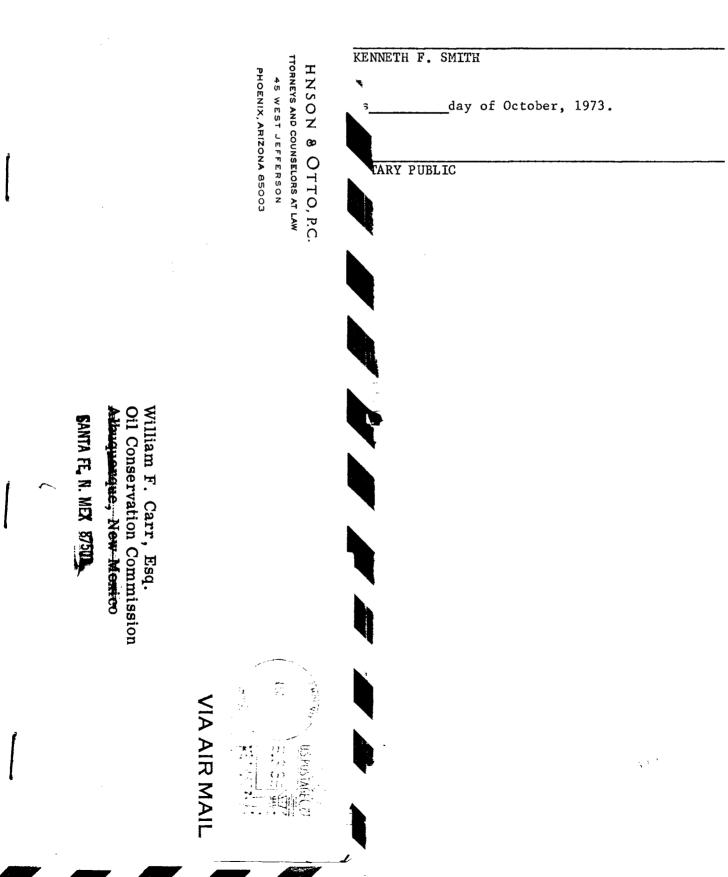
STATE OF NEW MEXICO )

COUNTY OF BERNALILLO )

Comes now Kenneth E. Smith (having been first duly sworn upon his oath, and deposes and states as follows:

- 1. That I am an employee of Paul E. Cameron, Jr., Inc., a Petroleum Engineering Consulting firm based in Houston, Texas.
- 2. That I have been retained for a number of months by Michael Grace as an oil consultant.
- 3. That I have previously been qualified as an expert witness before the Oil Conservation Commission and have testified before the said Commission on a number of occasions in the past year.
- 4. That it is my understanding that a Shut-In Order has been issued by the New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission against the M. P. Grace II, Grace-Atlantic well located in Section 24, Township 225, Range 26 E, Eddy County, New Mexico,
- 5. That I have been familiar with the wall during its entire production history. I have deliberately reduced the choke size on this well in small steps, testing its reaction along the way.
- 6. That because of the aggravated energy crisis, El Paso Natural Gas requested of the traces a substantial amount of gas production from this well to assist during the coming winter months.
- 7. In my opinion, a complete shut-in, followed by a return to full production to meet the request of El Paso Natural Gas, would amount to rocking the well and would cause damage to the well.

- 8. This well has been flowing at its present rate with a surface pressure only 325 pounds per square inch short of 2,000 P.S.I. I have good reason to believe that this is by far the highest pressure of any well in this area and zone with a like amount of production and production rates.
- 9. If the well is treated as a majority of the other wells in the field, a shut-in would have an even more drastic impact on the well, and could create more danger to the well itself than like actions would do to lesser wells in this field.
- 10. I make these statements based on my knowledge of the expert testimony presented to the New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission proration hearing on April 17, 1972. The extent of the above mentioned damage can only be ascertained tent by a complete reservoir study.



materials offered by Mr. and Mrs. Thee but not admitted 12/12

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO

MICHAEL P. GRACE II and CORINNE GRACE,

Petitioners-Appellants,

vs.

No. 9821

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO.

District Court File No. 28181

Respondent-Appelle,

and

CITIES SERVICE OIL COMPANY and CITY OF CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO,

Intervenors.

#### AFFIDAVIT

RONALD D. JOHNSON, first being duly sworn, deposes and says:

That I am a Petroleum Engineer and a graduate of the University of Southwestern Louisiana, Lafayette, Louisiana. That I am a registered Engineer and have testified as an expert before the District Court of the State of New Mexico in cases where the N.M.O.C.C. has been the adverse party.

That I have been a practicing Petroleum Engineer for a period of sixteen years, and during said period, worked for ten years for Mobil Oil Company, finishing as Area Production Engineer; and for the subsequent six years have been a Consulting Petroleum Engineer with Steinhorst Operators Systems, INc., Lafayette, Louisiana.

That I make this Affidavit of my own knowledge, and further based upon my training and experience as a petroleum engineer.

That I have examined the files and records relating to the production of gas and water build-up with reference to Grace Atlantic No. 1, Gas Well, located in the South Carlsbad Morrow Field, in Southeastern New Mexico. That based on these records, this well is producing

at a rate of slightly less than 7MMCF's per day by virtue of the present pro-rationing schedule. That this well is capable of conservatively . producing at the rate of 17MMCF's per day.

That because of the continuing water build-up inside the well when produced at the rate of 5 MCF's per day, there is a reasonable possibility that the well will be damaged, resulting in the continuing strong possibility of loss of some of the reserves which would otherwise be available for recovery from said well.

That if the well is water-damaged this has a direct bearing on the wells inability to ever produce all the available future reserves which would be lost in the event of water damage.

That the Grace Atlantic Well No. 1, as well as a number of additional wells were not in existence or producing at the time of the original decision by the N.M.O.C.C. in this cause, but these wells are none-the-less pro-rated under the commission order issued herein.

That with the information presently available plus additional 24 hour bottom hole pressure tests on the wells in the Morrow field it is possible to arrive at an opinion to a reasonable degree of probability as to the reserves under each well, and what the total reserves are under the entire field from an engineering standpoint.

Further, affiant sayeth not.

Ronald D. Johnson

STATE OF NEW MEXICO )

COUNTY OF BERNALILLO )

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO before me this 12th day of December, 1973.

Dorothy C. Harvey

My Commission Expires:

December 8, 1976

#### IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO

MICHAEL P. GRACE II and CORINNE GRACE,

Petitioners-Appellants,

vs.

No. 9821

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO,

District Court File No. 28181

Respondent-Appelle,

and

CITIES SERVICE OIL COMPANY and CITY OF CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO,

Intervenors.

#### ENTRY OF APPEARANCE

COMES NOW JOHN P. OTTO and enters his appearance as co-counsel for Appellants Michael P. Grace and Corinne Grace.

> JOHN P. OTTO 45 West Jefferson

Phoenix, Arizona

85003

I hereby certify that a copy of the foregoing was delivered to opposing counsel of record this 12 day of

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO

MICHAEL P. GRACE II and CORINNE GRACE,

Petitioners-Appellants,

vs.

No. 9821

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO,

District Court File No. 28181

Respondent-Appelle,

and

CITIES SERVICE OIL COMPANY and CITY OF CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO,

Intervenors.

#### AFFIDAVIT

ROBERT W. BECKER, first being sworn on oath, deposes and says:
That I am a graduate geologist with a Master of Science in

Geology from the University of Michigan. I have been a practicing geologist for 25 years. I am presently a partner in a Consulting Geology firm in Roswell, New Mexico and have been so engaged for the past three years.

That I am familiar with the Carlsbad Morrow Field and make this Affidavit based on my own knowledge and further based on my training and expierience.

That with the information presently available plus additional 24 hour bottom hole pressure tests on the wells in the Morrow field, it is possible to arrive at an opinion to a reasonable degree of probability as to the reserves under each well, and that the total reserves are under the entire field from an geological standpoint.

It certainly is within the realm of practicability to reach an opinion to a reasonable degree of probability as to the reserves under each well and the reserves under the Morrow field.

That without this determination, it is impossible to fairly determine the true correlative rights in the field.

of the Booker

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ss. COUNTY OF BERNALILLO

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO before me this 12th day of December, 1973.

NOTARY PUBLIC Harvey

My Commission Expires:

December 8, 1976

#### IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO

MICHAEL P. GRACE II and CORINNE GRACE,

Petitioners-Appellants,

vs.

No. 9821

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO,

District Court File No. 28181

Respondent-Appelle,

and

CITIES SERVICE OIL COMPANY and CITY OF CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO,

Intervenors.

#### AFFIDAVIT

CORINNE GRACE first being duly sworn on oath deposes and says:

That I am one of the Appellants in this case and make this

Affidavit based on my own knowledge.

That the Report, attached hereto, marked Exhibit "A" and made a part hereof by reference is a true and correct copy of a reserve gas calculation made by a registered Petroleum Engineer concerning the Carlsbad-Grace Well #1 in the South Morrow field, in Carlsbad, New Mexico.

CORINNE GRACE

STATE OF NEW MEXICO )

COUNTY OF BERNALILLO )

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO before me this 12th day of December, 1973.

Dorothy C. Harvey

My Commission Expires:

December 8, 1976

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### CHAS. C. BANKHEAD, JR. & ASSOCIATES PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS

1601 FIDELITY UNION TOWER 747-0303 DALLAS, TEXAS 75201

February 19, 1973

Michael P. Grace II Corinne Grace P. O. Box 1418 Carlsbad, New Mexico 88220

Re: Evaluation
Corinne Grace
Carlsbad Grace No. 1
Eddy County, New Mexico

Dear Mr. and Mrs. Grace:

Complying with your request, reserve and revenue projections have been made for the Corinne Grace interest in your well No. 1 on the Grace-Carlsbad Unit, South Carlsbad Field, Eddy County, New Mexico.

The attached letter from our engineering associates shows the combined net reserve of 4,375,000 Mcf of gas and 31,076 barrels of condensate will result in a future gross revenue of \$2,292,536. Deducting the estimated operating expense of \$116,046 results in a future net revenue of \$2,176,490. Discounting this future net revenue at the arbitrary rate of 7 percent per annum gives a discounted value of \$1,889,242.

We are pleased to present the following data resulting from our evaluation study.

- 1. Letter dated February 16, 1973, from our associates Calhoun Engineering.
- 2. Projection tables showing the estimated future production and revenue for the Strawn and Morrow zones separately, and the combined production and revenue for both zones in the summary.

Michael P. Gra II Corinne Grace February 19, 1973 Page 2

- 3. Structure map on the Top of the Strawn formation.
- 4. Structure map on the Base of the Morrow formation.

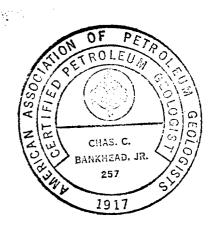
We will maintain the engineering and geological data in our offices for reference and consultations and wish to thank you for permitting us to prepare this evaluation.

Yours very truly,

Chas. C. Bankhead, Jr.

CCBjr/cw

Attachments



#### CHAS. C. BANKHEAD, JR. & ASSOCIATES

PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS

1601 FIDELITY UNION TOWER 747-0303 DALLAS, TEXAS 75201

February 22, 1973

Michael P. Grace II Corinne Grace P. O. Box 1418 Carlsbad, New Mexico 88220

Re: Evaluation
Corinne Grace
Carlsbad Grace No. 1
Eddy County, New Mexico

Dear Mr. and Mrs. Grace:

We are pleased to transmit the evaluation report on your Carlsbad-Grace No. 1, Eddy County, New Mexico.

We are transmitting only the original report and one copy of the enclosures as we understand from Juanita that you will make as many copies there as you need.

It was my pleasure to prepare this evaluation for you and if you need any additional information, please advise.

Yours very truly,

Chas. C. Bankhead, Jr.

CCBjr/cw Enclosures CALHOUN ENGINEERING
PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS
511 NORTH AKARD STREET
DALLAS, TEXAS 75201

February 16, 1973

Mr. Charles C. Bankhead, Jr. 1601 Fidelity Union Tower Dallas, Texas 75201

Re: Corinne Grace
Grace-Carlsbad No. 1
South Carlsbad Field
Eddy County, New Mexico

Dear Mr. Bankhead:

Pursuant to your instructions, reserve and revenue projections have been made for the Corinne Grace interest in their Well No. 1 on the Grace-Carlsbad Unit, South Carlsbad Field, Eddy County, New Mexico. These projections are on the attached tables which show the estimated future production and revenue for the Strawn and Morrow zones separately, and the combined production and revenue for both zones in the summary.

