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NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

EXAMINER	HEART	NG.		
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DECEMBER 19, 1991 Time: 8:15 A.M. Hearing Date BTA OIL PRODUCERS KEITH LOGAN Lampsel, Jan, Fry There land williant . Citation Oil + GAS CORP. OdessA, TY: DAN Kelly/Kevin YAtes Pet COXP Aztoin Am Tracse 11 Hobbs, NM Texaco E+P Robert Hart Hould low Fin 150 NU James Bruce Samuel Hary Vr TASCOC Denuilo. CRAIG AMbler alle Kellian auton South Wy Kellolin ARTESIA NM YATES PETROLEUM DAVEBONEAU Anteria Mh YAtes Patroleun Kobert Bullock MEWBOURNE OR CO. MIOJANO, TX J. DAVIO QUERTON HAUL HADEN Nearburg Prod. Co. Midland, Tx TERRY ELGER midland Dave Cramwell Coquina bowl p. Mi

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 EXAMIN	IER	HEARI	NG.	
SANTA	FE		NEW	MEXICO

Hearing Date DECEMBER 19, 1991 Time: 8:15 A.M.

NAME	REPRESENTING	LOCATION
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Sean Cavin	Cognina Oil Corp	Midland
Chris Wolfarth	Presidio Exploration	Danver, CO
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Mike Tumpaugh Savah Smith Charles Pretsch Kate M Fire Core Kate M Fire Core	Williams Prod. Co. Gas Co of Non Unocal Begran	Alba FARMININ STON

1	NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION
2	STATE LAND OFFICE BUILDING
3	STATE OF NEW MEXICO
4	CASE NO. 10417
5	
6	IN THE MATTER OF:
7	
8	The Application of Coquina Oil Corporation for an unorthodox
9	gas well location, Eddy County, New Mexico.
10	New Mexico.
11	
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14	BEFORE:
15	
16	MICHAEL E. STOGNER
17	Hearing Examiner
18	State Land Office Building
19	December 19, 1991
20	
21	
22	REPORTED BY:
23	DEBBIE VESTAL Certified Shorthand Reporter
2 4	for the State of New Mexico
25	

ORIGINAL

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1 4	CAMPBELL, CARR, BERGE & SHERIDAN, P.A. Post Office Box 2208
15	Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2208 BY: WILLIAM F. CARR, ESQ.
16	BI. WIBBIRT I. ORKE, HOQ.
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1	EXAMINER STOGNER: The hearing will
2	come to order. Call the next case, No. 10417.
3	MR. STOVALL: Application of Coquina
4	Oil Corporation for an unorthodox gas well
5	location, Eddy County, New Mexico.
6	EXAMINER STOGNER: Call for
7	appearances.
8	MR. RICHARDS: Mr. Examiner, I'm Sealy
9	Cavin with the law firm of Stratton & Cavin in
10	Albuquerque. I represent Coquina Oil Corporation
11	today, and I have two witnesses to call.
12	EXAMINER STOGNER: Any other
13	appearances?
14	MR. CARR: May it please the Examiner,
15	my name is William F. Carr with the law firm,
16	Campbell, Carr, Berge & Sheridan of Santa Fe. I
17	represent Nearburg Producing Company, and I have
18	one witness.
19	EXAMINER STOGNER: Any other
20	appearances?
21	Will all three witnesses, please, stand
22	and be sworn at this time.
23	(The witnesses were duly sworn.)
24	EXAMINER STOGNER: Is there any need
25	for opening statements, Mr. Carr or Mr. Cavin?

1	MR. CARR: Not for me.
2	MR. CAVIN: No.
3	EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Cavin, you may
4	proceed.
5	MR. CAVIN: The first witness for
6	Coquina will be Mr. Dave Cromwell.
7	DAVID W. CROMWELL
8	Having been duly sworn upon his oath, was
9	examined and testified as follows:
10	EXAMINATION
11	BY MR. CAVIN:
12	Q. Mr. Cromwell, I first ask for you to
13	state your name, address, employer, and
14	occupation.
15	A. My name is David Cromwell. I lived in
16	Midland, Texas. I'm a consulting geologist
17	retained by Coquina Oil Corporation.
18	Q. Have you previously testified before
19	the Division?
20	A. Yes, sir.
21	Q. And have your qualifications as a
22	petroleum geologist been made a matter of record
23	with the Division?
24	A. Yes, sir.
25	Q. Are you familiar with the geology of

the proposed well and the area surrounding such
well?

A. Yes, sir.

- Q. Are you familiar with the application filed in this case on behalf of Coquina?
 - A. Yes, sir.

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$$ CAVIN: Mr. Examiner, we tender Mr. Cromwell as an expert witness in petroleum geology.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Are there any objections, Mr. Carr?

MR. CARR: No objections.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Cromwell is so qualified.

- Q. (BY MR. CAVIN) Mr. Cromwell, would you briefly state what applicant seeks by this application.
- A. This applicant seeks to drill an unorthodox location, I refer to you Exhibit No.

 1, at 990 feet from the north side and 990 feet from the east side of Section 34, Township 19

 South, Range 25 East, the 320-acre proration unit being the north half of Section 34. This would be an unorthodox location.

25 There has been a well drilled in that

is now depleted and will be plugged shortly.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Is that that No. 1 well?

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir. It's approximately 990 -- 1990 feet out of the north and west line in Tract G of that -- or I'm sorry, in Tract F of that 640-acre unit.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Thank you, sir.

- Q. (BY MR. CAVIN) Now, Mr. Cromwell, before I get into the geology, I'd like to you ask a few basic questions regarding land and operational matters which are pertinent to the application. In this regard I first refer you to Exhibit 2 and ask you to describe that and the pertinent wells and locations on that exhibit.
- A. Yes, sir. You have Exhibit 2 in front of you, which is a proration, or 320-acre spacing unit map, that I have prepared from data I have gathered from our land department, Coquina's land department, as well as from previous cases in front of the ODC (sic) here.

And if you'll note, I have color-coded the Morrow tests with the pink color. And I have triangle locations outlined in the -- for

potential orthodox locations within those proration units. And I have outlined the specific proration units as outlined with the dark, dashed line around each of the proration units.

If you'll note, Nearburg has the acreage to the north of our proration unit, or proposed proration unit, which would be the southwest corner of Section 27.

American National Petroleum

Corporation, ANPC, which is the parent company of Coquina Oil, has 100 percent of the acreage in the southeast corner of 27. And Nearburg has the northeast diagonal offset as well as the east diagonal offset acreage to us. My employer,

American National Petroleum, has 100 percent of the proposed drill site, being the north half of Section 34.

I would like to also illustrate on this map at one time that within a mile-and-a-half of our proposed unorthodox location, Nearburg has drilled four unorthodox locations. I'd like to bring those to your attention at this time.

The first one being in the southwest quarter of Section 23 to the northeast of us.

The Nearburg No. 1 Farino 23-0 well was drilled 1200 feet from the west line and 1500 feet from the south line of that proration unit.

Я

The second location, the Nearburg No. 1
Morris 26-E well, was drilled 990 feet from the
short end of that proration unit and 1900 feet
from the long side of that proration unit.

The third well I'd like to point out, and the direct northeast offset to us, the Nearburg No. 1 Boyd State 26-M in the southwest quarter of Section 26, was drilled 750 feet from the west line and 1200 feet from the south line of that spacing unit.

And the fourth well I'd like to point out is down to the southwest in Section 35, the south half of that proration unit, Nearburg drilled the No. 1 Gulf Federal, which was originally set up to be 660 from the west line and 660 feet from the south line.

And because they had to abandon that original well as junk, they drilled the 1-Y which was moved 100 -- nearly 100 feet to the north and ended up being 735 feet from the south line to that section.

So as you see, sir, we have four

unorthodox locations within a mile-and-a-half of our proposed locations. We have many spacing units within this area, and we also have some dry holes indicated.

- Q. Would you also indicate on the map where an orthodox location would be in that north half of Section 34?
- A. Yes, sir. If you'll note, those triangles I have delineated in the north half of Section 34 would be the proposed orthodox locations if the unit as proposed is a lie-down 320-acre spacing unit.
 - Q. Okay. You mentioned that ANPC owns this. Can you tell us a relationship between Coquina and ANPC?
 - A. Yes, sir. Coquina was purchased by American National Petroleum Company several years ago. And now Coquina acts as a wholly-owned subsidiary of American National Petroleum.
- Q. Am I correct, the proposed well is a Morrow test?
- A. Yes, sir. It will be approximately a 9500-foot Morrow test.
- Q. And what do you estimate the cost of this well will be?

A. The estimated cost, completed cost, will be roughly \$750,000.

- Q. Okay. And what depth do you propose to to drill that to?
- A. We intend to drill it slightly greater than 9500 feet.
- Q. And in addition to the Morrow formation, can you tell us what your secondary objectives are?
- A. The secondary objective in here is Yeso formation. If you'll also take a look at this map, you'll notice that there are three oil productive zones in the east half of our proration unit. That's from the Yeso at approximately a little less than 3,000 feet.

Those two wells only penetrated 3,000 feet, and they did not test the Morrow formation at 9500 feet.

- Q. Does Coquina or ANPC own 100 percent of the operating rights in the north half of Section 34?
 - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. And would you state for the Examiner
 again how unorthodox this location is that you're
 proposing?

- A. This location would be approximately 990 feet closer to the east line of the section than an orthodox location would be.
- Q. Okay. Could you describe the land situation to the north, northeast, and east of the proposed proration unit?
- A. Yes, sir. As I've previously mentioned, the area is either owned or operated by Nearburg or American National Petroleum.
- Q. Okay. So just to make certain of this, it's correct that Nearburg Producing Company is the only offset operator or lease owner other than Coquina to the north, northeast, and east?
 - A. Yes, sir.

