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### NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

COMMISSION	HEARING		
SANTA	A FE	, new	MEXICO

TIME: 9:00 A.M. JANUARY 21, 1976 Hearing Date\_ REPRESENTING LOCATION Lanuel buckle 1 candl athente Markerite HOUSTON, TX HMORO PRID. Co. DAN CURRENS Housten tex Caro Huss Houston , 1-JOHN HUNTER Amoro Lausrow, Tx House GUY BUELL Deange 1. Richs A.R.Co. Hobbs, Santa de Mnitgruny It il S. G. Briell Nalles, TX Treadment hay i shy James & Dhyh oclissa Der Eastmon Whipstock RAThirkers Milla d Tx Eartman Whipstock Bo Cocto malked, Tay. Castman Mapstock EH Miglassa ATLANTIC RICHFIELD Co. Hidland Texas HUGH CHRISTIANSON Raymond E. Howord

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1 2	NEW MEXICO OIL CONS Santa Fe,	E THE ERVATION COMMISSION New Mexico 21, 1976	
3 4 5	COMMISSIC	N HEARING	
6 7 8	IN THE MATTER OF:  Application of Robert G.  amendment of Order No. R- County, New Mexico.		CASE 5571 (De Novo)
10 11 12 13 14	BEFORE: Joe D. Ramey, Director Phil Lucero, Member  Daniel S. Nutter Richard L. Stamets  TRANSCRIPT	or OF HEARING	
16	APPEA	RANCES	
17	For the New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission:	William F. Carr, Esc Legal Counsel for th State Land Office Bu Santa Fe, New Mexico	ne Commissior uilding
19 20 21 22	For the Applicant:	James E. Day, Jr. Es FREEDMAN, DAY & IVY Attorneys at Law Adolphus Tower Dallas, Texas 75202	sq.
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## APPEARANCES CONTINUED

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P. O. Box 3092 Houston, Texas

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docket.

MR. CARR:

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Case 5571, application of Robert G. Cox

MR. RAMEY: We will take the next case on the

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to do with whether or not the production from the Cox lease communicates, or if it does, in what way it communicates with the Empire-Abo field.

Concerning the first part, in May of 1973 Mr. Cox appeared before this Commission, or the Examiner for the Commission, and obtained a drilling permit allowing him to deviate a well within one hundred feet of the surface location The time was running out on that lease a few months later, it was a Federal lease but before its expiration Amoco drilled a test well on the Cox lease. He learned of this later, which had the effect of relieving him of having to develop that lease in order to extend it. The effect of that drilling by Amoco extended the lease to August 31st, 1975. The Amoco well was drilled without the knowledge of Mr. Cox when they commenced. He later asked for a log on the drilling well, on the well that was completed. Amoco felt that they could not release it. He contacted me, I contacted Amoco, they had the same feeling but later on they released the log to some of the shallow rights that belonged to Mr. Cox. The deep rights belonged to Amoco.

A few months after that, the first of '75, I believe it was, there was a fire in Mr. Cox's office. It destroyed most of his records and smoke damaged the balance of them.

He was attempting to restore these records to meet his obligations to drill other drilling wells and commitments, as well as

this well that is the subject of this hearing today.

At the very time that it was close to the expiration of the subject lease he retained an engineer and a whipstock service company and trusted his memory as to the permit which had been destroyed and in a hurry got a drilling contractor at an expensive rate and completed the well.

The Commission will hear testimony today that the operator requested that the well be directed toward the north. We will hear conflicting testimony to some degree from the Eastman people who were the whipstock service people, that the target area was to the northwest.

Unfortunately, Mr. Ratts the engineer who Mr. Cox hired for this well is unavailable today, he was sitting on another well and could not appear.

The well was commenced, the drilling superintendent called Mr. Cox long distance to inform him that he was concerned about the direction of the well. Mr. Cox will testify that he looked into the matter and came out to the lease site, employed additional Dyna tool drills at an expense to him to try to turn the well back and time is running out and, of course, great expense was incurred and as a practical matter and the economics considered, the well was finally bottomed.

I do not think there will be any conflicting testimony that the well is bottomed on Mr. Cox's lease or that

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Mr. Cox has oil under his lease.

Mr. Cox immediately divulged and disclosed this deviation in directional and bottoming to the Commission and then applied for an application to permit this well to be completed at that location and to be allowed to be produced.

The other part of it has to do with the reservoir communication or what you might call the correlative rights. At the hearing in October when the application, which is the subject matter before this Commission now was first heard, Mr. Cox introduced into the record his geological opinion. Amoco and Arco moved for a continuance in order to study these opinions and give it time to prepare its case in light of such That hearing was continued until November. that hearing I appeared with Mr. Buell and the matter was concluded adversely to Mr. Cox. The decision came out approximately a month later, just before the holidays. a discussion with his attorneys, Mr. Cox felt and as his attorney I so advised that an in-depth study of the reservoir should be made and that he should employee an engineer, if possible, who was familiar with the field. He ultimately located and retained such an engineer but said engineer informed him that he was not able to even commence the studies that were necessary for this matter until February 4th, 1976.

We will ask the Commission for a continuance until such time as that part of the case can be heard, which we

suggest as February 24th after consulting with dockets and the time the engineer needs, I believe the Commission meets on Tuesdays, in order that we might submit to the Commission what we feel is the necessary in-depth study of the field and its correlative rights. If the Commission pleases, we are ready to commence unless there are comments from other counsels.

MR. RAMEY: Are there other opening statements?
Mr. Buell?

MR. G. BUELL: Yes, Mr. Ramey, if I may. I will be very brief.

I would like to point out that as this case develops

I believe the Commission will see that there was no attempt

whatsoever on the part of Mr. Cox to either, one, comply with

the Commission order which authorized him to directionally

drill, or, two, to even begin to comply with his sworn testimory

presented in May of 1973, upon which the order was based.

As this record unfolds you will see that actually the Commission was more generous to him as a result of that May 1973 hearing than really what he asked for. Mr. Cox will testify or the record shows that he testified at that hearing he wanted to kick out of the old hole at about forty-three hundred feet and then drill a straight hole to the Abo reservoir. The kick-out point at forty-three hundred feet was well within a hundred feet of the surface location. The Commission rather than restricting him to just that area, gave

him authority to bottom the well anywhere within a hundred feet of the surface location of the well. So in truth, in fact, you gave him much more flexibility than he swore that he actually needed. This record will show that he made no effort to comply with either the order or to comply with his sworn testimony.

With regard to the test well that Amoco drilled on this lease, it is my understanding that Mr. Cox had the rights down to sixty-two hundred feet, which would include the Abo formation and we had the deeper rights. Our well was a test well to the Morrow. We released to Mr. Cox a log of our test well above sixty-two hundred feet, in that that was our understanding of his ownership in this lease, above sixty-two hundred feet. We didn't release it to anyone else, we thought that would be unjust to Mr. Cox in that he did have an expiring lease, so we didn't release the log to others but we did give Mr. Cox a copy down to sixty-two hundred feet.

I think the record of this case as it unfolds will show beyond a shadow of a doubt, that the bottom-hole target location that Mr. Cox wanted for his well was fifty feet from the north line of his lease and fifty feet from the west line. They did not hit that target precisely, as the evidence will reflect. The well ended up approximately nine feet from their west lease line, which is only nine feet from the east line of our offsetting lease.

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Now, with regard to the continuance, Mr. Day is absolutely correct. At the October 8th hearing Amoco did move for a continuance. We moved for a continuance because we were surprised by the evidence that Mr. Cox presented, that his bottom-hole location had, in fact, been completed in a virgin reservoir that had not heretofore been produced in the Empire-Abo field and actually he testified that there was no well in the Empire-Abo pool that was capable of producing from it. At that time Mr. Cox had not released the log of his directionally controlled well, so we had no geological data in that regard at all. So that's the reason we moved for a continuance, which was granted.

Amoco would certainly have no objection to a reasonable continuance at this time for Mr. Cox. We would be happy to accommodate him. We do believe a continuance to the last of February is not reasonable. Amoco is perfectly willing and will so stipulate that we will agree to a continuance for the other phase of this case to February 5th. That's over two weeks from today, it's the day after the next Examiner hearing.

Also, I don't know what engineer Mr. Cox has selected but I believe that engineer could finish that work in that amount of time. Mr. Cox has all of the data. Mr. Cox has already made his own intensive geological study of the formations under this lease and in effect Mr. Cox is prepared

to hand to whatever engineer he selected, practically the entire case as far as collecting and gathering data and things of that nature.

So, Amoco has no objection to a continuance to February 5th; we would oppose a continuance to the last part of February.

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Hinkle?

MR. HINKLE: I think Mr. Buell has covered very aptly the first part of the case. As far as the continuance is concerned, Atlantic Richfield would have no objection to the continuance to February 5th as suggested by Mr. Buell.

MR. DAY: May I rebut very briefly? I'm not trying to be argumentative.

MR. RAMEY: Yes, Mr. Day.

MR. DAY: As far as the statement of Mr. Buell about the testimony in the first hearing of May of 1973, there is in the record a question by Mr. Hinkle to the then engineer, Mr. Allspaugh of Mr. Cox's employment. Unfortunately, Mr. Allspaugh between that time and the time the well was commenced moved his residence to Kansas and was not available to serve on this well that was drilled, the one before the Commission.

In that question he said, he asked how far is it off of there? This is talking about kicking out on the first deviation. The answer of the engineer at that juncture was: Approximately ninety-five feet west of the surface location, approximately

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eight feet south.

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In summation Mr. Hinkle made the statement, "Are you willing to drill the well with the provision in the order that you will not crowd the lease line any closer than one hundred and sixty feet?"

So I do feel that the order that came out was fair and not any gratuity in favor of Mr. Cox. I think the Commission ruled fairly in its total consideration of the testimony in that hearing.

As far as the intentions of Mr. Cox, may I point out that the total lease expenditure by Mr. Cox and his investors to date is somewhere around six hundred thousand dollars. On this single well alone they spent two hundred and seventy-four thousand dollars, a good deal of it in trying to control the direction of the well. It would be very fatuous for Mr. Cox to gamble two hundred and seventy-four thousand dollars on the chance that his well would be allowed to produce if he intentionally drilled to this area. has been nothing more than absolutely frank, his candor has come out in that he has not attempted to hide or conceal He has testified before, before the Examiner of this Commission, that he trusted his memory, that he went without the permit and bottomed where he did and disclosed all of the facts. There is no indication at all that he tried to be devious in this matter, in any matter, except to divulge

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the full facts to the Commission and to try to show the Commission that it was an unintentional directional, an unintentional violation of the Commission's drilling permit, that he bottomed where it did under the economic and practical aspects at that time, that he is bottomed on his lease, that he has oil under his lease, which is admitted, that he be allowed under some formula to produce.

As far as the time element goes, the Commission has heretofore seen the statement of the engineer witness of Mr.

Cox. In that statement which was displayed to the Commission earlier by Mr. Buell's office, Sumner Buell, the witness stated that he could not possibly commence his study until February 4th. To give him reasonable time to finish it and with some consideration I'll admit, to my own trial docket, I do urge that February 24th be granted. I see no injury to the field or to the other parties. We are not calling back subpoened witnesses, we are volunteering appearing with our witnesses and urge the Commission to consider that date under such circumstances that may seem fair to all parties.

MR. RAMEY: We will make a decision on that later.
Mr. Buell?

MR. G. BUELL: May it please the Commission, I have a feeling and my feeling has already been proven by no farther along than we are this morning, that we are going to be referring continuously back to the record of the May 1973

hearing, we're going to be referring back continuously to the record in Mr. Cox's application before the Examiner for an amendment to an order that issued as a result of the May '73 case, I wonder if it would be more of a convenience to the Commission, as well as all of the parties, if we would incorporate into the record of this De Novo case, the record of Case Number 4970, the case that was held on May 23rd, 1973, as well as Case Number 5571, that was the case before the examiner that was held on October the 8th and November the 19th, 1975 and I so move, Mr. Ramey.

MR. RAMEY: Are there any objections?

MR. DAY: Mr. Ramey, we object to that because we feel that this is a De Novo hearing, those parts of the record that Mr. Buell would like to cross examine Mr. Cox on or any of our witnesses, he can feel free to use them as impeachment and that purpose only and we object to the introduction of the record in toto.

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Buell, we are going to deny your motion. However, you can refer to the previous cases for any information you deem fit and proper and that would apply to this case.

MR. G. BUELL: All right, sir, I'll be happy to work in that manner, Mr. Ramey, but I hope you won't get impatient with me. It is going to make the hearing last longer and I do beg your indulgence on referring back to the prior cases

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but actually Case 4970 is the bedrock for this De Novo case that is before you today and if the applicant doesn't want that record in this case and you've sustained his objection, well, we'll sure operate in that way, Mr. Ramey.

MR. RAMEY: Okay, we have kind of changed our opinion We will allow the incorporation of Case 4970 into this record. We will not allow the incorporation of Case 5571 in the record and you may again refer to it, any portions of Case 5571 that you deem necessary.

Thank you, Mr. Ramey. Could I make MR. G. BUELL: this further suggestion to the Commission? We'll also be referring to the exhibits that were introduced at the October 8th portion and the November 19th Examiner hearing. it would avoid confusion for the Commission, as well as confusion to we participants, Mr. Sumner Buell, if we could agree on a procedure by which we would start numbering the exhibits that will be presented at this De Novo hearing, consecutively after the exhibits in the Examiner hearing. For instance, the last exhibit that Mr. Cox introduced in the Examiner hearing was Exhibit Eleven and I suggest that we start out today numbering his exhibits twelve for De Novo so that it will be definitely ascertainable in the record, the exhibits that were introduced here, because we will be continuously referring to exhibits that were introduced in these prior cases.

MR. RAMEY: You will re-introduce the exhibits from Case 5571?

MR. DAY: If the Commission please, I don't quite understand Mr. Buell's statement. One, may I respectfully enter our objection into the record to the introduction of the testimony on Case 4970 in toto.

As far as the exhibits that we may present today,

I would prefer in my control of the hearing and my presentation
of the hearing that the Commission to have our witness
introduce the exhibits as he arrives at that point in his
testimony. As far as the engineering feature of the correlative
rights which we feel apparently we will have some kind of
continuance, we will reserve any exhibits that we have in that
area until such time as that hearing comes before the
Commission and at that time we would hopefully expedite and
have them numbered in advance of that hearing.

MR. RAMEY: It has been suggested by Commissioner Lucero that perhaps the three of you should get together and work out a numbering system.

MR. G. BUELL: I don't quite understand you, Mr. Ramey.

MR. RAMEY: It has been suggested by Commissioner Lucero that we take a five minute recess and you all get together and work out a numbering system on your exhibits but we would request that a DN be put in after each exhibit

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number, so that we can --

MR. G. BUELL: My only purpose is to avoid confusion.

MR. LUCERO: Excuse me, that's why I made that suggestion. Why don't we have the attorneys get together and work out your numbering system on your exhibits and use them from here on.

> Thank you, sir. MR. DAY:

(THEREUPON, a short recess was taken.)

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Guy Buell?

MR. G. BUELL: May it please the Commission, while we haven't reached an agreement, we have reached an accord. The applicant would prefer to start out with his exhibits that he will present today with a number one and we have agreed that all of the exhibits that will be introduced today will be identified DN Number One, Number Two, Number Three, according to the presenter.

MR. RAMEY: Thank you, Mr. Buell.

MR. DAY: I so stipulate.

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Day, you may proceed.

Thank you, sir. MR. DAY:

MR. G. BUELL: And if it please the Commission, if all of us in referring back to prior exhibits and comparing with the exhibits that will be introduced today, will be extremely careful to make that distinction in our questions

and in our answers, perhaps we can avoid too much confusion in the record.

MR. RAMEY: I would suggest that.

MR. DAY: May it please the Commission, we will have just one witness. I understand that Amoco or Arco subpoened other witnesses which they may present and subject to my cross examination.

At this time we will call Mr. Robert G. Cox.

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Day, before we proceed I would like to ask Mr. Cox a couple of questions, if I may?

MR. DAY: Yes, sir.

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Cox, you are probably aware at this time that the Commission has had an inquiry from the USGS, from Senator Jackson's office and I wonder if you could enlighten us any on what might have transpired?

MR. COX: Yes, sir, one of my clients when I told them we could not get a continuation of the De Novo hearing, that I had not had an opportunity to get an expert witness and have my exhibits prepared that I wanted to render to the Commission at the De Novo hearing, he apparently contacted Senator Jackson or someone in Senator Jackson's office and the night before I came out here I got a request from someone in Senator Jackson's office to send them a telegram to that effect, that I had requested a continuation and it had been denied and I was not prepared to testify before the Commission

based on the fact that my attorney that was slated to be, one of my attorneys, was slated to be in court during the time of the hearing and also the expert witness would not be available to meet with me until after February 4th and I had to go to Artesia to meet with him. And that is the summation of what I know happened. They asked me to send them a telegram to that effect and I did and I had no knowledge that they had contacted the Commission.

MR. RAMEY: Senator Jackson's office asked you to send a telegram?

MR. COX: Yes, sir.

MR. RAMEY: And they dictated the telegram to you in essence?

MR. COX: In essence.

MR. RAMEY: There is another name that has popped up. Do you know Mr. Lynn O'Connor?

MR. COX: Yes, I do.

MR. RAMEY: What is --

MR. COX: Lynn O'Connor is my brother-in-law. He is an investor with me in a number of ventures.

MR. RAMEY: Would this have been the investor that started this business?

MR. COX: It probably was. It was, yes, sir.

MR. RAMEY: Thank you.

MR. COX: I'm not only speaking for Lynn O'Connor,

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other investors, you know, are concerned too and there might have been other inquiries besides his.

MR. RAMEY: Thank you. I just wanted to make sure that the integrity of this Commission was not being challenged

MR. COX: No, sir, it was not.

MR. RAMEY: You may proceed, Mr. Day.

MR. DAY: If it please, in an examination of this witness, I feel that perhaps a narrative testimony would be the best and the simplest and the briefest way to get at it. I may intersperse some questions from time to time but if we may proceed by narrative testimony from him I feel that is best and I urge the Commission to allow that. May I examine the witness from the table?

MR. RAMEY: Yes, you certainly may.

### ROBERT G. COX

called as a witness, having been first duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

### DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. DAY:

- Q. Mr. Cox, would you give the Commission your full name, please?
  - A. Robert G. Cox.
  - Q. And where do you live, Mr. Cox?

		Page22
	Α.	I live at 4808 Ridgeside Drive, Dallas, Texas.
	Q.	And what kind of business are you in?
	A.	I'm a petroleum geologist.
	Q.	As such, what duties do you perform?
	А.	I both operate wells, drill wells, watch wells,
set	up dr	illing programs and so forth.
	Q.	Do you drill for yourself?
	A.	Yes, sir.
	Q.	How many employees do you have?
	A.	One.
	Q.	How many employees maximum have you had during
the	years	1973 to 1976, to date? At any one time?
	A.	At any one time, three, including myself.
	Q.	You have appeared before the Commission on various
hear	ings l	pefore?
	A.	The Texas Commission twice.
	Q.	I mean the Oil Conservation Commission for the
Stat	e of 1	New Mexico.
	A.	In May of '73 and in October of '75 and November
of '	75.	
		MR. DAY: May I submit the qualifications of the
witr	ness a	s having heretofore testified before the Commission?
		MR. RAMEY: Yes, we consider the witness qualified,
Mr.	Day.	
		MR. DAY: Thank you.

	Q.		(Mr.	Day	cor	ntinuino	J•)	Mr.	Cox,	how	exp	er	ienced
are	you	in	test	tifyi	ng	before	any	com	nissio	n o	f an	ıy	state?

- A. I have testified five times, including the three times before this Commission.
- Q. Three times before this Commission. Would that be on this particular permit, this particular lease, the drilling of this particular deviated well?
  - A. Yes, sir.
  - Q. And the other two times were where?
  - A. Before the Texas Railroad Commission.
- Q. At any time before the Texas Railroad Commission, have you ever testified as to seeking permits for directional wells?
  - A. No, I have not.
  - Q. So this is your first experience?
  - A. This is my first experience.
- Q. Would you please tell the Commission the circumstances from the time you secured the permit to directionally drill this well until you bottomed it?
- A. Recalling memory, sometime in March or April or May of '73 we requested a permit to deviate this well. At that particular time we had trouble acquiring a drilling contractor. I had contacted numerous ones and they said possibly they could get in by the August 1st deadline date.

Sometime in mid June, no, July, I believe, I got a

call from someone in Artesia telling me that Amoco had moved a rig onto my location and was drilling a well. I contacted the USGS and Mr. Knauf acknowledged that and he said that it would perpetuate the lease for another two years so that I was not in any dire need of getting the well commenced and down in order to perpetuate, I mean, hold the lease. So, at that time I had two years to go and I couldn't find a drilling contractor, especially in 1974. It was a very difficult year to acquire a drilling contractor. Everyone seemed to be busy in New Mexico and we couldn't get it in our 1975 year-end program, so I defrayed it until the early part of '75. I mean the '74 program. I couldn't get it in until '75.

At that particular time I had eight wells scheduled to be drilled in Texas. I was working on them and on January 11th a fire broke out in our office complex destroying approximately eighty percent of it, heavy smoke and water damaging all of our equipment. That was equipment, typewriters, everything was taken to a restoration company, all of our records were boxed up. It took, oh, a month to two months to get it all back and during that time I was attempting to go ahead with my drilling program in Texas which comprised drilling about seven wells and workover of three others.

I wrote to the USGS sometime in May and told them that I was attempting to secure a drilling contractor for the

Number 1 EA Well, which is the one in question.

Q. Excuse me, Mr. Cox, may I interrupt just briefly?

Do you have any corroborative material pertaining to the fire?

- A. Yes, I do.
- Q. May I see it?

MR. DAY: Would you please mark that as DN-One?
MR. S. BUELL: I'll do that.

(THEREUPON, applicant's Exhibit DN-One was marked for identification.)

- A. If you may excuse me, maybe there is something on that that is not pertinent to --
- Q. (Mr. Day continuing.) Well, Mr. Cox, I will hand it to you and ask you to describe the material that is contained and what is now marked as Exhibit DN-One. If there is anything in there that is not material to this exhibit you may detach it.
- A. The first page is a story in the Dallas Morning News dated January 12 entitled, "Destruction Heavy in a Five-Alarm Blaze." The other is an article on January 12th in the Dallas Times Herald describing, "Fire guts office complex, firemen hurt, damages high."
  - Q. If you will just state more briefly the contents.
- A. Okay, the other is bills from the various restoration companies on the materials that was lost, damaged and had to be replaced.

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	Q.	Have	you	examined	e7	ery	document	attached	thereto	to
make	sure	that	itı	pertains	to	the	fire?			

- A. Yes, sir.
- Then that exhibit contains newspaper articles Q. describing the fire and the bills you incurred in trying to restore some of your records that could be restored.

(THEREUPON, a discussion was held off the record.)

MR. G. BUELL: When was the fire, January 11th?

Yes, sir. A.

MR. RAMEY: Of what year?

1975. A.

MR. DAY: Mr. Commissioner, we submit DN-One Exhibit for the record.

MR. RAMEY: Without objection it will be admitted.

MR. G. BUELL: We have no objection, Mr. Ramey, we never challenged the fact that there was a fire and fires are expensive and also inconvenient.

> (THEREUPON, Applicant's Exhibit DN-One was admitted into evidence.)

MR. RAMEY: You may proceed, Mr. Day.

(Mr. Day continuing.) Mr. Cox, I believe you were testifying after that that you were attempting to get a drilling contractor and you made comments about your other drilling programs, will you proceed, please?

A. We did not have the records for the drilling of some of the wells that were a part of our '74 program that was carried over into '75. We commenced our first well, I think, February 11th, 1975 and finished our last well sometime in June of 1975.

O. Continue.

A. Shortly prior to the time of the finishing up of the last well, I sent a set of report forms to the USGS advising them that I was trying to secure a drilling contractor to reenter the EA Number 1 and they wrote back to acknowledge the sundry report forms and said the well had to be completed as a commercial producer by August 1, 1975. I immediately panicked and I called the USGS and they made a double check and said that Amoco had not filed their termination of their communitization agreement or whatever they call it. I had until August 31st to make a commercial producer out of it or the lease expired. At that time I —

Q Excuse me, sir, you said August 31st, '75 to secure production?

- A. Right.
- Q. Or the lease would expire?
- A. Right.
  - Q. Excuse me. Go ahead.

MR. G. BUELL: If it please the Commission, I'm having extreme difficulty in following this narrative

testimony. I'm trying my best but I hope you will be patient with me when I may have to go back. It's hard for me to follow the continuity and we jumped from January '75 to August of '75 and then we jumped back and I'm having difficulty, so I hope you will bear with me when I attempt to cross examine Mr. Cox.

MR. RAMEY: We'll bear with you, Mr. Buell.

- Q. (Mr. Day continuing.) Will you please continue?
- A. I contacted Bob Ratts and asked him to check on some drilling --
  - Q. Please identify Bob Ratts?
- A. Bob Ratts is a petroleum engineer in Hurst, Texas, that had done some prior work on the Federal EA Number 1 Well, and for him to see if he could secure a drilling contractor and set up a deviation program or get a surveying company to handle the deviation of the well.
  - 0. Go ahead.
- Mr. Ratts called me sometime early in June, if my memory recalls, and he said that he would be in the office at nine o'clock in the morning with a representative of Eastman Whipstock and they came at nine o'clock, it was a very busy day, we talked intermittently, I had to leave the office numerous times. Mr. Coats the Eastman representative worked on a deviation program with Mr. Ratts and myself. Then I had to leave the office and Mr. Coats waited around out in the reception room and I came back, took him to lunch and I

had someone take him to the airport. I can't recall which and that's the only contact that I had with Mr. Coats.

I acquired a drilling contractor approximately two weeks later. Cactus said they had a rig in Hudspeth County that they were moving back up north and they could possibly get on the well sometime in the early part of July. On approximately July 3rd or 5th, I can't recall whether it was before or after, they brought me a drilling contract which we briefly discussed some of the day work rates and so forth on them and they took it back and changed it up and they said that due to the holidays they would probably have trouble getting a rig in there prior to July 10th or 11th.

Over the weekend I worked on this program. I set down and looked at the past history that I had, out of the files of my clients and at the advice of some other people I changed my location that had been suggested to due north, anticipating it to migrate to the northwest and we were going to encounter a southeast dip.

- Q. Why did you feel that you would encounter a dip?
- A. From the two previous surveys that had been run.
- Q. Did one of those have to do with the old Aztec well that was drilled before you acquired the lease?
  - A. Yes, sir.
  - Q. And you did a survey on that well?
  - A. Yes, sir.

- Q. Was that well drilled with a conventional drilling company?
  - A. Yes, sir, to my knowledge.
- Q. And what did the survey reveal at that well that Aztec had drilled?
- A. Somewhere in the neighborhood of a hundred and seventy-one or a hundred and seventy-seven feet west and twenty-three feet south.
- Q. Were you in any way connected with drilling that well, directly or indirectly?
  - A. No, sir.
- Q. Go ahead. You testified that you were anticipating a dip?
- A. Right. I called Bob Ratts, he wasn't in. I sent him a letter and a plat and mailed it out, I think it was on a Sunday night and the following day, which was Monday and Tuesday, I believe you and I were in Hamilton County working on ratifications on the pipeline system and I think I found out Wednesday night that they had moved the rig in on Tuesday and spudded and they couldn't get out of the old hole and they had to plug back and make another attempt and they were going to be waiting on cement thirty-six hours or something like that. Mr. Ratts was running the show and reports --
- MR. RAMEY: Mr. Cox, may I interrupt? I'm a little unclear. Now, Aztec drilled a well on this location?

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available to you?

No, sir.

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3	A.	I reentered the well.
4		MR. RAMEY: You reentered the Aztec well?
5	A.	Right.
6		MR. RAMEY: Is the Aztec well the same well?
7	A.	Yes, sir, and I deviated from it, yes, sir.
8		MR. RAMEY: That's the subject of this case?
9	Α.	Yes, sir.
10		MR. RAMEY: And then you stated that you had set a
11	target ar	ea to the north and west and you changed that to
12	north, di	d you state that?
13	A.	I had not set the target area. All I had asked for
14	was a rec	ommendation, you know, but as I said, talking to some
15	other eng	ineers, the dominant from our other survey, the
16	dominant	east dip or the migration of the drill to the west
17	suggested	that in my new hole it would do the same thing so
18	it would	be best to go off to the north because the migration
19	would nat	urally drift me to the west.
20		MR. RAMEY: Thank you.
	I .	

MR. LUCERO: Did you have data on the Aztec well

went to Hobbs to the office to see what we could find out on

drilling time, samples and so forth and the log and they did

Prior to the time that we entered it, we

You drilled a well?

Yes, sir.

MR. RAMEY:

not have any available, so we reentered the Aztec well.

MR. RAMEY: What Hobbs office are your talking about?

- A. The Hobbs, New Mexico office.

  MR. RAMEY: The Oil Commission office?
- A. No, sir, the Aztec office and asked them for their records. We were looking for drilling time, you know, drilling rigs and the samples and so forth. They did not have them.

  That was drilled back in 1959 or '60, I can't recall which and they didn't have a record of it and, where am I at now?

  MR. LUCERO: We're still on the Aztec well.

A. We went into the Aztec well, they had cut off the casing at around forty-one, forty-two hundred. We went back in on the Aztec well, washed it down and bolted it onto the existing casing stub that was there at forty-two hundred, knocked out the plugs and washed it down and they had not gotten a log all the way to total depth. They had drilled it, I think, to sixty-two ten and their log was at a minus sixty-one, seventy, or something like that. So, we drilled the plug out and cleaned it on down to sixty-two, ten and immediately got a show of oil and gas, good pressure but it bled off quickly.

Q. (Mr. Day continuing.) Mr. Cox, may I interrupt you? What you are describing now is an earlier attempt to reenter the old Aztec well to complete it as it was and does not

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A. No, sir, it does not.

MR. LUCERO: Excuse me, that's why we wanted to clarify that.

pertain to the directional drilling of the subject well?

- Q (Mr. Day continuing.) Thank you. Would you go now to the time that you drilled into the well and took off in the present well?
- According to our records they cut the casing off at about a minus four thousand, I mean, four thousand and ten, and they set a plug and their first attempt to back off, I mean to drill it, they drilled it to thirty-nine, oh, three to four thousand and twelve and couldn't get out of the old They then put another hundred sacks of cement in it with some additives and plugged back to thirty-six, fifty-two. The Dyna-Drill records, according to Cactus, suggested that they got -- they drilled the second run thirty-nine, oh, three to -- I mean, the second run from thirty-seven, fiftyfive to thirty-seven, seventy-five, with one Dyna-Drill and thirty-seven, seventy-five to thirty-eight, oh, seven with another one and thirty-eight, oh, seven to thirty-eight, twenty-six. There might be some mistakes in here and that's why I really wanted to go over it, but anyway, they suggested that they made three attempts on a second attempt to kick off, to kick the well off.

They ran a Dyna-Drill at thirty-eight, twenty-six to

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thirty then ran into -- well, that was all they could get
was four feet on it. They came out and ran another one from
thirty-eight.

O. Mr. Cox, you are talking about the attempt to kick
off with the Dyna-Drill from the old casing?

- A. Right.
- Q. They ultimately did kick off?
- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. All right, then what happened after that?

  MR. RAMEY: When you say "they", you in fact mean

  "you". This is your operation that you are talking about at
  this time, is it not?
- A. Yes, sir, I was talking about the engineer and the drilling contractor and Eastman.

MR. RAMEY: This is under your operation?

- A. That's right, yes, sir.
  - MR. RAMEY: It's not under the Aztec operation?
- A. No, sir, this is under my operation, yes, sir.
- Q (Mr. Day continuing.) I think "they" in that context is the witness himself looking at it, his own organization.
  - A. They finally kicked off --
- Q. Wait, Mr. Cox, where were you during this time,
  were you on the drill site?
  - A. No, sir, I was in Hamilton County most of that time,

as you know.

Okay, we kicked off, I got a call from Bob Ratts
that the direction was going north, forty-five degrees west
and they were looking for a soft spot to turn the hole in
and did we have any drilling-time records. Well, I didn't
have any on the old Aztec well but I did have on our Number 2
well, so I read them, approximately three hundred feet of
drilling time over the phone and immediately put a copy of
the log, he didn't have a copy of the log with him, in the
mail and some drilling-time reports and sent it to him and
then I was contacted three or four days later, I think it
was around forty-four hundred or somewhere. Now, Mr. Buell
might -- I can't recall of these incidents, it has been seven
months since all of this went on and I didn't keep notes but
I was contacted by Ronnie Anderson of Aztec that --

- 0. Ronnie Anderson of Aztec?
- A. I mean of Cactus Drilling Company.
- Q. What was his position with Cactus?
- A. I believe Ronnie is Assistant to the Vice President and contracts.
  - Q. Drilling contractor?
- A. Yes, and Ronnie came to my office and he said he received a call from the drilling superintendent in Hobbs and that he was quite concerned about the northwest migration and that if we didn't get it turned around that we would be

off our lease prior to the time we ever got to our anticipated total depth.

So, I immediately, that night when I got home, contacted Ratts and told him to make all efforts to turn the thing back to the northeast, back away from the lease line and away from -- back towards our anticipated target area and I believe at that time they were looking for a soft spot in which to turn it and they made a run at forty-six hundred would you excuse me if I go down and get something out of my briefcase?

- Q May I hand it to you?
- A. I don't know if you can find it.

They made an attempt to turn it at forty-six,
eighty-seven. They drilled with a Dyna-Drill from forty-six,
eighty seven to forty-seven, nineteen and it is my understanding
that they had to wait thirty to sixy feet before they could
run a single shot survey in there to see how much they had
changed their angle of deviation and their slope.

And again they turned in a report and said they were having no luck, they couldn't find any soft spots and so forth to turn it and it was still migrating to the northwest. I instructed them to use any measure necessary to try to turn it back and they made a Dyna-Drill run at fifty-two, twenty-seven to fifty-two, forty-one when a Dyna-Drill wore out. They went back in with another Dyna-Drill and went from

fifty-two, forty-one to fifty-two, eighty when that bit wore out. At about fifty-five, eighty-five is when I reached location and we made a Dyna-Drill trip at fifty-eight, twenty-three to fifty-eight, forty-seven when the Dyna-Drill wore out and the cones were almost off and they said that the recommendation was that I just try to get it down because they couldn't turn it, the rock was too hard and it was just burning up the bits.

- Q. Then did you bottom the well at that time?
- A. Yes, we bottomed it -- we thought we bottomed it at sixty-two, thirty-one.
  - Q. And then you bottomed it at what?
- wouldn't go but to sixty-two hundred so I instructed them to strap the drill pipe out when they came out to make sure that there wasn't an error and at that particular time I was due back in Dallas and I had been there about a week or ten days the length of time and I left the location and they strapped the pipe back in and found that they had added in a joint of pipe on the talley board that was not in the string and they really weren't at sixty-two, thirty-one, they were just at sixty-two hundred, so I told them at the time that if they did find that condition to drill about thirty feet of rat hole and come on out and set pipe and I left and drove to Midland to catch a plane. They couldn't get in touch with me

and they found the error and they drilled twenty more feet and encountered a drilling break at sixty-two, ten, if I recall, and bottomed it at sixty-two, twenty.

That was on a Saturday. Three days later Mr. Ratts brought samples into my office and I looked at them. They had shows in them. I instructed him to immediately line up a well completion unit because we were fighting a deadline, we had to have this thing on commercial production within a month and he located a well servicing company. They went in and I said start down below first and work your way up and he perforated from sixty-two, oh, two, I mean, sixty-two, oh, eight to sixty-two, twelve and he couldn't break it down and they went in and perforated from sixty-two, twelve to sixty-two, eighteen and it broke down and after we recovered about twenty to forty barrels over the load, they were getting some gas, oil and abundant water.

And they called into the -- it was Dowell's recommendation that we get the ocean and that we never could pump it down and to plug it back. I said, all right, so we plugged back and we attempted a completion at sixty-two, sixty-four to seventy and eighty to eighty-four, which was non-successful. We came back up the hole and attempted another completion at around sixty-two, twenty to thirty.

These might not be the right figures because I don't have anything in front of me, but it's close to them.

MR. NUTTER: Mr. Cox, you would mean sixty-one, eighty-one rather than sixty-two, eighty-one?

A. Yes, sir, yes, excuse me.

About six days before the lease was to expire we couldn't get anything out of it and I told them to knock the plug out and go on down because the well servicing contractor when I was on the job said it looked like it had about five or ten percent oil cut to it, so we went back in and had to reperforate and we perforated sixty-two, twelve to sixteen and gave it a two thousand gallon acid job and we started swabbing and after we got our load back we started getting some gas and oil and we ran a -- I went and told the USGS and we ran a swab test on it and I think it swabbed at the rate of twenty-three barrels of oil and a hundred and some odd barrels of water a day and so they said to file that as your completion since it was prior to August 31st.

I left the location and told them to hang it on the pump, that was August 30th.

- Q (Mr. Day continuing.) Mr. Cox, going back to before the well commenced, did you secure any estimates of the cost of Dyna tools?
- A. Yes, that was one of the reasons that I wanted to talk to Eastman was that I wanted what it would cost me because that was all going to be on day work, what it would cost to run a Dyna-Drill in the hole and a cost estimate that

I could use on the AFE.

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- Q Do you have that estimate with you?
- A. Yes, sir, I do.
- Q. Would you get it for me, please, along with your total cost to Eastman?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Mr. Cox, I hand you what has now been marked as Exhibit DN-Two and ask you if this is the cost estimate of Eastman to you, in which they estimated what the cost would be to directionally drill the well?
- A. Yes, sir, this was submitted to me by letter. The reason for outlining in red the bits is that's what we paid for ourselves. I paid for myself.
  - Q Direct, without having to pay Eastman for them?
  - A. Right.
- Q. How many Dyna tools does that cover, I mean the use of it or whatever you do with it?
- A. Three W-7 type sealed bearing bits. Three, one was to get off the --
- Q We've been through that. Three Dyna-Drills, is that right?
- A. Right.
  - Q. Now, the date of DN-Two is dated?
- 24 A. June 12th, 1975.
  - Q. Is this your final bill from Eastman?

A. This is one of the final bills and then I got an additional bill from them for extra time that they had to spend on the well.

- Q. What is the date of that final cost bill?
- A. August 13, 1975.
- Q All right. On your estimate the cost was, without the sealed bearing bits that the operator paid for direct, was then ten thousand, seven hundred and thirty-two dollars?
  - A. That is correct.
  - Q. And how much is your final bill?
- A. Eighteen thousand, seven hundred and eighty-two dollars and ninety-two cents, plus --
- Q. Well, that's all right. I think that estimate was five hundred dollars?
- A. Five hundred and fifty dollars for additional time they had to spend on the well.
  - Q. All right, sir.

MR. DAY: Again I apologize to counsel, we don't have an extra copy but we will furnish them.

MR. G. BUELL: No problem. Again we have no objection. I fail to see what this has to do with regard to proving up whether or not he complied with the Commission's order.

MR. DAY: With counsel's non-objection specifically, we submit DN-Two and Three for the record.

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MR. RAMEY: Without objection they will be admitted.

> (THEREUPON, Applicant's Exhibits DN-Two and DN-Three were admitted into evidence.)

- Q. (Mr. Day continuing.) Mr. Cox, you stated that the estimate shows the cost of what was anticipated to directionally drill a well with three Dyna tools. How many Dyna tools were actually used?
- From Cactus' record it looks like approximately seven or eight. There is a little discrepancy in there.
- Q. So then, in fact, you used more than twice the number of Dyna-Drills in trying to directionally control the well?
  - A. That's right.
- May I have those drilling logs that you just Q. referred to?
  - A. Yes, sir.
  - Q. This is the complete --
- That is the complete day work sheet from Cactus Drilling Company.
  - Do you have another copy of this. Q.
- I have Cactus' back in the office. They brought it to me the other day and I reproduced one copy and I can reproduce more.
  - Q. All right, thank you.

MR. DAY: May it please the Commission, I tender DN-Four into the record for the purpose of showing the number of Dyna tools that we used.

MR. RAMEY: This is, I assume, just a daily drilling report from Cactus Drilling Company?

A. Yes, sir.

MR. RAMEY: I assume somewhere in here it will state that a Dyna-Drill was run, or something?

MR. DAY: Mr. Ramey, may the witness approach you and show you on the log where it shows where they stopped for the Dyna-Drill?

MR. RAMEY: Yes, if he would, please. That seems to be the point in submitting this is to show the Dyna-Drills?

MR. DAY: Yes, sir. To show that they attempted to control the well.

MR. RAMEY: You say seven or eight Dyna-Drills were used?

A. Yes, sir.

MR. RAMEY: You don't know whether it is seven or eight?

A. Well, it was where they were trying to get off.

(THEREUPON, a discussion was held off
the record.)

MR. G. BUELL: May it please the Commission, may
I inquire if the sole purpose of this exhibit is to prove up

the fact that on seven different occasions Dyna-Drills were run in the deviated well?

MR. DAY: We are intending to enter them into the record for that purpose, Mr. Commissioner, to show the efforts made by the operator to control the direction of the well as compared with the estimate made by Eastman at the beginning.

MR. G. BUELL: May it please the Commission, Amoco will stipulate that based on all the records we have examined, seven Dyna-Drills were run in the well.

MR. DAY: The confusion about the Dyna tools at the kick-off point, where it becomes seven or eight, Mr. Cox could not determine, but that was at the kick-off point, there were either two or three.

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Guy Buell, with the stipulation do you think it is necessary to submit this?

MR. DAY: No, sir, we withdraw DN-Four.

MR. RAMEY: Thank you.

MR. G. BUELL: We will present brief testimony in that regard, Mr. Ramey.

MR. RAMEY: Thank you.

MR. DAY: Then I would not know what Mr. Buell's cross examination would be, but we reserve the right to re-tender DN-Four.

MR. RAMEY: Certainly.

Q (Mr. Day continuing.) Mr. Cox, let's turn to the point of surveys. Now, you know that the original drilling permit was for multi-shot surveys, did you discuss surveys for the direction of this well with Eastman?

A. Yes, they told me that on a single-shot survey they had to make a survey at certain points to establish their drift and/or angle of deviation.

- Q. And what did they recommend at that time?
- A. I can't recall them recommending anything at that time.
- Q. Did they at any time make an expression to you of the type of survey that would be used and how?
  - A. No.
  - Q. Was this well surveyed?
  - A. Yes, it was.
  - Q. How was it surveyed?
  - A. By a single-shot survey.
  - Q. Why a single-shot?
- A. Well, they had to run a single shot, from my understanding, in order to orient the tool one way or the other or to determine what direction they were going.
- Q All right, at that time, did your memory serve you to the fact that there were multi-shot surveys required in the drilling permit?
  - A. Yes.

Q.	You	knew	at	that	time	that	you	had	multi-shot
requiremen	ts?								

- A. Not multi-shot. I felt pretty confident in the order in that I had permission to deviate in the matter of running surveys to show my bottom-hole location, such as I had submitted to them before on my first well.
  - Q. All right, so, you knew you had to make a survey?
  - A. Right.
  - Q. And that survey was made by single shots?
  - A. Right.
- Q. How frequently are the multi-shots required by the drilling permit, was it about one hundred foot intervals.

  Would you state, if you know, the intervals of the single-shot surveys?
- A. Well, they varied, anywhere between thirty feet and ninety feet, but I think throughout the interval drilled it averaged to somewhere around seventy-one or seventy-two feet.
  - Q. That these surveys were made?
  - A. Right.
- MR. G. BUELL: Mr. Day, may I interrupt you to make a stipulation; it might save us some time? I know we are all interested in being as brief as we can.
- If it please the Commission, Amoco is willing to stipulate that we accept the accuracy of the single-shot survey as is currently in the file of the Commission. We are

not insisting that that portion of the order that required a multi-shot survey be enforced by the Commission. We accept the accuracy of the single-shot survey. I think that is what he is trying to prove up now is the accuracy of the single-shot survey.

MR. DAY: So stipulated.

May I ask, I don't recall if the first stipulation Mr. Buell proposed, which I accepted, was very kind and very good, but I didn't recall Arco --

MR. HINKLE: We do not object to the stipulation.

MR. DAY: You do not stipulate, but you do not object to it.

MR. HINKLE: We so stipulate.

MR. DAY: You stipulate to the first one and this one?

MR. HINKLE: Yes, sir.

MR. DAY: Thank you. So stiplulated here.

Q. (Mr. Day continuing.) Mr. Cox, just maybe one or two more question that I can think of at this point. Would you describe the diameter of the drill pipe on this subject well as being a small diameter or a large diameter?

A. I believe it's considered a small diameter, threeand-a-half inches.

- Q. Three-and-a-half inches?
- A. Uh-huh.

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- Q. Now, Mr. Cox, you testified earlier that you had gone into the old Aztec well and attempted to complete it; I believe you drilled another well and attempted to complete it; did you secure any production of oil in those earlier attempts?
  - A. Yes, we did.
- Q. And would you describe or tell what happened to that production?
- A. Well, when we would shut it in the water would come at us and it would take a long time to reestablish production back into it.
- Q. Were you able to reestablish production then after the water?
  - A. No, not at an economic rate.
- Q Then after you discovered oil by the drilling of these other two wells -- by the way, where was that second well located?
- A. One hundred and twenty-five feet east of the Number 1 Well.
  - Q. Of the Aztec well?
- A. Of the Aztec well.
- Q. When you say Number 1 Well, you reentered the Aztec Well?
- 23 | A. Yes, sir.
  - Q. So you secured production, shut it in for completion purposes and when you got back there it was flooded out?

A.

A. Right.

MR. DAY: May it please the Commission, we will pass the witness.

MR. RAMEY: How about a fifteen minute recess.

(THEREUPON, a short recess was taken.)

MR. RAMEY: The hearing will come to order.

Mr. Cox, will you take the witness stand, please?

MR. COX: Yes, sir.

MR. G. BUELL: May it please the Commission, I have a few questions.

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Buell.

## CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. G. BUELL:

Q Mr. Cox, I'm going to ask you a few questions about your qualifications and I want to state at the outset for your benefit and the benefit of the Commissioners, that I mean this that I'm not in any way challenging the fact that you are qualified, in fact my questions are tended directly to enhance your qualifications. I realize that your qualifications are on record with this Commission in prior cases, but neither of these gentlemen were in attendance there and in fairness to them and in fairness to you. As a matter of fact, Mr. Cox, you have a Master's degree in geology, do you not?

A. That is correct.

- Q. Would you name the school and the year in which you obtained that?
  - A. I obtained it from the University of Iowa in 1956.
- Q. Then I believe the record will show that after graduation you went to work for some company and worked for them in the capacity of geologist for some six years?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. Would you state for the record the name of the company?
  - A. Standard Oil Company of Texas.
- Q. All right, sir, and then I believe that would bring us up to about 1962, you went into business for yourself, both as a consulting geologist for other operators as well as an independent operator?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. Is it possible for you to tell us which predominated your consulting phase or as an independent operator?
- A. Through 1970, more of a consulting phase, as a consultant to other operators.
- Q. All right, sir, throughout the testimony here today and previous hearings you mentioned the number of wells you had drilling and the rigs you had running, could you state for the record approximately how many wells you yourself operate at this time?
  - A. Oh, approximately --

- Q. Just roughly, Mr. Cox.
- A. Twenty some odd.
  - Q. How many wells do you have drilling at this time?
- A. I have one commencing February 1st.
- Q. All right, sir, so the Commissioners will better understand the complete background of your activies on your Federal EA lease, I believe at the time that you obtained a lease on that property, Aztec Oil and Gas had drilled their Number 1 well and produced it for awhile and then abandoned it, is that correct?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. And your first activity on that lease was to reenter and attempt a recompletion in the old Number 1 hole?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. And that old hole had been randomly drilled, there had been no deliberate attempt to directionally control it or deviate it in any way, as far as you know?
  - A. As far as I know.
- Q. All right, sir, I believe your testimony is that you reentered the Number 1 in October of '68, does that jibe with your memory?
  - A. That's right, approximately.
- Q. And let me ask you this, I don't believe you testified to this, that it was temporarily abandoned in January of 1972, does that sound about right?

A.	Approximately
Π.	Thur over more and a

- Q. All right, sir, now, with respect to the reentry and the attempted recompletion in the Number 1 Well, did you do all of the geological work yourself or did you hire a consultant?
- A. I did the geological work in the area immediately around the well.
- Q. All right, sir, then after you failed at recompleting Number 1, you then drilled the Cox Fedederal EA Number 2, is that correct?
  - A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. And I belive that well was spudded about November 29th, 1971, is that correct? Not about, it was spudded on November 29th, 1971, is that correct?
  - A. Approximately.
- Q. And according to records that you placed in the Commission's files, it was shut in in September of 1972, does that jibe with your membory?
- A. Approximately. I said approximately, I can't recall the exact dates.
- Q. Has that well ever been abandoned or is it still in the shut-in stage?
  - A. It has been abandoned.
- Q. All right, sir, I think the record will also reflect and I believe you testified, that you yourself caused

to be run on both the old Aztec hole, Number 1 and the well you drilled, Number 2, directional surveys?