The gross reserve from the Strawn zone is estimated to be 1,500,000 Mcf of gas and 35,516 barrels of condensate. The net to the Corinne Grace interest is 1,312,500 Mcf of gas and 31,076 barrels of condensate.

The gross reserve from the Morrow zone is estimated to be 3,500,000 Mcf of dry gas which yields to the Corinne Grace interest 3,062,500 Mcf.

The combined net reserve of 4,375,000 Mcf of gas and 31,076 barrels of condensate will result in a future gross revenue of \$2,292,536. Deducting the estimated operating expense of \$116,046 results in a future net revenue of \$2,176,490. Discounting this future net revenue at the arbitrary rate of 7 percent per annum gives a discounted value of \$1,889,242.

Inasmuch as the Corinne Grace No. 1 Grace-Carlsbad has not been committed to market, the reserve estimate has been based upon analogy of the other wells in the field area which have an adequate performance history for making an appraisal. Geological structure, net pay thickness, performance trends and initial potentials were taken into consideration in making the analogy.

#### CALHOUN ENGINEERING

The price used for condensate was that which is prevalent in the general area but was reduced \$0.15 per barrel to cover trucking charges. The gas price used was that quoted by the operator as a firm offer to purchase. It is the writer's understanding that a contract for gas sales has not been signed as of this date.

Data used in this study were from the files of the operator, from New Mexico Conservation Commission records and from our general files. These data will be maintained in this office for reference and future consultations.

Yours very truly,

CALHOUN ENGINEERING

Robert R. Wallace, P.E.

RRW:mlj

attchs.

CHAS. BANKHEAD AND ASSC.
DALLAS, TEXAS

TCTALS ALL LEASES AS CF APK. 1, 1973

PAGE

SO. CARLSBAD

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CURINNE - CARLSBAD

HAS. BANKPEAC AND ASSO.

CURINNE - CARLSBAD SO. CARLSBAD (STRAWN) EDDY CG., NEW MEXICO PAGE 1

SO. CARLSBAD

RESERVES AND ECCNOMICS AS OF APP. 1: 1973

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CHAS. PANKHEAC ANG ASSU. DALLAS, TEXAS

CORINNE - CARLSBAD SO. CARLSBAD (MORRCW) EDDY CO., NEW MEXICO PAGE 2

SO. CARLSBAD

RESERVES AND ECCNCMICS AS OF APR. 1, 1973

EXPENSE LATEREST INCOME INTEREST	TEREST REST	= 1.00000 = 0.875000	<u> </u>	CIL PRICE = (	6.0 0.5200	NC. OF WELLS NC. OF ACRES	.s = 1.00 .s = 320.00		DISCOUNT RATE = LIFETIME =	7.000 PER CENT 9.46 YEARS	<b>.</b>
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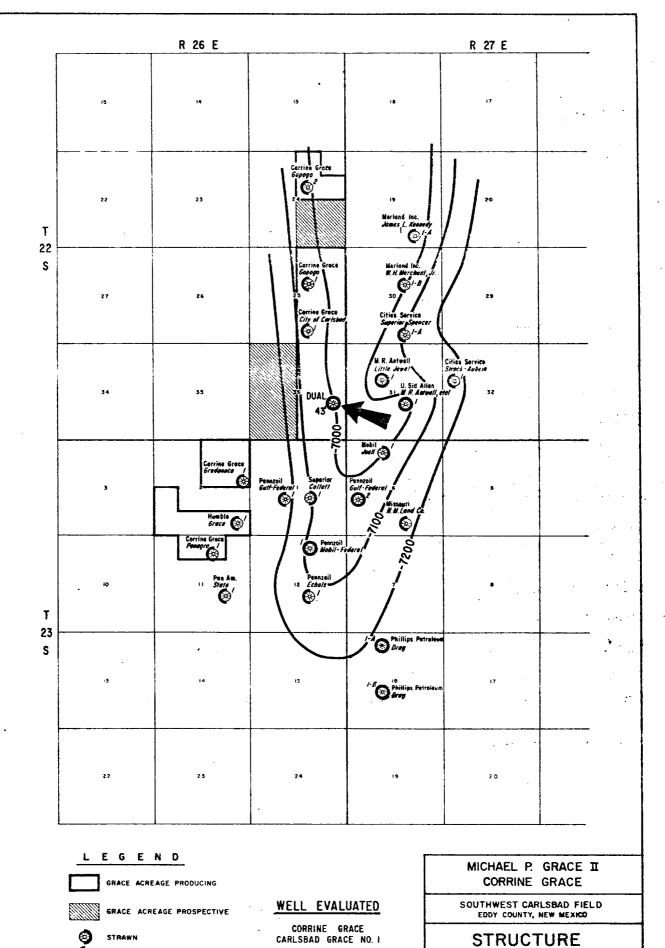
# SO. CARLSBAD

RESERVES AND ECONOMICS
AS CF APR. 1, 1973

SUMPARY

NUMBER OF ACRES = C+U+UU

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		1889242	1889242	1889242	1869242	1887083	1879493	1863012	1830999	1765758	1641317	1418105	1063913	538324	CUM DISC. NET REV. 7.000 PCT



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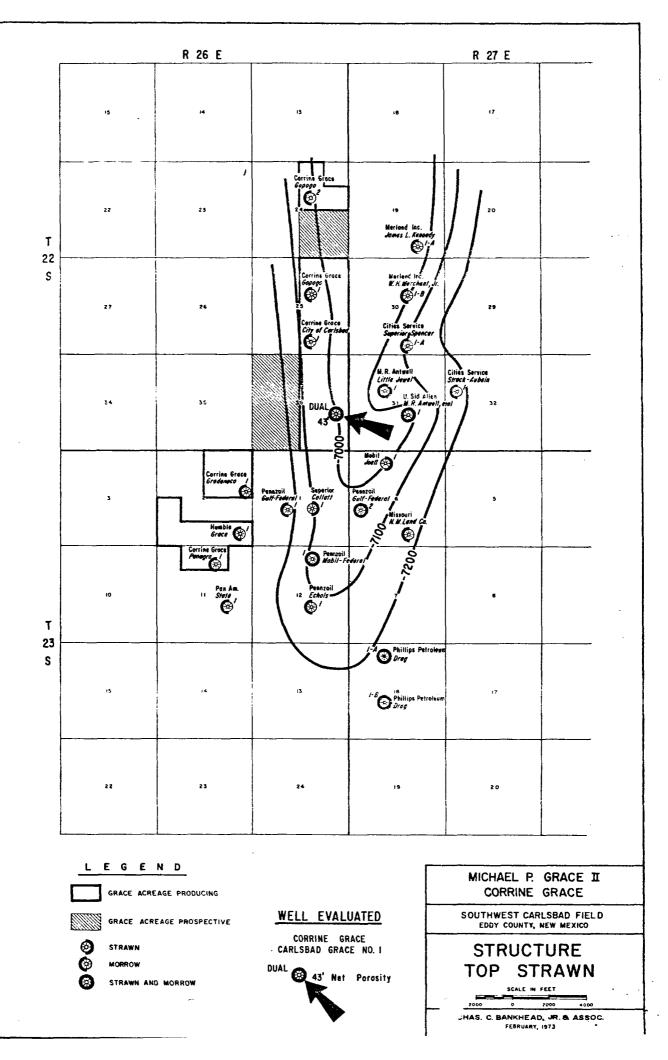
STRAWN

CHAS. C. BANKHEAD, JR. & ASSOC.

TOP

MORROW

STRAWN AND MORROW



#### IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO

MICHAEL P. GRACE II and CORINNE GRACE,

Petitioners-Appellants,

vs.

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO,

Respondent-Appelle,

and

CITIES SERVICE OIL COMPANY and CITY OF CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO,

Intervenors.

No. 9821

District Court File No. 28181

#### **AFFIDAVIT**

- I, Kenneth F. Smith, being first duly sworn on oath, do hereby state:
- 1. That I am a Petroleum Engineering Consultant and have served in this status for a period of five years and four months.
- 2. That I previously had nine years experience in production and drilling engineering with Mobil Oil Corporation in West Texas and Mobil Oil Company de Venezuela in eastern Venezuela plus seven years oil and gas production work with oil field service companies.
- 3. That I have previously qualified as an expert witness before the New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission.
- 4. That I have worked as drilling and production engineer in the South Carlsbad-Morrow gas pool for six months intermittently over a period of the last two and one half years.
- 5. That I am familiar with the hearings and court proceedings pertaining to prorationing of the South Carlsbad-Morrow Pool and the South Carlsbad Strawn Pool.
- 6. That in view of the number of wells drilled in the South Carlsbad-Morrow Pool and the wide variations in their producing capacity, net feet of pay, porosity and apparent permiability it is a certainty that a more equitable formula for assigning well allowables could be worked out than the presently used surface acerage formula.

- 7. That under the presently used surface acerage formula a well with ten feet of pay and fifteen percent porosity can have the same allocation of production as one with thirty feet of pay and twenty-five percent porosity.
- 8. That this range of differences along with apparent permiability leads to wide differences in the wells' deliverability and ultimate total recovery.
- 9. That limiting highly capable wells to the producing capacity of uncapable wells amounts to confiscation of part of the larger gas reserves under the capable wells.
- 10. That in view of the production history now available in this field, and the apparent lack of any Morrow formation water drive, reserves and ultimate recoveries can be calculated, using decline curves and or material balance calculations.
- ll. That basing allocations of production on reserves calculated from log porosities, water saturations, bottom hole pressures and net feet of pay, along with a deliverability factor would be much more equitable than the pure surface acre formula.

AFFIANT F. Smith

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this 11th day of December, 1973.

Notary Public in and for Harris County, Texas

Му	Commission	Expires:
	(0/11	lege:

5. Ct. Rule 9 v superintending control - Article II, Section 3 rehearing on motion to stay - granted 1. Randolph Reese - Provating Strawn
"same transcript + widence" - as up cites touder affidavit 2. deanetrically opposed decisions on "same purpose"

evidence + concurring the same purpose"

Reese decision gives merit to

the appeal in the Malrow Howden transcript. Page ZA - attached - consolidated for August Norther affidavit ZA-6 - page comments of other parties Howden Brief (OK) - consolidation - testemony only - widence - difference as so agreed by draw attorney's Howden concludes TR - attached-of Dist Ct Docision herein same endence submitted an upholding OCC - Putitioners trial brief to both formations Howden - occ relied on the same widere in each - ader - hard to see what he based their m NUMER AFFIDAUT FORMATION VARIANCES wileve - not in K

petition for Stay:

IP # Z - concludes - appellants most likely to suffer damage - still in ground - can produce at later date associate not the - once surrounding properties drawing beg exersive production off sets are permanently damaged. PROPERTY SITUATION IN OIL FIELD - NOT Single property interests

1. fee - w/ royalty

Z. working interests

interests 3. over ridery interests. if overfroduction occurs in our will - can't later be made up by curtailing another - DENIES ROYACT reserves produced. Loca - protect soyalty as well as other interests PERSON LEAST LIKELY TO SUFFER DAMAGE 15 THE PETITIONER HEARIN! #3 - energy arisis - By statute occ cannot consider, this everyt as an asside to C/R - WASTE. PROTECTION OF FREEH WATER Agree there is a serious

Shortege - wormed through IOCC

we are where we are du to a look after today faget tomorrow a proach abandoning present systems which look at NEX's and work occ can't consider more serious problems than contained in the present energy orisis - ly change. Aduation . on printer from hit. TP#4 oce can't counder That I might have desaster our consequences quale production water corrier & see so selections when production execeds man but chemand or permanently damaging wells. harder to meet market demand. - concern for C/R - valid-staying provationing will = return to me of capture and allow the appellant to drain offsetting squators. Consumer need 5 - business of oil + gos
- why we deal w/ market
clemand be orderly and efficient in the obort term as well as in the long

Stanuts-(p.le) (RECOED AT 68): My testminy is designed to cover both pools, and the Morrow first primarily, but the exhibits which we have prepared lines 4-6 cover both pools. M + S Exhibit 1+A chart - well data L breaks out separately the top of the Morrow It top of the Strawn Jumation M Carlobad Marrow Las Part Structure Map Well Completions - tabulation Marrow M Completion Map - Carls bed Marrow  $\mathcal{M}$ Exhibit 5 logs of languil - Dul Fedural Tumper 1 - Superior Oil N (RECORD AT 77) Co. Estate Sumber 1 (the closest wells in the pool-1320ft sport ) - Pennjoil was a from the other not from - shows characteristics & Morrow Exhibit 6+B - cross sections of gamma ray M+5 show the limite of the Strawn +M orrow formations Exhibit 7+c - cross section of Detrawn + M+S Exhibit 8 - map of horizontal lines of South Callshad Morrow Las Pool, M Exhibit 9 - Well Completion Chart (Morrow)  $\lambda$ 

E not a part of this record 
G do not relate to the

Morrow

I

(RECOED 81/0) D — a structure contour map of the Strawn
82/17 E — well completion tabulation - Strawn
82/17 E — well completion of completions and
graphic diagram of completions and
perforations in Strawn tomation
104/ A — mapof horizon al limits of Strawn
104/ H — Well completion about (Strawn)
104/ I — Reteable calculations (Strawn)

Contwell 1—10— all Strawn.

