1	NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION			
2	STATE LAND OFFICE BUILDING			
3	STATE OF NEW MEXICO			
4	CASE NO. 10714			
5				
6	IN THE MATTER OF:			
7				
8	The Application of Gary-Williams			
9	Company for a Unit Agreement and for Special Operating Rules for Drilling			
10	and Producing Horizontal/High Angle Wellbores in the Rio Puerco-Mancos			
11	Oil Pool, Within Said Unit Area, Sandoval County, New Mexico.			
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15	BEFORE:			
16	DAVID R. CATANACH			
17	Hearing Examiner			
18	State Land Office Building			
19	May 20, 1993			
20	The state of the s			
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22	MAY 2 8 1993			
23	REPORTED BY:			
24	CARLA DIANE RODRIGUEZ Certified Court Reporter			
25	for the State of New Mexico			

ORIGINAL

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10	Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2068 BY: JAMES BRUCE, ESQ .
11	
12	ALSO PRESENT:
13	MR. MICHAEL E. STOGNER
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EXAMINER CATANACH: At this time we'll call Case 10714.

MR. STOVALL: Application of Gary-Williams Company for a unit agreement and for special operating rules for drilling and producing horizontal/high-angle wellbores in the Rio Puerco-Mancos Oil Pool, within said unit area, Sandoval County, New Mexico.

EXAMINER CATANACH: Are there appearances in this case?

MR. BRUCE: Mr. Examiner, Jim Bruce from the Hinkle Law Firm, representing the Applicant. I don't have any witnesses.

This case was heard four weeks ago and was continued until now, to take care of some matters, two matters in particular.

There was, in the proposed unit, one state tract which the Applicant hadn't obtained the proper paperwork on, and then there was a question about the lease status of a fee tract in the unit. There was only one state tract and one fee tract.

What I have for you today is marked Exhibit 10. After consulting with Mr. Stovall and Mr. Examiner, rather than bringing the land

witness down from Denver, what I'm submitting is an affidavit which, number one, shows in the unattached Exhibit C, the Commissioner of Public Lands has declined to commit that tract to the unit. And, therefore, the Applicant requests that that particular tract not be included in the unit. And that land is all of Section 36, 21 North, 4 West.

And then the one state tract is subject to the leases attached as Exhibits A and B to the affidavit, which shows that the fee tracts are indeed leased and they will be committed to the unit under the unitization clause of those leases.

MR. STOVALL: Mr. Examiner, I would like to point out, just so we understand clearly in the record, Exhibit 10 has an Exhibit B which has an Exhibit A, so that's all clear in there.

EXAMINER CATANACH: Okay.

MR. BRUCE: And the other thing was that Mr. Stogner had asked for proposed orders which I will submit early this afternoon on this case.

MR. STOVALL: Mr. Stogner indicates his approval with a thumbs up.

1	MR. BRUCE: And the only other thing I				
2	would point out is, whether these are approved or				
3	denied, we would like to know PDQ, because I				
4	submitted to Mr. Stovall some paperwork from the				
5	federal government which indicates that certain				
6	leases are expiring, which leads to the need to				
7	commence a well within the unit post haste.				
8	MR. STOVALL: There being no real				
9	official director here until Monday, is that soon				
10	enough, assuming you submit your proposed order?				
11	MR. BRUCE: Yes.				
12	EXAMINER CATANACH: Are we admitting				
13	Exhibit 10 into this				
1 4	MR. STOVALL: Yes, with Exhibit A which				
15	has Exhibit B attached to it.				
16	EXAMINER CATANACH: I'm so glad you				
17	clarified that, Mr. Stovall.				
18	Anything further, Mr. Bruce?				
19	MR. BRUCE: No, sir.				
20	EXAMINER CATANACH: There being nothing				
21	further, Case 10714 will be taken under				
22	advisement.				
23	(And the proceedings concluded.)				
24	I do hereby certify that the foregoing is				
2 5	the Examiner hearing of Case No. 10711				
	heard by me on May 20 1993.				
	Oil Conservation Division				

CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER

STATE OF NEW MEXICO)
) ss.
COUNTY OF SANTA FE)

I, Carla Diane Rodriguez, Certified

Court Reporter and Notary Public, HEREBY CERTIFY

that the foregoing transcript of proceedings

before the Oil Conservation Division was reported

by me; that I caused my notes to be transcribed

under my personal supervision; and that the

foregoing is a true and accurate record of the

proceedings.

I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative or employee of any of the parties or attorneys involved in this matter and that I have no personal interest in the final disposition of this matter.

WITNESS MY HAND AND SEAL May 21, 1993.

CARLA DIANE RODRIGUEZ, RPR

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

ENERGY, MINERALS AND NATURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT
OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

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IN THE MATTER OF THE HEARING)
CALLED BY THE OIL CONSERVATION)
DIVISION FOR THE PURPOSE OF)
CONSIDERING:) CAS

CASE NOS. 10714, 10715

APPLICATION OF GARY-WILLIAMS COMPANY

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REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

EXAMINER HEARING

BEFORE: Michael E. Stogner, Hearing Examiner

April 22, 1993

Santa Fe, New Mexico

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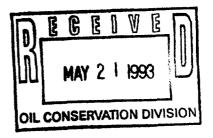
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This matter came on for hearing before the Oil Conservation Division on April 22, 1993, at the Oil Conservation Division Conference Room, State Land Office Building, 310 Old Santa Fe Trail, Santa Fe, New Mexico, before Deborah O'Bine, RPR, Certified Court Reporter No. 63, for the State of New Mexico.



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EXAMINER STOGNER: At this time I'll call 1 2 next case, No. 10714. MR. STOVALL: Application of Gary-Williams 3 Company for a unit agreement and special operating 4 rules for drilling and producing horizontal/high angle 5 wellbores in the Rio Puerco-Mancos Oil Pool, within 6 7 said unit area, Sandoval County, New Mexico. EXAMINER STOGNER: Call for appearances. 8 9 MR. BRUCE: Sorry about that, Mr. Examiner. MR. STOVALL: We did call Gary-Williams if 10 11 that's who you're here for, Mr. Bruce. MR. BRUCE: 12 Yes. EXAMINER STOGNER: Again, I'm calling for 13 appearances in the 10714. 14 MR. BRUCE: Mr. Examiner, Jim Bruce from 15 the Hinkle Law Firm in Santa Fe representing the 16 I have three witnesses to be sworn. 17 applicant. EXAMINER STOGNER: Are there any other 18 appearances in this matter? Will the witnesses please 19 stand at this time to be sworn? 20 21 (Witnesses sworn.) 22 EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Bruce? CRAIG AMBLER, 23

the witness herein, after having been first duly sworn

upon his oath, was examined and testified as follows:

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EXAMINATION

BY MR. BRUCE:

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- Q. Would you please state your full name for the record.
 - A. Craig Ambler.
 - Q. And where do you reside?
 - A. In Denver, Colorado.
 - Q. Who do you work for, and in what capacity?
- A. I work for Samuel Gary, Jr. & Associates, Inc., as a land manager.
- Q. And what is the relationship of Samuel Gary, Jr. & Associates to the Gary-Williams Company?
- A. We act as agent for their properties in New Mexico.
- Q. And are you familiar with the land matters involved in Case 10714?
 - A. Yes, I am.
- MR. BRUCE: Mr. Examiner, I forgot. With your permission, could we combine this first case with the next case on the docket, since they involve basically the same testimony?
- EXAMINER STOGNER: At this time I'll call

 Case 10715.
- MR. STOVALL: Application of Gary-Williams
 Company for two nonstandard oil proration units, an

unorthodox oil well location, a horizontal/high angle directional drilling pilot project, special operating rules therefor, and a special temporary oil allowable, Sandoval County, New Mexico. EXAMINER STOGNER: Other than Mr. Bruce, are there any other appearances in this matter?

assume, Mr. Bruce, that the same witnesses --

MR. BRUCE: The same three witnesses will testify.

EXAMINER STOGNER: With that, you may proceed.

- (BY MR. BRUCE) Mr. Ambler, are you also familiar with the land matters involved in Case 10715?
 - Α. Yes, I am.

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- MR. BRUCE: Mr. Examiner, at this time I tender Mr. Ambler -- excuse me.
- And you have testified before the Division as a landman, have you not?
- Yes, I have. A.
- MR. BRUCE: Mr. Examiner, I tender Mr. 20
- Ambler as an expert petroleum landman. 21
- 22 EXAMINER STOGNER: So qualified.
- 23 Q. (BY MR. BRUCE) Briefly, Mr. Ambler, what does Gary-Williams seek in Case 10714, the unit case? 24
 - Well, I guess we have broken them out into Α.

two separate cases, but, as a practical matter, we have proposed and submitted to the Bureau of Land Management our application for formation of what we call the Ceja Pelon unit area. And we have an exhibit, which is Exhibit 1, which gives the physical description of this and has a plat showing the lands that are involved in that unit.

The purpose of the unit that we applied for with the Bureau of Land Management is to develop the Mancos reserves that we see in this area through horizontal drilling. And because of the nature of horizontal wellbores and the long reach and distances that they go, we will be, probably through the history of this unit, crossing lease lines and having other irregular shape sized spacing areas. And because we are in a unit area, we'd like permission from the Commission to receive administrative approval to drill high angle wells within the unit area.

The application, I believe, is styled much like the San Isidro unit, which we formed here a couple years ago and caused several wells to be drilled in that area also.

- Q. And Case 10715 involves the initial horizontal well for the unit; is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.

If you would, could you identify Exhibit 1 Q. 1 2 for the examiner? Exhibit 1 is a land plat. Let me just open 3 it up. It shows the unit area. In relationship, the 4 San Isidro unit is located to the south, which we had 5 formed, like I said, I believe a couple of years ago. 6 7 And this is the next unit immediately north as you head into the basin area. 8 And what is the land ownership in the unit 9 Q. 10 area? The land ownership is predominantly Α. 11 12 federal. There is one fee tract and one state tract. And they are indicated on that plat? Q. 13 And they are indicated on the plat. 14 Α. The state represents 2.5 percent of the unit area, and the 15 patented fee represents .8 of 1 percent. 16 Q. And is Exhibit 2 just a description of the 17 18 lands contained in the unit? Yes. 19 Α. The advertisement said and our initial 20 0. calculation was 25,445 acres of lands. What is the 21 exact acreage that you have at this time? 22 23 Α. Yeah. We have some irregular lot shapes out there that we've had to go and factor. And the 24

area according to BLM patent records we believe is

24,975 acres.

