NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION EXAMINER HEARING SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO

OCTOBER 15, 1992 -- 8:15 A.M.

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NAME	REPRESENTING	LOCATION
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1	NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION
2	STATE LAND OFFICE BUILDING
3	STATE OF NEW MEXICO
4	CASE NO. 10568
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6	IN THE MATTER OF:
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8	The Application of Mewbourne Oil
9	Company for an Unorthodox Infill Gas Well Location and Simultaneous
10	Dedication, Eddy County, New Mexico
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1 5	BEFORE:
16	DAVID R. CATANACH
17	Hearing Examiner
18	State Land Office Building
19	October 15, 1992
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2 1	
2 2	REPORTED BY:
2 3	CARLA DIANE RODRIGUEZ
2 4	Certified Shorthand Reporter for the State of New Mexico
2 5	

ORIGINAL

1	APPEARANCES
2	
3	FOR THE APPLICANT:
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5	THE HINKLE LAW FIRM
6	Post Office Box 2068
7	Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2068
8	BY: JAMES BRUCE, ESQ.
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EXAMINER CATANACH: Call the hearing to 1 order this morning for Docket No. 33-92. I'll go 2 ahead and call the continuances first. [Discussion off the record.] EXAMINER CATANACH: At this time we'll call Case 10568, the application of Mewbourne Oil 6 Company for an unorthodox infill gas well 7 location and simultaneous dedication, Eddy 8 County, New Mexico. Are there appearances in 9 this case? 10 MR. BRUCE: Mr. Examiner, Jim Bruce 11 from the Hinkle Law Firm in Santa Fe representing 12 the Applicant. I have three witnesses to be 13 14 sworn. EXAMINER CATANACH: 15 Are there any other 16 appearances? Will the three witnesses please 17 stand and be sworn in. 18 [The witnesses were duly sworn.] 19 D. PAUL HADEN, CPL 20 Having been first duly sworn upon his oath, was 21 examined and testified as follows: 22 EXAMINATION 23 BY MR. BRUCE: 24 Q. Would you please state your name and 25 city of residence.

My name is Paul Haden. I live in 1 Α. 2 Midland, Texas. And who are you employed by? By Mewbourne Oil Company as a petroleum Α. landman. Have you previously testified before the Division as a landman? Yes, I have. Α. And your credentials were accepted as a 9 Ο. matter of record? 10 11 Α. Yes, they were. Are you familiar with the land matters 12 Q. involved in this case? 13 14 Α. Yes, I am. MR. KELLAHIN: Mr. Examiner, is the 15 16 witness qualified? EXAMINER CATANACH: He is. 17 18 Q. Mr. Haden, briefly, what does Mewbourne seek in this case? 19 Mewbourne seeks permission to drill the 20 Α. 21 Chalk Bluff Federal No. 3 well in an unorthodox location 1980 feet from the south line and 990 22 feet from the east line of Section 1, Township 18 23 South, Range 27 East in Eddy County. 24

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Mewbourne seeks to drill the No. 3 well

to test the Morrow formation and to dedicate the well together with its existing Chalk Bluff
Federal No. 1 located in the southwest quarter of
Section 1, the south half of Section 1. The No.
1 well is currently producing from the Morrow.

- Q. Will Mewbourne's geologist testify as to the need for the unorthodox location?
 - A. Yes, he will.

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- Q. Referring to Exhibit 1, would you please summarize the reason for the requested simultaneous dedication?
- A. Exhibit No. 1 is a land plat of the area. Shaded in yellow is our proposed spacing unit. The red dot indicates a well location.

 Mewbourne seeks to drill its well in the southeast quarter in order to protect its correlative rights.
- Q. You already mentioned that Mewbourne has the Federal No. 1 well in the southwest quarter. Are there any other wells in Section 1?
- A. Yes, there is. Mewbourne also operates a Morrow well in the northwest quarter which is dedicated to the north half of that section.
- Q. Are there any other wells of interest in this immediate area?

- A. Yes. There is a well in Section 6 of Township 18 South, Range 28 East, which Mewbourne also operates. This well is dedicated to the west half of this section. It's located roughly 660 from the south and west lines of that section, which produces from the Morrow.
 - Q. Is that a good well?

- A. That is a very good well.
- Q. In short, you need the simultaneous dedication to protect the correlative rights of Section 1 from the drainage that may occur from Section 6?
- A. That's correct. The ownership in Section 6 in the west half is different than that in Section 1.
 - Q. Now, Section 1 is a federal section?
- 17 A. Yes, that's correct.
 - Q. Is Section 6 a state section?
- 19 A. Section 6 is a state tract.
 - Q. And there's also some difference in the ownership between working interest owners?
 - A. Yes, there is a vast difference in the working interest owners. As I said, Mewbourne operates the well in Section 6, which it has 100 percent, roughly, ownership. Mewbourne also has

1 100 percent ownership in Section 1. The royalty
2 ownership in Section 1 is different than that in
3 Section 6.