194/1 #1- location map - South Consoled Strawn

194/10 #2- Antroid interpretation & Strawn Confour

195/11 #3- North-South Contour of the Strawn Reservoir

197/5 #6 - East-West cross section of the Strawn Reservoir

197/15 #5- log of Marris Contour! #/ (Sec. 31)

201/14 #6- Jack of Parosish Thickness Determinations - Strawn

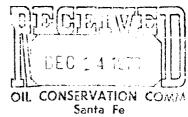
201/14 #7- Jaka Showing a Retinination of Worthwhilesours

208/18 #7:9(4) +6 Calculation of Justinia Core volume in acre

208/18 #9:9(4) +6 Calculation of Justinia Formination

211/21 9(6) — one volume - calculated

212/14#10 suggested allocations of pool reserves



IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO Wednesday, December 12, 1973

NO. 9821

CORINNE GRACE,

·27 

Eddy County

Eddy Councy

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO/

Petitioners-Appellants,

Respondent-Appellee,

and

VS.

CITIES SERVICE OIL COMPANY and the CITY OF CARLSBAD/

Intervenors.

MICHAEL P. GRACE II and

This matter coming on for consideration by the Court upon motion for stay of judgment, and the Court having considered said motion and being sufficiently advised in the premises;

IT IS ORDERED that motion for stay of judgment be and the same is hereby denied.

ATTEST: A True Copy

Clerk of the Supreme Court of the State of New Mexico

1 min

Ease 40. 9821

HICHAEL P. GRACE II AND CORINNE GRACE

15 PENTIONERS - APPELLANTS

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF DEW PEXICO

15. RESPONDENT - APPELLESS

CITIES SERVICE OIL COMPANY AND

CITY OF CARLSBAD

INTER VENORS

Letition for Stay of Judgment - Based on STRAWN DECISION

## STATEMENT OF CASE

appellants from judgment entered by the Honorable Paul Snead in Cause No. 28181, District Court for the Fifth Judicial District, Eddy County, New Mexico, entitled Michael P. Grace II and Corinne Grace, Petitioners, vs. Oil Conservation Commission, which judgment upheld an order of the Oil Conservation Commission prorating gas production from the South Carlsbad-Morrow Gas Pool. The Honorable N. Randolph Reese entered his opinion of the court in Cause No. 28182, entitled Michael P. Grace II and Corinne Grace, Petitioners. vs. Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico, Respondent, wherein he held that the order of the Oil Conservation Commission prorating gas production in the South Carlsbad-Strawn Gas Pool was invalid.

- matters involved in causes 28181 and 28182

before the Occ were heard on a

consolidated record.

- separate ordere were issued

Rasic question involved in the

PETITION FOR STAY OF JUDGHENT

is this

in the two diametrically offorming

decisions concerning acts of

the Oil Conservation Commission

which is averaged and

concerning the same evidence and

concerning the same purpose.

I. Different evidence + transcripts in two conservation

the cause concerning protationing of the

Strawn, the court did not have before

it the same transcript and evidence

as in the case concerning protation of the

Morrow.

Of my request David S. Nutter (chief

petrolum concern to the Orc. for 15 yes+)

evaminal the record file herein with

this court and in his affidavit

which its artsched to occ. to herpouse

states

(b) that Mr. Clint Small and Mr. Lon Watkins, the attorneys who actually represented the Graces in District Court Case No. 28181, agreed that certain portions of the evidence received at the Commission hearing only related to the Strawn formation; this is reflected in the transcript of this case at pages 394 through 396 of the Record filed herein, a copy of which is attached as Exhibit II;

It is important that we look at this transcript and see exactly what transpired: RECORD-p.394

at had just a tated it did not have the original transmipt.

MR. WATKINS: Court please, we have asked that it be introduced, and the Commission has brought that in, together with the Exhibits. Now with reference to this transcript, we have discussed the matter with Mr. Losse, and in the interest of saving both time and money, and in the event that this goes on appeal, we have agreed that various parts of the transcript be deleted, and particulary with reference to the testimony concerning the Strawn Pool, rather then the Morrow. We are only interested in the Morrow.

combined for purposes of hearing. Obviously,
from reading the transcript, some of that testimony is applicable only to the Strawn Formation,
and really has no useful purpose here.

MR. LOSEE: For the record, as far as the testimony is concerned, it is our belief that

Mr. Stamets' testimony, commencing on Page 18,

Line 24, running through Page 22, Line 6, and

the testimony of Mr. Williams, commencing on

Page 130, Line 14, running through Page 136,

can be omitted as it pertains solely to the

Strawn Formation.

### Also, that Oil Conservation

Commission's Exhibit D, E, F, G, H, and I, and all of the Morris Antweil Exhibits, 1 through 10, can be omitted, and with those exceptions, we'll stipulate to the record and the Certificate.

I'd like to also have a Certified Copy of Order R-4034, to which the Commission took administrative notice in the hearing, be the hearing on two of the three unorthodox well location of the

THE COURT: All right. Any objection to that?

Petitioners.

mr. Small reviewed the copy of Order R-4034 and indicated there were no objections

STRAWN POOL

ALSO HAUR STATEMENT BY THESE ATTORNEYS THAT PART OF THE EVIDENCE RELATES OULY TO THE MORROW

Mr. Nutur reviewed the petitioners trial deriet and states in his affidaved;

Brief state that a portion of the record made before the
Oil Conservation Commission applies only to the Morrow

Pool: a copy of this page is attached hereto as
Exhibit III:

Brief - we find this statement:

Although the record covers both the Morrow Pool and
the Strawn Pool in the South Carlsbad Field, the order under
attack pertains only to the Morrow, and only that portion of the
record is pertinent to this proceeding.

ADMISSIONS BY GRACE ATTNYS
THAT ONLY PART OF THE
EUIDENCE IN THE CONSOLIDATED
CASES - ONLY PART OF THE
EVIDENCE RELATED TO THE
STEAMN FORMATION - AND OTHER
EUIDENCE RELATED TO THE
MORROW FORMATION
PART TO STEAMN - PART TO MORROW

THE SAME EVIDENCE WAS NOT USED IN DECIDING THE CASE ON THE MORROW + THE CASE ON THE STRAWN

Mr. Nachen found: The record filed herein

(d) that certain exhibits introduced into evidence in the consolidated cases before the Oil Conservation Commission related only to one of the formations and not to the other as is reflected on page 395 of Exhibit II which is attached hereto.

REFFERED AGAIN TO TRANSCRIPT OF THE

Service of the servic

It should be wither noted:

that Judge Sneed that same
record before him that you
have

your record does not include occ Stewn exhibits wor Hose of ANTWEIL - STRAWN

The exhibits not included in this record are the very exhibits that Judge Reese trulied on in the case concurring the Strawn — HE EXHIBITS ARE NOT THE SAME THEY COULD NOT BE THE SAME

due to RESERVOIR CHARACTERISTICS

Mr. Notter - in his offidavit states;

- 7. That the South Carlsbad-Strawn reservoir and the South Carlsbad-Morrow reservoir are vastly different types of reservoirs.
- 8. That whereas the Strawn reservoir pay zone is, in general, a homogeneous limestone reef structure, the major variation of which is a thickening and thinning as one proceeds from one well to another with less important variations in porosity and water saturation, the Morrow formation is composed of many isolated stringers of porosity and permeability which are often present in one well but absent in an adjoining well.
- 9. That while it may be possible to determine the reserves under a given tract in the Streem reservoir by interpolating the tract, based on the logs of offsetting wells, and by interpolating the net feet of pay, porosity, and water saturation, such a determination is hazardous at best and is not practicable.

- stringers from well to well, and the impossibility of determining the areal extent of any given sand stringer in the Morrow formation, it is virtually impossible to determine the reserves under any given tract in the South Carlsbad-Morrow Gas Pool.
- 11. That due to the great difference in the nature of the respective reservoirs, separate and distinct testimony must be considered when determining whether either of these pools should be prorated and, if so, what formula should be applied.

In others words STRAWN - Classic domeshaped pocket of

gus 
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geological make-up

MORROW - STRINGER OR

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- COULD NOT RELY ON SAME
ENINENCE IN FRANCING
THESE TWO POOLS
CONFRAMED WY VERY
DIFFERENT CONSIDERATIONS

The futitioners herein place great rehance on the fact that the OCC CONSOLIBATED FOR PURPOSES OF TAKING TESTIMONY. M. Hutter in his affidavit states!

(a) that Cases 4693 and 4694 before the Oil Conservation Commission were consolidated only for the limited purpose of taking testimony in the interest of saving time, as is reflected on pages 2A through 6 of the transcript of the proceedings before the Commission, a copy of which is attached as Exhibit I, since the two pools being considered for prorationing overlay one another and gas from these pools is being sold to common purchasers;

Mr. Howden in his affidavit - places

great weight on the feet that

these case were consolidated
by the acc. and attaches to

his affidavit a copy of p.ZA.

of the transcript bufue the

o.c.c.

the limited purpose for the consolidation is quite apparent if one reads byond page ZA.

turn attention to FEHIBIT I (OLC
RESONSE TO PETITION FOR STAP)

READ PORTIONS

Q

(18)

MR. PORTER: The Hearing will come to order.

I should have made the announcement earlier this morning,

I did make it last evening and most of you were here, in

regard to Governor King who had to cancel out at the last

minute. I was in his office at 10:30 o'clock the day before

yesterday before I came down to Hobbs and he had already

made reservations and fully intended to come to the

Hearing.

As you know, Governor King is very much interested in the affairs of the Oil and Gas Industry and the development of resources in the State. He also wanted to come to Hobbs and was extremely sorry he could not be here. Things came up that required him to cancel his appearance. He asked me to express his regrets to you that he could not be here.

We will take Cases 4693 and 4694.

MR. HATCH

MR HATCH: I have asked that Cases 4693 and 4694, having to do with instituting proration in the South Carlsbad Morrow Gas Pool and the South Carlsbad Strawn Gas Pool be consolidated for the purpose of this Hearing only. There will be two separate Orders that will be written by the Commission.

The Commission will have two witnesses, Mr. Stamets and Mr. Utz. The two pipe line companies who purchase gas

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in those two pools have voluntarily consented to also put on testimony concerning their facilities and concerning questions of market demand and capacity.

So first I will present Mr. Stamets and then Mr. Utz to be followed by the representatives from the pipe line companies.

Mr. Nutter, have you distributed the Exhibits to the pipe line companies and to all the distributors?

MR. NUTTER: Yes.

MR. PORTER: Let me ask you, are there any objections to consolidating these cases for the purpose of taking testimony. As Mr. Hatch has indicated there will be separate Orders issued.

MR. NEAL: I am C. Fincher Neal of Neal and Neal,

Hobbs, New Mexico. We represent Cities Service along with Mr. LeBlanc of Tulsa. We are only interested in Case 4693, but we have no objection to the Hearing being consolidated. Our testimony, however, will only apply to that one Case and that one formation.

MR. PORTER: I don't believe that will be any problem.

MR. HATCH: No problem.

MR. NEAL: Thank you.

MR. STEVENS: Donald Stevens of McDermott, Connelly

& Stevens, Santa Fe. We have no objection to consolidation,

but for the purpose of clarity we suggest that perhaps	
testimony on the Morrow can be heard first and then we	
can have cross-examination and discussion. I say this	_on
the basis that the two fields are vastly dissimilar in	-
composition and in pay quality.	

MR. PORTER: Do you have any objection to that, Mr. Hatch, or have you prepared your testimony to present both pools at the same time?

MR. HATCH: I think the Commission could do that very easily, but I am not sure whether the pipe line companies' testimony would be that easily separated. We can ask them if they have any objection.

MR. PORTER: What about the Commission's testimony?

MR. HATCH: The Commission's testimony can be divided easily.