- A. That is correct.
- Q. What is the purpose of what we have been referring to as a directional survey, Mr. Cox?
  - A. To determine what the bottom-hole location was.
- Q. In other words, in this area or in any area we know that wells have a tendency to drift and quite often the bottom-hole location, more often than not the bottom-hole location is not precisely under the surface location?
  - A. That is my understanding.
- Q. And if you as a geologist or a reservoir engineer, if he knows the precise bottom-hole location of a well, such as in your case the old Number 1 and your new Number 2, he can more critically engineer it or geologize it, is that not correct?
  - A. Yes, I believe so, yes.
- Q. Let me ask you this: For what reason did you cause these directional surveys to be run on the old Number 1 and the Number 2, they cost money?
- A. The primary reason for the old Number 1 is that we thought we would be in the same horizon as the Number 1 and when we weren't, we were only a hundred and twenty-five feet away and we did not have the same section and it was the opinion that the well had naturally migrated north, as all

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wells were supposed to have done in the field according to the contractor. I couldn't understand the discrepancy in the logs, that's why I had the survey run.

- Q. It would help you in your further geological studies if you knew precisely where the bottom-hole locations were?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q All right, sir, now, I don't believe I asked you this but with respect to the drilling of your new Number 2, did you do all of the geological work on that yourself?
  - A. No, sir.
  - Q. Did you hire a consultant to help you with it?
  - A. Yes, sir.
  - Q. Who was the consultant?
- A. It was -- I can't remember his name but he was a petroleum geologist out of Artesia.
  - Q. He was another geologist?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q Well, did you and he generally agree on the geology underneath that lease or did you have differences of opinion?
  - A. I had no differences of opinion with him.
- Q. All right, sir, now according to records you filed with the Commission, the directional survey on your Number 2 was run in August of 1972, does that jibe with your memory?
  - A. Yes, sir.
  - Q. And the directional survey on Number 1 was run in

February of 1973, does that check with your memory?

A. Yes, sir.

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- Q. Let me ask you this: Has anyone, to your knowledge, gone into either the old Number 1 or your new hole, Number 2, since you temporarily abandoned or plugged and abandoned?
  - A. No, sir.
  - Q. And both of them were abandoned prior to 1973?
  - A. The Number 1 wasn't abandoned, it was --
- Q. Your records show that the Number 1 was temporarily abandoned in January of 1972?
- A. No, we set a plug against the horizon, the productive horizon, so that we would not communicate with it in the Number 2 well.
- Q. Isn't that commonly what you call temporarily abandoning when you cement off your perforations?
- A. Right, but I mean we hadn't abandoned all the way on up, we set the plug.
- Q. So, between the time that these wells were temporarily abandoned or plugged and abandoned, all prior to 1973, no one else, to your knowledge, did any work on that lease in those wells?
  - A. No, not following the survey, no.
- Q All right, sir, let me ask you this, and I'm going to get a transcript reference so that your counsel can follow me and I'm going to summarize or I'll just quote your testimony

from the May 23rd, 1973 hearing. You recall that date, don't you?

- A. I don't recall the exact date but I recall there was a hearing.
- Q. In May of '73. That's where you requested the Commission to give you authority to directionally drill and control a reentry into the Number 1 well, is that correct?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q All right, sir, on page four in response to a question from your counsel, who at that hearing was Mr. Kellahin, he asked you: Mr. Cox, will you please state briefly what is sought by this application? This is at the bottom of page four. Your answer: (Quote) We are petitioning the Commission to sidetrack our Number 1 hole in order to restore it as close to vertical as we possibly can to test the Abo section at six thousand, six hundred and sixteen feet to six thousand, six hundred and eighty feet in a virgin hole. (End of quote.)
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q That was your sworn testimony at that hearing?

  MR. DAY: If you please, I can give you this to
  go by.
- Q. (Mr. G. Buell continuing.) I thought you were following, Mr. Cox, I'm sorry.
  - A. No, I don't have a copy of it.

Q. Can you remember it sufficiently without me reading it again?

MR. DAY: That's on page four?

MR. G. BUELL: That's on page four, at the bottom.

A. Okay.

Q. (Mr. G. Buell continuing.) Do you want me to read it again?

A. Yeah, I can read it, it says: We are petitioning the Commission to sidetrack our Number 1 hole in order to restore it as close to vertical as possible, to test the Abo section at sixty-one, sixteen to sixty-six, eighty in a virgin hole.

- Q. All right, sir, and at that time you had in your possession, all of the data that was then available on the Federal EA lease and from the Number 1 Aztec Well and your Number 2 Well that had been drilled thereon?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. All right, sir, you also had a consulting petroleum engineer who represented you as a witness, is that correct?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. His name was D. I. Alspaw, A-1-s-p-a-w. Would you turn in that transcript that you have before you, to page fourteen and I'll read a portion of his answer, if you think I'm taking it out of context I'll ask you to please read the entire answer but in the interest of time I'm just going to

read the last paragraph of his answer found at the bottom of page fourteen.

(Reading.) Our objective here was, of course, to kick the well off by controlling the weight on the bit return and returning it to the verticle and bottom the well out in a location within close proximity of the Number 20 that we see here on the deviation survey. I believe that is about four thousand to forty-two hundred feet. (End of reading.)

MR. LUCERO: Excuse me, Mr. Buell, before you answer it. I think you said "our objective" and the copy I've got here it says, "our objection."

MR. G. BUELL: Yes, sir, I was sure that was an error, your honor, and I just made that correction myself.

Our reporters try hard but sometimes they do get a word wrong and it is obvious here that objection wouldn't fit at all and I assure you that I'm not taking it out of context.

MR. LUCERO: No, I was just trying to point it out for the record.

- Q. (Mr. G. Buell continuing.) Would you agree with me, Mr. Cox, that objective more nearly fits than objection?
  - A. I believe you are right, Mr. Buell.
- Q. Do you see any part of his answer there that I didn't read that you think in fairness to you should be read?
  - A. Not without adding anything to it.
  - Q. Sir?

A. Not without adding anything to it.

Q. All right, sir, I believe that the testimony -MR. RAMEY: Just a minute, Mr. Buell, may I ask a
question? What is the Number 20 here, "in close proximity to
the Number 20"?

MR. G. BUELL: I was just getting ready to go into that, Mr. Ramey. Shot point Number 20 is on the directional survey that was in the record and in previous testimony I recall it was on November the 19th, we can reenter it today, if you like. It was testified that shot point Number 20 fell within the hundred foot radius of the surface location, conforming to the Commission's order.

MR. RAMEY: I was trying to relate that to a well but it's a shot point.

MR. G. BUELL: Directional survey shot point and it, as you will see in one of our later exhibits, it does fall within the hundred foot radius.

Q. (Mr. G. Buell continuing.) All right, sir, let me ask you this, Mr. Cox: If you had done what you told the Commission you wanted to do and what your engineer told the Commission you wanted to do, you would have complied with the order that you are asking to amend today, would you not?

A. I don't believe, Mr. Buell, that was his indication.

His idea was to get out, at least kick out at least one

hundred to a hundred and fifty feet away from the shot point

there and return it to as close to vertical as possible.

Q. I certainly don't want to be unfair to you, Mr. Cox, so I will withdraw that question and I'll prove that through my own witness, Mr. Commissioners, and another exhibit, that that shot point would fall within a hundred-foot circle.

MR. DAY: We object to counsel testifying into the record that he can prove it up when he gets to it, if you please.

MR. G. BUELL: I'm sorry, I just announced my intention, I'll be more careful.

MR. DAY: Thank you.

Q (Mr. Buell continuing.) All right, sir. Mr. Cox, as you recall there has been some question with regard to the supervision that existed on your directionally drilled and controlled hole. For one thing, Mr. Benscoter's statement that he made where he said that he saw a failure of communication between you and Mr. Ratts and between both of you and Eastman, do you recall his testimony or would you like for me to --

A. I don't recall because I haven't had a chance to read the transcript.

Q In all fairness to you, let me find it and read it.

I'm reading at the bottom of page two thirty-five in the transcript on the November 19 portion of Case 5571.

Do you have that transcript before you?

A. No, I don't but I'll take your word for it.

MR. G. BUELL: Would counsel furnish it to Mr. Cox so he can see if I'm reading it correctly? I just have one copy and I couldn't give you one and read it.

Page two thirty-five, the last paragraph of Mr. Benscoter's statement.

Mr. Day, would I again be testifying if I at this time advised the two Commissioners that Mr. Benscoter is an investor in this well and made a statement at the November 19th hearing?

MR. DAY: That is correct, that is so. Thank you, Mr. Buell.

- Q (Mr. G. Buell continuing.) I will now read it. Have you found it, Mr. Cox?
  - A. On page two thirty-five?
- Q Yes, sir. The last paragraph of his statement.

  (Reading.) Now it appears to me from what I have heard today there has been a communication problem also from Mr. Cox to Mr. Ratts and to Eastman and from Eastman back to Mr. Cox.

  (End of reading.)

Did I read that correctly?

- A. That is what it says here in the record.
- Q All right, sir, let's go into a little more detail about the function of Mr. Ratts and I'm talking about Robert

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Q. Now, how did you instruct him to do that, were these

If I'm not mistaken, at that time, Mr. Cox, I believe 0. you had at least four wells drilling and also you were supervising the installation of a gas pipeline, is my memory correct!

Ratts, R-a-t-t-s, that you have already mentioned here today.

engineer that you hired to look after the directional drilling

of your well because you were busy with other things?

As I understand your testimony, he was a consulting

A. That is correct.

That's correct.

Mr. Ratts testified that he went out to the location Q. on July 1, 1975, is that when you instructed him to go to the location?

He went out on July 1 to pull the casing from the Number 1 Well, cut it off in an attempt to back off, which he ended up cutting off and bringing it out.

So, he went to the well, the location, on July 1, 1975 on your instructions?

A. Yes, sir.

All right, sir, what were his instructions from you with regard to making reports to you on the progress of the directional drilling of that well?

A. Give me reports, daily reports.

Pardon? Q.

Give me daily reports.

to be written or to you over the telephone orally, or just how?

- A. Over the telephone, orally.
- Q. In other words, he was instructed to call you every day?
- A. I can't recall if he was instructed to call me every day or not, Mr. Buell.
- Q. All right, sir, in Mr. Ratts personal conversations with you in his daily reports and I certainly go along with you that he might have missed one one day or the other but in his almost daily reports to you, did he ever mention any concern about the direction the well was going?

MR. DAY: If the Commission please, this seems to me to be two questions in one. He testified that he did not recall that Mr. Ratts was to make daily reports. There has been the assumption in the questions to Mr. Cox that he made almost daily reports. Mr. Buell can question further as to how frequent those reports were but we object to the form of the question.

MR. G. BUELL: Mr. Day, let me apologize to both you and to Mr. Cox and this Commission. I certainly was not trying to trap him in any way. I thought he said his instructions to Mr. Ratts were to call me every day and he testified that, of course, some days he couldn't.

A. I don't recall giving him instructions to call me

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every day, to call in, I mean, to give us daily drilling reports and he did some days and some days he didn't. When there was no activity he didn't give us a report.

- Q All right, sir, do you recall how often his daily reports came in to you?
- A. No, sir, I couldn't answer that, exactly how many days out of the twenty-four they came in.
- Q. I don't want to be unfair to you, Mr. Cox, but you do recall that he made several reports to you on the progress of the well over the telephone?
  - A. Yes, he did.
- Q All right, sir, in any of those calls, did he ever express any concern about the direction the controlled deviated hole was going?
  - A. Yes, he did.
- Q All right, I'm going to ask you, when did he first tell you that he had a concern, what date?
- A. I can't recall the date but it was sometime prior to forty-four hundred feet when they called in requesting the drilling time or some way to pick a soft spot so they could run a Dyna-Drill to attempt to turn it back.
- Q. Would you mind stating about what depth you were when he first expressed concern, I missed it?
  - A. Somewhere around forty-four hundred feet.
  - Q. Forty-four hundred feet?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. All right, sir, in that connection then, Mr. Cox,
I'm going to have to ask you and I'm going to be referring to
Mr. Benscoter's testimony again, statement, and you were
present when Mr. Benscoter made his statement?

- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. He was put on the stand by your counsel, was he not?
- A. Very late at night.

Q And I'm going to read from his statement on page two thirty-two of the transcript for November 19th and in this portion of his testimony or statement he was talking about various phone calls that he has had from you and in the interest of time I'm going to start six lines down from the top of page two thirty-two and again if you or counsel feel I'm taking anything out of context, please read any or all of his statement into the record that you so choose.

I'm going to start quoting him where he says, "A day after that --"

- A. Could I just take time and go back and read what was said prior to that?
- Q. Would you rather do that now or after I read this?

  Oh, you want time, go ahead and take it, Mr. Cox.
  - A. Yes, sir, okay, go ahead.
- Q All right, I am now starting six lines down from the top of page two thirty-two, starting with the words,

"A day after --"

(Reading.) Quote. A day after that he called me and said -- and will you agree with me when he says "he" he is talking about you, Mr. Cox?

(Reading.) -- he called me and said he had received a call from Cactus, from the drilling people, saying that they didn't care what our engineer said or what the Eastman people might be saying, the well was out of control and it was going to the west, we were going over the lease line. (End of reading.)

Did I read that correctly, close quote.

- A. Right, as far as an unsophisticated investor's answer to a question would be.
- Q Now, later on on that page he pins down the date you called him and the reason he can pin it down was that he was in Hawaii on his vacation and his birthday was July 22nd and that was the reason he could remember when you called, which as I see it, from what he said it would be July 21st. Would you agree with that, after you have had a chance to read it?
  - A. Yes, sir, it probably was July 21st.
- Q All right, sir, according to drilling reports that you had furnished the Commission, on July 21st the well was drilling at five thousand, forty-one feet, some six hundred feet deeper than the forty-four hundred feet you said when

Mr. Ratts first expressed concern.

- A. What's your question?
- Q. Mr. Cox, let me apologize, I'm trying to make this as clear as possible. I'm going back now to Mr. Benscoter's statement where you told him that Cactus told you that they didn't care what our engineer was saying, did you have any engineer on that well other than Mr. Ratts?
  - A. No.
- Q They didn't care what Mr. Ratts was saying or what the Eastman people might be saying, the well was out of control and according to your testimony, Mr. Ratts expressed concern to you six hundred feet up the hole at forty-four hundred feet?
- A. Yes, sir, he asked me for drilling time, going back again and reiterating, he asked for drilling time to turn the well.
- Q. And would you tell me again who it was from Cactus
  Drilling Company that called you, you stated, but I missed it.
- A. He did not call me, he came to my office, Ronnie Anderson.
- Q. Thank you for correcting me. What was his name, please?
  - A. Ronnie Anderson.
- Q. Was that the only purpose of his visit or did he come to see you on other business and just mentioned this

in passing?

A. He came over I think particularly on that. I can't recall that we discussed other things.

Q. All right, sir, Mr. Cox, I believe you can agree with me, will you not, whenever it is an operator's intention to intentionally use a tool and directionally deviate a well and control the progress of that deviated hole, that prior to initiating the deviation, a target bottom-hole location or a target area is selected?

A. I imagine so. This has been the first time I have ever been involved in a deviated hole and I imagine the target would be selected.

- Q. All right, sir, I'm trying to go at this as brief as possible.
  - A. I know.
- On The testimony that we have in the record of our previous hearings on this are rather confused as to who selected the target bottom-hole location and who selected the target area that encompassed that bottom-hole location on what were Amoco's Exhibits Two and Three at the November 19th hearing. Do you recall that?
  - A. Yes, sir, partially, yes.
- Q. Sometime in your testimony you told me that you had selected that target, at other times you told me that you had agreed with that target and then at other times under

questioning from Mr. Sumner Buell you said you had nothing to do with the selection and that you hadn't agreed to it, is that a fair summary?

- A. Yes, well, I don't want to answer that question because I had very little contact with the Eastman people prior to the drilling of the well.
- Q All right, sir, let's try to clear up, at least my confusion about what the previous record shows. Let me ask you this: Who selected the target location for the bottomhole of your deviated well to be fifty feet from the north line and fifty feet from the west line of your lease?
  - A. I believe Eastman selected it.
- Q. Eastman selected that. All right, sir, I believe you testified that your only meeting with anyone from Eastman, until you went out on location yourself, the last few days of drilling, was a Mr. Coats?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. And I believe your testimony is that Mr. Ratts had Mr. Coats come to your office?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. All right, sir, let me ask you this: Did Mr. Coats select the bottom-hole location of the well?
- A. Without bending my memory, I would say, yes. If
  I could elaborate on it, I told Eastman I wanted to get
  somewhere approximately a hundred and fifty feet north of my

take-off point to get away from the area of prior stimulation which would be a hundred and fifty or a hundred and seventy-five feet, give or take.

- Q Let me ask you this: What are Mr. Coat's qualifications as a geologist or a petroleum engineer?
- Q I have no idea. All I know is that he is the Eastman representative and I imagine he has contacted numerous operators like myself and set up programs and made recommendations.
- Q. So if he is a geologist or an engineer you are not aware of it?
  - A. No.
- Q And as I understand your testimony you gave him carte blanche authority to select the bottom-hole location for this well, your well, and the target area that would encompass that bottom-hole location?
- A. I don't believe I gave him carte blanche authority to select the area. I asked him for a recommendation and a cost estimate that I could use on an AFE.
- Q In your discussion with Mr. Coats I believe you have already testified that it continued from about breakfast time through lunchtime, into the afternoon, off and on?
  - A. Periodically, yes.
- Q. Did you ever give him any idea of what your geological judgment was on the best place reservoir-wise to

bottom hole your deviated and directionally controlled well?

- A. Yes, to the north.
- Q. What did you tell him, Mr. Cox?
- A. Well, I told him I wanted to go to the north to the fat part of the structure as I have indicated before.
  - Q You told him north, you didn't tell him northwest?
  - A. No.

- Q. All right, sir, now, at that time when you entrusted the bottom-hole target location of your deviated and directionally controlled well, I think the testimony of the past records will reflect that your investors have something over three hundred thousand dollars invested in this property, do you recall that?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. And yet you as an experienced geologist with intimate knowledge of the subsurface conditions under your Federal EA lease, you turned over to a man that you didn't know any of his qualifications, you didn't know whether he was a geologist, you didn't know whether he was a petroleum engineer, to make this critical selection in what you knew would be an expensive venture, is that your testimony?
  - A. I didn't expect it to be an expensive venture.
- Q. I'll agree with you that it cost more than you anticipated but you knew it was going to cost money when you started out to do it?

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A. Right.

But yet you with all your background and all of your knowledge, you turned over to, as far as you knew, someone that was completely unskilled and untrained, the right to select the target location for your bottom-hole?

I anticipated that he was skilled and trained in the operations of Dyna-Drills, Turn-a-Drills, whipstocks or whatever they use to deviate wells. When you hire an expert company such as Eastman or Cactus Drilling Company or such as that, you anticipate that they know what they are doing, wouldn't you agree with that?

- You would expect them to know the geology of your lease even though they had never seen the logs or a structure map?
- No, we are not talking about the geology, we are A. talking about the expertise of the individual.
- Q. All right, sir, then as I understand the continuity of after that meeting toward the latter part of June, according to your testimony, you received a plat from Eastman, I believe almost identical to Amoco's Exhibits Two and Three at the November 19th hearing?
  - Uh-huh. A.
- Which showed a target bottom-hole location for 0. your well, fifty feet from the north line, fifty feet from the west line and a hundred foot square that enclosed that

bottom-hole location?

- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. And let me ask you this: At the October the 8th hearing, Mr. Cox, you testified that your instructions to Eastman were to control this well such as it bottomed within a hundred feet of the surface location, which would comply with the Commission's order?
  - A. No, sir, I can't recall the testimony.
- October the 8th and I believe it is at the bottom of page thirty. Please take all of the time you would like, Mr. Cox, to go back. I'm referring to your answer at the bottom of page thirty.
- A. Well, there is a mistake in there, it wasn't the surface location, it was the take-off point.
- Q I'm going into the fact a little later, Mr. Cox, that at the November 19th hearing you requested permission to change your testimony. But wasn't that your answer on October the 8th at the bottom of page thirty, that your target area was within a hundred feet of the surface location of the Number 1 Well?
- A. Yes, according to what I have testified here, correct.
- All right, sir, in fairness to you, I'm also going to ask you if you did not on November 19th, 1975, ask for

permission from the Examiner to change that testimony?

- A. Yes, I did, yes.
- Q. And in all fairness to you, I believe your testimony in that regard is found on page seven of the November 19th, 1975 transcript, you have that before you?
  - A. Okay.
- Q. All right, sir, and the Examiner gave you permission to change it and on page seven is where you changed the testimony?
  - A. Uh-huh, that is correct.
- Q. In fairness to you, I believe you later testified that you got confused on cross examination and by me and that you really hadn't meant to say it but you said it and it was wrong, and you wanted to change it?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. All right, sir, you introduced at that portion of the hearing, the October 8th, 1975 portion, as your Exhibit Five, a narrative that more or less summarizes the activities from start to finish on the deviation and directional control of your well, do you recall that exhibit?
  - A. There are so many exhibits in there.
- Q. May I borrow from the Commission's file on the October 8th hearing, Cox's Exhibit Number Five, so that he can look at it?
  - It's on legal sized paper, about four pages.

I'm just going to refer to the first paragraph,
Mr. Cox, and I'll wait until Mr. Day has a chance to look at
it, and I'm going to read that first paragraph. Please follow
me to make sure I get it correct.

I'm reading the first paragraph of Cox's Exhibit

Five, entered into evidence at the hearing on October 8th,

1975. (Quote.) Our original intent was to take off in a

northerly direction, to bottom within one hundred, dash, one

hundred and fifty feet from our old hole, to get away from the

effects of the numerous stimulations (acid and fracs) treat
ments the Abo zone had been subjected to in both Aztec's and

our attempts to effect a commercial completion in the old hole

(End of reading.)

Did I read that correctly?

- A. You read it correctly but when I'm referring to the old hole, I'm referring to the take-off point.
  - Q. How are you defining the old hole, now?
  - A. To our take-off point.
- Q. All right, sir, is there anything in your use of the words "original intent", do I note from that that you may have changed your intent?
- A. I changed my intent sometime late in June and not to rehash it, I sent a letter which you have a copy of, to Mr. Ratts changing the location.
  - Q. Mr. Cox, remember now, this was presented on

October 8th, 1975. It was an exhibit that you probably prepared in the quietness and confines of your office, not one single question was asked you while you were preparing it, you could have been confused by cross examination. Is this a correct statement of what your intent was?

- A. If we change that from where we were taking off from our old hole, it is probably a correct statement but this here particular exhibit was taken from what records I had gotten in from Mr. Ratts, from Eastman's record that I turned into the USGS and from what notes that my secretary had taken in phone calls and reports in from Ratts.
- Q. Mr. Cox, are you talking about data now that you received during the drilling of the well or after the well was completed, is that what you are referring to?
- A. You asked me where this came from, about the confines of my office and so forth and so on. I'm saying this here was an explanation as to why our hole was bottomed where it was. I think the last paragraph says it.
- Q. What I'm afraid of and it is not fair to you, Mr. Cox, but unless I'm confused, the record now reflects that you conceived your original intent that you put in the first paragraph of Exhibit Five, that you conceived your original intent after the well was completed and that's not the case, is it?
  - A. I'm having trouble following you. I conceived our

original intent after the well was completed. I'm not following you.

- Q All right, I realize we are having problems and that is why I want to be sure this record is clear because I know this is extremely important to you and it is extremely important to us.
- A. We had to have an intent prior to the time we drilled the well.
- Q. Let me ask you this: Were the thought processes that resulted in the first paragraph of Exhibit Three, gone through, arrived at and formulated in the latter part of June, 1975 or immediately prior to your hearing on October 8th?
  - A. In the latter part of June.
- Q. So this was your intent at the time the well was kicked out of the old hole and was being directionally drilled and controlled?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. And by using the word "original" there, you are not inferring or implying that you later changed that intent?
- A. Yes, I changed the -- no, I didn't change the original intent. We're confusing two different things, one was Eastman's recommendations, one was my recommendation to Ratts, that my recommendation to Ratts was my original intent.
  - Q So the use of the word "original" was not meant to

imply that you at any later date changed your mind about where you wanted that well to end up?

- A. No, I don't think so.
- Q. All right, sir, that was your intent the latter part of June '75 and that was your intent on October 8th, 1975?
  - A. Yes, sir.

O All right, sir, I'm going to direct you -- you may still have it open before you -- to the transcript of November 19th, 1975, to page seven. We discussed that a moment ago in connection with where you changed your testimony.

And a little past the middle of that page I'm going to read to you, starting with the words, "We were intending" and I'll give you time now, if you would like, to go back and read your entire statement to make sure again that I'm not taking anything out of context. When you have read the earlier part, give me a signal and I'll read from the remainder of your statement.

A. Well, would you like to have me read it? (Reading.)
We were intending to go north-northeast, taking off from our
point about eighty-five feet west of our surface location and
bottom the well somewhere between a hundred and fifty feet
north of our surface location and eighty to a hundred feet
west of our surface location. (End of reading.)

I was trying to pin it down then to the surface location because we were being confused by the take-off point

and the surface location all of the time.

Q All right, sir, would you carefully analyze your language that you used in the first paragraph of Exhibit Five with the statement that you just read from the transcript of the November 19th, 1975 hearing at page seven, and see if those two announced intentions are compatible or if they are in any way in conflict?

A. Well, maybe from a standpoint of footage, yes, but I would say we were intending to go off north-northeast, taking off from our point about eighty-five feet, where here I said I was taking off in a northerly direction.

Q. Could you speak up just a little, Mr. Cox, I'm having trouble hearing you and I'm sure people further away from you are having trouble.

Mr. Cox, if you use your definition of the phrase, "old hole", is there any conflict between those two statements?

I'm not trying to trap you.

- A. There apparently is a conflict because I keep referring to my take-off point and, of course, the original order stated the surface location of the old hole and that is where I become confused many times myself.
- Q All right, sir, would you take all the time you would like to reflect and then tell us which truly states your intention, the testimony you gave on November 19th, 1975 on page seven or the first paragraph of your Exhibit Five?

A. I believe page seven.

Q All right, sir, I'm going to ask you some questions now about your Exhibit Eleven presented November 19th, 1975. In that connection could I borrow the Commission's records, your copy of that exhibit so that Mr. Cox can have it before him?

Exhibit Number Eleven is a two-part exhibit, one is a letter on the letterhead of Geo Tech and the other is a plat.

(THEREUPON, a discussion was held off the record.)

MR. G. BUELL: Do we have another copy of the plat that was attached to that Exhibit Eleven?

MR. DAY: If the Commission please, we ask that any exhibits that be produced for the purpose of this hearing be from the Commission's own records.

MR. G. BUELL: Would you make that same request,
Mr. Day, even though Mr. Cox might have a copy of his Exhibit
Eleven with him today?

MR. DAY: Mr. Buell, you may make other efforts to prove up what you want to prove up without having to take records from non-existing records from the Commission.

MR. G. BUELL: I take it that your answer is, no?

MR. DAY: Mr. Buell, I'm saying you can prove it

up as you want to prove it up but if you are referring to

exhibits	that	are	not	existing	in	the	Commission's	s	records
I object.									

I'm sorry, I didn't realize that MR. G. BUELL: Mr. Cox was denying that he introduced Exhibit Eleven.

MR. DAY: Mr. Buell, I don't think we are at that point.

MR. RAMEY: I would suggest that we recess for lunch at this time. We have to look up some exhibits.

MR. DAY: Until what time?

MR. RAMEY: Make it one thirty.

(THEREUPON, the hearing was in recess.)

## AFTERNOON SESSION

MR. RAMEY: The hearing will come to order.

Mr. Cox, will you please resume the stand? Mr. Buell, you may proceed.

Q. (Mr. G.Buell continuing.) Mr. Cox, I can't recall whether I asked you this or not but if I am repeating I hope you and everyone else will forgive me. But when Mr. Ratts was your man, your engineer in charge out at the well, does that mean that he was going to be at the well or check on the well every day or would he just spend one day a week out there and then go back in four or five days, just what do you mean and what is a normal assignment and what was the assignment of Mr. Ratts with regard to supervising the drilling of the well?

- A. He was to be on the well twenty-four hours a day.
- Q. In other words, when he went out there on July 1 he was to stay there until --
- A. No, he pulled the pipe, as I said before, on July 1, I think he got it pulled on July 5th and then the drilling contractor called him and said they were moving in on the location. I think it was July 8th, around in there, they contacted him and told him they were moving in on the location and he took off for the well.
- Q. Well, where I was puzzled and we are getting now into your Exhibit Number Eleven at the November 19th, was the

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fact that it was your testimony that you mailed the letter
to him at his home in Hurst, that he did not see the letter
until he came back from the well on July 31st.

MR. DAY: If the Commission please, before the witness answers, I don't know that Exhibit Eleven or whatever it is has been identified.

- Q (Mr. G. Buell continuing.) Are you confused about Exhibit Eleven, Mr. Cox?
  - A. Yes, I am.

MR. DAY: I don't believe Mr. Cox has seen Exhibit Eleven before or has properly identified it.

May I ask, is this exhibit from the records of the Commission?

MR. RAMEY: Yes, it is.

MR. DAY: Thank you.

- A. Yes, uh-huh.
- Q (Mr. G. Buell continuing.) All right, sir, you now recognize your Exhibit Number Eleven?
  - A. Right.
- Q. It is a two-part exhibit, a transmittal letter addressed to Mr. Bob Ratts and attached to it is a plat.
- A. Right.
- Q. Now, in your testimony you said that you sent that to him at his home in Hurst and the address on there is to a residence in Hurst?

MR. DAY: If the Commission please, is this testimony from a prior record or has the witness testified to that already today? I'm confused as to where the testimony comes in, Mr. Buell.

MR. G. BUELL: I'm referring to his previous testimony and I'm getting to that.

MR. DAY: All right, thank you.

- A. I mailed it to him on July 6th.
- Q. (Mr. G. Buell continuing.) All right, let me find the transcript reference where you testified, Mr. Cox, that he did not get it until July 31st. Would you turn to page two oh nine in your transcript for November 19th, 1975?
  - A. Page what, Mr. Buell?
- Q. Page two zero nine. The answer I'm asking you to refresh your memory about is about the middle of the page, it starts off "August the -- I mean July when he come back in from the well. He had been out on the well from July 7th to July 31st."
- A. Give me that page number again, apparently I can't pick up your --
- Q. All right, about the middle of page two oh nine, where you start the answer "August the", then there are a couple of little dashes, you hesitated, then you say, "I mean July when he came back in from the well. He had been out on the well from July the 7th to July the 31st.

A. Right.

- Q. So on July 31st the well was at total depth?
- A. That is correct.
- Q. So Mr. Ratts did not see this communication represented by your Exhibit Eleven until after the well was all the way to total depth?
  - A. Right.
- Q. All right, sir, let me ask you this: Did you ever mention the material covered in this letter to Mr. Ratts in your many telephone conversations with him?
- A. Yes, in regards to getting back to the northeast when they were going gradually to the northwest but I don't think I specifically mentioned the letter but when I got out there I found out that he didn't have the letter and I didn't have a copy of the letter myself.
- Q. Mr. Cox, was there any way that you could have sent a copy of this letter out to the area where the well location is?
  - A. I'm sure that I could have.
  - Q. But you didn't do that?
- A. No, because I did not realize that they were moving in on the well on July 7th or 8th, whenever they did, I thought it was later on in the week, they were to contact him, I was out of town.
  - Q. And although you knew that he was going to be at

the well continuously from July 7th until it reached total depth, which was July 31st, still on July 6th you mailed this to his home, is that correct?

- A. No, he was not going to be on the well continuously from July 1st. He was going out and pull the casing and lay it down and then go back out when the drilling rig was available.
- Q. You misunderstood my question. According to the data that you furnished the Commission, Cactus had their rig over the hole on July 7th?
  - A. That's apparently correct.
- Q. And in your testimony that we just read, you said that he was out on the well from July 7th to July the 31st?
- A. July 6th. Could I see Cactus' records from the file? I don't know if that is what date they did have.

MR. DAY: You are referring to the drilling log?

A. I think it was put in evidence.

MR. DAY: No, I think we took it back.

- A. They moved on the 8th, moved in on the 8th.
- Q. (Mr. G. Buell continuing.) Mr. Cox, may we clear up something right here? Maybe I misunderstand but most drilling reports of the type that I think you are looking at, ones that I've had experience with, on the 8th they are reporting activity that occurred on the 7th, on the 9th they are reporting activity that occurred on the 8th. Hasn't that

been your experience with drilling reports, so when you are looking at July 8th --

- A. I believe the report I would get would be a day late but I believe what they would document on their drilling report would be the date they did the work.
- Q. So you think that all of the information on that report that is carried by July the 8th, actually occurred on July the 8th and not on July 7th, is that your testimony?
- A. The date, July 7, 8, rig up; July 9, drill cement; July 10, set whipstock; July 11, plugged back, wait on cement; July 12, wait on cement. I imagine that's the dates it was conducted.
- Q. All right, sir, then why in your testimony that we just referred to and read into the record on page two oh nine of the transcript dated 11, 19, '75, did you say that Mr. Ratts was on the well from July 7th to July 31st?
- A. I imagine they contacted Mr. Ratts on the 7th and told him that they were moving in.
- Q. Is your testimony that you really don't know where you pulled July 7th out of the air when you gave it on November 19th, Mr. Cox?
- A. All I know is that they called him, I was out of town and they called him and said they were moving in and it was approximately a Tuesday or a Wednesday and I was out of town during the time they moved in. I might have pulled it

out of the air, the 7th or 8th, there might be a difference in the date, I don't know.

- Q. How about the seven, thirty-first part of that answer did you pull that out of the air?
  - A. Seven, thirty-one -- sixty-two, thirty-one depth.
- Q Mr. Cox, perhaps we are not being fair to the Commissioners in that I should have pointed out, I guess, through you, that actually this letter we are referring to, the first part of Exhibit Number Eleven, is a letter to Mr. Ratts which in effect you let him know that you had changed your mind about the target location on the Eastman plat and in the plat that accompanies this letter you are giving him a new target location for your directionally controlled well, is that correct?
  - A. Yes, basically after much advice.
- Q. And, of course, what I'm trying to establish is whether you had any hope at all in view of your testimony, that he was on the well July 7th, for you to mail him a letter no earlier than July 6th at his home in Hurst, Texas and expect him to get it before he went to the well?
- A. I already testified that we didn't know when they were moving in on the well, they didn't advise us. It was sometime probably the latter part of that week because we were having trouble getting trucks.
  - Q. All right, sir, since Mr. Ratts never got this

letter until July 31st when the well was at total depth, he did not have this document to evidence your change in mind as to the target bottom-hole location or the target area?

- A. Not this letter in his possession, no, sir.
- Q. And would you suspect that that was the reason that he testified that when the well was kicked off out of the old hole, he instructed Eastman to kick it out to the northwest.

MR. DAY: We object to that question, if it please the Commission, it is a subjective question. He could not possibly know what the intentions or thoughts of Mr. Ratts were at that time.

MR. RAMEY: Objection sustained.

- Q. (Mr. G. Buell continuing.) Mr. Cox, would you turn to page fifty-three of the November 1975 transcript and take all the time you need to go back and see that this is where Mr. Ratts is under cross examination, page fifty-three?
  - A. Okay.
- Q. And I'm interested in the question in the upper third of the page, what were these specific instructions that you gave to the Eastman representative the first time the Dyna-Drill was put in the hole?

MR. DAY: If the Commission please, were these questions directed to Mr. Ratts?

MR. G. BUELL: Yes, this is the cross examination of

Mr. Ratts.

MR. DAY: We object to any testimony of Mr. Ratts being introduced into this record. Mr. Ratts is subject to subpoena by Amoco or Arco, he is not here for cross examination at this hearing, he is not available for cross examination, he is not a witness here today and we object to any testimony from the prior record as to Mr. Ratts. If they wanted him here they could have subpoened him.

MR. G. BUELL: If it please the Commission, as the Commission records will reflect, on November 19, 1975 Mr. Ratts insofar as the record is concerned, that I can see, voluntarily appeared as a witness for Mr. Cox. His testimony was propounded by Mr. Sumner Buell and Mr. Day and I had no idea since this is a De Novo hearing and they considered Mr. Ratts' testimony so critical to their case on November the 19th that he wouldn't be here today.

MR. DAY: We appreciate Mr. Buell's comments on the testimony in the records, however, we do object to Mr. Buell cross examining Mr. Ratts in absentia.

MR. RAMEY: I think I will sustain the objection.

I don't believe we can ask this witness to testify on the testimony of others, Mr. Buell.

MR. G. BUELL: Thank you, Mr. Commissioner.

Q (Mr. G. Buell continuing.) All right, sir, let's look at your letter dated July the 6th, Mr. Cox, and the first

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paragraph which says that you received a plat from Bo Coats from Eastman concerning the approximate target which was suggested when we briefly met a few weeks ago.

The approximate target which was suggested, could

The approximate target which was suggested, could you amplify on that a little, please, for my benefit?

- A. That is what you have on your plat. It is in the northwest quadrant, approximately fifty feet from the north line and fifty feet from the west line or in the northern portion of our lease, of our forty acres.
- Q. And this was the approximate target that was suggested by you?
- A. I don't believe it was suggested by me, I believe it was suggested by both Mr. Ratts and Mr. Coats. I had no experience in Dyna-drilling or the accuracy of how well they could put it on the spot.
- Q. You further say in your letter, "When we briefly met a few weeks ago." Are you talking to the meeting between you and Mr. Ratts and Mr. Coats?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. A meeting that by your own testimony lasted from breakfast, through lunch and on into the afternoon?
- A. Probably Mr. Coats and Mr. Ratts and I had the opportunity to talk less than an hour all told, except at lunch.
  - Q All right, sir, let's go down to the next paragraph

and remembering this letter is dated July the 6th, 1975, the next paragraph says, "After getting a copy of the deviation surveys run in the Number 1 and Number 2 wells, it appears that normal migration is dominant to the west from the surface down to the top of the Abo (approximately fifty—two hundred feet) -- ", and I'll read this since you gentlemen are letting him look at your copy -- "where it changes to NW --" I'm sure you mean northwest by that.

"Parenthesis, see attached plat."

Did I read that as accurately as I can?

- A. Yes.
- Q. After getting a copy of the deviation surveys, Mr. Cox, you had those deviation surveys in your possession for how many years at the time you wrote this letter?
- A. Those deviation surveys I don't believe were in my possession. I believe they were lost in the fire. I believe they came from Mr. Lipski's.
- Q. Well, we know you had them on May 23rd, 1975 because you offered both of them as exhibits in your case?
  - A. Yes, sir.
  - Q. And any tendency they show --
- A. May nineteen what? I had them in my possession when?
  - Q. At the May 23rd, 1973 hearing.
  - A. Yes, sir.

- Q. And any tendency they showed for a dominant migration west, they showed it in May of 1973 as they did in July of 1975, did they not?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. So you had all of these data at the time you made your recommendation to the Commission in May of 1973 as to what you would like to do if they approved it?
  - A. Yes, they were all submitted to the Commission.
- O All right, sir, is there anything of significance in the third paragragraph that you would like to point out to the Commission since you are looking at their copy and I have no particular comments on this but I thought you might have and in all fairness to you, if you have any please make them?
- A. Well, reading through, an article that was given to me by an engineer, "Surveying and Steering while Drilling with a Mud Motor" which was in the July issue of Petroleum Engineer, which he brought over after he had discussed it with me. It says, "Mud motors, while quite successful, introduced variables of their own which were not measurable and were quite unpredictable in practice."
  - Q. Excuse me, Mr. Cox, where are your reading now?
- A. I'm down to -- you are asking me to amplify on my third paragraph and why I made that change, isn't that what you asked me?
  - Q. Yes, I mean, but aren't you reading from something

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Q.

This is from the Petroleum Engineer, Yes, I am. issue of July, 1975, written by Gailen D. Marshall, Senior Staff Engineer, Sperry-Sun Well Surveying Company, Sugarland, Texas.

- All right, sir, are you through reading now? 0.
- No, you haven't given me a chance. A.
  - Well, I didn't mean to interrupt, go ahead. MR. RAMEY: What was the date on that, Mr. Cox?
- I won't go through it all but --A. July 5th. (Reading.) Torque lag is the condition when torque is applied to the drilling string at the surface of the borehole to achieve a turn of the toolface down hole at the deflection device on top of the mud motor.

Mud motors, while quite successful, introduced variables of their own which were not measurable and were quite unpredictable in practice. All mud motors have a common characteristic known as reactive torque, a resultant force due to the mud motor turning to the right and supplying power to the drill bit. The reactive torque is difficult, if not impossible, to accurately predict.

The reactive torque from the mud motor causes the complete down-hole drilling assembly to turn to the left as mud circulation is started. As drilling weight is applied to the drill bit, the tendency to turn left is even more severe.

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## (End of reading.)

There is a lot more but I think that is adequate.

Q. (Mr. G. Buell continuing.) All right, thank you, Mr. Cox.

In the next paragraph you talk about the stimulation treatment that the Number 1 randomly drilled hole was given and the Number 1 and the Number 2 Well that you drilled was given, is that not correct?

- A. That's correct.
- Q. Were not these stimulation treatments available to you at the time of your testimony at the May 23rd, 1973 hearing?
  - A. Yes, they were.
  - Q. So that's no new data in July of 1975?
  - A. No.
- Q. All right, sir, I have no questions on the next paragraph. In fairness to you, let me ask you again if you would like to comment on that for the benefit of the Commissioners?
  - A. Which paragraph, sir, the next to the last paragraph?
  - 0. Yes.
- A. (Reading.) Suggestions are that we should take off at a high enough angle to make sure we clear this stub and then drop back. On checking the production offsetting us, the J well was cutting considerable water and there are rumors

that its oil production is not as high as reported. We know that the F-3 and F-12 are producing four hundred to four hundred and fifty barrels a day water free so the north central quadrant of our lease looks more prospective. (End of reading.)

- Q All right, sir, do you have any comments other than just reading? I have no questions.
- A. Well, just what I'm saying, that's why I didn't want to go northwest.
- Q. All right, sir, in the last paragraph you simply advised Mr. Ratts that you tried to reach him at the motel but he had checked out and then you gave him where you would be in Hamilton, at the Spotted Horse Motel?
  - A. Right.
- Q. All right, sir, early in your testimony today you mentioned receiving a call while you were in Hamilton. Was that Mr. Ratts acting on this information that you gave him?
- A. I can't recall me saying getting a call from Mr. Ratts.
- Q. No, you said you got a telephone call while you were in Hamilton. My question is: Was that call from Mr. Ratts?
- A. Yes, I believe it was, that they couldn't get out of the old hole.
- Q. Yes, I believe your testimony was that the plug you had set. Let me ask you this right here for the benefit

of the Commissioners. What is the purpose of this plug that you set?

- A. The plug was as a take-off point for the whipstock.
- Q. In other words, you need a plug to set your Dyna-Drill on to kick out of the old well hole?
- A. To my understanding you do. I'm no expert on Dyna-Drilling or --
- Q. I believe our Commissioners will concede, Mr. Cox, that you and I probably know more about that than they do.
  - A. Well, I'm sure they know more than I do.
  - Q Well, maybe not one of them.
    - MR. LUCERO: Which one, Mr. Buell?
- Q (Mr. G. Buell continuing.) Mr. Cox, and the thrust of this telephone call you got from Mr. Ratts while you were in Hamilton, is that Hamilton, Texas?
  - A. Yes, sir.
  - Q. Was that the cement plug you had set --
- A. I don't recall whether it was in Hamilton, Texas or back in Dallas, Texas or whether I was in Ballinger or where I was but I received a call that they couldn't get out of the old hole. All I said in this letter is where I would be in Hamilton, I would be in Hamilton, Texas at the Spotted Horse if they needed to get in touch with me.
- Q. If I understood you correctly this morning, you testified that you received a call in Hamilton, would you

like that testimony to be changed that you received a call in either Hamilton or Dallas?

- A. I can't recall whether it was Hamilton or Dallas.

  I travel around a lot, I can't really say.
- Q I realize that. I have the same problem, Mr. Cox. But you do remember getting a phone call from Mr. Ratts telling you that the cement plug had given away?
  - A. Yes, sir.
  - Q. And they weren't out of the old hole yet?
  - A. And they had to plug back.
- Q. Let me ask you this: Since your letter of July the 6th had attempted to instruct him that you had changed your mind about going to the northwest, instead you wanted to go to the north, why didn't you tell him then to orient the Dyna-Drill to the north?
- A. I was under the assumption that he had the letter and on the other hand, he was the engineer in charge of the well and setting the orientation. I don't know anything about setting orientations of Dyna-Drills or how the mechanism works or anything like that. I'm not an expert in this field and I appreciate your trying to make me one but I'm not.
- Q You will agree with me, will you not, Mr. Cox, at the time, before you were out of the old hole, that he could have instructed Eastman to orient the Dyna-Drill in any

# direction?

A. He could have already told them to orient it to the south.

- Q. Yes, or the north, as you say in this letter, or to the east?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q But instead the drill was oriented to the northwest?
- A. From my understanding and looking at the reports, yes.

  It looks that way.
- Q. All right, sir, unless you have some other comments you would like to make on the text of the transmittal letter, I'm ready now to discuss the plat that was attached to it.
- A. That is about as much as I can go. I can't add anything to it anymore than I put in the letter.

MR. G. BUELL: Just a moment, Mr. Commissioner, let me see if we have another copy of his plat so you all can be looking at it. I know it is difficult for you to follow.

MR. RAMEY: I would suggest that, Mr. Buell, if you have one.

(THEREUPON, a discussion was held off the record.)

MR. G. BUELL: The copy of the plat attached to

Exhibit Eleven that I have just handed to the Commissioner

has been identified by Mr. Cox, just by eyeball looking at

it, it appears to be an exact copy of that that he is looking

Q. (Mr. G. Buell continuing.) All right, sir, explain please to the two Commissioners, what you proposed to show Mr. Ratts by that plat?

A. One was going off in a north direction, that the migration of the bit into the south and east, the south and east dip, was going to carry it normally back to the northwest anyway.

Q All right, sir, so the horizontal, heavy, straight lines that we see running in an almost true north direction, is a path that by this letter and by this plat you are instructing Mr. Ratts to kick out of the hole and go in that direction, is that correct?

A. Well, that is the direction I wanted to go. How they kicked out I don't know but from talking to other people, they brought this to my attention that the dip would catch us and we would probably end up thirty or forty feet from our target area. You are asking me technical questions that I'm really not qualified to answer. My intent was to go north, as I said in the letter. The plat shows where I feel like the bottom of the hole would probably end up.

Q Well, I'm not trying to get you in an area, Mr.

Cox, in which you haven't previously testified because this was your exhibit, prepared by you and presented by you, so

I'm not trying to get you into an area that you haven't testified about before and I understood your testimony in

explaining this exhibit, that that line I directed you to was the line you felt if they had followed in orienting the Dyna-Drill and coming out of the hole, that they would have eventually ended up approximately where the line to the left of that goes?

- A. No, I don't know that much about it. You notice I've got a prospective area in there in yellow, I didn't know where it would end up.
- Q. So at that time, July 6th, 1975, you would have been happy if you had ended up anywhere in this area labeled, "prospective area"?
- A. Right, that area or any place in that area labeled in yellow. I can't see too well how far the yellow goes over but I would have been satisfied with it.
- Q. Mr. Cox, where I'm having my difficulty, you have testified that this letter of July 6th, 1975 and this plat that was attached to it, was your instructions to Mr. Ratts that you no longer wanted to follow the deviation plan that appeared on the Eastman plat, is that correct up to there?
  - A. That is correct up to there.
- Q. But that you wanted him to follow this deviation plan that you showed on the plat attached to your letter?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q All right, sir, in the interest of time let me ask
  you this: I believe at the request of the Examiner on November

the 19th, you scaled off on this exhibit, your prospective area with respect to the surface location of the well, do you recall that?

- A. I don't believe I did, I believe the Examiner did.
- Q. Well, would you do that, please, and tell the
  Commission whether or not even if these instructions had
  gotten in the hand of Mr. Ratts and he followed your instructions
  faithfully and the well had been bottomed in the area that
  you have labeled "prospective area", whether or not that would
  have been in, within the limits, granted by the Commission
  in your order?
- A. No, sir, as I testified before, I wasn't aware of the conditions. I was confident of the terms of the order in that I had permission to deviate but had not -- I had to run surveys. I was not cognizant of the fact that I bottomed, and I testified to that. I think I testified to the Examiners, an informal meeting, to everyone, where the bottom of my well ended up and that I intentionally deviated it and so, I mean, this hammering away as to why this was here and this was here.