- Q. Now, is it your understanding that notice has been properly provided to Nearburg?
- A. Yes, sir.

MR. CAVIN: Mr. Examiner, at this time I would note that Exhibit 3 is our affidavit indicating that the notice provisions of Division Rule 1207 have been complied with. Exhibit 3 also indicates the name and adress of each interested person to whom such receipt -- I'm sorry, to whom such notice was sent and provides a copy of the proof of receipt.

Q. At this point I would like to get into geologic considerations which dictate this unorthodox location. And I'd ask that you refer to Exhibit 4.

A. Exhibit 4 is a general information map that I have prepared. Once again the Morrow productive wells are circled and highlighted with an orange color. Those are the productive wells, I stress, once again.

Underneath those wells we have the cumulative production as of 1/1/91 for those wells. And also on this map you will note that there are some blue circles, and our engineering staff will get into that a little later in the testimony. But these circles illustrate the calculated drainage area from the wells that are in our immediate vicinity.

Also on the map for purposes of illustration I have color-coded the cross-sections, which I have put up on the wall, and I will show you those in a minute. But basically just to give you an idea that I have looked at all of the wells or they are on the cross-section in the immediate vicinity of our proposed location.

We'll have the three cross-sections. We'll have the east-west cross-section. We'll have the north-south cross-section. And we'll have the cross-section entitled C-C prime that will include the acreage to the south of our proposed location.

- Q. Mr. Cromwell, it appears there's been a good deal of Morrow activity in this area. Could you summarize that for the Examiner?
- A. Yes, sir. As this map and the previous exhibit illustrate, there have been at least two Morrow wells drilled in approximately every section in and around the proposed location.
- Q. It also appears that you've spent a good deal of time working this area?
 - A. Yes, sir.

- Q. At this point I'd refer you to Exhibit 5, which is a structure map, and ask if you'd describe and explain that for Mr. Stogner.
- A. The structure map I've prepared is entitled, "The Structure Map on the Top or Lower Morrow Interval," which is a fairly common marker to map on in this area as well as the Morrow. This is the top of the Lower Morrow interval.

MR. CAVIN: Would the record note that

1 | Exhibit 8 came down.

MR. STOVALL: Dipped to the south; is that right?

MR. CAVIN: The south, that's right.

THE WITNESS: That's very good. Yes, sir. That's very good. The regional dip is towards the south and southeast, as this map illustrates. And basically all I want to show on this exhibit is that we will be down-dip from a depleted well, the Pan Canadian No. 1, which Coquina drilled in 1974, and up-dip to the Boyd State well, which will be a northeast diagonal offset to us.

So, in other words, we would be structurally located in between those two wells. And part of the point of this exhibit that I will tender is that the Morrow production is more or less stratigraphically controlled and not necessarily structurally controlled.

- Q. So it appears you could do better structurally at least by moving closer to the Pan Canadian well, but I suppose you have some reasons for not doing that?
- A. Yes, sir, other geological reasons and engineering considerations will illustrate the

fact that we do not necessarily need to be up-dip to have better production.

- Q. Okay. At this time I'll refer you to Exhibit 6 and ask that you explain that, Mr. Cromwell.
- A. Exhibit 6 is an isopach map of the Middle Morrow sand, the clean sand. And this is a -- Middle Morrow sands are roughly a 200-foot thick interval beneath the Morrow limestone and above the Lower Morrow marker.

This interval, as I mentioned, is approximately 200 to 250 feet thick. And I've gone through and used the gamma ray cutoff of 50 API units to delineate the clean sand in there in that area.

And in doing so, I have isopached that interval and have come up with the area that's indicated by the isopach and is highlighted by the yellow outline color.

- Q. Okay. So if I understand you correctly, the most important geologic consideration for this well in your opinion is the thickness and quality of the Morrow sands?
- A. Yes, sir. There are -- the thickness and quality are very critical to the key success

or commerciality of any well that's drilled in this area.

And this interval, as I mentioned, encompasses approximately up to 12 different Morrow -- different Morrow pay sands that can be productive in the area and has been testified by Nearburg's consultant in previous cases, namely 9568, that was used in the Morris No. 1 26-E unorthodox exception location.

But in any event, I agree with that testimony that the Morrow locations -- and I'm going to illustrate that with these cross-sections -- Morrow sands are lenticular and indeed stratigraphic traps.

- Q. If thickness were your only consideration, you would be trying to locate the well within the 40-foot contour line; is that correct?
 - A. Yes, sir, that is correct.
- Q. But apparently you've got some reason why you don't want to move it into the sweet?
- A. The reason I decided not to move it into the thicker portion of that sand interval is that there is a dry hole that was drilled in 1953, I believe, in an encountered thick sand.

And that well was the Stanlind No. 1 Lakewood.

If you don't mind, we'll go on to look at exhibit -- just a minute. Let me see which exhibit that's on.

- Q. Perhaps you could explain your aversion to the dry hole.
- A. I refer you now to Exhibit 7, which is a structural cross-section north-south through the area. And that includes the dry hole immediately to the south of our acreage and the Coquina well that was drilled some ten years later on that acreage and then includes the wells to the north.

And as I mentioned before, this well encountered good, thick, clean sands, but it lacked sufficient porosity and permeability. In fact, when they ran a drill stem test over this interval while they were drilling it and they had gas to service it, only 47 Mcf a day. And the shut-in pressure was 1800 pounds, which is considerably less than you would expect at the depth of 9400 feet.

However, they did try to make a completion in this well after they drilled on down and tested the Ellenberger at 10,500 feet.

They acidized it twice, and they frac'd it twice. And then they squeezed it off and re-perforated it. And they still did not make a commercial well.

So the point of this illustration is to demonstrate that even though you may not have -- even though you have clean Morrow sands, they may not necessarily be productive; that there could be some separation either in the transmissivity of the formation or in the porosity characteristics, which would affect the pressure considerations between the two wells.

As I mentioned, this well was drilled in 1953, the Stanlind No. 1 Lakewood. And then some 15 years later, Coquina came in up-dip to that well and encountered roughly the same sand -- I call it the same sand anyway -- in their well and perforated it. And that well made 2.5 Bcf before it was depleted.

- Q. Do you want to go ahead?
- A. Exhibit No. 8 is a cross-section east-west through the same area. And it includes the nearest offset production, which is the Nearburg No. 1 Boyd State well, which was completed in this sand right in here. And it has

made a little over 1 Bcf in the two-plus years that it has been producing.

And that well is down-dip to the Coquina No. 1 Pan Canadian well. And this is another example, illustration that even though the sands may correlate the same, they may not necessarily be pressure connected.

Also illustrated is that there are several other sands in the wells both to the east and to the west of us and that they do not necessarily correlate from well to well.

As noted, the Nearburg No. 1 Boyd State 26-M well had little a less than 20 feet of porosity and permeability, and it made a very commercial well and, as I mentioned, has produced over 1.1 Bcf. And we estimate that the reserves will be at least another 700 million cubic feet of gas.

Other wells in the area, for example to the south, this cross-section illustrated on Exhibit No. 9, the structural cross-section C-C prime, is a structural cross-section. And it illustrates the wells to the south, one of them being -- two of them Nearburg wells in Section 35, one of them being the No. 1 Huber well, which

has made six-and-a-half Bcf from a nice, thick sand as illustrated here.

And then in the direct north offset to that well in fact did not even complete in that same sand but produced from two separate sands that I correlate as being overlying and underlying the producing zone in the well to the north.

And this is an illustration of the very lenticular nature of the Morrow sands. I'm sure the Examiner is very well familiar with the heterogeneous nature of the Morrow sand development.

Depositionally, it's a fluvial deltaic system that has been oftentimes deposited in near-shore pyrrolic conditions, and these sands have been subjected to numerous and slight minor transgressions and regressions that have affected the porosity and permeability.

- Q. Mr. Cromwell, is it your opinion that the proposed well will facilitate your efforts to prove up location in the southeast quarter of Section 27?
- A. Yes, sir. We're hoping that this location, depending on the success of it, will

create an opportunity for us to drill another well in the southeast quarter of Section 27 with which Nearburg would have 50 percent operation -- I mean 50 percent ownership.

- Q. Okay. Mr. Cromwell, is it your opinion as a petroleum geologist that the unorthodox location which is proposed is necessary to allow Coquina to produce its fair and equitable share of the Morrow gas reserves underlying the north half of Section 34?
 - A. Yes, sir.

- Q. Is it also your opinion that this unorthodox location is necessary to reduce the risk to an acceptable level which will justify drilling of this well?
- A. Yes, sir. One of the reasons that we were oriented to the sands in the well where we have is because we have two dry holes, one to the northwest of us and one to the southeast of us, and we wanted to stay as far away from that as possible.
- Q. Okay. And then on the -- obviously you want to stay away from the Pan Canadian No. 1 well?
 - A. Yes, sir. As testimony by our engineer

will demonstrate, we want to stay outside of the drainage radius circle that that well has created.

- Q. As well as keep your distance from the Boyd State well?
 - A. Yes, sir.

- Q. Is it your opinion that this unorthodox location is necessary for Coquina to achieve a reasonable rate of return on this well?
 - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Do you see any problem with uncompensated drainage of lands to the north, northeast, or east of the proposed location?
 - A. No, sir, I don't.
- Q. Are there any characteristics of the Morrow formation in this area which support your conclusion that there will not be any uncompensated drainage to the northeast or east of the proposed location?
- A. Well, as I mentioned, the Morrow is very lenticular and there are up to 12 different sands that can be productive in this area and that we feel that we will encounter sufficient sands to make this a commercial well.
 - Q. Is this consistent with the position

that Nearburg has taken in the past on some of these unorthodox locations?