MR. KELLAHIN: Jason W. Kellahin of the firm

of Kellahin & Fox, Santa Fe, appearing for Pennzoil. Our

testimony is so prepared that if we follow the procedure

outlined by Mr. Stevens there will be a lot of unnecessary

repetition. It would be simpler for us to go ahead with the

entire presentation which will be very easily distinguished

as to which pool we are talking about.

MR. PORTER: The Commission desires to hear all of the testimony in the proper order, however, I must state

(11)

At this point that, we are limited in time since

Mr. Armijo must get back to Santa Fe this evening. Now,

there can be quite a bit of testimony presented and quite

a bit of cross-examination, I'm sure. So as far as we are

concerned we would like the testimony presented in the

manner in which it can be most expeditious to handle from

a point of time.

The case was originally listed and there was a request for a full Commission Hearing so it was continued for two months.

MR. CHASE: We represent Mr. and Mrs. Grace,

Michael P. Grace and his wife, Corinne Grace, of the City

of Carlsbad. My name is Edward Chase and my office is in

the Bank of New Mexico Building, Albuquerque, New Mexico.

My associates, Mr. Charles C. Spann and Mr. George Hunker, Jr.

I will hand the Reporter, with your permission, the cards

of these gentlemen.

If it please the Commission, we would like to have the Strawn case heard first. The reason is that it would simplify the matter and, we think, get to the heart and guts of the situation quicker. Mr. Spann of the firm of Grantham, Spann, Sanchez and Rager, in Albuquerque, will take the lead in this case as our trial lawyer and Mr. George Hunker, Jr., of Roswell, is our associate.

Mr. Spann, do you care to say anything?

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MR. SPANN: We, of course, think the Strawn should be heard first, but we will comply with the ruling of the Commission.

MR. STAMETS: My testimony is designed to cover both pools, and the Morrow first primarily, but the Exhibits which we have prepared cover both pools.

MR. HATCH: I have a letter here from one company saying that if everybody enters into the spirit of cooperation and conservation, and I think we can do that, and I would recommend we go ahead on the original grounds because I think we are already wasting time here.

MR. PORTER: That is a fact and the Commission is going to rule that the Cases will be consolidated for this Hearing and the Commission may proceed at this time with its first witness.

### RICHARD M. STAMETS,

was called as a witness and after being duly sworn, testified as follows:

### DIRECT EXAMINATION

### BY MR. HATCH:

- Q Will you state your name and position for the record?
- A R. L. Stamets, Technical Support Chief for the Oil
  Conservation Commission of the State of New Mexico.
- Q And your place of residence is in Santa Fe?
- A Yes.

It can hardly be assented that

If the case more not separate and
district

So separate evidence was to

Le offered in each

CONFUSION AS TO THE

LIMITED PURPOSE OF

THE CONSOLIDATION AT

THE TIME OF THE

Mr. Nutter addresses chinisely to the consideration's confronting the Commission in prosessing these case in his affidavit — the states;

- 4. That although some testimony was common to both pools, certain other specific testimony applied to only one pool or the other.
- 5. That only the applicable common testimony and the appropriate specific testimony was used in deciding each case.
- 6. That separate orders were issued for each pool based upon the portion of the evidence pertaining to each respective pool.

(1) THESE CASES CONSOLIDATED
FOR DURPOSES OF HEARING

(2) SEPARATE + DISTINCT EVIDENCE INTRODUCED

CONCERNING EACH POOL

(HAD TO REPRESE + DISTINCT WY DIFFERENT

TO, RESERVOIRS CHARACTERISTIES)

LADMITTED BY ATMUS FOR

PETITIONER)

THEREFORE THE DECISIONS ARE
NOT IN CONFLICT

PETIONERS MOTION FOR STAND OF SHOULD BE

DENIED.

#### IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO

MICHAEL P. GRACE II and CORINNE GRACE,

Petitioners-Appellants,

vs.

No. 9866

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO,

District Court File No. 28181

Respondent-Appellee,

and

CITIES SERVICE OIL COMPANY and CITY OF CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO,

Intervenors.

# RESPONSE TO PETITION FOR STAY OF JUDGMENT

COMES NOW respondent-appellee Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico and intervenor Cities Service Oil Company, and in response to the petition for stay of judgment filed by petitioners-appellants herein, state:

appellants from judgment entered by the Honorable Paul Snead in Cause No. 28181, District Court for the Fifth Judicial District, Eddy County, New Mexico, entitled Michael P. Grace II and Corinne Grace, Petitioners, vs. Oil Conservation Commission, which judgment upheld an order of the Oil Conservation Commission prorating gas production from the South Carlsbad-Morrow Gas Pool. The Honorable N. Randolph Reese entered his opinion of the court in Cause No. 28182, entitled Michael P. Grace II and Corinne Grace, Petitioners, vs.

- Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico, Respondent, wherein he held that the order of the Oil Conservation Commission prorating gas production in the South Carlsbad-Strawn Gas Pool was invalid.
- 2. The matters involved in Causes Nos. 28181 and 28182 before the Oil Conservation Commission were heard on a consolidated record, but separate orders were entered by the Oil Conservation Commission based upon separate and distinct testimony insofar as the producing formations and the producing characteristics of the Morrow formation, and the Strawn formations are concerned, all as more fully shown by the affidavit of Daniel S. Nutter, Chief Engineer, New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission, attached hereto.
- 3. The acts of the Oil Conservation Commission in the two cases arose from <u>separate and distinct evidence</u>, involving separate and distinct gas producing reservoirs, and the <u>decisions</u> in the two cases are not in <u>conflict</u>.
- 4. The oil and gas supply of the world and of the United States is not a matter the Oil Conservation Commission is authorized by law to consider in prorating the production from a gas producing reservoir.
- 5. The existence of an abundant supply of gas in any particular reservoir is not a matter the Oil Conservation Commission is authorized to consider by law in prorating the production from a gas producing reservoir, unless the producing capacity of the reservoir is in excess of market demand.
- 6. <u>Petitioners-Appellants</u>, at the trial of this cause in the District Court, <u>acknowledged</u> that although the record

in the case covered both the Morrow Pool and the Strawn Pool in the South Carlsbad Field, the order under attack pertained to the Morrow, and only that portion of the record was pertinent to the hearing, all as is more fully shown by the affidavit of Daniel S. Nutter attached hereto, with attached exhibits.

- 7. The <u>Petition for Stay of Judgment fails to show</u> wherein <u>Petitioners will be damaged</u> by enforcement of the Commissions order pending appeal.
- 8. The Petition for Stay of Judgment attempts to argue matters which should more properly be heard on the appeal of the case.
- 9. The Petition for Stay of Judgment presents nothing in support thereof that has not heretofore been considered by this court.

WHEREFORE, respondent-appellee Oil Conservation Commission and intervenor, Cities Service Oil Company pray that the Petition for Stay of Judgment be denied.

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO

A. J. LOSEE
WILLIAM F. CARR
Attorneys for RespondentAppellant, Oil Conservation
Commission

Special Assistant Attorney
General

I hereby certify that a true copy of the foregoing instrument was mailed to opposing counsel of record this

day of\_\_\_\_\_\_, 19\_\_\_\_\_

CITIES SERVICE OIL COMPANY ROBERT F. LEBLANC JASON W. KELLAHIN Attorneys for Intervenor

BY Jason W. Kellahin

#### IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO

MICHAEL P. GRACE II and CORINNE GRACE,	)
Petitioners-Appellants,	Ì
vs.	No. 9821
OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO,	) District Court ) File No. 28181
Respondent-Appellee,	)
and	)
CITIES SERVICE OIL COMPANY and CITY OF CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO,	)
Intervenors	<b>`</b>

#### **AFFIDAVIT**

- I, Daniel S. Nutter, being first duly sworn on oath, depose and state:
- 1. That I am a registered petroleum engineer and have served as Chief Petroleum Engineer of the New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission for over fifteen years.
- 2. That I am familiar with all hearings and court proceedings relating to prorationing of the South Carlsbad-Morrow Pool and the South Carlsbad-Strawn Pool.
- 3. That upon the request of William F. Carr, attorney for Respondent-Appellee, herein, I have examined the Petitioners' Trial Brief filed in District Court Case 28181, and the Record filed in this case, paying special attention to the transcript of the Oil Conservation Commission hearing in Cases 4693 and 4694 which were consolidated for the purpose of hearing, and the transcript of Eddy County District Court Case No. 28181 which is an appeal of the decision entered by the Oil Conservation Commission in Case 4693, and have determined:
  - (a) that Cases 4693 and 4694 before the Oil Conservation Commission were consolidated only for the limited purpose of taking testimony in the interest of saving time, as is reflected on pages 2A through 6 of the transcript of the proceedings before the Commission, a copy of which is attached as Exhibit I, since the two pools being considered for prorationing overlay one another and gas from these pools is being sold to common purchasers;

- (b) that Mr. Clint Small and Mr. Lon Watkins, the attorneys who actually represented the Graces in District Court

  Case No. 28181, agreed that certain portions of the evidence received at the Commission hearing only related to the Strawn formation; this is reflected in the transcript of this case at pages 394 through 396 of the Record filed herein, a copy of which is attached as Exhibit II;
- (c) that the <u>Petitioners at page 3 of the Petitioners' Trial</u>

  <u>Brief state that a portion of the record made before the</u>

  <u>Oil Conservation Commission applies only to the Morrow</u>

  <u>Pool:</u> a copy of this page is attached hereto as

  <u>Exhibit III;</u>
- (d) that <u>certain exhibits</u> introduced into evidence in the consolidated cases before the Oil Conservation Commission related only to one of the formations and not to the other as is reflected on page 395 of Exhibit II which is attached hereto.
- 4. That although some testimony was common to both pools, certain other specific testimony applied to only one pool or the other.
- 5. That only the applicable common testimony and the appropriate specific testimony was used in deciding each case.
- 6. That <u>separate orders</u> were issued for each pool <u>based upon the</u> portion of the evidence pertaining to each respective pool.
- 7. That the South Carlsbad-Strawn reservoir and the South Carlsbad-Morrow reservoir are vastly different types of reservoirs.
- 8. That whereas the Strawn reservoir pay zone is, in general, a homogeneous limestone reef structure, the major variation of which is a thickening and thinning as one proceeds from one well to another with less important variations in porosity and water saturation, the Morrow formation is composed of many isolated stringers of porosity and permeability which are often present in one well but absent in an adjoining well.
- 9. That while it may be possible to determine the reserves under a given tract in the Strawn reservoir by interpolating the tract, based on the

logs of offsetting wells, and by interpolating the net feet of pay, porosity, and water saturation, such a determination is hazardous at best and is not practicable.

- 10. That in view of the appearance and disappearance of the sand stringers from well to well, and the impossibility of determining the areal extent of any given sand stringer in the Morrow formation, it is virtually impossible to determine the reserves under any given tract in the South Carlsbad-Morrow Gas Pool.
- ll. That due to the great difference in the nature of the respective reservoirs, separate and distinct testimony must be considered when determining whether either of these pools should be prorated and, if so, what formula should be applied.

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this 30th day of November, 1973.

Notary Public Public

My Commission Expires:

October 28, 1977

MR. PORTER: The Hearing will come to order.

I should have made the announcement earlier this morning,

I did make it last evening and most of you were here, in

regard to Governor King who had to cancel out at the last

minute. I was in his office at 10:30 o'clock the day before

yesterday before I came down to Hobbs and he had already

made reservations and fully intended to come to the

Hearing.

As you know, Governor King is very much interested in the affairs of the Oil and Gas Industry and the development of resources in the State. He also wanted to come to Hobbs and was extremely sorry he could not be here. Things came up that required him to cancel his appearance. He asked me to express his regrets to you that he could not be here.

We will take Cases 4693 and 4694.

### MR. HATCH

MR HATCH: I have asked that Cases 4693 and 4694,
having to do with instituting proration in the South Carlsbad
Morrow Gas Pool and the South Carlsbad Strawn Gas Pool be
consolidated for the purpose of this Hearing only. There
will be two separate Orders that will be written by the
Commission.

The Commission will have two witnesses, Mr. Stamets and Mr. Utz. The two pipe line companies who purchase gas

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in those two pools have voluntarily consented to also put on testimony concerning their facilities and concerning questions of market demand and capacity.

So first I will present Mr. Stamets and then Mr. Utz to be followed by the representatives from the pipe line companies.

Mr. Nutter, have you distributed the Exhibits to the pipe line companies and to all the distributors?

MR. NUTTER: Yes.

MR. PORTER: Let me ask you, are there any objections to consolidating these cases for the purpose of taking testimony. As Mr. Hatch has indicated there will be separate Orders issued.