- Q. There hasn't been a change in the legal description, has there?
 - A. No.
- Q. It's just the accurate acreage calculation. Has the BLM preliminarily approved the unit?
- A. Yes. I have Exhibit 3, which gives area and depth approval for the unit.
- Q. And what is the status of the commitment of the working interest to the unit?
- A. The procedure and guidelines that the BLM sets is that you make an application for area and depth approval. And upon receipt of approval, you submit united joinders to the respective owners that are described by the unit.

And we have verbally spoken with the owners in the unit and believe we have sufficient interest to have approval to have the unit validated. We have mailed out our joinders and are receiving them back in the mail. We do not have them all in. And we expect to have them in prior to commencement of our drilling operation.

- Q. What are Exhibits 4 and 5?
- A. Exhibit 4 is a copy of the Unit Agreement.

This is a standard form agreement on BLM form. It's been revised as of November of '92. This is the Unit Agreement that will be used and operative for operations within the Ceja Pelon Unit.

Attached to that is a schedule which shows the percentage of working interest and royalty interest ownership -- excuse me -- override ownership within the unit area.

- Q. And this is a voluntary unit, is it not?
- A. This is a voluntary unit.
- Q. And have you discussed the proposed horizontal drilling program with the BLM?
 - A. Yes, we have.

- Q. As to the initial well, you will have a geologist and engineer testifying, will you not?
 - A. Yes, we do.
- Q. But, briefly, what formation will be tested?
- A. What our intention is is to actually drill a pilot well down to the Semilla, which is the lowermost member of the Mancos formation. We are going to run what we call a mechanical properties log to identify the area that we want to kick off into.

 We'll come back uphole and kick off the well in the most prospective Mancos zone as identified by the

pilot log.

So the answer to your question is we're testing the Mancos.

- Q. And there is an unorthodox surface location for the well; is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And the location of the well, again, will be further discussed by the geologist and the engineer?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Why do you request, with respect to the initial well, Case 10715, what we may call an odd shape, unusual shape for the unit for that well?
- A. We are -- it would probably be best to talk about geologically why we're placing the well where we are again and maybe come back to that question. But, in summary, because of the plan of the wellbore that we've laid out to have a 660 setback and be able to comply with the 320-acre spacing for the Mancos in this area, that's the configuration that the map ends up looking like.
- Q. Okay. Now, the northeast quarter-northeast quarter of Section 28 is within the unit for the existing Taylor 28 No. 4 well; is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.

Q. And do you request that the unit for that well be changed to a 280-acre nonstandard unit? Yes, we do. Α. Would that affect any interest owners in the Taylor 28 well? No, it would not. Q. Why is that? The common ownership in the north half of Α. Section 28. All of Section 28 is in fact one federal lease, is it not? Α. Yes, it is. Now, with respect to special rules for Q. wells drilled to the Mancos, essentially what Gary-Williams is requesting are special operating rules that were approved for the San Isidro shallow unit? Yes, we are. Α. And there's one difference, isn't there? Q. Yes. Α. And could you explain that difference? Q. Α. Well, the difference has to do with the configuration of the -- what do we call them here --

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the basin unit outline.

Yes.

Q.

- A. And I believe in the San Isidro unit, we've held to standard 320-acre quarter section unit areas.

 And in this unit we're asking to stay with the 320-acre size but to draw the configuration that fits around the wellbore to maintain a 660 setback.
- Q. And initially, you request that these special operating rules apply only to wells drilled within or within a mile of the Rio Puerco-Mancos Oil Pool; is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.

- Q. Does that pool cover the entire proposed Ceja Pelon Unit?
 - A. No, it does not.
- Q. Let's go into a little bit of the history, Mr. Ambler. You mentioned the San Isidro Unit, and there have been several hearings on that before the Division and several wells have been drilled. Has Samuel Gary, Jr., or the Gary-Williams Company any other experience in drilling horizontal wells in this area?
- A. Yes. Of course, we're an active participant in the formation of the San Isidro Unit, and through our partner, Veteran Exploration, either caused to be drilled or actually participated in the drilling of, I believe we've drilled five wells so far

in the unit area. And we've also come before the Commission on an application outside the unit, which was the Orquidea well, which we did about last December or a year ago December, and we've drilled that well since then ourselves.

So, yeah, we've been in six horizontal wells out there.

- Q. Now, getting back to the unit configuration, if the Division would not approve the configuration of the initial well as drilled, do you have any other options that you would propose?
- A. Well, yeah. We want to leave the wellbore where it is. The other options we would be more than happy to consider, if they would like to square off the area so it's more rectangular and doesn't have open gaps, we'd be happy to do that.

And as an alternative, as we form subsequent units around wells, we would be happy to fill in the gaps and allocate acreage so that there are no gaps between wellbores with respect to drilling blocks.

Our Unit Operating Agreement, Unit

Agreement allows us to do this. The procedure under a
unit agreement of this type is you have a 640-acre

drilling block which you're allowed to propose to the

propose to the working interest owners, and the configuration of the drilling block can take whatever shape or form is reasonable as long as it's contiguous, and we can work within that 640-acre area and draw whatever outline makes sense.

- Q. So as an alternative, you would propose that there be no gaps between spacing and proration units?
- A. Right. Two options: one would be no gaps between the spacing and proration units; and the second would be, in particular on this first application on 10715, is that we include an extra 40 to make it a complete rectangle.
 - Q. Or a square?
 - A. Square, yeah.
- Q. Okay. The special operating rules which you propose, which are, as we said, like San Isidro shallow units, in your opinion, are those reasonable operating rules?
 - A. Yes.

- Q. And they've worked fairly well in the San Isidro Unit, have they not?
- A. Yes, they have. We've been able to drill,
 like I said, five wells out there. And I believe
 there's a company, Energy Development Corporation,

that has taken over the operation of that unit, and they intend to embark on what I understand is a nine-well program. We met with the BLM yesterday and we were informed that was their intention.

- Q. Now, do you have a deadline as far as commencing your first well?
- A. Yes, we do. We would like to commence by May 31. And the reason for that is we have expiring acreage in the unit area. And by commencing a well before that date, the acreage will be maintained.
- Q. With respect to Case 10715, which is for the initial well, was notice given to the offset operators -- excuse me. Before we do that, Exhibit 5, would you identify that for the examiner?
- A. Yes. Exhibit 5 is a copy of the Unit
 Operating Agreement, which is the operative document
 with respect to operations between the working
 interest owners and the unit area.
 - Q. And once again, this is a standard form?
 - A. Standard form.

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- Q. And it's similar to the one that was approved for the -- or that was maybe not approved but for the one that was put in place for the San Isidro Unit?
 - A. In fact, it's the same, yes.

Now, as to Case 10715, was notice given by Q. certified mail to the offset operators of the initial proposed well? Α. Yes, it was. And is Exhibit 6 your affidavit of notice Q. with respect to that case? Yes, it is. And was notice given to the working Q. interest owners within the unit of the unit application? Yes. A. And are those letters Exhibit 7? Q. Α. Yes. Mr. Ambler, in your opinion, is the Q. granting of this application in the interest of conservation and the prevention of waste? Α. Yes, it is. And were Exhibits 1 through 7 prepared by 0. you or under your direction and control? Yes, they were. MR. BRUCE: Mr. Examiner, I'd move the admission of Gary-Williams Exhibits 1 through 7. EXAMINER STOGNER: Exhibits 1 through 7 will be admitted into evidence at this time.

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EXAMINATION

BY EXAMINER STOGNER:

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Yes.

- Q. Is there like a preliminary approval from the State Land Office in this matter?
 - A. No, there's not.
 - Q. Have you set up a meeting with them?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. When do you propose that will be?
- A. We have set up a meeting, and I don't have an exact date, but we're trying to get in front of them in the next two weeks.
- Q. Now, the only piece of state acreage in looking at your Exhibit No. 1 is --
 - A. Section 36.
 - Q. What township and range?
- A. 21 North, 4 West.
- Q. Other than that, they have not been notified of this except for -- have they been notified of this unit at all?
- A. Yes, they've been notified of our unit.
- Q. You laugh. I'm sorry, was something funny?
- A. No. I'm just saying that's part of the process. You have to notify the state land board and the BLM.
 - Q. Well, part of the process, too, you should

have preliminary approval before you come here, and I'm trying to find out why you don't have preliminary approval before you're here today?

A. The state land board, it was unclear to us whether a hearing was going to be required since they only owned one section in the unit area. And apparently they have decided that, yes, in fact, they now do want a hearing, which will require us to come down here again for another hearing for the state land board.

EXAMINATION

BY MR. STOVALL:

- Q. A hearing before the state land board. You're talking about the state land board, you're talking about the Commissioner of Public Lands?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. When you say a hearing, what do you mean?
- A. Well, I'm not exactly sure. We've never had to do this before for having a state lease in a federal unit, but I presume it will be much like I'm doing here today.
- Q. This is normally the hearing that they
 have. They usually send out an approval letter ahead
 of time saying subject to approval of the Division.
 They don't conduct their own hearings on these that

I'm aware of?

- A. That's the confusion on my part. As far as I was aware, they've never required to have a separate hearing or a separate application, whatever the vernacular is, and apparently they want one; so we're intending to have one.
- Q. What is the extent of your conversations you have had with the State Land Office?
- A. That it is our intention to form the unit, to have one state tract that is in the unit, and that we have asked them to approve the unit with respect to the form of the unit agreement, the unit operating agreement that we are using.
- Q. But you haven't sat down then with them, in other words, with your geology and unit maps and explained to them what you're planning to do?
 - A. No, we have not.
- Q. When did you first contact the State Land Office?
- A. We contacted them shortly after we had our meeting with the BLM. We had our BLM meeting in April. So we had it about two weeks ago, I believe, three weeks ago, maybe. Excuse me, March 30 of '93, we had our BLM area and depth application meeting.
 - Q. And you didn't give the State Land Office

notice of this hearing; is that correct?

- A. Of this hearing here today?
- Q. Correct, yes.

- A. They knew we were having a hearing here today. I don't understand what you mean by --
- Q. I'm talking about formal notice. Did you give them any sort of notice?
 - A. A certified letter? No, we did not.