- Q. Let's move on to the notice. Would you refer to Exhibit 1(a) and identify that for the Examiner?
- A. Exhibit 1(a) is a listing of the offset owners offsetting our proposed well as to the Federal No. 3 well.
- Q. Were these parties notified of this application?
 - A. Yes, they were, by certified mail.
- Q. Is Exhibit 2 your notice, affidavit and the letters and return receipts?
- A. Right. That's what that evidence is.
- Q. Now, in the notice, there is a letter sent out to Chevron, although they weren't listed on Exhibit 1(a). What is the reason for that?
- A. The reason for that is, we had purchased Chevron's interest in the southwest quarter and southwest quarter of Section 2, and also the southeast quarter, southeast quarter of Section 2, all in Township 18 South, Range 27 East. We had recently purchased their interest.
 - Q. Finally, what is Exhibit 3?

1	A. Exhibit 3 is an AFE which is our
2	estimated well cost of our Chalk Bluff Federal
3	No. 3 well. Well cost is estimated at \$878,329
4	for a completed well. To casing point, it's
5	\$662,194.
6	Q. Is this just submitted as evidence of
7	the sums Mewbourne is willing to expend for this
8	project?
9	A. That's correct.
10	Q. In your opinion, is the granting of
11	this application in the interests of conservation
12	and the prevention of waste?
13	A. That's correct, also.
14	Q. Were Exhibits 1 through 3 prepared by
15	you or under your direction?
16	A. That's also correct.
17	MR. BRUCE: Mr. Examiner, at this time
18	I move the admission of Exhibits 1 through 3.
19	EXAMINER CATANACH: Exhibits 1 through
20	3 will be admitted as evidence.
21	MR. BRUCE: I have no further
22	questions.
23	EXAMINATION
24	BY EXAMINER CATANACH:

Q. Mr. Haden, the ownership status, you

said Section 1 was a federal lease?

A. Yes, sir.

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- Q. That is 100 percent working interest owned by Mewbourne?
 - A. That's right.
 - Q. Section 6 is a state lease?
- A. Yes, that's right.
- Q. And what is the working interest

 ownership in the west half of Section 6, working

 interest?
- Mewbourne has roughly 97 percent 11 Α. working interest ownership. Reed and Stevens 12 participates in this well with us as to the 13 balance. Section 1 does have some back-ins 14 When the well pays out, the owner, 15 involved. such as Amoco and ARCO, will participate as a 16 working interest owner. This also is correct in 17 Section 6, the various owners as to the west 18 19 half.
- Q. So both of them have backing interests?
- 21 A. Yes.
- Q. Do you propose to drill the infill well
 in order to protect Section 1 from the well in
 Section 6, is that correct?
- 25 A. Yes. To get our just amount of

- hydrocarbons out of Section 1, as Section 6 is
 draining it, our Chalk Bluff 6 State No. 1 well
 in Section 6 we think is draining over into
 Section 1, which our engineer will go into
 further. Those owners in the north half will
 benefit from the well in which we propose to
 drill in the southeast quarter as to royalty
 - Q. Has the state land office had anything to do with this application that you're filing?
 - A. Not that I know of.

ownership and a future back-in.

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- Q. They're not requiring you to drill an infill well?
 - A. No, sir, they're not. We feel that a well should be drilled in the southeast quarter to sufficiently drain the reservoir, as our No.

 1 well in the southwest quarter apparently is not draining the whole south half, as our engineer will show you later.
- Q. This is a non-prorated gas pool, correct?
- 22 A. That's correct.
 - Q. All the offset operators were notified of your application?
- 25 A. That's right.

- Has anybody received any kind of Q. 1 2 concern or objection from anybody? I have not received any sort of 3 objection whatsoever. In fact, ARCO, they've consented verbally and also Amoco. 5 As you can see, we are moving towards 6 ourselves. In other words, we're moving toward 7 our well located in Section 6. As set out on my Exhibit 1, ARCO is the operator of Section 7. 9 They operate two gas wells in that section. 10 Who operates in Section 12? 11 Q. That's us. We have our Federal "T" No. 12 Α. 13
 - A. That's us. We have our Federal "T" No. 1 well located in the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter which also is a Morrow well.

 It's dedicated to the north half of that section.

We also own the south half of Section
12 by virtue of purchasing Amoco's interest.

Q. So really, Mewbourne owns all the affected acreage except for Section 7?

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A. That's correct. And ARCO, the owner in Section 7, has not objected.

EXAMINER CATANACH: I have nothing

24 further. The witness may be excused.

MR. BRUCE: Call Mr. Harmon.

1 DEXTER L. HARMON 2 Having been first duly sworn upon his oath, was examined and testified as follows: 3 EXAMINATION BY MR. BRUCE: 5 6 Q. Would you please state your name and 7 city of residence? My name is Dexter Harmon. I live in 8 Α. Midland, Texas. Who are you employed by and in what 10 Q. capacity? 11 12 Α. I'm a District Geologist for Mewbourne 13 Oil Company. 14 Q. Have you previously testified before 15 the Division as a geologist? Yes, I have. 16 Α. 17 Were you recognized as an expert Q. 18 geologist at that time? 19 Α. Yes. Are you familiar with the geology 20 21 involved in this application? 22 Yes, I am. Α. MR. BRUCE: Mr. Examiner, I tender Mr. 23 24 Harmon as an expert geologist. 25 EXAMINER CATANACH: He is so

1 qualified.

- Q. Briefly, Mr. Harmon, what is the reason for the unorthodox location?
- A. Mewbourne Oil Company would like to drill an unorthodox Morrow location at 1990 from the south line and 990 from the east line of Section 1, 18 South, 27 East, Eddy County, New Mexico.