MR. DAY: Mr. Cox, would you reserve your comments about the type of questions.

- A. Okay.
- Q (Mr. G. Buell continuing.) So, Mr. Cox, regardless of intent, if the deviated and controlled well had followed

your instructions to Mr. Ratts, it still wouldn't have conformed to the Commission order?

A. No. sir.

- Q. And it did follow the deviation plat shown on the Eastman plats, one of which was furnished you, and it also was outside of the purview and requirements of the Commission order?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. All right, sir, I believe you testified that your fire was January the 12th, 1975, is that correct?
  - A. January the 11th.
  - Q. January the 11th.

MR. DAY: May it please the Commissioners, we have never denied that Mr. Cox trusted his memory as to the drilling permit and went in the direction, either a hundred to a hundred and fifty feet off, or whatever it was. If Mr. Buell is continuing questioning in this area, we have never denied it, if that is what you are trying to establish.

MR. G. BUELL: If it please the Commission, I believe I have established that and I thought it should be firmly established in this record for you gentlemen to consider in making your decision, regardless of what Mr. Cox's intention was. One thing is crystal clear, he had no intention of complying with the Commission's order.

MR. DAY: If you please, in the opening remarks made

by myself and during the direct testimony of Mr. Cox he stated that he trusted his memory, he went to his memory on what he thought the drilling permit stated, later he found himself to be wrong in this thinking at the time of drilling and it is redundant that he has so testified on direct and on cross that he was and he now finds he was not in compliance with the drilling permit.

I'm not trying to say -- we are perfectly willing for you to cross examine but if we are going into the same area it is redundant and I don't think it is necessary.

MR. G. BUELL: I was through with that area. I did not intend to be redundant but I did want this record crystal clear, aside from comments from counsel, that Mr. Cox had no intent to comply with the Commission order and I think the record is crystal clear.

MR. DAY: The only comments I make is that he so testified on direct and again on your cross.

MR. G. BUELL: I had a hard time following him on direct. I distinctly understood him to say that Mr. Ratts called him in Hamilton, Texas, then he says on cross that it might have been in Dallas.

MR. DAY: Well, you are going again, what difference does it make? He said he went outside the limits of the drilling permit. I don't understand what difference it makes whether he was a hundred feet, a hundred and fifty feet in one

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direction and eighty-five or ninety in the northeast or west or when he got the calls or what.

MR. G. BUELL: If it please the Commission, if I have confused Mr. Day I apologize.

- Q. (Mr. G. Buell continuing.) Now, Mr. Cox, you said your fire was January 11th, 1975. This well commenced drilling early in July of 1975.
  - A. July 8th, I believe.
- Q. Did you make any attempt in that intervening sixmonths period to get a copy of the Commission order and refresh your memory?
  - A. No, I did not.
- Q. Mr. Cox, were you able to forget your sworn testimony at the May 23rd, 1973 hearing as easily as you forgot what was in the Commission order?
- A. I really don't know what my sworn testimony was in the May 23, 1973 hearing because I didn't have a copy of the transcript.
- Q. You read it this morning. You mean you have already forgotten it again?
- A. I got it from Sumner Buell but I did not have a copy of it.
- MR. G. BUELL: May it please the Commission, that's all I have by way of cross.
  - MR. HINKLE: We have no questions.

MR. RAMEY: Anything further?

MR. DAY: If I may, just a couple of questions.

#### REDIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. DAY:

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- Q. Mr. Cox, the name of Don Benscoter has been brought up, is Mr. Benscoter an oil engineer, petroleum engineer, geologist or in any way skilled in the oil business, to your knowledge?
  - A. No, he isn't.
- Q. Mr. Cox, what was the original time estimated within which to drill this test well, subject well?
  - A. Somewhere between ten to twelve days.
  - Q And how much time did it actually take?
- A. I believe from July 8th to July 31st would be roughly twenty-three or twenty-four days.
- Q. Mr. Cox, between the time of the fire, or after the time of the fire, did you in any way try to reestablish your records?
  - A. Reestablish them?
  - Q. Yes.
- A. What we could get back that wasn't completely fire damaged, you know, or illegibly smoke damaged, it is pretty hard to tell, you know, just what records you lost because you have got a file full of records. We wrote to the USGS

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and advised them on sometime in March or April that we had had the fire and had lost all our correspondence in regards to N.M. six eight five two and would they send us the sundry report forms.

- O. That was two months after the fire?
- A. Yes, sir, two months after the fire.
- Q. An earlier exhibit shows that you were attempting to salvage some of your records by having smoke damage, whatever they do to documents to remove the smoke and make them legible. What else were you doing between that time and the time that you commenced the well?
  - A. We were drilling six wells.
- Q. And operating, I believe you testified on the cross examination, some twenty wells?
  - A. Right.
- Q. And you had a maximum of three employees in the whole time?
  - A. Yes, sir.

MR. DAY: Thank you, Mr. Cox.

MR. RAMEY: Any other questions of the witness?
Mr. Buell?

### FURTHER CROSS EXAMINATION

24 BY MR. G. BUELL:

Q. Mr. Cox, you aren't testifying that you completely

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forgot that the Commission issued an order after your May 23rd, 1973 case?

- A. No, I knew I had permission to deviate and run a survey, I know I didn't have any idea it was a multi-shot.
- Q. Your memory just failed as to what was in the order?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Certainly you realize with a telephone call to the Commission or your attorney here in Santa Fe you could have gotten a complete new copy of the order?
- A. I imagine I could have, Mr. Buell, there are a lot of things that I imagine I could do.

MR. G. BUELL: Thank you, Mr. Cox.

MR. RAMEY: Any other questions of the witness?

#### CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. LUCERO:

- Q Mr. Cox, with respect to that plat attached to Exhibit Eleven where you have it, I believe, shaded in yellow, the prospective area.
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. How were the outer limits of that prospective area on the east and west sides determined?
- A. I just drew them in. You know, I felt like it would fall somewhere in through there.

•	Q.	Did 3	70u	use	any	geologic	data	available	to	you	to
2	determine	these	e ou	ater	limi	its?					

A. Well, the only thing I was using from a geological standpoint was that to the north was the fatter part of the reef and that was the direction of which if I was going to encounter production that would be the more favorable area.

MR. LUCERO: I have no further questions.

MR. RAMEY: Any other questions?

MR. DAY: Mr. Cox, have you ever been in this position before, about going to any commission in violation of any drilling permit?

MR. COX: No.

MR. DAY: In all of your experience and history of drilling wells?

MR. COX: No.

MR. DAY: Thank you.

MR. RAMEY: Any other questions? The witness may be excused.

MR. COX: Thank you.

(THEREUPON, the witness was excused.)

MR. DAY: If the Commission please, on the premises under which I first commenced examination, this will end my direct examination and testimony proffered to the Commission concerning the circumstances of the drilling of the well under the drilling permit. We would reserve the right to

recall our witness in rebuttal.

MR. RAMEY: Do you anticipate putting any witnesses on other than those you have subpoened?

MR. DAY: I have not subpoened any, sir.

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Buell, didn't you request it?

MR. S. BUELL: I think those witnesses, Mr. Ramey, go to the geology and engineering involved, which hopefully will be the subject matter of another session.

MR. NUTTER: Mr. Ramey, I wonder if I could have
Mr. Cox back on the stand just a minute to clarify a couple
of points in the well file?

Mr. Cox, I wonder if I can clarify a couple of points in the well file with you?

(THEREUPON, the witness was recalled.)

MR. S. BUELL: Take the witness stand.

# CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. NUTTER:

Q. Mr. Cox, on July 8th, 1975, you filed with the USGS a Form 9331, which was a notice of intention to repair a well and on that 9331 you stated, operations as described in sundry notices and report forms dated July 19, 1973 were commenced July 8th, 1975. Now, on July 19th, 1973 when you filed this 9331, you stated you were going to move in, pull the casing, plug back and set the whipstock and point five, directionally drill seven and seven-eighths-inch hole in

accordance with Order Number R-4561 of the New Mexico Oil
Conservation Commission. Now, apparently on July 8th of '75
when you filed the 9331 and stated that the work that you
declared that you were going to do in 1973 would now be done
in July of '75. You apparently had reference to this same
form, did you have this form in your possession?

- A. Yes, sir, the USGS sent it to me. They sent me the last sundry report forms.
  - Q. They sent you a new copy of this?
  - A. Yeah.
- Q. Well, when you had this form in your hand it made reference to Order Number R-4561 and stated that the hole was going to be drilled in accordance with that Order. You realize that there must be some conditions or terms in the Order if you are going to drill it in accordance with it?
- A. Well, yes, as I said, my memory -- in my memory I had to run a survey to show my bottom-hole location and I had permission to deviate the well off to the north. That is to the best of my memory.
- Q. It also in July of '73 in the form which you had received a copy of back from the USGS, said that you would run a multi-shot deviation survey, now you were aware of that, of course?
- A. No, sir, I didn't know the difference between a multi-shot and a single shot. They instructed me that we had

to run a single shot on the way down to control the deviation of the hole and make changes in our whipstock. I didn't know the technological difference between a single and a multi-shot survey. The survey was a bottom-hole survey, as far as I was concerned.

- Q. Well, now, when the USGS furnished us a copy of the forms that were attached, they furnished us a copy of the Order. They didn't furnish you with a copy of the Order, they furnished us with a copy of our own Order but when they sent you a form they didn't send you a copy of our Order?
  - A. No, sir, they did not.

MR. DAY: Mr. Nutter, what Order is that that was attached?

MR. NUTTER: A copy of the original Order that authorized the deviation, R-4561.

MR. DAY: 4561?

- Q. (Mr. Nutter continuing.) Now, November 1st of 1974 you filed with the GS Form 9331 and they received it in December 17th, 1974 and you stated at that time that you were unable to acquire a contractor to perform the planned whipstock attempt to straighten up the hole. As late as December of 1974 were you still planning to straighten the hole?
- A. By straightening the hole our intent, I said, was to get off the stub and get out and get away from the area of

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influence, the hundred and fifty foot area which the engineers thought was influenced and I guess their idea was to straighten up the hole.

- Q. When you filed this and said you were going to straighten up the hole, that didn't mean that you were going to drill and bottom it within a hundred feet of the surface location?
  - A. No.
  - Q. I see.

MR. NUTTER: That's all. Thank you.

MR. RAMEY: Any further questions of the witness?

MR. DAY: No, sir.

MR. RAMEY: He may be excused.

(THEREUPON, the witness was excused.)

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Buell?

MR. G. BUELL: Mr. Ramey, should I assume that we are proceeding under the fact that we will have all of the testimony relating to the deviation of the hole before we go into any other matters?

MR. RAMEY: Yes, sir.

MR. G. BUELL: In that case then I do have one witness, Mr. Currens. He has one big exhibit he needs to put on the wall, if you would like to take a short recess.

MR. RAMEY: Let's take a five minute recess.

(THEREUPON, the hearing was in recess.)

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MR. RAMEY: Mr. Buell, you may proceed.

DANIEL R. CURRENS

called as a witness, having been first duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

# DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. G. BUELL:

- Mr. Currens, would you state your complete name, by whom you are employed and in what capacity and in what location, please?
- A. Daniel R. Currens, Senior Staff Engineer, Amoco Production Company, Houston, Texas.
- Q Mr. Currens, I realize you have testified at previous Commission hearings and your qualifications as a petroleum engineer are a matter of public record in the Commission files but in order that the two Commissioners will be acquainted with your qualifications, particularly as it would affect the Empire-Abo pool, would you briefly give your educational background and your work experience since graduation, please?
- A. All right, sir, I was graduated from Texas A & M with a B.S. degree in chemical engineering in 1954. Upon graduation I was employed by what was then Stanolind Oil and Gas Company, subsequently Pan American Petroleum Corporation, now Amoco Production Company. I started with that company

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around Odessa, Texas. Subsequently I was in Hobbs, New Mexico did a tour in the Army, returned from the Army to our District Office in Roswell, New Mexico where I was engaged primarily in reservoir engineering work. That would have been in 1957 and I was there until 1959 and that encompasses the time of discovery of the Empire-Abo pool and I did reservoir engineering work on the Empire-Abo pool at that Subsequently, I was in Lubbock, still following time. New Mexico and I was in the Fort Worth Division Office. I then had assignments there that had to do with operations, reservoir engineering, unitization, a variety of things. was area engineer in Monahans, Texas, in Brownfield, Texas, with the engineering responsibility for all producing operations in those areas. Subsequently, I was in Fort Worth and now in Houston.

MR. G. BUELL: Thank you, Mr. Currens. Are there any questions with respect to Mr. Currens' qualifications as a petroleum engineer?

MR. RAMEY: No, the Commission considers him qualified.

Yes, sir.

MR. DAY:

MR. G. BUELL: Mr. Currens, I believe everyone has a set of your exhibits. Mr. Day, do you have a set?

MR. G. BUELL: In that connection, Mr. Day, if I

understood correctly this morning, the exhibits that Mr. Cox

submitted, the DN exhibits, that you said you had a copy and would make a copy and furnish us, did I understand you correctly?

MR. DAY: Yes, sir.

MR. G. BUELL: Thank you.

Q. (Mr. G. Buell continuing.) Mr. Currens, turn first to what has been identified as Amoco's Number DN-One.

MR. DAY: Mr. Currens, before you answer, if I may suggest that maybe this stipulation would expedite the hearing greatly. We will stipulate that the Cox well is bottomed eight feet from the west line and fifty-eight feet from the north line of the Cox lease. Will that expedite matters?

MR. G. BUELL: I think that it should shorten matters some, Mr. Commissioners, and I appreciate the stipulation.

MR. DAY: May I further offer another stipulation.

I believe Arco ran a survey, a surface survey and the location is three hundred and thirty feet from one line and three hundred and thirty-one from the other and I so tender that stipulation.

MR. G. BUELL: That is my recollection of the on-theground survey and Amoco would so stipulate to it.

MR. DAY: Arco?

MR. HINKLE: I stipulate except as to where the well is bottomed there. There could be an error as far as

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some error there but we will stipulate that the survey shows that.

MR. G. BUELL: I want the record to clearly reflect that that is all I'm stipulating to in regard to the surface survey.

MR. DAY: Well, to the surface survey you stipulate and everybody so stipulates. As to the location of the well, as I understood Mr. Hinkle, he is stipulating that the well survey shows that it is bottomed there.

That's right, but there may be an MR. HINKLE: error in the survey and I think maybe Eastman's witnesses might testify that there could be some deviation, an error, a percentage of error where it could be bottomed over the lease line, as far as that goes.

Does Amoco then stipulate that the survey shows the well bottomed where it is subject to the conditions of Arco, do you agree with Arco?

I'm going to have Mr. Currens so MR. G. BUELL: testify.

> MR. DAY: So this is stipulated?

MR. G. BUELL: It's stronger than a stipulation, it will be through the sworn testimony of our witness.

Well, I was hoping to abort some testimony MR. DAY: which would not be necessary in that area when you get to the meat of it.

MR. G. BUELL: I'm a firm believer in reducing all of the surplus time that we can but this is an important case, both to Mr. Cox, to Amoco, to Arco and to all of the interest owners in the Empire-Abo unit. For that reason encumbent upon I would be derelict if I didn't make a full case before you two gentlemen and I intend to make a full case. I will save all the time I possibly can but unless you set me down that is my intention and I think you gentlemen deserve it.

MR. LUCERO: I think the question before us now is, do you stipulate or not. If you don't, proceed, if you do, why just stipulate, or are you going to go ahead with it?

MR. HINKLE: As to the surface location, we do, yes,

sir.

MR. G. BUELL: Yes, sir, the surface location.

MR. RAMEY: But you do not stipulate that the well is bottomed on the lease?

MR. HINKLE: My idea is that there could be a percentage of error, regardless of where the map or plat shows it to be bottomed. It could be bottomed otherwise and I think the testimony of Eastman will so show that.

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Buell, you may proceed and take as much time as you need.

MR. G. BUELL: Actually in our testimony we go a little further than the testimony I am about to elicit from Mr. Currens. Unless he surprises me, his testimony will be

that with a well only nine feet from our lease line,
from a reservoir engineering standpoint, it is completely
immaterial insofar as violating correlative rights whether
it is nine feet from our line or nine feet over onto your
property.

MR. RAMEY: Please proceed.

- Q (Mr. G. Buell continuing.) Mr. Currens, would you direct our attention, please, to what has been identified as Amoco's Exhibit DN Number One?
  - A. Yes, sir.
  - Q. What is that exhibit?
- A. Exhibit DN-One is a plat of the area of the EmpireAbo pool and other wells that were drilled in the area of the
  Cox Federal lease. It shows a portion of Eddy County, New
  Mexico, the Section 12 that is in the southeast corner of
  the exhibit is labeled, you will note at the top of it, Cox
  US EA. That simply shows the location of the original Aztec,
  surface location of the original Aztec EA 1, which was
  subsequent to the Cox EA 1 and the Cox EA 2, Empire-Abo wells,
  both producers and dry holes in the area and some other wells
  that were drilled in the area. It is an orientation plat,
  is what it is.
- Q. In that connection, Mr. Currens, in that some of the offsetting properties to Mr. Cox's Federal EA lease are within the Empire-Abo unit and in the past hearings we have

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been referring to the wells by their old lease name and then some referred to them by their unit designation. Does not this orientation map show the old lease designation as well as the unit designation for the wells in and around Mr. Cox's lease?

- A. Yes, it does.
- Q. So with this map we can locate a well whether it is called by its old designation or the unit designation?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Do you have any other comments on that exhibit, Mr. Currens?
  - A. No, sir, I don't believe so.

MR. DAY: If the Commission please, may I have the witness on voir dire on this exhibit?

MR. RAMEY: Yes, you may.

MR. DAY: Thank you.

Mr. Currens, referring to what has been marked as

Amoco DN-One, you have shown various wells in various sections,

are these all of the wells that are presently on these locations,

is it not true that some inside locations have been made?

MR. CURRENS: As far as I know these are all of the wells on these locations.

MR. DAY: You are not aware of any wells that have been drilled inside of these perimeters and completed.

MR. CURRENS: Taken from base map records we have

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in our office I don't have them spotted, no, sir.

MR. DAY: All right, thank you.

MR. RAMEY: Is that all, Mr. Day?

MR. CURRENS: Unless I inadvertently overlooked one, to the best of my knowledge that is correct.

> To the best of your knowledge? MR. DAY:

MR. CURRENS: Yes, sir.

But you could have overlooked some?

That's possible. MR. CURRENS:

MR. G. BUELL: In that connection, Mr. Commissioners we were as careful as possible in preparing this map but since it isn't a substantive map, it is more or less an orientation map to help you and others keep up with the progress of the hearing, it is conceivable that we've overlooked one but we don't think we did.

Are you through, Mr. Day?

MR. DAY: Yes, thank you.

- (Mr. G. Buell continuing.) Mr. Currens, if you 0. have no other comments on Amoco's Exhibit DN Number One, would you turn your attention, please, to what has been identified as Amoco's Exhibit DN Number Two. I believe in addition to giving everyone of interest a smaller version of this exhibit, you have on the wall for ease in discussing it, a larger exhibit?
  - A. Yes, sir. On the wall is a large copy of what

has been marked as Amoco's Exhibit DN-Two, reduced copies of that, which are simply shot down copies of the base from which this was made, those that have been distributed.

This exhibit reflects the surface location.

- Q Pardon me, Mr. Currens, would you explain what the border of the exhibit reflects before we go into the surface location of the Number 1 Well?
- A. All right, sir, this exhibit has a red border around it which is the depiction of the eighty-acre unit.
  - Q. Forty acre.
- A. Forty-acre unit, pardon me. The forty-acre unit on which this well was drilled. Forty-acre state-wide rules, which are forty acre applied to the Empire-Abo and the drilling unit is forty acres and this is to scale, showing forty acres on the scale. It is noted down in the lower right-hand corner of the exhibit.
- Q. All right, sir, so when we are looking at this exhibit, we are looking at the forty-acre unit upon which the well on Mr. Cox's Federal EA is located?
  - A. Yes, sir.
  - Q All right, sir, would you go ahead, please?
- A. It shows in the northwest quarter of the exhibit, the surface location of the Cox EA Federal Number 1 as three hundred and thirty-one feet from the north and three hundred and thirty feet from the west line and then it shows, with a

westerly trending, a blue line with a number of dots on it.

On out, taking the south fork of the blue line, the location

of the bottom-hole of the original Aztec EA Federal 1, with

its bottom-hole location shown as being twenty-two point six,

five feet south and a hundred and seventy-one point eight,

seven feet west of the surface location, and its true vertical

depth, measured depth and the closure.

Now, our data that are taken from the Eastman survey, which was submitted in the May 1973 hearing on the drilling permit and the directional deviation order on this well --

- Q. Before we get into that, let me ask you this: Is the surface location of the Number 1 Well three thirty and three thirty-one from the north and the west lines as close as a well could be located in that northwest quarter of the forty-acre unit without an exception from the Commission?
- A. Yes, sir. Well, three thirty, three thirty would be the closest, yes, sir.
  - Q. Eliminating the one foot?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q All right, sir, would that put that well, the surface location, in the center of the northwest ten acres of this forty-acre unit?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. All right, sir, now what else have you shown on this exhibit?

A. Shown as a circle, it's marked as a one-hundred-foot radius around the surface location of Number 1, it's a blue line, it's a blue circle that represents the one-hundred-foot radius that was granted as the tolerance in the order that was issued on directional drilling on this well.

Q. That is the area that the Commission authorized Mr. Cox to directionally drill and control and bottom his well within that hundred-foot radius?

#### A. Yes, sir.

Okay, again starting at the surface location and coming out to where the blue line that moves to the west forks and taking the northwest fork of that blue line, the one that moves up to the north, that's a trace of the data supplied at the October hearing from Eastman records and their computation of the directional survey that was run on the new deviated hole, the directionally drilled hole.

That bottom-hole location is shown as north two hundred and sixty-eight point five, six and west three hundred and twenty point five, nine feet, with respect to the surface location. It shows the measured depth, true vertical depth and the closure.

Q. So really what we have here is a composite of the directional surveys run on the old Number 1 hole which is drilled, randomly drilled, that is the lower more directional survey and then the upper most is the one that runs to the

northwest, is the directional survey on the directionally drilled and controlled deviated hole by Mr. Cox?

Yes, sir. A.

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- All right, sir, now we got into some testimony 0. this morning with regard to the number of Dyna-Drill runs that were made. Do you, on this exhibit, reflect the occurrence of any Dyna-Drill runs?
  - Yes, sir, I do. A.
  - How have you done this? 0.
- By red arrows I have marked five places where the Dyna-Drill was put in the hole initially at that spot, after the well was kicked off and got -- to kick off, actually to get the first kick off and the directional drilling. recall in this morning's testimony there was some difficulty in their initial attempt to sidetrack the old hole, the plug failed and so on. These are those Dyna-Drill runs after the new plug was set and kicked off, as I understand the drilling records.
- Now, that is the confusion between the five and the seven. The two were run before they ever got out of the old hole. One time, I believe the records show because the plug failed, the other time they had a casing part?
- Yes, sir, that's the way I read the drilling reports A. on the well.
  - Q. So the way you studied the drilling reports, there

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were seven Dyna-Drill runs in this well?

- A. That's the way I understand the drilling report.
- Q. But only five that were meaningful from the standpoint of deviating it and directionally controlling it?
  - A. Yes, sir.
  - O. Then you have shown those five there?
  - A. Yes, sir.
  - Q. Do you have any other comments about that?
  - A. No, sir, I don't believe so.
- Q All right, sir, let me ask you this while we are looking at this exhibit and I will ask you this based on your experience as a reservoir engineer. From the standpoint of the location of this well, nine feet east of our property line, from the standpoint of violating the correlative rights of the owners of interest west of Mr. Cox's line, our interests, does it make any difference whether this well is nine feet from our line, on Mr. Cox's lease or nine feet from our line, on the inside of our lease?
- A. For all practical purposes, from the reservoir standpoint, no, it doesn't.
- Q. With a well completed at that location, in your opinion as a reservoir engineer, does it violate the correlative rights of the offset owners who are only nine feet away?
  - A. Yes, sir, it would.
  - Q All right, sir, do you have any other comments in

that regard?

- A. No, sir, I don't.
- Q. All right, will you turn now, please, to what has been identified as Amoco's Exhibit DN Number Three, what is that exhibit?
- A. Exhibit DN Number Three is taken from page two of the Cox Exhibit Eleven that was discussed earlier in this hearing today, the Exhibit Eleven from the November 19th, 1975 hearing.
- Q. And on that exhibit, at my request, have added some additional data?
  - A. Yes, sir, that is correct.
- Q. One thing that I asked you to add and I asked you to add it in red, is the one-hundred-foot radius circle, the target area permitted Mr. Cox by this Commission's order, have you done that?
  - A. Yes, sir, I have.
- Q. Let me ask you this: Does that show that even if Mr. Cox's orders had gotten to the proper people and had been followed, would the well have been completed within the hundred-foot circle?
- A. No, sir, it would not as I understand the orders that he gave, it would not.
- Q. All right, sir, did I not also ask you, based on Mr. Cox's testimony on page seven of the November 19th, 1975

hearing, and I'll read it once more so the record will be clear.

(Reading.) We were intending to go north-northeast, taking off from our point about eighty-five feet west of our surface location and bottom the well somewhere between a hundred and fifty feet north of our surface location and eighty to a hundred feet west of our surface location. (End of reading.)

At my direction have you scaled on this plat those footages that Mr. Cox testified on November 19th, 1975, was his actual, true intent with regard to deviating this well?

- A. Yes, sir, I have.
- Q. How have you shown that on this exhibit?
- A. It is shown by a short, brown line that is pointed to by a red arrow.
- Q. All right, sir, now that scaled off does not even fall within his prospective area as reflected on this plat?
  - A. No, sir, it does not.
- Q The testimony that I just read and the footages represented by that brown -- why is that such a long mark there?
- A. Well, it's representing twenty feet. The testimony was that he wanted to be a hundred and fifty feet north and eighty to a hundred feet west of the surface location.
  - Q I see, so it is a finite point on the hundred and

fifty feet north?

- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. But to cover the eighty to a hundred feet you had to have a line that is twenty feet long?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. All right, sir, now that does not fall within his prospective area that he presented on the same date, November 19th, 1975, does it?
  - A. No, sir, it doesn't.
- Q. All right, sir, now I'm going to direct your attention back to Amoco's Exhibit DN Number Two for a moment. I'm going to read, and counsel I'm reading from the transcript of May 23rd, 1973, the testimony of Mr. Cox right at the top of page nine.

(Reading.) We are petitioning the Commission to be allowed to retrieve the casing down to the depth of approximately forty-two hundred feet, set a plug, sidetrack the hole by means of a motor drill because the angle is so slight a whipstock would be impossible to attempt that with and try and restore the hole as near to vertical as mechanically possible and to test the Abo formation in a virgin hole. (End of reading.)

On our DN Number Two exhibit, can you find the depth of forty-two hundred feet on old hole Number 1?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Now, if Mr. Cox had done what he swore to the Commission he wanted to do and kicked off at that point, returned the well to vertical, drilled a straight hole, would he have been within the hundred-foot radius permitted by the Commission's Order?

- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. All right, sir, now I'm going to read from the same transcript, the testimony of Mr. Alspaw, Mr. Cox's consulting engineer as to what he thought Mr. Cox wanted to do and I'm reading from the bottom of page fourteen, Mr. Day.

MR. DAY: Who is testifying?

MR. G. BUELL: Mr. Alspaw, Mr. Cox's consulting engineer who was presented as Mr. Cox's witness at the May '73 hearing.

Q (Mr. G. Buell continuing.) (Reading.) Our objective here was, of course, to kick the well off by controlling the weight on the bit return and returning it to the vertical and bottom the well out in a location within close proximity of the Number 20 that we see here on the deviation survey. I believe that is about four thousand to forty-two hundred feet. (End of reading.)

First, can you locate on the directional survey of the old hole the depth of four thousand to forty-two hundred feet?

A. On the directional survey in old hole 1, one of the

points was four thousand feet, one of the points was fortytwo hundred feet of the place where the directional shots were taken.

- Q. That shot point 20, is that what you are referring to?
- A. No, actually four thousand feet is shot point 20, forty-two hundred is shot point 21. Shot point 20 is four thousand feet.
- Q. Go to the Exhibit DN Number Two and see if you can locate on the survey depicted there, of the old hole, either four thousand or forty-two hundred feet?
  - A. Well, they are both shown.
- Q. Well, actually Mr. Cox said he wanted to kick out at forty-two hundred feet?
  - A. Yes, sir.
  - Q All right, let's look at four thousand.
- A. All right, sir, that is the next point to the east of the forty-two hundred point.
- Q. If the testimony of Mr. Alspaw had been followed and they kicked out there, drilled a straight hole, would that hole have been bottomed within the permissive limits of the Commission's hundred-foot radius target area?
- A. Yes, sir.
  - Q. Do you have anything else you care to add at this time, Mr. Currens?

Α.	I	think	not.

MR. G. BUELL: If it please the Commission, that's all we have by way of direct of Mr. Currens.

We would like to offer Amoco's Exhibits DN Number One through DN Number Three, inclusive.

MR. RAMEY: Without objection the exhibits will be accepted.

(THEREUPON, Amoco's Exhibits Number DN-One through DN-Three, inclusive, were admitted into evidence.)

MR. RAMEY: Any questions of the witness?

MR. DAY: Mr. Hinkle?

MR. HINKLE: No, sir.

### CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. DAY:

- Q. Mr. Currens, I seem to recall from the earlier hearing that you had an exhibit similar to this but you didn't have all of this blank space on there and you have added this since?
  - A. Yes, sir, that is correct.
- Q. Have you testified before a conservation commission before?
  - A. Yes, sir.
  - Q. Have you appeared with Mr. Buell before on these

# hearings?

- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Would you venture to estimate how many times you have been a witness?
- A. It would be an estimate, certainly, perhaps in fifty matters.
- Q. Now, you testified that you took this from Eastman's records and when was that, has it been put into the record that you examined them?
- A. Well, I have two directional surveys that are depicted here. One is on the old hole Number 1. It was dated February 27, 1973 and it was an exhibit at the May '73 hearing.
- Q. Now, the other one which you overlayed and took from Eastman, when was that?
- A. That was the one dated July 8th, 1975. It was entered in the October 1975 hearing. You will recall, perhaps there were two entered there. This is the one that uses the radius of curvature method of calculation which was the one I recall that Mr. Cox wanted.
- Q. I question whether you took the Eastman records and the Eastman records you got from the October '75 hearing?
  - A. The October '75 hearing and the May '73 hearing.
- Q No, sir, I'm talking about the Eastman records. Did Eastman introduce records in February of '73 too?

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- A. From the Exhibit of the Eastman survey, I recall this as being Cox's Exhibit Three.
  - Q. I'm getting confused.
  - A. I'm sorry.
- Q. No, it's my fault. Where you are now showing the well as being bottomed?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. That information you took from records that were submitted in the October '75 hearing?
  - A. Yes, sir.
  - Q. All right, those were Eastman records?
  - A. As Cox's Exhibit Number Three and Eastman --
  - Q. They were Eastman records?
- A. It says submitted by Eastman Whipstock, Inc. on the top of it.
- Q. From your reviewing that data of Eastman's, do you find that the well bottomed on the Cox lease?
- A. Yes, sir, I have simply plotted the information they have and it shows that location.
- Q. Incidentally, as I understand your testimony, you are stating that for the purposes of your case concerning correlative rights, it would make no difference whether the well is bottomed on the Cox lease or across the lease line?
  - A. I have stated sir, that --
    - Q. I'm sorry, Mr. Currens, could you answer yes, or no?

Α.	Would you repeat the question, please?					
	MR. DAY: Would you read it back, please, Mr. Reporter?					
	(THEREUPON, the last question was read					
-	back by the Reporter.)					

- Q. (Mr. Day continuing.) Can you answer that yes or no, Mr. Currins?
  - A. That was not my testimony.
- Q. What difference does it make to you in correlative rights where the well is bottomed, whether or not on the Cox lease where you have shown it or across the lease line onto another lease by the same amount of feet?
- A. My testimony was that from a reservoir engineering standpoint, from the way that a reservoir would see this hole, if it were bottomed nine feet east of the lease line or nine feet west of the lease line, from a reservoir engineering standpoint it is not of particular significance.
- Q. And that does not go to correlative rights, or it does?
- A. Yes, sir, it does from the standpoint that being only nine feet, there is certainly a violation of correlative rights.
- MR. DAY: Mr. Reporter, would you go back to the question asked the witness by Mr. Guy Buell regarding the bottoming of the well as to what difference it makes to correlative rights. I may be confused in what the record says

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but I would like to have that testimony reviewed, please? (THEREUPON, the hearing was in recess.)

> MR. RAMEY: The hearing will please come to order.

Mr. Day, continue, please.

MR. DAY: Thank you. Mr. Reporter, will you now read back the question and answer and question and answer that you have now located?

MR. REPORTER: (Reading.) Question: All right, sir, let me ask you this while we are looking at this exhibit and I will ask you this based on your experience as a reservoir From the standpoint of the location of this well, engineer. nine feet east of our property line, from the standpoint of violating the correlative rights of the owners of interest west of Mr. Cox's line, our interests, does it make any difference whether this well is nine feet from our line, on Mr. Cox's lease or nine feet from our line, on the inside of our lease?

For all practical purposes, from the Answer: reservoir standpoint, no, it doesn't.

Question: With a well completed at that location, in your opinion as a reservoir engineer, does it violate the correlative rights of the offset owners who are only nine feet away?

> Yes, sir, it would. (End of reading.) Answer:

MR. DAY: All right, thank you.

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- Q (Mr. Day continuing.) Mr. Currens, are those your correct answers and are those your true answers to those questions?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. You have shown on this exhibit, three Dyna-Drills, you are aware that it has been stipulated that a total of seven Dyna-tools were used?
- A. I have shown on this exhibit five places that it was run.
- Q. That's not my question, Mr. Currens. You are aware that there was a stipulation earlier with your client that there were seven that were used, but you first said that your exhibit showed three and it does show three and I'm asking you if you are aware of the stipulation that was made this morning?
  - A. Well, the exhibit shows five, sir.
- Q All right, two plus three, okay, thank you. You are aware that it has been stipulated that seven Dyna-Drills were used?
  - A. Yes, sir. I discussed that in my testimony.

    MR. DAY: Thank you, that's all I have.
- MR. RAMEY: Any other questions of the witness?

23 Mr. Stamets?

#### CROSS EXAMINATION

25 BY MR. STAMETS:

Q Mr. Currens, assuming now that there were no spacing requirements of the Oil Conservation Commission and money was not an object to protect the rights of the interest owners under the forty acres offsetting Mr. Cox's acreage to the west, that's labeled M-16 on Exhibit DN Number One, would you have to drill a well nine feet or an equal distance away from the east line of that forty acre tract?

- A. That would afford an opportunity for compensating drainage and protection of correlative rights, yes, sir, it would.
- Q. What about the former Gulf B lease, Number L-16 immediately to the north of the M-16, would the same thing be true there?
- A. Some additional well would be required there for compensation to that particular forty acres too, yes, sir.
  - Q. And what about L-17 then to the east?
  - A. To the north?
  - Q. To the east of L-16.
- A. Yes, there would need to be another similarly located well with respect to the Cox well to afford --
- Q. What you would wind up with, under those conditions, would be four wells located within approximately one hundred feet of one another?
  - A. Yes, sir, essentially.
  - Q. Now, in your opinion, knowing the Empire-Abo

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reservoir, do you feel that the addition of three more wells 2 in this field at the approximate locations that we have talked 3 about here, do you feel that would recover any significant 4 amount of additional oil from the Empire-Abo pool, enough to, 5 say, cover the cost of drilling three additional wells? 6 No, sir, I do not believe it would. A. 7 Q. Would that in your opinion constitute economic waste?

Q. Now, if all four of these, the real well we have here and the three hypothetical wells, were produced at that point within a hundred feet of one another, could reservoir damage occur or, say, water influx or gas-oil ratio problems occur that would actually result in reduced recovery in that area of the reservoir and possibly waste?

A. It could, yes, sir.

> MR. STAMETS: No other questions.

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Day?

Yes, sir, it would.

#### FURTHER CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. DAY:

Mr. Currens, you are aware in your experience that in adjusting of correlative rights, infringing wells have been penalized of their production through their allowable?

A. Yes, sir.

> MR. DAY: Thank you.

MR. RAMEY: Any further questions of this witness?
Mr. Buell?

MR. G. BUELL: I have one question on redirect.

#### REDIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. G. BUELL:

Q. Mr. Currens, when you look at the bottom-hole location of that well only nine feet from our line, can you think of any effective penalty that the Commission could apply to that bottom-hole location nine feet from our line that would make the well an economic well without at the same time violating our correlative rights?

MR. DAY: If the Commission please, I would rather the witness would be asked what his opinion is and not that that would be answering for the Commission. I ask that the question be rephrased as to whether or not a penalty would adjust the correlative rights or not, but not to what the Commission could do or not do. He is not answering for the Commission. I am objecting to the suggestion.

MR. G. BUELL: I apologize again. The way Mr. Day phrased it is certainly the way I intended to ask it.

Q. (Mr. G. Buell continuing.) Mr. Currens, can you, as a reservoir engineer, see any effective penalty that this Commission could apply, that would allow this well, bottomed only nine feet from our lease line, produce at economic rates

without violating the correlative rights of the offset owners?

A. No, sir.

MR. G. BUELL: That's all.

MR. DAY: No questions.

MR. LUCERO: I have one question.

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Lucero.

## CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. LUCERO:

Q. With respect to this map, DN-Two submitted by Amoco, north is not shown on this map, are the two directions, the two lines that are shown there oriented to a true north as they would be on the ground?

A. Yes, sir, this is the north line of the lease. The direction north would be the direction of this line that is marked on the west line. North is to the top of this exhibit, west is to the left.

Q. I realize that in general but I'm talking as to true north and the accuracy of scale with respect to degrees and minutes and the radius that you show.

A. Sir, it's relative. I believe it is with respect to magnetic north as opposed to true north. I believe it is magnetic since that is the nature of the surveys that are run, magnetic north as opposed to true. That is my impression

ground survey.

of the way the surveys are run.

MR. DAY: Mr. Currens, I didn't understand your answer to the Commissioner's question. Is that lease line a true north and south line on the left or a true east and west line on the top? Do you know this from a ground survey?

MR. CURRENS: No, sir, I do not know this from a

MR. DAY: Thank you. That's all.

MR. RAMEY: Any further questions of the witness?
He may be excused.

(THEREUPON, the witness was excused.)

MR. DAY: If the Commission please, as you know we have proposed a continuance for the purpose of getting into the reservoir and the communications of the stratum and we would like to reserve further questions of Mr. Currens if he appears at a later hearing, should it be granted. Thank you.

MR. G. BUELL: Mr. Currens will be here.

I would like at this time to call Mr. Vickers who has been subpoened.

If it please the Commission, I'm going to move as rapidly as I can. I believe we have a good chance of finishing before five o'clock and I know that all of us would prefer that.

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called as a witness, having been first duly sworn, was

examined and testified as follows:

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# DIRECT EXAMINATION

R. B. VICKERS

6 BY MR. G. BUELL:

Q. Mr. Vickers, you have been subpoened to appear today have you not?

A. Yes.

Q Would you state your complete name, by whom employed in what capacity and what location?

A. R. B. Vickers, Directional Drilling Engineer or Supervisor, excuse me, with Eastman Whipstock in Midland, Texas.

Q. All right, sir, this record reflects that Eastman Whipstock was the company that handled the directional drilling, deviating and control of Mr. Cox's Federal EA Number 1, you are aware of that?

A. Yes.

Q. Were you the Eastman representative that handled the directional drilling and control on this particular job?

A. Yes.

Q. You were the Eastman representative that oriented the Dyna-Drill and made the Dyna-Drill runs?

A. Yes.

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- Q And is a Dyna-Drill another tool, being able to make a well go in a certain direction?
  - A. Yes, it is.
- Q. Mr. Vickers, I'm going to direct your attention, after I show this to counsel, this is Exhibit Three at the eleven, nineteen, seventy-five hearing. I will identify it as DN-Four for the purpose of this hearing.

MR. DAY: Thank you.

- Q (Mr. G. Buell continuing.) Mr. Vickers, I am going to hand you an exhibit that you testifed from on November 19th, but before I hand it to you though, I'm going to show it to the two Commissioners. It is the only copy we have and I would like for them to have an idea of what it is. It is Amoco's Exhibit Three of November 19th. I've identified it today as Amoco's DN-Four and let me briefly, we have to handle it carefully, it is about to come to pieces. Are you familiar enough with our Exhibit DN-Four that you could briefly state what it is while the Commissioners are looking at it?
  - A. I think so.
  - Q. Would you try, please?
- A. It is a plat of the proposed directional well that we drew up in our office that contains the direction that the well was to be deflected and the amount of angle required to reach that center point of our target.
  - Q All right, sir.

- A. I used it as a working plat while drilling the well to plot the pictures.
- Q. Is that the reason it is so soiled and tattered and torn, if I may use that expression?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Mr. Vickers, in directionally deviating and controlling the direction of a well, is it always necessary that you have a target area so that you will know what the objective is for the bottom-hole location?
  - A. Yes, you must have one.
- Q. This is the plat that was given to you for your use in directionally drilling and controlling the Cox well?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. And up in the upper left-hand corner, which would be the extreme northwest portion of this forty-acre tract shown on our Exhibit Two over there, it is labeled a target area and it is a hundred feet square?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. And right in the middle of that target area is a little circle, what is the significance of the circle that is in the middle of the hundred foot square target area?
- A. Well, that is the proposed target point for the well from the surface location.
- Q. Do you know of your own knowledge who picked the target bottom-hole location or the target area reflected on

## Exhibit DN-Four?

- A. No, sir, I do not.
- Q. All right, sir, you do know that this is what was given to you when you went out to the well to kick the well out of the old hole?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q All right, I think it is obvious by this wear and tear that this plat has seen considerable usage, did you have it with you at all times that you were out at the Cox well?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q Did you have it unfolded and were using it on the floor and in and around the well location?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. All right, sir, now I noticed from the kick off point reflected on DN-Four, you have what appears to me to be the trace of a directional survey, it looks quite similar to that plotted on Exhibit DN-Two, just behind you there, and ending up approximately nine feet east of our lease line?

MR. DAY: May the Commission please, I'm without the benefit of following the exhibit, may I either join Mr. Guy Buell --

MR. G. BUELL: Please, Mr. Day, I realize this is grossly unfair to you but this is the only one we have.

MR. DAY: I appreciate that.

MR. G. BUELL: I don't think it would stand

reproduction.

- Q. (Mr. G. Buell continuing.) Do you remember the question I asked you?
  - A. You asked me what that trace was, I believe.
- Q. Yes, sir, is that the trace of a directional survey that we see on --
- A. That is a plot of the survey pictures as they were taken as the well was drilled.
- Q. All right, sir, now I understand that a single-shot survey was run, is that correct?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Does that mean that a directional shot point was made at each place on Exhibit DN-Four, I see a little round mark, I think they are all identified by footages on our Exhibit DN-Two. Does that represent where a single-shot directional point was taken?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q Let me ask you this: Did you run several of those single shot points at once and then get a reading on it, or did you get a reading every time you ran a single-shot point?
- A. Well, we got a reading every time we ran it, yes, we got an additional shot point.
- Q. Mr. Vickers, that was a very awkward question. Let me try again. I notice that these appear to be about every sixty-five feet, a directional shot point?

A. Yes, sir.

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Q. My question was meant to be, did you drill, say, four or five hundred feet then run a shot point every sixty-five feet in that newly made hole, or did you, after you had drilled sixty-five feet, take a shot point?

- A. After each period there, whatever it was, sixty or sixty-five feet or whatever.
- Q. Any time along the path of this survey, at any period of time that you ran this single shot, you knew and everybody on the rig floor knew or could have known, the bottom-hole direction that this well was taking?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. All right, sir, I know you can't testify as to other people's knowledge, but did you in any way attempt to make a secret of this plat around the well?
  - A. No.
- Q You used it, could a casual observer or a knowledgeable person tell that this was your work tool and the target area was your objective?

MR. DAY: I object to that question on that he is testifying as to what other people might know. We answer the questions only within the knowledge of the witness.

MR. G. BUELL: I will withdraw the question, Mr. Ramey.

Q. (Mr. G. Buell continuing.) All right, sir, do you

recall any specific instructions given to you at the well site when you were orienting your Dyna-Drill tool to get out of the old hole?

- A. Well, to sidetrack the hole in a direction prescribed on this plat.
- Q. All right, sir, from looking at the survey there on that plat, your work plat before the Commission or Amoco's Exhibit DN-Two, it is obvious that you were successful in kicking the well off to the northwest?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. All right, sir, in the interest of time, Mr. Vickers, I'm going to just as quickly as I can, now, we are out of the hole and we're headed to the northwest, did anyone connected with Mr. Cox, by that I mean Mr. Ratts or Mr. Cox or anyone, ever tell you, give you instructions, that the target area had been changed from what we see on your work plat, Amoco's Exhibit DN-Four?
  - A. No, sir.
- Q. After you got out of the hole and were well on your way to the northwest, the Dyna-Drill was run again just below forty-six, seventy-three, almost at a depth of fifty-two, twenty-seven and the last time at a depth of fifty-eight, twenty-three, is that correct?
  - A. That is right.
  - Q. Did you make a recommendation to the Cox representative

A. Yes, sir.

MR. DAY: If it please the Commissioners, before
the witness answers, I don't know all of the testimony Mr. Buell
is going into concerning what other people who are not present
at this hearing might have said to Mr. Vickers or not said to
Mr. Vickers. I'm not objecting to the question or the answer,
I'm only pointing out that we may, please, reserve the right
to produce the witness in rebuttal if we get into an area
which I feel that we need to produce the evidence or testimony
showing conflict.

on the well at that time as to the orientation of the Dyna-Drill?

MR. RAMEY: Yes, I think that would be in order.
MR. DAY: Thank you.

MR. G. BUELL: May it please the Commission, I'm trying to do this as legally as I know how from the standpoint of proper evidence procedure, as well as as rapidly as I can. I hope I don't cut too many corners off, I'll try not to.

- Q. (Mr. G. Buell continuing.) All right, I believe I asked you that with respect to the Dyna-Drill run at forty-six seventy-three. I'll try to ask them in a little more legal and proper way in regard to the Dyna-Drill run at fifty-two, twenty-seven. Did you make a recommendation as to how the Dyna-Drill should be oriented on that Dyna-Drill run?
  - A. Yes, sir.
  - Q. Did anyone countermand your recommendations or give

you any different instructions?

A. No, sir.

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- Q. I'll ask you the same question with regard to the Dyna-Drill run at a depth of approximately fifty-eight, twenty-three?
  - A. The answer would be the same.
- Q. You made a recommendation and no one in the Cox organization countermanded it or instructed you differently?
  - A. No.
- Q. All right, sir, at all times that these three Dyna-Drills were run, forty-six, seventy-three; fifty-two, twenty-seven; and fifty-eight, twenty-three, was your sole objective to more nearly hit the center of your target area, as reflected on Amoco's Exhibit DN-Four?
  - A. Yes, sir, it was.
- Q And, of course, in more nearly hitting the center of your target area that would also have a visual benefit of keeping the well on the Cox lease?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Now, I believe you and I at the previous hearing, we took a straight edge and eyeballed some of these points, that if that direction continued, on the total depth the well could possibly be off the lease?
- A. Yes, sir.
  - MR. G. BUELL: May it please the Commission, that's

all I have by way of Mr. Vickers.

MR. RAMEY: Any questions of the witness?

MR. G. BUELL: I would like to formally offer Amoco's Exhibit DN-Four, which was Amoco's Exhibit Three at the November 19th, 1975 hearing.

MR. RAMEY: Without objection it will be admitted.

(THEREUPON, Amoco's Exhibit DN-Four was admitted into evidence.)

## CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. DAY:

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- Q Mr. Vickers, how long have you been in the directional drilling field?
  - A. About twenty-eight years.
- Q. In this area are you familiar that there is a formation drift to the west?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. All right. Mr. Vickers, could you explain, if you know, sir, the difference in the estimates of three Dyna-tools made to Mr. Cox, presumably with all of this information that perhaps that you have, and the fact that there were more Dyna-tools used actually in the drilling. The estimate was three and my question is why there were seven?
- A. In order to clarify that I would have to go along here a little bit and explain the terminology, for one thing,

if I may.

Q. All right.

A. In our business we consider a turbo-drill run from the time or the depth you begin that run until you run another drilling assembly, other than the Dyna-Drill in the hole.

In other words, if it takes three bits to complete a run that still is classified as one Dyna-Drill run in our terminology. So with that in mind, we made five Dyna-Drill runs, two of them required two bits.