A. I believe so, yes, sir.

- Q. I want to refer you back to Exhibit No.

 2 and just make sure we understand the situation
 on the unorthodox locations. Would you go over
 those once again for me?
- A. The unorthodox locations that exist within a mile-and-a-half of our proposed unorthodox locations are approximately four. They are the Nearburg No. 1 Parino 23-L in Section 23, which was drilled 1200 feet from the west line of the section and 1500 feet from the south line.

The second well is the -- going in order to the south -- is the Nearburg No. 1

Morris 26-E well, which was drilled 990 feet from the west line and 1980 feet from the north line of that proration unit.

The third well, the Nearburg, No. 1
Boyd State 26-M, was drilled only 750 feet from
the west line of the section and 1200 feet from
the south line of that section.

And the fourth well, the Nearburg No. 1
Gulf Y Federal, was drilled only 660 feet from

the west line of that section and 730 feet from the south line of that section.

- Q. Okay. Now, on this Nearburg -- or I should say the Boyd State 26-M well in Section 26, is it true that well was even commenced before the unorthodox location was approved?
- A. Yes, sir. Reading from the testimony that was on that particular case, yes, sir, that's true.
- Q. In light of all these unorthodox locations, does it surprise you a bit that Nearburg is here today opposing you on yours?
 - A. Yes, sir, it does surprise me.
- Q. Mr. Cromwell, is it your opinion that the granting of this application will be in the interest of conservation, the prevention of waste, and the protection of correlative rights?
- A. Yes, sir.

- Q. Is it your opinion that the granting of this application will afford Coquina the opportunity to produce without waste its just and equitable share of the oil and gas in the affected pool and thereby protect its correlative rights?
 - A. Yes, sir.

1	Q. Mr. Cromwell, were Exhibits 1 through 9
2	prepared by you or under your supervision or
3	direction?
4	A. They were.
5	Q. Can you testify as to the accuracy of
6	such exhibits?
7	A. Yes, sir.
8	MR. CAVIN: Mr. Examiner, I would move
9	for the admission of Exhibits 1 through 9.
10	EXAMINER STOGNER: Exhibits 1 through 9
11	will be admitted into evidence at this time.
12	MR. CAVIN: Mr. Examiner, that
13	concludes my direct examination of Mr. Cromwell.
14	EXAMINER STOGNER: Thank you.
15	Mr. Carr, your witness.
16	EXAMINATION
17	BY MR. CARR:
18	Q. Mr. Cromwell, if we could go to your
19	Exhibit No. 1.
20	A. Yes, sir.
21	Q. The acreage shaded in yellow is the
22	only acreage in the area that American National
23	Petroleum Company or Coquina currently has an
24	ownership interest in; is that correct?
25	A. No, sir. They've also got acreage up

- in Section 16 in 19-25, which I have not colored.
 - Q. Other than that, anything else?
 - A. No, sir.

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- Q. Now, I believe your testimony was that you own the acreage due north of the proposed location, or at least operate that; is that right?
- 9 A. Yes, sir.
 - Q. That the only party toward whom you are moving this well location is Nearburg. They have the interest in the north half of 35; correct?
 - A. Yes, sir.
- 14 Q. And in the south half of Section 26?
- 15 A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Now, if we look at Section 26, do you know if that's a state or federal lease?
- 18 A. Section 26?
- 19 Q. Uh-huh.
- 20 A. It appears to be a state lease.
- Q. And in Section 35 do you know what that is?
- A. It appears to be a federal lease.
- Q. So there would be different royalty
 owners under each of those tracts you would

- assume that would have an interest in --
- A. I'm not really qualified to answer that, but -- I would not answer that.
 - Q. You don't know?

- A. No, sir, I don't. It would be speculation on my part.
- Q. So all you're testifying to now is not who has interest in production from those tracts, but just simply who's the operator?
 - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. You indicated that because of the unorthodox locations you were surprised that Nearburg objected; is that what I understood?
 - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. When you operate a property, you also look out for the other interest owners in the property, do you not?
- A. Yes, sir.
 - Q. And if someone is drilling a well at an unorthodox location, gaining an advantage on your acreage, you have to consider that, wouldn't you?
- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. And if you had a well that was
 offsetting you at an unorthodox location and you
 operated the north half of 35, wouldn't you think

- you should make a determination as to whether or not there are interests in the north half of 35 that might be drained?
 - A. Yes, sir.

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- Q. There's no unorthodox location in 35, is there?
- 7 A. Oh, yes, sir. You mean in the north 8 half of 35?
- 9 Q. Yes, sir.
- 10 A. Yes, sir, that's correct.
- Q. And your well is only half the setback from the common boundary between your spacing unit and the north half of 35 as required by rule, isn't it?
 - A. Yes, sir.
 - Q. Do you think it would be surprising that they wouldn't come in and object in that circumstance just because of other unorthodox locations in the pool?
- A. If I could take the liberty, Coquina
 gave a waiver of an unorthodox location for the
 well that was drilled in the north half of
 Section 26.
- Q. Let's look at that. That's the Boyd
 State No. 1; correct?

- A. No. The north half, the Morris well.
 - Q. In the North half of 36. What about the Boyd State well that is in the south and west of 26 --
 - A. Yes, sir.

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- Q. -- did Coquina give a waiver on that one?
- A. No, sir, they did not. In fact, they asked for a continuance on that case, and they were turned down without any representation.
- Q. Now, you did receive notice of the hearing, did you not?
 - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. You're not saying that the hearing took place and you didn't have an opportunity to appear?
- A. They asked for a continuance, and they did not show up, no, sir.
- Q. Did you seek a <u>de novo</u> hearing in that case to again pursue your claim at a later date?
- 21 A. What do you mean by that <u>de novo</u>
 22 hearing? I'm sorry.
- Q. Are you aware of any subsequent hearings on that application?
- 25 A. No, sir, I'm not. I was not with the

company at that time.

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- Q. If we look at the proposed location in the Boyd State No. 1, the diagonal offset to the northeast, in fact you're closer to that common intersecting corner than Nearburg is to you; isn't that right?
- A. I'm sorry, sir. I was looking at Exhibit 2. Now go ahead.
- 9 Q. If we just look at the southwest of 10 26 --
- 11 A. Okay.
- Q. -- and in relationship to your proposed
 location --
- 14 A. Okay.
 - Q. -- you're actually closer to the

 Nearburg acreage than they are to you with the

 Boyd State; isn't that right?
 - A. No, sir. They're 750 feet off that.

 If you'll look at Exhibit No. 2, I believe I've delineated the footage. They're 750 feet from the west line.
- Q. On a diagonal access how close are you to the corner, to the northeast corner of 34; do you know?
- A. Well, it would be a simple mathematical

equation, but it would certainly be more than 990 feet.

- Q. How close would Nearburg be to that corner; do you know?
 - A. No, sir.

- Q. So to actually determine who's closer to that point, if that's significant, we'd have to do those mathematical calculations; is that correct?
- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. When the Boyd State was drilled, they were stepping out onto the fringe of the formation over on the east, were they not?
- A. I would have to look at that geology to determine that. If you want to -- I've got a copy of that case if you'd like to go into that.
- Q. Do you know if the Hilliard well in the north half of 35 was drilled before or after the Boyd State?
- A. I've got that right up here in this cross-section.
 - A. The Hilliard well was drilled before.
- Q. Before?
- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Was the well due north, the one in the

south -- I think it's a Coquina well in the 1 2 southwest of 27? The state? 3 Α. Yes. Q. Α. Yes, sir. 5 Q. Was that drilled before? 6 Before which well? 7 Α. Before the Boyd State. Q. 8 Yes, sir, it was. 9 Α. Now, when the Boyd State was drilled --10 have you reviewed the information on that well? 11 12 You obviously have? 13 Α. Yes, sir. When you constructed the isopach map, 14 15 did you incorporate information from that well 16 into your interpretation? Yes, sir. That's illustrated on the 17 Α. exhibit. 18 In fact, if we look at your isopach, is 19 Q. this constructed from well control information 20 21 only? Yes, sir. 22 Α. 23 Q. Is there a date on this? 6/91? 24 Α. Yes, sir.

This is your work?

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Q.

- A. Yes, sir.

 Q. This was then not constructed for the purpose of this hearing?

 A. No, sir.

 Q. What does the yellow on this exhibit
 - A. The yellow just indicates the thicker trend area of that sand interval.
 - Q. And that is one of the things you're looking for when you propose a location?
 - A. Yes, sir.

indicate?

- Q. Is it fair to say that when you have a thicker sand interval like that that basically, if I'm looking at the north half of Section 34, it suggests that perhaps the place to really drill a well if there -- even before any production -- would actually be over in the northeast quarter as opposed to the northwest?
 - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Better part of the reservoir is to the east?
- A. Yes, sir, I believe that it is. Yes, sir.
- Q. The reservoir also extends over onto the north half of Section 35, does it not?

- A. Yes, sir. I believe it does.
 - Q. And that a well at the proposed location will drain some reserves from Section 35; isn't that right?
 - A. That will be answered in a few minutes by our expert engineer.
 - Q. When you said that you anticipate and it was your testimony that there would be no uncompensated drainage from the east -- uncompensated for drainage from the east; was that your testimony?
 - A. Yes, sir.