This will be the second Morrow well we have in the south half unit, the first one being the Chalk Bluff Federal No. 1 at 2250 from the west line and 790 feet from the south line. We would like to produce both these wells simultaneously.

- Q. By "simultaneously," you mean both produce the No. 1 well and the No. 3 well concurrently, is that correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. Would you please move on to Exhibit 4 and identify that for the Examiner?
- A. Exhibit No. 4 is a production map. All the Mewbourne wells have the cumulatives and daily rates up through July of 1992, and all the other wells on this map have the cumulatives and daily rates through May of 1992.

The map just shows wells that were drilled deeper than 7000 foot, and all the wells that penetrated the Morrow have a circle around them. The production is color-coded and the Morrow production is colored in orange.

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On this map we have the south half of Section 1 outlined in yellow. You can also see a cross-section that we'll get to later labeled J-J'.

The Mewbourne Oil Chalk Bluff Federal
No. 2 in the north half of Section 1 produced out
of the zone we call the yellow detrital, which
we'll see on the cross-section. It's a basal
Morrow detrital zone. It makes 17 million cubic
feet of gas before being recompleted to the Lower
Morrow orange sand recently.

- Q. And what is it currently producing in?
- A. Currently it has been recompleted to the Lower Morrow orange sand and it makes about a million eight a day.
 - Q. What about the Chalk Bluff No. 1?
- A. Chalk Bluff No. 1 is located in the south half of Section 1. It was perforated in the Lower Morrow orange and brown sand. Those sands alone make 171 million cubic feet of gas

and were producing at a rate of 83 Mcf a day when we recompleted to the Middle Morrow green sand. We have since combined all three of those Morrow sands and the well now makes 130 Mcf a day. It's a fairly tight pore well.

The Mewbourne Oil Company Federal "T"

No. 1 is located in the north half of Section

12. This well has made 273 million cubic feet of gas. It produces out of the Lower Morrow orange and brown sands, also, and its current rate is

131 Mcf a day. It is also a tight pore well.

Mewbourne operates the Chalk Bluff 6
State No. 1 in the west half of Section 6. This
is a very good Morrow well. It is producing out
of the Lower Morrow brown sand and has already
accumulated 216 million cubic feet of gas since
April, and it makes 2.1 million cubic feet of gas
a day out of just the Lower Morrow brown sand.

We feel a need to offset this well to protect the correlative rights in the southeast quarter of Section No. 1.

Both the ARCO wells in Section 7 are just perforated in the Lower Morrow orange sand and you can see their cum's and daily rates on the map.

- Q. Okay. Would you please move on to-before we move on to Exhibit 5, if I can summarize the reasons for the simultaneous dedication, then, Mr. Harmon, it's that the existing Chalk Bluff No. 1 is a poor producer, is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.

- Q. In Mewbourne's opinion it won't adequately drain the south half of Section 1?
- A. That's right. Our engineer will show the drainage calculations later.
- Q. Okay. Then why don't you move on to Exhibits 5 and 6 together and discuss their contents for the Examiner.
- A. Exhibit No. 5 is an isopach map of the gross Lower Morrow brown sand. I'll point out right now, and later when we get to the cross-section in a minute, that the brown sand sits below the orange sand in the Lower Morrow.

What we can see on this map is the Chalk Bluff Federal No. 2 in the north half of Section 1 has no brown sand at all. The sand is pinched out. The Chalk Bluff Federal No. 1 in the south half of Section 1 has three foot of brown sand in it.

As we saw on the production map, this is a tight pore well out of the Morrow. The Mewbourne Federal "T" No. 1 in the north half of Section 12 has a thick, brown sand in it. We have 20 foot of brown sand there, but this is not a very permeable part of this sand body. It's got poor productivity, as you can tell from the production map we've already presented.

What this map is showing is that we need to move away from the Federal "T" No. 1 and the Chalk Bluff Federal No. 1 into a better permeability part of this sand, and we need to move into a position to protect our correlative rights and get in a good spot to compete for the gas production in the Chalk Bluff 6 State No. 1.

We also need to stay as far away from the Chalk Bluff 1, 2 and the Federal "T" as we can, and stay away from the low permeability part of this sand. It's not very productive.

- Q. So, you would like to stay in the east side where the permeability seems better?
- A. That's correct. Exhibit No. 6 is a gross Lower Morrow sand isopach. What you can see on this map is that we've spotted this location between two good wells.

The Chalk Bluff Federal No. 2 has recently been recompleted and makes a million-eight a day. We have a good looking sand behind pipe in the Chalk Bluff 6 State No. 1 that we'll produce some day, so we have a northeast/southwest trend--excuse me, a northwest/southeast trend that this well is spotted in the heart of, and we just need to stay away from the tight, low perm Chalk Bluff Federal No. 1 and "T."

- Q. So, looking at Exhibits 5 and 6, the reason for the unorthodox location is not so much to get thicker sand, it's really driven by permeability?
- A. Yes, that's correct. The last thing I would like to point out at this time is that there are more Lower Morrow sands out here than the brown and orange that I've presented maps on. We produced what we call a yellow detrital in the Chalk Bluff Federal 2. It wasn't a very good producer. Currently we've added the Middle Morrow green sand to the Chalk Bluff Federal No.