- Q. But you charged more?
- A. Well, not necessarily.
- Q. But you did, isn't that correct or do you know?
- A. No, I don't believe we did. We did on one run but on the other, due to the nature of the charge, there is a minimum charge of eight hours actual drilling time on the tool and if you don't exceed that with two bits then there is no additional charge.
- Q. I'm sorry, Mr. Vickers, my question was a comparison between the estimate of the cost that Eastman made before the well commenced and then what was actually charged later. You said more Dyna-tools may be used to accomplish it?
  - A. There were two more runs than we estimated.
  - Q. And you charged for two more?
    - A. Yes, sir.
      - Q. How accurate was your drilling, in your opinion,

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disregarding the fact of the instructions as to the target area, as to what you actually did?

- A. Well, we would consider it fairly good.
- Q. And how far were you off?
- A. Somewhere between thirty-five and forty feet from the center of the target.
- Q. All right. How good an art, or do you consider a Dyna-tool an art, deviating in drilling an art?
  - A. Well, it would be an art as opposed to a science.
- Q All right, sir, how accurate do you feel that the deviation drilling is that Eastman does?
  - A. Very good.
- Q. All right, sir, are you familiar with Gailen B.

  Marshall? He is a Senior Staff Engineer, Technical Services,
  serving on the advisory staff of the vice president of
  marketing, U.S.A. for Sperry-Sun.
  - A. No, sir, I'm not.
- Q. What would be your comment concerning the experience you have had in this field, to these statements made by him?

(Reading.) Torque lag is the condition when torque is applied to the drilling string at the surface of the borehole to achieve a turn of the toolface down hole at the deflection device on top of the mud motor. There have been many observations where the drill pipe was turned one hundred and eighty degrees at the surface and the drill pipe had

to be worked up and down as many as fifteen to twenty times before the mud motor turned the complete one hundred and eighty degrees in order to start drilling along the desired course. (End of reading.)

Now, do you have any comments on this?

MR. G. BUELL: Pardon me. Mr. Vickers, that was a rather long statement, can you recall all of it or would you like to read it for yourself?

MR. DAY: It's your option, sir.

- A. Well, I would say that with limitations that is true. It depends on the depth of the well.
- Q (Mr. Day continuing.) All right, the deeper the bore hole, the greater the torque lag?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. (Reading.) The smaller diameter drilling strings that are becoming more and more common due to the high tensile loading of the rigs compound the torque lag problem. The worst case is when a hole is being drilled with small diameter drill pipe and the kick off point is very deep. The torque applied to the drilling string at the surface is very difficult to work down to the relatively short section of drill pipe in the deviated borehole. (End of reading.)
  - A. That's true.
- Q (Reading.) The kick off point acts as a fulcrum which does not allow the torque, introduced at the surface,

to be evenly distributed throughout the total drilling string. The mud motor is virtually impossible to control by conventional drilling practices when these borehole conditions exist. (End of reading.)

MR. DAY: If the Commission please, I have a copy of this I will leave with the Commission at the conclusion of the hearing for their review if they should be so inclined.

I have no other questions.

MR. HINKLE: If the Commission please, I have some questions, too.

## CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. HINKLE:

- Q. Mr. Vickers, did you witness all of the single-shot surveys, yourself?
  - A. Yes, sir, I did. I ran those personally.
- Q. How reliable are single-shot surveys as compared to multi-shot surveys?
- A. Well, they are as accurate, the only thing that varies is the method with which they are photographed.
- Q. Now, is there any radius of error in it, whether it is a single-shot or multi-shot survey?
  - A. Well, I'm sure there is.
- Q. Have you had any experience as to how much that radius of error might be?

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A.	No.	sir,	I	have	not.

Q. Well, could you say whether it might be ten, fifteen or twenty feet?

MR. DAY: If the Commission please, the witness has answered the question and he is now trying to force an answer from him.

- Q. (Mr. Hinkle continuing.) You just don't know?
- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. As to what the radius of error might be, is that correct?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. But you do know that there could be an error in the pinpoint of the bottom hole of the well?
  - A. Yes, there could be.

MR. HINKLE: That's all.

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Stamets?

### CROSS EXAMINATION

## MR. STAMETS:

- Q. I would like to follow up on what Commissioner Lucero was asking awhile ago. The instrument that you ran in the hole, is that on true north or magnetic north on the setting of this hole?
- A. It is a magnetic compass and each of these pictures is corrected back to due north.

<ol> <li>I'm still confused by your answ</li> </ol>	0.	I'm stil	1 confused	bv	vour	answei
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- A. In other words, you would get a magnetic reading whenever you develop the picture and whatever the declamation is in that area, would be subtracted or added to it to correct it back to a true north reading.
- Q. This is done later in the office so what has been drawn on the exhibit there would be true?
  - A. It is a true north representation, yes, sir.

MR. STAMETS: Thank you. That's all of the questions

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Vickers, I have heard a lot about the accuracy of directional drilling, is it true that you are able to maybe intercept a borehole of a well that is blowing out by directional drilling?

MR. VICKERS: It is possible. I, myself, have never heard of it being done but to answer your question, it is possible to get close enough to the borehole to establish communications and extinguish a wild well.

MR. RAMEY: Thank you. Any other questions of the witness? He may be excused.

(THEREUPON, the witness was excused.)

MR. G. BUELL: May it please the Commission, we would like at this time to call Mr. Coats who is also here under subpoena.

# JAMES B. COATS, JUNIOR

called as a witness, having been first duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

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# BY MR. G. BUELL:

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Q. Mr. Coats, how do you spell your last name?

DIRECT EXAMINATION

- A. C-o-a-t-s.
- Q. No "e" in it?
- A. No, sir.
- Q. I've seen it both ways.

Would you please, sir, state your full name, by whom you are employed and in what capacity and in what location, please?

- A. James B. Coats, Junior and I'm a salesman for Eastman Whipstock in Midland, Texas.
- Q. All right, are you the Mr. Coats that has been referred to in prior testimony, that called on Mr. Cox in his office in Dallas early in June and you called on him as a salesman for Eastman Whipstock?
  - A. Yes, sir, I am.

MR. G. BUELL: Mr. Ramey, to save me a long walk, would you mind holding up the Exhibit DN-Four so that Mr. Coats can see it?

MR. RAMEY: Yes, sir.

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Q.	(Mr. G	. Buell	continui	ing.)	Is tha	at ex	hibit.	the	p1
portion o	f that	exhibit,	identio	cal to	a plat	tha	t you	had	
prepared	in your	Midland	office	and se	ent to	Mr.	Cox in	his	
Dallas of	fice?								

MR. DAY: Does counsel mean with all the curvatures and lines, just what part of the plat, the graph on the left?

If I may, I will use this portion, the solid, you know, the vertical section and horizontal plot without any of the points here.

MR. DAY: I'm sorry, Mr. Coats, would you do that again?

This section here, the vertical section and the horizontal plot and the target area.

MR. DAY: What about this shaded area here, just the heavy lines you are talking about?

Yes, sir.

MR. DAY: Thank you.

(Mr. G. Buell continuing.) All right, sir, this 0. is critical from my standpoint. The plat that you did send to him, had the target area up in the northwest corner with the bottom-hole target location right in the center of that square target area?

Yes, sir.

And the target area was a hundred square feet?

Yes, sir.

- Q. Which made the little hole, the little circle right in the center, fifty from the north line and fifty from the west line?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Mr. Coats, have you had any educational and experience background in the field of petroleum geology?
  - A. No, sir, I don't.
- Q. Do you have an educational background or experience background in the field of petroleum engineering?
  - A. No, sir, I don't.
- Q. Do you consider yourself technically expert to pick a bottom-hole location target, based on subsurface conditions?
  - A. No, sir, I don't.
- Q. Did you yourself, did you pick the bottom-hole target location which is shown on Amoco's Exhibit DN-Four?
  - A. No, sir.
- Q. Are you aware of who did pick that bottom-hole target location?
- A. I worked under the assumption that Mr. Cox told me he wanted -- I had the surface location and he wanted the target point at fifty from the north and fifty from the west, and I probably suggested the target area, you know, just because of cost estimates and this kind of thing.
- Q. In other words, it would be cheaper for you all to contract to hit a target area that was a hundred square feet,

than it would to hit a precise bottom-hole target location which would be about eight inches in diameter?

A. Yes, sir.

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- Q. So you might have suggested the hundred foot target area that encompasses the bottom-hole target location fifty feet from the north line and fifty feet from the west line?
  - A. Yes, sir.

MR. G. BUELL: If it please the Commission, that's all I have.

MR. RAMEY: Any questions of the witness? Mr. Day?

## CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. DAY:

- Q. Mr. Coats, Mr. Guy Buell referred to the contract.
  When you contract you don't contract on a flat fee, do you?
  - A. No, sir.
- Q. You drill on a cost basis or a charge basis for your work?
  - A. We have to base it on some figure for the customer.
  - Q Like an hour, is it by the hour?
  - A. Oh, no.
  - 0. Time and use of tools?
- A. We work on the assumption that there is a basis for it and that's the guidelines I follow and as far as any trouble on the well site, the directional man makes the decision out

there that changes my proposal.

Nould it add to the n

- Q. Would it add to the proposal?
- A. Yes, sir.

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- Q. Mr. Coats, you have heard mentioned this morning, the estimate that Eastman made before the well commenced. Did you prepare that estimate or did someone else for Eastman prepare it?
  - A. I prepared it.
  - Q. You prepared it?
  - A. Yes, sir.

MR. DAY: Thank you. No other questions.

MR. RAMEY: Any questions of the witness?

Mr. Coats, in making estimates, do you sometimes overestimate?

MR. COATS: Yes, sir, it has been known to happen.

MR. RAMEY: Thank you.

(THEREUPON, the witness was excused.)

MR. G. BUELL: May it please the Commission, that is all of the direct evidence we have to present by way of what I have been calling phase one, the circumstances surrounding the bottoming of this well only nine feet from our lease line.

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Hinkle, do you have anything?

MR. HINKLE: We have one witness for Atlantic Richfield but it is directed as to whether or not this is a

separate reservoir and if there is going to be a motion to continue the case and if it is continued, we would like to wait until after their testimony on the question has been presented before we present ours.

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Day?

MR. DAY: May it please the Commissioners, we have no further testimony or rebuttal to offer in connection with this part on which we earlier made our premises. We do at this time and on the grounds heretofore stated, respectfully request the Commission to extend time until February 24th under such conditions that it may deem proper and fair to continue this hearing in order for us to produce testimony, expert testimony and so forth, on the communications of the reservoir from which Mr. Cox's well is producing in the Empire-Abo field.

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Day, would it be necessary to have Mr. Vickers and Mr. Cox back?

MR. DAY: Well, sir, if you please, Mr. Commissioner, I cannot at this present time think of any reason. If I do, I will at the most reasonable time immediately notice with the Commission and Mr. Buell and Mr. Hinkle and arrive at a satisfactory situation in that event. Presently I do not intend to do so.

MR. RAMEY: In other words, you want Mr. Howard, Mr. Currens, Mr. Ricks and Mr. Meglasson.

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1	MR. DAY: May I confer with Mr. Buell?
2	MR. RAMEY: Yes, sir.
3	(THEREUPON, a discussion was held off
4	the record.)
5	MR. DAY: Ricks, Howard and Meglasson.
6	MR. RAMEY: Ricks, Currens, Howard, I think those
7	are the three?
8	MR. DAY: Mr. Currens said he would, I believe Mr.
9	Currens said he would appear anyway?
10	MR. G. BUELL: Yes, Mr. Currens will appear, absent
11	the subpoena or with the subpoena.
12	MR. DAY: We have no requirement of Mr. Meglasson.
13	He can be excused.
14	MR. RAMEY: How about Mr. Howard and Mr. Ricks?
15	MR. DAY: Mr. Commissioner, we would like to
16	continue the appearances of Mr. Ricks and Mr. Howard, subject

MR. HINKLE: We have no objection to having them return.

to any objections counsel may have.

MR. G. BUELL: May it please the Commission, could I be heard on this one small matter? I do plead with the Commission that we be excused from hauling those heavy We offer Mr. Cox the opportunity samples back out here again. at his convenience. He can examine them at his leisure in our office in Houston. As you all can see, a hearing room is not

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the proper place for a geologist to evaluate samples.

MR. DAY: No, we have no requirement on the samples. Thank you, Mr. Commissioner.

MR. G. BUELL: May I be heard briefly on the motion to continue?

MR. RAMEY: Yes, first, Mr. Buell -- as we understand it, Meglasson, Vickers and Coats will be excused unless you notify us otherwise?

MR. DAY: Yes, sir.

MR. RAMEY: All right, Mr. Buell.

May it please the Commission, I MR. G. BUELL: again state to the Commission, we would have no objection at all to postponing the separate reservoir phase of the hearing until February 5th. Again I would like to say, that is over two weeks, we think that is more than a reasonable amount of time with all the data and all the work that Mr. Cox has already done. True, they might not be able to get the petroleum engineer of their choice, he may have other commitments. In regard to that I'm reminded of what happened to me out here one time before the Commission when I attempted to get a continuance on the basis that I would not be availabl#. The remark of the Commission officer was pretty much to the He said that Guy Buell was not the only lawyer in the United States. He was as right as he could be and I would like to state that this engineer that they are thinking of, whoever

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he might be, is not the only competent, capable consulting reservoir engineer in Southeast New Mexico and we do feel that two weeks, over two weeks, is a reasonable amount of time to get ready.

MR. DAY: May it please the Commission, may I reply to Mr. Buell's argument and also sum up the testimony that was heard today? I'm used to giving an opening statment and hearing the argument rebuttal by the other side and then rebuttal here, but however the Commission desires to proceed is fine. Am I allowed to comment on the evidence at this point?

MR. RAMEY: Let me ask Mr. Hinkle and get his recommendations on the continuance.

We would prefer that it only be MR. HINKLE: continued to the fifth of February. If it is continued beyond that we think the allowable ought to be cut to just enough to save the lease, maybe producing the well one day a month, that's all. This thing has gone on and on and it looks like it is going to go on and on as long as you continue the case and, of course, they are producing a good deal of oil. have admitted that they have squarely violated the order which was issued. There is no question about that and the well is bottomed eight feet or nine feet from the Empire-Abo pool and there is a grave question as to whether it is just the same as if it were in the Empire-Abo pool, so it is

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violating correlative rights every day that thing continues and I think that two weeks is long enough to get a petroleum engineer if they can't get the one that they have requested.

MR. RAMEY: All right, Mr. Day.

MR. DAY: May it please the Commission, it has been obvious from the outset that Mr. Cox never pretended that he was drilling within the permit. He is not experienced in this matter, he is not experienced with this, he was going to the best of his memory and his testimony but he never willfully violated the Commission's order, never willfully violated the Commission's permit.

Regarding the correlative rights, we challenge that any correlative rights are being violated whatsoever. submit that the well can be found by the Commission to be located on the Cox lease. If there should be a Commission determination of any correlative rights then we submit that these can be adjusted as Mr. Hinkle suggested by a penalty on the production but I urge the Commission in so making this determination to keep in mind that the other two wells that produced on this lease that were shut in for a period of time flooded out. We would respectfully submit to the Commission that some determination be made where some production could be kept until the date of the continuance. If in its determination the Commission feels that it can make a proper adjustment, then I see no urgency or emergency in

hearing this matter on February the 5th. The Commission has heretofore been submitted the statement from the expert witness that he cannot even commence the study until February 4th. It is a complex case. You have heard the operator testify that he has made diligent effort to attempt to locate an engineer who is familiar with this reservoir.

On those grounds we respectfully submit to the Commission in its determination that it take into consideration the fact that this engineer be allowed ample time to study this reservoir. Certainly he will come against witnesses of Amoco and Arco that have lived with this field for a number of years and in all fairness he should be given proper and adequate and reasonable time to prepare his study and so appear and testify and make himself available to cross examination and whatever. Thank you.

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Cox, would you, if a continuance is granted to the 24th, would you be willing to shut your well in?

MR. COX: Yes, sir. I would rather not but if that is the order of the Commission I will shut the well in.

MR. RAMEY: Upon the order of the Commission?

MR. COX: Upon the order of the Commission.

MR. RAMEY: Did you want to say something, Mr. Buell?

MR. G. BUELL: Well, I didn't know whether it was the pleasure of the Commission to hear all closing arguments

on this basis of this phase of the case or wait and have us make our closing arguments on both phases when phase two is over. I was just asking for direction.

MR. RAMEY: I would suggest that if you want to make a closing argument on this phase now would be the time to do it.

MR. G. BUELL: Well, you know any time the Applicant makes a closing argument I feel that it is only proper that I should.

I would like to say this to the Commission. We have not in any way attempted to imply or infer that Mr. Cox tried to hide the true bottom-hole location of his well from the Commission or the injured. As a matter of fact, there is no way in the world that he could because this Commission requires in the case of an essentially deviated well such as this, that one of the conditions preceding and prior to getting an allowable is that you have to file a directional survey with the Commission, showing this Commission where the bottom hole is.

I do question in my mind Mr. Day's reference that his violation wasn't willful. I won't use the word willful but I will call to your attention that Mr. Cox had from January 12th to the 8th day of July to get a copy of the Commission order, to replace the copy that was burned in the fire. All in the world it would have taken was a simple phone

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call to this Commission or to his attorney here in Santa Fe.
He did not do that.

Also Mr. Cox knew his solemn sworn testimony to this Commission in May of 1973 was the direct opposite of what he actually did in directionally drilling and controlling this well. I might forgive a geologist for forgetting what is in a Commission order, I might forgive him for not picking up the phone and getting another copy of this, but it is hard for me as a lawyer who practices before this Commission to forgive a man who treats his sworn testimony so lightly.

This record clearly and conclusively shows that if Mr. Cox had done what he told this Commission he wanted to do and what your order permitted him to do, he would be four square within the confines of that order. I won't say it's a willful violation, I certainly will say it is a flagrant violation.

I will also point out to the Commission that around the periphery of the Empire-Abo field there are many opportunies where an operator, if he could locate a well, down dip, only eight feet from his property line, he can make a well and he will be there producing as long as that reservoir is in existence. We think that is grossly unfair and we don't think that should be permitted by this Commission.

We also feel that if Mr. Cox felt he needed assistance from a consulting engineer in establishing his

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MR. DAY: In closing, Mr. Commissioners, the drilling permit was obtained two years, two years and one month, if my dates are correct, from the time he secured the permit until the time he commenced the well. This is a long time, he had a fire, he doesn't have a staff of people working for him. His records were destroyed or smoke damaged and his best efforts, within his own confines and ability, being in Hamilton County, on leases that were expiring, on security title matters, he was in danger of losing one of the key leases in that little pool there, to try to comply with the terms of the lease with the USGS or BLM, whatever it is, on this lease. He was hurried and somewhat harassed and

mistakenly trusted what he felt was the true memory of the
permit. It was not meant to be a willful or flagrant violation

As to the reservoir, being able to snuggle up close to the reservoir, we will let the record speak for itself at the continuance hearing. As far as the continuance of the hearing, we respectfully urge the Commission to entertain the date of February 24th, against its determination now or in a few days, under what conditions they would make that setting.

At this time, If I may, I would like to leave with the Commission as far as review, the article on deviation drilling by Mr. Marshall referred to earlier from the Petroleum Engineer magazine of July 1975, and I will submit copies to other counsel as soon as I get them, which will be as soon as I get back. It is not an exhibit, sir.

MR. RAMEY: This is not an exhibit. Do you all have any objection?

MR. G. BUELL: I have no idea what it is, so I certainly have no objection, sir. As I understand it, he was formerly offering it as an exhibit and I don't know if I have a right to object.

Mr. Hinkle and I both exhausted our expertise in exactly thirty seconds and we have no objection.

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Day, as I understand this February
24th is a day that you are free from, shall we say court duty?

MR. DAY: I don't know what the exact problems are of the reservoir engineer. I do understand that he will take a number of days to complete his study. Speaking for myself, I have had the honor to be appointed by the U. S. Magistrate in Dallas to represent a defendant on a criminal charge, which I think I have had three appointments in criminal cases in my entire life and know nothing about it. Nevertheless I have that honor and the schedule being employed, the court has set it on a prior date that would conflict with an earlier appearance. I'm talking about Tuesdays, now, sir. That is my understanding.

MR. RAMEY: We're not looking to Tuesdays.

MR. DAY: Well, this case then goes to trial on Monday, I would not conclude it by Tuesday.

MR. RAMEY: I'm thinking of an earlier date around the seventeenth.

MR. DAY: That is the very date that he has set the trial and I realize that this hearing on the reservoir may take as much as two days.

MR. LUCERO: On what date is the trial set?

MR. DAY: The seventeenth of February.

MR. LUCERO: What is the nature of the case, the charge?

MR. DAY: This employee is accused of having left the employment of a Schedule D oil company and falsified or secured a P. O. box address under false credentials,

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somebody else's driver's license and had printed up statements for completion costs of wells, payment to be made to that P. O. box address and since the statements to customers of the Schedule D company are apparently in states in which they were joined by the FCC from listing.

MR. LUCERO: Is this a jury trial or before a committee magistrate, or what?

MR. DAY: No, sir, this is a full jury trial in the North District Court, North District of Texas. It's United States of America versus Solley.

MR. LUCERO: Do you have an estimate as to possible trial time?

MR. DAY: Two days.

MR. LUCERO: So that is the seventeen, eighteenth and nineteenth or seventeenth and eighteenth?

MR. DAY: Seventeenth and eighteenth, sir, on Thursday, speaking strictly for myself.

MR. LUCERO: Our initital conversation was with respect to the twenty-fourth.

MR. DAY: Yes, sir.

MR. LUCERO: Do you have a conflict then?

MR. DAY: No, sir, not on the twenty-fourth, or the twenty-third or the twenty-fifth. I can rearrange matters on the twenty-sixth, sir.

MR. RAMEY: The Commission will grant a recess to

February 24th.

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MR. G. BUELL: May it please the Commission, while you are looking at schedules, I have a matter set in Michigan on February 24th, if you are considering that day.

MR. DAY: Do you know how long that will take? MR. G. BUELL: Getting up there and back will take longer than the case and it usually is three days. It takes a day to get up, a day for the case and a day to get back. Lansing, Michigan is not easy to get to.

MR. DAY: Sir, I have matters on the twenty-sixth and twenty-seventh. I will rearrange them to fit Mr. Buell's schedule or whatever the Commission says.

MR. RAMEY: You are going to be out of pocket essentially the whole week of the --

I think he said the twenty-fourth and MR. DAY: twenty-fifth.

MR. G. BUELL: Probably the twenty-third, twentyfourth and twenty-fifth, isn't it? I'm advised that we may be able to move that up a week. The application has already been filed and we have asked for that date, but if we can give sufficient notice by moving it up a week from the twenty-fourth.

So then that would coincide with MR. LUCERO: the scheduling that he has in Dallas on a criminal trial.

> MR. G. BUELL: I'm sure I can advance it.

MR. RAMEY: We will take a five minute recess.

(THEREUPON, the hearing was in recess.)

MR. RAMEY: The hearing will be recessed until February 24th at nine A.M., probably in this room. Either in this room or the Commission's conference room upstairs.

Mr. Howard, Mr. Currens and Mr. Ricks should consider themselves under subpoena to be here on the twenty-fourth.

The thirty-five barrel allowable for the well will remain in force during this period of adjournment.

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## REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE

I, SIDNEY F. MORRISH, a Certified Shorthand Reporter, do hereby certify that the foregoing and attached Transcript of Hearing before the New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission was reported by me, and the same is a true and correct record of the said proceedings to the best of my knowledge, skill and ability.

Sidney F. Morrish, C.S.R.

## NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

 COMMISSIO	N	HEARING		
 SANTA	FE		, new	MEXICO

FEBRUARY 24, 1976 TIME: 9:00 A.M. Hearing Date\_ LOCATION Mound ( Jame Kudil Cill-Ruly M How stew DAN CORRENS Anoco GUY BUEZE CARL HUSS JOHN HUNTER Hobbs Atlantic Richtield Denn Richs R.G. Cox Dallas, Tx Janus E Nay h Drange H. Hunker Ju Rolf Cox 120 muell hr 18. J. Bruy & assac Dallas Jisan W. Blenn Moell It I Gray & Ossoc L James Mikkemper Nalles, Tx alas OR Walter or Junste 54/ Lalla Re Cot Atlandiz Richfiel M, dlow Attentic Richfield Midland 5, Hugh Christiansen juillans atlantic Richfield Jevy Tive

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1	BEFORE THE								
2	NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION Santa Fe, New Mexico								
3	February 24, 1976								
4	COMMISSION HEARING								
5									
6	in the Matter of:								
7	)								
8	Application of Robert G. Cox for ) CASE amendment of Order No. R-4561, Eddy ) 5571								
9	County, New Mexico. ) (De Novo ) Cont.)								
10									
11	BEFORE: Joe D. Ramey, Director								
12	Phil Lucero, Member Emery Arnold, Member								
13	Daniel S. Nutter								
14	Richard L. Stamets								
15	TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING								
16									
17	APPEARANCES								
18	For the New Mexico Oil William F. Carr, Esq. Conservation Commission: Legal Counsel for the Commission								
19	State Land Office Building Santa Fe, New Mexico								
20	For the Applicant: James E. Day, Jr. Esq.								
21	FREEDMAN, DAY & IVY Attorneys at Law								
22	Adolphus Tower Dallas, Texas 75202								
23									

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#### APPEARANCES CONTINUED

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Company: Legal Counsel f

Legal Counsel for Amoco Production
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Houston, Texas

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MR. RAMEY:

Mr. Day?

MR. DAY:

MR. RAMEY: All right.

Okay, are Mr. Howard, Mr. Currens and Mr. Ricks here, I assume? All right, would these three, plus any other witnesses please stand and be sworn at this time.

we have an associate with us, Mr. George Hunker of Roswell,

New Mexico, a licensed attorney practicing before the New Mexido

The hearing will come to order.

Yes, sir. May it please the Commission,

This is a continuance of Case 5571 which was heard

(THEREUPON, the witnesses were duly sworn.)

MR. RAMEY: You may proceed, Mr. Day.

MR. DAY: Thank you, Mr. Ramey. At the last hearing in January of 1976, we took up the matter of the circumstances surrounding the drilling of the well and the matter was continued as to the reservoir part of the hearing. At this hearing we would now go into the characteristics of the Empire-Abo Reef field and the relationship of the subject wells to the adjoining well or wells.

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MR. RAMEY: All right.

MR. DAY: If the Commission please, I would like to call as the first witness, Mr. Hugh Christianson. I believe the Commission recognizes and we so call him as an adverse witness.

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Christianson.

#### HUGH CHRISTIANSON

called as a witness, having been first duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

#### DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. DAY:

- Q. Would you state your name for the record, please?
- A. Hugh Christianson.
- Q. And where do you reside, Mr. Christianson?
- A. Midland, Texas.
  - Q. How long have you resided there?
- A. About five-and-a-half years.
- Q. Okay. Mr. Christianson, you have testified before the Oil Conservation Commission of the State of New Mexico before, have you not?
  - A. That is correct.
    - Q. Several times?
- A. Yes, sir.

Q. I know that your qualifications have been proven several times, but very briefly would you state for the record your educational background?

A. Yes, sir. I have a degree of Bachelor of Science in petroleum engineering, with a major in reservoir engineering from the University of Houston in 1954. I received a degree of Bachelor of Arts in geology from the University of Houston in 1953. Since that time I have, of course, worked with Atlantic Richfield, first here in the Permian Basin from 1954 to '58, then up to Tulsa, Oklahoma City and Amarillo, where I was working primarily with midcontinent, Oklahoma, Kansas, Colorado and the Texas Panhandle production.

- Q. Was this also in the employment of Atlantic Richfield?
- A. Yes, all of this was with Atlantic Richfield.

  During my period at Oklahoma City I took some advanced courses at the University of Oklahoma in reservoir engineering and moving on from Oklahoma City in 1965 to Denver where I worked for a period of two years, primarily with Colorado and the Texas Panhandle, still located in Denver. In 1967, about March, I was transferred down to Roswell, New Mexico, which is where Arco then had its District Office, handling New Mexico production for the specific purpose of beginning work on a study which was hoped would lead to the eventual unitization of the Empire-Abo Pool.
  - 0. Excuse me, that was when, sir?

A. That was in March of 1967. From that period forward
until today, I have had various responsibilities involving the
engineering supervision of the pre-unitization work and of the
operations of the unit once it was unitized October 1st of
1973 to the present time. And at this time I am supervising
an engineering group that has the responsibility for engineer-
ing recommendations as regards the Empire-Abo Unit and Pool.

- Q. Then since you secured your degree from the University of Houston you have had one employer and that is Atlantic Richfield?
  - A. That is correct.

MR. DAY: May I submit to the Commission the qualifications of the witness?

MR. RAMEY: Yes, the witness is qualified.

- Q. (Mr. Day continuing.) Mr. Christianson, you have testified before and I have asked you questions before on this Empire-Abo Field?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. And the relationship of the subject well of Cox,
  The Federal EA Well, to the other wells adjoining it, do you
  recall that testimony, sir?
  - A. I hope to the best of my ability.
- Q. I'm not going to ask you questions about what you may or may not have testified, I'm just familiarizing yourself or reminding you of our previous claimship.

You made certain comparisons of the Cox Well to the surrounding wells?

A. Yes, sir.

- Q. And as I recall you used a gas-oil ratio and gravity in those comparisons?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. If you would please, give us the indications on those matters, why you feel that the Cox Well is in communication with the surrounding wells?
  - A. As far as --
- Q. Sorry, sir, feel free to use any exhibits you might have brought, such as your log studies.
- A. I'm not sure about procedure on that, could I talk to my counsel on this?

MR. HINKLE: If the Commission please,
Mr. Christianson, of course, will be our principal witness
on the reservoir and one of our exhibits will be along the
line that Mr. Day is questioning about now. If he wants to
refer to that exhibit there, it will be all right. It will
be a little out of order, but that's fine with us.

- Q. (Mr. Day continuing.) You had an east-west log study, I believe?
- A. Does this mean that I'm to put this up on the board, or just talk about it?
  - Q. That would be fine with me, so that you can expand

on your studies of this matter.

A. Well, now, again I would like to talk to counsel. This is a little out of order with anything I have run into before.

MR. RAMEY: Are you asking a real general question of Mr. Christianson?

MR. DAY: No, I'm going to get into specifics and even though it is out of order I would be willing to submit the exhibits to the record.

THE WITNESS: Well, of course, the exhibits will all be presented later and he will have an opportunity to cross examine. I don't understand it.

MR. BUELL: If it please the Commission, that is the comment I'm going to make. Everything that Mr. Day has mentioned so far, I think that Mr. Christianson intends to go into in his direct presentation. It looks like it would be more appropriate and we would have a much clearer record if Mr. Day would handle matters that Mr. Christianson is going to testify to on direct on cross rather than his posture now as an adverse witness.

MR. DAY: If the Commission please, we called this witness ourselves and I feel that we are entitled to examine him as to matters that he feels have a bearing on the communication of this well to the field.

MR. RAMEY: What are you trying to prove, Mr. Day,

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at this time?

MR. DAY: I wish for the witness to state, sir, the wells in which he feels the gas-oil ratio comparisons to the Cox Well, the gravity comparisons that he said were indicative of showing that the Cox Well is in communication with the other wells and from that point to go into the relationship of the logs and the corresponding zones of production from this witness.

MR. LUCERO: Could you bring this out in cross examination if the other side calls him?

The reason I called him was to make an MR. DAY: orderly presentation before the Commission. We are getting into the facts of the relationship of the field and the characteristics of the field and I wish to show this now to the Commission as a basis from which we can then develop the rest of the testimony or the finer points.

MR. BUELL: May it please the Commission, I must respectfully point out to this Commission that what Mr. Day is trying to do is to shift the burden of proof and the burden of proceeding. He represents the Applicant in this case and in his opening statement at the January 21 portion of this, he said they were ready to come forward with proof that the Cox deviated well is in truth and effect completed in a separate and distinct reservoir, completely separate from any other production in the Empire-Abo Pool. Now, by this

maneuver what he is trying to do is switch the burden of proof and the burden of proceeding on Atlantic Richfield by having Mr. Christianson prove his case that they are not separate and I submit to this Commission that you should not let him get by with this. He has the burden of proof and the burden of proceeding.

MR. LUCERO: Mr. Day, what do you have to show to this Commission that this man is an adverse witness at this point to your case?

MR. DAY: Mr. Lucero, that will be developed. He has already testified that he has been in the employment of Atlantic Richfield for all of these years and Atlantic Richfield is the unit operator of the unit.

May I correct, and I believe the record will so support me, I did not state at the prior hearing that I was coming here to show that this was a separate reservoir, nor do I intend to shift the burden. I well know whose burden it is but I believe, and you may refer to the record, that I stated that we were coming here to show that there was poor communications in this field. If this is producing from the Abo Reef as the rest of the wells in the field are, I'm coming here to show that there is a poor communication between the wells, not that we came to prove that this is a separate reservoir. I believe that matter came up at a much earlier hearing sometime back.

MR. LUCERO: Excuse me, Mr. Day, would you be willing to stipulate with the other side that they call this gentleman now as their witness on direct and you can cross examine him. Other than the fact that he is employed by Atlantic Richfield, you haven't shown that he is an adverse witness.

MR. DAY: Sir, as I understand the evidentiary rules, you have to announce that it is an adverse witness before you start examination. The testimony would develop him as an adverse witness. The only reason really to identify him as an adverse witness is so that we can ask leading questions of the witness.

MR. LUCERO: You can do that on cross examination.

As I understand you want to call him now in the interest of order.

MR. DAY: In my presentation of the case.

MR. BUELL: May it please the Commission, until we see Mr. Day's direct case on separation or as Mr. Day pleases, poor communication, if his case is poor communication it could be that both Atlantic Richfield and Amoco will not take an adverse position to that. I think we should see Mr. Day's direct case, it is entirely possible that if his witness is just going to talk about poor communication we may be in complete agreement.

MR. DAY: Well, sir, then we can ask the witness to

so testify.

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Hinkle?

MR. HINKLE: I think this is entirely out of order and he should elicit this information on cross examination rather than trying to put it on as part of his direct. As Guy has said, we need to know what their position is. They have stated what their position was before and now it seems to be a little different, so I think they ought to make it clear to the Commission what they are contending and then we will put on our evidence accordingly.

MR. RAMEY: I think you are right, Mr. Hinkle.

Mr. Day, I think if you can ask this witness some general questions, I think that is fine, but to expect him to go into his exhibits and such at this time when we don't know what his exhibits are, I think that is out of order.

MR. DAY: All right, sir, thank you.

Q. (Mr. Day continuing.) Mr. Christianson, you have made a study of this field, would you describe to the Commission the origins or beginnings or formations of this reef? You may feel free to go back to the limit of time or whatever time is appropriate.

A. Well, let me make it plain that I'm not a practicing geologist although I have a geology degree, so you won't get the kind of detailed testimony that you might out of a geologist who has been practicing at that profession.

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Nevertheless, it is my understanding that the reef was a coralin-type barrier reef. It has certain similar characteristics with the reefs, as I understand it, that are possibly being deposited in the Bahamas, although, of course, there are lots of differences but it was deposited under that sort of conditions, as I understand it, that is deposited in a shallow sea, coralin material, primarily limestones at that I mean it developed into limestone as time, of course. geologic time went on and, of course, these are really animals that build this reef and it is their shells that form the framework of the reef. And with the geologic time there was Of course, prior to subsidence you had wave a subsidence. action from the sea, the south side of the reef faced the open sea apparently, the back or the north side of the reef was a lagoonal area and again, this is probably somewhat similar to some of the reefs that are developing, perhaps in the Bahamas and perhaps the Great Barrier Reef of Australia at the present time, but a shallow, reasonably shallow warm sea but with wave action working on the front side of the reef, wearing away some of the rock which naturally drifted down the slope of the reef and was being reworked frequently. At any rate, after this period of time, there was a time of subsidence and burial by younger sediments Apparently then you began to have sluing and fracturing throughout the reef core, and as it was buried deeper, of course,

there would be more fracturing taking place and then a little later on in the -
Q. What would that be due to?

A. Due to probably local movement. There was subsidence going on, earth movements which could cause fracturing.

MR. BUELL: Excuse me, Mr. Christianson. May it please the Commission, this is all very interesting, Mr. Christianson's opinion of the origin of the Empire-Abo Pool but based on the record that is before this Commission in this de novo case, there is no way in the world this can be adverse in any position that Mr. Cox, the Applicant, has taken because he hasn't taken a position on it.

MR. LUCERO: Excuse me, Mr. Day, may I ask you some questions.

MR. DAY: Yes, sir.

MR. LUCERO: Have you talked to this witness before?

MR. DAY: Yes, sir.

MR. LUCERO: And have you seen any of his exhibits?

MR. DAY: Yes, sir.

MR. LUCERO: Well, what do you intend to prove by showing that he is an adverse witness?

MR. DAY: Well, now that I can't go into specifics, sir, he is just a witness, I suppose.

MR. HINKLE: If the Commission please, I think it is entirely out of order.

MR. DAY:

MR. LUCERO: You made him your witness by calling him sir.

It is important for the Commission, I

believe, to know how the reef was formed and I'll tie it -
MR. BUELL: And again I tell the Commission, that is
not our burden. I think Mr. Day should proceed with his
witnesses. In all probability Mr. Christianson will agree
completely with you on the origin and birth of the Empire-Abo
Pool and will not be adverse in this position. We are looking
at this completely reversed.

MR. DAY: It's my witness, sir.

MR. LUCERO: Excuse me, sir, do you feel in your mind after having talked to him, if you have seen any of his exhibits or if you haven't, that you can bring all of what you need to bring out as far as your case is concerned through cross examination. You have free latitude.

MR. DAY: Mr. Lucero, I feel that I'm on direct now and all I'm doing is going into the origin of the field, how it was formed, and then I'll tie it into matters farther down.

MR. LUCERO: Yes, sir, but up to this point you haven't shown that he is an adverse witness to your case, other than the fact that he is employed by one of the other parties.

MR. DAY: Well, sir, I'm calling him my witness. He has been subpoened, or was at one time.

MR. HINKLE: I don't remember who they subpoened and

who they didn't but I remember that we discussed who would appear here at the last hearing. As far as I know I don't believe any of them have been subpoened for this hearing.

MR. BUELL: All of the witnesses have been subpoened that have been subpoened for the de novo Case 5171 and this is a continuation of that, so they are still under your subpoena. According to my records Mr. Christianson has never been subpoened.

MR. DAY: As requested just a moment ago, I will stay with the general questions of the witness.

MR. LUCERO: Mr. Day, you are stating that you are not calling him as an adverse witness but you are calling him as a witness involving your case?

MR. DAY: For general questions, yes, sir.

MR. LUCERO: You don't have the opportunity to cross examine him there. In other words, you withdraw your statement that he is an adverse witness?

MR. DAY: Yes, sir.

MR. RAMEY: You may proceed.

MR. DAY: Thank you, sir.

- Q (Mr. Day continuing.) We were talking about the formation of the reef and it was being buried?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. And you referred to the lagoon area in the front reef. Would this be then a lagoon area or, do you call it the

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back reef, would that be proper? And then your main reef section and then where the ocean has hit, the wave action hit the front of the reef, that would be the front of the reef?

- A. That is correct.
- Q. Mr. Christianson, would this all be on a straight horizontal plane or would it vary?
- A. Well, the reef's building organisms began, I'm sure, on a base that was sloping toward a sea bottom, in a shallow sea situation, sloping from the land to the north into the basin to the south.
  - Q. Which would be the fore of your reef?
- A. Right, from the back reef to the fore reef and then the reef organisms built up from a base that was undoubtedly gently sloping from north to south, a typical sea bottom.
- Q. So that it would come like this, a peak here and then slope down into the basin?
- A. Yes, you are speaking of the top of the reef, I'm sure.
  - Q. The top of the reef and then coming down to --
- A. The general characteristics are a flatter dip on the top of the reef from the crest to the north and a more steep dip from the crest to the south or southerly direction.
  - 0. And then that is where it toes out?
  - A. That's right.
  - Q. Now, on what part of that formation is the Cox Well?

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	A.	We	211,	he's	on	the	down	dip	fore	reef	or	the	south
edge	of	the	ree	f deve	elor	oment	t.						

- The unit was formed, you said, in October 1, 0. I see. 1973?
  - Right. A.
- And what kind of a unit maintenance is being done 0. on this field?
  - A. Excuse me?
- Okay, your unit maintenance or your recoverment today, sir?
- A. Well, we are attempting to take as much advantage as possible of the natural gravity drainage which is in effect in the reservoir and that is by injecting some, well all of the available produced gas, after having been moved through the gas plants, which averages roughly sixty-five percent of the produced gases, reinjected into the secondary gas cap, which has developed at the top of the reef that you were describing a moment ago and it is moving downward with the oil moving ahead of the expanding secondary gas cap, taking advantage of the excellent vertical and horizontal and lateral communication that has been evidenced from all types of field production history.
- Mr. Christianson, do you know of the ownership of the field, do you know how much Amoco and Arco own of this field?

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- A. Roughly, yes.
- Q. What percentage is that?
- A. Oh, at the present time Arco has got thirty-four point one four percent and Amoco, I believe, is about thirty-four point oh, seven percent of the total unit participation.
  - Q. That is a little over sixty-eight percent?
  - A. Correct.
  - Q. Are you familiar with the drilling companies?
  - A. Yes, sir, I am.

MR. DAY: No other questions.

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Hinkle?

MR. HINKLE: No, I think we will bring all of this out again in our direct examination.

MR. RAMEY: The witness may be excused.

(THEREUPON, the witness was excused.)

MR. DAY: If it please the Commission, we will call Mr. Glenn Noell, that is N-o-e-l-1.

#### W. GLENN NOELL

called as a witness, having been first duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

#### DIRECT EXAMINATION

24 BY MR. DAY:

Q Would you state for the record your name, please, sit?

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- A. My name is, the initial W., Glenn, G-1-e-n-n, N-o-e-1-1.
  - Q. And where do you live, Mr. Noell?
  - A. Dallas, Texas.
  - Q. How long have you lived there?
  - A. Approximately twenty years.
- Q. All right, sir, would you please tell the Commission your educational background and your business background?
- A. I have a Bachelor of Science from the University of Oklahoma in geological engineering, graduating in 1950.
  - Q. From what school, sir?
  - A. The University of Oklahoma.
  - Q. What is your business and professional occupation?
- A. I spent about six years working for a natural gas company and in 1957 I moved to Dallas, Texas, still working for the same company and I joined H. J. Gruy and Associates in 1961 and have been self-employed with them ever since.
  - Q. Sir, in what capacity?
- A. I am a vice president in charge of reservoir and evaluation studies.
- MR. DAY: May the qualifications of the witness be accepted by the Commission?
- MR. RAMEY: Yes.
- Q (Mr. Day continuing.) Mr. Noell, where does the Gruy company have offices and what is their primary function,

business and occupation?

A. We have offices in Dallas, Texas, Houston. Gruy
Management, which manages oil and gas producing properties, has
offices in Corpus Christi and we have an office of sorts in
New York City and one in Washington, D.C.

- Q. And does your company do any work outside of the State of Texas?
  - A. Yes, sir.
  - Q. Would you tell the Commission what areas?

MR. BUELL: May it please the Commission, you all accepted this witness's qualifications as a petroleum engineer. Now the work that the other people in the Gruy firm do in Texas or New Mexico or Arabia I don't think has any bearing on his qualifications which have been accepted, so I move that we get on with it.

MR. DAY: Thank you, I'll withdraw the question.

- Q. (Mr. Day continuing.) I will ask you if the Gruy Company has had any opportunies to do any studies on the Empire-Abo Field in Eddy County, New Mexico.
- A. We represented Yates Petroleum Corporation during the unitization procedures, mainly on an advisory capacity.
- Q. And have those records and studies of your company been available to you?
  - A. Yes, sir.
  - Q. And have you studied them?

A.	Yes,	sir.

- Q. And have you made other studies of the Empire-Abo Field?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q All right, sir, have you made any studies as to the oil-water contact levels points in the field?
- A. We have pretty well accepted what the Unitization Committee has come up with as established the oil-water contact.
  - Q. Do you have any exhibits on this with you?
  - A. No, sir.
- Q. You don't have any plats in which you have made any water studies?
  - A. We have some as far as water production.
  - Q. I stand corrected, you said water production.
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. May we see those exhibits?

MR. BUELL: May it please the Commission, may I inquire if he has a couple of these exhibits that he posted on the board for us so that we won't have to go over there and get between him and his witness to be looking at them?

MR. DAY: I appreciate that, Mr. Buell. Apparently what they have done is taken an Amoco prior exhibit and blown it up and made their own contours on it. You don't have any extras?

THE WITNESS: I don't have any extras.

MR. DAY: I apologize. Maybe during the recess I can get them reproduced at one of the blue print companies.

(THEREUPON, a discussion was held off

the record.)

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Hunker, how did you mark those exhibits?

MR. HUNKER: I marked them DN-Four and DN-Five of Mr. Cox's.

MR. RAMEY: Thank you.

- Q. (Mr. Day continuing.) Mr. Noell, would you look at what has been marked as Mr. Cox's DN-Four and is that a set of your studies of the water production in September of 1973?
- A. That is correct, on water production as well as oil rates.
- Q. All right, sir, and the next exhibit which has been marked as Cox's DN-Five, is that a similar study but as of October 1975?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. All right, sir, would you show to the Commission the water production level or points on the first exhibit and what has occurred in the ensuing two years?
  - A. Two things have occurred.
  - Q Excuse me, Mr. Noell, feel free to point.

A. Two things have occurred, obviously, from September of '73 to October of '75, the oil rate on the unit, on a per well basis, has increased by three times on a per well basis. It has had the effect of bringing more water in due to the high rate, plus a partial water drive, I assume, and so that in essence what is happening is that it is true that the gas cap is coming down but by the same token, the water production on the lower wells is increasing and moving northward.

Q. All right, sir, and what do you find in your comparison between 1973 with the amount of water produced in 1975, the amount of water produced?

A. Well, on certain wells it was not too significant, depending on how high structurally you were. The way we have contoured it, the over all zero water producing -- in other words, one that is producing water free has increased from here to here, represented by this blue.

Q. All right, sir, you have heard the testimony of the recycling of gas, approximately sixty-five percent of the gas taken out and from your own studies of the field, would you please state to the Commission, in your opinion, what will happen to the production in the Cox well?

A. Well, the gas injection is only partially effective because they are only injecting sixty-four or sixty-five percent of the gas, so this is going to allow, in the two years that demonstrated this, that the water production on the

Mr. Buell?

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Cox well will continue to increase until finally it will become uneconomical to produce it.

- All right, sir, will any oil be left behind in the Cox lease if the water comes through?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- All right, sir, then you have gas here and water here but you state, in your opinion, the water will overtake the Cox well?
  - That is correct.

MR. RAMEY:

MR. DAY: We pass the witness at this time, may it please the Commission.

Any questions of this witness? May it please the Commission, could MR. BUELL: I inquire, Mr. Day passed the witness, may I inquire, does he intend to have more direct from this witness.

> MR. DAY: I may have some rebuttal.

MR. BUELL: But as far as your direct is concerned you are through with him, except for rebuttal? The reason I asked, Mr. Day, I was going to recommend that you go ahead and finish all of your direct with this witness and then we could cross examine him in one big swoop.

MR. DAY: I think at this time that is all of the questions I have, Mr. Buell.

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#### CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. BUELL:

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Mr. Noell, my name is Guy Buell, I represent Amoco Production Company and I'm a lawyer, not an engineer or a geologist, I hope you will be patient with me as I stumble and fall along.

I understand you to say that your company had represented Yates during the unit negotiations?

- Yes, that is correct.
- Then I understand you to say that you had looked Q. at the record, the file that your company had built up during the representation of Mr. Yates?
  - That is correct. A.
- I would take it by that then that you were not the Q. Gruy Company employee that was assigned to represent Mr. Yates during that unitization endeavor?
- We operate mainly as a team and so in saying that only one person was involved is a misnomer. I have looked at the Empire-Abo at the current time that Mr. Garb was represent ing him. I did not take an active part in it at that time.
- Q. You were not a member of the Gruy Company team that represented Mr. Yates?
  - That's right.
- All right, sir, you said that you had made other Q. studies, would you mind detailing them for the record so that

the Commission will have a complete overview of your qualifications in this particular area?

- A. We have looked at, and when I say "we" I'm talking about Gruy and Associates.
- Q. I would rather hear what you have done, Mr. Noell, if you don't mind, I think that is what the Commissioners will be interested in. What have you done by way of reservoir engineering studies in the Empire-Abo Pool.
  - A. We have looked at it in respect to Mr. Cox's request
- Q. In other words, this is you, your, you as a person, your first exposure to the Empire-Abo Pool?
  - A. The Empire-Abo, yes.
- Q. All right, sir, based on your testimony with regard to Exhibits Number Four and Five, you didn't say, but I would have to infer from what you imply that you feel that the Cox deviated well is completed in the Empire-Abo Pool.
  - A. I think it's in the reef, yes, sir.
- Q. You realize that in a prior Examiner Hearing Mr. Cox has testified that it was separate and apart and not in communication with the Empire-Abo Pool reservoir, are you aware of that?
- A. I'm aware that is what he testified. Our contention is that it is in a different stringer but still within the reef complex.
  - Q Well, does your cursury study of the Empire-Abo Pool

reveal to you that the Empire-Abo reservoir itself originally is composed of different stringers?