MR. BRUCE: If we could, to cure this, leave this matter open or continue it for the requisite period to --

MR. STOVALL: Well, yes, I think we've got a little bit of the cart in front of one of the horses. I recommend what we do is leave the record open and perhaps you go downstairs and visit with Mr. Prando or Ms. Bailey.

THE WITNESS: Okay.

MR. STOVALL: And familiarize yourself with what they are going to require and make sure you're talking on the same terms. You've talked about a hearing, and they don't normally conduct hearings.

THE WITNESS: Right. That's why we were

THE WITNESS: Right. That's why we were surprised.

MR. STOVALL: And make sure that they weren't -- whether or not they were referring to this

hearing or --

THE WITNESS: Maybe they were. I don't know.

MR. STOVALL: Maybe they're doing something that we're not aware of. Their tract is at the far end of the unit. I don't know how they're going to respond to it. They're going to have to look at the geology and make a determination, of course, but -- then if you could advise us after you've had at least a chance to have a preliminary discussion with them. I think leave the record open to do that and see where they -- what are they going to do, what is their request, what is their desire at this point.

The San Isidro Unit, as I remember, the working interest was pretty much -- well, it's kind of changed hands from time to time, or the operatorship of that has, but that was a pretty uniform working interest if I remember.

- Q. Is that correct, or is that incorrect?
- A. No, that would be incorrect. There was quite a diversity of ownership in the San Isidro Unit. I don't know the exact number of owners, but I would guess there were probably a dozen owners in that unit.
 - Q. Okay.

- A. The majority of ownership was initially the Gary-Williams Company, and that is also the case in the new Ceja Pelon Unit. In fact the ownership between the two units is very similar, the same parties, the same players are involved with maybe one or two exceptions.
- Q. I'm looking at the specific well over in the corner of the four sections there. I guess that's the application for 10715. Did I understand you correctly, there is a well in the east half of 28?
- A. In the west half, northwest-northwest of 28.
 - Q. What's the proration unit for that?
- A. Three hundred and twenty acres north half of 28.
 - Q. What you're proposing to do is withdraw the northeast-northeast from that and put it into this new well?
 - A. Yes.

- Q. And your testimony was that the ownership throughout the north half of 28 is uniform?
 - A. Yes, it is.
- Q. What kind of well is that? Is that a producing well? Commercial well?
 - A. Yes, it's a shut-in well. It's been shut

in for about five years.

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- Q. But if you take that 40-acre tract out of that well and put it in this well, the working interest owners in that well now get to pay for another well. I'm assuming it's shut in because it's not commercial?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And they could conceivably end up having to pay for two noncommercial wells; is that correct?
 - A. I don't understand the question.
- Q. I'm assuming that the owners paid for -obviously, they did since they own the entire north
 half -- paid for the well in Section 28; correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And now you take them out of the Section 28 proration unit, the north-half proration unit, put them in a new proration unit to a new well, and those owners get to pay for this well?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. If this well is successful, obviously, that may be to their benefit --
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. -- since they currently don't have a well that's returning any money on their investment?
 - A. That's right.

- Q. But if it's not successful, they will have paid for two wells to not produce from the same land area; is that correct?
 - A. Yes. That's always true.
- Q. I guess that raises a little bit of concern about taking them out of one proration unit, putting them in another, and letting them buy a second well to try again. Wherever there's a potential of reward, there's a potential of risk but -- who is that interest owner? Is that Gary-Williams?
 - A. Yes.

Q. I guess that alleviates a lot of the concern if Gary-Williams is willing to pay that price.

MR. BRUCE: Mr. Stovall, as one of our subsequent exhibits, we'll show the wellbore does actually traverse the small portion of Section 28.

MR. STOVALL: Well, I'm not so concerned about that. If it's Gary-Williams, the operator, who is doing that, then at least the party who's doing it has control over it and understands the risk. It's not being done to somebody else.

THE WITNESS: No, it's all Gary-Williams in those two sections.

MR. STOVALL: Okay. I think that will

probably alleviate some of that concern.

- Q. Which leases are expiring that you're concerned with with the May 31st expiration?
- A. We have a series of shut-in wells that are on the west side of the unit that the Department of Interior has withdrawn the approval to leave the wells shut in effective May 31. And we have to, in order to maintain those leases, either prove the commerciality of the area or plug out the wells.

And it would be our intention -- we believe, that historical vertical wells out here have been predominantly noncommercial, and we're trying to bring the application of horizontal drilling technology into this northern area to demonstrate that there is potential for commercial recovery of reserves.

If we're successful with this pilot well, then several of the shut-in wells are open hole completions with seven-inch casing, and they're candidates for actually going in those wellbores and directionally kicking them out and making them into horizontal wells.

So we don't want to plug a well with seven-inch casing down to the top of the Mancos if we can potentially use that and recover that resource at

a later time.

- Q. Your original statement was, and you followed up in response to my question, that there are some leases which essentially unless you drill another well or recomplete a well, those leases are going to expire?
 - A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. Because the BLM has made a determination that they're not capable of production in commercial quantities; is that -- or paying quantities; is that what their new definition is?
- A. The new Department of Interior Secretary has changed the rules, and they are no longer allowing shut-in status on wells, which has been the historic record for the last seven years.
- Q. We could get into a discussion about whether it's a change of rules or not. That's not particularly the issue. The question is, which leases are specifically affected by that?
- A. Oh, I can tell you that. Just hang on.

 The Taylor 28-4 well in the northwest-northwest of

 Section 28, which is affected by this application, is

 one of the wells that is holding that Section 28

 lease.
 - Q. Which is what, 29-169?

A. Yes, 29-169.

- Q. That looks like almost a three-section lease there; is that correct?
- A. That's correct. That would be the key lease that we're obviously interested in preserving. I can go through all the leases in the unit, if it would be helpful to you.
- Q. Well, I'm mostly interested in the ones -obviously, if you get the unit approved by the BLM and
 start the drilling, you hold all the leases in the
 unit; correct?
- A. You hold them until you establish commercial production.
- Q. Correct, okay. If you don't get the unit approved, you will still attempt to hold the leases by leasehold wells; is that correct? Let's assume that the BLM, for some reason, did not approve the unit.
- A. The BLM has approved the unit. The only way the unit would not come together is if we don't get sufficient joinders from the working interest owners in the unit.

I guess there's two different approvals.

There's an area and depth approval, which they've granted. And then there's a formalized approval when you submit all of your joinders from the working

interest owners.

- Q. Okay. Which leases would this proposed well hold, if you're successful in drilling that, assuming no unitization?
 - A. Assuming no unitization --
- Q. There appear to be three leases which are affected by this wellbore --
- A. We wouldn't drill a well without unitization.
- Q. You would not drill this well without unit approval?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. How soon do you expect that to happen then?
- A. Well, we have verbal indications already from the owners. We're the majority owner already; so it's not -- we expect it in the next few weeks, next two to three weeks.
- Q. In other words, our getting out an order in time to permit you to commence the well before May 31, it doesn't sound to me like it's the critical factor. It sounds to me like you've got to get your stuff together with the owners?
 - A. That's correct. We'd like to have both.
- Q. Well, you have to have ours, but often ours is the last piece of a puzzle to fit together. In

together. In this case, it doesn't sound like it is.

- A. Right. And you mentioned, in all fairness, that maybe the cart is ahead of the horse here, and we certainly recognize that we're moving rather rapidly, but we wanted to come before the Commission to give you plenty of time to examine what our intentions are. And I know that in the past, it has -- maybe somewhat unconventional, the horizontal drilling we've done out here, and we wanted to give enough lead time for everybody concerned to be able to look at it.
- Q. Yeah. I think, if there's several machinations, we got through the San Isidro Unit and came up with apparently some working rules. It sounds to me like there are some geological questions which will come up, but I think the land questions are as much of a -- but I don't think I've got any more at this time.

Oh, yeah. What's the status of the patent land? Have you got that, the fee land tract?

- A. Yeah. The fee land tract is currently unleased.
- Q. It is unleased? What is the status of discussion with the owners of those minerals?
- A. We've had no discussion with the owners of those minerals.

- When do you intend to do that? Q.
- Well, the land is available to lease to whomever or whatever party wants to acquire the lease. We have not acquired the lease at this time.
- Or the alternative is the fee owner could Q. join the unit?
 - Yes, that's correct.
- Become a working interest owner of the Q. unit?
- Yes, that's correct, he will be invited to 10 Α. join the unit.
 - But he has not been invited at this time? Ο.
 - He's part of the package of joinders that are sent out.
 - It was sent out? Q.
 - Α. Oh, yes.

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- He has been invited to join? For all Q. practical purposes, I mean that owner is the owner of all the minerals which includes working interest and the royalty interest however it might be agreed upon to allocate that?
 - That's correct. Α.
- 23 And you have had communication with that Q. 24 owner?
 - Α. No, I have not talked other than just to

mail the joinder.

- Q. I mean mailing the --
- A. Yes.
- Q. Did they get the notice letter? Are they one of the parties who received the notice letter?
- A. They're not theoretically -- I guess that they're not an operator of record on --
- Q. They sure as heck are. They own the minerals. What do you mean, they're not an operator? I mean, they're a working interest owner. There's nothing to operate, but they own the minerals. They darn right have a working interest.
- A. Is that defined as an operator in the unit?
- Q. Operator or working interest owner. Is it a developed tract? They have the right to operate. If there's no well -- I mean, you could get into semantics as to whether there's a well or not. They have a right to operate a well on that tract, do they not?

Mr. Bruce, I think we definitely need to continue this case and get notice to -- I think we need to review the notice thing. Certainly, the fee owner of the minerals has as much right as anybody to develop the minerals in his tract which he owns

outright. So he is a working interest owner and entitled to notice, not just somebody floating out there that happens to be in the way of a unit agreement. With that, I have no other questions.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Bruce?

MR. BRUCE: Just a couple of follow-up questions.

FURTHER EXAMINATION

BY MR. BRUCE:

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- Q. Mr. Ambler, this is a voluntary unit?
- 11 A. Yes, it is.
- Q. So anybody who doesn't join wouldn't be bound by the unit agreement?
- 14 A. That's correct.
- Q. Would you still request approval of the unit if the state tract and the fee tract did not join in?
- 18 A. Yes, we would.
- Q. And you mentioned -- well, the BLM recently sent many operators a letter, did it not, regarding the status of shut-in wells in this area?
- 22 A. Yes, they did.
 - Q. Was that fairly recently?
- 24 A. Yeah, March 10, '93.
 - Q. So that is prompting Gary-Williams together

with a number of operators to take action, is it not?