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- Q. And what did you base that on?
- A. I based that on my engineer's drainage radius calculations.
 - Q. So you're thinking that we should address that to the engineering witness?
- 18 A. Yes, sir.
 - Q. Do you have any idea how much of the reservoir or well at the proposed location might drain?
- A. We'll get into that. That will be illustrated with his exhibits.
- Q. I just want to know what you're
 testifying to. I'll talk to the engineer when he

1 gets up.

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- A. Okay. What would you like to know from me?
 - Q. I just want to know what you're basing your opinion that there would be no uncompensated drainage.
 - A. I was basing my opinion from his work.
 - Q. Okay. Then I'll ask him questions on that. That's all I'm trying to do.
- 10 A. Okay.
- Q. When you talk about the dry hole, the Pan Canadian No. 2, I think it is, the Stanlind well in the southeast portion --
- 14 A. Excuse me. Could you point which well.
 - Q. I think it's the well you talked about being drilled and not being a producer that you're trying to get away from.
- A. No, sir. That's not the well. That's just a shallow.
 - Q. Okay. Which well?
- 21 A. This one here.
- Q. So that well is in the --
- EXAMINER STOGNER: Which one?
- THE WITNESS: We're looking at the Pan
 Canadian well that's drilled 1980 feet from the

south line and 660 from the east line of Section 1 The one that has a circle around it. 2 MR. STOVALL: In the north half there 3 behind your arrow that says, "Proposed Location"? 4 THE WITNESS: No, sir. To the south. 5 MR. CARR: Right above the number 34 6 feet on your exhibit --7 THE WITNESS: The one that's in the 8 southeast quarter of Section 34. 9 10 MR. STOVALL: Southeast quarter, okay. (BY MR. CARR) Now, how have you 11 Q. determined that that in fact was a dry hole? Was 12 13 that your work, or is that something --That is my work based on the completion 14 Α. attempt that was attempted, the completion that 15 was attempted in that well. 16 17 Q. And it was not a successful well; correct? 18 19 Α. No, sir. 20 And did you review the scout tickets on Q. 21 that? 22 Yes, sir. Α. 23 Q. It was drilled with freshwater, was it 24 not? 25 Α. Yes, sir.

- Q. Was there any suggestion in the material that you reviewed that in fact there might have been formation damage due to the way the well was drilled and completed?
 - A. It's possible.

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- Q. And if that occurred -- and I'm not suggesting one way or the other that it did -- but if that occurred, then there would be no reason to move away from it?
- A. Well, if that occurred, then Nearburg, when they drilled their unorthodox location in the southwest quarter of Section 35, could have drilled further to the north, closer to that well, if they felt the same way.
- Q. Do you happen to know what factors went into Nearburg's determination to locate in 35?
 - A. No, sir.
- Q. When I look at your isopach maps, this doesn't -- and I've looked at some, but I'm always in the dark -- it doesn't seem to suggest a channel. Is this an isopach map that would suggest to you that there is a void channel running through here, or is this a different kind of a deposition?
 - A. Are you talking about a fluvial system

now, or are you talking about a marine?

- Q. I'm talking about whether or not we have a more blanket-type deposit as opposed to a channel running through the area. Your isopach doesn't look like what I've seen before for this.
 - A. I'm sorry.
 - Q. What you're looking for is thick sand?
 - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. And that's what you've shown as yellow?
- 11 A. Yes, sir.

- Q. And if a well at the proposed location drained the thick sand around it, they would be draining from the north half of 35 in the yellow area?
- A. I'm not -- I'm just basing my data information, if I answer that question, on what our engineer has done.
- Q. Okay. You don't see a well completed in 35 in the area you've shaded yellow, do you?
 - A. No, sir.
 - Q. If you did move to the south, you would encounter thicker pay based on your interpretation; correct?
 - A. Yes, sir.

- Q. Now, if we go to your Exhibit No. 4, we have drainage areas indicated on this exhibit.

 These were prepared by your engineer, were they not?
- A. The drainage areas were, yes, sir.

 This is a joint exhibit. I prepared the other information.
- Q. If you drilled the standard location 1980 from the east line and 660 from the north line, you would be in Section 34. You would be outside that drainage area, wouldn't you?
 - A. Say that again, sir.
- Q. A well drilled, based on your Exhibit
 No. 4, 1980 from the east, 660 from the north,
 would fall outside that blue drainage area on
 this exhibit, would it not?
 - A. Just barely.

- Q. And it would fall within the yellow shaded area on your isopach?
 - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. And if you drilled a well at that location, you would be able to produce remaining reserves in the north half of 34, wouldn't you?
- A. No, sir. We felt we would be drained at that location.

- Q. You'd be drained by your own well at that location?
 - A. Yes, sir.
 - Q. And then we're going to ask the engineering witness what is left to be drained and whether or not there would be drainage from the adjoing section that Nearburg operates?
 - A. That's correct.

MR. CARR: That's all I have.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Sealy,

11 | redirect?

FURTHER EXAMINATION

BY MR. CAVIN:

- Q. Just so we make sure, because I think this is an important point, you do not -- I'm referring to Exhibit 6. Could you discuss the 8 Man well, the Pan Canadian well, the Lakewood Federal, the Gulf Federal, the Boyd State, and then your proposed location so it's very clear why you're selecting this location notwithstanding the fact that you could get within that 40-foot contour line.
- A. As I mentioned earlier, I believe that even though thick, clean sand is important and a consideration when locating a well, it is not

necessarily the only criteria that one should use.

And because of the fact that you have a dry hole, I believe a bona fide dry hole in the southeast quarter of Section 34, and you have a dry hole in the southwest quarter of Section 27, that you want to locate sufficient distance away from those dry holes for whatever reason they were dry.

- Q. I asked you earlier, but I would ask you again, what are the characteristics of the Morrow formation in this area which lead you to believe geologically -- give me the geologic characteristics, and we'll get -- as far as the engineering drainage impact from Mr. Waller later -- but the geologic characteristics that make it unlikely that there's a permeability connection between the Nearburg State 26 -- Boyd State 26-M well and the Coquina Pan Canadian No. 1 well. And in fact certainly if you thought you were draining that Pan Canadian No. 1 well or if there's a permeability connection, you would not be drilling this location?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. Can you explain the geologic

characteristic?

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- A. Well, basically I feel that you've got several different potential pay zones in this area at this particular location and that any one of those could be productive at this location because the Morrow is essentially a stratigraphic trap and these lenticular sands, each and every one can act as a separate entity as a productive reservoir.
- Q. Is this consistent with the position Nearburg took in Case 9568?
 - A. Yes, sir, I believe so.
- Q. And that case was concerning the Morris
 14 | 26-E well; is that correct?
 - A. Yes, sir,
- MR. CAVIN: I have no further
- 17 questions.
- EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Carr, do you have any?
- MR. CARR: Just to follow up on that.
- 21 FURTHER EXAMINATION
- 22 BY MR. CARR:
- Q. Mr. Cromwell, if I understand what Mr.
- 24 Cavin said, is it your testimony that your
- 25 | proposed location really is not going to be in

the same producing sand or body as the Boyd State; is that what --

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- A. Well, I believe that they could be. It's possible that they could be in the same zone.
- Q. Well, were you suggesting there was something that -- some sort of a barrier between the north half of --
- A. Well, I would hope -- I don't know that there is, but I would hope there will because the Boyd State well is draining our acreage.
- Q. Well, we're talking about some zone then, I guess, other than what we're talking about in this case?
- A. This map is a generalized map of the total Middle Morrow section, which I re-emphasize encompasses about 250 feet, and it encompasses several different sands. And so that my idea is to stay within the general trend.

It's like the Mississippi River.

You've got different sands within that fluvial plain, and you want to stay in the general trend of the river system. You don't want to get off to the side where there is less sand development. So you want to stay within that

general sand trend to increase your potential for 1 2 success. And, you know, I know as Nearburg's 3 expert testimony that was delivered by Lou Missulo in the other two cases, he felt that the 5 Boyd State 26-1 was not the same sand as the 6 Coquina No. 1 Pan Canadian. 7 And I feel that they may be or they may 8 But they certainly can correlate in the 9 not be. same stratigraphic position within the Morrow 10 11 interval. It was your testimony that the Boyd 12 Q. 13 State is draining reserves from the Coquina tract? 14 Yes, sir. 15 Α. And that's based on your information, 16 0. 17 not the engineering witness? 18 Α. No. That is based on the engineer's information. 19 So you really don't know. 20 You're just Q. 21 assuming that the engineer is telling you 22 correctly? Yes, sir. 23 Α. 24 MR. CARR: That's all.

EXAMINATION

BY EXAMINER STOGNER:

- Q. Point of clarification. When I look at your Exhibit No. 6, which is the isopach map of the Middle Morrow sands --
 - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. -- and I'm referring now to Exhibit No.

 8, is this particular lens or particular sand

 zone in which you're mapping, and I'm pointing

 now on your proposed location the second yellow

 mark?
- A. Let me -- I'm probably not explaining this very well. But here's the top of the Middle Morrow clastics, and here is the top of the Lower Morrow marker.

MR. STOVALL: Excuse me. The top of the clastics is the blue line that's shown on that Exhibit 8?

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir. And then the lower marker I have illustrated by this correlation line. What I'm doing, I'm mapping several sands within this interval. I'm not just mapping this sand. I'm mapping all of the clean sand within this interval.

MR. STOVALL: Two hundred feet you're talking about there?

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir. So I'm not -that map is an illustration of the cleanliness of
several different sands within this 200-foot
interval. It's not any one particular sand.