MR. NEAL: I am C. Fincher Neal of Neal and Neal, Hobbs, New Mexico. We represent Cities Service along with Mr. LeBlanc of Tulsa. We are only interested in Case 4693, but we have no objection to the Hearing being consolidated. Our testimony, however, will only apply to that one Case and that one formation.

MR. PORTER: I don't believe that will be any problem.

MR. HATCH: No problem.

MR. NEAL: Thank you.

MR. STEVENS: <u>Donald Stevens of McDermott, Connelly</u>

& Stevens, Santa Fe. <u>We have no objection to consolidation</u>,

but for the purpose of clarity we suggest that perhaps testimony on the Morrow can be heard first and then we can have cross-examination and discussion. I say this on the basis that the two fields are vastly dissimilar in composition and in pay quality.

MR. PORTER: Do you have any objection to that, Mr. Hatch, or have you prepared your testimony to present both pools at the same time?

MR. HATCH: I think the Commission could do that very easily, but I am not sure whether the pipe line companies' testimony would be that easily separated. We can ask them if they have any objection.

MR. PORTER: What about the Commission's testimony?

MR. HATCH: The Commission's testimony can be divided easily.

MR. KELLAHIN: Jason W. Kellahin of the firm of Kellahin & Fox, Santa Fe, appearing for Pennzoil. Our testimony is so prepared that if we follow the procedure outlined by Mr. Stevens there will be a lot of unnecessary repetition. It would be simpler for us to go ahead with the entire presentation which will be very easily distinguished as to which pool we are talking about.

MR. PORTER: The Commission desires to hear all of the testimony in the proper order, however, I must state

at this point that, we are limited in time since

Mr. Armijo must get back to Santa Fe this evening. Now,

there can be quite a bit of testimony presented and quite

a bit of cross-examination, I'm sure. So as far as we are

concerned we would like the testimony presented in the

manner in which it can be most expeditious to handle from

a point of time.

The case was originally listed and there was a request for a full Commission Hearing so it was continued for two months.

MR. CHASE: We represent Mr. and Mrs. Grace,
Michael P. Grace and his wife, Corinne Grace, of the City
of Carlsbad. My name is Edward Chase and my office is in
the Bank of New Mexico Building, Albuquerque, New Mexico.
My associates, Mr. Charles C. Spann and Mr. George Hunker, Jr.
I will hand the Reporter, with your permission, the cards
of these gentlemen.

If it please the Commission, we would like to have the Strawn case heard first. The reason is that it would simplify the matter and, we think, get to the heart and guts of the situation quicker. Mr. Spann of the firm of Grantham, Spann, Sanchez and Rager, in Albuquerque, will take the lead in this case as our trial lawyer and Mr. George Hunker, Jr., of Roswell, is our associate.

Mr. Spann, do you care to say anything?

4.

MR. SPANN: We, of course, think the Strawn should be heard first, but we will comply with the ruling of the Commission.

MR. STAMETS: My testimony is designed to cover both pools, and the Morrow first primarily, but the Exhibits which we have prepared cover both pools.

MR. HATCH: I have a letter here from one company saying that if everybody enters into the spirit of cooperation and conservation, and I think we can do that, and I would recommend we go ahead on the original grounds because I think we are already wasting time here.

MR. PORTER: That is a fact and the Commission is going to rule that the Cases will be consolidated for this Hearing and the Commission may proceed at this time with its first witness.

### RICHARD M. STAMETS,

was called as a witness and after being duly sworn, testified as follows:

### DIRECT EXAMINATION

### BY MR. HATCH:

- Q Will you state your name and position for the record?
- A R. L. Stamets, Technical Support Chief for the Oil
  Conservation Commission of the State of New Mexico.
- Q And your place of residence is in Santa Fe?
- 25 A Yes.

EXHIBIT II

exercise of the jurisdiction, in this particular case. I would be inclined to allow the Amended Petition for Review, and take it that the responsive pleadings, would be directed to that, and I see no real problem there. I will allow the Now, I don't have the original transcript. Should that be introduced?

MR. WATKINS: Court please, we have asked that it be introduced, and the Commission has brought that in, together with the Exhibits. Now with reference to this transcript, we have discussed the matter with Mr. Losse, and in the interest of saving both time and money, and in the event that this goes on appeal, we have agreed that various parts of the transcript be deleted, and particulary with reference to the testimony concerning the Strawn Pool, rather then the Morrow. We are only interested in the Morrow.

combined for purposes of hearing. Obviously, from reading the transcript, some of that testimony is applicable only to the Strawn Formation, and really has no useful purpose here.

MR. LOSEE: For the record, as far as the testimony is concerned, it is our belief that

Mr. Stamets' testimony, commencing on Page 18,
Line 24, running through Page 22, Line 6, and
the testimony of Mr. Williams, commencing on
Page 130, Line 14, running through Page 136,
can be omitted as it pertains solely to the
Strawn Formation. Also, that Oil Conservation
Commission's Exhibit D, E, F, G, H, and I, and
all of the Morris Antwell Exhibits, 1 through 10,
can be omitted, and with those exceptions, we'll
stipulate to the record and the Certificate.
I'd like to also have a Certified Copy of Order
R-4034, to which the Commission took administrative notice in the hearing, be the hearing on two
of the three unorthodox well location of the
Petitioners.

THE COURT: All right. Any objection to that?

MR. WATKINS: I have not seen that.

(Document handed to Mr. Watkins, and examined by Mr. Watkins and Mr. Small.)

MR. SMALL: As I understand this, your honor, this is the order establishing the penalty in respect to this particular well.

MR. LOSEE: Yas, sir.

MR. SMALL: It was incorporated in the

record, by reference in the Conservation

Commission's hearing, and consequently we have

no objections.

THE COURT: Fine. It will be admitted then. Well, I take it then, the next step is, let's hear from the Petitioner on the questions raised by the Petition for Review, as to your views on why this matter should be null, set aside, and held for naught.

MR. SMALL: Yes, sir. We do have some serious objections to the order, and we would like to discuss the record with your honor, in the light of what we take to be the applicable New Mexico Law. Under the decision in the Continental Case, which is the lead case on gas proration in this state, the Court pointed out that the Commission had two statutory jurisdistional areas or obligations in respect to presation of gas. It can and should prorate when it is necessary to pravent waste, by proration in that sense -- I mean, restrict the emount of gas that could be produced from a particular pool, to a leval that will not constitute waste. It has a corresponding duty when it makes such a restriction on the total withdrawal from the pool, occur in the South Carlsbad-Morrow Gas Pool unless production therefrom is restricted pursuant to Section 65-3-13(c), N.M.S.A., 1953 Comp.;

- (ii) it contains no basic conclusions of fact required to support an order designed to protect correlative rights; and
- (iii) it deprives Petitioners of their property without due process of law in that it does not rest upon an authorized statutory basis, is not supported by substantial evidence, is incomplete, vague and indefinite.

### REVIEW OF THE RECORD

This case must be decided by the Court solely on the basis of the record made before the Commission without the aid of any additional evidence outside the record received by the Commission. Continental Oil Co. v. Oil Conservation Com'n., 373 P.2d 809. This being the case, a review of the record made before the Commission is imperative.

Although the record covers both the Morrow Pool and
the Strawn Pool in the South Carlsbad Field, the order under
attack pertains only to the Morrow, and only that portion of the
record is pertinent to this proceeding.

Staff testimony on behalf of the Commission in support of its action came from R. L. Stamets, Technical Support Chief for the Commission (Tr. 6-40, 74-81) and from Elvis Utz, an engineer for the Commission. (Tr. 41-73)

Mr. Stamets produced seven exhibits as follows:

Exhibit 1 - A tabulation of well data listing all wells by operator or lease name, etc., location of each well, its

#### IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO

MICHAEL P. GRACE II and CORINNE GRACE,

Petitioners-Appellants,

vs.

No. 9866

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO,

Respondent-Appellee

District Court File No. 28181

and

CITIES SERVICE OIL COMPANY and CITY OF CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO,

Intervenors.

### PETITION FOR STAY OF JUDGMENT

COME NOW the petitioners-appellants and move the Court, in exercise of its original jurisdiction under Supreme Court Rule 9 and superintending control under Article VI,

Section 3, of the New Mexico Constitution, for a rehearing on their motion for a stay in the captioned matter and for the granting of an order of this Court staying the judgment of the lower court and the order of the Oil Conservation Commission of the State of New Mexico, and on behalf of said petition would state as follows:

1. That petitioners-appellants have heretofore filed a petition for a stay order which was disallowed by this Court and subsequently filed a petition for rehearing and evidentiary hearing on motion for stay of judgment which was disallowed; that since the entry of the last order above-mentioned, the Honorable N. Randolph Reese entered an opinion of the court in Cause No. 28182, entitled Michael P. Grace II and Corinne

Grace, Petitioners, vs. Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico, Respondent, wherein he ruled that the Oil Conservation Commission acted unreasonably, arbitrarily, unlawfully, and capriciously; that in said cause the court had before it the same transcript and evidence that the Oil Conservation Commission considered in rendering its decision in the within cause as per the attached affidavit of Frederick B. Howden, member of the bar of the State of New Mexico.

- 2. That as a result of Judge Reese's decision and the decision of Judge Paul Snead, there are presently two diametrically opposed decisions concerning the acts of the Oil Conservation Commission of the State of New Mexico arising from the same evidence and concerning the same purpose; that by virtue of the entry of the opinion of Judge Reese, it is quite apparent that the appeal of the appellants herein has merit and is not frivolous and it is further apparent that the persons most likely to suffer damage herein are appellants.
- 3. That the oil and gas supply of the world and particularly the United States is critical.
- 4. That the field from which petitioners-appellants wells are producing has an abundant supply of gas.
- 5. That production in greater quantity than is presently allowed under Oil Conservation Commission Order No. R-1670-L will have no deleterious effect upon gas reserves or market demand.
- 6. That unless the order of the Commission be stayed true waste and destruction of correlative rights shall result.

7. That the requirements of consumers for gas producible from petitioners' wells far outweigh a theoretical and erroneous assumption that the wells affected by this order were overproducing.

MARCHIONDO & BERRY, P. A. Attorneys for Petitioners-Appellants P. O. Box 568 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87103

y Wale & March

#### IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO

MICHAEL P. GRACE II and CORINNE GRACE,

Petitioners-Appellants,

vs.

No. 9866

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO,

Respondent-Appellee

District Court File No. 28181

and

CITIES SERVICE OIL COMPANY and CITY OF CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO,

Intervenors.

### AFFIDAVIT

I, FREDERICK B. HOWDEN, being first duly sworn on oath, depose and state: 0

and Corinne Grace in Cause 28182, entitled Michael P. Grace II and Corinne Grace, Petitioners vs. Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico, Respondent; that said appeal to the District Court arose out of a hearing before the Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico wherein that case, among others, was consolidated before the New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission with Case 4694, being the Oil Conservation Commission number allotted to Cause 28182 and Case 4693 being allotted to the within cause; that on Page 2A of the hearing before the Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit 1, both cases were consolidated.

purpose se et.#1

- of Eddy County, I submitted briefs in connection with the appeal asserting that the Oil Conservation Commission acted unreasonably, unlawfully, arbitrarily, and capriciously in allocating the production from the Carlsbad-Strawn solely upon the basis of the surface acreage involved in the Oil Conservation Commission's definition of the pool; that on the second day of November 1973, the Honorable N. Randolph Reese entered an opinion of the court, a copy of said opinion being attached hereto as Exhibit 2, wherein the Court ruled that our contention was correct.
- 3. That at the request of William C. Marchiondo, attorney for the petitioners-appellants herein, I have examined the transcript of the Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico as it applies to the Carlsbad-Strawn hearing and have determined in view of the consolidation the evidence submitted on the Carlsbad-Strawn is the same evidence submitted on the Carlsbad-Morrow; that a copy of the face sheet regarding said hearing and the transcript prepared from said hearing before the Oil Conservation Commission of the State of New Mexico is attached hereto as Exhibit 3; that from an examination of the transcript the Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico relied upon the same testimony in rendering its decision in both cases utilizing the surface acreage in allocating production from the respective pools.

FREDERICK B. HOWDEN

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this 23rd day of November, 1973.

Notary Public

My commission expires: April 17, 1976

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The Hearing will come to order. MR. PORTER: I should have made the announcement earlier this morning, I did make it last evening and most of you were here, in regard to Governor King who had to cancel out at the last I was in his office at 10:30 o'clock the day before minute. yesterday before I came down to Hobbs and he had already made reservations and fully intended to come to the

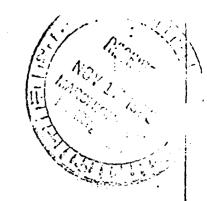
As you know, Governor King is very much interested in the affairs of the Oil and Gas Industry and the development of resources in the State. He also wanted to come to Hobbs and was extremely sorry he could not be here. up that required him to cancel his appearance. me to express his regrets to you that he could not be here.