A. Yes, it is.

- Q. And probably on less notice than you would probably have preferred?
 - A. Yes, much less notice.

MR. BRUCE: I have nothing further with this witness, Mr. Examiner, but we don't have any problem with continuing the case in order to continue the discussions with the two landowners that Mr. Stovall referred to, if that is acceptable with the examiner.

EXAMINER STOGNER: To which date?

MR. STOVALL: You almost have to go to four weeks to give notice. I'm particularly concerned about that fee owner.

MR. BRUCE: No. I don't have any problem with that, Mr. Stovall. The problem, I guess -- the problem is, since it's voluntary, I really don't even know if notice of the unit is necessary as long as they ratify.

EXAMINER STOGNER: There's another factor, if I may. You're proposing special operating rules. Those rules are definitely going to affect the forming of these oddball proration units, if you will. That's what makes this very unique, very different, also.

MR. BRUCE: If we can continue it to May 2 20th, that's fine.

EXAMINER STOGNER: How this is developed is necessarily going to affect those parties.

MR. STOVALL: Just a general question, Mr. Ambler. Has your primary land experience been working with federal lands?

THE WITNESS: Yes.

MR. STOVALL: And, incidentally, I mean, just for information, I understand what you're saying about the federal land. Would you mind providing me with a copy of the BLM letter to you regarding those wells?

THE WITNESS: Yeah, I have it right here.

MR. STOVALL: As I say, it really isn't because of this case so much as it is to give us a chance to be aware of a shift in the application of regulations by the new administration.

MR. BRUCE: We'll make a copy of it and submit it to you today.

MR. STOVALL: Yeah. It doesn't have to be part of the record. I'm just asking for it for my own informational purposes. That part doesn't particularly concern me. I understand what's going on

25 there.

THE WITNESS: We're moving as quickly as we can. It affects, in our instance, a dozen leases, and most of them are included in this unit. It was burdensome for us to have to move that quickly, but we're willing to do it and risk the capital to do it.

MR. STOVALL: My big concern at this point is the state and the fee tracts.

THE WITNESS: Maybe it's not appropriate for me to ask a question.

MR. BRUCE: No. And, Mr. Stovall, I was informed by Energy Development Corporation that they received the same letter.

MR. STOVALL: Again, I understand what the situation is with the BLM tracts, and I'm not -- don't interpret any of the questions as being critical of Gary-Williams' response to whatever the BLM has done.

I'm not aware of -- I understand enough about federal leasing to know kind of what the rules are, and I understand enough about politics to know that there may be some changes in how those rules are interpreted and applied. That's more of an interest question. I'm not specifically concerned about how Williams has dealt with that. I think that's a reasonable response to that.

As I say, my greatest concern, obviously,

37 is with that fee tract because that person does have an interest and is entitled to every bit of the protection of every other tract owner. EXAMINER STOGNER: Are there any other questions of this witness at this time? There might perhaps be some once we hear the geological and technical witnesses. You may proceed, Mr. Bruce. MR. BRUCE: Okay. MR. BRUCE: Before I begin, Mr. Examiner, just for your convenience, I'll give you a set of the San Isidro Unit pool rules. DAVID MASSE, the witness herein, after having been first duly sworn upon his oath, was examined and testified as follows: EXAMINATION BY MR. BRUCE: Q. Would you please state your name and city of residence for the record. David Masse, Boulder, Colorado. Who do you work for and in what capacity? Q. I work for Samuel Gary, Jr. & Associates, Α.

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Inc., and I'm a geologist.

Division as a geologist?

Q.

Have you previously testified before the

A. No, I have not.

- Q. Would you please outline your educational and work background?
- A. I attended the University of Calgary,
 Alberta. I graduated in May of 1982 with a Bachelor
 of Science Degree. After that, I went to work for a
 company called Warpet Exploration in Denver, Colorado,
 and I remained with the company for approximately
 three years, at which time I was self-employed, doing
 predominantly well site work as well as some contract
 positions, both in Colorado and in Alberta.

After that I was an employee of Bird Oil Corporation in Denver, Colorado, up till the close of 1991. And since that time, I've been employed by Samuel Gary, Jr. & Associates.

- Q. And your bachelor's degree was in geology?
- A. Yes, it was.
- Q. Does your area of responsibility at Gary-Williams or at Sam Gary, Jr., include this area of New Mexico?
 - A. Yes, it does.
- Q. Are you familiar with the geological matters involved in the formation of this unit and in the drilling of the initial test well?
 - A. Yes, I am.

MR. BRUCE: Mr. Examiner, I tender the witness as an expert geologist.

EXAMINER STOGNER: He is.

- Q. (BY MR. BRUCE) Would you please identify Exhibits 8 and 8A for the examiner and inform the examiner of their contents.
- A. Exhibit 8 is a large map at a scale of 1:25,000 that shows the entire unit area. It also shows the unit area to the south of the San Isidro Unit, as well as two smaller units to the east, the Cuba Mesa Unit and the Tosino Unit.

Within the Ceja Pelon Unit, it shows several things. There are very dark lines on the map that represent basement faults. These are the widest solid lines in the map, and there are triangle teeth on one side of that that represents the upthrown side of a fault at basement level.

There is a smaller set of contours that represent the structure at what's referred to as the Galob B sandstone, which is basically in the middle of the lower Mancos formation.

There are also very fine lines on the map that represent the second derivative of that structure of the Galob B.

Exhibit 8A is a smaller scale color version

-- I'm sorry, the same scale but a smaller sized color version representing the same thing. It also has the proposed location and the nearby wells on it.

- Q. Could you expand upon what you're trying to do, how you're trying to drill these wells, and your experience with the Orquidea well, which I believe was in Section 4, 20 North, 2 West?
- A. That's correct. The lower Mancos formation has been draped over the basement fault in such a way that there are two flexural zones, one which would be concave down, which would be on the upthrown side of the deeper fault, and one which would be concave up on the downthrown side of the basement fault.

These areas represent places where the lower Mancos formation has been fractured by virtue of having been flexed over this deeper structural feature.

- Q. Okay. Can you tell us about what happened at the Orquidea well, or would that be better for the next witness to testify about that?
 - A. Geologically, I can talk about it.
 - Q. Yes. Why don't you?
- A. The Orquidea well, we tested a similar flexure. It's also shown on the map in Section 4, Township 20 North, Range 2 West. It's shown on

Exhibit 8 rather than 8A.

We drilled the Orquidea well about 500 feet south of the Johnson 4-14 well. Our position for that well, for the Orquidea well, was aided by having the Johnson 4-14 well located. We could use it as a pilot hole in that it would give us a control point for which we could aim toward with the high angle Orquidea well.

We drilled down to the upper Mancos, set pipe, and then kicked off and drilled past the 4-14 well, becoming horizontal just about at the time we passed the 4-14 well in the target that we had selected from a log sweep that I had run in the 4-14 well to help identify a target zone.

We entered the zone, and the zone was 10 feet thick, and we were able to stay in the zone for approximately 775 feet before we encountered a shallow fault, shallow being within the Mancos formation as opposed to the deeper basement fault.

At that point we had to sidetrack the well in order to go down to encounter the same target in the downthrown position. It took us approximately 1,000 feet of drilling in order to do so, and we encountered the target zone and drilled it for another 200 feet before deciding to sidetrack again and test

another potential target approximately 100 feet deeper within what's termed the Galob B zone which this map is on.

We stayed in that -- we went back to the original curved portion and sidetracked down into the B zone, encountered it, I believe approximately 100 feet to the north of the surface location and stayed in the zone for approximately 260 feet before we finished the well.

- Q. There's also some seismic lines on this map. Has that been important in choosing the location for the initial well within the unit?
- A. Yes. They have been very important. The fault that we encountered in the Orquidea well, the location that we encountered it at was somewhat unexpected. We have mapped the fault on the seismic line that is shown there, line LENC 10, but we encountered it in the wellbore in a different position than we had projected from the seismic line. For that reason, the proposed well for the Ceja Pelon Unit, we feel it's vital that we drill right along the seismic line so that we won't encounter similar surprises and end up drilling at a zone for what could have been 1,000 feet.
 - Q. And substantially raising the cost of the

well?

- A. Substantially.
- Q. And so looking at Exhibit 8A, you want to remain along the seismic line LENC 13 for the drilling of the initial well; is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And ideally you remain more or less perpendicular to the underlying basement fault?
- A. The orientation of line LENC 13 is roughly perpendicular to the structural features we have to test. For that reason, it seems equally prudent that we would stay on that exact azimuth as we had proposed in order to get the most data that we can get and benefit from the position of the seismic line.
- Q. And so the shape of the well unit for the initial proposed well is really dictated by your geology more than anything else?
- A. Yes. I drew the proposed location and the proposed well path based on the position of the seismic line, and it is the strongest flexural feature associated with this basement fault in the unit area, and the spacing unit was drawn around the well path that I have selected.
- Q. So this location is optimum based upon your seismic and based upon your experience with the

Orquidea well?

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- A. That's correct.
- Q. And based upon your exhibits, there are potentially a number of other horizontal well locations within the proposed unit, are there not?
- A. Yes, there are. We, depending on the results of this proposed well, the 27-4 well, we would like to continue developing the unit by drilling wells sequentially along this basement flexure, gathering data as we progress, from side to side.
- Q. And were Exhibits 8 and 8A prepared by you or under your direction?
 - A. Yes, they were.
- Q. And, in your opinion, is the granting of these two applications in the interest of conservation and the prevention of waste?
- A. Yes, it is.
- MR. BRUCE: Mr. Examiner, I move the admission of Exhibits 8 and 8A.
- EXAMINER STOGNER: Exhibits 8 and 8A will be admitted into evidence.
- 22 EXAMINATION
- 23 BY EXAMINER STOGNER:
- Q. (BY EXAMINER STOGNER) In referring to
 Exhibit No. 8A, let's take a look at your structures

that you have marked in pink. And I'm assuming that -- well, exactly what are they?

A. Shown in pink and then orange and yellow, the pink represents the areas of maximum flexure. The units used in these contours, it's a second derivative value, and each number, for instance, with the pink contour. Represents 8 times 2 times 10 to the minus 6 per foot. It's a derivative value.