 1. It hasn't been a good producer. That doesn't mean that we won't encounter another good Morrow producer just because of the nature of these

Morrow channels being thin, narrow, sinuous, discontinuous. We could run into another string zone if given the opportunity to drill another well.

- Q. Okay. Would you then move on to the cross-section, Exhibit 7, and discuss the wells in a little more detail.
- A. Exhibit No. 7 is cross-section J J', a stratigraphic cross-section hung on the Lower Morrow. We have the sands color-coded. The orange and brown and yellow in the Lower Morrow and the green in the Middle Morrow.

Each well has a resistivity log on the left, a density neutron porosity log in the middle, and our mud log with gas shows on the right side, except for the first one which is the Chalk Bluff 1. We didn't have a log there, so we've got a neutron log and a gas mud log.

We'll just start there on the left-hand side of this at J. These are logs of our Chalk Bluff Federal No. 2. We were producing in this zone we have colored yellow. We call it the yellow detrital. It's a basal Morrow detrital. We plugged that off and came up to the Lower Morrow orange sand, and that is a good producer.

It's currently making about a million-eight a day.

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Moving on to the next well on the cross-section, it's the Mewbourne Chalk Bluff Federal No. 1. We originally completed that in the Lower Morrow orange and brown sands. It was a poor producer and got down to less than 90 Mcf a day, so we put a temporary plug above that and recompleted in the Middle Morrow green sand. This is the best show we had in the Middle Morrow green in all the wells that we drilled, so we felt this was the place to try that sand. We've since pulled the plug between the two and produce it altogether, and it only makes 130 Mcf a day so we didn't add much to the production. Because of that we feel it's not economic to try this zone in the other well, since that was the well with the best porosity and show in that sand.

Moving on through the proposed location, we get to the Mewbourne Chalk Bluff 6 State No. 1. It is perforated in the Lower Morrow brown sand. We've stated this is a very good well. It makes over two million cubic feet of gas a day. You can see there's a nice thick Lower Morrow orange sand on the logs behind the

pipe that we can test some day.

The next well on the cross-section is the Mewbourne Federal "T" No. 1. You can see our perfs are in the Lower Morrow orange and brown sands. The brown sand is thick in this well but it has low permeability, and this well is not a good producer.

The last well on the cross-section is the ARCO well in Section 7, which is producing out of the Lower Morrow orange sand, as is the other ARCO well in Section 7.

- Q. Finally, Mr. Harmon, would you just briefly discuss Exhibits 8 and 9.
- A. Exhibit 8 is our daily report of the recompletion of the Chalk Bluff Federal No. 2. You can see on 9/10/92 that we plugged off the lower yellow detrital zone. On 9/12/92 we perforated the orange sand. On 9/13/92 we gave it an acid job. On 9/17/92 we gave it a frac job. And this is all at a cost of \$78,000. And then production of 10/11/92 was 20 barrels of oil a day, no water; 1,000,854 Mcf a day.

Exhibit No. 9 is our daily drilling completion report of the Chalk Bluff Federal No.

25 | 1. This is the recompletion to the Middle Morrow

green sand. We perfed it on 8/13/92, acidized it on 8/14, gave it another acid job on 8/22, frac'd it on 8/25. Did not get good results from that Middle Morrow green sand, so we pulled the plug and put all the zones together on 9/21.

You can see on 9/29 we spent \$117,100 on this recompletion and what we gained in production was about 50 Mcf a day out of that Middle Morrow green. It's not an economic recompletion so we won't be doing it in the future with other wells. On 9/30 we put the well on the compressor and it currently makes 133 Mcf a day.

- Q. Does Mewbourne feel that it's done all it can to the Chalk Bluff Federal No. 1 to make that a decent well?
- A. Yes, we've tried everything we can.
- Q. And it's still a pretty poor well?
- 19 A. Yes.

- Q. Mr. Harmon, were Exhibits 4 through 9 prepared by you or compiled under your direction?
 - A. Yes, they were.
- Q. In your opinion, is the granting of this application in the interests of conservation, the prevention of waste and the

protection of correlative rights? 1 2 Α. Yes, it is. MR. BRUCE: Mr. Examiner, at this time 3 I move the admission of Exhibits 4 through 9. EXAMINER CATANACH: Exhibits 4 through 9 will be admitted as evidence. 6 MR. BRUCE: I have no further 7 8 questions. EXAMINATION 9 BY EXAMINER CATANACH: 10 Mr. Harmon, in the proposed well, what 11 Q. 12 is the target formation or the target zone that you guys plan to produce? 13 We plan to produce the Lower Morrow 14 Α. 15 brown sand first. We also anticipate hitting the 16 Lower Morrow orange sand. It's not your intention to produce the 17 18 orange and the brown sand together? 19 Α. No, it's not. 20 At what time do you guys think you Q. 21 would attempt a completion in the orange sand? 22 Α. When we deplete the brown sand. Is it possible that you could not 23 encounter production from the brown sand? 24 25 It's always possible in the Morrow. Α.

What I'm getting at is, is it possible Q. 1 that you could be harming Section 6 by drilling 2 this well and producing it from the orange sand? 3 We own the well in Section 6 and we Α. could make it competitive. 5 Q. Now, the reason that the Chalk Bluff 6 Federal Well No. 1 is not a good producer in the 7 orange or the brown sand, you said the 8

permeability was considerably lower, is that

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correct?