MR. DAY: If the Commission please, we do object to the adjective "cursory". I don't know that it has been established that they made a cursury examination of the records

MR. BUELL: Mr. Day is right. I'm in error there and I would like to retract the word "cursory" and I'm going to ask Mr. Noell to detail the depth of his engineering analysis and study of the Empire-Abo reservoir.

- A. We established from the available logs around Mr. Cox's well that correlation between porosity zones is almost impossible.
- Q. (Mr. Buell continuing.) You limited your study to the area of Mr. Cox's lease?
- A. In general to that area that your map here indicates, yes.
- Q. Now, this is only a small portion of the Empire-Abo reservoir?
  - A. I realize that.
  - Q. You have not made a study of the Empire-Abo reservoit?
- A. Only going through the records that the unit was formed on.
- Q You wouldn't call that a study, would you, Mr. Noell a detailed engineering study, reviewing the records that some other man prepared?

A. Well, in our work you have to sometimes. I just got through coming back from Great Britain where I evaluated a billion barrel reservoir on somebody else's work, so I have to take and put common sense and logic to what I see and go from there because we work from data that is not self-derived, it has come from public records, come from our own records, XYZ company and we try to assimilate them and put them all together to make a complete picture.

- Q. You feel that your review of material that was accumulated by someone else with your firm, your review of that material was an engineering study in depth performed by you?
  - A. Under the time that I was given to do it, yes, sir.
  - Q. When did you start?
  - A. Oh, two-and-a-half weeks ago.
  - Q. When, I'm sorry.
  - A. About two-and-a-half weeks ago.
- Q. So, you think that within the time frame that you had to work in that you have made a detailed engineering study?
- A. I have done a two-and-a-half week detailed study, yes, sir.
- Q. Let me ask you this: What is the significance of your Exhibit Four and Five with respect to the subject matter of this hearing?

- A. It shows me but based on, I have read the testimony presented by other people here and it shows me that it was inferred that the gas cap was going to drive oil down onto Mr. Cox's lease and I'm attempting to demonstrate that that is not going to occur, that actually water production is going to flood his well out before that gas has any material effect on oil recovery.
- Q. Let me ask you this: Have you made a detailed study in the area of the Empire-Abo Pool reservoir in which the Cox lease is located as to the extent of the aquifer in that area?
- A. I'm going on record as saying it is probably pretty limited.
- Q. Let me ask you this: Your study revealed to you that it is very limited, is that correct?
- A. That is correct. This is based on some of the other Abo reefs mainly that I have studied.
- O. So, even though, based on your own study and determination and your comparison of the Empire-Abo reef with other reefs with which you are familiar, that this aquifer is of a very limited extent, you feel that Mr. Cox's completion is going to be watered out?
- A. Yes, sir.
  - Q. And in view of that, now you are aware where he is completed, aren't you, with respect to the geographical confines of his lease?

A. Yes, sir.

- Q. Roughly, I may be off a little, Mr. Noell, but roughly sixty feet from the north line and nine feet from his west line?
  - A. Yes, sir, I'm aware of that.
- Q. And when do you think that well is going to be watered out?
- A. Well, it hasn't been allowed to produce long enough to say for sure but as of October '75 it was making eleven hundred and ninety-five barrels of oil and thirty-two hundred and forty-four barrels of water in a short time. In other words, that well is going to have a short life, let's put it that way, if it is allowed to produce.
- Q. Mr. Noell, I'm very poor at math, what percent water cut is that?
  - A. Approximately twenty percent.
- Q. Thirty-two hundred and forty-four barrels of water and not quite twelve hundred barrels of oil is ten or twenty percent water cut?
- A. No, about eighty percent, I'm sorry, I did this backwards.
- Q. Would that not reveal to you, Mr. Noell, as a very experienced reservoir engineer, that the Cox zone or reservoir, I'll call it, the zone in which Mr. Cox has completed, is of an extremely limited areal extent in the northwest portion of

his lease?

- A. The unit assigned fourteen acres to the lease.
- Q. But I'm interested in your opinion, Mr. Noell, you are the expert.
- A. It is completed low structurally for one thing and so this is going to enhance the water production.
- Q I realize that, in fact, he has only apparently four feet of effective porosity, is that correct?
  - A. I would give it a little more than that.
- Q. Roughly four or maybe a little more in your view?

  He has completed as high as he can complete it in that stringer?
- A. He attempted to complete in the same zone as the west offset and was not able to make a well in those particular correlative zones, obviously it is showing that there was not communication between the M-16 and his well.
- Q Mr. Noell, again we are looking at a well that is sixty feet from the north line, nine feet from the west line, tucked right up there in the northwest corner of the lease, making eighty percent water, I'm going to ask you again, in your opinion, does that not indicate to you, as a reservoir engineer, that this four-foot zone that Mr. Cox has completed in, is of extremely limited areal extent under the Cox lease?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. And has your study been detailed enough that you can tell me how many acres you think are productive in this

Cox zone, under the Cox lease, has your study been that detailed?

- A. We have taken what the Commission has said as being productive of fourteen acres.
- Q. That is not the Commission, you are going back to the Unit Committee. Let's forget about that, I'm asking you.
- A. I would suggest that there is at least that much, although we really don't have a control to establish that.
- Q. You've got a well completed in a four-foot zone of porosity, give or take a little, cutting eighty percent water after a very short period of production and you say you as a reservoir engineer do not have enough data to determine the areal extent of that reservoir?
  - A. That's right.
  - 0. Under the Cox lease?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q Was your study detailed enough that you could estimate in your opinion, based on your observance of the performance of this well, knowing that it is tucked into the northwest corner, just about as close as it can get, cutting eighty percent salt water, couldn't you estimate that it has productive acres of maybe two-and-a-half or three?
- A. Well, we are lacking the information on the dry hole to the south.
  - Q I was coming to that. I'm glad you brought it up.

What information are you lacking on the Amoco Diamond Federal Well?

- A. All we have was a log. We did not have any well tests if there were any performed. We do see remnants of the reef down there.
- Q. Mr. Noell, you are aware, are you not, that at the time Amoco drilled this Diamond Federal Well that Mr. Cox owned the Empire-Abo rights under that well?
  - A. That's right.
- Q. So I'll guarantee you that we didn't touch the Abo.

  But you think you see a remnant in the Amoco Diamond Federal

  No. 1 of the four foot of porosity in the Cox well?
  - A. I can't say it's the same porosity zone, no.
- Q. You are also aware of the fact, are you not, that we furnished Mr. Cox, under subpoena, the samples on the Diamond Federal through the Empire-Abo reef, are you aware of that?
  - A. We didn't see it.
- Q All right, sir, do you feel your data is a little lacking on the Amoco Diamond Federal well, let's go back up here to your client's lease. Were you titled on any data on the randomly drilled No. 1 and the randomly drilled Well No. 2?
  - A. We had access to that information.
  - Q. Based on your study of these data, did you find

that the Cox four-foot porosity stringer was present either in the old No. 1 or the No. 2?

A. I don't remember right now that test, I don't recall it. I don't think it went deep enough to catch that other stringer.

- Q. Would you like to check with him now or is your other colleague going to be a witness, am I invading your field here?
  - A. You are getting in his field.

MR. BUELL: So I can avoid that, Mr. Day, could you kind of tell me what he might cover so I won't --

MR. DAY: Probably he will go into that and you can cross examine him on those portions or those questions that you just submitted to this witness.

MR. BUELL: Well, I'm trying not to take Mr. Noell out of his direct and he talked about the fact that oil withdrawals are increasing you all's water production and it will water your well out, so I think I can go into that, I think that is a fair cross examination and what I'm trying to arrive at is the extent of this reservoir in the Cox zone, in the deviated completion, that after just a few months of production is cutting eighty percent salt water.

- A. That's correct.
- Q (Mr. Buell continuing.) Now, did you look, since you made this study, this is your evidence, this is your

testimony, did you look at the data furnished you on the ramdomly drilled Well No. 1 and randomly drilled Well No. 2 to try to determine whether or not the Cox zone extended that far? If you didn't, just say, "No, I didn't even look at those wells."

- A. I'm trying to recall. To my knowledge, neither one of those wells went deep enough to test the zone that he is completed in in the deviated hole.
- Q. So, if I tell you that both of these wells went deep enough to go through the vertical interval in which the Cox deviated well is completed, would that indicate to you that your study has been somewhat less than complete?
- A. That would indicate to me that that reservoir extends that far down to the Cox No. 1 and 2 undeviated wells.
  - Q. But you have not made a study of those two wells?
  - A. Yes, sir.
  - Q. You have made a study?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. But you don't know if the wells are drilled deeply enough to cover it. I'm trying not to be argumentive but I will have to admit --

THE WITNESS: Off the record and just ask him. Did those two wells go deep enough to test that zone. To my knowledge it didn't.

MR. LUCERO: You are having a slight conversation

over here. If you want to call any witnesses, call them, swear them in.

A. I'm going to say it right now and I stand corrected, if when he gets on the stand, to my knowledge the Cox 1 and 2 undeviated wells did not go deep enough to see the zone he is completed in in the deviated hole.

Q. And if his testimony is that they do, or other testimony is that they do, and that is proven up, then your study was somewhat incomplete with respect to those wells?

MR. DAY: May it please the Commission, that is a hypothetical question at this point. He is testifying of his own knowledge. There has been nothing in the record at this point to show, other than Mr. Buell's statement that the other wells went deep enough to test those same correlative zones.

MR. RAMEY: That is correct, Mr. Buell.

MR. BUELL: All right, sir.

Q. (Mr. Buell continuing.) Assume for the purpose of this question that not only your witness but other witnesses will testify, that randomly drilled No. 1 and No. 2 did go deep enough to penetrate the correlative interval in which the Cox deviated well is completed and that, as you are aware, both of these wells have been plugged and abandoned, or are you aware of that?

A. Yes, sir.

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Q All right, sir, assuming for the purpose of this question, that they do go deep enough to encounter that correlative interval, would that not indicate to you that the entire Cox reservoir under the Cox lease has to be found between the bottom-hole location of randomly drilled No. 2 and the deviated Cox Well?

MR. DAY: I submit to the Commission that is the same question, he is just rephrasing it in different language.

MR. BUELL: I had asked him to assume.

- A. Okay, I'm going to assume one thing, it could go at least that far. The reservoir can extend at least to the Cox 1 and 2.
- Q. (Mr. Buell continuing.) Let me ask you this,
  Mr. Noell, in your detailed study of the Empire-Abo Pool and
  the area that is shown on your Exhibit Four and Five, have you
  gone back and investigated and found where edge wells would
  have a rather large percentage water cut and then with
  production that water cut would decrease?
  - A. In a few instances, yes.
- Q But that doesn't affect your judgment in saying that the Cox well is going to water out?
- A. Not with only four to six feet perforated. The reason that the water production would drop on an edge well is that it would be perforated in more than one stringer and possibly if it is completed, the water that was in one stringer

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that was making the water.

- Q. I think I asked you earlier, I don't recall the answer, let me ask you again. Based on your study which is reflected by Exhibits Four and Five, how long a life do you give the deviated Cox well?
- A. I can't answer that because I don't know what the allowable will be.
- Q Assuming that the current conditions continue, the conditions under which this well has produced since it was completed, because that is the amount of production your data is based on.
  - A. Is that assuming a fifty barrel a day allowable?
- Q. My memory tells me that the Cox well has been producing thirty-five since completion. I could be wrong. You don't know what it has been producing?
- A. It was thirty-five and then they raised it to fifty, was my understanding.
- Q. I'm not intimately familiar with the producing rate of the Cox well and I assume you are.
  - A. It is too short really.
  - Q. You can't make a prediction?
- 22 A. That's right.
  - MR. BUELL: May it please the Commission, that's all I have. Thank you, Mr. Noell.

## CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. RAMEY:

- Q. Mr. Noell, do you have any production history on this well?
  - A. Yes, sir. It's just a few months is all it is.
- Q. Would you mind giving that to the Commission, please I believe the well started producing in August?

MR. COX: September 7th, sir.

- Q (Mr. Ramey continuing.) It started producing September 7th? This exhibit indicates that the well has been producing roughly forty barrels a day since. Has the water production increased appreciably during that time except for a shut-in period here? Do you wish to refer to the exhibit, Mr. Noell?
  - A. Yes, please.
- Q. It appears to me that when the well is shut down the water production increases?
- A. That is correct. This is the production that has been produced on the deviated well. The cum. production on the No. 1 undeviated well was approximately, I'm going to say five thousand barrels before they plugged and abandoned it
- Q. But there is no indication from this chart that you have here that the well is watering out, so to speak.

  It looks like the operator has been able to maintain a fairly level production rate of oil.

Q. Until you shut it in and then the water increases and hopefully, we don't have enough data, it will come back down to this original curve, at least we hope for awhile there.

MR. RAMEY: Thank you. Would you mark that as Exhibit Number DN-Six and submit it, please.

Mr. Hinkle, do you have a question?

MR. HINKLE: Yes, I have two or three.

# CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. HINKLE:

- Q. Mr. Noell, are you familiar with the water production from the well which offset the Cox lease and are within the Empire-Abo Unit?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. And you analyzed these in connection with your study?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Did you find that the water production in those wells was formerly more than it is at the present time?
- A. It is more, comparing it to September of '73 than it is to October of '75.
- Q. Are you saying that it was more then than it is now?
  - A. No, it is more now in October of '75 than it was

in September of '73.

- Q. Are you sure of that fact?
- A. On basically all wells, yes, sir.
- Q. Isn't it a fact that the water rate in the past has been higher in these wells than it is at the present time?

MR. DAY: "By these wells," could you be a little more specific, Mr. Hinkle, "these wells" being which wells?

MR. HINKLE: The offset wells of the Cox lease which are within the Empire-Abo Unit.

MR. DAY: Do you wish to go into specific wells?

MR. HINKLE: No, all of the offset wells.

- A. Well, water production from the M-16 as of September '73 was approximately eight hundred and ninety-six barrels.

  As of October 1975 it was twenty-one, ninety-eight barrels of water.
- Q. (Mr. Hinkle continuing.) What about before 1973?

  Is it a fact that some of those wells were making more water before '73 than they are at the present time?

MR. DAY: That would be before the unit, Mr. Hinkle?
MR. HINKLE: Yes, it would.

- A. I can't answer that.
- Q. (Mr. Hinkle continuing.) Now, your testimony, I believe, was to the effect that Mr. Cox's well is going to be watered out eventually from the migration of water up structure from the reef to his well, is that right?

- A. That is correct.
- Q. Well, now, are you saying in effect that the oil which Mr. Cox is now producing is also coming along from the upper part of the reef and the unit to his wells?
  - A. Would you repeat that?
- Q. Are you saying in effect that the oil which is being produced from Mr. Cox's well is also coming from the Empire-Abo reef which is within the Empire-Abo unit? You said the water is coming from there, now, is the oil coming from there?
- A. At least the stringer that he perforated in, yes, sir.
- Q. So you admit that there is migration of oil from the Empire-Abo Unit area to Mr. Cox's well?
- A. No, sir, I didn't say that. I said the water was coming from the south, moving to the north. As I say, it is kind of hard to tell for sure but I would assume that most of the oil that Mr. Cox is producing in the short time he has produced it is coming from his lease and if the water continues to move northward, definitely he will not get any of the oil that is under the Empire-Abo Unit.
- Q. How much area of Mr. Cox's lease are you talking about that it could come from?
- A. We are back to Mr. Buell's question. I don't think we have enough control to really say.
  - Q. Two-and-a-half or three acres?

- A. Well, all I can say, the Unit agreed it was fourteen.
- Q. Well, if it were fourteen, has the oil in place already been produced on Mr. Cox's lease?
  - A. Not to my knowledge.
- Q. In your opinion, would Mr. Cox's well, which is eight feet from the Unit line, drain any oil from the Empire-Abo Unit area?
- A. We will have cross sections that have been prepared that is going to show that there is poor communication from well to well. You cannot correlate from well to well and it's on testimony already, so it is our opinion that the Cox well is not perforated in the same porosity streak as the M-16, say is.
- Q. In your study have you found that there is good vertical and horizontal communications throughout the reef area?
  - A. In some places, yes, sir.
  - Q. I'm talking about --
- A. I don't think you can make a statement that it is a homogeneous reef and it is all inter-connected. I think we have several things we are going to demonstrate which will prove that they aren't.
- Q. Generally speaking there is good communication horizontally and vertically throughout the reef area, is that

right? Wasn't that found to be a fact by the Engineering Committee who made a study preparatory to unitization. You said you represented the Yates in connection with that.

A. Well, it is strictly my opinion, I do not think there is that good of communication?

MR. HINKLE: That's all.

MR. RAMEY: Any other questions? Mr. Stamets?

## CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. STAMETS:

- Q. Mr. Noell, is the Cox well in communication with the Empire-Abo Unit reservoir?
  - A. I'm unable to answer that for sure.
- Q. Well, now, to an earlier question you indicated that the production from the Empire-Abo Pool Unit would cause water to influx into the area of the Cox well and if the Cox well is not in communication with the Empire-Abo Unit, why would production from the Empire-Abo Unit affect the Cox well?
- A. There again, like I say, there are places where there is good communication and there are places where there aren't.
- Q. I would like for you to answer the question. In you opinion, is the Cox well connected with the Empire-Abo Unit or is it not?
  - A. I'm going to go on record as saying it is not.

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A. Right.

- Q. What about your earlier response that production from the unit would affect the Cox well, was that in error?
  - A. No, sir.
- Q No, sir? Well, then can you explain the two diametrically opposed pieces of testimony?
- A. It may be connected in a well three mile away so that you are getting the effect by the higher rate of oil production coming out of the Unit is affecting the water production coming from the base of the reef.
- Q. Well, if it is in communication three miles away, then it is in communication?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. So your testimony now is that the Cox well is in communication with the Empire-Abo Unit reservoir?
- A. I would probably have to admit that in some places it is, yes.
  - Q. Thank you.
- A. I do not think it is around the wells that are offsetting him, so consequently without --
  - Q. That's all I needed. Thank you very much.

## RECROSS EXAMINATION

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Q.	Mr.	Noell,	let's	go 1	back	to	the	Cox	well.	Are	you
familiar	with	how th	is well	. is	prod	luci	ing?				

- A. It's on a pump.
- Q. It's on a pump? Is it pumping at capacity?
- A. No, sir.
- Q. Could a larger pump be put in and perhaps more oil and more water be produced?
  - A. It is my understanding, yes.
- Q. Do you have any idea what the capacity of this well would be with a larger pump?
- A. We haven't made well tests on it but as I understand it, it has the capacity to produce approximately a hundred and thirty barrels of oil a day.
  - MR. RAMEY: Thank you.
  - MR. DAY: I have a few questions.
  - MR. RAMEY: Mr. Day.

# REDIRECT EXAMINATION

#### 19 BY MR. DAY:

- Q. Mr. Noell, you have made other Abo reef studies?
- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Is the Gruy Company on the mailing list of the Unit, the Empire-Abo Field Unit?
- A. I believe so.
- Q. All right, and in your study you have also referred

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to some of the Oil Conservation Commission's own records in their own office?

- A. Yes, sir.
- All right, sir, did you state earlier that in your 0. opinion some of the reef is in the Amoco Diamond Federal well?
  - It is our opinion that there is a remnant there, yes. A.
  - Q. All right.

MR. DAY: Before I forget it, may I submit these two exhibits and the one that the Commission asked to be introduced? We submit those exhibits to the record.

> MR. RAMEY: Yes, they will be admitted. (THEREUPON, Applicants Exhibits DN-Four, DN-Five and DN-Six were admitted into evidence.)

- Q. (Mr. Day continuing.) You were talking about allowables with the Commission in response to some questions asked by Mr. Buell, do you have any suggestions of what would be a fair allowable to be granted to this well?
- Yes, sir, I performed several parameters which may or may not have validity to them, but I think they do. obvious that the participation factor if he went into the unit would make the well non-commercial.
  - What are your suggested allowables?
- We have come up with two cases, one based strictly A. on acreage and taking into account what the offset wells are

producing.

- Q. All right, sir, what acreage have you taken into account?
- A. We have given the L-16 forty acres, L-17 forty acres, the M-16 twenty-four acres.
- Q. Excuse me, the M-16 is the west offset, the L-16 is the northwest offset and the L-17 is the north offset?
- A. I believe that is correct. And then they have assigned fourteen acres to the Cox tract.
  - Q. Where did you secure these figures of acres?
  - A. These have come from the Empire-Abo unit agreement.
  - Q. From the unit itself. Continue please.
- A. If you do it strictly on acreage then, if you go back to the October '75 monthly production which is the latest month I had, the production from the total of the three offset wells is thirty thousand, four hundred and forty-two barrels.
  - Q. All right, sir.
- A. So just by mathematical calculations, fourteen divided by a hundred and eighteen, which is the total acreage under the four tracts in question, times the thirty thousand, four hundred and forty-two barrels, you come up with an allowable of thirty-six hundred and twelve barrels per month which equates to a hundred and seventeen barrels per day.
- Q All right, then, in brief you are taking the Cox tract of fourteen acres, which was what the unit assigned to it

the unit assignment of other acreage to the adjacent wells, the production of the adjacent wells, are you taking the fourteen acres from the total of a hundred and eighteen acres, times the daily production, monthly production and you come up with your fourteen, one hundred and eighteen times that to come up with your one hundred and seventeen barrels a day of oil?

- A. That's correct.
- Q. Do you have any other approaches?
- A. Another way to do it would be to do it on gross acre feet.
  - Q. Are these again from the Unit?
- A. These are again taken from the Unit. The L-16 has reported ten thousand six hundred and sixty-five gross acre feet of oil column. The L-17, fifteen thousand, five hundred and sixty-nine. The M-16 has two thousand, nine hundred and eleven. The Cox tract, according to the Unit has two thousand, six hundred and eighty-five gross acre feet of oil column. If you ratio that in the same manner as we did on the first case, you get about --
- Q. That would be the number of acres in the Cox tract, the total?
- A. The number of acre feet in the Cox, gross acre feet in the Cox tract compared to the total of the three offset.

  You get approximately eight percent of gross pay oil column

in the Cox tract.

- Q. And times production, what would that be?
- A. Times current production would give a monthly rate of two thousand, five hundred and sixty-six, or approximately eighty-three barrels a day.
- Q That would be only eighty-three barrels of oil a day?
  - A. That's right.

MR. DAY: Thank you. No other questions.

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Noell, let me ask you one question.

## RECROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. RAMEY:

- Q. To go back, you stated earlier that approximately sixty-five percent of the gas that is withdrawn from the reservoir is re-injected?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. What would be the effect if more gas were added, say enough gas to realize a zero decline in reservoir pressure what would be the effect of the water movement?
- A. I think it would tend to hinder it, I don't know that it would necessarily stop it. You would have to probably at this stage of the game over-inject much more than the hundred percent of the produced gas in order to affect any stopping of the water flowing to the north.

MR. RAMEY: Thank you. Mr. Buell?

BY MR. BUELL:

Q. Mr. Noell, I followed your testimony very closely and I believe that the two recommended allowables that you made for the Cox well were based on the data you took from the unitization studies, is that correct?

RECROSS EXAMINATION

- A. That's correct.
- Q I believe we established earlier in my cross examination of you that you had not made a detailed study of the Cox lease at this time with respect to the completion interval that the deviated hole is open in right now? I'm speaking of productive acreage and acre feet. You told me that you hadn't determined the productive acres.
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. And if you don't know the productive acreage you certainly can't determine the acre feet, is that not correct?
- A. I'm relying on your expert engineers on this particular point.
- Q. Well, of necessity, since you haven't studied it, you had to use the unitization study?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. And you are completely familiar with it, you reviewed it, remember?

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- And you are to some extent completely familiar with Mr. Cox's activities on his EA lease?
  - That is correct. A.
- Let me ask you this, I hope we don't have to go Q. into detail but let me ask you this: At the time that the unitization study came up with the fourteen productive acres and whatever gross acre feet you gave, the Aztec No. 1 Well on this Federal EA lease had been plugged and abandoned?
  - That is correct.
- Q. And subsequent to that unitization study, Mr. Cox, has he not, has come in and reentered the Aztec randomly drilled No. 1 and attempted to make a completion?
  - A. I question what you call randomly.
- I'm saying randomly, it deviated but it wasn't Q. intentionally deviated. You have seen the directional surveys on No. 1 and No. 2, haven't you?
  - A. Yeah.
- They are certainly not straight holes but no tools were used to direct them in a predetermined arrangement so I call that randomly drilled, it deviated but it was random, not intentionally.
  - All right. A.
- Q. All right, are we agreed that Mr. Cox reentered the Aztec No. 1 and attempted to make an Abo completion?

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A. No.

- Q. He then moved over and drilled his EA No. 2, didn't he?
  - A. That is correct.
  - Q. He couldn't make a completion there?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. Then he reentered old randomly drilled No. 1 and intentionally directionally deviated to a spot that we have discussed before, sixty feet from the north line and nine feet from the west line?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. Where he was able to make a completion in four, give or take a little, feet of porosity?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. I'm going to ask you this question: Has not all of the data that has been obtained on this lease, subsequent to the unitization study, proven to you as a reservoir engineer that that unitization committee was extremely liberal in productive acreage they assigned to the Cox tract and grossly liberal on the acre feet they assigned to the Cox tract?
- A. By virtue of the fact that the Aztec well did make something in the neighborhood of five thousand barrels of oil, I think it is logical to assume that at least up dip,

there is probably still oil under this lease. Down dip we can't tell how far down it is, obviously it doesn't go very far.

- Q. You have confidence in Mr. Cox's competency as a geologist, do you not?
  - A. I have known him for fifteen years.
- Q. Based on your study of all of the data of his efforts on randomly drilled No. 1 and randomly drilled No. 2, his well, he did everything that any competent geologist would do to attempt to make an Abo completion, didn't he?
  - A. I assume that is so.
  - Q. And he couldn't, could he?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. And when he directionally deviated this well up in the northwesterly-most corner, all he could find was four feet of porosity, is not that correct?
- A. That is as deep as he drilled, I don't know if there would be anymore below that or not.
- Q Well, based on all of the data obtained from the directionally drilled well, all he could find was four effective feet of porosity?
- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. I'll ask you once more, has not all subsequently acquired data on the Federal EA lease since the unitization study showed that they were extremely liberal in their

productive acre assignment and their acre feet assignment?

- A. It is a matter of opinion.
- Q. Well, what is yours?
- A. Well, when it equates out and he goes into the unit, he goes in at five barrels of oil per month.
- Q. Mr. Noell, I'm not asking you about that. That is something out of your sphere and expertise as a reservoir engineer. I'm asking you and I will ask you once more, has not all subsequently acquired data that you have seen gathered from Mr. Cox's Federal EA lease shown that the unitization committee was extremely liberal in the number of productive acres they assigned to that tract and the acre feet they assigned to that tract?
  - A. I do not agree with that, no.
- Q. What data have you seen on the work that Mr. Cox did in the randomly drilled Aztec No. 1 that has confirmed the productive acres assignment or the acre feet assignment that the unitization committee gave to this tract, what data from Mr. Cox's activities on that well?
  - A. That fact that he does now have a well.
- Q. He has a well up in the northwest corner. I'm talking about his reentry of the randomly drilled old Aztec No. 1. What data did he obtain to show you as a reservoir engineer that the unitization committee was right in their assignment?

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this	that	is	go:	ing	to	br	ing	out	a	sim	nilar	sit	tuat	ion.	

- Q. I'm asking you, your opinion, you are on the stand now, Mr. Noell, as an expert on the Empire-Abo pool, what data was revealed to you in Mr. Cox's attempt to make a completion on randomly drilled No. 1 that backed up the assignment of the unitization committee to that tract?
- A. Except that that Aztec No. 1 produced five thousand barrels of oil, so there is oil, or has been oil under that particular lease.
  - Q. And it was abandoned?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q And none of Mr. Cox's activity in attempting to recomplete that well showed you anything except zero, is that not correct?
  - A. Well, that is a matter of opinion.
  - Q. Could he make the well, that's the test?
- A. Well, bear in mind that he was reentering an old well. The odds of him making a well even if --
- A. All right, let's go to the new well. You know that he drilled No. 2 from the surface to total depth?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. What results from the drilling, the testing, the attempting to complete that well backs up your opinion that

the unitization committee was right in their assignment of fourteen productive acres and whatever acre feet they assigned to that tract?

- A. The No. 2 did not prove anything.
- Q. It certainly didn't prove anything to back up the work of the unitization committee, it did just the opposite, didn't it?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. What data was revealed to you from your study of the directionally deviated well up in the northwest corner, eight feet from one line that lends credence to the productive acreage the unitization committee assigned and the acre feet they assigned?
- A. Well, just like I repeated, it proved to me that there is oil in some stringer from the Cox 1 and 2 up to the deviated well.
- Q. What was the highest amount of acre feet that the unitization committee contoured on the Cox Federal EA lease, do you know? Was it sixty feet?
- A. Well, the gross acre feet is two thousand, six hundred and eighty-five.
- Q. And I think the largest contour, the thickest contour was sixty feet, is that not correct?
  - A. I cannot recall.
  - Q. Will you tell me how in this ever-loving blue-eyed

world this directionally drilled well that can only find four effective feet of porosity to complete in, confirms that liberal assignment of productive acreage that the unitization committee made?

MR. DAY: If it please the Commission, I don't know that it has been determined. There have been several asking questions but now he assumes it.

MR. BUELL: Mr. Reporter, will you strike the word "liberal", I'm sorry.

- Q. (Mr. Buell continuing.) With the word "liberal" stricken out of that, will you explain to this Commission how the fact that all Mr. Cox could find was four effective feet of porosity confirms the acre feet assignment the unitization committee made to this tract?
- A. Well, the four, whatever feet, is simply the well is completely bottomed at TD and that doesn't imply that there might be some productive stringers below that.
- Q. What data did the unitization committee have before them at that time to show that on the Cox lease there was deeper acre feet than you had encountered in the deviated well?
  - A. None.
- Q. None? In fact, according to your testimony and your memory and belief, the Cox well is vertically deeper than either the randomly drilled No. 1 and No. 2?

A. That is correct.

Q. All right, I'll ask you once more now that we've got that out of the way. How could the directionally drilled hole, tucked up in the northwest corner, showing only four feet of effective porosity confirm the acre-foot assignment the unitization committee made to that tract?

A. I will answer you again, I don't think it probably did and leave it at that. I don't know how many acres there is there as evidence.

Q All right, sir, I would like to have this clear to the record, I think you testified to it, but recalling that the bottom hole is some nine feet from the west line of the Cox lease, do you feel that the four-foot stringer that that deviated well is completed in extends on up into the unit area?

A. These zones are not correlative so I cannot answer yes or no.

Q. Well, a moment ago you answered in a question of Mr. Stamets that you felt that it was in communication and that is the reason that the oil producting rate from the Empire-Abo Unit was adversely affecting your client's water production rate?

- A. In some fashion or other, I'm sure that it is.
- Q. Well, this well is nine feet from the west line of the tract that the Unit M-16 well is located on. Do you

feel that this four-foot stringer goes on to the west under the forty-acre unit that the M-16 well is located on?

- A. We do not have the data to say one way or the other.
- Q. All right, sir, I directed your attention to the west and you said you don't know, I'll direct your attention to the norhtwest, on your Exhibit Five is labeled the Gulf B tract, do you feel that that four-foot interval extends onto the forty acre unit designated Gulf B on your exhibit?

MR. DAY: That's the L-16, Mr. Buell, the unit designation?

MR. BUELL: I couldn't make it out. It could be L-16, it is kind of blurred there. That is why I identified it as the Gulf B tract on this exhibit.

- A. I don't have the information to answer your question,
  I don't know.
- Q (Mr. Buell continuing.) Would your answer be the same if I asked you to the north?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q Then how can you testify that the oil producing rate is adversely affecting the producing characteristics of Mr. Cox's well?
- A. By the encroachment of water, for one reason, which we hadn't seen before.
- Q. Mr. Noell, I'm trying not to get confused but I'm getting confused. You testified a moment ago that you don't

know that the Cox zone extends off the Cox lease?

- A. That is correct.
- Q. If it doesn't extend off the Cox lease there is no way in the world that production from any of the unit wells can affect its producing characteristics one iota, is there?
  - A. If there is total non-communication that is true.
- Q. Well, now, as an expert I'm going to insist that you take and stand fast on an opinion one way or the other.

  Is it your opinion that the Cox zone extends outside of the Cox lease into the Empire-Abo Unit or is it your opinion that it does not?
- A. I think there is a good possibility it does but I do not see that any of the Empire-Abo wells are in that same zone at this particular time.
- Q. Well, now, I'm not asking you whether or not in your opinion the M-16 is completed in the same zone of porosity as the Cox well, that is not my question. My question to you was, whether or not in your opinion, the Cox completion stringer extends under the M-16's forty-acre proration unit?

  Now, put that way can you answer it?
  - A. I would assume that it probably does.
- Q. Do you think it extends under the forty-acre proration unit assigned to the L-16 or identified on this exhibit as the Gulf B forty-acre tract?
  - A. I assume that it does.

- Q. And I will ask you the same question with respect to the offsetting tracts to the north?
  - A. I assume it.
- Q. All right, sir, let me ask you this as a reservoir engineer and with the mechanics of drainage, radius, things of that nature with which you are so intimately familiar with.

  Looking at this well only nine feet from the west line and sixty feet from the north line, is it your opinion, as I believe I heard you express a little earlier, that none of the oil that is being produced from the Cox well is coming from the Empire-Abo Unit.
- A. Obviously part of it is coming from the Cox lease itself. Now, how much more would be coming from the Unit, at this time it is impossible to tell.
- Q. Have you made a study to try to determine that,
  Mr. Noell?
  - A. No, sir, I haven't.
- Q. Would not just your common sense and extensive experience as a reservoir engineer, with your intimate knowledge with the mechanics of drainage, tell you that a well completed only nine feet from a line that some of its production must of necessity come from the tract that is across that west line?
  - A. That is correct.
    - Q. And if I ask you the same thing with regard to the

north line only sixty feet away would your answer be the same?

A. That is correct.

MR. BUELL: That's all I have, thank you. Thank you, Mr. Noell.

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Hinkle?

MR. HINKLE: One question.

## RECROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. HINKLE:

- O Mr. Noell, referring to your testimony in response to Mr. Day's question in regard to the production and the allowable from the Cox well and the offset wells, did you take into consideration or ignore the unit replacement of voidage; did you take into consideration or did you ignore the relative voidage; did you take into consideration the oil-in-place volume in arriving at your production figures?
- A. Only to a certain extent as far as just common knowledge. I have given the parameters that I have set out here.
- Q. What do you mean by "a certain extent as far as common knowledge"?
- A. Well, as a for instance, the M-16 lease according to the Unit parameters has been giving on its percentage basis over six times the original oil in place. The Cox well

in	the	Unit	parameter	was	giving	something	like	fourteen
peı	cent	t.						

- Q. But you didn't actually take into consideration those elements that I have referred to?
  - A. No, sir.

MR. HINKLE: Okay, that's all.

### REDIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. DAY:

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- Mr. Noell, the Aztec Well and the Cox No. 2 Well, EA No. 2, they watered out, did they not?
  - A. That is my understanding, yes.
- Q. And the figures on any of the assigned allowables to this well were based on Unit parameters from the Unit study, is that correct?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. You didn't do a restudy of the Unit you took the Unit figures as the parameters?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q And as to the life of this well I believe you stated there was not enough history of production, how long it would be but it would be a short life before it watered out?
- A. I believe so.
  - Q. And as far as oil, there is oil under the Cox lease?
- A. Yes, sir.

Where do you live, Dr. Rehkemper?

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- A. I live in Dallas, Texas.
- Q. How long have you lived there?
- A. I have lived there the past eight years. I was born there but I moved from there for about twenty years and returned in 1968.
- Q. Would you give the Commission your educational background, please, sir?
- A. I received a Bachelor of Science degree in geology from the University of Texas in 1955, a Master of Arts degree at the University of Texas in 1956, and a Ph.D from Rice University in 1969.
  - Q. That was in geology?
  - A. All in geology.
  - Q All right, sir, and what is your business background?
- A. From 1956 to 1963 I was employed with Mobil Oil
  Company. I worked North Texas, the Anadarko Basin and my
  last year-and-a-half with Mobil was in North Africa where I
  worked for them in Tripoli. I left Mobil and returned to
  school for my doctorate degree. Upon graduation I was employed
  at the Sun Production Research Laboratory in Richardson, Texas.
  I was involved in clastic petrology research for approximately
  three years, after which time I was sent to the Division Office
  where I was on the Division Geologist staff.

Following that experience, I was still with Sun, I was put into a new technology group where I was involved in

seismic interpretation of bright spots on land.

Q. All right.

- A. In October, that would have been October '74, I started working for H. J. Gruy and Associates and I'm currently senior geologist with H. J. Gruy and Associates in Dallas.
  - Q. Are you a member of any associations or societies?
- A. I am a member of the American Association of
  Petroleum Geologists, the Society of Economic Paleontologists
  and Mineralogists, a member of Sigma Chi and the Dallas
  Geological Society.

MR. DAY: We submit the qualifications of the witness

MR. RAMEY: I think he is a qualified geologist,

Mr. Day.

MR. DAY: Thank you.

Q. (Mr. Day continuing.) Dr. Rehkemper, I will direct your attention to the Empire-Abo reef field and I will ask you some general questions and then follow with more specific questions.

Have you had an opportunity to make some studies of this field?

- A. Yes, sir, I have.
- Q. You heard earlier testimony of the formation of this reef by Mr. Christianson?
  - A. Yes, sir.

- Q. Do you agree in general?
- A. I think he has it, yes. This reef is a little different from many reefs in that it is a transgressive reef. Most reefs by the nature of their development are regressive, they tend to build out over the shelf but Hugh describes this particular reef as transgressive and it built landward. I agree with his interpretation that it is a reef that could be comparable to the Great Barrier Reef.
- Q All right, sir, and basically the reef is in three portions, the back reef, the main reef and the fore reef?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q Generally speaking is the fore reef tighter or as porous or as permeable as the rest of the main reef?
- A. Your fore reef facies would most likely be tighter. It is deposited in deeper water where you have less wave agitation, therefore, you would have less porosity development unless it is secondary porosity.
- Q. So a well in the fore reef would be in a tighter formation generally speaking, than the wells in the back reef or main reef?
  - A. Very definitely.
- Q. All right, sir, have you made any studies as to the local communication. I'm not talking generally through the Abo reef field of communication in general terms, I'm talking about local communication?

A. Yes, I have.

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- Q. Have you made any studies of local communications in connection with the Cox Federal EA Well?
  - A. Yes, I have.
- Q. All right, sir, will you please tell the Commission if you have made any log studies of the adjacent wells to the subject Cox well?
  - A. By log you mean log analysis?
  - Q. Yes, sir.
- A. I have not performed any log analysis as far as coming up with the particular water saturations and porosities no. I have looked at it in a qualitative sense.
  - Q And have you made any correlations with these logs?
  - A. Yes, I have attempted a correlation.
  - Q. Can you correlate by porosity?
- A. No. Porosity is quite varied within any particular correlative zone. A zone can be correlative but you will not necessarily have porosity developed within that zone in all wells.
- Q. All right. I ask you if you made a correlative zone study of the logs between the Cox well and the M-16 well?
- A. Yes, I have.
- Q. And what did you find and do you have an exhibit on that?
  - A. Yes, sir, I do.

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Q. Which one is it?

A. The exhibit that I have is actually taken from an earlier exhibit made by Arco and I believe it was an exhibit in the November 1975 hearing.

Q. That is what you are pointing at now?

A. This is a portion of their east-west cross section. It is a structural cross section hung on a sea level datum. Here is their top of the reef as they picked it. indicated on the original exhibit were the perforations of these three wells, the M-16, the Cox and the L-17. have added to this cross section, the additional perforations by Cox, one of which was apparently above the main reef, the other was in the upper part of the main reef. Now, this cross section illustrates that the correlative zone which is producing in the M-16 Well, was tested in the Cox well. the Cox well is a report of the test which was performed in that zone, which was from sixty-one, sixty-two to sixty-one, It was perforated with twenty shots, it was acidized with five hundred gallons, swabbed dry, acidized with seven hundred and fifty gallons, swabbed dry, with a slight show of oil and gas. Acidized with ten thousand gallons of fifteen percent, swabbed dry, no fluid entering and they left three hundred and thirteen barrels of load on recovery.

Now, this indicates to me that the porosity developed in this zone in the Amoco Well.

0. Is that the M-16?

A. The M-16. It was not present in the Cox Well. In other words, you did not have porosity and permeability continuity between these two wells. Had you had porosity and permeability continuity, this well would have been productive in this zone. Instead, this well has produced in a lower zone which was not perforated in the M-16 Well.

Now, if we go to the north, we have --

- Q. Your conclusions from that is that the producing zone of the Cox Well is related or communicative with the M-16 or not?
  - A. It is not.
  - Q. It is below that zone of the M-16?
  - A. The M-16 is producing from up here.
- Q. All right, sir. Do you find that the Cox zone is present in the well to the north?
- A. Yes, I would say by my correlations the zone which is perforated and producing in the Cox Well is present and productive in the L-17. Now, I cannot say that there is communication, that there is porosity and permeability continuity within this zone between these two wells.
- Q All right, sir, have you found any evidence in the immediate area of local lack of communication?
- A. Yes, and I refer to my Exhibit Number Two which is a short west to east cross section, labeled AA Prime, which

runs between the Exxon No. 5, which is a producer, to the No. 3, which is a dry hole, to the L-20, which is the No. 4.

MR. BUELL: Pardon me, Mr. Day, he called that Exhibit Number Two, it couldn't be. Could we go off the record and correct that?

(THEREUPON, a discussion was held off the record.)

A. Okay, my discussion of the second exhibit which I have to show, which is DN-Seven, the line of cross section for DN-Seven is illustrated on Exhibit DN-Eight and is labeled AA Prime.

This is not a structural cross section, it is a stratigraphic cross section. It is hung on a shale datum within the Bone Springs.

The Humble No. 3 Empire Federal was the first hole drilled. It was a dry hole, they ran three drill stem tests, the upper one they recovered three feet of gas cut mud, the second test overlapped a portion of the first, they recovered thirty feet of salt water cut mud. The third test recovered eleven hundred and seventy feet of salt water.

The top of the reef, which I indicate on this cross section, was agreed upon by the unitization committee. I had no sample control so I had to take them at their word that this is the top of the reef.

In the Humble No. 5 Well, the zone which is producing

was tested in the No. 3 Well and it was found to be tight. These two wells are approximately two hundred and twenty feet apart.

Sixteen hundred and fifty feet further to the east is the Humble No. 4 or the unitization designation, L-20. Here again it shows that the upper zone, which is producing in the No. 5 Well and was tight in the No. 3 Well, is again productive here, indicating that you do have permeability barriers within this reef through the same correlative zone.

Q. All right, sir. In these studies that you have made to show that there is communication, local communication can vary and in some instances is very poor, such as there is no communication between the M-16 and the subject Cox well?

- A. Right.
- Q. How did you find the porosity within the reef reservoir, is it distributed regularly or irregularly?
  - A. It would be very irregular, yes, sir.

MR. DAY: We pass the witness at this point, Mr.

Ramey.

MR. RAMEY: Any questions of the witness? Mr. Buell?

MR. BUELL: Thank you, Mr. Ramey.

## CROSS EXAMINATION

24 BY MR. BUELL:

Q. Doctor, you are aware of the purpose of this hearing

here today, are you not?

A. Right.

- Q From the standpoint of the purpose in our being here today, what is the significance of your exhibits and testimony in that regard?
- A. My purpose here is to show that the zone which is productive in the Cox well is not productive in the M-16 Well, and, therefore, you cannot assume permeability and porosity continuity between any two wells.
- Q. Now, in your direct, Doctor, with regard to the M-16, I understood you to testify that the Cox zone was present in the M-16 but it wasn't tested nor a completion attempt made?
- A. Right, right. Now, you have to differentiate between zone and pay zone. A correlative zone is a zone which is correlative time-wise. In other words, this was deposited at the same time this was deposited so they are correlative zones. What I'm saying is, that although this zone is present here, it was not productive.
- Q. In view of the fact that it wasn't tested, how do you make your determination that it was not productive?
- A. Okay, well, the only evidence we have is -- well, if it was productive it should have been perforated I would suspect. The only log suite I had on this was a gamma ray neutron which is a poor log at best. I say it could have been

present here but I cannot say whether it is productive or not.

- Q. Well, a moment ago you said that it wasn't productive and I wanted to clear the record.
- A. Okay. Well, all I can say is that this particular zone is present but I cannot say it was productive or not productive. I believe I was spending most of my time on this upper zone here which I think we know was not productive here or not productive there.

MR. DAY: Dr. Rehkemper, you are pointing to Exhibit Number Nine?

A. Yes.

MR. BUELL: And incidentally, that was never identified for the record on his direct and the first cross section that the Doctor testified to as he referred to as an Arco exhibit in the previous hearing has now been identified as Cox's DN Exhibit Number Nine.

- Q. (Mr. Buell continuing.) All right, sir, I did understand correctly when you testified that you had not made a quantitative analysis of any of these logs?
  - A. That is correct, sir.
- Q. So, that is the reason that you cannot form a judgment as to whether or not the Cox zone is productive or not productive in the M-16?
  - A. Right.

- Q. All right, sir, while we are on that, you heard the discussion of the location of the bottom hole of the Cox Well?
  - A. Right.

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- Q. And it is only nine feet from the west line and the M-16 is to the west. As a geologist, would you be tremendously surprised if the Cox zone didn't extend as a productive zone of porosity over into the forty-acre proration unit assigned to the M-16?
  - A. That is a possibility.
- Q. If I ask you that same question with regard to the Cox zone in the other directions, sixty feet from the northwest and sixty feet to the north, would your answer be the same?
- A. You say sixty feet from the Cox well it would be productive?
- Q. The Cox Well is sixty feet from the north line, would you not be surprised if the Cox zone didn't extend past the north line of his lease in a northwesterly direction, as well as in a north?
- A. I would say it is possible. Based on a lack of continuity in this zone, the shallow zone, it may or may not be, you may or may not have porosity or permeability continuity. We know it doesn't happen here. We cannot say with any certainty that the zone carries into the Amoco M-16.
  - Q. Now, you have already said with certainty that it

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does, now let's try to keep the record straight.

- A. Well, now, okay.
- Q. For your sake as well as ours.
- A. Okay, the zone carries but I don't know if it is productive or not.
- Q. I'll accept that. That is consistent with your prior testimony.
  - A. Okay.
- Q. Have you formed an opinion or a judgment, Doctor, as to whether or not the four feet of porosity that the Cox deviated well is completed in is completely under the Cox Federal EA lease?
- Completely under the lease? I cannot say that because in the two wells, the Aztec Well and the No. 2, that particular zone was not penetrated in those two wells. Now, we go south to the Amoco Well, the Amoco Well, I have not seen the samples I have not seen a sample description of the Abo reef. told that it was described as a biomicrudite. This is a classification of carbonate rocks used by Dr. Morrell Fulker, of the University of Texas. It indicates that you have fossil fragments, it indicates that they are coarse grained, coarse grained fossil fragments in this well. Now, this is characteristic of reef facies. So based on that, like I say I have not seen it, I have been told that this is how it was described. There is reason to believe that the reef facies extends as far

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down as the Amoco Well.

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Now, I have not performed log analysis on the Amoco Well. I have an analysis which was performed on that well by Walter Eichmeyer who was former manager

- Excuse me, is he in the room today?
- He is not in the room, I have a report of his.
- 0. Well, if he is not here for cross examination, I'm going to ask the Commission to instruct you not to go into that if we can't test his accuracy in the judgment that he made. I'm asking you for your opinion. You are the expert on the stand and my question was: Have you formed a judgment that the stringer reservoir in which the Cox deviated well is completed, that four feet of porosity, is confined entirely to the Cox lease?
  - I cannot testify definitely that it is.
- And a moment ago you couldn't testify definitely Q. as to whether or not it extended past his lease line?
  - A. That is correct.
- So we are kind of at a hiatus as far as your expert testimony is concerned?
- A. Well, we will go through it again. That is correct. I feel like that zone carries to the north but I cannot testify that you have porosity and permeability continuity.
- Q. A moment ago you said that you couldn't testify that we had porosity and permeability continuity to the west,

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the northwest or the north, is that correct?