It represents a tighter flexure than does the orange or the yellow, but based on a qualitative understanding of the fractures present in the rocks in the area, I've identified the areas in yellow, orange, and pink as being particularly prospective for fractured reservoirs. The pink areas would be more prospective than would be the yellow areas, and the white areas would be less prospective still at this.

- Q. You show a smaller one, when I look at the proposed proration unit, a smaller one to the north end, and then you have the main one, which essentially covers the main portion of the proposed proration unit. You did not propose to probe that smaller pinkshaded area with this horizontal wedge?
- A. No, I didn't. The one that we're going to be testing with this location represents the flexure that is concave down, that is being on the upthrown

side of the basement fault. The one to the north is concave up where the flexure has died out and you've gone back to just the regional situation.

The path of the proposed location, the path of the wellbore represents approximately 2,100 feet. It's my feeling that after you've gone 2,100 feet in a horizontal wellbore, you'd lose the ability to steer the wellbore, and your costs rise dramatically, while the return for staying in zone and being able to evaluate what you're doing has diminished to the point that I think that that would be best evaluated by a different well.

- Q. In looking at your main body that you're trying to go through then, it appears to be -- it appears -- you appear to be off center in going or projecting your horizontal well through this area of high flexure. Wouldn't it be easier, or could you maybe maximize your ability to hit that if you moved back up to the north and east or east-northeast and hit it perpendicular toward the middle part of the body?
- A. I don't know at this time because I don't have a seismic line right there. I feel it's much more important to evaluate the data that went into producing this map, which is primarily the seismic

data, and then the areas in between the seismic lines have been extrapolated from that data. So the possibility of error is greater off the seismic control than on it.

MR. STOVALL: In other words, you think you're going to hit the flexure that you're talking about with the line you're on, and that pink area could be as much shifted to the left as it is to the right? Is that kind of what you're saying when you say extrapolated? Conceivably, it could be, but you know what it is with the seismic line; is that a point?

equal, you will have a flexure similar to the one that we propose testing all along the length of the basement fault. However, we only have quality data that I am using to position this well at this particular location that shows the amount of flexuring in the lower Mancos that I think will be prospective.

- Q. (BY EXAMINER STOGNER) Also, you would be, I'm assuming, from what you're telling me, get your horizontal well data, whether it be core or cuttings or whatever the case may be, to prove up what you're trying to show on the seismic line?
 - A. Oh, yes, very much so. There's several

ways that you can interpret seismic data. One of them in particular would be the seismic inversion process where you would do modeling that would reflect the interval velocities of the various horizons that I think are perspective. And changes in the velocities of those intervals are often indicative of fracturing.

It's difficult to evaluate it pragmatically without having the well data itself to decide how many fractures were found, the extent of the fracturing, the density of the fractures, and the width of the target. These all figure prominently in any further exploration with shooting more seismic data and the processing of said data.

- Q. Has this proving of seismic data with horizontal wells been done prior, down in your San Isidro Unit?
- A. No, unfortunately, it has not. None of the wells have been drilled exactly on a seismic line, and we are seeing variations on the seismic lines that are much smaller than we would expect to have encountered with the wells where they went off control.

If you have an anomaly on a seismic line, it's not an extensive anomaly. It would commonly

extend for less than 600 feet. And in all cases, the horizontal wells have gone further than 600 feet off the seismic control.

- Q. And in looking at your large exhibit, I'm looking through LENC 7 and LENC 8, what appears you have San Isidro 12-10 and is that Renegade 1?
- A. Yes, sir. They came very close, although the results of the No. 1 Renegade well were rather poor, the results of the San Isidro 12-10, that well was drilled by Veteran Exploration as operator, and I was not party to any processing they would have done on seismic line LENC 8.
- Q. Now, when I look at the seismic lines shown here, when I look at LENC 8 and LENC 9, was the data obtained from those two different than the LENC 13, were they essentially the same, or were there some other differences, perhaps?
- A. The data is primarily the same. Any differences would be topographic differences instead of velocity corrections for the datum elevations.
- Q. Do you know if proving up a seismic information through a horizontal well has been done anywhere else in the country that you know of?
- A. I do not know of any specific examples, although I know of several people who have used an

inversion process as a method of positioning their wells. The substance of the other horizontal plays throughout the rest of the country is somewhat different than this one, given the depth of the rocks involved and the quality of the rocks involved.

- Q. Were you the one that determined which seismic lines were run and where?
 - A. No, I was not.
- Q. So you really have no idea -- I'm talking more of the north- and south-trending seismic lines, why they were situated as they were throughout this area?
- A. No, I don't. I would assume that they were shot, as is rather conventional in the history, that they would be both at some angle that would approximate parallel to the strike of the formation and then perpendicular to the strike of the formation or parallel to the dip of the formation. That's the general pattern.

EXAMINATION

BY MR. STOVALL:

- Q. How familiar are you with the operations, the geologic decision making that occurred in the San Isidro Unit?
 - A. I was not with Samuel Gary & Associates

when the San Isidro Unit was formed, nor have I operated or been party to any wells that have been drilled within the unit since my employ.

- Q. Have you had any discussion with anybody who was?
- A. Yes, I have. I've had extensive discussions with a gentleman named Tracy Chancellor, who was the geologist who worked for Veteran when the horizontal wells were drilled.

MR. BRUCE: And he testified at those hearings.

MR. STOVALL: Right. And I'm asking these questions mostly to find out what your background is because the question wouldn't make sense if you didn't have that.

- Q. My recollection of those San Isidro geologic analyses was that you tried to kind of drill across that fault or right near that basement fault?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. Is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And it appears to me that now what you're saying is you actually want to be a little offset from the fault and try to get more into the flexure which is the result of the faulting rather than the faulting

itself? Is that a fair analysis or comparison of the two programs?

A. That's correct. It's kind of a subtle distinction. Without the basement fault, there would be no flexuring. So the two are intimately related. Where the actual flexure is located depends on several things when it comes to the position of the fault or the flexure's position with respect to the fault. It would be dependent on how shallow the basement fault has come. It would depend on the amount of throw on the basement fault, be it -- if it was very large, you would expect a much broader flexural area. If it was small, you would expect a much narrower flexural area.

This just happens to be, in this particular location on line LENC 13, the configuration of the flexures in the Mancos as they were draped over the basement faulted area.

FURTHER EXAMINATION

BY EXAMINER STOGNER.

- Q. Once the horizontal well is drilled, what type of geological data -- is it going to be cored?
- A. No, it is not.
 - Q. But it will be logged, I assume?
 - A. Yes. I've been working on the logging

program. We'll be running a dual induction lateral log, spontaneous potential log, a gamma ray log, a digital sonic log, which is -- just collects a lot more data than does a conventional sonic log. And I'll also be running a conventional microscanner log in the vertical pilot hole. I have no plans of logging the horizontal portion with wire line logs, although we will be using a Geo Services gamma ray measurement well drilling tool while we are drilling it.

- Q. Is Gary-Williams proposing, once this horizontal well gets kicked off and starts going horizontal or the direction, what type of deviation would be tolerated off that seismic line?
- A. I have not discussed this specifically with our engineer. We are typically working with, I believe it's a 3 percent error. I would not want to get farther than 100 feet from the line.

Actually, I should restate that, 200 to 250 feet would be about the limit that I would be comfortable with.

- Q. When the well is being drilled, do you have the authority to change the direction if you see that it's going off?
 - A. Yes, I do.

- Q. For the scientific data collected, you're very interested in keeping this wellbore as much along the seismic line as possible?
- A. At this point for being the first test of this concept within the unit in the Ceja Pelon Unit that we've proposed, I think it's absolutely imperative.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Any other questions of this witness?

FURTHER EXAMINATION

BY MR. STOVALL:

- Q. Yes, just one in terms of the rule under -Rule 3 of the San Isidro Unit provides that wells be
 located no nearer than 660 feet to the outer boundary
 of the spacing proration unit and 1800 feet to any
 other well outside the unit completed or drilling in
 the pool. Do you have an opinion as to whether that's
 a reasonable distance to require that horizontal
 wellbore to be from the proration unit? If you think
 that's the engineer's question, let me know, but it's
 -- from a geologic standpoint?
- A. For this proposed well in this proposed unit, it would be inappropriate. I don't have an opinion for all the other areas.
 - Q. It would be appropriate did you say?

A. Inappropriate.

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- Q. Inappropriate?
- A. That's right.
- Q. In other words, you make it closer to the edge of the proration unit; is that what you're saying?
- A. Oh I'm sorry, I misunderstood you, with 320-acre spacing?
- Q. I'm talking about the distance of the wellbore from the edge of the proration unit, whatever size the proration unit may be?
- A. Oh, no.
- Q. The San Isidro rules require the wells to be 660 feet from the proration unit boundary. Is that a reasonable distance?
- A. That seems reasonable to me. I have no reason to question it.
- Q. As Mr. Ambler says, what you do is you design the wellbore; then construct the proration unit around it, rather than vice versa, it sounds like what you're really looking for the flexibility to do; is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- EXAMINER STOGNER: This being the
 cornerstone of how the unit will be developed on 320

acres?

THE WITNESS: Yes.

EXAMINER STOGNER: This is somewhat of a unique concept. Those of us here at the Commission are very familiar with a couple of pools down in southeast New Mexico that's in a jigsaw type of a configuration. I always like to say they got the right way the wrong way in the Jalmat-Eumont way in that order.

MR. STOVALL: Now the Gary-Williams way.

EXAMINER STOGNER: So we have somewhat of the same type of configuration being proposed in this area, granted, it being in the unit area. There's still some other things to overcome.

MR. STOVALL: I will say, and it's to Williams' credit, Williams and all the various other folks that have been involved with Williams over time is that they are as innovative and technically it's a very interesting approach. Obviously, it generates some detail problems.

THE WITNESS: Yes, it does. And I think this being the best location within the unit that we recognize at this time, it's unfortunate it would lie where it does. Throughout, as the unit is developed, most of the locations, while they would fit up next

against it, will not necessarily go across lease lines.

MR. STOVALL: Isn't it unfortunate that nature didn't lay down rocks in accordance with government surveys.

THE WITNESS: Yeah. Mother Nature is not a surveyor.

MR. STOVALL: Mr. Ambler, am I correct that this is a divided unit, and there will be participating areas established based upon the development of commercial wells?

MR. AMBLER: Yes, that's correct.

EXAMINER STOGNER: I have no other questions of this geological witness at this time.