- "T" No. 1. We have 20 foot of sand and it's not a very good well in the Lower Morrow brown. You can see the Lower Morrow orange sand in the Chalk Bluff Federal No. 1 and Federal "T" No. 1 is thin, probably, and also the Lower Morrow brown sand is thin on the Chalk Bluff Federal No. 1 also.
- Q. You've got 10 feet of sand in the Chalk Bluff Federal No. 1--10 feet of orange sand?
- A. With eight foot of porosity above eight percent.
- Q. What is the reason that you think that's not a good producer?
 - A. I think it's just thin and tight.

Q. Have you identified where the permeability transition zone may be in this area?

- A. No. I could tell you it's somewhere between the Chalk Bluff 6 State No. 1, and the Chalk Bluff Federal No. 1 and Federal "T" No. 1.
- Q. A standard location in the south half of Section 1, it appears, would still keep the well within the 30 foot or greater sand, in the brown sand. Is that your understanding, or that's the way you have it mapped?
- A. That's the way I have it mapped but that would also be moving towards the Chalk Bluff Federal No. 2 which has no Lower Morrow brown sand, and towards the Chalk Bluff Federal No. 1 which has a very thin brown sand. It is tight; would increase our risk.
- Q. Did you say there was no potential for Middle Morrow production at your proposed location?
- A. No, I didn't. I said, in the current wells that we drilled, we tried the best one and it wasn't any good. It doesn't mean it cannot be good somewhere else, but in the wells we've drilled so far, we don't think there's any further economic potential.

Do you know what the difference in the 0. 1 permeability is between the Chalk Bluff 6 State 2 No. 1 and the Chalk Bluff Federal No. 1? 3 No, I don't. Α. You've stated that it's considerably or 0. 5 it is higher in the Chalk Bluff 6 State No. 1? 6 Right, and I draw that conclusion from 7 Α. the way the well produces. 8 9 EXAMINER CATANACH: That's all I have of the witness. 10 ROBIN VASICEK 11 12 Having been first duly sworn upon his oath, was examined and testified as follows: 13 EXAMINATION 14 BY MR. BRUCE: 15 Would you please state your name for 16 Q. the record? 17 Robin Vasicek. Α. 18 19 Q. Where do you reside? Midland, Texas. 20 Α. 21 Q. Who do you work for and what is your 22 job? I work for Mewbourne Oil Company and 23 Α. 24 I'm a petroleum engineer.

Have you previously testified before

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Q.

the Division as an engineer? 1 2 Α. Yes, I have. Were your credentials accepted as a 3 matter of record? Yes, they were. Α. 5 Are you familiar with the engineering 6 Q. 7 matters related to and especially the reservoir matters related to this application? Yes, I am. 9 Α. MR. BRUCE: Mr. Examiner, is the 10 witness qualified? 11 **EXAMINER CATANACH:** He is. 12 Mr. Vasicek, would you please identify 13 0. Exhibits 10 and 11 for the Examiner? 14 Yes. Exhibit No. 10 is a drainage map 15 Α. of the brown sand with circles shown for the 16 areas that would be drained by those wells. 17 18 Exhibit No. 11 is the same thing for the orange sand. These were drawn on top of 19 20 previously submitted geological maps and they 21 will be helpful through the remainder of the 22 presentation. Okay. Would you please discuss your 23 Q. drainage calculations? And I think you have a 24

half a dozen exhibits on those, starting with

Exhibit 12. Would you please briefly go through those for the Examiner.

A. Yes. Exhibit No. 12 is a decline curve of the Federal "T" No. 1 located in Unit A of Section 12. It's showing that we have future reserves of 70 million cubic feet of gas remaining. This is from both the brown and the orange sand, and it should give the well an ultimate of 328 million cubic feet of gas.

Exhibit No. 13 are volumetric calculations associated with Federal "T" using standard volumetric equations, and it points out that an ultimate of 328 million cubic feet of gas should drain approximately 32 acres in that well. This is drainage from both the orange and the brown sand. That's a net height of 17 feet in the brown sand and six feet in the orange sand.

- Q. And this won't even drain the full northeast quarter of that section?
- A. No. No, this won't. Exhibit No. 14 is a decline curve of the Chalk Bluff Federal No. 1 located in Section 1, Unit N, 18-27, and it's showing that the well has future reserves of 69 million cubic feet of gas. Again, this is from

both the brown and the orange sand.

We have recently opened the green sand but we're not concerned about drainage in that sand. This should give ultimate production from the brown and the orange sand of 229 million cubic feet of gas.

Exhibit No. 15 are volumetric calculations for the Chalk Bluff Federal No. 1. This shows that the ultimate of 229 million cubic feet of gas should drain in 37 acres. This would be from both the orange and brown sand. That's three foot of brown sand and eight foot of orange sand.

Exhibit 16 is a decline curve for the Chalk Bluff 6 State No. 1 located in Section 6, Unit M, Township 18 South, Range 28 East. It shows that this well should have future remaining reserves of 1.1 Bcf. This is from the brown sand only. It would give the well an ultimate of 1.4 Bcf. At the time this decline curve was made we didn't have a lot of production and so we did a study of declines in the area and found they ranged from 35 to 60 percent. This well appears to be holding up similar to what some of the better wells have done, so we used a 48 percent

decline.

exhibit 17 are volumetric calculations on the Chalk Bluff 6 State No. 1, showing that 1.4 billion cubic feet of gas should drain 140 acres. I might state that this decline turns out to be a hyperbolic decline. We'll probably drain more reserves than that, and it might have a slightly larger drainage area. I would point out again, this is draining from the brown sand only, that's 11 feet of brown sand.