That's right. All we know is that the same zone A. is porous in the north offset but I cannot say that they are connected because in Exhibit DN-Seven we find that the same zone is productive and it contains porosity and permeability in the No. 5 Humble Well and the No. 4 Humble Well. make an assumption that if you have porosity and permeability continuity in between these two wells, you are wrong, because they have a well between the two that disproves that. is the same situation as we have here. We have the productive zone, I'm referring to Exhibit Nine. We have a productive zone in the EA Cox No. 1, I feel that that same zone is productive in the No, L-17, but I cannot say that you have porosity and permeability continuity between those two wells and I show this as evidence that you can have permeability barriers within the reef.

O Doctor, you see my confusion as earlier Mr. Cox contended, based on his geological investigation, that this was a separate stringer that had never been produced by any other well in the area, it was a separate and complete accumulation of oil of what is known as a common source of supply and I was wondering what you in your expert judgment could tell this Commission that would help them in deciding whether or not the deviated Cox well is in a separate and distinct accumulation of oil not heretofore produced by any

other well, or whether it is simply another zone of porosity that is productive and in communication with the Empire-Abo field?

A. I cannot say that it is. You have porosity and permeability continuity. I will say this zone is productive elsewhere in the field but I cannot say that the two zones are connected.

Q. All right, sir, so if we have no connection between the Cox zone and the Empire-Abo Pool, there is nothing from the standpoint of production from the Empire-Abo Unit wells that could adversely affect the producing characteristics of the Cox Well, is that correct?

A. If you assume no porosity or permeability communications I would say, yes.

Q. All right, sir, have you made a study to try to determine the extent of the Cox zone porosity under the Cox lease, areal extent I'm speaking of?

A. Areal extent, well, like I say, the only control we have is the Amoco Diamond Federal to the south and based on sample descriptions it looks like you are in a reef facies. Here again we have reef facies in a producing zone in the Cox well. You have reef facies in the Amoco Diamond Federal, whether you have permeability and porosity continuity, I cannot say. I would say that there is a possibility that you do.

Q. Doctor, I don't want to take you out of your sphere of expertise but would you not suspect -- let me ask you this: Are you familiar with the structure of the Abo reef at all in the area of the field?

- A. By structure what do you mean?
- Q. By structure, as a lawyer that's all I've ever heard you guys talk about, the structural contour.
  - A. The configuration?
  - 0. Yes.
- A. By structure you can also mean internal structure of the reef.
- Q. Yes, you know, you draw all of these little wavy lines of equal height.
  - A. Okay. Yes, I'm familiar with it.
- Q. Generally speaking, and I'll direct your attention to your DN Exhibit Eight. In the area of the Cox Federal EA lease, how do we find the structure, are we going down structure across this lease or are we going up structure or just what?
- A. You are going -- you go down and then you go up again, I believe. Well, it is indicated right here on Exhibit Nine. This is a structural cross section, this is the top of the reef. Okay, now, one thing that should be brought out is that this is a deviated hole, as you well know, and there is a vertical correction of thirty feet.

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Q. I know there is a vertical correction to get the true vertical depth, I don't know what it is.

A. Okay, well, there is a thirty-foot correction. In order to make this Exhibit Nine correct, this log would be shifted thirty degrees.

- 0. Downward?
- A. Upward.
- Q. Are you sure that this log of the Cox deviated well is not hung on true vertical?
  - A. Well, let me check here just to make sure.
  - Q. What does TVD mean?
  - A. That means true vertical depth.
  - Q. So we don't have to do any shifting, do we?
- A. Well, I don't know whether this log has been shifted, let me check. It's hung on a twenty-five hundred foot datum at this point. Okay, twenty-five hundred plus thirty-six twenty is sixty-one, twenty and, no, this has not be adjusted because it is at sixty-one, ten, twenty, forty, fifty. Okay, I'll take it back, it has been adjusted. I'm sorry. This has been adjusted for deviation.
- Q. All right, sir, so we are coming down structurally even on the deviated well which is in the upper northwest corner of the Cox lease?
  - A. Yes, moving down dip.
    - Q. Coming down dip. Do you know whether or not the

structure would continue downward into Amoco's Diamond Federal No. 1?

- A. Yes, it does.
- Q. I don't want to get you out of your sphere of expertise, but would you not expect that when you have an upstructure completion, producing according to Mr. Noell's testimony, eighty percent water, that if the reef, in fact, was present in the further down structure Amoco Diamond Federal Well, it would be completely watered?
- A. Well, I may open up a barrel of worms here, but if we are in a transition zone here, I don't know if we are or not. There has been testimony in the past to the effect that we are. I don't know how thick this transition zone could be.
  - Q I'm asking your opinion, Doctor.
- A. Yeah. Okay, I would say, I cannot tell you with any degree of certainty that this well would be wet in the Amoco Diamond Federal even though it is down dip.
  - Q. Do you think it would be hydrocarbon bearing?
  - A. I would say there is a possibility.
- Q. Then in this common zone of porosity which you have alluded to, we would have oil, going down structure we would have water and then going further down structure we would have oil, is that a physical possibility, Doctor?
  - A. Well, not if you have porosity permeability

continuity, no.

- Q. Well, a moment ago you said that there was a good chance that you do have?
  - A. I would say it is a possibility.
- Q. That you saw this remnant over a vertical distance of -- how many feet is it from the bottom-hole location of the Cox deviated well to the Diamond Federal Well?
  - A. The distance?
  - Q. Just roughly.
  - A. I would say two thousand feet.
  - Q. How far?
  - A. Two thousand feet.
- Q. Okay, you see the possibility of porosity and permeability communication over fifteen hundred feet, based on the fact that somebody told you that they saw in a sample log that there might be a little reef there but yet between the deviated Cox well and the M-16, although that is a much shorter distance, wouldn't you say that it is about five hundred feet?
  - A. That's probably six, sixty.
- Q. Six, sixty, I'll give you a thousand if you want it, a much shorter distance, although you see the zone on the log you yourself can examine, you say that you doubt that we have continuous porosity and permeability communication, aren't you being a little inconsistent?
  - A. No, I think you have a wide variability. I'm sure

you can probably point to a cross section where you have a well. Now, referring to Exhibit Seven where you have wells more widely separated as would show communication, but I think in a reef it is highly variable.

- Q. Is it kind of like beauty, it is just in the eyes of the beholder, and I'm not being facetious?
- A. Well, I think you are trying to, but just because you don't have continuity between these two, you don't have it between these two.
- Q No, that's not what I'm saying. I'm wondering how you as an expert, Doctor, and I'll admit for the record that you are an expert, how you can look at two completions over fifteen hundred feet apart and on the down structure one, someone told you that they looked at a sample log and there might be a reef there and you can form a judgment that you have porosity and permeability connection based on these data when over a distance of only six hundred feet where you can look at the data yourself you say, I'm convinced there isn't?
- A. In that particular zone, sure, I think this is just logical.
  - Q. That's all I can expect of you is your opinion.
- A. Now, you don't want me to bring this up, the log analysis indicates that they have a show.
  - Q Have you looked at the logs that we furnished Mr. Cox

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on the Diamond Federal No. 1?

- A. No, I haven't.
- Q. Well, then where do you get your opinion that the logs said that you had a show?
- A. I have a lot of respect for the professional ability of Walter Eichmeyer.
  - Q. Well, we are back to this?
  - A. Right, this is the man.
  - Q. The guy who is not here?
  - A. The one that is not here, right.

MR. BUELL: Mr. Cox, do you have with you a log of the Amoco Diamond Federal No. 1?

MR. COX: No, I do not.

- Q. (Mr. Buell continuing.) Then you never looked at it?
- A. I've looked at the gamma ray neutron, in fact, it was probably on one of Arco's sections, we can see.

which I presume was presented in evidence in the November 19th hearing, whereby they show, indeed, that the reef in the Cox well is also present in the Amoco Diamond Federal No. 1. Now, this log is a compensated neutron, compensated formation density. Okay. They do not show their porosity scale. These curves are displayed as porosity. The top of the reef indicates porosity on the formation, compensated formation density log.

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On the gamma ray which accompanies this log you have a fairly clean gamma ray, so I think there is evidence that you may well have continuity between these two. Structurally you are still above the original oil-water contact of twenty-six, sixty-five, so there is a possibility, and I would state that there is a possibility that you have pay in the Amoco Diamond Federal No. 1.

- Q. In your opinion is the original oil-water contact at minus twenty-six, sixty-five currently still there today?
  - A. I have no idea.

MR. LUCERO: Excuse me, Mr. Buell, is that exhibit that he keeps pointing to here and there and this well and that well, has it been identified for the record? Because we could have people who are not here today reading this record some day.

MR. BUELL: They are going to be confused.

MR. LUCERO: I'm talking about the one he is just referring to. Now, what is the number of that exhibit?

MR. BUELL: I can't find it anywhere.

MR. DAY: That has not been stamped.

MR. LUCERO: Well, didn't you say that that had been used at the prior hearing.

THE WITNESS: It was used at the November 19th, 1975 hearing.

MR. LUCERO: Well, let's identify it for the record,

so far it is just a printed piece of paper there.

THE WITNESS: In pencil it is marked as Exhibit
Number Four. Is there someone here with Arco that could
identify it?

MR. RAMEY: Why don't you label that as Cox's Ten.

MR. BUELL: Would it be Ten?

MR. RAMEY: D-N Ten.

(THEREUPON, Cox's Exhibit Number DN-Ten

was marked for identification.)

- Q (Mr. Buell continuing.) All right, sir, since you have now looked at Amoco Diamond Federal No. 1 log on Cox's Exhibit DN-Ten, do you feel that the Cox zone is any better developed in this well from a log standpoint than it is in the M-16, which is reflected on your Exhibit Number Nine?
- A. Well, I am comparing a gamma ray neutron log, the compensated formation density neutron log. The compensated formation density neutron is a much better quantitative tool than the gamma ray neutron, so in the absence of a comparable log in the J-1, I cannot say how the two zones compare.

Q. All right, sir.

MR. DAY: Mr. Buell, excuse me, for the record could the witness identify which log is on which exhibit, I don't believe he did.

MR. BUELL: It couldn't hurt the record, I'll assure you of that. Why don't you, Doctor, starting with the M-16

on your Exhbit DN-Nine?

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A. Okay. On Exhibit DN-Nine, the three wells, M-16, the Cox Well and the L-17.

- Q. (Mr. Buell continuing.) Actually that's going to create confusion because that is a much larger cross section, you have only exposed three wells but in the record each and everyone of those logs are going in, so couldn't we identify that as a multi-well log?
  - A. Okay, it is a multi-well log cross section.
- Q. Three logs of which you have concentrated your testimony on?
  - A. Right.
  - Q. And they are?
  - A. They are the M-16, the Cox Well and the L-17.
- Q. Let me direct your attention now to Cox's Exhibit DN-Ten, is that the exhibit upon which we find the log on the Amoco Diamond Federal No. 1 which you have been discussing?
  - A. Right.
  - Q. And again it is a multi-well cross section?
- A. This is correct.
  - Q. And your testimony was limited to an evaluation?
  - A. An evaluation of the Cox Well and the Amoco Diamond Federal No. 1.
- MR. BUELL: I think that should help the record a lot, Mr. Commissioners.

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MR. RAMEY: Thank you, Mr. Buell.

- Q (Mr. Buell continuing.) Doctor, have you made a study of the randomly drilled No. 1 Well on the Cox lease and the randomly drilled No. 2 Well on the Cox lease from a standpoint of determining whether or not the Cox zone extends to those wells?
- A. I do not believe that Cox zone was encountered in these two wells. I believe it was not penetrated in these two wells.
  - Q. How did you form your judgment?
- A. By correlation of the logs. I had no samples, so I could not identify the facies, but strictly on electric log correlation.
- Q Doctor, let me ask you this: Couldn't that mean that they just weren't present in those two wells, although the correlative vertical interval was penetrated?
- A. No, I said that the correlative vertical interval was not penetrated.
  - Q. Was not penetrated?
- A. Right. And that zone would have occurred below the total depth of those two wells.
  - Q. And how did you arrive at that judgment?
- A. By electric log correlation, which is comparing the geometry of the gamma ray neutron curves on one log to the geometry of the gamma ray neutron curves on the other log.

This is what is known as electric log correlation.

Q. Well, a moment ago you testified that it was extremely difficult to correlate zones of porosity from one well to the other?

A. Zones of porosity, yes, but I think if you study a log very carefully, you will see very subtle characteristics which can be carried over fairly great distances and you are saying that this is a correlative zone, but you are not saying that the porosity within these two zones is continuous. I think you can carry a zone within a reef for fairly great distances.

Q. All right, let me ask you this: According to your Exhibit DN-Nine, and I'm referring to the log of the Cox Well on that exhibit, you have only a very short interval that was logged from the top of the reef to the bottom of the log, is that not correct?

- A. That is correct.
- Q. Now, which characteristics on this short interval of log in the deviated well, did you compare with the randomly drilled No. 1 and deepened No. 1 and the randomly drilled No. 2 to satisfy yourself that the Cox zone was below the total depth of those two wells?
  - A. Like I said before, based on the --
  - Q. Which characteristics that we are looking at?
  - A. Well, both. You have to look at this in detail, you

have to slip and slide your logs. It's not something that you look at and say, "Well, this is it, there it is." It is very tedious slipping and sliding and you come up with an interpretation. Now, I will come up with an interpretation and I say, "I feel to the best of my knowledge that this zone was not penetrated."

- Q. Do you have a log of the randomly drilled No. 2
  Well and the randomly drilled No. 1 that you could show this
  Commission this tedious procedure that you went through?
  - A. Well --
- And while you are looking for your papers, could

  I ask you a question without disturbing your search? Do you

  ever use a tool like this to a layman while scientifically it

  it may not be a valid tool, but particularly in an area such

  as the Empire-Abo where all the witnesses testify that

  correlation from well to well is extremely difficult, do you

  ever use as a yardstick, or a tool, the vertical depth from

  the top of the reef to the zone that you are interested in?
- A. Depending upon the distance between the wells. The top of the reef is time transgressive. The top of the reef, in one well it may not be, it may not represent the same time of development as the time of the reef in another.
- Q. Even over distances as short as we are discussing here, between the No. 1 and the No. 2?
  - A. I believe it may even be on this cross section here.

- Q. And the cross section here you are referring to is DN-Nine?
  - A. DN-Nine.

- Q. Why don't you just go ahead there. I'm sorry I interrupted your search.
- A. No, what I'm saying is, this top of the reef can vary widely between wells.
- Q. Well, in your opinion did it vary widely between the randomly drilled No. 1 and randomly drilled No. 2 and the directionally drilled well?
  - A. No.
- Q. So that is not critical to us here? If the top of the reef didn't vary widely among these three wells, why would not A to B to see how far from the top of the reef your zone of interest is and then compare it and if your other wells went that deep through the reef?
  - A. You can try that.
- Q. Would you do me a favor, would you go ahead and try to find your --
- A. I will attempt to do that, yes. I'm not sure that I have them on the same scale.
- MR. RAMEY: Are you at a breaking point, Mr. Buell?

  MR. BUELL: May it please the Commission, since he does need to look for his logs and see if he has them on the same scale, I suggest that maybe we should recess for lunch.

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MR. RAMEY: Yes, I think that would be proper to suggest that and I'll take your suggestion.

> The hearing will be recessed until one-thirty. (THEREUPON, the hearing was in recess.)

## AFTERNOON SESSION

MR. RAMEY: We will call the hearing to order, please Mr. Day, if you would like to offer your exhibits at this time.

Yes, DN-Seven, Eight, Nine and Ten of Cox, MR. DAY: we tender those exhibits into evidence.

> MR. RAMEY: Without objection they will be admitted. (THEREUPON, Cox's Exhibits DN-Seven, DN-Eight, DN-Nine and DN-Ten were admitted into evidence.)

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Buell, you may proceed.

MR. BUELL: Thank you, Mr. Ramey.

(Mr. Buell continuing.) Do you have the logs, 0. Doctor?

Yes, I do.

I think it might be well if we move over here where Q. the Commissioners themselves could see the procedure you are using.

All right. A.

And would you state for the record the logs that you are getting ready to compare at my request?

A. I have a log on the Aztec Well. Actually this is a gamma ray neutron run by Cox on this well. The second log is a sidewall neutron gamma ray on the Robert G. Cox Federal No. 2; the third log is a gamma ray neutron on the deviated hole of the Robert G. Cox Federal No. 1.

MR. LUCERO: If he is going to testify from them why don't we mark them, at least for identification, so we know what is taking place with respect to these logs.

MR. BUELL: All right, for the record, let's identify the log on the Robert G. Cox Federal EA No. 1 and according to Dr. Rehkemper, this is a log that Mr. Cox ran on the randomly drilled Federal EA No. 1. We'll identify that as Amoco's Exhibit DN-Five. Then we will identify the log referred to by Dr. Rehkemper as the log on the Robert G. Cox randomly drilled Federal EA No. 2, as Amoco's Exhibit DN-Six. Then the log that Dr. Rehkemper identified as a log on the Federal EA 1, directionally deviated well, we'll identify that as Amoco's Exhibit DN-Seven.

- Q (Mr. Buell continuing.) Now, Doctor, would you describe for the record the correlation methods you have used in determining to your own satisfaction that neither the randomly drilled No. 1, nor the randomly drilled No. 2 penetrated the vertical section that includes the Cox zone?
  - A. Yes, sir.
    - Q First I think it would help if you would give us

your pick of the top of the Abo reef for each of the three logs.

A. Okay. On Exhibit DN-Five the top of the Abo reef is picked at fifty-one, thirty-two, subsea minus twenty-five, twelve.

On Amoco Exhibit DN-Six, the top of the Abo reef is picked at sixty-one, fifty-six, subsea minus twenty-five, thirty-six.

On Exhibit DN-Seven, the top of the Abo Reef is at sixty-one, twenty. This is measured depth, this is log depth which would give a measured depth subsea which I really should convert to vertical depth of minus twenty-five hundred.

- Q. Does that correspond with the pick of the top of the reef in the directionally deviated well shown on Cox's DN-Nine?
  - A. Yes, sir.
  - Q. All right, sir.
- A. Okay. Initially to see how much relief the reef surface may have between these three wells, I look at the Bone Springs formation which overlies the reef and I attempt to pick correlative points.
- Q. Excuse me, Doctor, you are now out of the Abo reef, you are up above it?
- A. That is correct, I'm in the Bone Springs but I think this is necessary in order to see if this reef is building up,

transgressing time, building up, between these three wells.

If it is, you will find the Bone Springs markers will disappear into re-facies.

On the Amoco DN-Five exhibit I have picked two such markers, the upper one at six thousand, thirty-four, plus or minus, the lower one at six thousand, seventy, plus or minus.

In Exhibit DN-Six the upper marker is at six thousand, fifty-eight, plus or minus and at six thousand, ninety-three, plus or minus.

On DN-Seven exhibit the upper marker is picked at six thousand, twenty-six, plus or minus, this is a measured depth, six thousand, seventy-two, plus or minus.

Now, I feel that these markers in the Bone Springs are correlative and they indicated that they have, except for possibly in the deviated well, which is DN-Seven, which due to deviation you may be getting a little longer log section, but you have little relief from the log surface at this time. Therefore, as we heard in earlier testimony, if you have little relief from the log surface, you can assume that by measuring a thickness on the top of the reef to a lower correlative point within the reef, that these points are correlative.

I have picked three, what I consider correlative points within the reef. It may be a little hard to describe but I will give you the approximate depths and you can check on them.

In DN-Five the uppermost correlative point within the reef is at sixty-one, forty-four to forty-nine. It is a kind of a zone, a shaley zone.

On DN-Six it is picked at sixty-one, sixty-four to seventy.

On DN-Seven it is picked at sixty-one, twenty-eight to thirty-three.

Now, let's look at the neutron which we have on the DN-Five and the DN-Seven and the sidewall neutron on the DN-Six. I find what I consider a correlative marker there. On the DN-Five it is located from sixty-one, eighty to ninety, approximately. On the DN-Six, sixty-one, ninety-six to sixty-two, oh, eight. In DN-Seven it is located from sixty-one, sixty-four to seventy-two.

Okay, in establishing these I mentioned that there were three. The other is on the gamma ray neutron and coincides with the neutron correlation point that I picked earlier, so I'll not go over that. From this correlation I find that in Amoco DN-Five exhibit, the zone which is perforated in the Robert G. Cox No. 1 would have been encountered at a depth of approximately sixty-two, thirty. The bottom hole of that log is at sixty-two, nineteen. So it is my interpretation that the DN-Five did not penetrate the producing zone as encountered in the Robert G. Cox No. 1.

Would it bother your testimony now if I asked you a

question now about Amoco's Exhibit DN-Five?

A. No, sir.

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- Q. You were very careful to talk about the bottom of the log then. As a matter of fact, did Mr. Cox deepen this well and did not log the deepened portion?
- A. Not to my knowledge, not in the Cox, not in the Cox No. 1.
- Q. That is the randomly drilled No. 1 Well and it is your testimony that you don't know what the total depth on the well is?
- A. I know what is reported as the total depth. The total depth, driller was sixty-two, thirty, logger was sixty-two, twenty-one. This is from the heading on DN-Five.
- Q Doctor, I don't believe you are aware of the fact, obviously, that Mr. Cox deepened this well and did not log the deepened portion, are you or are you not aware of that?
  - A. I am not aware of that, no.
- Q. And you said that the Cox zone in the randomly drilled No. 1 Well as reflected on our Exhibit DN-Five would have to be, what did you say, sixty-two, thirty?
  - A. Sixty-two, thirty, yes, sir, approximately.
- Q. So, if this well is in truth and in fact deepened to sixty-two, fifty, it would include the Cox zone, would it not?
  - A. Yes, sir.

- Q. Are you aware whether or not Mr. Cox made any tests over the intervals that according to your interpretation would include the Cox zone in this deviated well?
  - A. No, he did not test it, to my knowledge.
- Q. How would you know whether or not he tested it if you didn't even know he deepened it?
- A. Well, I say I do not know. The only test in that, to my knowledge, he made was in the DN-Five from sixty-one, sixty to seventy sixty-one, eighty to eighty-four.
- Q All right, sir, I believe you stated earlier that you had confidence in Mr. Cox's competence as a geologist?
  - A. I never made that statement.
  - Q. Then I'll ask you.
- A. Yes, well, I think he is a competent geologist and this is an opinion but I feel he is.
- Q. Everything you have testified to is an opinion, you haven't testified to a fact yet, except your name and your various degrees.
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. All right, sir, let me ask you this: If that zone was in the well, in the deepened interval, it was certainly not productive, was it?
  - A. I cannot say that. I do not know.
- Q. Well, you know this well after Mr. Cox reentered it and deepened it, it was abandoned as a dry hole, are you

aware of that?

- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. All right, sir, now I believe you finished your dissertation on our Exhibit DN-Five. Would you go now to DN-Six and if you have any other comments on it?
- A. No, I have no more comments on DN-Five. On DN-Six, based on my correlations, the zone which is producing in the Robert G. Cox No. 1 EA would be encountered at approximately sixty-two, sixty or thereabouts. I do not have a log depth scale below the depth of the log, which means that this well did not penetrate the correlative zone producing in the Robert G. Cox No. 1 EA.
- Q Doctor, would the fact that both the randomly drilled No. 1 Well, our Exhibit Number Five and the No. 2 Well randomly drilled, both had some deviation, would that have any effect on the correlation that you have just gone through?
  - A. No, sir.
  - Q. All right, sir, does that conclude your comments?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Dr. Rehkemper, and I don't want to argue with you,
  I realize you have given your opinion and your sincere
  opinion, but would you agree with me with regard to the
  characteristics that you have picked down in the Abo and have
  correlated from Exhibit Five, randomly drilled No. 1, Exhibit
  Six, randomly drilled No. 2, to the intentionly deviated well

that reasonable minds could differ with the interval that you have picked as the continuing correlative interval that you have been discussing?

- A. I would say it's possible, I'm not about to say that I can control another geologist's log picks.
- Q. Well, Doctor, the reason I asked that broad general question, I can look at some of the characteristics that you picked on DN-Five, random drilled No. 1, and it is obvious that you wanted to start from there and as I go from your pick on that to the next two exhibits, I know there is quite a distinct difference in the characteristic that you picked in the next two wells.
  - A. Well, log picking is an art.
  - 0. Not a science?
- A. No, it is an art. You are a lawyer, I can pick someone off the street and it takes experience and repetitious log correlating to become a good correlator. It is not something that you, as a lawyer, can come in and say, "This is the way it is," unless you have log experience and geologic maps. I think it takes an experienced geologist to correctly correlate logs.
- Q. All right, sir, would you be patient enough to run through with me a tool, as I as a lawyer off the street can understand, and that is the vertical distance between the top of the reef and the vertical interval that includes

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1	the Cox zone, would you make that comparison just
- 1	although you don't feel that it has any scientific validity?
3	A. You want to compare the depth or the distance
4	between the top of the reef and the top of the pay?
5	0. The top of the Cox zone, ves. sir.

A. I could do that if I had my directional survey to correct the two depths here because this is expanded somewhat.

Q. By this you are referring to the deviated hole that is our Exhibit DN-Seven?

A. Right.

Q. And without that, of course, it will give you a mis-reading?

A. Right. However, I feel that my correlations of the geometry of the logs supports my stated effects.

Q. Do you have any other comments you would like to make on the correlations that we have just been discussing?

A. No, sir.

MR. BUELL: That's all I have of Dr. Rehkemper. Thank you.

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Hinkle?

MR. HINKLE: I have a few questions here.

## CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. HINKLE:

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O Doctor, am I correct in analyzing your testimony this morning that you would like for the Commission to conclude that there is no communication between the wells in the Abo reef, unless the porostiy zones can be analyzed together, and perforated together, is that right?

A. I believe even at that time, even though you have a porosity in two wells which is correlative, I think we have shown that there is still a doubt that there is communication between these zones in the two wells.

- Q. Have you made a study of all of the wells in the reef?
  - A. No, not all of the wells in the reef.
- Q. Have you tried to correlate the wells in the reef for porosity zones?
- A. I have correlated zones, that would be both east-west and north-south, and I have marked on there perforations but I have not done a log analysis on each log to see whether a particular zone looks tight or porous, no, sir.
- Q. But isn't it a fact that it is impossible to correlate all of the porosity zones that are perforated in the reef?
- A. Yeah, I would say that it is impossible to correlate all of them, yes.
  - Q. Possible or impossible?
  - A. It would be impossible to correlate every one.

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Q. Now, aren't there other ways to determine whether there is communication? Would you say that if the pressure in the Empire-Abo Unit has in all of the wells taken the same pattern and they have dropped the same scale and so forth as production has continued, doesn't that show that there is communication between them?

A. I feel that this is an engineering problem and this is out of my expertise to say whether this can exist or not, sir.

- Q You know, as a matter of fact, though, that that is the best evidence?
- A. Well, if this is the best evidence, then you may be right.
- Q. Referring to your DN Number Seven, you have shown the No. 3 Humble Well to be between the 4 and 5, is that correct?
  - A. Would you repeat that? I have found the Humble.
- Q. On the DN-Seven, you show the No. 3 to be between the 4 and 5?
  - A. Yes, sir, that is correct.
  - Q. Now, the No. 3 is a dry hole, is it not?
  - A. Right.
    - Q. And that is off of the Abo reef?
    - A. It is not off the reef, no, sir.
    - Q. Well, it's in an area where you wouldn't expect

porosity, is that right?

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- A. Oh, you can expect porosity there but it just didn't develop. I mean, it's within the reef. This just shows that the reef is not porous in all places.
- Q. But actually this well is not between these two wells, it's off to one side, is it not?
  - A. Oh, possibly by fifty feet, if that much.
- Q. Now, isn't it a fact that Humble, after completing this dry hole, went some three hundred and fifty feet northwest and got a good well in the reef?
  - A. Are you speaking of the Humble No. 5?
  - Q. I guess it is.
- A. No, that would be south. It would be southwest, rather than northeast. I think it would be southwest of it.

MR. HINKLE: I believe that's all I have.

MR. RAMEY: Any further questions of the witness?

Mr. Day?

# REDIRECT EXAMINATION

20 BY MR. DAY:

- Q. Dr. Rehkemper?
- 22 | A. Yes, sir.
  - Q. The problem or difficulty here is that we are not able to establish communications in the local areas, in this Abo reef field, this Empire-Abo reef field?

Α.	That	18	correct	•

- Q. And you testified that in your opinion the M-16 is producing from a zone that is different from the zone the Cox well is producing from?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. And based upon that, is it your opinion that there would be an economic waste of oil if the Cox well is not allowed to produce some oil?
  - A. Yes, I would think there would be.
- Q. Does it make any difference in the study of the correlation of logs, of the depth, can you correlate the zones without referring to the depth, or do you do that?
- A. You do not use the depth necessarily. You are working with stratigraphic equivalent units. Due to subsequent tilting of the reef, your structural position means little as far as the correlations go.
- Q. As they tilt then, they could be different depths, but you really studied the characteristics?
- A. Right. I work stratigraphically, rather than structurally within the reef.

MR. DAY: No other questions.

MR. BUELL: I may have one more question, Mr. Ramey, please.

MR. STAMETS: While we are waiting I would like to ask a couple.

# CROSS EXAMINATION

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BY MR. STAMETS:

Q. Dr. Rehkemper, what is the nature of the interconnections in this reservoir, is it inter-crystalline porosity is it vuguler porosity, or is it a fracture?

I have never seen a sample from this field. have seen some sample descriptions whereby, I guess, they described the porosity as vuguler, which is, as you know, just a micro-cavern, you might say. It is formed in the same way as Carlsbad Caverns is formed only on a micro scale. You have percolating waters which tend to dissolve part of the matrix, part of the limestone.

- Would these avenues of inter-communication run 0. directly horizontal between wells or might they be horizontal and vertical and at an angle and inter-connect zones at different levels in the horizon?
  - A. If you are speaking of within a correlative zone.
- I'm speaking of the reef structure as a whole, that 0. in one well you might, say at a depth of one hundred feet into the reef, you might encounter vuguler porosity, might that be inter-connected with the reservoir say two hundred feet into the reef?
- I doubt that you would get this kind of continuity, vertical continuity, within a reef. I would not expect it. Now, you could attain this by vertical fracturing.

never seen -- vertical fracturing is very difficult to identify. There is no log that I know of that identifies it. They have what they call a micro-seismogram, which some claim will pick up fractures. I have worked with these frequently and I have little faith. So, the only way you can prove vertical fracturing, possibly cores might show this to you, provided you can tell the difference between fractures caused by the coring operation and those which were there at the time the rock was cored.

- Q. Would drive mechanism in the reef reservoir of gravity segregation be an indication of the vertical communication within a reef?
- A. Yes, it might if you have actual vertical segregation. Now, in a local area, I mean it may not apply, but maybe over the entire reef, I mean who is to say how these fractures or porous zones are going to run, this is hard to say.

MR. STAMETS: Thank you.

MR. RAMEY: Do you have a question, Mr. Buell?

### RECROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. BUELL:

Q. Dr. Rehkemper, I'm going to give you an example of a lawyer being a non-expert in geological matters. When I looked at your Exhibit DN-Seven and with particular reference to the Humble Well No. 3 and the Humble Well No. 5, I just

let my eye follow what you have indicated is the top of the Abo reef and assume that Well No. 5, the log on the extreme left end of the exhibit was lower structurally than the Humble No. 3 Well, the next well to the right?

- A. No, this is not a structural cross section, sir.
- Q. Would you look at this, please, and I believe you can, if you don't already know, make a quick calculation and determine that in truth and in fact, the No. 5 Well is higher structurally than the No. 3 Well?
  - A. It could well be, I don't know.
- Q. Would you do that for me? I believe you can do it with data you've got right on this exhibit.
- A. Okay, the subsea top, again I'm referring to the DN-Seven Exhibit, the subsea top of the No. 5 would be, the measured depth is sixty-two, oh, two, the kelly bushing is thirty-six, thirty-seven. I believe in the No. 5 that figures out to be a minus twenty-five, sixty-nine subsea.
- Q. Let the record reflect that in a red felt pen, he put the subsea data by the top of the Abo reef in the Humble Well No. 5 on Cox's Exhibit DN-Seven.
- A. Okay, in the No. 3, Humble No. 3, the subsea is a minus twenty-six, thirteen.
- Q Let the record reflect that he is writing the datum of minus twenty-six, thirteen opposite the top of the pay in Humble No. 3 on Cox's Exhibit DN-Seven.

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- All right, sir, Doctor, I direct your attention Q. now to the Humble Well No. 3 on your Exhibit DN-Seven. The operator, you and everybody agrees that is a dry hole?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- I believe everyone is in agreement and the proof itself shows that the Humble Well No. 5 on your Exhibit DN-Seven is a commercial producer?
  - A. Yes, sir.
  - How far apart are those two wells? Q.
- Approximately two hundred and twenty feet. A. was measured from the maps that were supplied.
- And the Humble Well No. 5, the productive well, is higher structurally than the Humble Well No. 3?
  - A. That is correct.
- And this shows that over a very small horizontal 0. distance, you can move up structure from a dry hole and make a commercial well?
  - Yes, sir. A.
- In fact, what Mr. Cox did with his intentionally deviated Cox well that he went up structure several hundred feet and made a productive well, where his No. 2 and No. 1 had both been dry holes?
- Mr. Cox deviated the hole but it was not due to A. He didn't have a water problem there which he apparent y water.

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has here. Okay, I would say this is what he did.

- Q. He directionally deviated up structure away from two dry holes and made a well?
  - A. From a tight hole and made a well.
  - Q. Just as we see here on your DN-Seven Exhibit?
  - A. Except that -- okay, yes, I'll agree to that.

MR. BUELL: Thank you, Doctor. That's all I have if it may please the Commission.

MR. RAMEY: Any other questions of the witness? He may be excused.

(THEREUPON, the witness was excused.)

MR. DAY: May it please the Commission, we rest our direct.

MR. HINKLE: May the Commission please, we have one witness and we have some big exhibits to put on the wall there, if we could take about a five-minute recess and get them up there and get them marked.

(THEREUPON, a short recess was taken.)

MR. RAMEY: The hearing will come to order.

Mr. Buell?

MR. BUELL: May it please the Commission, I would like at this time to offer Amoco's Exhibits DN-Five, DN-Six and DN-Seven.

MR. RAMEY: Without objection these will be admitted.

(THEREUPON, Amoco's Exhibits DN-Five, DN-Six and DN-Seven were admitted into evidence.)

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Hinkle?

# HUGH CHRISTIANSON

called as a witness, having been first duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

# DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. HINKLE:

- Q. State your name, address and by whom you are employed?
- A. Hugh Christianson. That's C-h-r-i-s-t-i-a-n-s-o-n.

  I'm employed by Atlantic Richfield Company and my address is

  Midland, Texas.
  - Q. What is your position with Atlantic Richfield?
  - A. Senior Area Engineer for the Empire-Abo area.
- Q. I believe you qualified this morning as an adverse witness. I don't want any repetition but I would like for you to review with the Commission your connection with the Empire-Abo Unit and the work that you have performed in connection with it and with the engineering and geological committee that existed prior to the formation of the unit and since that time?

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A. I first began my acquaintance with the Empire-Abo reservoir in March of 1967 and began studying the reservoir with, as I mentioned this morning, the viewpoint of eventually hopefully being able to unitize in order to increase recovery. This was, as I say, March 1967. This study continued and then in about, I believe October of '67, Amoco which was then the major interest holder, this was prior to Arco's merger with Sinclair. Amoco had the major interest in the pool. They called a working interest owners meeting and the working interest owners set up an engineering committee and charged it with coming up with parameters that would be the basis for unitization and a recommendation as to whether unitization was feasible or not.

This engineering committee began meeting almost right away, I believe in November of '67 and met quite continuously with both work sessions and other types of sessions. All of the participants, potential participants, in the entire Empire-Abo Pool were invited by letter to participate in the engineering committee study. We had a good representation of both majors and independents throughout the entire study and we completed this study in about -- I believe it was a report called the phase-one report was put out in about August of '68. So we were continously studying the Abo reservoir from the period of early November to the time just before the report came out in August of '68. This

report did set up parameters as a basis for unitization and recommended that the working interest owners proceed with unitization.

The study, as I say, which took something like eight or nine months, consisted of a review of both -- there were geologists and engineers on the committee so it included both a geological and engineering study of all of the well logs, sample logs, drilling time, any kind of data we could lay our hands on, production data, of course, with the main purpose being to determine the extent of the Empire-Abo reservoir and to agree on the acreage that should be included in the Empire-Abo Unit and as being in the same reservoir.

- Q. Have you been the principal witness at all of the hearings that involved the Empire-Abo Unit, including the formation of the Unit, the amendments to it and hearings with respect to allowables and so forth?
- A. I think this is true with the exception of the recent improved pressure maintenance hearing which Mr. Ed Sommers who works in my groups was the principal witness there. This is where they were proposing to inject additional non-Abo gas into the secondary gas cap.

MR. HINKLE: Are the qualifications of the witness acceptable?

MR. RAMEY: Yes.

Q. (Mr. Hinkle continuing.) Have you prepared or has

there been prepared under your supervison, certain exhibits for introduction in this case?

A. That is correct, exhibits which I have marked three of them in pencil as Arco DN Number One. Number Two will be a table of production data. This is Exhibit Number Three, this cross section, and Arco DN Exhibit Number Four over here on the wall is another cross section.

- Q. Now, refer to Exhibit One and explain what this is and what it shows?
- A. Well, Exhibit One is a map of the entire Empire-Abo
  Pool with the dashed lines showing the outline of the original
  proposed unit area which was approved by the USGS and the
  NMOCC for attempted unitization.

A few tracts now comprising approximately less than two-and-a-half percent, in other words, at the present time we have about ninety-seven and a half percent of the total pool unitized. At any rate, a few tracts shown by the dashed lines elected voluntarily to stay out of the unit. They are, as I say, indicated by dashed lines.

As far as this hearing is concerned, one of the primary purposes of this exhibit is to show the relationship of Mr. Cox's Federal EA No. 1 Well, which is located at this point up in the northwest-northwest of Section 12, 18 South, 27 East. It shows its relationship on down dip flank of the reef to show where our Arco DN No. 3, which is the NW-SE,

or northwest-southeast cross section to show where it is located relative to the overall reef, being a dip, slash, cross section, to show where our Arco DN Exhibit Number Four, which is again a cross section along the strike, basically a strike cross section, along the down dip flank of the reservoir in a west to east direction with the actual location. Both of these cross sections, of course, going through Mr. Cox's well and on.

Also shown on here which I might point out are the gas injection wells. They are the wells indicated by triangles. Approximately nine of these with the solid triangle outline, scattered across the up dip side of the reservoir. Nine of these are injected gas at the present time We have a number more shown by the dashed lines at the various locations which are in the process of being converted to injection at the present time, so we will be able to inject more gas into the secondary gas cap.

Repeating that this is up dip, we are injecting gas into the up dip into the secondary cap. Oil is draining down dip, basically to the southeast in the direction of the NW-SE cross section.

Due to this extremely good vertical permeability and lateral permeability which field production, also field data indicates is going on.

O. Did the engineering committee include Mr. Cox's

acreage as being within the Empire-Abo Pool?

A. Yes, it did. As you can see on Exhibit Arco DN Number One, eighty acres of Mr. Cox's lease were taken in as having some portion of the productive reef.

- Q. Was it for that reason that his lease is included in the boundaries of the agreement?
  - A. Yes, that's right.
- Q. Was Mr. Cox invited to submit his acreage to the unit agreement?

MR. DAY: May the record reflect, were you the owner of that lease, Mr. Cox? I don't know who the owner was of the lease at that time. He said Mr. Cox was invited, I don't know if --

- A. Presumably Aztec Federal was the owner there originally.
- Q. (Mr. Hinkle continuing.) Whoever the owners were, were invited at that time?
- A. Yes, they were sent copies of invitations to all of the engineering committee meetings and I'm sure got copies of all of the basic data that was developed, such as the phase-one report that I mentioned a moment ago, the unit parameters and were invited to various working interest owners meetings to vote. The effert always is to attempt to get everybody in on the engineering committee work if possible so they can get in their two cents worth, get their

viewpoint before the committee.

- Q. The acreage which is now known as the Cox lease and is not committed to the unit?
- A. At the time of unitization Mr. Cox and his other participants chose not to participate in the Empire-Abo Unit.
- Q. Do you have any further comments with respect to Exhibit Number One?
  - A. No, I believe we have pretty well covered it.
- Q All right, refer to Exhibit Number Two and explain what this is and what it shows?
- A. All right, Exhibit Number Two, I presume the Commission has a copy of this. This would be Arco Exhibit DN Number Two. This is a table which presents comparisons of various producing characteristics of both Mr. Cox's Well and the immediate offsetting wells in the Empire-Abo Unit which I feel are important in determining whether or not the interval which Mr. Cox is producing from in his Federal EA No. 1 deviated well is, in fact, connected to the main Abo reef production or not.

And I might just identify on Exhibit One where the unit wells on which we have production data are located in relationship to Mr. Cox's deviated Federal EA No. 1 Well.

Here is the location of Cox's Federal EA No. 1 Well.

- Q. You are referring to Exhibit Number One?
- A. Exhibit Number One. Now, what we have plotted on

here is the surface location three, thirty out of the corner, realizing that the bottom-hole location is actually approximately fifty-eight feet from the north line of his lease and about eight or nine feet from the west line which would put it on this map way up in the corner about the width of a pencil dot south of the north line of that lease. At any rate, there it is. Now, the wells we will be looking at in the unit, as far as their production is concerned, follow along with me in Unit L. Here is the L row over here and the sixteen vertical column. Unit Well L-16, following the Unit from this point in 16 up, we have the Unit L-16 Well which is the northwest offset to Mr. Cox.

We have the L-17 Unit Well, which is the north offset to Mr. Cox and the L-18 Unit Well which is the northeast offset to Mr. Cox's Federal EA No. 1.

We also have the M-16 which is the west offset to the Cox Federal EA No. 1.

Okay, so we are oriented as to where these wells are and then if we look at the, under Roman one, gas-oil ratio comparisons and these gas-oil ratios are in MCF per barrel of oil, as you can see by the legend at the top and we find, for example, that Well L-16 has a GOR of various values and these are from New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission records, I might say. You can see that from July through December we have a month by month gas-oil ratio

in MCF per barrel of oil produced plotted for the L-16 Well and you can see it has been as high as thirteen, twenty-three and as low as eleven, oh, six cubic feet per barrel and currently the latest data we have the L-16 is producing at a ratio of eleven hundred and thirteen cubic feet per barrel or one point, one, one, three MCF per barrel of oil produced.

The L-17 the same sort of information with the December GOR on that well point eight, two, one MCF per barrel of oil.

The L-18 with a December GOR of point eight, four, six MCF per barrel of oil produced and M-16 with a December '75 GOR of one point oh, seven, one MCF per barrel.

The next line down is a month-by-month average gasoil ratio for that group of four wells which are direct
offsets to the Cox Federal EA No. 1 Well. We see that that
average is varying from as much as eleven, fifty-one cubic
feet per barrel in August of '75, summertime results in high
gas volumes generally due to the temperature, and we see
lower volumes coming along until December of 1975, the
average GOR is point nine, four, three MCF per barrel for
this group of offset wells.

And dropping down to the next line which on the left column is identified as R. G. Cox EA Federal No. 1 Well, we pick up his first gas-oil ratio in September of 1975, point eight, five, seven MCF per barrel with the GOR staying in

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that same general range of point eight, six, one MCF per barrel, being the gas-oil ratio of December of '75 and I'm asking you to compare the average gas-oil ratio of the four offsets directly offsetting Mr. Cox, point nine, four, three MCF per barrel to the Cox EA Federal No. 1 gas-oil ratio of point eight, six, one, and I'm simply saying that in my opinion a ratio that is this close indicates that these wells The original solution gas-oil ratio was are communicative. in the neighborhood of twelve hundred and fifty cubic feet per barrel in this reservoir. The fact that both of the offsetting wells to Mr. Cox and Mr. Cox's Well itself are now producing at these ratios much lower than the initial solution gas-oil ratio, is very supportive of good vertical communication, good horizontal communication, allowing the gas to move up structure rather than be produced at the wellbore because, as you know, as the pressure drops in a reservoir the amount, the ability of the oil to hold gas in solution drops, and so, in a reservoir of this type this is one of the most significant evidences of good vertical communication, good well-to-well communication, the fact that your down-dip wells have a gas-oil ratio very close now to what the laboratory solution gas-oil ratio is at the current pressure in the reservoir, which is lower than the initial conditions. In fact, although at the present time about roughly one third of the original oil in place has been produced from the

Abo reservoir, these current gas-oil ratios on down dip wells, as you can see, average considerably less at point nine four, three and point eight, six, one MCF per barrel. They average considerably less than the original solution gas-oil ratio of around twelve, fifty cubic feet per barrel.

It is my opinion that if the Cox Federal EA No. 1 deviated well were in a separate reservoir the probabilities would be that this gas-oil ratio should have been in the neighborhood of twelve, fifty cubic feet per barrel. Instead we find it here at around eight, sixty cubic feet per barrel.

Okay, the next column with the double asterisk is average daily oil rate for Mr. Cox. In fact, all of the data below the label, R. G. Cox EA Federal No. 1 on the left has to do with data that we compiled on Mr. Cox's well and the double asterisk number is identified with the legend down at the bottom as a double asterisk, that's the total monthly production, oil production, divided by the number of days in the month, and we can see that it started out in September with twenty-three point three, thirty-eight point five barrels a day in October, thirty-four point seven barrels in November and thirty-four point six on a calendar day basis in December.

Then dropping down to the three asterisked line which says, average daily oil rate per actual producing day and this is explained down at the bottom on the three asterisked

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line at the base by saying this is the total monthly production divided by the number of actual producing days. This is the oil actually produced, on days produced, as best as we can determine. And we've got in the last column the number of actual producing days and the purpose of showing this is to at least indicate that Mr. Cox's well is improving it appears in a general way when you move from September through December, it is improving in the barrels of oil it is capable of producing per day produced. For example, he went thirty-seven point one barrels a day per day produced in November of 1975 to forty-one point three barrels per day produced in December of 1975. Even though he did, as indicated by the twenty-eight producing days in November, he had his well shut in for two days in November and in December he had his well shut in five days as indicated by the twenty-six producing day total here in the very last column down at the bottom on the right of Exhibit Number Two.

So, it doesn't appear that shutting in the well a couple times has hurt the oil production.

Okay, that takes care of page one, which was

Roman one of Arco Exhibit DN Number Two. If we move to

page two, which is Roman two, we are comparing here API oil

gravities and I feel this is another indication of whether or

not there is communication between Mr. Cox's Federal EA

Number One Well at its deviated location and the offsetting

Empire-Abo Unit.

Roman two, item A, says, "Empire-Abo Unit nearest batteries to Cox EA Federal No. 1." This production comes in from roughly ten or fifteen wells to each of these two batteries. The battery M-14 is on the M-14 location on this map and it is right at this point relative to Mr. Cox's well at this point, bringing in production from some of the offsetting wells of Mr. Cox, plus some other wells in this area. The other battery, which is battery K-18 is on the K-18 spot as you might suppose, in this general area approximately a half mile northeast of the Cox Federal EA and taking the other offsetting wells to the Cox Federal EA No. 1, plus some other wells in the general area and you can see that battery M-14 had an oil gravity in September of 1975 of forty-three point five degrees API.

And under Roman two, item B, the Cox Federal EA No.

1 reported a gravity of forty-three degrees API on the USGS

well completion or re-completion report and log submitted by

Mr. Cox with the test date shown on that report as nine,

fifteen '75, so, we were comparing September API oil gravity

from the Unit nearby to September reported API oil gravity

by Mr. Cox. Of course, the correlation is excellent, indicating

again that the Cox Federal EA No. 1 Well is in communication

with the main Abo reef that is contributing production to

the wells offsetting.

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Q. Now, refer to Exhibit Three and explain that, that's the one on the wall.

A. All right, Exhibit Number Three, Arco's DN Number Three, let me orient you again to where that is located and the identifying keys are on the NW northwest which is the updip side and that is located at this point, in other words, at the H-12 location on the Unit grid.

Moving down in a slice dip cross section to the southeast to the far end which is labeled southeast, moving down through the Amoco Diamond Federal No. 1 Well, which we heard a little bit about earlier today and this is a dip cross section relative to the fact that this would be the main stike of the reef, along the long axis, something like twelve-and-a-This is the back reef to fore reef. half miles long. In other words, this area back here would have been the lagoonal type deposition that we were talking about this morning and the area on the fore reef side would have been facing the open sea on the south side with wave action, erosion, the re-deposition and re-working taking place on the fore reef side, a much quieter environment back here, so in general you would get a little bit more in the way of muds which turn into shales later on the back reef side than the fore reef side.