MR. STOVALL: I don't either.

MR. BRUCE: The engineering witness will be relatively brief. Also, with respect to some of the questions you asked before, Mr. Ambler might have some further information. We could either put it on now or wait until the 20th.

MR. STOVALL: He went down to the Land Office and talked to them?

MR. BRUCE: I would guess so. It will still have to be continued, but if you would like that information --

MR. STOVALL: Let me say, I think one thing we can do, and I'll say this is, if you get the fee landowners' joinder in the unit, that could alleviate the notice problems. So let's do whatever you've got today today. MR. AMBLER: I've got information about that, too. MR. BRUCE: Okay. Craig? EXAMINER STOGNER: In what order are you going to call your witnesses? MR. BRUCE: Why don't we put Mr. Ambler back on, and then we can have the engineer testify about the drilling. EXAMINER STOGNER: If you feel comfortable with that. MR. STOVALL: I think that's fine, as long as only one person is talking at a time, the court reporter can probably handle it. CRAIG AMBLER, the witness herein, after having been previously sworn upon his oath, was examined and testified further as follows: FURTHER EXAMINATION BY MR. BRUCE: Mr. Ambler, could you tell what further Q.

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information you found out?

A. Yes. First of all, I'd like to apologize to the Commission for maybe some hazy information that I have with respect to two questions that were asked earlier this morning. Maybe a quick explanation would be appropriate.

We retained a company unit source to prepare our units and put our units together. An individual by the name of Paul Connor is the proprietor. And he, for all practical purposes, assembles 90 percent of all the units in the Rocky Mountain area. And I had not talked to Paul in particular about the two questions that you asked me, and I have since called him and gotten two pieces of information which I think will be helpful.

First of all, with respect to the state tract that is in the unit, Paul had spoken with a Mr. Pete Martinez, and the state has elected not to give us a letter approving the unit until after this Commission hearing. And that's the procedure under which I understand that they will follow. So we're waiting for the results of this hearing prior to them issuing a letter.

The second question had to do with the fee owners. And the tract in Section, I believe it's 33,

the tract that's in the northwest quarter are leases that are maintained by the Gary-Williams Company. The leases in the southwest quarter, to my knowledge and understanding, are unlocatable and have been for some 15 years. I don't know if you're familiar with the records and ownership in Cuba, but there's some big gaps on the fee tracts out there.

And that's the information we have on it.

We'll make the diligent effort again to try to find

those owners who own that property, but if the

property had been available for lease at any time in

its past history, it would have been, and we have been

unable to either lease it or locate the owners.

MR. BRUCE: We'll double-check that.

THE WITNESS: We have this problem, as you go further east and get closer to town, there are deeds that have never been recorded, and it's an absolute nightmare.

MR. STOVALL: You mean title transfer in Sandoval County is not complete and thorough; is that what you're saying?

THE WITNESS: That's what I'm saying.

EXAMINER STOGNER: You run into quite a few old deeds; is that correct?

THE WITNESS: That's correct.

EXAMINER STOGNER: When I mean old, what, 1 mid-1800's? 2 THE WITNESS: Yes, that's correct, and no 3 subsequent file records. 4 5 EXAMINER STOGNER: And it probably wasn't even Sandoval County at that time. 6 MR. STOVALL: It wasn't even New Mexico at 7 that time. 8 EXAMINER STOGNER: 9 True. THE WITNESS: I would also note that the 10 11 tract concerned is within the buffer zone within the one-mile area, and maybe that would have effect; I 12 don't know. 13 EXAMINER STOGNER: When you say the one-14 mile area buffer zone, you're talking about the one-15 mile buffer of the pool; is that correct? THE WITNESS: Yes. 17 18 MR. STOVALL: An extension area of the pool 19 or --THE WITNESS: No. 20 I believe the special 21 rules would apply within a certain distance of the 22 unit boundary; is that correct? 23 MR. BRUCE: I think he's talking about it's on the exterior of the unit. 24 MR. STOVALL: Yeah, I understand what he's 25

saying. I don't think it's a mile, actually, but I know what you mean by --

THE WITNESS: Right.

MR. STOVALL: It alleviates some of my concern about not bothering to -- not making an effort to talk to those people. If you don't know who they are --

THE WITNESS: I was unfamiliar with the circumstances, and I've since familiarized myself with that, and I apologize. That's all I have to say.

MR. STOVALL: That may change things, Mr. Bruce, in that, I guess if you can't notify those people, it's not such an issue, and simply that tract will not be a unit tract is what it amounts to, I guess.

MR. BRUCE: If we could, at least give us two weeks to verify that to determine whether we can locate that interest owner. If not, I think then he or she will have been notified by publication, although it won't be within the unit, but perhaps the special operating rules would be applicable to that.

MR. STOVALL: So you're suggesting now we continue it for two weeks and then if you find them --

MR. BRUCE: And if we find them and notify them, we'll continue it again.

MR. STOVALL: It sounds like a reasonable approach.

EXAMINER STOGNER: With that then, it will be continued to May 6. Is that all you have of this witness at this time?

MR. BRUCE: Yes, sir.

Call Mr. Harvey to the stand.

HUGH E. HARVEY, JR.,

the witness herein, after having been first duly sworn upon his oath, was examined and testified as follows:

EXAMINATION

BY MR. BRUCE:

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- Q. Would you please state your name and city of residence for the record?
- A. Hugh E. Harvey, Jr., and I reside in Lakewood, Colorado.
 - Q. Who do you work for?
- A. I work for Harvey Operating & Production
 Company, of which I am the owner.
 - Q. What is your employment background?
 - A. I'm a petroleum engineer. I first worked for Texas Oil & Gas Corporation. My subsequent employer to that was Trigg Drilling Company. And in 1985, I incorporated my own company, Harvey Operating & Production Company, which I've been employed by

Q. Have you previously testified before the Division?

A. No.

- Q. What has been your involvement in this area with respect to the drilling of horizontal wells?
- A. I designed and managed the drilling of the Gary-Williams Orquidea well in December, and I have been responsible for designing and will be responsible for managing the drilling of this project.
- Q. And you're familiar with the engineering matters related to the drilling of this initial well for the unit?
 - A. Yes, I am.

MR. BRUCE: Mr. Examiner, I tender Mr.

Harvey as an expert petroleum engineer.

EXAMINER STOGNER: What was the education background again, Mr. Harvey?

THE WITNESS: I have a Master's of Science in Mining Engineering from the Colorado School of Mines, granted in 1974, and a Master of Engineering in Petroleum Engineering granted by the Colorado School of Mines in 1980.

EXAMINER STOGNER: So qualified.

Q. (BY MR. BRUCE) Mr. Harvey, would you refer

to Exhibit 9 and discuss its contents for the examiner?

- A. Exhibit 9 is a plan view of the proposed Ceja Pelon 27-4H wellbore, showing the surface location, the proposed bottom hole location, and the proposed 320-acre spacing unit.
- Q. One thing we want to clear up first, Mr. Harvey. The initial plat submitted to the Division had a setback from the boundary of 600 feet. Was that correct?
- A. No. It was our intention to apply for a 660-foot setback boundary.
- Q. So this well would comply with the special operating rules which are being requested by Gary-Williams?
 - A. Yes.

- Q. And the 600 feet was a typographical error?
- A. That is correct.
- Q. Would you on Exhibit 9 discuss what you plan on doing on drilling the well, very briefly?
- A. This well will involve basically a two-stage drilling process. First, we will drill a vertical well to the base of the Mancos formation, gather specific geologic data. We will then plug back that vertical well and abandon the vertical portion of

the hole and initiate the drilling of a medium radius horizontal well.

And the exact kick-off point and the exact vertical target of that well will be determined by information gathered from the vertical wellbore.

- Q. On page 2 of your exhibit, you have the horizontal portion of the wellbore in the C zone. That's not necessarily the case, is it?
- A. No. That's just as an example to show that the well indeed is going to be horizontal. Also, the schematic, if you will, shows all the formations out there to be essentially flat-lined and, as Mr. Masse has testified, they are indeed not.
- Q. In your opinion, is the drilling procedure outlined in Exhibit 9 a reasonable plan for the drilling of this well?
- A. Yes, it's a reasonable plan and is entirely within the technical capabilities of the Gary-Williams Company at this time.
- Q. You were in charge of the drilling of the Orquidea well; is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Maybe you could also discuss some of the problems that you encountered and what you're trying to avoid in the drilling of this well and the

placement of this well from an engineering standpoint?

- A. Well, the selection of the horizontal target in the Orquidea well was determined from a single point of data, an existing vertical well on the same lease called the Johnson 4-14. However, once we drilled past the Johnson 4-14 well, the further away we got from our existing data, the more problems we had determining where the zone was going in terms of inclination, and it caused considerable problems, especially when we crossed an unexpected faulted zone.
- Q. And moving on to the unit application, have you reviewed the operating rules for the San Isidro Unit?
 - A. Yes, I have.

- Q. And, in your opinion, are rules similar to those operating rules reasonable for application within the proposed Ceja Pelon Unit?
 - A. Yes, they are.
- Q. And, in your opinion, is the approval of these two applications in the interest of conservation and the prevention of waste?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Was Exhibit 9 prepared by you or under your direction?
 - A. Yes, it was.

MR. BRUCE: Mr. Examiner, I submit Gary-Williams Exhibit 9.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Exhibit No. 9 will be admitted into evidence.

EXAMINATION

BY EXAMINER STOGNER:

- Q. This proposal really isn't any different than these other wells out there, is it?
- A. There's only been a limited number of wells, to my knowledge, that have drilled the vertical pilot hole. Some of them have. Some of them haven't. So that would be the only outstanding characteristic which is different about this well plan.
- Q. What's your understanding of the need for the pilot hole, just further evaluation?
- A. Yes. The logging sweep which will be run in that vertical hole together with other information will allow us to determine which interval in the formation is going to be the target of our horizontal well.
- Q. Were you essentially aware of the necessity of keeping this along the line of the seismic?
- A. Yes, we have, and we've made some

 modification in our drilling plan in order to increase

our ability to stay along that seismic line.