- Q. (BY EXAMINER STOGNER) That blue line, there again Exhibit No. 8, you call that the top of the Middle Morrow clastics and not the top of the Morrow clastics?
- A. I call it the top of the Morrow clastics, which others have called the Middle Morrow interval. I think I'm fairly consistent with that designation. I'm sorry if I've confused you.
 - Q. Oh, I'm getting there.
- A. Is there something else that I could illustrate for you?
- Q. You have a structure map, Exhibit No.

 5, which shows the top of the Lower Morrow. And
 then --
- 20 A. No. That is this marker right here.
- MR. STOVALL: How is that marker
- 22 | labeled? Is there wording on that?
- THE WITNESS: It says, "Top of Lower
- 24 Morrow."

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Q. (BY EXAMINER STOGNER) Now, does the

top of the Morrow clastics, does it parallel your structure map, if you had a structure map, of the Middle Morrow?

A. Yes, sir. I think this cross-section you can see. This is a structural cross-section, hung on a minus sub-sea datum. And you can see the correlation lines do approximately parallel one another.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Okay.

MR. STOVALL: I'm always safe asking geologic questions because I can plead ignorance.

EXAMINATION

BY MR. STOVALL:

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- Q. Looking at your Exhibit 6, your isopach, you've got these little thick pods. But my understanding of the Morrow -- is that generally a channel deposit in this area?
- A. Well, it's generally a channel deposit as well as an off-shore marine bar sequence.

 You've got a system, a clastic sequence, that's developed very near a shoreline. Sometimes it's marine, and sometimes it's fluvial.
- Q. Okay. And the area that you're showing -- and this is getting real localized

- here as opposed to an area -- would you call this specific interval that you're mapping here -- which would it be more of, a channel or --
 - A. I believe it would be more of a marine deposit because it is oriented more or less parallel to the structural alignment.
 - Q. Is that kind of line of deposit -again, I'm not using real geologic terms -- but
 kind of, say, west-by-southwest kind of
 north-by-northeast -- it appears there might be a
 trend along, say, starting down from Section 5,
 in the lower left-hand corner of Exhibit 6 --
 - A. Yes, sir.
 - Q. -- going up through Section 25 --
- A. Yes, sir.

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- Q. -- is that kind of a general depositional direction?
- 18 A. Yes, sir. That's how I have mapped it.
 - Q. The pods you've described are the areas where there's been a greater deposition of sands?
 - A. Clean sand, yes, sir.
 - Q. Clean sand, okay.
- EXAMINER STOGNER: Are there any other questions?
- MR. STOVALL: Yes, I've got one other

1 area.

- Q. (BY MR. STOVALL) Looking at your Exhibit No. 2 -- we've looked at the Nearburg unorthodox locations -- it appears to me, first, who drilled the well on the north half of 35? Did Nearburg drill that well?
- A. I don't know the exact history of that. I think Hilliard drilled it, and then Nearburg bought it or -- I'm not familiar with the exact history of it -- but Nearburg operates it now.
- Q. It's your opinion Nearburg didn't actually drill the location?
 - A. No, sir.
- Q. It appears to me, if I look at the trend here, that Nearburg has got wells on that line that goes down, particularly the 34-35 line and runs north-south --
 - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. -- that they've got wells that start at an unorthodox location in Section 23, 1200 feet east of that line --
 - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. -- and move closer to that line as they come down; is that correct?

- A. That's the general trend, yes, sir.
- Q. Do you think there's a reason for that?
 - A. I don't know, sir.

- Q. I mean, based on your geology?
- A. I would say I have no geological evidence to support that. No, sir.

MR. CAVIN: It is consistent with the geology in the prior cases, at least for the wells in 26, I would say; is that --

THE WITNESS: I'm sure that Nearburg may show this testimony when their geologist presents, but they probably -- or they had mapped it in the past that they have a trend that is 90 degrees to mine.

And the reason that they wanted to drill where they did in the extreme western half of their two proration units is that they felt that they could --

MR. CARR: I'm going to object. This witness has previously stated he didn't know why they had selected the location in the southwest of 35. And unless a foundation is laid and he can demonstrate that he knows why Nearburg made these decisions, I don't think he should speculate.

1	MR. STOVALL: I asked him if he had a
2	geologic reason for those lines.
3	THE WITNESS: I have reviewed the case
4	for the two wells that were drilled in Section
5	26. The case why the exception was in 35, I
6	have not. But I have reviewed the two wells that
7	were drilled in 36 and read through the testimony
8	that was presented here.
9	MR. CAVIN: 26.
10	THE WITNESS: In 26, yes, sir.
11	MR. STOVALL: And Nearburg's geological
12	conclusions appear to be different from yours as
13	you read that?
14	THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.
15	MR. STOVALL: That's all I need to
16	know.
17	EXAMINER STOGNER: Are there any other
18	questions of Mr. Cromwell at this time?
19	MR. STOVALL: I have none.
20	EXAMINER STOGNER: If not, he may be
2 1	excused.
2 2	Mr. Cavin, do you want to continue?
23	MR. CAVIN: At this time we'll call Tom
24	Waller.
25	THOMAS J. WALLER

Having been duly sworn upon his oath, was 1 examined and testified as follows: 2 EXAMINATION 3 BY MR. CAVIN: 4 0. Mr. Waller, would you, please, state 5 your name and occupation for the Examiner. 6 My name is Tom Waller. I reside 7 Α. Yes. at 2305 Sinclair in Midland. I'm a petroleum 8

- 9 engineer and presently an engineering consultant
 10 for Seay and Associates acting as agent for
 11 Coquina.
 12 0. Have you previously testified before
 - Q. Have you previously testified before the Division in your capacity as a petroleum engineer?
 - A. No, I have not.

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- Q. Can you describe your educational background?
- A. I have a bachelor of science degree in petroleum engineering from Louisiana State
 University, and I'm a Registered Professional
 Engineer, registered in the state of Texas.
- Q. And could you describe your work experience?
- A. From 1966 -- I'm sorry, from 1960 to 66
 I was with Superior Oil Company as general field

engineer, duties included drilling, production, and reservoir engineering.

From 1966 to 80, a 14-year period, I
was with Texas Pacific Oil Company in all phases
of engineering, including drilling, production,
reservoir engineering, and property evaluations.
I held the positions of senior staff engineer,
district engineer, regional engineer, and finally
general manager of engineering.

I left them when Sun Oil Company purchased the company and joined H & G Oil Company as senior vice president of operations, responsible for all drilling, production, and engineering activity.

After that I was associated with a small Midland independent road and oil company, responsible for all of their operations. And since that time, beginning in 1987 I've been an engineering consultant, working primarily with independent producing companies, banks, private investors, trusts, and estates.

- Q. Okay. Are you familiar with the Permian Basin in southeastern New Mexico?
 - A. Yes, I am.
 - Q. Are you familiar with the proposed well

and the area surrounding such well? 1 2 Α. Yes. Specifically are you familiar with the Q. 3 application filed in this case on behalf of 4 5 Coquina? Α. Yes, I am. 6 MR. CAVIN: Mr. Examiner, I would 7 tender Mr. Waller as an expert witness in 8 petroleum engineering. 9 10 EXAMINER STOGNER: Are there any objections? 11 No objections. 12 MR. CARR: 13 EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Waller is so 14 qualified. 15 Q. (BY MR. CAVIN) Mr. Waller, initially I would refer you to what's marked as Coquina 16 17 Exhibit 10 and in doing so, I would ask that you 18 refer to Coquina Exhibit 4, which has already 19 been admitted. I'd ask if you'd explain that for 20 Mr. Stogner. 21 Α. Exhibit 10 is simply a data sheet that I prepared to show the calculations of drainage 22 23 radii for the Morrow wells in the Cemetary area. The basic equation, which utilizes the 24

bottomhole pressure, bottomhole temperature,

specific gravity, and "Z," or gas deviation factor, is simply the ideal gas law in which we change gas volumes at reservoir conditions to volumes at atmospheric conditions or vice versa.

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I then applied this to the individual well particular parameters of porosity, thickness, water saturation, and actual produced gas volume as of, I think it was mid-1991, the volumes that had been accumulated by the well shown on Exhibit 4 at that time, thereby generating the shown drainage of radius for each well.

Again, calling your attention to
Exhibit 4, which shows these drainage radii, I
might point out that all of these wells are in
the latter stages or approaching the latter
stages of depletion. We're not dealing with new
production here. In fact, several of them are
almost at the economic limit and the existing
well in the Coquina acreage is already depleted.

None of these wells will approach a 320-acre drainage, which is set up by the proration unit. And as evidenced by the areas shown on the Exhibit 10, on the lower portion of each well, I have the acres that yet shows to be

drained.

And also it points out an area in the northeast quarter of Section 34, an undrained area, that in my opinion would not otherwise be drained since the Coquina well is at its economic limit. And apparently, there's still -- there are still reserves within that north half of the section.

- Q. Okay. Could I get you to refer to Exhibit 11. You were referring to Exhibit 4 now?
 - A. I was recalling that from memory.
- Q. Okay. Before I do that, though, just based on the calculations you made on Exhibit 10, is it your opinion as a petroleum engineer that these wells do not have a drainage radius equal or approximate to 320 acres?
- A. That is correct. Using the log parameters that were calculated on each specific well, none will drain 320 acres.
- Q. Okay. So I would assume it would be your opinion, again as petroleum engineer, that it would not be reasonable to assume such drainage radius in this area?
- A. That's correct, in this particular area.

Q. Are you comfortable -- can you tell us about these calculations you made, and I take it these are standard engineering calculations?