- Q. Referring back to Exhibit 10, then, could you discuss the drainage in a little more detail?
- A. Yes. Exhibit 10 is the brown sand drainage map, and I would like to point out that the Chalk Bluff 6 State No. 1 is a good well, a very good well, and it will eventually drain reserves underneath Section No. 1.

I would like to point out that the Chalk Bluff Federal No. 1 is not a very good well. It had a small drainage area and is not a good enough well to protect the correlative rights under the southeast quarter of Section No. 1. It's producing in the range of 100 to 150 Mcf a day and it's on a 60-percent decline, and it's

just not that good a well.

When we drilled the Chalk Bluff 6 State
No. 1, both the Chalk Bluff Federal No. 1 and the
Federal "T" No. 1 had been on production for
about a year-to-year and a half, and when we
drilled the Chalk Bluff 6 No. 1 we encountered
virgin pressure. This indicates to me that there
is no pressure transient and no drainage from the
two poorer wells in Section 6.

At current, this Chalk Bluff 6 State

No. 1 is a relatively new well. It was completed
in April, I believe, and it has not had time to
drain from Section No. 1. We feel it's not too
late to drill a well in the proposed location to
protect the rights under Section No. 1.

On this map there is a drainage circle around the proposed location, and this represents the well that would be similar to the Chalk Bluff 6 State No. 1. As you can see, we feel it would protect the correlative rights in the southeast quarter of Section 1.

I would like to point out that the wells over here, especially the two better wells, are going to drain from the highest areas of permeability and porosity. The Chalk Bluff

Federal No. 1 is a tight well and the Federal "T"

No. 1 is a tight well. That was discussed

earlier.

One of the reasons we know those wells were tight, when we ran our bottom hole pressure tests, at the end of 72 hours we still had the wells building up, and usually that's the indication that the wells have low permeability.

We feel that there's a northwest/southeast porosity/permeability trend through here or ridge through here, and that even though on the west flank you have adequate zone thickness, it's just tight in lower porosity, and that as you get to the east you cross a ridge and start getting into better permeability and better porosity.

We figure a well at the proposed location is the best location to encounter both the heart of the brown sand as well as the orange sand.

- Q. In your opinion, will drilling the Chalk Bluff No. 3 and producing it from the brown sand, will that effect ultimate recovery from the Chalk Bluff No. 1 well, the existing well?
 - A. The existing well is such a poor well,

it's not going to drain into the area that would be drained by a new well in the proposed location. I don't believe the new well in the proposed location, if it comes in similar to what the Chalk Bluff 6 State No. 1 came in, it will not drain into the lower permeability area where the Chalk Bluff Federal No. 1 is located.

- Q. Do you have anything further on Exhibit
- A. Well, I would like to point out that to obtain the reserves in the area where the Chalk Bluff Federal No. 1 is, that it's going to be necessary to produce that well. A well in the proposed location will not drain over in that area, and also the Chalk Bluff Federal No. 1 does have remaining reserves in the green sand that we would like to recover.
- Q. So you would like to produce both wells concurrently?
- A. Yes. This is the reason to produce both wells concurrently.

I would like to move on to Exhibit No.

11 and discuss the orange sand drainage map. We have recently completed the Chalk Bluff Federal

No. 2 in the orange sand. We don't really have

enough history to project reserves at this time, but we believe it will be sufficient to drain the north half of Section 1.

The Chalk Bluff 6 State No. 1 has good potential in this zone, as shown in the cross-section, and we would like to note that the proposed location is on a line directly between those two wells with respect to the orange sand.

We are petitioning for simultaneous dedication, and I would like to address that briefly. If a good well--if the Chalk Bluff 3 turns out to be a good well and it's at least as good as the Chalk Bluff 6 State 1, we would not want to risk damage by shutting it in.

In support of this I would like to introduce two excerpts from two published papers that point out some of the problems that are in the Morrow and that can cause damage from shutting the well in.

At this time I would like to introduce Exhibit No. 18. This is an SPE paper entitled, "Improved Stimulation Fluid for the Morrow Sand in Southeast New Mexico," written by Larry Foster and Bill Halepeska with Western Company. What I would like to point out is that this paper refers

to kaolinite find problems in the Morrow formation, and I would like to read an excerpt from the lower portion of this.

They had done some core analysis and they found that the amount of kaolinite present in these cores is somewhat more than normally encountered and might be considered as reason for some of the observed fluid sensitivity in the Morrow. "When contacted by aqueous fluids with which it is not in equilibrium, kaolinite is subject to particle disassociation. Subsequent movement of these fines can cause permeability damage." And that's what we would like to try to avoid by producing this simultaneously.

We do not have any x-ray diffraction reports from the wells in this area, but we did have some on the well drilled five miles south of us and it did report that there was a significant amount of kaolinite in the formation.

I would like to introduce Exhibit No.