- Q. Will this be a true 90-degree horizontal, or is it particular to follow the dip out here in this particular horizon, whichever is chosen?
- A. Yes. And once a horizon is chosen, we will have to steer the wellbore at whatever angle the dip dictates.
- Q. What's the maximum and minimum would that deflection be?
- A. I would have to refer that question to Mr. Masse. He's more familiar with the actual dip angles out here.
- Q. I guess I'm asking what is the technical ability for the drilling aspect of it?
- A. We can drill from any angle from vertical to probably 120 degrees, if need be.
- MR. STOVALL: One hundred and twenty from vertical?
- THE WITNESS: Yes. It would be an extreme case, of course, but our ability to drill these wells and to whatever angle you want probably exceeds our ability to interpret the geology.
- Q. (BY EXAMINER STOGNER) Is there a completion procedure on the horizontal wellbore?
 - A. The completion procedure will simply be to

leave the well open hole. So the only procedure will be to either complete the well as a flowing well or to install artificial lift equipment, if required.

- Q. So what will be coming out from underneath the 7-inch casing, from then on out, it's open hole?
- A. That is correct. I might add that the 7-inch casing is typically set 100 to 150 feet into the top of the Mancos formation.
- Q. Once the horizon is depleted or should the well be plugged and abandoned, what type of procedure does Gary-Williams propose to plug and abandon these horizontal wells, this one in particular?
- A. In particular, what would happen is the horizontal portion of the hole will be filled with heavy mud, nine pound per gallon tons or heavier, and a cement plug will be set as close as practical to the middle of the horizontal curve or the curve-building portion of the hole.

It's technically very difficult to set cement plugs any deeper than about a 45-degree hole angle. So we will go down to approximately where the hole is at 45 degrees and set a cement plug there and one across the base of the intermediate casing, and then probably pull whatever intermediate casing we can and set a plug across the top of that and one across

the base of the surface casing and at the surface. EXAMINER STOGNER: Any other questions of 2 3 Mr. Harvey? MR. STOVALL: I don't. I do have a 4 question for Mr. Bruce when we're through with the 5 6 engineer. EXAMINER STOGNER: I have no other 7 8 questions of Mr. Harvey. 9 MR. BRUCE: I have no other questions. EXAMINER STOGNER: He may be excused. 10 MR. STOVALL: I see Mr. Ambler is not in 11 the room, but I think you can probably answer it, Mr. 12 Bruce. I think the only thing that I heard testimony 13 about with kind of a variation from the San Isidro rules was the proration unit? 15 MR. BRUCE: That's correct. 16 MR. STOVALL: Those rules call for a 17 320-acre proration unit or two 320 contiguous 18 proration units if the wellbore crosses. 19 20 MR. BRUCE: The last modification was 320, 21 480, or 640, consisting of contiguous quarter sections. 22 23 MR. STOVALL: Okay. 24 MR. BRUCE: And this one is requesting 320 25 acres on up, consisting of multiples of 40-acre

quarter-quarter sections.

MR. STOVALL: Up to a maximum of?

MR. BRUCE: I think -- I don't know if we mentioned it in the application. I think 640 would be the maximum.

MR. STOVALL: It sounds like a reasonable way to start and then look at what -- although conceivably participating areas is defined to be larger than the 640.

MR. BRUCE: That is correct.

MR. STOVALL: There may be some interest in how to bring BLM drilling block participating areas in proration units --

MR. BRUCE: That would make a lot of sense.

MR. STOVALL: Let's keep that in mind for the future. It may be something to look at down the road.

MR. BRUCE: If I can state something, and Mr. Harvey could also testify about this, looking at Exhibit 9, one of the reasons why they did not include, say, the entire northeast quarter of Section 28 in that unit is because the wellbore is about 1800, 1900 feet, say, from the southwest corner of that quarter section. So you're dealing with acreage that is quite some distance away from the wellbore.

MR. STOVALL: It appears to me if we start with that, then we can look at -- we may want to keep the proration unit boundaries within a maximum distance to the wellbore. It might be something that we could --

MR. BRUCE: They are flexible. As has been testified, they need to commence this well, and they're --

MR. STOVALL: I'm thinking of that as something you might want to consider when you come back and look at these again is sort of a minimum-maximum range to determine the size -- since we are now doing something new and creating a wellbore and then building a proration unit around it is what you're really seeking to do, now build the boundaries and have some distance things that don't exist when you've got a proration unit and locate a wellbore within that proration unit.

I was going to say keep on plugging.

That's not a good expression, I guess, in the oil field. Keep on going. You've come up with some interesting things in this, and I think we consider these things as we move along.

I have nothing further.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Before we finish up for

the day, the ad requested a special allowable consideration, but I do not remember hearing any aspect of that.

MR. BRUCE: Maybe Mr. Harvey could address that. I think there's two allowable considerations; number one, while drilling, and then, number two, the increased allowable for the increased well units. And if you could address that, Mr. Harvey?

MR. HARVEY: The special allowable for the drilling phase of the well is required because of the nature of the drilling technique that's used out here. These wells are drilled in a severely underbalanced condition, basically air drilling or air mist drilling, and it's quite common for oil and gas to be produced during the drilling phase. Sometimes for short periods of time, that can exceed the normal allowable for this area. And so we're requesting a special allowable for the drilling phase of it.

MR. STOVALL: Basically a production allowable, if you will?

THE WITNESS: That's correct. And then during the production phase of the well, we're simply requesting the same allowable I believe that's in place at the San Isidro Unit.

MR. STOVALL: Would it make sense, given

the way that we're stating this, San Isidro says you've got a 320, and then if you add a 160 or another 320, you have a multiple. And a variation of that is start with the basic 320, and then proportionate to the unit, say, if it goes to a 360, you'd add another one eighth, based upon the proportion.

MR. BRUCE: I believe that's what we requested in the application, and that would be reasonable. I think those allowables have been found to be adequate for the San Isidro Unit.

MR. STOVALL: Hopefully, one of these days, it will be too low but -- okay.

EXAMINER STOGNER: We're through with Mr. Harvey at this point.

With that, Mr. Bruce, why don't you provide me at least a proposed rough draft to start us off with a base order to start with. And with that, both of these cases, 10714 and 10715, will be continued to the May 6th hearing.

If there's any other developments, Mr.

Bruce, I'm sure you'll keep Mr. Stovall and myself apprised.

I do hereby certify that the foregoing is

a complete record of the proceedings in the Examiner hearing of Case Nox 10114 and 10115 heard by me on 22 hours Examiner

Oil Conservation Division

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CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

) ss.

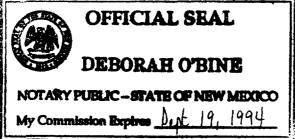
COUNTY OF SANTA FE)

I, Deborah O'Bine, Certified Shorthand Reporter and Notary Public, HEREBY CERTIFY that I caused my notes to be transcribed under my personal supervision, and that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings of said hearing.

I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative or employee of any of the parties or attorneys involved in this matter and that I have no personal interest in the final disposition of this matter.

WITNESS MY HAND AND SEAL, May 5, 1993.

DEBORAH O'BINE CCR No. 63



1 STATE OF NEW MEXICO 2 ENERGY, MINERALS AND NATURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION 3 CASE 10,714, 10,715 5 EXAMINER HEARING 6 7 IN THE MATTER OF: 8 9 Application of Gary-Williams Company for a unit 10 agreement and for special operating rules for 11 drilling and producing horizontal/high-angle wellbores in the Rio Puerco-Mancos Oil Pool, within said unit area, Sandoval County, New Mexico 12 Application of Gary-Williams Company for two non-13 standard oil proration units, an unorthodox oil well location, a horizontal/high-angle directional 14 drilling pilot project, special operating rules therefor, and a special temporary oil allowable, 15 Sandoval County, New Mexico 16 17 18 TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS 19 BEFORE: MICHAEL E. STOGNER, EXAMINE 20 21 22 OIL CONSERVATION DEVELOPED STATE LAND OFFICE BUILDING 23 24 SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO 25 May 6, 1993

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2	
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WHEREUPON, the following proceedings were had 1 2 at 10:00 a.m.: EXAMINER STOGNER: You'll notice there has 3 been a change of Examiners. I'm Michael E. Stogner. 4 At this time I'll call Cases 10,714 and 5 6 10,715. MR. STOVALL: 10,714 is the Application of 7 Gary-Williams Company for a unit agreement and for 8 special operating rules for drilling and producing 9 horizontal/high-angle wellbores in the Rio Puerco-10 Mancos Oil Pool, within said unit area, Sandoval 11 12 County, New Mexico. 10,715 is the Application of Gary-Williams 13 Company for two non-standard oil proration units, an 14 unorthodox oil well location, a horizontal/high-angle 15 directional drilling pilot project, special operating 16 rules therefor, and a special temporary oil allowable, 17 Sandoval County, New Mexico. 18 EXAMINER STOGNER: This case was originally 19 -- or, I'm sorry, this case began on -- Both of these 20 cases began on April 22nd, 1993. They were continued 21 to today's date. 22 I'll call for any additional testimony or any 23 other items. 24 25 MR. BRUCE: Mr. Examiner, Jim Bruce of the

1 Hinkle Law Firm in Santa Fe for the Applicant. 2 I don't have any witnesses today. I'd just like to -- As to Case 10,715, 3 although that was continued, I don't think we need to continue it again. I believe all notices were given 6 and we put on our land and engineering and geological testimony for that case, and I would like to ask that that one be taken under advisement. 8 9 EXAMINER STOGNER: That's 10,715? 10 MR. BRUCE: That's the initial pilot well for the unit which was involved in Case 10,714. 11 12 EXAMINER STOGNER: Before I do that, do you 13 have anything further on 10,714? MR. BRUCE: Yes, and I would like to continue 14 this case for an additional two weeks until I can get 15 all the proper data before you. But let me -- I'd like 16 17 to inform you of what has happened. 18 There were two issues at the prior hearing. One was a tract in the proposed unit, Case 10,714. 19 20 There was one State of New Mexico tract, Tract 39, which is all of Section 36, 21 North, 4 West. At the 21 22 time, we did not have word from the Commissioner of Public Lands what they preferred to do with that tract. 23 24 I was informed yesterday by Pete Martinez of the Oil and Gas Division of the Commissioner's Office, 25

that the State would not commit its interest to the unit, and he is supposed to get a letter out in a day or two, and we will submit that at the next hearing.

The second issue concerned Tract 40, which is the only fee tract in the unit. It's the south half, northwest quarter, and the southwest quarter of Section 33, less and except Tract 27, located in Township 21 North, 3 West.

In going back through their files, I've handed you what's marked Exhibit A for reference purposes, and I will have someone either testify or obtain certified copies to submit to the Examiner at the next hearing.