- A. They're generally-accepted highly-theoretical calculations that are utilized in reservoir engineering.
- Q. Okay. Can you tell me where you got the information, the variable information in the case in which you based your calculations on Exhibit 10?
- A. As far as the log-derived parameters, they were furnished me by Mr. Cromwell.
- Q. Okay. At this point I'd refer you to what's marked as Coquina Exhibit 11 and ask that you identify and explain that.
- A. Exhibit 11 is an exhibit that shows the proximity of the proposed location to the offsetting Nearburg -- Boyd State 26-M to the northeast and the depleted Coquina Pan Canadian No. 1 to the southwest.

Again, based on the general recoveries in the area, our most optimistic estimate of recoverable reserves at our proposed location is at best 3.5 Bcf, which is shown in the red circle in Exhibit 11. Our conservative reserve estimate

is in the neighborhood of 1.5 Bcf, which is shown as the blue circle in Exhibit 11.

We feel that our actual drainage radius will probably fall between the two circles thereby in my opinion not infringing on the well in Section 26.

- Q. Now, I'm sure you can't say with any certainty, but would you be surprised if the Pan Canadian No. 4 well would actually draw beyond that red circle you've drawn?
- A. It's highly unlikely that we would realize reserves in excess of 3 to 3.5 Bcf.
- Q. Okay. Can you describe the drainage radius that you've prepared for the Boyd State well again and also what the blue circles mean?
- A. Yes. As of the time that we did these calculations, the Boyd State well had drained 1.1 Bcf, which is represented by the blue circle.

Based on P-over-Z reserve estimates, decline estimates, P-over-Z versus cum and also rate-time declines, we're estimating that the ultimate recovery of the Boyd State will probably be in the neighborhood of 1.8 Bcf, which is represented by the yellow circle.

Q. Okay. It appears, again when I looked

at the Pan Canadian No. 4 well, that even on your most optimal scenario that that's a very slight infringement on Section 35 and also on 27, although of course you own 27, and no infringement on Section 26?

- A. That's correct.
- Q. That's correct?
- A. Yes.

- Q. Okay. So would it be your opinion that the proposed well will not result in any uncompensated or certainly not any unusually high uncompensated drainage from the lands to the north, northeast, or east?
- A. Yes, it is. I think any infringement would be very minimal.
- Q. And isn't it true that there's almost always some infringement on almost any location?
 - A. I think generally, yes.
- Q. If you believe that a Morrow well would drain 320 acres, it would seem unreasonable for you to drill at this location; is that correct?
 - A. That's right.
- Q. Have you made a specific study regarding the Morrow reservoir characteristics for the proposed well and surrounding area?

A. Yes, I have.

- Q. And again you relied on the data of Mr. Cromwell?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. And you have confidence in this data?
 - A. Yes, absolutely.
 - Q. Why did you do this reservoir analysis?
- A. Primarily I did it to determine if there were any undrained -- if there was an undrained area in the existing lease that would yield economic reserves and a location -- also try to select a location or recognize a location that would optimize recovery of these reserves without infringing on any offset operator.
- Q. What conclusions did you reach regarding whether sufficient reserves could be developed from an orthodox location?
- A. I think it would enhance the risk by moving closer to the drainage circle of the Pan Canadian No. 1, which is not producing anymore. It's uneconomical. And also the dry hole that Mr. Cromwell had pointed out to the south.
- Q. Have you considered the reserves which you could recover at an orthodox location versus the reserves at an unorthodox location?

- A. I really did not because my scope was to try to find the optimal location for draining the reserves that would not normally be drained on the Coquina acreage.
- Q. Okay. So I take it it's your opinion that Coquina should be allowed to drill at the unorthodox location proposed?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. Assuming this unorthodox location is approved, do you think a production penalty is appropriate to compensate for drainage?
- A. I personally don't. I really don't think there would be -- well, I think any infringement would be absolutely minimal.
- Q. Could you tell the Examiner why you believe that a penalty is inappropriate in this case?
- A. Again, because if infringement would occur, then I think it would be reasonable to discuss it. But assuming that we will not achieve our maximum expectations, which is 3.5 Bcf, I think our drainage radius will fall within our own lease lines.
- Q. If a penalty is imposed, how would this in your opinion affect Coquina's decision to

drill based on the gas market and the price of gas?

- A. I think my recommendations from an economical standpoint would be not to drill.
 - Q. Okay.

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- A. The cost of the well is such that I don't think it can stand very much of a penalty.
- Q. Mr. Waller, is it your opinion as a petroleum engineer that the granting of this application would be in the best interest of conservation, the prevention of waste, and the protection of correlative rights?
 - A. Yes, I do.
- Q. And, Mr. Waller, is it your opinion that the granting of this application will afford Coquina the opportunity to produce without waste its just and equitable share of the gas in the affected pool and thereby protect its correlative rights?
- A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Mr. Waller, were Exhibits 10 and 11 prepared by you or under your direction?
 - A. Yes, in conjunction with Mr. Cromwell.
- Q. Okay. Can you testify as to their accuracy?

1	A. I believe they are very accurate.
2	MR. CAVIN: Mr. Examiner, I would move
3	for the admission of Exhibits 10 and 11.
4	EXAMINER STOGNER: Are there any
5	objections?
6	MR. CARR: No objections.
7	EXAMINER STOGNER: Exhibits 10 and 11
8	will be admitted into evidence.
9	MR. CAVIN: That concludes my direct
10	examination.
11	EXAMINER STOGNER: Thank you, Mr.
12	Cavin.
13	Mr. Carr, your witness.
1 4	EXAMINATION
15	BY MR. CARR:
16	Q. Mr. Waller, is the Boyd State well in
17	the southwest of 26 the best well in the pool?
18	A. No, sir, it's not. The best well in
19	the pool is a well that has a cumulative of 6 Bcf
20	and, actually 6.5 Bcf, located in the south half
21	of Section 3. And that is a very anomalous well
22	from the standpoint of recovery.
23	Q. Are there other wells that are better
2 4	than the Boyd State in the field other than the
25	one you just mentioned?

- A. No, sir, there are not.

 Q. Okay. What is the ultimate Bcf that
 - you're attributing to the Boyd State No. 1 well?
 - A. 1.8 Bcf.
 - Q. 1.8?
- 6 A. Yes.

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- Q. And this well in Section 3 has what in terms of cumulative recovery?
- 9 A. 6.5 Bcf.
- Q. Can you estimate how many acres you believe based on your Exhibit No. 11 the Boyd State is actually going to drain?
- A. Yes, sir. If you will refer to, yes,

 Exhibit 11, the Boyd State will ultimately drain

 220 acres.
- MR. CAVIN: I think that's Exhibit 10.

 THE WITNESS: I'm sorry.
- 18 Q. 220 acres?
 - A. Yes, 220 acres as the ultimate recovery.
- 21 Q. 220 acres.
- A. And presently it appears they have drained 128 acres.
- Q. When I talked to Mr. Cromwell, I was having trouble understanding the formation. I

want to ask you what your understanding of it is. Is the Morrow in the area of a number of stringers, or is it more a blanket deposit?

A. The Morrow may be a blanket deposit, but it exhibits sweet spots. In other words, there is different quality of reservoir development in that there is porosity and permeability that occur in sporadic areas.

Granted, you can probably correlate a single zone many miles across, but you can actually have three producing reservoirs within that one zone that are not pressure connected.

- Q. Does it vary over relatively short distances?
 - A. Yes, sir, it does.
- Q. If that's the case, isn't it possible that there could be some reservoir variations, substantial reservoir variations, between your existing well in the north half of 34 and the proposed well location in 35?
 - A. Yes.

- Q. You really won't know what you get in that proposed location until you actually drill it?
- 25 A. Actually we hope there is a

permeability difference. If there were not, then the well in the Pan Canadian No. 1 should still be producing economically.

- Q. What factors did you utilize in determining the drainage area for your proposed well?
- A. I used -- I actually looked at the thicknesses that Mr. Cromwell gave me. And based on known water saturations in the area, we came up with volumetric reserves and compared that to recoveries in this immediate area.
- Q. Were you using figures that you got from the Pan Am Canadian No. 1, or were these that you had extrapolated from other data?
- A. Well, we used the production figures, of course, from the Pan Canadian No. 1, also the irreducible water saturations, the basic connate water saturations, which carried -- which are consistent throughout the area.
- Q. Is it possible when you drill at this location, in fact you'll have a better well than you had projected on Exhibit No. 11?
 - A. A better well than 3.5?
- Q. Uh-huh.

A. I think it would be highly unlikely.

That is possible; is that not true? 1 Q. 2 Α. It's always possible. 3 In a reservoir like the Morrow, that Q. varies location to location; you really don't 5 know? Right. And we could have a lot worse Α. 6 well too. 7 And if you have a better well, that 8 Q. would then, of course, extend that drainage area? 9 10 Α. Absolutely. The two go hand in glove. 11 Q. Do you anticipate radial drainage? 12 Α. No. That's purely theoretical. But I 13 think it's generally accepted in hearings of this 14 type it would be virtually impossible to see 15 radial drainage. 16 Wouldn't it in fact tend to drain the Q. portion of the reservoir that is thickest and has 17 18 the best quality pay? 19 Α. Not necessarily thickest but that would 20 have the best quality that would have the highest 21 porosity and highest permeability. 22 In making your estimate you didn't Q. 23 factor in what sort of a shape might have been

No, sir, I did not because we really --

isopached for this Morrow zone?

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Α.

- 1 it's difficult to isopach the porosity of the
 2 formation.
 - Q. You have indicated I think on Exhibit
 No. 11 by triangle standard location; isn't that
 right? Is that what these triangles in the east
 half of --
 - A. Yes, that's correct.
 - Q. -- of the proration unit indicate?
 - A. Yes.