Anyway this is now showing the development of the reef, the top to the bases as picked and not solely by me but

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by the engineers and geologists who comprised the Empire-Abo engineering committee during the seven to eight months period when the study, pre-unitization study, was going on. the early conclusions of this group, based not only on log correlations but on producing characteristics already in evidence was that reservoir communication was excellent, both vertically and laterally. I'm talking about into and out of this area, as well as down the dip. Of course, this was based on a great deal of information beyond simply geological correlations which, of course, were used, but the conclusion was that there was excellent communication, but it simply was not possible to correlate particular porous intervals from But this didn't really bother the geologists well to well. that were involved because they said, as has been said this morning, that the characteristic of the type of vuguler porosity this primarly secondary developed through a combination of fractures and layer percolation of water which reached out at various intervals and then perhaps a little anhydrite coming along behind to infill various of the fracs as well as in some places resulted in a situation where you simply could not correlate a particular porous zone and get through this extremely well developed fracture and vug system. The correlation was obviously there and this was evidenced by such things as the fact that we could already see a secondary gas cap developing. We had excellent drill stem test

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information which gave us the position of the original gasoil contact located in a very localized area in the general area right in here.

- Q. Are you referring to Exhibit One?
- Yes, I'm referring back to Exhibit One and just giving you a feel for about where the relatively small initial gas cap which amounted to probably about seven tenths of a percent of the total hydrocarbon pour volume. It was located in the up structure west end of the reservoir pretty much. We started getting evidence through the fact that wells completed relatively high in the reef and this well doesn't happen to have been completed there but there are wells which were completed early in the reservoir life, relatively high at low oil-gas ratios, twelve hundred cubic feet per barrel, in that range, and later on after considerable production began an increase in the gas-oil ratio, they were recompleted lower in the reef and went right back to low GOr's, solution gas-oil ratios from ratios five and ten thousand cubic feet per barrel up in this area to ratios right at within a few percent of whatever solution gas-oil ratio was in the pressure in the reservoir at that particular time.

This is the type of information, plus pressure data that the committee analyzed. Of course, pressure data well-to-well indicated there was very little difference in pressure and all of these things, as well as the basic

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correlations, the top and the base of the reef which is pretty evident in the log. You can pick the top of the base pretty well, it led the committee to believe excellent vertical communication, in fact, had a classic gravity drainage reservoir here with a secondary gas cap developing and expanding down structure.

I want to point out one more thing on this cross Moving on down the stairs to the area of Mr. Cox's well, and this is located where his well is sub-surface wise up in the northwest corner of Section 12 and I want to point out that when you look at the dip on the top of the reef and the fact that there has been a problem with production a little bit down the dip from this location, that it would be to an operator's advantage if there were no particular rules governing the situation to complete the well as far up dip because not only would you be moving up dip and getting towards the better wells as you can see by the production data on the offsetting wells, but moving back over here to Arco DN Number One, you can see by the outline of the Unit boundary the general strike of the zero net pay in the Abo reef is in the northeast-southwest direction as I'm outlining here with my pencil. So, in effect, by moving back directly, pretty much directly up this cross section you see, you are, in fact, improving your chances of getting into an area that is on strike with, for instance, this six

hundred foot west offset in the Unit M-16 which had seventy or eighty feet or so of net Abo reef.

MR. NUTTER: Mr. Christianson, would you make a pencil line there where you outlined the position of the zero porosity with your pencil?

A. Yeah, zero porosity right in this general -- through that dry hole which is on one of the other exhibits.

I really shouldn't say zero porosity, I should say dipping into water and I'll apologize. Zero oil column is a better way to put it because this is what's happening. You know, you can see by looking on the cross section. You are not losing porosity completely. Moving down this way you are dipping below the original oil-water contact and evidence has indicated that there is probably some type of oil-water transition zone up above the original contact because the oil wells completed above it made water from the beginning and we will see that on Arco DN Number Four Exhibit when you move over there.

So, anyway let me correct and say not zero porosity but zero hydrocarbon pour volume or zero productive hydrocarbon pour volume as limited by the reef dipping into water. That is the line I am drawing over here. Not a zero net pay but a zero -- a point where the reef dips below the oil-water contact and this is something like that in the area of the Cox lease, Cox Federal EA No. 1.

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Q (Mr. Hinkle continuing.) Mr. Christianson, referring to Arco's DN Three Exhibit, have all of the wells shown on that exhibit been corrected for true vertical depth?

A. Yes, that's right. All of these wells are corrected to true vertical depth and if you look at the heading on the top of each well, it identifies the well, gives the well's elevation of the rotary kelly bushing and gives the TD of fifty-six, ninety-five, that is measured TD in the hole itself and then using the Totco survey correcting for the calculated deviation, you find that the true vertical depth is indicated by the letters TVD, true vertical depth. The true vertical depth in this particular well, which is the number I-13 is fifty-six, ninety-one compared to a measured depth of fifty-six, ninety-five. The logs were adjusted subsea wise upward four feet to take care of the adjustments, so you can see that in this well that there was an ajustment of all of these required upward adjustments.

There was an adjustment from a log measured TD at fifty-six, thirty-eight to fifty-six, thirty-three, that's five feet, An adjustment from fifty-six, ninety-five to fifty-six, ninety-one, that's four feet, an adjustment to true vertical, two feet in this well. These are all Unit wells, of course. An adjustment of nine feet at this point, this is the maximum adjustment required.

Here is an adjustment of four feet and moving to

the direct northwest offset to the Cox EA deviated well, an adjustment of six feet to get the true vertical depth and then at the Cox Federal EA No. 1 deviated well, it has the maximum adjustment from sixty-two, twenty to sixty-one, eighty-nine, or about thirty-one feet, to get the true vertical depth from log measured depth, that is because the well, in effect, curved in this fashion.

Then on the Amoco Diamond Federal No. 1 a correction of approximately two feet from log measured depth to true vertical depth.

Q. Now, refer to Exhibit Number DN-Four and explain that?

A. Okay. Exhibit Number Arco DN Number Four. This is a west-east cross section from W to E along the down dip, what I called the toe of the reef and this is sort of a strike cross section, it goes back to Arco Exhibit DN Number One. We are shown where W and E are and all of the wells inbetween and they are located from west to east, about as far west and again about as far east of the Cox Federal EA No. 1 Well, and generally in a long strike with the zero oil pay line or the point where the reef dips into the water table It is not exactly parallel but it generally gives you the picture.

When you look I want to point out that the top of the reef correlates again as shown in the heavy black line

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labeled "top of the reef" and all of these wells, just as
Arco DN Number Three, have been corrected to true vertical
depth with the corrections shown at the top. They are all
similar to what the corrections were on the wells over on
Exhibit DN Number Three.

And so we are hung on a true vertical depth and on a subsea on an interval subsea depth of about twenty-five hundred feet as shown by the heavy dashed lines. So both this Arco Exhibit DN Number Four and DN Number Three give you the true subsea relationship of where the top of the reef is and The perforated intervals where the perforated intervals are. are the red colored intervals with the black circles and the purpose really of Exhibit DN Number Four is to illustrate the correlation well-to-well along strike in the down dip area of the reservoir, and then also to show just by the production data in regard to each well, its initial production data, the recent production data occurs below the log of a particular well, to show by production data that, in my opinion, we are in what appears to be an oil-water transition zone, in that we find wells producing some water even on initial completion. And, in fact, going to volumes of water that are higher and then decreasing again. And this was a point that I wanted to point out in regard to an earlier Let me take for example the M-16 Well which happens exhibit. to be the west offset to the Cox Federal EA No. 1 and here is

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the Cox Federal EA No. 1, the familiar log that we saw over here on this Exhibit DN Number Three and the familiar top of the reef and the perforated intervals some fifty or sixty feet in the reef.

And here is the M-16 and this is the Unit M-16, if we move down we find that this production data which happens to be for November 1975 shows that the well is producing a hundred and fifty barrels of oil per day and seventy-one barrels of water per day. At one time, a year or two or three past, the well produced as much as a hundred and sixty-It actually started out at, I think we three barrels a day. got the initial water rate on the well of about twenty-three barrels of water a day, it built up as high as a hundred and sixty-three barrels of water a day, now it is back down to about seventy-one barrels of water a day. So, the well has been producing water for a long time and this is not the only The west offset to it has a similar history, not as dramatic a difference but the water rate at one time was fifty-six barrels of water per day. It started out at seven barrels of water a day and went up as high as fifty-six barrels of water a day and now it is down to forty-two barrels a day in November of '75.

This type of performance, as far as I'm concerned, indicates that you are in a type of transition zone, that the water is probably not moving in quite as severely as Mr. Noell

would have us believe this morning, because while some of the wells may be making more water now than they were a year or two ago, they are making less water than they were making several years ago and they are being pulled at higher total rates than they were several years ago, so you would expect some increase in water just simply because you are producing greater volumes of total fluid from the well.

I might just go to the L-19 which is the Exxon

Federal No. 5, which is on the cross section that we looked
at this morning and this is located, as I'm pointing it out
with my pencil on Arco DN Number Four, and we see that the
original water production was twenty-six barrels of water
a day and it has been as high as forty-two barrels a day. We
are showing in November of '75, water production twelve
barrels a day on that well. And, of course, Mr. Cox's well
is producing about thirty-five oil and in the neighborhood
of a hundred and ten water per day from his subsea location
at this point. And so you can see that there is some water
production and it is not absolutely related to subsea
positions.

- Mr. Christianson, are you through with that?
- A. Yeah, let me just check. Well, I just want to point out the fact that the Cox Federal EA No. 1 deviated well is producing oil and substantial water at a subsea depth which we can eyeball as similar to some of the others, in fact

it is slightly lower by twenty or thirty feet than most of these wells and about equal to these two wells. The fact that it is producing oil and water certainly is no indication of reservoir separation, but it is part of this transition zone that I believe exists in this down dip toe of the Abo reef, which is what our cross section here, Arco DN Number Four is running through.

I might just point out, there are some GOR's for comparison on the cross section that were not in the data that I submitted with Exhibit Number Two.

Keeping in mind that Mr. Cox's well has a GOR of point -- we are showing an August of '75 GOR for him of point eight, eight, two. The data I gave you awhile ago was December, around point eight, six, two MCF per barrel of oil.

Moving to the immediate east offset, it currently has a -- well, I read that wrong, his November GOR is point eight, six, three MCF per barrel of oil on the Cox Federal EA No. 1. The immediate offset has a November GOR of point eight, one, four MCF per barrel of oil. Another location east of the well has a GOR of point eight, three, nine MCF per barrel of oil. And these are Unit wells, L-17 and L-18.

Another location east of the Unit L-19, the gasoil ratio is point eight, seven, seven MCF per barrel of oil. One more location east to the L-20, Unit Well, the gas-oil ratio in November of '75 was point eight, seven, nine MCF.

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is a pretty good illustration of what we are doing and if 25 the well did begin to increase in gas-oil ratio because we are

I'm referring to Arco DN Number Three.

Again comparing all of those less than nine hundred to Mr. Cox's Federal EA No. 1 gas-oil ratio in November of point eight, six, three MCF per barrel of oil.

Again supporting with some different wells what was brought out in Exhibit Two that the gas-oil ratio would compare very well between Mr. Cox's Federal EA No. 1 and the wells in the unit, Abo Unit, that are located in the general immediate area and this, in my mind, is further evidence that there is connection between the Cox Federal EA No. 1 Well and the Abo reef in the Empire-Abo Unit.

- 0. Mr. Christianson, the Empire-Abo Unit was approved as a pressure-maintenance project, was it not?
  - A. That is correct.
  - Q. What method is being used to maintain the pressure?
- Well, we are going at it in at least two different A. directions. We are attempting to minimize the producing gas-oil ratio by shutting in high gas-oil ratio wells and what this does, of course, is allow the free gas to migrate up rather than being produced out of the reservoir itself. Lets say a well here, this well has a low GOR but if it happened to have a high one --
  - What exhibit are you referring to?

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unitized and can shift our oil production around the reservoir to the most efficient well, if this well did increase in gas-oil ratio that would be an indication that it was producing probably coming free gas up in the secondary gas We would like to keep this secondary gas cap as whole as we can and so we would either cut that well back in oil production or shut it in entirely and shift its allowable to another low oil-gas ratio well. This means that the free gas that would have been produced out will instead be allowed to migrate both vertically and horizontally, but it has got to move both ways up into the secondary cap where it will act to expand that cap. This helps to maintain the pressure in the reservoir, which in itself helps to increase recovery. In addition there is some effect of the gas injection in moving the oil down structure. I don't think this is as important as the fact that you need to allow the oil to In other words, let nature take its course migrate down. and the oil, because of the difference in gravity between the oil and the gas and because of the excellent communication, the oil will move down, will move not only down vertically but will move down the structure in the direction of the low structure wells, such as the Cox Federal EA No. 1 deviated well there.

Q. What was the reason for the location of the injection well as shown on DN-One?

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Well, we wanted to be sure that we put the gas in A. the secondary cap, so we located the well, as you can see, generally speaking, along the back reef, not all the way back in the back reef, moving again to the NW-SE cross section, Arco Exhibit DN Number Three, instead of putting it here we It's in the cap because the cap -- the put it here generally. gas-oil contact is minus two thousand or even a little below But it is not all the way back in the back reef. So, in essence, we are using one row in for the most part, depending on the ability to take gas in the individual well, but in effect we don't have an injection well on this cross There is one immediately, one location southwest section. of it, but it would be comparable to a location here and we are putting gas in a part of the reservoir up here in the top part and augmenting that gas in the secondary gas cap.

- Q. Approximately how long has the pressure-maintenance project been in effect now?
- A. Well, it started the day we unitized in October 1st of '73. We immediately shut in a whole bunch of up dip high gas-oil ratio wells. Now, we did not have our gas injection facilities going until about the middle of '74 but we were, in effect, reducing voidage from the reservoir by shutting in many of these wells on the back up dip side that were already high GOR's.
  - Q. Has there been a uniform drop in pressure throughout

the whole Unit?

A. Well, relatively, yes. I mean these things are always relative when you are talking about a reservoir engineering situation.

- Q Does that pressure indicate anything with regard to communication between the wells?
- A. Oh, yes. Yes, the fact that there is not a whole lot of variation well-to-well laterally in pressure. Now, I'm talking about for the most part. There will be some wells on the back reef side which are of low permeability and don't build up because of their lower permeability within the limited amount of shut in time, perhaps, that would show somewhat lower pressures.
- Q. But the overall operation of the maintenance project indicates that all of the wells are in communication?
- A. That's right. All of the wells that we defined as Abo reef wells, yes.
- Now, in connection with your engineering committee study and all of the experience that you have had, is there any indication of any barriers or peculiarities in the reef which might indicate the formation of a separate pool within the Empire-Abo Unit area?
- A. Well, certainly not within the Unit. I didn't get into the fact that we are -- back when we were discussing what we were using as far as methods to help production, we

are injecting in the neighborhood of sixty-five percent of the produced gas back into that secondary cap. I don't think I mentioned the percentage.

Q. I believe the testimony in this case shows that

Mr. Cox's well is bottomed within fifty-eight feet of the

north line and eight feet of the west line of acreage committed

to the Empire-Abo Unit. Have you formed any opinion of

whether or not production in Mr. Cox's well is violating

correlative rights as far as the acreage that has been committed

to the Unit is concerned?

A. Yes, I have. I believe that at this location, far up in the northwest corner of his lease and only some eight to nine feet from our Unit boundary that is on the west and fifty-eight feet south of the north line or fifty-eight feet from the Unit boundary in that direction, everything I know about the way fluids drain into a well which is usually in all cases I have been concerned with, in a radial manner that there is no question that it would be impossible for him only to pull a distance of eight feet. When he withdraws fluid he withdraws equally -- the pressure drop relative to that fluid withdrawal will be in a radial fashion around the wellbore and it would definitely extend both north into the Unit property and west into the Unit property.

Q. Have you formed any opinion as to the productive acreage around Mr. Cox's well, the number of acres involved,

# productive?

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I haven't really gone into that study, however, I will say that the engineering committee's original study, I believe assigned fourteen acres and thirty-nine thousand, eight hundred and ninety barrels of original oil in place to the lease and I feel that -- of course, the committee at that time did not have all of the information, for instance the present Cox Federal EA No. 1 deviated well was not completed at that time and indicating as it does, as little as four feet of net pay up in the bottom hole location point, fifty-eight feet from the north and eight feet from the west line, the committee, as a matter of fact, not having that data, assigned -- when you look at their contour maps you can see they assigned approximately sixty feet of net reef to that spot, fifty-eight feet from the north line and eight feet from the west line and we are beginning to see evidence developing now that perhaps there is only four feet of net reef there. So, my feeling, although I have not made a detailed study, my feeling would be that the result of one would probably be a reduction in that -- and a sizeable reduction in that original oil in place as calculated by the engineering committee.

Q. Do you have any idea what that reduction should be?

A. I wouldn't really want to say, but it would certainly

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be fractional relative to that number of thirty-nine thousand, eight hundred and ninety. And let me point out that there is even a certain chance that the well is bottomed on our property. You know there is an error, there could be a certain radius of error in that bottom-hole location -- when you are eight feet from the line you don't really know within eight feet that that is where the bottom of your hole really is.

- Q. Do you have any recommendation to make to the Commission with respect to the dispostion of Mr. Cox's well?
- A. Yes, before I make that, I would like to emphasize that Arco does not object to an allowable for the Cox Federal EA No. 1 Well, if it is bottomed at a location in compliance with Commission Order R-4561, that is within a hundred feet of the surface location. That is what Order R-4561 specified. The present location violates correlative rights and could even force economic waste through drilling of unnecessary wells to prevent drainage and having made that statement, then I will go ahead and say that, representing Arco, I feel that the Applicant should be required to comply with Commission Order R-4561. In other words, bottom his well in the Abo within a hundred feet of the surface location and that no allowable be assigned to this well at this location, fiftyeight feet from the north and nine feet from the west line of the lease.

	Q.	When you	sa	ay ":	representing	J Arco"	you	mean	Arco	as
the	unit	operator	of	the	Empire-Abo	Unit?				

- A. That's right, Unit operator.
- MR. HINKLE: I would like to offer into evidence Exhibits One through Four.

MR. RAMEY: Without objection they will be admitted. (THEREUPON, Arco Exhibits DN-One, DN-Two,

DN-Three and DN-Four were admitted into evidence.)

MR. HINKLE: That's all I have.

MR. RAMEY: Any questions of the witness? Mr. Day?

Mr. Day, let's take about a ten minute break right here.

(THEREUPON, the hearing was in recess.)

MR. RAMEY: The hearing will come to order. Mr. Day
I believe you have the floor.

MR. DAY: Thank you.

# CROSS EXAMINATION

20 BY MR. DAY:

- Q. Mr. Christianson, the statements that you have made on your opinion are based on your information and studies of the field, is that correct?
  - A. That is correct.
    - Q. Taking the gas-oil ratios and gravity of the oil

alone, without any other supporting data, is it your opinion that you conclude there is communication in those zones?

- A. Yeah, but I don't ever operate that way.
- Q. Yes, sir. Now, have you correlated these logs yourself?
  - A. You mean on these cross sections?
  - Q. Yes.
- A. Oh, yeah, of course now as I say these are engineering committee picks in every instance except the new wells, the Cox Federal EA No. 1 deviated Well and the Amoco Diamond Federal. I'm in agreement with those picks and I was a participant in those picks and then the other two are my picks that is the Cox EA No. 1 and the Amoco Diamond Federal.
- Q. Incidentally, you have got marked on there, original oil-water contact, what do you mean by "original"?
- A. Well, that is the subsea level, minus twenty-six, sixty-five, which was determined by the engineering committee for the Empire-Abo Unit in pre-unitization work as being the level below which you would get a hundred percent water production.
  - Q. Is that changed?
- A. There have been some localized upward movements of water, yes, I would say that.
- Q. Do you find any upward movement of water in these wells here?

MR. LUCERO: Excuse me, would you indicate what wells you are talking about for the record again?

MR. DAY: On Arco Three, DN-Three.

- A. No, I don't see any there at all.
- Q. (Mr. Day continuing.) Well, then --
- A. Let me check one well here. No evidence there, no.
- Q. Well, then, sir, again referring to the same exhibit, is there a good possibility that oil would be found in the Amoco Diamond Federal No. 1 Well, since the reef comes into that well and it is above the oil-water contact?
- A. It is above the original contact but I think if you recall some of my testimony just completed, the amounts of water production on the wells over here on Arco Number DN-Four indicate that there is probably an oil-water transition zone which is above the minus twenty-six, sixty-five level and in this zone you run the risk of producing water and certainly this well if it had any porosity would and if it is, in fact, connected, which I'm basing this only on the log correlations, at any rate it would be a very risky test.
- Q All right, the reef is in the Amoco Diamond Federal
  No. 1 Well as shown on Arco's DN-Three?
- A. Yes, in my opinion this is the top and base of the reef but there is little if any porosity.
- Q. And as you have shown it, part of that reef is above the oil-water contact?

- A. That's right, the original.
- Q. Going to, is that Arco DN-Four there?
- A. DN-Four, yeah.
- Q. Going to Arco DN-Four, look at the correlative zones that you have shown there and then look at M-16 and the Cox Well and tell us whether you agree or disagree with Dr. Rehkemper's statement that the zones are not correlative?
  - A. That what zone is not correlative?
  - Q. The production zones of those two wells.
- A. As far as the log, if you relate it merely to distance below the top of the reef, then I would say that it is obvious that the well, the Cox Federal Well here, is perforated roughly fifty feet below the top of the reef, where this well, the M-16, is perforated right at the top of the reef
  - 0. Mr. Christianson --
  - A. This doesn't disturb me any.
- Q. You heard Dr. Rehkemper's testimony about the non-correlative zones between the -- the production zone between the M-16 and the Cox Well did you not?
  - A. Yes, as best I could follow it.
- Q. My question was: Do you agree or disagree with his opinion?
- A. Well, I disagree if his opinion is, and I think it was, that simply because this well is perforated in the zone fifty feet below the top of the reef, which this one,

the M-16, is perforated in the zone at the top and the Doctor can't correlate this zone with some zone over here. That does not mean in my opinion that there is disconnection within the Abo reef.

- Q I believe you heard the Doctor's testimony that he went on characteristics of the log in comparison?
  - A. Right.
- Q. Based on his testimony of characteristics, which you heard, and I'm not referring to the top of the reef, bottom of the reef, but the characteristics, are you agreeing or disagreeing with him?
- A. I disagree in the sense I don't feel that based on my attempts, the engineering committee and geological members of that committee's attempts to correlate porous zones, I don't think you can correlate a particular porous zone in the Abo reef.
- Q And I believe you said you didn't correlate porous zones?
- A. And you are in even worse shape here because you've got a cased hole which is really just a perforating correlation hole is all this thing is on the Cox Federal EA No. 1, run in a cased hole and you are trying to compare that in great detail with open hole gamma ray neutron logs on either side of it and you see from the kick here at the bottom on the gamma ray side that the operator was searching for a

reasonable point to calibrate and set his log and there is a big swing here and a big swing back and then he got settled down and up he went and, you know, it is just a pretty shakey reed to have to lean on to try to say that one of these zones doesn't correlate with some zone over here. They are both in both the M-16 and the Cox Federal EA No. 1 and in my opinion they are in the Abo reef and they show similar producing characteristics, so they are connected, in my opinion.

Q. Are you saying the correlated zones of production in each of those two wells correlate one to the other and are not communicating?

A. Oh, no, I'm not saying that. All I'm saying is that the Abo formation in those two wells is connected in my opinion. I don't think it is necessarily connected right up here to this particular interval or right to some interval in here but there is connection.

- Q. So, are you saying there is or is not communication?
- A. Oh, there definitely is in my opinion, communication between the Empire-Abo Unit M-16 and the Cox Federal EA No. 1 deviated well.
  - Q. As to the production zones?
- A. Right, as to the Abo reef and they are both producing from the Abo reef.
  - Q. I'm not giving the generalization of the Abo reef,

which is maybe several feet thick in that area, I don't know, tops and bottoms you can see on Arco DN-Three here, the top of the reef is way up here and the bottom is way down there and you don't produce all up and down in the whole reef.

Now, I'm asking you, are you making the statment or not that there is communication between the production zones of those two wells?

- A. Yeah, obviously, since they are both, in my opinion, producing from the Abo reef, they are communicating.
- Q. Anything in the Abo reef communicates, is that what you base your statement on?
- A. If it has got the same gas-oil ratio and the same oil gravity and the same producing characteristics as the offsetting wells it is communicating, if it is within the Abo reef as my cross sections definitely show.
- Q. Are there any other characteristics upon which you may base your statement, on those general statements?
- A. Well, one further piece of data that a reservoir engineer would like to have is the shut-in bottom hole pressure.
- Q. I'm asking what information you have, sir, upon which you base your statement that they are in communication? You made the general statement that anything in the Abo reef is in communication, I'm simply asking you if you have any other information upon which you base that statement?

A. Well, logs, gravity, oil and water production, and what else?

- Q. Well, let's go to --
- A. GOR, those four things all indicate to me that it is connected and, therefore, I don't know --
- Q. All right, would you show us on the log itself, since you mentioned logs? Would you show us the characteristics on the logs upon which you base your opinion that the two zones are in communication?
  - A. Characteristics?
  - Q. Yes, you said you based it on the logs.
- A. Well, because the producing zone is below what I consider to be the top of the Abo reef. The first decent drilling break occurred right about at this spot, which he tested and wasn't able to make a well in.

MR. LUCERO: Excuse me, Mr. Day, can you have him refer to which exhibit?

- A. This is Arco Exhibit DN Number Four and I'm looking at the R. G. Cox Federal EA No. 1 log and I'm saying that the perforated interval is within the Abo reef, below the top of the Abo reef and, therefore, taking into consideration the production characteristics which I have gone through in my testimony, the two wells are connected in the Abo reef.
- Q. Then we again come back to your statement, that anything in the reef is in communication?

- A. Anything in the reef is in communication?
- Q. Is that your statement?
- A. If it has got permeability and if you can correlate it within the reef and if its producing characteristics are similar. You can't take one item and hang your hat on it, you look at everything you can lay your hands on.
- Q. If we may for the moment, set aside gas-oil ratio and look strictly at the logs there on Arco's DN-Four, and would you tell me from those logs alone any evidence that you find of communication between the Cox producing zone and the M-16 producing zone?
- A. Only as I mentioned before that the top of the reef is here and the base of the reef is somewhere below the log interval here, therefore, and the perforations are in the reef as I correlate the log. Limiting me to the log, that is the reason.
  - Q. Now, that's it?
  - A. Right.
- Q. The fact that it is completed in what you consider the reef, based on your log studies, that would show you that was in communication?
- A. I would tend to feel that until I had other data pointing in a different direction.
- Q. All right, then let's go over to the Humble dry hole, you heard the testimony on it from Dr. Rehkemper?

A. Yes.

Q. Would you like to see that exhibit because I will refer to it?

- A. Yeah, okay, why don't we put it on the wall.
- Q. Now, you heard Dr. Rehkemper's testimony on, referring now to Cox's DN-Seven Exhibit, of correlation between the Humble dry hole, which is the log in the middle of that exhibit, and the Humble No. 5 which is now the L-19, which is the last one on the left?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Now, then, how do you explain that this was a dry hole in the same -- do you correlate this zone with this zone between the two wells, between the dry hole and the producing hole?
- A. Yes, just looking at it I'm sure they are both on that cross section up there.
  - Q What exhibit are you referring to?
- A. They both are on the Arco DN Number Four. Here they are. Here is the Exxon Federal No. 5, the producing well. Here is the Exxon Federal No. 3, the dry hole and, yeah it looks like these tops that I've got here are exactly the same and these are engineering committee tops and I think this shows the structural relationship a lot better than that cross section.
  - Q. All right, going back to Cox DN-Seven, how do you

explain if the zone is the same that you have a dry hole in the Humble 3 Well and oil production in the Humble 5?

A. The No. 3 dry hole is down dip out of the productive area of the reef. You always drill a few dry holes when you are trying to find out where to delineate a reservoir and this happens to be one of them.

- Q. You correlated the zone, did you not, sir?
- A. Yes, right.
- Q. They are the same zones that were found in both wells?

A. Absolutely. The well is actually, see, this is a completely misleading cross section. It should have been laid out like this because this is what the thing really looks like.

- Q. The way it looks here it only communicates --
- A. This is actually higher, it is dipping down, it is in dipping and strike, a non-striking dip direction away from the main reef.
- Q. I want to know what the communication is between those two wells, as you state are the same correlative zone?
- A. Well, one of them, I'm not sure exactly what the tests were, eleven hundred and seventy feet of water, indicating that it did have some permeability, it made water.
  - Q. What is the communication between those two zones?

- A. I think there is probably some communication in the Abo here.
  - Q. Upon what do you base that?
  - A. Because the correlation appears to be there.
  - Q. How do you get the correlation?
- A. The top of the reef correlates reasonably well and then there was some permeability that the well made water and so Exxon proceeded to move up dip, right up this cross section, in fact, this is just one location over and made a good well.
- Q. You are going back again to the fact that it must have communication because it is in the reef, is that correct?
  - A. Well --
  - 0. Is that what you said?
- A. Generally speaking, I would say if there is some porosity there it is probably communicating.
- Q. Sir, are you aware that the Humble 5 Well drifted two hundred feet to the north according to the OCC files and Mr. Nutter's calculations?
  - A. The No. 5?
  - Q. The Humble No. 5.
- A. That is probably in the ball park if Mr. Nutter did it.
- Q. Are you also aware that there was no penalty on that allowable since that well was drilled before the Unit

was formed?

A. No, I'm not specifically aware of that, although I know it was drilled while --

- 0. In 1971?
- A. Right, the Unit was being formed at that time.
- Q. Are you aware that the Pan American well, a direct offset of that was drilled a considerable length of time before that, also deviated. Are you aware that the OCC files --
  - A. Do you mean randomly drifted?
- Q Yes, sir. Are you aware that the deviation survey on it found the deviation and there is no penalty on that according to the OCC records here, Mr. Porter's, I believe, signature is on that.
  - A. Which one is that?
- Q. The Pan American Well which offsets the Humble No. 5 to the northwest.
- A. Okay, I'm going up here to Arco Exhibit DN Number One, if it, of course, did drift to the northwest, that was in a large base lease which was the Amoco-Malco Federal F and it would not have been infringing on anybody's boundary problems. Now, which well of Exxon's did you say drifted to the northwest?
- Q. Humble 5.
  - A. The only violation, if you want to call it that,

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would be to Exxon itself because the immediate offset north of that locations is part of the same lease, the Empire-Abo Federal lease and under primary operation that is all one lease, a hundred and sixty acres.

- Q. What lease is on the west of the Humble lease?
- A. That is, again, a part of the Amoco-Malco Federal lease.
- Q. And how far is this surface location from that line?
- A. The No. 5 surface location I'm reasonably sure it shows here as being six, sixty from the Amoco-Malco Federal F lease line, six, sixty east of it, so if it drifted two hundred feet even due west it would still be four hundred and sixty-six away from the Amoco-Malco Federal lease.
- Q. Coming back to the dry holes here, your correlation, your statement on the communication is that it is in the reef and, therefore, communicates?
- A. Well, but it is a lousy communication, let me make that clear, because after all, it was such a poor quality reef that they couldn't do anything with it, that's the evidence on the drill stem test.
- Q. So you state that there is poor communication, at best, between those two wells?
- A. Between that dry hole, yes, most dry holes are poorly communicated to the nearby reservoir.

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- Q. All right, sir, would you state where the Cox Well is located in general direction with reference to the Empire-Abo field?
  - A. Well, it's on --
  - Q. It's on the south side of the field?
  - A. Yeah, right.
  - 0. And to the west?
  - A. It's on the south edge of the reef.
- Q. And to the west of the field, the western part of the field?
- A. West? Slightly west of central, yes, about a mileand-a-half or so west of central.
- Q. Now, when you quoted the quality of communication, when you referred to your Exhibits Three and Four, you quoted the Unit, those are the Unit statements and not your own?
  - A. Would you repeat that, please, sir?
- Q You referred to the quality of the communication in the reef?
  - A. Within the reef?
- Q And you kept referring to Unit studies, are those Unit studies and not your studies?
- A. No, they are mine and Unit studies, at least the conclusions, and I participated in the studies, of course.

  The conclusions I agree with a hundred percent as to excellent

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communication within the reservoir.

Q Well, you are quoting the Unit only to support your position, is that what you are doing, the Unit study?

A. Well, yes, I'm simply saying that I wasn't by myself in arriving at this conclusion there was a wide variety of experienced engineers and geologists involved in the study who reached essentially the same conclusion that I did.

- Q. That you did?
- A. As to vertical and horizontal communication.
- Q. You are saying that in support of your study?
- A. Beg pardon?
- Q. I'm just trying to get clear, you keep quoting the Unit study, but you are doing that in support of what you say?
  - A. Oh, yes.
- Now, on the gas cap that you referred to up there, how did that affect the overall production in the reef?
  - A. How does the gas cap affect --
  - 0. Yes.
- A. Well, the fact that we are attempting to exercise good stewardship over it is going to increase the recovery.
- 0. You mean in time?
  - A. Yes, it is having that effect right now.
  - Q. Over the entire reef?
    - A. Yes, I would say so.

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- Q. What effect is it having on the wells that are in the southwestern part of the field?
- A. Southwestern? Well, probably just in other parts of the field, the oil is moving down structure.
  - Q. Is it affecting those wells now?
  - A. Beg pardon?
    - Q. Is it affecting those wells now?
- A. How far southwest do you want me to go to talk about it?
  - Q. To the edge of the field.
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And is it your statement -- you are pointing to Arco Number One?
  - A. Beg pardon?
  - Q. You are referring to Arco Number One?
  - A. I'm referring to Arco DN Number One, right.
- Q. Is is your statement that the recycling of the gas is affecting the production of each and every well in that field at the present time?
- A. Yes. Oh, yes, it is helping to hold up the reservoir pressure which is helping the productivity of all of the wells
- 22 \ 0. To what degree?
  - A. To what degree?
  - Q. Yes, sir. To what extent is it helping production in each and every well?

A. Well, any time you act to maintain reservoir pressure you enable a well to produce at a better rate than if the pressure was declining.

- Q. Mr. Christianson, you are making a general statement can you make a specific statement that the gas recycling which is only sixty-five percent, I believe, by your own testimony, how specifically is it affecting a well that is on the southwestern edge of the field?
- A. You are referring to this as a recycling project, this really isn't, we are beefing up the secondary gas cap. Our gas is being produced out of wells down structure, it's solution oil-gas ratio and then we are taking sixty-five percent of that gas which was in solution in the oil in the reservoir and we are putting that back up in the gas cap. We are not recycling gas in the gas cap, that is something that goes on a lot of places but we are not doing that.
- Q All right. How does that specifically affect the production in the southwestern-most wells of that field?
- A. It helps to hold the pressure up in this area and helps the migration of oil down dip and it should maintain a lower GOR for a longer period of time on the wells in the southwestern portion of the field.
- Q. Again we are going to general statements, are we not, you don't have any specific data to show that, say that southwestern-most well is being helped by your efforts in the

gas cap?

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- A. Well, only, of course, we ran numeric model studies where we modeled every well in the reservoir.
  - Q. Do you have anything specific, Mr. Christianson?
- A. For the most part these wells were helped by the gas-injection project.
  - Q. But you don't have anything specific?
- A. I don't see what point it would serve. I don't happen to have all of that kind of data along with me, no.
- Q. Incidentally, can you refer to, or do you know of your own recollection, what is the difference in distance between the Cox Well and the L-17?
  - A. Distance?
  - 0. Yes, sir.
- A. L-17, I'm back on Exhibit Arco DN Number One. L-17, I would say that that is roughly nine hundred and fifty to a thousand feet horizontally.
- Q. Would this Amoco DN-One Exhibit introduced on January 21st help you to give me those estimates of distance?
- A. Are you talking about the distance from the location in the bottom hole in the Abo reef of the deviated well and the L-17, are you talking about surface locations, or what?
- Q. Well, on Amoco DN-One, I'm asking you the difference between the bottom of No. 1, if you know its bottom, with No. 3 or the best estimate.

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- A. The bottoms of the two wells. Well, I would say it's in the neighborhood, and this is an estimate, probably a thousand feet, that is the L-17 bottom-hole location is probably a thousand feet north-northeast of the bottom-hole location of the Cox Federal EA No. 1.
  - 0. And the M-16?
  - A. The what?
  - 0. The M-16.
- A. The M-16 bottom-hole location would probably be less than six hundred feet. In other words, to the two bottom-hole locations.
  - Q. All right, thank you.
    Was the M-16 plugged back?
  - A. Plugged back?
  - Q. Yes, sir.
  - A. When?
    - Q. At any time.
- A. My data that I have doesn't indicate that it was.
  - Q. All right.
    - A. However, it may have been.
    - Q. Do you have any knowledge that it was?
  - A. I don't really have any knowledge that it was, no.
  - Q. On the cross sections that you have shown on the Arco's Exhibit DN-Three and Four, do you know whether any of those wells were plugged back?

A. I can't tell you if they were or if they weren't, no, sir.

- Q. All right, sir, you don't have any independent knowledge of that?
- A. No, I haven't brought that kind of data along with me, I'm sorry.
- Q. All right. Going to the water production, have some of the wells that did not produce water before are now producing them, producing water, that is?
- A. You mean in the area of the Cox Federal EA Number One?
- Q No, sir, just in any of the sections surrounding the Cox Well, or any of the wells that were not producing water before are now producing water?
- A. Yes, I know of at least one that is producing some water now that did not produce it in the past.
- Q. Are some of the wells that have produced water in the past, and again I'm referring to the same section, now have increased their water production?
- A. Some of them have increased as I think the data on an earlier exhibit by Mr. Noell showed, have increased their water rates over what they were immediately prior to the formation of the Unit.
  - Q. Is the water then being coned in by the production?
  - A. There is certainly some possibility that there may

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be some coning or there may be some upward movement of the water-oil contact also.

- Q. I believe I have asked you this before in times past but I don't recall if we have it in the present record. Is there oil underneath the Cox lease?
  - A. Well, if you take the location of the Cox Federal --
  - Q Would you answer yes, or no?
  - A. Yes, I would say there is.
  - Q All right, now, refer to Arco DN-Three, please, sir.
  - A. Arco DN-Three, okay.
- Q And from looking at those logs, the cross sections, would you say that there are shaley and tight zones present?
  - A. You mean within the Abo reef?
  - Q. Yes, sir.
- A. I would say that you can't really tell from the logs.
  - 0. You cannot tell?
  - A. That's right, you have to have more information.
- Q. All right, if it is determined or if there is, let's say this is hypothetical, you made the statement that you don't find it but if there are shaley and tight zones present in those logs of the wells, would they affect the horizontal and vertical permeability?
- A. If they were present, and I'm taking your postulation and I'm not agreeing to it.

Q. Y	œs,	sir,	I	understand	that.
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- A. If they were present and if they could be correlated over wide areas of the reservoir, they might certainly have some effect.
- Q. Mr. Christianson, are the wells in the field which have produced water structurally higher than the oil?
- A. Wells in the field, yes, I think there are probably some wells that have produced minor volumes of water.
- Q. Would that indicate to you a permeable barrier or poor communication?
  - A. Possibly in that localized area.
- Q. So, you are saying that in some local areas there is poor communication?
  - A. That's right.
- Q. Mr. Christianson, going back to Arco DN-Three, referring to the oil-water contact of a minus twenty-six, sixty-five, is that correct?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. How much oil could you have from the bottom, between that and the bottom of the Cox Well?
- A. Well, the engineering committee said thirty-nine thousand, eight hundred and ninety barrels.
  - Q. Well, what do you say?
  - A. I would say based on the data they had before them

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at that time that was a reasonable estimate.

- Q. And this is below, this is the amount of oil that is below the Cox Well?
  - A. Below it, no.
  - Q. That was my question.
- A. I don't know, some percentage of that. It would be, say, two-thirds.
- Q. So, you are saying that there is oil below the Cox Well, where it is bottomed now?
- A. No, I'm saying, well, if you go with the original engineering committee estimate, there is a reasonable possibility that there is some oil down there, yes.
- Q. That L-151 on Arco DN-Three, that is a new well is it not?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. And is the Unit drilling several wells inside the field?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. As a matter of fact, I think there were fifteen drilled this year?
  - A. Fifteen, actually seventeen completed in 1975.
- 22 0. Seventeen?
  - A. In-field wells.
- Q. And that is to help recover more oil, is that right?

A. That is correct.

MR. DAY: All right, we'll pass the witness. Thank you.

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Stamets?

## CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. STAMETS:

- Q. Mr. Christianson, if I understand your testimony to this point, what you have said is that the Cox Well through the reservoir porosity, vuguler porosity, intercrystalline porosity, fractures both vertical and horizontal, the Cox Well is essentially in communication with every other well?
  - A. That is correct, that is what I have tried to say.
- Q. Thank you. Now, at the first day's testimony in the current case, in response to some questions I asked Mr. Currens, he indicated that it was his opinion that if the Commission permitted wells to be drilled at locations such as the bottom-hole location of the Cox Well, that an offsetting operator, in order to protect himself from drainage, that he would have to drill a well on his lease that close to his lease line, that this would not result in an appreaciably greater recovery from the reservoir and would result in economic waste. Now, do you concur with his testimony in response to my question?

			_
Α.	Yes.	т	do.
Α.	TES.		uu.

Q Further, in response to the second part of this question, I asked Mr. Currens if wells were drilled, many wells were drilled, under this type of spacing pattern and produced at rates commensurable with what is being produced in the Empire-Abo Pool, would waste occur because of inefficient production from these wells and I believe his answer was, yes. Do you concur with that response?

A. Yes, I think that qualifying only that the non-unit well, of course, not returning any of the produced gas, that would be Mr. Cox's Well, would be, of course, involved in the greater portion of the waste.

Q. I believe the record would show that we were speaking of a hypothetical situation and we were not referring to a unit operation.

#### A. Okay.

MR. STAMETS: Thank you.

MR. HINKLE: I have one more on redirect.

MR. RAMEY: Okay, Mr. Hinkle.

MR. BUELL: I have one or two on cross, would you prefer that I get mine out of the way?

MR. RAMEY: Yes, Mr. Buell.

#### CROSS EXAMINATION

25 BY MR. BUELL:

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- Q. Mr. Christianson, is Arco as unit operator, monitoring the unitized pressure maintenance program?
  - A. Yes, sir, it is.
- Q. And I believe you just testified that during the year 1975 seventeen in-field wells were drilled?
  - A. Correct.
- Q. Let me ask you whether or not in your monitoring program of the unitized pressure maintenance program in the drilling of these seventeen in-field wells, did you encounter any evidence or data whatsoever, impediments to communication within the Empire-Abo reef?
  - A. No.
- Q. All right, sir, do you happen to recall the average porosity that was used in the unitization study?
- A. Six point four percent, I believe, was the weighted average.
- Q Do you happen to recall the average water saturation used?
  - A. Nine percent.
    - Q. What?
    - A. Nine percent.
- Q. And do you recall the reservoir volume factor that was used?
  - A. One point six, oh, six reservoir barrels per stock tank barrels.

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	Q.	A11	right,	thank	you,	Mr. C	Chris	tianson.	Let	me
ask	you	this:	I beli	leve w	hen yo	ou wer	ce te	stifying	with	
rela	ation	n to Ar	co's Ex	khibit	DN-Tv	vo, yo	ou me	ntioned	that	the
Cox	dev	iated v	well was	s prod	ucing	belov	a s	olution	gas-o	il
rat	io?									

- A. No, it is essentially at solution GOR at the current reservoir pressure.
  - Q. And it was about eight, sixty-three, as I recall?
  - A. That's right.
- Q. The original solution gas-oil ratio was twelve, fifty?
  - A. Correct.
- Q. And I believe you further testified that the reason that it was producing at such a low gas-oil ratio is that the gas that was coming out of solution was migrating up structure and joining forces with the secondary gas cap?
- A. This is the process that is going on in the reservoir, yes.
- Q All right, sir, I'm not going to refer you to an exhibit but picture in your mind's eye, if you will, the Cox deviated well eight or nine feet from the west line and fifty-eight or sixty feet from the north line of their lease, in the bottom-hole location of that well, let me ask you this: Is it generally speaking up structure to the northwest?
  - A. Yes, that is correct.

- Q. So, let's say that this gas would only have to migrate ten, twelve, fifteen feet to get off the Cox lease and work its way on up to join the secondary gas cap?
  - A. That's right.
- Q. In your opinion, if the Cox zone reservoir was limited to the Cox lease and did not extend across his lease line into the Empire-Abo Unit, would the Cox Well be producing today with a gas-oil ratio of eight hundred and sixty-three to one?
  - A. I doubt it very seriously.
- Q. If that reservoir was limited to the boundaries of his lease, it could only migrate about ten or twelve feet away from the wellbore at the most?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. So, if it was limited to his lease, we would see a higher gas-oil ratio on the Cox Well?
  - A. It would be, in my opinion, yes.
- MR. BUELL: That's all I have. Thank you, Mr. Christianson.
  - MR. RAMEY: Mr. Hinkle?

### REDIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. HINKLE:

Q. Mr. Christianson, on cross examination of Mr. Day there, you referred to Cox's Exhibit DN-Seven and said that

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it was misleading and it was not correct. For the purpose of the record, I wish you would point out just why it is misleading and why it is not correct?

Well, the first obvious point which Mr. Buell brought A. out in cross examination of Dr. Rehkemper was that the cross section is not hung on a true subsea depth so you don't see the true subsea relationship and this well appears to be lower, that is by this well I mean the Humble EA Federal No. 5 appears to be lower on top of the Abo reef subsea-wise than the offsetting well which is the Humble EA Federal No. 3 dry hole, when in actuality as the well is calculated, the EA Federal No. 5 is actually higher subsea. This is the vertical problem that you have in looking at the thing and then the horizontal problem is that it appears in looking at this that the Humble EA Federal No. 3 lies on a line in between the Humble EA Federal No. 5 and the Humble EA Federal No. 4, when in fact it doesn't. As a matter of fact, you can look on the Arco DN Number One and you will have to look at the one right in front of you but you can see from the location there that the Humble or Exxon Empire-Abo Federal No. 3 Well is almost exactly due south of the Humble Empire-Abo Federal No. 5, and then you turn at a ninety-degree angle and go east to the Humble Empire-Abo Federal No. 4. So, really these two wells are a part of the dip cross section, whereas this well and this well are part of the strike cross section.

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Q. Now, you are referring to cross sections?

Okay, the Humble EA Federal No. 5 and the Humble EA Federal No. 3 are the part of a dip cross section to the cross section shown on Arco Exhibit DN Number Three and whereas we admittedly shift in going from the Humble EA Federal No. 3 to the EA Federal No. 4 into a long strike cross section, so we are going this way and then we are going this way, which is not really shown in the way this thing is set up. So, in effect, what you've got really in these two wells are the tag end of a cross section that would be very similar to this one right here, which is the Arco DN Number Three, and the dry hole would compare very closely to a location somewhere slightly to the right here of the Cox EA Federal No. 1, down dip from it, and then this one, the EA Federal No. 3 and then the Humble EA Federal No. 5 would correspond more to a location similar to the Cox Federal EA No. 1 You would have those two wells of a dip deviated well. cross section here.

MR. RAMEY: Are these depicted on your other cross section, Mr. Christianson? Aren't these wells on your other cross section?

- A. Yeah, they happen to be part of this strike cross section.
- Q (Mr. Hinkel continuing.) You are referring to what cross section?

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Exhibit and those two wells happen to be the Exxon Federal No. 5, Unit L-19, and the Humble L-19 dry hole which is the old Humble Federal No. 3. And so these two wells show the same relationship that is shown going from this well to this well. This well to this well, except this is along a strike cross section and these are on a dip cross section.

MR. LUCERO: Mr. Christianson, could you refer, when you say, this well and this well?

A. Well, I did all of this before so it is in the record, do I have to do it again?

MR. LUCERO: I don't know, maybe we are just repeating outselves.

A. Well, I went through it and identified them the first time through and I'm really saying it over again what I said before.

MR. LUCERO: That's what I figured. Thank you.

MR. RAMEY: Any other questions of the witness?

MR. BUELL: May it please the Commission, may I make a statement in deference to Dr. Rehkemper? Dr. Rehkemper used a copy of our orientation map, Amoco's Exhibit DN-One, and on that map, unfortunately, we had the surface location of the Humble Well No. 3, the center well on the cross section offered as Cox's Exhibit DN-Seven. We got our data from Humble and Humble themselves had it misplotted on their maps,

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and we have learned since we furnished this exhibit to the Commission that that surface location had been resurveyed and the surface location is as shown on Arco's Exhibit DN Number One, but in support of Dr. Rehkemper, he was simply using the surface location as shown on our Exhibit DN-One and we did have it misplotted. Actually as far as our purposes were concerned, now that Mr. Christianson has corrected the surface location of the relationship between the No. 3 Well, the Humble No. 3 Well on Cox's DN-Seven and the well on the extreme right I don't think it is too critical to Dr. Rehkemper's position that he was taking or to the position that Mr. Christianson was taking.

MR. RAMEY: Any other questions of the witness?