But Exhibit A is an oil and gas lease in favor of Gary-Williams Oil Producer, Inc., which is now the Gary-Williams Company, covering the south 53.33 acres of the northwest quarter of Section 33.

So that -- Together with Tract 27, that covers the south half, northwest quarter of Section 33. So that land is under lease. So notice did not have to be given to any fee mineral owner.

And if you'll notice in paragraph 12, there is a unitization clause in this lease.

Secondly, marked Exhibit B, there's another lease. I will be submitting an original or certified

1	copy of this it was just recently signed from
2	Reynaldo Lovato and his wife to the Gary-Williams
3	Company, and it covers three tracts of lands or three
4	parcels.
5	Parcel number one is the south 106.33 acres
6	of the southwest quarter of Section 33.
7	And parcel number three would be the
8	remaining 54 acres in the southwest quarter of Section
9	33.
10	And therefore, all of that land will be
11	leased as of next year.
12	MR. STOVALL: That appears to be Sandoval
13	County land descriptions; is that correct?
14	MR. BRUCE: Yes, bounded by
15	MR. STOVALL: Bounded by somebody else's
16	land, yes.
17	MR. BRUCE: Bounded by somebody else's land.
18	Again, that lease does have a unitization clause and
19	will be committed to the unit.
20	And so in essence, what The land that we
21	thought was unleased at the original hearing is leased,
22	and I will present more evidence, but I wanted to fill
23	you in on what was going on.
24	EXAMINER STOGNER: So 10,714 needs to be
25	continued to the

1 MR. BRUCE: -- 20th. 2 EXAMINER STOGNER: That's the next hearing in May; is that correct? 3 MR. BRUCE: Yes. And I would like to ask that the other case, 5 10,715 be taken under advisement. 6 As it was pointed out at the last hearing, 7 there are certain time constraints because of some 8 changes in BLM policy, and the well needs to be spudded 9 10 fairly quickly. If I remember right, Mr. 11 EXAMINER STOGNER: 12 Bruce, there was also a mention that the well would not be drilled unless unitization occurred. 13 14 runs counter to what you're requesting today. MR. BRUCE: Well, I just -- Correct, that is 15 correct. But I just see no need to continue Case 16 10,715 to the next hearing. 17 18 I mean, if you want to, that's fine, and you did ask for orders to be submitted, and they will --19 20 proposed orders, and they will be submitted within the 21 next two or three business days. 22 MR. STOVALL: Mr. Bruce, is there going to be 23 any other evidence submitted in 10,714, or is it strictly just this -- the fee lease and the state land 24 25 lease?

1 MR. BRUCE: Well, I will either bring a 2 witness or have appropriate evidence submitted to back this up. I just wanted to fill the Examiner in on what 3 was going on. 4 MR. STOVALL: And the only issue, really, to 5 be resolved is whether those particular lands -- the 6 notice issue on those lands and whether those people 7 were properly brought in? 8 MR. BRUCE: Yes. 9 10 MR. STOVALL: And if I remember correctly, 11 the BLM has indicated --MR. BRUCE: They have given preliminary 12 13 approval of the unit. And that was submitted, I believe. 14 15 MR. STOVALL: Mr. Examiner, I think that it may be possible that we'll have to review the -- go 16 17 ahead and take the case under advisement, and we can 18 review the -- again on that basis, we can review 10,715 19 and see if language could be placed in an order, 20 assuming an approval were given, that placed a 21 condition upon that approval, of approval of the 22 unitization --23 MR. BRUCE: I really just --24 MR. STOVALL: -- and give them some planning ability, I think. 25

1	MR. BRUCE: I would just like to give the
2	Examiner as much time as possible, considering the time
3	deadlines.
4	MR. STOVALL: And if I'm not mistaken, the
5	BLM is not going to approve this well unless there's
6	unitization; is that correct?
7	MR. BRUCE: No, I think what the Examiner
8	said is correct, that Gary-Williams would not drill the
9	well unless unitization was approved.
10	MR. STOVALL: Okay.
11	MR. BRUCE: The BLM has approved the well.
12	MR. STOVALL: The point is, there's no point
13	in leaving the record open. It may or may not be a
14	question of issuing the Order, but the record can be
15	closed in 10,715.
16	MR. BRUCE: That's all.
17	EXAMINER STOGNER: Did I hear you say that
18	the well has been approved by the BLM?
19	MR. BRUCE: They have Well, I mean, the
20	Maybe I misspoke, Mr. Examiner.
21	They have approved this unit with the
22	horizontal well in mind, and the APD was filed with the
23	BLM.
24	And in checking, personally checking the BLM
25	records, I note that on approximately the 20th of May,

1	the APD was filed with the BLM, so
2	MR. STOVALL: 20th of April, you mean?
3	MR. BRUCE: 20th of April.
4	So approximately the 20th of May because of
5	the BLM's 30-day waiting period, if they will approve
6	it, it should be approved by then.
7	EXAMINER STOGNER: Which kind of brings all
8	the time limits coming to a head at one time.
9	MR. BRUCE: Yes.
10	EXAMINER STOGNER: Since you are going to
11	submit a rough draft, perhaps you can add some language
12	about the approval of this of the well in its
13	relationship to approval of the unit agreement.
14	With that, I'll take 10,715 under advisement,
15	and Case 10,714 will be continued to the May 20th
16	hearing.
17	And if there's nothing further in either of
18	these cases, then let's take a half-hour recess at this
19	point.
20	(Thereupon, these proceedings were concluded
21	at 10:10 a.m.)
22	* * *
23	I do hereby carify that the foregoing is a complete record of the proceedings in Case Nos. 10714 / 10715
24	we fixed their their to a state of the state
25	heard by me on affar, Examiner

Oil Conservation Division
CUMBRE COURT REPORTING
(505) 984-2244

1	CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
2	
3	STATE OF NEW MEXICO)
4	COUNTY OF SANTA FE)
5	
6	I, Steven T. Brenner, Certified Court
7	Reporter and Notary Public, HEREBY CERTIFY that the
8	foregoing transcript of proceedings before the Oil
9	Conservation Division was reported by me; that I
10	transcribed my notes; and that the foregoing is a true
11	and accurate record of the proceedings.
12	I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative or
13	employee of any of the parties or attorneys involved in
14	this matter and that I have no personal interest in the
15	final disposition of this matter.
16	WITNESS MY HAND AND SEAL May 22nd, 1993.
17	
18	
19	STEVEN T. BRENNER CCR No. 7
20	
21	My commission expires: October 14, 1994
22	
23	
24	
25	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO 1 ENERGY, MINERALS AND NATURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT 2 OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION 3 4 5 IN THE MATTER OF THE HEARING CALLED BY THE OIL CONSERVATION 6 DIVISION FOR THE PURPOSE OF CASE NO. 10, 174 CONSIDERING: 7 IN THE MATTER OF CASE NO. 10,714 8 BEING REOPENED PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF DIVISION ORDER 9 NO. R-9902 10 ORIGINAL 11 12 REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS **EXAMINER HEARING** 13 BEFORE: DAVID R. CATANACH, Hearing Examiner 14 15 July 7, 1994 16 Santa Fe, New Mexico 17 18 19 This matter came on for hearing before the Oil 20 Conservation Division on Thursday, July 7, 1994, at Morgan 21 Hall, State Land Office Building, 310 Old Santa Fe Trail, 22 Santa Fe, New Mexico, before Steven T. Brenner, Certified 23 Court Reporter No. 7 for the State of New Mexico. 24 25

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10		
11	APPEARANCES	
12	AFFEARANCES	
13	FOR THE DIVISION:	
14	RAND L. CARROLL	l
15	Attorney at Law Legal Counsel to the Division	
16	State Land Office Building Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504	
17	banea 10, New Hexico 0,304	
18	FOR GARY-WILLIAMS COMPANY and	
19	SAMUEL GARY, JR., AND ASSOCIATES, INC.:	
20	HINKLE, COX, EATON, COFFIELD & HENSLEY 218 Montezuma	
21	P.O. Box 2068 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2068	
22	By: JAMES G. BRUCE	
23	* * *	
24		
25		

WHEREUPON, the following proceedings were had at 10:17 a.m.:

EXAMINER CATANACH: At this time I'll call Case
10,174, In the matter of Case No. 10,714 being reopened
pursuant to the provisions of Division Order No. R-9902,
which order approved the Ceja Pelon Unit in the Rio PuercoMancos Oil Pool, Sandoval County, New Mexico, and
promulgated temporary special operating rules and
regulations for said unit.

Are there appearances in this case?

MR. BRUCE: Mr. Examiner, Jim Bruce from the Hinkle law firm, representing the Gary-Williams Company and Samuel Gary, Jr., and Associates, Inc.

If I could just make a brief statement, these special unit operating rules were put into effect a year ago to enable Gary-Williams Company to drill horizontal wells in the Rio Puerco-Mancos Oil Pool.

They drilled one or two wells, they were not successful, and so at this time there is no further need to keep the operating rules in effect.

They are appearing here today merely to thank the Division for helping them put these rules into place. Hopefully in the future there will be further activities in this area.

Thank you.

1	EXAMINER CATANACH: Thank you, Mr. Bruce.
2	Any additional testimony in this case?
3	There being none, Case 10,174 will be taken under
4	advisement.
5	(Thereupon, these proceedings were concluded at
6	10:19 a.m.)
7	* * *
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a complete record of the proceedings in
17	the Examiner hearing of Case No. 10114. heard by me on 1047 1997.
18	Land Kleitan L., Examiner
19	Oil Conservation Division
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

1	CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
2	
3	STATE OF NEW MEXICO)
4) ss. COUNTY OF SANTA FE)
5	
6	I, Steven T. Brenner, Certified Court Reporter
7	and Notary Public, HEREBY CERTIFY that the foregoing
8	transcript of proceedings before the Oil Conservation
9	Division was reported by me; that I transcribed my notes;
10	and that the foregoing is a true and accurate record of the
11	proceedings.
12	I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative or
13	employee of any of the parties or attorneys involved in
14	this matter and that I have no personal interest in the
15	final disposition of this matter.
16	WITNESS MY HAND AND SEAL July 11, 1994.
17	Allow A
18	STEVEN T. BRENNER
19	CCR No. 7
20	
21	My commission expires: October 14, 1994
22	
23	
24	
25	