We will take Cases 4693 and 4694.

### MR. HATCH

I have asked that Cases 4693 and 4694, MR HATCH: having to do with instituting proration in the South Carlsbad Morrow Gas Pool and the South Carlsbad Strawn Gas Pool be consolidated for the purpose of this Hearing only. will be two separate Orders that will be written by the Commission.

The Commission will have two witnesses, Mr. Stamets The two pipe line companies who purchase gas and Mr. Utz.



# IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF EDDY COUNTY STATE OF NEW MEXICO

MORRIS R. ANTWEIL, DELTA DRILLING COMPANY and MABEE PETROLEUM COMPANY,

Petitioners,

-VS-

No. 28180

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO,

Respondent.

and

MICHAEL P. GRACE II and CORINNE GRACE;

Petitioners,

-vs-

No. 28182

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO,

Respondent.

# OPINION OF THE COURT

The Oil Conservation Commission, in consolidated cases, heard testimony of their employees and of the parties and their witnesses in connection with the prorationing of gas under both the Carlsbad-Morrow and the Carlsbad-Strawn Pools at and near Carlsbad, New Mexico.

This opinion deals solely with the Carlsbad-Strawn and it is the Opinion of the Court that the Oil Conservation Commission

acted unreasonably, unlawfully, arbitrarily and capriciously in allocating the production from the Carlabad-Strawn solely upon the basis of the surface acreage involved in the Oil Conservation Commission's definition of the pool, and therefore, that portion of Commission Order R-1670-M is void and should be set aside.

The Oil Commission, in said hearing, wholly failed to carry out the law under which they were setting the allowables for said field in that, Section 65-3-14A of the 1953 New Mexico Statutes

Annotated, requires the Commission to afford to the owner of each property in a pool the opportunity to produce his just and equitable share of the oil and gas, or both, in the pool, being an amount, so far as can be practically determined, in so far as can be practically obtained without waste, substantially in proportion that the quantity of the recoverable oil or gas, or both, under such property bears to the total recoverable oil or gas, or both, in the pool, and for this purpose to use his just and equitable share of the reservoir energy.

The Oil Commission, in posting its 100% Surface Acreage formula, called attention to the fact that other fields in the State were operating on a Surface Acreage formula without stating whether or not any of such fields had been so established over the objection or protest of any operators or owners therein; together with the testimony of one of the Oil Conservation Commission's employees that it would be difficult to obtain a fair reservoir and tract gas reserve figure. The undisputed evidence of the Petitioners was that the foundationary facts as required by both the above

quoted statute and Section 65-3-29H, 1953 NMSA, and the cases of Continental Oil Company versus Oil Conservation Commission, 70 New Mexico 310, 373 Pacific Second 809 and El Paso Natural Gas Company versus Oil Conservation Commission, 76 New Mexico 268, 414 Pacific Second 496, could be ascertained by standard geological and engineering practices. These Statutes and cases, definitely require the Oil Commission, in carrying out its duty, to find: (1) The amount of recoverable gas under each producers' tract; (2) The total amount of recoverable gas in the pool; (3) The proportion that the total amount of recoverable gas under each producers' tract bears to the total amount of recoverable gas in the pool and; (4) What proportion of the arrived at proportion can be recovered without waste. The El Paso case relaxed the Continental Oil Company case to the extent that it held the foundationary facts, or their equivalents, are necessary requisites to the validity of an order replacing a formula in current use and, in the mind of the Court, such requirements would be necessary to establish a new order in the first instance. The witness Stametz having testified to the conclusion that it would not be practical to determine the foundationary facts in this case, did admit that under engineering and geological principles that the reservoir capacity could be determined and the tract reserves for each producing tract could also be determined after expenditures and work. It is the opinion of the Court that this conclusion of impractibility will not stand as substantial evidence in the face of such an admission and of the undisputed testimony of the witnesses Williams and Raney who

both testified at length as to the manner of determining the reservoir reserves and the tract reserves and the manner of allowing each producer to produce his fair share of the reserves and for his use of a fair share of the reservoir energy in so producing. The undisputed testimony is that the wells in the Carlsbad-Strawn vary greatly as to productibility and reserves and that a Surface Acreage allocation would violate, instead of protecting, correlative rights; in that the wells within the tracts having the greatest amount of reserves, would only be allowed to produce an equal amount to the wells with a great deal less reserves and energy so that, according, to the findings of the Commission, there would be drainage uncompensated from the higher capacity wells to the weaker wells which could still produce the allowable.

From the foregoing, it follows that the Commission's Findings of Fact, numbered 66, 69, 73, 74, 78, 80 and 82, are not supported by substantial evidence.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED by the Court that Findings of Fact, numbered 66, 69, 73, 74, 78, 80 and 82, are null and void and the same are vacated and held for naught, and;

Conservation Commission Order R-1670-M, denominated Special Rules C.8(A) be, and the same is hereby, set aside as null and void as a result of unreasonable, unlawful, arbitrary and capricious action on the part of the Oil Conservation Commission and that this case be remanded to the Oil Conservation Commission with directions to fix an allocation formula in compliance with the applicable provisions of law.

DONE this 2nd day of November, 1973.

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NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COUNTRY to
                          CITY HALL BUILDING
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                                                   FIFTH JUDIC AT
                           HOBBS, NEW MEXICO
                                                    STATE OF THE !
                         April 19 & 20, 1972
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FRANCES M. WILCOX
                          COMMISSION HEARING
 4
                                                    Chirk of the District Court
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    IN THE MATTER OF:
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    The hearing called by the Oil Conservation
    Commission on its own motion to consider
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                                                        Case No.
    instituting gas prorationing in the
    South Carlsbad-Morrow Gas Pool and the
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    South Carlsbad-Strawn Gas Pool, Eddy
                                                        Case No. 4694
    County, New Mexico
                                                     )
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    BEFORE:
              State Geologist A. L. Porter, Jr., Secretary-Director
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              Land Commissioner Alex Armijo, Member
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                         TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING
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BUFORE THE

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO Thursday, November 1, 1973

NO. 9821

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MICHAEL P. GRACE, II and CORINNE GRACE,

Petitioners-Appellants,

vs.

Eddy County

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO,

Respondent-Appellee,

and

CITIES SERVICE OIL COMPANY and the CITY OF CARLSBAD,

Intervenors.

This matter coming on for consideration by the Court upon motion for Rehearing and for Evidentiary nearing on motion for Stay of Judgment, and the Court having considered said motion and brief of counsel and being sufficiently advised in the premises;

IT IS ORDERED that motion for rehearing and for evidentiary hearing on motion for stay of judgment be and the same is hereby denied.

ATTEST: A True Copy

Clerk of the Supreme Court of the State of New Mexico

A Marine

# IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO

MICHAEL P. GRACE II and CORINNE GRACE,

Petitioners-Appellants,

vs.

No. 9821

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO,

District Court File No. 28181

Respondent-Appellee,

and

CITIES SERVICE OIL COMPANY and CITY OF CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO,

Intervenors.

### ENTRY OF APPEARANCE

Comes now William F. Carr, Special Assistant Attorney General representing the Oil Conservation Commission of the State of New Mexico, P. O. Box 2088, Santa Fe, New Mexico, and herewith enters his appearance as Attorney for the Respondent-Appellee Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico in this cause.

Dated this 30th day of November, 1973.

WILLIAM F. CARR

Special Assistant Attorney General representing the Oil Conservation Commission of the State of New Mexico

I hereby certify that on the 30th day of November, 1973, a copy of the foregoing pleading was mailed to opposing counsel

of record.

Care 4693

William C. Marchiondo Charles G. Berry Robert L. Thompson Mary C. Walters Paul Tackett, of Counsel

# MARCHIONDO & BERRY, P.A.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

315 FIFTH STREET N.W. — P. O. BOX 568 ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO 87103 505 247-0751

October 29, 1973

Mr. A. J. Losee
Attorney at Law
P. O. Drawer 239
Artesia, New Mexico 88210

Mr. Jason W. Kellahin Attorney at Law 500 Don Gaspar Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501

Re: Grace, et al. v. Oil Conservation Commission, et al.

#### Gentlemen:

Enclosed is a copy of our Petition for Rehearing and For Evidentiary Hearing on Motion for Stay of Judgment along with a copy of our brief in support of this petition.

Very truly yours,

William C. Marchiondo

WCM:gn

Enc.

#### IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO

MICHAEL P. GRACE II and CORINNE GRACE,

Petitioners-Appellants,

vs.

No. 9821

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO,

Respondent-Appellee,

and

CITIES SERVICE OIL COMPANY and THE CITY OF CARLSBAD,

Intervenors.

# PETITION FOR REHEARING AND FOR EVIDENTIARY HEARING ON MOTION FOR STAY OF JUDGMENT

COME NOW the Petitioners-Appellants and move the Court in its exercise of original jurisdiction under Supreme Court Rule 9 and superintending control under Article VI, \$3, of the New Mexico Constitution, for a rehearing on their Motion for Stay in the captioned matter, and for an evidentiary hearing thereon, and in support of this petition, say:

- 1. That the oil and gas supply of the world, and particularly the United States, is critical.
- 2. That the field from which petitioners' wells are producing has abundant supply of gas.
- 3. That production in greater quantity than is presently allowed under Oil Conservation Commission Order No. R-1670-L will have no deleterious effect upon gas reserves or market demand.

- 4. That on approximately October 4, 1972 following the petitioners filing of a notice of appeal herein, an order was issued by the Oil Conservation Commission restraining petitioners from producing and ordering a shut-in of petitioners' wells, obtaining a court order restraining petitioners from producing any gas until such time as the quotas allowable under the Commission's order had been caught up with in terms of time over which such allowables could be produced in accordance with the order of the Commission.
  - 5. That during such shut-in period certain tests were performed by a former vice-president of Pubco, a practicing engineer; that the tests so performed disclosed that the shut-in ordered was working permanent damage to the wells so shut in and that the total reserve of the wells and in particular petitioners' largest producing well in the entire field, would be completely lost.
  - 6. That to continue in force the shut-in order and to deny a stay of the pro-ration order as well as the shut-in order will create permanent and irreparable harm to petitioners' wells, and in all probability, to all of the wells of the field if there is merit to the Commission findings that there is an inter-connection between the producing wells in the pool.
  - 7. That unless the order of the Commission be stayed true waste and destruction of correlative rights shall result.
  - 8. That under-production of petitioners' wells as well as complete destruction of their capacity to produce will cause serious and irreparable harm to the citizens of the State and nation, as well as to petitioners.

9. That the requirements of consumers for gas producible from petitioners' wells far outweigh a theoretical and erroneous assumption that the wells affected by this order were overproducing.

MARCHIONDO & BERRY, P. A. Attorneys for Petitioners-Appellants P. O. Box 568 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87103

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY WILLIAM C. MARCHIONDS

William C. Marchiondo

I hereby certify that a true copy of the foregoing has been mailed to opposing counsel this 29th day of October 1973.

ORIGINAL S.D. ZO BY WILLIAM C. MARCHONDO

### IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO

MICHAEL P. GRACE II and CORINNE GRACE,

Petitioners-Appellants,

VS.

No. 9821

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO,

Respondent-Appellee,

and

CITIES SERVICE OIL COMPANY and THE CITY OF CARLSBAD.

Intervenors.

BRIEF IN SUPPORT OF PETITION FOR REHEARING AND FOR EVIDENTIARY HEARING ON MOTION FOR STAY OF JUDGMENT

#### ARGUMENT

THE COURT HAS CONSTITUTIONAL POWER TO HEAR EVIDENCE IN ITS EXERCISE OF ORIGINAL JURISDICTION AND SUPER-INTENDING CONTROL.

Rule 9 of the Rules of the Supreme Court, 521-1-1(9), N.M.S.A. (1953), provides that the Supreme Court may determine, after an appeal is taken or a writ of error issued, that the District Court should have allowed supersedeas and failed to do so, and the Court may then grant additional time within which the appellant shall file the bond in the Supreme Court. Sub-section 3 of the Rule clearly indicates the nature of the Supreme Court's original jurisdiction in a proceeding of this nature, in its provisions that the clerk of the Supreme Court shall give prompt notice of the Court's approval of a supersedeas bond to the District Court which rendered the judgment below.