19, which is also a paper referring to problems in the Morrow, a paper from the 1980 Southwest Petroleum Short Course entitled, "Clay Mineral Properties of Morrow Sandstone in Lea County, New Mexico, and Their Effect on Reservoir Cation

Exchange Capacity," by Dr. John Neasham.

He states that he's found an abundance of kaolinite in the Morrow, and that turbulent flow within the rock can cause fine movement and pore throat plugging. I would like to read a brief excerpt from his paper.

He says, "Kaolinite can impose production problems due to its loose attachment to sand grain surfaces within the pore system, causing it to potentially behave as a mobil "fines" particle during fluid flow through the pore system. Fluid turbulence within the rock pore system during production, particularly around the wellbore, can cause fine movement to the degree that existing pore throats become choked off with kaolinite fines and pore throat damage can be the result."

We believe that shutting a well in and turning it on, especially a good well--we don't see as much of an effect in poorer wells, but in a good well, turning it on and off again causes a disturbance in the formation. This disturbance can cause fines to be released, which would cause permeability plugging and create waste in the amount of reserves that would be left due to the

permeability damage. For this reason, we would like to continue production of a good well.

- Q. In your opinion, by drilling the proposed well and producing it, will there be any harm to the offset units?
- A. No. Nobody should be damaged due to continual production of the Chalk Bluff Federal No. 1. It will not have any effect on any of the other Morrow producers in the area or drain from any of the offset acreage.
- Q. How about economics? Could you discuss that.
- A. Well, yes. We have overhead costs associated with all of our producing wells.

 These costs cover pumpers and secretaries and accountants, and they're billed to each well each month, whether they produce or not.

From a cash flow standpoint, if we're forced to choose between a good well or a poor well, of course a good well is going to get more attention.

If the Chalk Bluff 3 turns out to be as good a well as the Chalk Bluff 6 State No. 1 did, we would not want to shut it in. If we were forced to alternate production, we would want to

give more production time, of course, to the better well. This could lead to premature plugging and economic reserves being left behind in the Chalk Bluff Federal No. 1.

The Chalk Bluff Federal No. 1 is a marginal producer. It currently nets somewhere less than a thousand dollars a month. So far we have a substantial investment in drilling and completing the well. We just purchased a compressor, so we're earnestly trying to recover as much reserves from that well as possible.

We've also completed to the green sand and we have costs to recover there. We admit the green sand didn't come on as expected, but there are reserves there that can be recovered. We do not anticipate recompleting any of the other wells in the green sands, so if this well was plugged, those reserves would be left behind.

- Q. What about time frame? If the Division does grant this application, would you like a fairly rapid approval?
- A. Yes. Well, there aren't many people out drilling Morrow wells. They're just not that economical. We're kind of seeing an improved gas price scenario at least through the winter

months. We currently have a rig running in this area. It's on a multi-well contract. And we would like to be able to include this well in that contract. Because of other drilling commitments, we would like to be able to move on this well in the next 30 days or so.

- Q. Were Exhibits 10 through 19 either prepared by you, under your direction, or compiled under your direction?
 - A. Yes, they were.

- Q. In your opinion, is the granting of this application in the interests of conservation, the prevention of waste and the protection of correlative rights?
 - A. Very much so.

MR. BRUCE: At this time, Mr. Examiner,
I move the admission of Exhibits 10 through 19.

EXAMINER CATANACH: Exhibits 10 through 19 will be admitted into evidence.

EXAMINATION

BY EXAMINER CATANACH:

Q. Mr. Vasicek, you mentioned that the Morrow formation may be damaged by some types of fluid. Could the Chalk Bluff Federal Well No. 1 have been damaged during the completion, in your

opinion?

- A. Judging from the pressure build-up on that well, we didn't see that much skin damage after the completion. I believe that our problem is just low permeability. We've done similar completions on other Morrow wells and had good results.
- Q. The same type of completion techniques were used on the 6 State No. 1?
 - A. Yes, they were.
- Q. You said that the 6 State No.1 encountered virgin reservoir pressure. Do you know what that was?
- A. Yes. That was 4,000 pounds.
- Q. Do you know what it was in the other two wells?
- A. On the other two wells, they were still building up. I have pressures here. The Federal "T" had a build-up of 3,653, but the next to the last pressure point taken was 3,644, so you can see it was still building considerably.

And the Chalk Bluff Federal No. 1 had a build-up of 3,249, but it's last point was 3,241, so you could see it was still building at the time we pulled the bottoms.

With regard to the completion techniques, all of the wells that we've drilled and completed in this area, the Chalk Bluff 2, the Chalk Bluff Federal No. 1, the Federal "T" and the Chalk Bluff 6 State No. 1, use the same completion technique. We've had very good success with those fluids.

- Q. Did you state that you thought the permeability transition zone trended northwest to southeast?
- A. Yes. It's a ridge. If you look on this orange map, it's a ridge that cuts this--or, on the broken sand, either one, it kind of cuts from the--
 - Q. Exhibit 10?

A. Exhibit 10 and 11. They both, you can see the porosity and the sand thickness trends from the northwest to the southeast, and we are finding our poorer wells are on the western side of that trend.

I would like to point out also, the Federal "T" No. 1 had 17 foot of net pay and the Chalk Bluff 6 State No. 1 only had 11 feet of net pay. The reason why the Chalk Bluff 6 State No. 1 is such a better well, it has better porosity.