- Q. So there is a standard location available to you outside the area that's already been drained?
- A. That's correct. But very near the boundary of -- the drainage boundary.
 - Q. Have you estimated how many acres remain in the northeast of 34 to be drained, or is that an impossible task?
 - A. Well, again it's a function of the thickness and porosity that you assign to the northeast. It would be -- I think I did make an estimate. I don't know if I did or not.
- Q. Do you have a rough estimate as to how many acres you think you have producible up there?
- 25 A. Let me see. No, sir, I don't think

1 | so.

- Q. You did make that calculation; you just don't have the result?
 - A. I don't have it at hand.
- Q. And did you condemn any portion of the northeast quarter because of the Stanlind well drilled in the southeast of 34?
 - A. No, I did not.

MR. CARR: That's all I have.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Thank you, Mr.

11 | Carr.

Mr. Cavin, any redirect?

MR. CAVIN: Well, I would like to put on the record, if there's no objection, because there seems to be some confusion as to the geologic characteristics -- I'm sure I contributed to that -- but what Nearburg's position was, at least in Case 9568, which concerned a well less than a mile from our proposed well.

MR. CARR: I will object. I mean we've just had this witness testify that the formation varies location by location. And I think that to then start bootstrapping in testimony from miles away is inappropriate.

They have both a geologist and an engineer here. They can testify about anything they know on their own and they can explain what they're basing that opinion on.

But to just come along and start picking up transcripts from other cases a mile away I think is inappropriate. In the Morrow reservoir it varies location by location.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Which well is that for?

MR. CAVIN: This is the well in Section 26. It's the Morris 26-E. And the reason I want to ask our experts is because I intend to ask Mr. Elger, and I think, in my view anyway, it's fair game since they were taking these positions to justify their Morrow location.

And these are just generic characteristics of the Morrow formation in this area, and they were stated as such.

MR. CARR: May it please the Examiner, if anything that's previously been presented and sworn to is inconsistent with what Mr. Elger is going to testify to, it can be used to impeach him. And I think it can be used appropriately that way, but not just to go out and start

1	picking up transcripts on unrelated property.
2	MR. STOVALL: Is that what you're kind
3	of laying the foundation for is to impeach him?
4	Is that what you're trying to do?
5	MR. CAVIN: We can use it in that
6	fashion.
7	MR. STOVALL: Let's hold off on that
8	until we get Mr. Elger on the stand. And you're
9	talking about Nearburg testimony in a previous
10	case filed by Nearburg; is that correct?
11	MR. CAVIN: Uh-huh.
12	MR. STOVALL: Let me ask the witness,
13	are any of your conclusions based are you
14	familiar with the testimony that he's talking
15	about?
16	THE WITNESS: On which one, the Boyd
17	stand?
18	MR. CAVIN: Yes, the two.
19	MR. STOVALL: The Boyd or the Morris?
20	MR. CAVIN: I'm sorry. This is the
21	Morris.
2 2	THE WITNESS: No, sir, I am not, not on
23	the Morris.
2 4	MR. STOVALL: So none of your
2 5	conclusions are based upon any testimony which he

might be referring to; is that correct? 1 THE WITNESS: That's correct. 2 EXAMINER STOGNER: I don't see the 3 relevance of that. 4 MR. STOVALL: Let's save it for the 5 Nearburg witness, I would suggest. 6 7 EXAMINER STOGNER: Any more redirect, Mr. Cavin? 8 MR. CAVIN: No. 9 EXAMINATION 10 BY EXAMINER STOGNER: 11 Mr. Waller, I got thrown off my 12 Q. 13 thinking here. The well that's in the north half 14 of Section 34, what's it doing now? Is it 15 producing? 16 I would have to, as far as its current status, I would have to defer that question to 17 Mr. Cromwell. 18 19 EXAMINER STOGNER: Okay. Mr. Cromwell, 20 I'll ask the question to you then. What is the 21 present status of that well? 22 MR. CROMWELL: It's shut-in. It's 23 under recommendation to plug and abandon right 24 now. 25 EXAMINER STOGNER: So if this well,

1	this other well that's proposed I mean is
2	approved, then this well would be plugged and
3	abandoned at that time?
4	MR. CROMWELL: Yes, sir, most
5	definitely.
6	It's not our intent to have two wells
7	on the same proration unit.
8	EXAMINER STOGNER: I'm going to hold
9	off on any questions myself. I may have some at
10	a later time.
11	In that case, let's take a five-minute
1 2	recess.
13	(A recess was taken.)
14	EXAMINER STOGNER: This hearing will
15	come to order.
16	Mr. Carr.
17	MR. CARR: At this time we call Jerry
18	Elger.
19	<u>JERRY ELGER</u>
20	Having been duly sworn upon his oath, was
21	examined and testified as follows:
22	EXAMINATION
23	BY MR. CARR:
24	Q. Would you state your full name for the
25	record.

Jerry Elger. Α. 1 2 Q. By whom are you employed and in what capacity? 3 Α. By Nearburg Producing Company as a geologist. 5 Have you previously testified before 6 7 this Division? Yes, I have. Α. 8 At that time of that testimony, were 9 10 your credentials accepted and made a matter of record? 11 12 Α. Yes, they were. 13 Q. Are you familiar with the application filed by Coquina? 14 Yes, I am. Α. 15 Are you familiar with the subject area? 16 Q. 17 Α. Yes, I am. 18 As a geologist for Nearburg, have you been involved in the development of a number of 19 locations in this particular field? 20 21 Α. Some. Are you familiar with the Boyd State 22 23 No. 1 well? 24 Yes, I am. Α.

MR. CARR: Are the witness'

qualifications acceptable? 1 EXAMINER STOGNER: Are there any 2 objections? 3 MR. CAVIN: None. EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Elger is so 5 qualified. 6 7 Q. (BY MR. CARR) What does Nearburg seek with this application? 8 To deny the application in Case 10417 9 for Coquina Oil Corporation. 10 11 Q. Have you prepared exhibits for presentation in this case? 12 Yes, I have. 13 Α. Would you refer to what has been marked 14 0. 15 for identification as Nearburg Exhibit No. 1, 16 identify that, and review it for Mr. Stogner. Exhibit No. 1 is an isopach map of the, 17 18 what we call the Boyd Channel sand, and I'll identify that in a second in Exhibit 2. 19 Basically it shows the distribution of that sand 20 21 across the subject area and the interpretation of that sand as being basically a north-to-south 22 23 channel type system across the east half of 24 Section 27 and through section -- the majority of

Section 34.

Exhibit No. 2 will be the cross-section A-to-A prime that you see on the isopach map and ties what we feel are four key wells to the subject application by Coquina.

You'll also notice there's two different colored dots in the northeast corner of Section 34. The orange dot closest to the northeast corner is where the applicant -- application is referenced to the 990 unorthodox drill site.

The red dot just to the west of that is where our legal setback, legal location for a north-half proration unit in Section 34 would be found.

- Q. Now, Mr. Elger, if I look at Exhibit
 No. 1, what does the yellow shading indicate?
- A. The yellow shading indicates the contour -- the isopach contour interval is 15 feet. What I've done is shade all sands from 15 to 30 feet in a light yellow shade and greater than 30 feet in sand thickness, a darker yellow shade.
- Q. Was this particular isopach map prepared for this hearing?
 - A. Yes, it was.

- Q. And when was the actual work performed on this particular interpretation?
 - A. When was it done?
 - Q. Yes.

- A. Several weeks ago.
- Q. Let's go now to Exhibit No. 2, and I'd ask you to identify that.
- A. Exhibit No. 2 is the cross-section

 A-to-A prime. It's referenced on the isopach

 map. And what I've done is just color -- I've

 identified the various members of the Morrow, the

 top of the Morrow clastics section.

I've identified what we're calling the Boyd Channel sand or deposit, the top of the Lower Morrow, top of the Barnett shale, and the top of the Chester limestone, Mississippian Age Chester limestone, which is the datum for the cross-section.

This is a stratigraphic cross-section so that you can see more readily the correlations of the sand member from one side to the other side of the proposed drill site.

Again, I've identified in red, under red in the depth column on each of these, where the perforations are on the respective wells.

As you can see, the Coquina Pan
Canadian No. 1 and the Nearburg No. 1 26-M Boyd
State, I interpret as producing from the same
Boyd Channel sand system. Whether they're the
same sand exactly within that system is
speculative, but they're both producing from the
sand within that system, within that channel.

- Q. Based on your geologic interpretation of this area, do you have an opinion as to whether or not a standard location is available to Coquina in the north half of Section 34?
- A. I believe it is. With reference to the Exhibit 1 again, the red dot interpretation is there that that well would encounter an equivalent-looking sand thickness to what was encountered in the original Coquina Pan Canadian No. 1.
- Q. You were present when Mr. Waller testified?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. You heard him testify about a well that in his estimation would ultimately produce 6.5

 Bcf?
- 24 A. Yes.

Q. Who drilled that well?

That was also drilled by Nearburg 1 Α. 2 Producing Company. And it's on Exhibit 9, 3 Coquina's Exhibit 9. Q. What well? Huber Federal No. 1. 5 Α. 6 0. What sort of data was available to you 7 at the time you drilled the well? That is Nearburg's first well drilled 8 Α. in the area. 9 10 Was there offsetting development that Q. 11 you could use to interpret the reservoir? 12 The key well that was used to identify Α. 13 that drill site for Nearburg was -- again on Coquina's cross, I believe, is section -- it's 14 the one on the end, Exhibit No. --15 16 MR. STOVALL: The one on the far end, 17 No. 7? 18 THE WITNESS: Yes. It's the old Stanlind Lakewood Unit No. 1, which was drilled 19 20 to the Devonian, and encountered 34 feet of sand 21 within the Boyd Channel. 22 Q. (BY MR. CARR) Were you anticipating a 23 well of that caliber when you drilled it? 24 Α. No, we were not.