Likewise, Section 3 of Article VI, New Mexico Constitution, provides that the Court shall have original jurisdiction "to hear and determine" matters embracing its "superintending control over all inferior courts" and to issue such writs as are "necessary or proper for the complete exercise of its jurisdiction."

Thus, whereas the request to present evidence upon a hearing for stay of judgment may be unusual, it is not unprecedented, nor is it improper. Thirty-five years ago this Court recognized the ranging powers given to it by the Constitution, and approvingly cited this language from People ex rel. Green v. Court of Appeals of Colorado, 51 L.R.A. 111:

"'The power of superintending control is an extraordinary power. It is hampered by no specific rules or means for its exercise. It is so general and comprehensive that its complete and full extent and use have practically hitherto not been fully and completely known and exemplified. It is unlimited, being bounded only by the exigencies which call for its exercise. As new instances of these occur it will be found able to cope with them. And, if required, the tribunals having authority to exercise it will, by virtue of it possess the power to invent, frame, and formulate new and additional means, writs, and processes whereby it may be exerted.'" State v.Roy, 40 N.M. 397, at 422-23, 60 P.2d 656 (1936).

This Court has, in the past, conducted evidentiary hearings, as is apparent from the Opinion of <u>In re Marron</u>, 22 N.M. 252, 160 Pac. 391 (1916); <u>Petition of Alarid</u>, No. 9580, (filed June 22, 1973). As long ago as <u>Owen v. Van Stone</u>, 17 N.M. 41, 121 Pac. 611 (1912), and as recently as <u>State Racing Comm'n v. McManus</u>, 82 N.M. 108, 476 P.2d 757, it was said that intervention by the

Supreme Court, in the exercise of its supervisory control,
"will lie even where there is a remedy by appeal, where it
is deemed to be in the public interest to settle the question
involved at the earliest moment."

Certainly, it is in the public interest to have this issue of gas production settled immediately. The world crisis is still with us; and Winter 1973 is but a cold breath away. The availability of all sources of energy is a critical issue in the welfare of the entire nation at this moment and to contemplate what petitioners' believe is inclusively provable to this Court by an evidentiary hearing, i.e., that gas reserves and gas production are actually being destroyed by the conduct of the Oil Conservation Commission and that denial of a stay order pending appeal of the decision, in view of the acute resource shortage facing the world, is unthinkable.

Potitioners urgs the Court to assume its powers in this grave and unprecedented emergency; and to grant the petitioners the opportunity to present to the Court first-hand evidence of the necessity for prompt remedial action in the form of stay of the administrative order entered in this matter.

MARCHIONDO & BERRY, P. A. Attorneys for Petitioners-Appellants P. O. Box 563 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87103

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY WILLIAM C. MARCHIONDO

William C. Marchiondo

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IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO

MICHAEL P. GRACE II and CORINNE GRACE,	)
Petitioners-Appellants	; ) ; )
Vs.	No. 9821
OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO,	)
Respondent-Appellee,	)
and	
CITIES SERVICE OIL COMPANY and the CITY OF CARLSBAD,	<b>}</b>
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APPELLEE'S MEMORANDUM BRIEF SUPPORTING DENIAL OF STAY OF JUDGMENT

### STATEMENT OF APPLICABLE PROCEEDINGS

By Order R-1670-L, the Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico ("Respondent") prorated the South Carlsbad-Morrow Gas Pool effective September 1, 1972. Michael P. Grace II and Corinne Grace ("Petitioners") timely filed a petition for review of the order and it was docketed as Civil No. 28181 in the District Court of Eddy County, New Mexico. On August 31, 1972, the District Court, pursuant to a verified motion, entered an ex parte order temporarily staying Respondent's Order R-1670-L until further order of the court.

After a one-day hearing the District Court granted Respondent's motion and on April 11, 1973, entered its order, which among other things, dissolved the temporary stay order.

On August 13, 1973, judgment was entered in favor of Respondent dismissing the petition for review. At the same time, Petitioners filed their notice of appeal and a motion for stay of judgment which was denied by the District Court.

### POINT I

PENDENCY OF PROCEEDINGS TO REVIEW AN ORDER OF RESPONDENT SHALL NOT OF ITSELF STAY OPERATION OF THE ORDER BEING REVIEWED

Petitioners' motion for stay of judgment is apparently filed under Supreme Court Rule 9(1) [§ 21-2-1(9)(1), N.M.S.A., 1953 Comp.], providing in part that: "At any time after an appeal is taken . . . the Supreme Court may, upon motion and notice, review any action of or any failure or refusal to act by, the district court dealing with supersedeas or stay." (Underlineation added.) Here there has been no failure or refusal to act for the Trial Court has once, after hearing, dissolved a temporary stay order and again, after a hearing on the petition for review, denied a motion to stay the judgment. Under the Supreme Court Rule 9(1), supra, if Petitioners are not entitled to supersedeas as a matter of right, then this Court should review the action of the Trial Court to determine if it has abused its discretion in denying suspension of the Judgment.

The filing and approval of a supersedeas bond shall have the same effect as the filing and approval of such bond in the District Court pursuant to Rule 62 [§ 21-1-1(62) N.M.S.A., 1953 Comp.] of the Rules of Civil Procedure. Supreme Court Rule 9(3) [§ 21-2-1(9)(3) N.M.S.A., 1953 Comp.]. Rule 62 of the Rules of Civil Procedure, supra, governs the stay of proceedings to enforce a judgment. When an appeal is taken appellant, by giving a supersedeas bond, may obtain a stay of judgment subject to the exceptions contained in Rule 62(a)

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and (c). supra. It is made discretionary with the court rendering judgment to allow a supersedeas in actions for an injunction or receivership (Rule 62[a]) supra), and in contested elections, mandamus, removal of public officers, quo warranto or prohibition (Rule 62[c], supra).

Are the enumerated exceptions in Rule 62, supra the only actions where the District Court has the discretion to deny supersedeas? Rule 1 of the Rules of Civil Procedure (§ 21-1-1 N.M.S.A., 1953 Comp.):

These rules govern the procedure in the district courts of New Mexico in all suits of a civil nature whether cognizable as cases at law or in equity, except in special statutory and summary proceedings where existing rules are inconsistent herewith. (Underlineation added.)

It was held in Carpenter vs. Pacific Mutual Life Insurance Company, 89 P.2d 637 (1939 Calif.) that supersedeas under the Code of Civil Procedure was not applicable to a special proceeding under the California Insurance Code. The Rules of Civil Procedure have been held inapplicable to certain special statutory proceedings inconsistent with the rules. Trujillo vs. Trujillo, 52 N.M. 258, 197 P.2d 421 (1948);

Montoya vs. McManus, 68 N.M. 381, 362 P.2d 771 (1961), election proceedings; State ex rel State Highway Commission vs. Burks, 79 N.M. 373, 443 P.2d 866 (1968), eminent domain proceedings; Guthrie vs. Threlkeld Co., 52 N.M. 93, 192 P.2d 307 (1948).

Although supersedeas may be available as a matter of right in proceedings to review orders and decisions of other administrative tribunals, by statute it is expressly made discretionary in proceedings to review orders of the Oil Conservation Commission. However, § 48-16-8 N.M.S.A., 1953 Comp., provides that findings of the Commissioner of Banking with respect to installment savings-investment certificates shall remain in full force and effect during the pendency of actions for review. § 65-3-22, N.M.S.A., 1953 Comp., dealing with rehearings and appeals from orders of the Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico, provides in part:



- The pendency of proceedings to review shall not of itself stay or suspend operation of the order or decision being reviewed, but during the pendency of such proceedings, the district court in its discretion may, upon its own motion or upon proper application of any party thereto, stay or suspend, in whole or in part, operation of said order or decision pending review thereof, on such terms as the court deems just and proper and in accordance with the practice of courts exercising equity jurisdiction; Provided, that the court, as a condition to any such staying or suspension of operation of an order or decision may require that one (1) or more parties secure, in such form and amount as the court may deem just and proper, one (1) or more other parties against loss or damage due to the staying or suspension of the commission's order or decision, in the event that the action of the commission shall be affirmed. (Underlineation added.)
- (d) The applicable rules of practice and procedure in civil cases for the courts of this state shall govern the proceedings for review, and any appeal therefrom to the Supreme Court of this state, to the extent such rules are consistent with provisions of this act. (Underlineation added.)



At least to the extent that § 65-3-22(c), supra, is a special statutory proceeding providing that petitions for review do not

in themselves suspend operation of the order which is being reviewed, it is inconsistent with the Rules of Civil Procedure. In such proceedings a stay of judgment is discretionary with the District Court.

#### POINT II

THE BURDEN IS ON PETITIONERS TO SHOW THAT THE DISTRICT COURT ABUSED ITS DISCRETION IN DENYING A STAY OF THE JUDGMENT

Three actions were taken by the District Court with respect to suspension of Respondent's Order R-1670-L, viz. the temporary stay order, the order dissolving the temporary stay order, and after judgment the order denying the motion to stay judgment. A transcript of the March 7, 1973, hearing on Respondent's motion to quash the temporary stay order (where the question was the propriety of staying Respondent's Order R-1670-L) is available for Supreme Court review. The ruling of the trial court is presumed valid and the burden is on appellant to show the manner in which the trial court abused its discretion.

Coastal Plains Oil Company vs. Douglas, 69 N.M. 68, 364 P.2d 131 (1961). The Supreme Court will not substitute its discretion for that of the trial court.

Appellant bears a heavy burden in view of the long-standing rule that the Supreme Court will not overturn the action of the trial court absent a patent abuse or manifest error in the exercise of the discretion. State ex rel Meyers Co. vs. Raynolds, 22 N.M. 473, 164 P. 830 (1917); Martinez vs. Cook, 57 N.M. 263, 258 P.2d 375 (1953); In re Stern's Will, 61 N.M. 446, 301 P.2d 1094 (1956); Coastal Plains Oil Company vs. Douglas, supra.

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# CONCLUSION

Petitioners, as a matter of right, are not entitled to a stay of judgment. This very question was the subject of judicial inquiry before the trial judge in a hearing that took one full day and produced the voluminous testimony which has been presented to the Court. The trial judge heard the evidence in full. After hearing the testimony, viewing the witnesses and considering the exhibits, he vacated the temporary order staying (or superseding) operations of the Commission order. On two occasions the trial court has exercised its discretion in denying Appellants' motions. No patent abuse of discretion has been shown. Appellants' motion should be denied.

Respectfully submitted,

A. J. Losee, Special Assistant Attorney General, Representing the Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico

#### IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO

MICHAEL P. GRACE II and CORINNE GRACE,

Petitioners-Appellants,

vs.

982-No. <del>9866</del>-

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO,

Respondent-Appellee

District Court File No. 28181

and

CITIES SERVICE OIL COMPANY and CITY OF CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO,

Intervenors.

# PETITION FOR STAY OF JUDGMENT

COME NOW the petitioners-appellants and move the Court, in exercise of its original jurisdiction under Supreme Court Rule 9 and superintending control under Article VI, Section 3, of the New Mexico Constitution, for a rehearing on their motion for a stay in the captioned matter and for the granting of an order of this Court staying the judgment of the lower court and the order of the Oil Conservation Commission of the State of New Mexico, and on behalf of said petition would state as follows:

1. That petitioners-appellants have heretofore filed a petition for a stay order which was disallowed by this Court and subsequently filed a petition for rehearing and evidentiary hearing on motion for stay of judgment which was disallowed; that since the entry of the last order above-mentioned, the Honorable N. Randolph Reese entered an opinion of the court a Cause No. 182, entitled Michael P. Grace II and Corinne

Grace, Petitioners, vs. Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico, Respondent, wherein he ruled that the Oil Conservation Commission acted unreasonably, arbitrarily, unlawfully, and capriciously; that in said cause the court had before it the same transcript and evidence that the Oil Conservation Commission considered in rendering its decision in the within cause as per the attached affidavit of Frederick B. Howden, member of the bar of the State of New Mexico.

- 2. That as a result of Judge Reese's decision and the decision of Judge Paul Snead, there are presently two diametrically opposed decisions concerning the acts of the Oil Conservation Commission of the State of New Mexico arising from the same evidence and concerning the same purpose; that by virtue of the entry of the opinion of Judge Reese, it is quite apparent that the appeal of the appellants herein has merit and is not frivolous and it is further apparent that the persons most likely to suffer damage herein are appellants.
- 3. That the oil and gas supply of the world and particularly the United States is critical.
- 4. That the field from which petitioners-appellants wells are producing has an abundant supply of gas.
- 5. That production in greater quantity than is presently allowed under Oil Conservation Commission Order No. R-1670-L will have no deleterious effect upon gas reserves or market demand.
- 6. That unless the order of the Commission be stayed true waste and destruction of correlative rights shall result.