MR. DAY: Yes, if Mr. Hinkle is through.

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Day?

# RECROSS EXAMINATION

18 BY MR. DAY:

- Q Mr. Christianson, do you know the difference between correlating a log structurally and stratigraphically?
  - A. Correlating a log structurally?
  - O. Yes.
    - A. Oh, yeah, I hope I do a little bit anyway.
  - Q. Well, which is better?
    - A. Which is better?

O. Yes.

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A. I would say that it depends on the case that you've got that you are trying to correlate and what you know about the reservoir as a whole.

- Q. Let's go directly to Cox's DN-Seven, are you correlating those structurally or stratigraphically?
- A. Well, Dr. Rehkemper, I presume, is correlating them stratigraphically.
  - Q. And you?
- A. Well, I prefer to correlate them the way they are actually sitting there in the reservoir.
  - Q. So you are saying structurally?
  - A. Structurally, right.
- Q. So there is a difference between you and Dr. Rehkemper then on that approach?
- A. Only in the sense that I will correlate stratigraphically, if you want to call it that, by laying two logs side by side and comparing kicks and I guess that's stratigraphic correlation.

MR. DAY: That's all.

MR. RAMEY: Any other questions of the witness? He may be excused.

(THEREUPON, the witness was excused.)

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MR. BUELL: May it please the Commission, we have one witness for a very short direct testimony.

MR. RAMEY: All right.

MR. BUELL: We would like to call Mr. Currens and we will need from the Commission files, your copy of Amoco's Exhibit DN-Two that was presented January 21, 1976.

(THEREUPON, a discussion was held off the record.)

# DAN CURRENS

called as a witness, having been first duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

## DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. BUELL:

- Q. Mr. Currens, Exhibit Number Two has been explained in the record of the January 21 portion of this hearing, but would you briefly, in order to orient all of us to this exhibit, briefly state what it shows?
- A. Amoco Exhibit DN-Two is a depiction of the fortyacre drilling unit on which the Cox EA Federal Deviated Hole
  No. 1 was drilled and according to the directional survey,
  completed. It shows the surface location of the EA Federal
  No. 1. It is shown by a line to the, a blue line coming out
  generaly to the west and then forking. On the south fork of

the line it showed the bottom-hole location of the original EA No. 1 that was drilled by Aztec.

- Q. That would be the randomly drilled No. 1?
- A. Yes, the old hole, the randomly drilled one and by the north fork of the blue line the bottom-hole location of the Deviated Cox Federal EA No. 1, based on the Eastman survey that is in the record of this hearing.
- Q. I think the record is replete with testimony and exhibits and, in fact, just to your left and to our right, on Arco's Exhibit DN Number Three, the log of the Deviated Cox Well shows that it is completed in the approximately four feet of porosity in that well, is that correct?
  - A. Yes, sir, the lower porosity shown on that log.
- Q. All right, sir, in view of that have you made a study to determine what the reservoir limits of what I'm going to call the Cox zone for simplicity purposes, the reservoir limits of the Cox zone on the Cox Federal EA lease?
- A. I've made a study and arrived at a maximum that it could be.
- Q. All right, sir, let me ask you this: In making that study did you look at data obtained both by Aztec drilling the originally ramdomly deviated No. 1 and also their drilling it deeper, as well as Mr. Cox's activities in the wellbore of ramdomly drilled No. 1?
  - A. Yes, sir.

A. In the randomly drilled No. 1, as has been discussed earlier today by Dr. Rehkemper, the logs that were run in the well did not go to the absolute total depth of the well.

Initially, you will recall, the well was completed by Aztec at a time that it had a total depth of sixty-two, ten, it was completed in perforations from sixty-one, twenty-eight to sixty-one fifty and that was in 1959. Subsequent to that time, in 1961, Aztec squeezed those perforations and deepened the well to a depth of sixty-two, fifty-three and they tested a hundred percent water with a small volume of gas, according to the reports, from that open-hole section.

- Q. But the well was never logged, as far as you know, or as far as any log you have seen, to a total depth of sixty-two, fifty-three?
  - A. No, sir, not that I have seen.
- Q. All right, sir, would you now discuss Mr. Cox's activities in the randomly drilled Federal EA No. 1?
- A. As I understand, the work that he did, he reentered the well and made a completion attempt at an interval sixty-one, sixty-two to eighty and then made other completion attempts in the interval sixty-one, twenty-eight to fifty, sixty-one, sixty-two to eighty and subsequently drilled out to a total

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depth of sixty-two, fifty, just about the same, three feet short of what Aztec had drilled out to and that actually never made a well in any of this additional work in his reentry of No. 1.

- Q. And to your knowledge, Mr. Cox never logged to the complete total depth of the well over sixty-two, fifty feet?
  - A. Not that I know of, no, sir.
- Q. What may give some people a problem, Mr. Currens,

  I believe on Amoco's Exhibit DN-Two, which you are referring
  to now, the last shot point of the directional survey on
  randomly drilled Federal EA Number 1 is shown as sixty, fifty,
  is that observation correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. So actually the directional survey run by Mr. Cox did not go all the way to the total depth of sixty-two, fifty or sixty-two, fifty-three?
- A. No, it didn't. The well had been plugged back by that time, I believe it was in a temporarily abandoned status and there was a plug in the well.
- Q. Actually that point isn't too critical, is it, Mr. Currens?
  - A. No.
- Q. I bring it up so that if someone looking at DN-Two saw the sixty, fifty as the last shot point on Mr. Cox's

directional survey, they might get confused over the fact that the total depth of the well was really sixty-two, fifty-three.

- A. That apparently was just as far as he could get with the directional survey and the plugs at the time.
- Q Let me ask you this: Looking at that portion of the directional survey down to sixty, fifty, could you assume for the additional two hundred feet that it would generally have deviated in the same direction the past shot points in the exhibit is?
- A. Very likely it would have gone off in the same general direction as the last several shot points indicated.
- Q. All right, sir, you heard Dr. Rehkemper's testimony with regard to his correlations?
  - A. Yes, sir.
  - Q. And where he anticipated the Cox zone will fall?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. And the randomly drilled Federal EA No. 1, let me ask you whether or not this well penetrated that zone as identified by Dr. Rehkemper?
  - A. Yes, sir, it did.
- Q. What did the test in the interval, in and around total depth or in and around the interval that Dr. Rehkemper revealed from the standpoint of productivity?
  - A. One hundred percent water was the report by Aztec in

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A. No, sir.

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- Q. In the randomly deviated Federal EA No. 1?
- A. No, not that I'm aware of.
- Q. All right, sir, does that give you a clue as to the possible southern limits of the Cox zone under the Cox Federal EA lease?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Let me ask you this: You can't tell from the Exhibit Two, but relying on your knowledge and the orientation of the well, is the bottom hole of the randomly deviated Federal EA No. 1 about on a line between the deviated bottom-hole location and the Amoco Diamond Federal Well that we have mentioned and is shown on Arco's DN-Three to your left?
  - A. Yes, roughly.
- Q. All right, sir, based on your study and maybe it will help us get in perspective, in the upper northwest corner of our Exhibit DN-Two, what amount of surface acreage are we looking at? I know within the red boundary we are looking at forty acres, but what are we looking at up there in that northwest corner?
  - A. Well, in the northwest corner a square to the, with

the surface location of the No. 1 as the corner of it, that
three hundred and thirty-one from the north line and three
hundred and thirty feet from the west line location, this
area in the extreme northwest corner, that would be a square
of those dimensions would be approximately two-and-a-half acres.

- Q. All right, sir, let me ask you this: Based on your study of the completion attempts and the randomly deviated well over the interval that should contain the Cox zone, based on your evaluation of the performance and the production data from the deviated completion and that four feet of porosity, what, in your opinion, could be the maximum extent of the Cox zone under the Cox Federal EA lease?
- A. I don't believe it could be more than two-and-a-half acres.
- Q. In your opinion, is a well that is producing with a water cut of eighty percent, would you normally expect that to be fairly close to the oil-water contact, the current oil-water contact?
  - A. Yes, sir, I would.
- Q. And we know that the zone was not productive at the bottom-hole location of the random deviated Federal EA Well No. 1?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. And using these data you come up with your maximum reservoir extent under the Cox lease of the Cox zone of two-

and-a-half acres?

A. Yes, sir, I don't believe it could be any more than two-and-a-half acres.

- Q. Have you made a study to determine the amount of hydrocarbons that would be contained originally, originally in place, in this two-and-a-half acre Cox zone reservoir?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Would you state for the record what that is, please, and how you made that calculation?
- A. Okay. Utilizing four feet of pay, six point four percent porosity, nine percent water saturation, without respect to the reservoir volume factor at all.
- Q. What is the importance of the reservoir volume factor in a determination of original oil in place, for some of us laymen, would you tell us?
- A. Well, the oil in a reservoir normaly contains dissolved gas and this does because, you know, it is producing with a ratio of eight or nine hundred cubic feet per barrel.

  Normally it contains the dissolved gas and as the well is produced, the oil is brought to the surface and put in a stock tank and the gas is separated from the oil and the stock tank oil, the amount of oil that gets in the stock tank is a smaller volume than the volume that it occupied in the reservoir under normal circumstances. You get fat oil in the reservoir and you get skinny oil on the surface.

- Q. It would be fair then to say it shrinks?
- A. It shrinks, yeah.
- Q. All right, sir, and you completely eliminated that factor in making the determination of the original oil in place?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. All right, sir, using the porosity figure that you used and if memory serves me correctly, that is the average porosity used in the unitization study?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. The water saturation, I believe, is identical to the average water saturation that was used?
  - A. Yes, sir.
  - Q. What do you come up with?
- A. I come up with one thousand eight hundred and eight barrels per acre and on a two-and-a-half acre basis, that would be forty-five hundred and twenty some odd barrels.
- Q. All right, sir, do you have any knowledge of the cumulative production that Mr. Cox has obtained from his Cox zone in the deviated well completion?
- A. I have the production figures supplied to the Commission to January 1st, 1976.
  - Q. And what was his total cumulative production?
  - A. Four thousand and eight barrels.
  - Q. Compared with what originally in place, not including

the reservoir volume factor?

A. I didn't write it down, let me do it again. Forty-five, twenty, all right.

- Q. All right. Now, we are almost through the month of February and Mr. Cox has been producing at an average rate of, say, thirty-five barrels or more a day, twenty-nine days in February, at the end of February he should have added another thousand to that cumulative, what would his cumulative be then?
- A. Actually, two thousand is that cumulative because that cumulative was to January 1, so there is January production plus February production.
  - Q. I misunderstood you.
- A. So it would be about twenty-one hundred barrels more and if he produced thirty-five barrels a day for those sixty days, the cumulative production at the end of February would be six thousand, one hundred and eight barrels.
- Q. Far in excess of the original oil in place under the Cox zone reservoir, under the Cox Federal EA lease?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q If he has depleted all of the original oil in place, and no well ever recovers that much, under his lease, but let's assume that he has, where is the oil coming from that he is producing from this completion?
  - A. From other properties in the area, from the unit.

Q. Which would be the Empire-Abo unit	Q.	Which	would	be	the	Empire-Abo	unit
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A. Yes, sir.

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- Q Do you have anything else you care to add at this time, Mr. Currens?
  - A. No, sir.

MR. BUELL: May it please the Commission, that's all we have by way of direct of Mr. Currens.

MR. RAMEY: Any questions of the witness?

MR. DAY: Yes, sir.

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Day.

## CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. DAY:

- Q Mr. Currens, are you saying that under the Cox lease there are only two-and-a-half producing acres?
- A. I said that I could not see that he could have any more than two-and-a-half acres productive from the completion that he has made in this well.
- Q All right, are there only two-and-a-half producing acres in the Cox lease?
  - A. I doubt that there are any more than that.
- Q. You disagree with the unit engineering that Mr. Christianson relies on of fourteen producing acres? He relies on the unit study, do you disagree with that?
  - A. We are talking of two different points in time.

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I realize that. 0.

And, yes, I disagree with there being fourteen productive acres right now.

- And do you disagree with Arco's DN-Three, that the oil-water contact where it is, that the reef comes all of the way through the Amoco Well?
- A. The original water-oil contact is what is depicted on that exhibit. I have not made a study of the original water-oil contact.
- You don't agree or disagree with Arco's DN-Three, is that your answer?
  - That is correct.
- Do you agree or disagree that the reef is present in the Amoco well? By that I'm talking about the Amoco Diamond Federal No. 1 Well.
- The Diamond Federal No. 1 Well appeared to have a reef section in it, yes, sir.
- 0. And the fact that it is -- it is a fact, isn't it, that the Aztec well produced five thousand barrels of oil?
  - A. That's my understanding, yes, sir.
  - Q. From the Cox lease?
- A. Yes.
  - MR. DAY: I pass the witness.
- Any other questions of the witness? MR. RAMEY: He may be excused.

(THEREUPON, the witness was excused.)

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Hinkle, did you offer your exhibits?

MR. HINKLE: Yes, I believe I did.

MR. RAMEY: Do you have any statements?

MR. BUELL: That's all we have, Mr. Examiner.

MR. DAY: If it please the Commission, if we may have a brief recess, I think I may have a brief rebuttal.

MR. RAMEY: We will take a five minute recess.

(THEREUPON, the hearing was in recess.)

MR. RAMEY: The hearing will come to order. Mr. Day MR. DAY: Sir, we call Glenn Noell back to the stand, please.

#### DIRECT EXAMINATION OF GLENN NOELL

BY MR. DAY:

Q. Mr. Noell, will you tell the Commission, what significance does it have to compare gas-oil ratios and gravities to communication within a field?

A. It really has no significance whatsoever. It can or cannot be a factor in determining communication. I can show you any number of fields that are many miles away from the Empire-Abo that approximately have the same solution gas-oil ratio as this field does.

Q. So does it alone confirm communication?

A. No, sir.

Q. Does it have anything to do with it? You have heard testimony that there is extensive in-field drilling in this field, and you know that I think from your own studies, what does this tell you about their development of the field?

A. Well, it has, maybe I'm the wrong person to ask, but I assume they are doing this, one, to keep the unit allowable up and, number two is, and here again I'm surmising, they feel like if they would get additional oil recovery and they are saying that a forty-acre drainage per well is not necessarily the most optimum spacing.

MR. DAY: All right, sir. No other questions.

MR. RAMEY: Any questions of the witness? Mr. Buell

### CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. BUELL:

Q. Mr. Noell, the hour is late and we are all anxious to get through and I may put this question a little more bluntly than I intend to and I hope you will understand that it is entirely due to the lateness of the hour, but would you please state for the record your position on whether or not you think the Cox zone in the Cox deviated well is separate or in communication with the Empire-Abo Pool?

A. I don't believe I can conclusively say one way or the other.

Q. Did not your two exhibits that you introduced,
Cox's DN-Four and Five, I believe, were not those two exhibit,
was not the thrust of those two exhibits to the effect that
the Cox zone completion in the Cox deviated well was in
communication with the Empire-Abo Pool?

MR. DAY: Do you recall those exhibits?

- A. I do not recall which exhibits you are --
- Q. (Mr. Buell continuing.) They were the only two exhibits you had, Mr. Noell, surely you haven't forgotten them in a couple of hours.
  - A. Oh, I thought you were referring to this one here.
- Q. No, sir, I'm referring to your two water-oil ratio maps or whatever you want to call them. One was for the period September 1973, that was your Exhibit Four, the other was October of '75, your Exhibit Number Five.

Was not the thrust of those two exhibits, the only two you presented, to the effect that the Cox zone in the Cox deviated well was in communication with the Empire-Abo Pool?

- A. To a certain extent, yes.
- Q. To what extent were they not thrust in that direction?
- A. I do not know. I do not think that information is available to really establish that. We can see the water moving up and you can infer that makes it in partial

communication but by the same token you can demonstrate in certain localities that there is definitely not communication.

Q I'm going to summarize what I think your judgment is and I want to be fair and if you disagree you can certainly correct me but as I get your judgment and your opinion and that is that you are telling this Commission that based on the reservoir study that you have performed, you cannot reach an opinion, you cannot make a judgment as to whether or not the Cox zone in the Cox deviated well is in communication with the Empire-Abo Pool or is separate from the Empire-Abo Pool?

A. Based on the available data, you are correct.

MR. BUELL: That's all I have. Thank you, Mr. Noell thank you, gentlemen.

# REDIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. DAY:

Q. Mr. Noell, the oil and water have different characteristics, do they not?

- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. And they flow differently through formations?
- A. Yes, sir.
  - Q. In a different way?
- MR. DAY: No other questions.
  - MR. RAMEY: Any other questions of the witness? He

may be excused.

(THEREUPON, the witness was excused.)

MR. DAY: I would like to recall Dr. Rehkemper, please.

### DIRECT EXAMINATION OF L. JAMES REHKEMPER

BY MR. DAY:

- Q. Dr. Rehkemper, would you tell the Commission in your study of local communications, if the fact that the dry hole Humble well shown on Cox's DN-Seven is located to the south of the Humble 5 Well or to the east of it makes a difference in your log comparisons?
- A. No, it doesn't. This is a stratigraphic section, it is not a structural section as I mentioned in my earlier testimony. All this is showing is that the same zone, the correlative zone is tight between two producing wells. Therefore, I am saying that you cannot prove communication between the Humble No. 3 and the Humble No. 5 Well because they are separated by a well which is tight.
- Q Looking to Arco DN-Three, if those logs indicate any shaley or tight zones, would that affect the vertical communications?
  - A. Yes, I would say that it would.
- Q. Would you please approach that exhibit and inform us whether or not there is any indication of shaley and tight

On

I would say that there are indications of shaley

Other zones can be pointed out in the J-14 at a

Near the base of the reef you have in the J-14 at a

depth of fifty-six, eighty to ninety you have a very tight

depth of fifty-eight, oh, four, you have another tight zone

which is obviously a very tight stringer, possibly anhydrite

this is qualitative since we are using gamma ray neutrons but

and I think you can go through these logs, and admittedly

neutron log which is affected, especially the neutron, by

Admittedly we are looking at a gamma ray

zones?

A.

and tight zones.

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the reef.

zone.

hole size, however, characteristically on the gamma ray neutron log, the gamma ray shows an increase in radiation and the neutron an increase in porosity. This is normally interpreted as being shale or shaley. There are numerous zones in J-14 up near the top where this condition exists. determining or calculating porosity from the neutron log, you take your tightest zone on the neutron curve and you assign a porosity to this of approximately one percent, you then find a shale zone, what you think is good shale and you assign a porosity of -- it may vary somewhere around forty percent. From these two end points you set up a porosity scale. the K-15, for example, at a depth from nine four hundred to ninety-four, fifty, roughly, your neutron is almost pegging to the right, indicating a very tight zone up at the top of

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you can see zones which are shaley, zones which are tight, so
I cannot agree with earlier testimony that you cannot tell
tight zones and shaley zones from electric log analysis.

- Are you in accordance with Mr. Christianson's statement that any well producing in the reef is in communication with the whole reef?
- A. From the information I have heard and seen, I cannot agree with this.

MR. DAY: All right, thank you, Dr. Rehkemper.
No other questions.

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Buell?

# CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. BUELL:

- Q. Doctor, I'll be just as brief as possible. I was diverted for just a moment but I was attempting to follow your testimony where you were pointing out on Arco's DN-Three some shale that you had found from the log that you have to work with there?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q I believe you pointed out two shaley intervals, one was at the extreme top of the reef, the other was at the extreme bottom?
- A. Well, those are just some that are obviously shale. There are some within the reef as well.

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- A. Okay, right there. This is in the J-14 at fifty-five, seventy-four to seventy-six.
- Q All right, sir, do you think that shale interval that you just stated for the record, forms an effective barrier to communication in the Empire-Abo reservoir?
  - A. I think in that particular local area, yes.
- Q. You heard your colleague, Mr. Noell, testify this morning, based on his study of the reservoir that the gas cap was expanding?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. That water was encrouching?
  - A. Right.
- Q. Communication looked excellent, in fact, the high producing rates of the wells in the Empire-Abo Unit were causing a premature encrouchment of water into the Cox zone in the Cox deviated well? Did you hear that testimony?

MR. DAY: Just a minute, Dr. Rehkemper. Did you state that you are quoting Mr. Noell as saying that the communication was excellent?

MR. BUELL: Yes, sir, he testified as to the gas cap expanding as predicted, he testified as to the water encrouchment, he testified to the effect -- we can go back and find it if you want to.

MR. DAY: My recollection was that he just couldn't

tell you.

MR. BUELL: I'm talking about this morning. He has changed his story. He testified that the high producing rates from the Empire-Abo Unit were causing premature encrouchment of water into the Cox zone in the Cox deviated well and that could not occur unless you have got good communication.

MR. DAY: Well, are you concluding that it is excellent or is he concluding that it is excellent?

MR. BUELL: We'll have to go back and --

MR. RAMEY: What is your question, Mr. Buell?

MR. BUELL: All right.

- Q. (Mr. Buell continuing.) You heard Mr. Noell testify one, that the gas cap was expanding as predicted?
  - A. Yes, I believe that is correct.
- Q You heard him testify, two, that water was encrouching around the edge?
  - A. I believe that is right.
- Q. Three, did you hear him testify that the high producing withdrawal rates from the Empire-Abo producing wells were causing water to prematurely encrouch and water out the Cox zone in the Cox deviated well?
  - A. I can't say that I heard him say this.
- Q. Well, the record will reflect it. In the interest of time, assume for the purpose of this question that my

memory is correct, that he did say that, or words to that effect, in that are you differing from him when you say you find shale intervals within the body of the Empire-Abo reef that would be an impediment to the free flow of communication?

- A. I think this is true, yes, that you can have local variations in porosity and permeability which could isolate zones within a reef.
  - Q. Now, we are to local impediments of communication?
- A. I think we are looking at a local area possibly in the subject well, Cox's deviated well.
- Q. On Arco's Exhibit DN-Three you found a shale streak in about the center of the reef, would you go locate that again and see if you can correlate it to the well on either side of that?
- A. Well, of course, this is just -- I mean, there are others. I believe that I testified that in the J-14 -- I'll back up.
- Q. Are you familiar enough with this reservoir, Doctor, to realize that the area which you have just located, your triangle on Arco's Exhibit DN-Three is where the secondary gas cap is formed and is expanding?
- A. No, I'm not aware of that, but I say that there are shale zones.
  - Q. All right, sir.
  - A. Now, I would have to get all of the logs and see

where these zones might correlate. I mean, you are looking at a northwest-southeast section. Given time and doing some stratigraphic correlations, I may or may not be able to show that these are continuous but I can say that within the wells there are tight zones and there are shaley zones within the reef.

Q. I realize, Doctor, that you just looked at this situation the last twenty or thirty minutes and you are working under handicaps and I'm certainly willing to state that for the record.

Let's go on, the hour is late. Mr. Christianson testified that in his opinion and in his engineering judgment, any well completed in the Empire-Abo reef formation that had similar or identical producing characteristics to the other wells then producing in the Empire-Abo reef Pool, in his opinion, were in communication with other Empire-Abo reef wells You stated that you disagreed with that judgment?

- A. Right.
- Q. Would you point to me one well, to your own knowledge, completed in and producing from the Abo reef formation that is separated from the other wells in the Empire-Abo reef Pool?
- A. Well, on Arco DN-Four I again compare M-16 to the Cox EA Federal No. 1 and I say that those two wells are not in communication. The pay zones are not in communication, this

one and that.

Q. So in effect you are saying that the only well you know of in the Empire-Abo reef formation that is separate and distinct is the Cox well?

- A. Well, I say I can point to others.
- Q. Well, would you?

A. I mean, I can illustrate where you do not have continuity in porosity and permeability.

Q. Doctor, everyone who has testified in this matter, including Mr. Christianson, has testified that you cannot correlate one little zone of porosity in one producing well even to the next well. Everyone has testified to that, is that all that you are saying?

A. I'm saying that in some places you can but I'm saying that you can correlate the zones but you cannot prove or disprove continuity of porosity and permeability.

MR. BUELL: All right, sir. Doctor that is all I have. I told Dr. Rehkemper this personally, I will say it for the record. I did not intend my remarks in regard to Cox's DN-Seven to infer that Dr. Rehkemper was trying to mislead anyone. I thought my statement was that I mislead myself in looking at that cross section, thinking that it reflected structure but I think the record will reflect that he very clearly and distinctly stated that it was a stratigraphic section and not a structural cross section. Thank yo

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Doctor, that's all I have.

BY MR. DAY:

Q. Dr. Rehkemper, then your opinion about the Abo reef field is that it has in local areas poor communication?

REDIRECT EXAMINATION

A. Yes, sir.

MR. DAY: Thank you.

### RECROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. BUELL:

- Q Doctor, let me ask you just one more question. I want to be sure what your professional opinion is, clearly and concisely on the record, as to whether or not in your geological opinion, the Cox zone in the Cox deviated well is producing from a separate and distinct accumulation of hydrocarbons never heretofore produced by any other well and not now in communication with any other well?
  - A. No, I cannot state that.
- Q So you are like Mr. Noell, you can't tell this
  Commission one way or the other what your professional opinion
  or judgment is with regard to communication or separation?
- A. All I can say is that there are instances where you do not have porosity and permeability communication and I feel you can do this between the M-16 and the Cox Federal

deviated hole.

MR. BUELL: Thank you, Doctor.

MR. LUCERO: I have a question.

# CROSS EXAMINATION

#### BY MR. LUCERO:

- Q. You just used the words "local areas" in your answer?
- A. Yes.
  - Q. How do you define the words "local areas"?
- A. I would say, of course, that's -- well, I would say within, oh, maybe within a thousand or two thousand feet, something like that. There might be areas, say between two wells that are, say, two thousand feet apart, you can have permeability barriers between those two wells.
- Q. Then your conclusion is that the words "local areas" can be a variable?
- A. Well, by "local" I mean I don't think you can say that throughout the entire reef you have no -- that the entire reef is in communication. I think there are, in some areas, if you were to map it very detailed, you would find where your porosity, you do have porosity and permeability barriers existing.
- Q. But the two words "local areas" indicate that there is variability in your definition?
  - A. Right, right.

MR. RAMEY: Any further questions. The witness may

be excused.

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24 25 (THEREUPON, the witness was excused.)

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Hinkle?

MR. HINKLE: I realize the hour is late but I would like to put Mr. Christianson back on in rebuttal, just some very short testimony.

MR. RAMEY: All right, will you take the stand Mr. Christianson?

# DIRECT EXAMINATION OF HUGH CHRISTIANSON

BY MR. HINKLE:

Q Mr. Christianson, you have heard the testimony of Dr. Rehkemper?

- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Do you agree with his testimony?
- A. No, sir, I don't.
- Q Explain in what way you do not agree with it?
- A. Well, I have the advantage on Dr. Rehkemper that I have looked at the cores on the wells on which the gamma ray neutron log looked just as shaley as this interval here in the Empire-Abo Unit No. J-14 on Arco Exhibit DN Number Three and I have seen that through a zone that looks very much like this as far as being highly radioactive, the permeability from the core analysis shows good communication. When you inspect the actual cores as they are brought out of the hole,

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because of oil stains in the vertical fractures, communication right across areas, you look and there is a hunk of shale with a fracture through it that is communicating and you know there is oil there because it's stained. I have looked at that sort of thing, so you really cannot go by what you see on the gamma ray neutron log. The shale or the radioactive material is probably there but because of this fracture-vug system we've got in the reservoir, there is communication vertically and horizontally through that very material. I've seen it and that is the visual part of it and then, of course, in this same area we have a great deal of evidence from field performance that there is good vertical communication because we've got this formation, this secondary gas cap, and you can't have that unless your free gas percolated up and is moving up into that cap and how do we know? By drill stem tests that have been taken on some of these in-field wells, for example, where we go in and test an interval, somewhere down in here which actually is lower subsea than intervals that did produce at low gas-oil ratios in the general area and we find that the gas cap is there when we had prior evidence at earlier times in the history of the reservoir that it was not even here, it was above this one.

So, this is really all I wanted to bring out, in addition to the fact that the engineering committee and the geological people connected with it, did have an opportunity

over a period of months and months to attempt correlations of the type Dr. Rehkemper said he would like to do and concluded that you cannot correlate a particular porous zone on a gamma ray neutron log with another particular porous zone on these wells. So, that's all.

MR. RAMEY: Any questions of the witness?
MR. DAY: Very briefly.

### CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. DAY:

- Q. Do you have those core analysis with you on these wells?
  - A. No, you'll have to take my word for it.
  - Q. Are there any tight zones in the Abo reef?
  - A. Tight zones, yeah, there are tight zones.
- Q. All right. Do you agree or disagree with this statement with respect to the Empire-Abo field: Porosity is distributed irregularly within the reef reservoir. Not even offset wells can be correlated in the reef because of this irregular porosity development, communication in local areas is very poor. Do you agree or disagree with this statement?
- A. There may be local areas, yeah, where communication is poor, it's a relative --
  - Q I believe so, that's fine, Mr. Christianson. In

many areas low porosities and permeabilities can be attributed to excessive anhydrite depositions, this condition is prevalent in the western end of the Empire-Abo field. Do you agree or disagree with that statement?

- A. I haven't wholly decided yet.
- Q. Do you know William J. LeMay?
- A. Yes, just as an acquaintance, a geologist.
- 0. Who is he?
- A. He is a geologist who has done a great deal of work on the Abo and on this type of reef development in New Mexico.
- Q. Have you had an opportunity to read his article that is printed in World Oil, Abo reef in southeastern New Mexico?
  - A. Yes, I've read that.

MR. DAY: No other questions.

MR. RAMEY: Did Mr. LeMay participate in any of the engineering studies?

THE WITNESS: No, he did not. However, we had that very article available to us among other internal Arco studies and Amoco studies by geologists, as well as this paper and other papers which we all read. I'm talking about the engineering committee when we were doing our work.

MR. RAMEY: Any other questions? The witness may be excused.

(THEREUPON, the witness was excused.)

MR. RAMEY: Anything further in this case?

MR. DAY: Just a brief summation, please, sir.

MR. RAMEY: If you will, Mr. Day.

MR. DAY: Thank you. We have testimony from the Arco people and I'm looking at Arco DN-Three, that the reef comes down and toes into the Amoco Diamond Federal No. 1 above the oil-water contact. There is a possiblity of oil in that lease to that extent that the Amoco Diamond Federal Well is far to the south of the Cox Well.

We cannot agree, of course, with the two-and-a-half acre limitation that Mr. Currens put on there, in view of looking at this reef studied here and in the log correlations. It has been agreed, I believe, between Mr. Christianson and demonstrated by Mr. Rehkemper that in local areas there is poor communication and there is evidence of poor communication in the subject lease, the Cox lease.

There is oil underneath the lease, that has been testified to several times. New Mexico has followed the ownership theory for a number of years of oil in place.

There is testimony that this well will flood out rather than receive additional gas. I think from what has been submitted to the Commission it will flood out. I think if you make a determination you will find that it will. And on this basis, the basis that there is oil underneath the

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lease and goes pretty far down into the lease, that if it is flooded out there will be a waste of oil, that has been testified. And we feel that the allowable, taking into account that there is poor communication at best, a penalty allowable would be in order.

As far as I know, this is a case of first impression in New Mexico but I will refer to the Sohio Petroleum Company Parker Case in the Oklahoma Supreme Court in 1957, in which Parker drilled a dry hole, backed up, deviated it and then went to the Corporation Commission for permission to produce. The Corporation Commission granted it, gave him an allowable and there was testimony in that case where Sohio witnessed, testified that the fault cut the unit and left only eight producing acres. Mr. Parker witnessed, testified that the entire lease had the oil creek sand. They gave him the full allowable in that case.

In the Stuart, et al Humble Oil Refining Company, set aside by the Texas Supreme Court in 1964, where an operator deviated, the court, the trial court closed the well in. The Supreme Court ruled in favor of the operator and said that in overturning the lower court's decision, stated that the allowable be permitted even though the deviations were deliberate.

In the Anderson Pritchard Oil Corporation versus the Corporation Commission, an Oklahoma case in 1951, the

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court approved an allowable to the deviated well based on producing acres to unit acres where the well drilled was closer to the line than permitted.

We feel that an allowable such as discussed, presented today by Dr. Noell and based on unit studies, would seem to come in and out of this case as far as Arco and Amoco witnesses are concerned as to whether it furthered their case or not, that that would be a formula submitted to, suggested to this Commission in fairness of production to allow Mr. Cox to recover some of this oil that is in place and an adjustment of any injury that may be possible to other leases connected to it with poor coomunication, taking into account. Thank you sir.

MR. RAMEY: Mr. Buell?

MR. BUELL: May it please the Commission, I will be just as brief as I possibly can.

At the outset let me say this with reference to the outside of the State of New Mexico cases that Mr. Day cited, that one of the first concepts, one of the first precepts you learn in law is that each case must stand on its own bottom and that's all we ask this Commission to do is to let this case stand on its own bottom and we reviewed in prior closing statements the surroundings of the directionally drilling of this well. I don't intend to go into that, except as a reminder, that let's do let this case be judged

on its own merits.

A lot of mention has been made today of the Amoco Diamond Federal No. 1 Well, the extreme right well on the cross section, Arco's Exhibit DN-Three, and about all of the possibilities that it has to be hydrocarbon bearing in the Empire-Abo field. All of this was brought out by representatives of Mr. Cox and not a one of them thought to tell you gentlemen that Mr. Cox owns the Abo rights in that well and if he thinks that it is bearing of hydrocarbons in the Empire-Abo Pool, he can simply reenter it and make his completion.

I would point out to the Commission that in January, on the twenty-first, Mr. Commissioner, this case was continued to February the 24th in order that a definitive reservoir study could be made by a consulting expert that Mr. Cox intended to employ. We have seen that definitive reservoir study here today. The engineering consultant expert told this Commission frankly and honestly that he does not have an opinion, he cannot make a judgment as to whether the Cox completion in the Cox deviated well is in the Empire-Abo Pool, or whether it is separate.

Dr. Rehkemper, the geological consulting expert, told the Commission the same thing.

The testimony of Arco, I think, is clear, it is concise and it is unrefutable, that is that the Cox zone completion in the Cox deviated well is completed in the

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Empire-Abo Pool and is in communication with the Empire-Abo
Pool. I think one very definitive bit of evidence is the
fact that here it is producing right at solution oil-gas
ratio, after its commulative production, and the only way
it can be doing that since it is below saturation pressure
is for the gas to be migrating up structure and, gentlemen,
with the bottom-hole location of that Cox deviated well there
is no place up structure for it to go on the Cox lease,
it has got to be migrating up structure into the Empire-Abo
Pool. It has got to be in communication or we wouldn't see
that kind of gas-oil ratio performance.

Also I would call to your attention that neither the engineering expert, Mr. Noell, nor the geological expert, Dr. Rehkemper, had made a reservoir limit study of the Cox zone in the Cox deviated well. Mr. Currens had made such a study. He presented that study to this Commission and it is unrefuted and uncontradicted in this record that that reservoir had a maximum under the Cox lease of two-and-a-half acres. I think very definitive proof of the limitations, the smallness of that reservoir is the fact that it was not productive in the randomly drilled Federal EA No. 1, it was not productive in that and according to Dr. Rehkemper's own testimony, it would have been found within the vertical limits. It is not productive. The maximum reservoir that he can have in that Cox zone under his lease is two-and-a-half

acres. The record is uncontroverted and unrefuted that with a reservoir that size, even with the most liberal estimate of original oil in place, he has produced all of his oil in place and the record stands unrefuted at this point that each barrel of oil that is being produced from that Cox deviated well is coming from the interest owners in the Empire-Abo Unit.

We urge this Commission to take action and ratify the order that was issued as a result of the Examiner Hearing and require Mr. Cox to do the right thing, comply with the order, if he can make a completion he can have his well. Thankyou.

MR. HINKLE: If the Commission please, I can't add much to what Guy Buell has already said but I think the Commission understands the facts of this case just as well as we do. There is no question but what it is in violation of correlative rights and drainage. As Guy has said, the evidence is clear and uncontradicted, this is a limited reservoir here, they have already produced much more oil than was in it.

Now, I think this case has reached a point where, while the Commission has this matter under consideration to make its final decision, that the allowable ought to be cut to a minimum during this period of time and in reaching the decision, if you do, that you ought to follow the recommendations

of Atlantic Richfield and order this well to be closed in, unless he wants to re-drill it in the area that was originally provided for in the order of the Commission.

MR. DAY: Of course, the Commission, I think, has knowledge of the fact that any cessation of production from this well would terminate the lease and we refer to the unit studies as far as production acreage goes underneath the Cox lease as far as any comments on Mr. Curren's testimony on it and we submit to the Commission that, one, that Mr. Cox did not willfully and intentionally violate the order of the Commission, we resolved that pretty well and that is in almost all of the earlier testimony that you have read. And, two, adjust correlative rights, if there are any there, to take into account the expertise of Dr. Rehkemper and the concurrence of Mr. Christianson that there is poor communication. We ask that an allowable be set for this well that will make it economical to produce it. Thank you.

MR. LUCERO: Mr. Day, you refer to two citations, or two cases, do you have the exact citation on them?

MR. DAY: I don't think I have. Let me see if I have them. I don't think I have the exact citation on these, no. On the first one it is the Oklahoma Supreme Court 1957 and the second one is the Texas Supreme Court 1964 and then the third one is -- well, there is a citation here, it's 1951 Oklahoma. It says 241 P2d 363. The appeal

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was dismissed by the Supreme Court 342 U.S. 938 and then there follows another one, 252 P2d 450, which I presume is the same case in 1953.

MR. RAMEY: Anything further in this case? Hearing is adjourned.

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## REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE

I, SIDNEY F. MORRISH, a Certified Shorthand Reporter, do hereby certify that the foregoing and attached Transcript of Hearing before the New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission was reported by me, and the same is a true and correct record of the said proceedings to the best of my knowledge, skill and ability.

Sidney F. Morrish, C.S.R.

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MR. BUELL: May it please the Commission, we have one witness for a very short direct testimony.

MR. RAMBY: All right.

MR. BUELL: We would like to call Mr. Currens and we will need from the Commission files, your copy of Amoco's Exhibit DN-Two that was presented January 21, 1976.

(THEREUPON, a discussion was held off the record.)

## DAN CURRENS

called as a witness, having been first duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

## DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. BUELL:

- Mr. Currens, Exhibit Number Two has been explained in the record of the January 21 portion of this hearing, but would you briefly, in order to orient all of us to this exhibit, briefly state what it shows?
- a. Amoco Exhibit DN-Two is a depiction of the fortyacre drilling unit on which the Cox EA Federal Deviated Hole
  No. 1 was drilled and according to the directional survey,
  completed. It shows the surface location of the EA Federal
  No. 1. It is shown by a line to the, a blue line coming out
  generaly to the west and then forking. On the south fork of

the line it showed the bottom-hole location of the original EA No. 1 that was drilled by Aztec.

- O That would be the randomly drilled No. 1?
- A. Yes, the old hole, the randomly drilled one and by the north fork of the blue line the bottom-hole location of the Deviated Cox Federal EA No. 1, based on the Eastman survey that is in the record of this hearing.
- Q I think the record is replete with testimony and exhibits and, in fact, just to your left and to our right, on Arco's Exhibit DN Number Three, the log of the Deviated Cox Well shows that it is completed in the approximately four feet of porosity in that well, is that correct?
  - A Yes, sir, the lower porosity shown on that log.
- Q All right, sir, in view of that have you made a study to determine what the reservoir limits of what I'm going to call the Cox zone for simplicity purposes, the reservoir limits of the Cox zone on the Cox Federal EA lease?
- A I've made a study and arrived at a maximum that it could be.
- All right, sir, let me ask you this: In making that study did you look at data obtained both by Artec drilling the originally randomly deviated No. 1 and also their drilling it deeper, as well as Mr. Cox's activities in the wellbore of randomly drilled No. 1?
  - A. Yes, sir.

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- Q What did that study reveal to you with whether or not in randomly drilled No. 1, the Cox zone was present or not?
- a In the randomly drilled No. 1, as has been discussed earlier today by Dr. Rehkemper, the logs that were run in the well did not go to the absolute total depth of the well.

  Initially, you will recall, the well was completed by Artec at a time that it had a total depth of sixty-two, ten, it was completed in perforations from sixty-one, twenty-eight to sixty-one fifty and that was in 1959. Subsequent to that time, in 1961, Artec squeezed those perforations and deepened the well to a depth of sixty-two, fifty-three and they tested a hundred percent water with a small volume of gas, according to the reports, from that open-hole section.
- Q But the well was never logged, as far as you know, or as far as any log you have seen, to a total depth of sixty-two, fifty-three?
  - A No, sir, not that I have seen.
- Q All right, sir, would you now discuss Mr. Cox's activities in the randomly drilled Federal EA No. 1?
- A As I understand, the work that he did, he reentered the well and made a completion attempt at an interval sixty-one, sixty-two to eighty and then made other completion attempts in the interval sixty-one, twenty-eight to fifty, sixty-one, sixty-two to eighty and subsequently drilled out to a total

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depth of sixty-two, fifty, just about the same, three feet short of what Aztec had drilled out to and that actually never made a well in any of this additional work in his reentry of No. 1.

- And to your knowledge, Mr. Cox never logged to the complete total depth of the well over sixty-two, fifty feet?
  - A Not that I know of, no, sir.
- Mhat may give some people a problem, Mr. Currens,

  I believe on Amoco's Exhibit DM-Two, which you are referring
  to now, the last shot point of the directional survey on
  randomly drilled Federal EA Number 1 is shown as sixty, fifty,
  is that observation correct?
  - A Yes.
- g So actually the directional survey run by Mr. Cox did not go all the way to the total depth of sixty-two, fifty or sixty-two, fifty-three?
- A No, it didn't. The well had been plugged back by that time, I believe it was in a temporarily abandoned status and there was a plug in the well.
- Q. Actually that point isn't too critical, is it, Mr. Currens?
  - A. No.
- Q I bring it up so that if someone looking at DN-Two saw the sixty, fifty as the last shot point on Mr. Cox's

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directional survey, they might get confused over the fact that the total depth of the well was really sixty-two, fifty-three.

- A That apparently was just as far as he could get with the directional survey and the plugs at the time.
- Q Let me ask you this: Looking at that portion of the directional survey down to sixty, fifty, could you assume for the additional two hundred feet that it would generally have deviated in the same direction the past shot points in the exhibit is?
- A Very likely it would have gone off in the same general direction as the last several shot points indicated.
- Q All right, sir, you heard Dr. Rehkemper's testimony with regard to his correlations?
  - A Yes, sir.
  - a And where he anticipated the Cox zone will fall?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- And the randomly drilled Federal RA No. 1, let me ask you whether or not this well penetrated that zone as identified by Dr. Rehkemper?
  - A Yes, sir, it did.
- 6 What did the test in the interval, in and around total depth or in and around the interval that Dr. Rehkemper revealed from the standpoint of productivity?
  - A One hundred percent water was the report by Artec in

1961 when they deepened to include that interval that he would have correlated to.

- Q Was Mr. Cox able to make a completion at any interval?
  - A No. sir.

- O In the randomly deviated Federal EA No. 17
- A No. not that I'm aware of.
- Q All right, sir, does that give you a clue as to the possible southern limits of the Cox zone under the Cox Federal EA lease?
  - A Yes, sir.
- Let me ask you this: You can't tell from the Exhibit Two, but relying on your knowledge and the orientation of the well, is the bottom hole of the randomly deviated Federal EA No. 1 about on a line between the deviated bottom-hole location and the Amoco Diamond Federal Well that we have mentioned and is shown on Arco's DM-Three to your left?
  - A Yes, roughly.
- All right, sir, based on your study and maybe it will help us get in perspective, in the upper northwest corner of our Exhibit DN-Two, what amount of surface screage are we looking at? I know within the red boundary we are looking at forty acres, but what are we looking at up there in that northwest corner?
  - A Well, in the northwest corner a square to the, with

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the surface location of the No. 1 as the corner of it, that
three hundred and thirty-one from the north line and three
hundred and thirty feet from the west line location, this
area in the extreme northwest corner, that would be a square
of those dimensions would be approximately two-and-a-half acres

All right, sir, let me ask you this: Based on your study of the completion attempts and the randomly deviated well over the interval that should contain the Cox zone, based on your evaluation of the performance and the production data from the deviated completion and that four feet of porosity, what, in your opinion, could be the maximum extent of the Cox zone under the Cox Federal EA lease?

A. I don't believe it could be more than two-and-a-half acres.

Q In your opinion, is a well that is producing with a water cut of eighty percent, would you normally expect that to be fairly close to the oil-water contact, the current oil-water contact?

- A Yes, sir, I would.
- And we know that the zone was not productive at the bottom-hole location of the random deviated Federal EA Well No. 1?
  - A. That is correct.
- And using these data you come up with your maximum reservoir extent under the Cox lease of the Cox zone of two-

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## and-a-half acres?

A. Yes, sir, I don't believe it could be any more than two-and-a-half acres.

Q Have you made a study to determine the amount of hydrocarbons that would be contained originally, originally in place, in this two-and-a-half acre Cox zone reservoir?

- A Yes, sir.
- Q. Would you state for the record what that is, please, and how you made that calculation?
- A Okay. Utilizing four feet of pay, six point four percent porosity, nine percent water saturation, without respect to the reservoir volume factor at all.
- 6 What is the importance of the reservoir volume factor in a determination of original oil in place, for some of us laymen, would you tell us?
- A. Well, the oil in a reservoir normaly contains dissolved gas and this does because, you know, it is producing with a ratio of eight or nine hundred cubic feet per barrel. Normally it contains the dissolved gas and as the well is produced, the oil is brought to the surface and put in a stock tank and the gas is separated from the oil and the stock tank oil, the amount of oil that gets in the stock tank is a smaller volume than the volume that it occupied in the reservoir under normal circumstances. You get fat oil in the reservoir and you get skinny oil on the surface.

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2	A It shrinks, yeah.
3	Q All right, sir, and you completely eliminated that
4	factor in making the determination of the original oil in
5	place?
6	A Yes, sir.
7	Q All right, sir, using the porosity figure that you
8	used and if memory serves me correctly, that is the average
9	porosity used in the unitization study?
10	λ. Yes, sir.
11	Q The water saturation, I believe, is identical to
12	the average water saturation that was used?
13	A Yes, sir.
14	Q What do you come up with?
15	A. I come up with one thousand eight hundred and eight
16	barrels per acre and on a two-and-a-half acre basis, that
17	would be forty-five hundred and twenty some odd barrels.
18	Q All right, sir, do you have any knowledge of the
19	cumulative production that Mr. Cox has obtained from his
20	Cox zone in the deviated well completion?
21	A I have the production figures supplied to the
22	Commission to January 1st, 1976.
23	Q And what was his total cumulative production?
24	A Four thousand and eight barrels.

Compared with what originally in place, not including

It would be fair then to say it shrinks?

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the reservoir volume factor?

A I didn't write it down, let me do it again. Forty-five, twenty, all right.

- Q All right. Now, we are almost through the month of February and Mr. Cox has been producing at an average rate of, say, thirty-five barrels or more a day, twenty-nine days in February, at the end of February he should have added another thousand to that cumulative, what would his cumulative be then?
- A Actually, two thousand is that cumulative because that cumulative was to January 1, so there is January production plus February production.
  - Q I misunderstood you.
- A So it would be about twenty-one hundred barrels more and if he produced thirty-five barrels a day for those sixty days, the cumulative production at the end of February would be six thousand, one hundred and eight barrels.
- Q Far in excess of the original oil in place under the Cox zone reservoir, under the Cox Federal EA lease?
  - A Yes, sir.
- Q If he has depleted all of the original cil in place, and no well ever recovers that much, under his lease, but let's assume that he has, where is the oil coming from that he is producing from this completion?
  - A From other properties in the area, from the unit.

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time, Mr. Currens?

Yes, sir.

No, sir.

Which would be the Empire-Abo unit?

Do you have anything else you care to add at this

You disagree with the unit engineering that Mr.

We are talking of two different points in time.

Christianson relies on of fourteen producing acres?

on the unit study, do you disagree with that?

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He relies

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- Q I realize that.
- A And, yes, I disagree with there being fourteen productive acres right now.
- Q And do you disagree with Arco's DN-Three, that the oil-water contact where it is, that the reef comes all of the way through the Amoco Well?
- A The original water-oil contact is what is depicted on that exhibit. I have not made a study of the original water-oil contact.
- you don't agree or disagree with Arco's DN-Three, is that your answer?
  - A That is correct.
- Do you agree or disagree that the reef is present in the Amoco well? By that I'm talking about the Amoco Diamond Federal No. 1 Well.
- A The Diamond Federal No. 1 Well appeared to have a reef section in it, yes, sir.
- And the fact that it is -- it is a fact, isn't it, that the Aztec well produced five thousand barrels of oil?
  - hat's my understanding, yes, sir.
  - Q From the Cox lease?
  - A Yes.

MR. DAY: I pass the witness.

MR. RAMEY: Any other questions of the witness? He may be excused.