Q. If the location for the 6 State well No. 1 is approved and you get a good well in the brown sand, in your opinion, do you think that would drain the area currently being drained by the Federal No. 1 well if you were forced to not be able to produce the No. 1 well?

- A. If we were forced to not produce the No. 1 well, I believe reserves would be left behind. The new well, which would be the Chalk Bluff 3, would not drain into that area of the reservoir.
- Q. And that's just based on assumptions at this point, because you don't have any actual--
- A. You never know what's going on down hole, but the drainage radius from the Chalk Bluff Federal No. 1 is 32 or 37 acres, and the new well would be around 140 acres. It's going to drain in the area of best porosity and permeability, and we see a porosity and permeability trend towards the west side of that or towards the east side of that ridge, rather than to the west side of that ridge.
- Q. These are small drainage areas. Is this typical for wells in the whole pool?
 - A. No. Usually the better wells--down in

Section 7, the ARCO State "BY" No. 1, we did
drainage calculations on it and it should drain
over a hundred acres.

The ARCO State "CG" No. 1 was a very good well and it should drain somewhere around 360, 370, 380 acres, somewhere around there. We kind of hope we finally have this figured out and that we can come up with some better producers.

- Q. Mr. Vasicek, whose correlative rights are you trying to protect with this application?
- A. We're trying to protect the correlative rights of the owners in the south half of Section 1.
 - Q. Who are Mewbourne Oil Company?
- A. It's Mewbourne Oil Company and associated royalty interests.
- Q. If the subject well in Section 1 is not drilled, won't Mewbourne recover most of that gas, anyway, from the well in Section 6?
- A. No. I believe there will be a lot of gas that will be left behind in the brown sand. It's true the Chalk Bluff 6 will recover reserves. They're going to recover some of the reserves in the south half of Section 1, but I don't believe they'll adequately drain that

1 | section.

And there is ownership difference between Section 1 and Section 6 with regard to the royalty interests.

- Q. Have you shut the Chalk Bluff Federal Well No. 1 in for any length of time?
- A. It was shut in for about a three-week period. They had some pipeline problems.
- Q. Did you experience any production reduction during that period of time?
- A. Prior to shutting the well in it was producing around 300 Mcf a day. After we shut the well in, it was shut in for three weeks and came back on for 700 Mcf for one day or two days and then dropped back down below 300 Mcf a day.

As far as production, I believe that's a tight well and that's not a great enough—if we get to the point of fine migration, I believe that's a tight well and it's not a good enough producer to cause a pressure disturbance in the reservoir.

If we encountered a good well, if we had done that to the Chalk Bluff 6 State No. 1 and had to continually do that to that well, we eventually could possibly have the problem. By

not shutting the well in, we're just trying to minimize the effects of what could occur.

- Q. Do these wells produce any water?
- A. No, these wells don't produce any water.
- Q. If you had to shut one of these wells in during any period of time, where would the damage occur from? What would the damage occur from?
- A. If we had to shut them in?

- Q. If you had to alternate producing these wells.
- A. If we had to alternate production in the two wells, I think we would have damage--if we encountered a good well, I think we would have a high possibility and high probability of fine migration and permeability plugging.

I also believe that the Chalk Bluff
Federal No. 1, because it's not as good an
economic producer, I don't believe it could
overcome the economic hardship of being shut in,
of the costs associated with it, and we would
eventually end up plugging it. That would leave
reserves behind in the south half of Section 1.

I would also like to point out that the

1	Chalk Bluff Federal No. 1 does have reserves in
2	the green sand that would be left behind if that
3	well was forced to be plugged.
4	Q. Is it possible that in the No. 3 well
5	you would attempt to complete both the brown and
6	the orange sands?
7	A. I feel that eventually our goal here is
8	the brown sand and the protection of rights. At
9	the time we came up and felt the reservoir was
10	draining the brown sand, I'm sure we'll
11	recomplete to the orange sand, and we'll probably
12	do the Chalk Bluff 6 State No. 1 at the same
13	time, also.
14	EXAMINER CATANACH: I believe that's
15	all I have.
16	MR. BRUCE: I don't have anything
17	further, Mr. Examiner.
18	EXAMINER CATANACH: Okay. There being
19	nothing further, Case 10568 be taken under
20	advisement.
21	(And the proceedings concluded.)
22	
23	I do hereby certify that the foregoing is
2 4	a complete record of the proceedings in the Examiner hearing as
25	heard by me on Ctober 15 1992.
	Oil Conservation Division

1	CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
2	
3	STATE OF NEW MEXICO)
4) ss. COUNTY OF SANTA FE)
5	
6	I, Carla Diane Rodriguez, Certified
7	Shorthand Reporter and Notary Public, HEREBY
8	CERTIFY that the foregoing transcript of
9	proceedings before the Oil Conservation Division
ιo	was reported by me; that I caused my notes to be
11	transcribed under my personal supervision; and
L 2	that the foregoing is a true and accurate record
13	of the proceedings.
L 4	I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a
15	relative or employee of any of the parties or
l 6	attorneys involved in this matter and that I have
1 7	no personal interest in the final disposition of
l 8	this matter.
19	WITNESS MY HAND AND SEAL November 2,
2 0	1992.
	1332.
21	
2 2	
23	Laka Giane Kodiguen
2 4	CARLA DIANE RODRIGUEZ, RPR / CSR No. 4

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