7. That the requirements of consumers for gas producible from petitioners' wells far outweigh a theoretical and erroneous assumption that the wells affected by this order were overproducing.

MARCHIONDO & BERRY, P. A. Attorneys for Petitioners-Appellants P. O. Box 568 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87103

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# IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO

MICHAEL P. GRACE II and CORINNE GRACE,

Petitioners-Appellants,

vs.

No. 9866

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO,

Respondent-Appellee

District Court File No. 28181

and

CITIES SERVICE OIL COMPANY and CITY OF CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO,

Intervenors.

# AFFIDAVIT

- I, FREDERICK B. HOWDEN, being first duly sworn on oath, depose and state:
- and Corinne Grace in Cause 28182, entitled Michael P. Grace II and Corinne Grace, Petitioners vs. Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico, Respondent; that said appeal to the District Court arose out of a hearing before the Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico wherein that case, among others, was consolidated before the New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission with Case 4694, being the Oil Conservation Commission number allotted to Cause 28182 and Case 4693 being allotted to the within cause; that on Page 2A of the hearing before the Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit 1, both cases were consolidated.

- 2. That in the appeal before the District Court of Eddy County, I submitted briefs in connection with the appeal asserting that the Oil Conservation Commission acted unreasonably, unlawfully, arbitrarily, and capriciously in allocating the production from the Carlsbad-Strawn solely upon the basis of the surface acreage involved in the Oil Conservation Commission's definition of the pool; that on the second day of November 1973, the Honorable N. Randolph Reese entered an opinion of the court, a copy of said opinion being attached hereto as Exhibit 2, wherein the Court ruled that our contention was correct.
- 3. That at the request of William C. Marchiondo, attorney for the petitioners-appellants herein, I have examined the transcript of the Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico as it applies to the Carlsbad-Strawn hearing and have determined in view of the consolidation the evidence submitted on the Carlsbad-Morrow; that a copy of the face sheet regarding said hearing and the transcript prepared from said hearing before the Oil Conservation Commission of the State of New Mexico is attached hereto as Exhibit 3; that from an examination of the transcript the Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico relied upon the same testimony in rendering its decision in both cases utilizing the surface acreage in allocating production from the respective pools.

FREDERICK B. HOWDEN

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this 23rd day of November, 1973.

Notary Public

My commission expires: April 17, 1976

MR. PORTER: The Hearing will come to order.

I should have made the announcement earlier this morning.

I did make it last evening and most of you were here, in regard to Governor King who had to cancel out at the last minute. I was in his office at 10:30 o'clock the day before yesterday before I came down to Hobbs and he had already made reservations and fully intended to come to the Hearing.

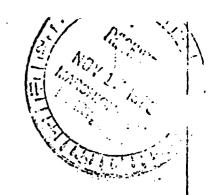
As you know, Governor King is very much interested in the affairs of the Oil and Gas Industry and the development of resources in the State. He also wanted to come to Hobbs and was extremely sorry he could not be here. Things came up that required him to cancel his appearance. He asked me to express his regrets to you that he could not be here.

We will take Cases 4693 and 4694.

# MR. HATCH

MR HATCH: I have asked that Cases 4693 and 4694, having to do with instituting proration in the South Carlsbad Morrow Gas Pool and the South Carlsbad Strawn Gas Pool be consolidated for the purpose of this Hearing only. There will be two separate Orders that will be written by the Commission.

The Commission will have two witnesses, Mr. Stamets and Mr. Utz. The two pipe line companies who purchase gas



# IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF EDDY COUNTY STATE OF NEW MEXICO

MORRIS R. ANTWEIL, DELTA DRILLING COMPANY and MABEE PETROLEUM COMPANY,

Petitioners,

~VS-

No. 28180

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO,

Respondent.

and

MICHAEL P. GRACE II and CORINNE GRACE;

Petitioners,

-VS-

No. 28182

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO,

Respondent.

# OPINION OF THE COURT

The Oil Conservation Commission, in consolidated cases, heard testimony of their employees and of the parties and their witnesses in connection with the prorationing of gas under both the Carlsbad-Morrow and the Carlsbad-Strawn Pools at and near Carlsbad, New Mexico.

This opinion deals solely with the Carlsbad-Strawn and it is the Opinion of the Court that the Oil Conservation Commission

acted unreasonably, unlawfully, arbitrarily and capriciously in altocating the production from the Carlabad-Strawn solely upon the basis of the surface acreage involved in the Oil Conservation Commission's definition of the pool, and therefore, that portion of :Commission Order R-1670-M is void and should be set aside.

out the law under which they were setting the allowables for said field in that, Section 65-3-14A of the 1953 New Mexico Statutes

Annotated, requires the Commission to afford to the owner of each property in a pool the opportunity to produce his just and equitable share of the oil and gas, or both, in the pool, being an amount, so far as can be practically determined, in so far as can be practically obtained without waste, substantially in proportion that the quantity of the recoverable oil or gas, or both, under such property bears to the total recoverable oil or gas, or both, in the pool, and for this purpose to use his just and equitable share of the reservoir energy.

The Oil Commission, in posting its 100% Surface Acreage formula, called attention to the fact that other fields in the State were operating on a Surface Acreage formula without stating whether or not any of such fields had been so established over the objection or protest of any operators or owners therein; together with the testimony of one of the Oil Conservation Commission's employees that it would be difficult to obtain a fair reservoir and tract gas reserve figure. The undisputed evidence of the Petitioners was that the foundationary facts as required by both the above

quoted statute and Section 65-3-29H, 1953 NMSA, and the cases of Continental Oil Company versus Oil Conservation Commission, 70 New Mexico 310, 373 Pacific Second 809 and El Paso Natural Gas Company versus Oil Conservation Commission, 76 New Mexico 268, 414 Pacific Second 496, could be ascertained by standard geological and engineering practices. These Statutes and cases, definitely require the Oil Commission, in carrying out its duty, to find: (1) The amount of recoverable gas under each producers' tract; (2) The total amount of recoverable gas in the pool; (3) The proportion that the total amount of recoverable gas under each producers' tract bears to the total amount of recoverable gas in the pool and; (4) What proportion of the arrived at proportion can be recovered without waste. The El Paso case relaxed the Continental Oil Company case to the extent that it held the foundationary facts, or their equivalents, are necessary requisites to the validity of an order replacing a formula in current use and, in the mind of the Court, such requirements would be necessary to establish a new order in the first instance. The witness Stametz having testified to the conclusion that it would not be practical to determine the foundationary facts in this case, did admit that under engineering and geological principles that the reservoir capacity could be determined and the tract reserves for each producing tract could also be determined after expenditures and work. It is the opinion of the Court that this conclusion of impractibility will not stand as substantial evidence in the face of such an admission and of the undisputed testimony of the witnesses Williams and Raney who

both testified at length as to the manner of determining the reservoir reserves and the tract reserves and the manner of allowing each producer to produce his fair share of the reserves and for his use of a fair share of the reservoir energy in so producting. The undisputed testimony is that the wells in the Carlsbad-Strawn vary greatly as to productibility and reserves and that a Surface Acreage allocation would violate, instead of protecting, correlative rights; in that the wells within the tracts having the greatest amount of reserves, would only be allowed to produce an equal amount to the wells with a great deal less reserves and energy so that, according, to the findings of the Commission, there would be drainage uncompensated from the higher capacity wells to the weaker wells which could still produce the allowable.

From the foregoing, it follows that the Commission's Findings of Fact, numbered 66, 69, 73, 74, 78, 80 and 82, are not supported by substantial evidence.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED by the Court that Findings of Fact, numbered 66, 69, 73, 74, 78, 80 and 82, are null and void and the same are vacated and held for naught, and;

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED by the Court that that portion of Oil Conservation Commission Order R-1670-M, denominated Special Rules C.8(A) be, and the same is hereby, set aside as null and void as a result of unreasonable, unlawful, arbitrary and capricious action on the part of the Oil Conservation Commission and that this case be remanded to the Oil Conservation Commission with directions to fix an allocation formula in compliance with the applicable provisions of law.

DONE this and day of November, 1973.

District Juige Philippen

209 SIMMS BLDG. # P.O. BOX 1092 #PHONE 243 48891 #ALBUQUEROUE, NEW MEXICO 87103 First national bank bldg. East \*albuqueroug, new mexico 87108

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BUFORE THE
              NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMUNICATION
                         CITY HALL BUILDING
                          HOBBS, NEW MEXICO
                                                  STATE OF THE WAY
                        April 19 & 20, 1972
                                                    COUNTY OF 11
 3
                         COMMISSION HEARING
 4
                                                   FRANCES M. WILCOX
5
                                                  Chark of the District Court
    IN THE MATTER OF:
6
    The hearing called by the Oil Conservation )
    Commission on its own motion to consider
7
    instituting gas prorationing in the
                                                      Case No. 4693
    South Carlsbad-Morrow Gas Pool and the
                                                          and
8
    South Carlsbad-Strawn Gas Pool, Eddy
                                                      Case No. 4694
    County, New Mexico
9
10
    BEFORE:
              State Geologist A. L. Porter, Jr., Secretary-Director
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              Land Commissioner Alex Armijo, Member
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                        TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING
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#### OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

P. O. BOX 2088 SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO 87501

December 19, 1973

A. J. Losee, Esq. Losee & Carson P. O. Box 239 Artasia, New Mexico 88210

Dear Jerry:

Enclosed are certain affidavits filed by the Graces on December 12 with the Supreme Court. They gave me these copies at that time.

As you will note in the Petition for Rehearing, which we received today, John Otto makes reference to certain of these affidevits, but true to form, did not attach them.

I am, therefore, sending them to you.

Very truly yours,

WILLIAM F. CARR General Counsel

WFC/dr

enclosure

# OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION P. O. BOX 2088 SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO 87501

December 12, 1973

Mr. A. J. Losee P. O. Box 239 Artesia, New Mexico 88210

Dear Jerry:

The Supreme Court, today, denied the Grace's Petition for Stay of Judgment in Case 9821.

I am returning to you, herewith, the transcripts that you sent to me last week. Thank you for your help with this motion.

Very truly yours,

WILLIAM F. CARR General Counsel

WFC/dr

enclosure

LAW OFFICES

#### LOSEE & CARSON, P.A.

A, J, LOSEE JOEL M, CARSON 300 AMERICAN HOME BUILDING
P. O. DRAWER 239
ARTESIA, NEW MEXICO 88210

AREA CODE 505 746-3508

#### 3 December 1973

Mrs. Rose Marie Alderete
Clerk of the Supreme Court of New Mexico
P. O. Box 848
Supreme Court Building
Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501

Re: Michael P. Grace, et ux., vs. Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico - Cities Service Oil Company and City of Carlsbad, New Mexico, No. 9866

Dear Mrs. Alderete:

Enclosed for filing please find Response of Oil Conservation Commission and Cities Service to Petition for Stay of Judgment.

Very truly yours,

LOSEE & CARSON, P.A.

AJL/dae

Enclosure

cc: Marchiondo & Berry

Mr. Michael F. McCormick Mr. Jason W. Kellahin Mr. William F. Carr LAW OFFICES

#### LOSEE & CARSON, P.A.

A.J. LOSEE JOEL M. CARSON 300 AMERICAN HOME BUILDING
P. O. DRAWER 239
ARTESIA, NEW MEXICO 88210

AREA CODE 505 746-3508

30 November 1973

Mr. William F. Carr, Attorney Oil Conservation Commission P. O. Box 2088 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501

Dear Bill:

As requested, we herewith enclose Transcript of Proceedings, Volumes 1 and 2, on the March 2, 1973, stay order hearing in the District Court of Eddy County, No. 28181, Michael P. Grace II vs. Oil Conservation Commission et al.

Very truly yours,

LOSEE & CARSON, P.A.

A. J. Losee

AJL:jw Enclosures

# OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION P. O. BOX 2088 SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO 87501

November 30, 1973

A. J. Losee, Esq. P. O. Box 239 Artesia, New Mexico 88210

Dear Jerry:

Enclosed is the Commission's Response to Petition for Stay of Judgment with an attached Affidavit and exhibits. If this meets with your approval, would you date the certification of service on the last page of the Response and mail the original to the Supreme Court and copies to Marchiondo and Mike McCormick.

If you have any questions about it, please check with Jason, as I will be out of the office until Thursday.

I appreciate your help with this matter.

Very truly yours,

WILLIAM F. CARR General Counsel

WFC/dr enclosure