In fact, you didn't know what you were

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Q.

going to have until you got the well?

- A. That's correct.
- Q. You've heard testimony today about a number of unorthodox locations drilled in the area by Nearburg, have you not?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. Four of them in fact were identified by the witnesses for Coquina?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Of those four how many have been commercial successes?
- A. One.
- 13 Q. And that is the Boyd State No. 1?
- 14 A. That's correct.
 - Q. Based on your geologic study and interpretation of the area, what conclusions can you reach about the plans of Coquina for development of the north half of 34?
 - A. Well, one conclusion is we think that Coquina could drill a standard location within that north-half proration unit and not really hurt themselves in terms of moving away from where their application is for the 990 location on the corner.
 - Q. Do you have an opinion as to whether or

1	not a well at the proposed location, if in fact
2	it's approved, would drain reserves from
3	offsetting Nearburg interests in the north half
4	of 35?
5	A. Yes.
6	Q. What is that opinion?
7	A. Well, I believe it would.
8	Q. If the application is granted, will you
9	believe that drilling of a well as proposed by
10	Coquina will impair the correlative rights of
11	Nearburg?
12	A. Yes, it would.
13	MR. CARR: I have nothing further and
14	would move the admission of Nearburg Exhibits 1
15	and 2.
16	EXAMINER STOGNER: Are there any
17	objections?
18	MR. CAVIN: None.
19	EXAMINER STOGNER: Exhibits 1 and 2
20	will be admitted into evidence at this time.
21	MR. CARR: Pass the witness.
22	EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Cavin, your
23	witness.
24	EXAMINATION
25	BY MR. CAVIN:

- Q. Mr. Elger, first of all, I'd like to get some idea -- I know you've stated this, but ask you again. Your background is petroleum geology?
 - A. Yes.

- Q. And do you have any experience in petroleum engineering?
 - A. No.
- Q. Okay. So anything you're testifying to is strictly petroleum geology?
- A. That's correct.
- Q. Let me go over these wells. If I could refer you to Exhibit 2, Coquina Exhibit 2 -- and I can get you a copy of that -- just for identification of the wells.
- Again, I guess you're proposing on your Exhibit 1 that Coquina drill a 660 from the north line and 1980 from the east line?
- 19 A. That's correct.
 - Q. And can you tell me a little bit about
 Nearburg's experience out in this area? And
 basically I refer you to the wells that are
 identified on Exhibit 2. And, first of all, tell
 me which of the Morrow wells -- which are
 successful Morrow wells up here?

1	MR. STOVALL: Which Exhibit 2 are you
2	referring to, theirs or yours?
3	MR. CAVIN: Coquina. Coquina Exhibit
4	2.
5	A. Which are the successful
6	Q. (BY MR. CAVIN) Nearburg Morrow wells.
7	A. Okay. The Boyd State, obviously, in
8	the southwest of Section 26.
9	Q. Okay.
10	A. The Huber Federal No. 1 in the south
11	half of Section 3. You mean successful in terms
1 2	of commercial
13	Q. Commercially successful.
14	A. That's about it.
15	Q. Okay. So how many wells has Nearburg
16	drilled out in this area?
17	A. How many?
18	Q. Uh-huh.
19	A. Just on your map?
20	Q. Uh-huh.
21	A. Ten.
22	Q. Okay. So two out of the ten Morrow
23	wells that Nearburg has drilled in this area have
24	been commercially successful?
25	A. (Witness nodded.)

Are you familiar with these wells and 1 Q. 2 the geology of the land to picking out various locations? 3 No, I'm not. Α. Q. Okay. 5 6 Α. Some of them yes, some no. 7 Q. So in your preparation of your maps, you didn't rely on previous Nearburg maps --8 I did not, no. 9 Α. -- for these unorthodox locations? 10 0. That's correct. 11 Α. 12 Q. Just drafting them from scratch? That's correct. 13 Α. Okay. Based on Nearburg's performance 14 Q. 15 in this area, would you suggest we should rely on 16 allowing Nearburg to help us to pick our 17 locations here? Is that a pretty good success ratio in the Morrow, two out of ten? 18 19 Α. That's debatable. Some are worse and 20 some are better. 21 So you have no familiarity with cases, 22 OCD Cases 9568 and 9405, which concern the 23 Nearburg wells in Section 26 on the west half?

No, I do not. I did include on my

cross-section A prime, you can see the subject

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Α.

well that was an unorthodox drill site. In fact,

I've correlated what I believe is a remnant of

the Boyd Channel sand into that wellbore.

- Q. Okay. Regarding characteristics of the Morrow in this area, do you believe it's comprised of several different zones within that one sand that you've mapped?
- A. I believe there are separate sandbars within the main channel system.
- Q. So do you think it's unreasonable to state there are 12 separate zones within that sand?
 - A. No.

- Q. You do --
- A. I'm talking about just the -- I'm talking about the sands within what I've identified on my cross-section as the Boyd Channel. You're talking about specifically the entire Morrow from the top of the clastics to the top of Barnett; correct?
- Q. Well, yes. How many productive zones, potentially productive zones, do you think are within that range?
- A. Well, there's probably -- there could potentially be up to 12 sands, I imagine, that

could contribute reserves to any subject test. However, I don't believe any of them would be commercial, commercial objectives.

That's why I've only colored in and identified on this cross-section the Boyd Channel sand because historically within the map that I've got on figure 1, there are basically no commercial Morrow wells that have perforated any other sand in the Boyd Channel sand.

Q. Let me ask you if you could refer to what is marked as Coquina Exhibit 4, which has previously been admitted, and reference these drainage circles which indicated a drainage area that have been prepared by Mr. Waller, who's previously testified.

Do you agree with these, or do you have any reason to disagree? Are you qualified to say?

- A. I don't have any reason to disagree other than they're just theoretical circles.
- Q. So you don't have any reason to disagree?
 - A. No.

Q. Do you feel qualified to even pass on that?

Not -- you know --1 Α. 2 MR. STOVALL: Mr. Cavin, if you don't mind, I'd like to ask an intermediate question to 3 that. 5 MR. CAVIN: Sure. MR. STOVALL: If I understand, Mr. 6 7 Waller's -- that exhibit you're referring to was 8 prepared based upon some engineering calculations which Mr. Waller made on another exhibit; is that 9 10 correct? 11 MR. CAVIN: Well, yes, Exhibits 10 and 12 11. 13 MR. STOVALL: Given the information that that exhibit to which Mr. Cavin is referring 14 15 you is based upon engineering calculations, would 16 you feel comfortable expressing an opinion as to the work that went into it, the calculations and 17 the engineering work that went into those 18 19 circles? I think that's --20 THE WITNESS: I know they were derived 21 based on mathematical formulas. 22 (BY MR. CAVIN) Do you have any reason Q. 23 to doubt the formulas that were used or the data 24 that was put into those formulas?

No, I don't.

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Α.

- Q. Because the data assumes various variables that were compiled by Mr. Cromwell and reflected on these logs according to Mr. Cromwell's interpretation.
 - A. Uh-huh.

- Q. So you don't have any reason to doubt the variable information?
- A. Although, again, they could be, you know, the same quality could be much better than any well that penetrated the system within my Exhibit 1, as referenced again to the Nearburg Huber Federal No. 1, which had greater porosity and probably greater permeability than any of the other wells drilled in 26 or 34.
- Q. Yes, sir. I'm not saying it's not possible to find one of those Huber wells. But what I'm asking you is the variable information on Coquina Exhibit 10 is of a geologic type -- if I'm not mistaken -- and it's taken from well interpretations, again it's plugged into a formula to which no one has objected to. And I would just ask you if you could tell us if you have any differences as far as the variables that were input here?
 - A. No, I don't.

- Q. Okay. So again, as far as the drainage areas, circles, and the data that's on Exhibits 10, 11, and Coquina Exhibit 4, you don't have any reason to question these drainage areas or the data that's on the exhibits?
- A. For the wells that have currently been drilled and log calculations and so forth?
 - Q. Yes.

- A. You're right.
- Q. Have you seen Mr. Cromwell's presentation today -- and I think you've seen that before when they came over to present this to you. Do you differ with Mr. Cromwell and his geological interpretations other than the ways you've mapped here? I mean, structurally you agree with his interpretation?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. So basically it's just the way he's mapped his isopach map of the sands?
- A. He's interpreted more of a bar-type system.
- Q. So by the location that Nearburg would propose, it would put you in that 30-foot isopach line, between 30 and 45, but it gets you very close to a well which we have indicated as

depleted, and it also gets you very close to the dry hole up in Section 27. Is that something that would not give you any concern as a geologist?

A. No.

- Q. Okay.
- A. There's only -- I think if you measured off, based on the 1-to-2,000 scale, there's only 5- or 600 feet of difference between where you're proposing to drill and where we're--
- Q. So if Nearburg were drilling a well like this, they would pinch it closer to the depleted well and also a dry hole rather than where we've indicated?

MR. CARR: I don't believe that's what he said. I object to the form of the question.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Do you want to

restate your question, Mr. Cavin?

- Q. (BY MR. CAVIN) Do you think this proposed location is a better location than that, geologically better location, than that that Coquina has proposed?
- A. No, I didn't say that. I said it's comparable to.

MR. CAVIN: I have no further

1 questions. 2 EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Carr, any redirect? 3 FURTHER EXAMINATION 4 5 BY MR. CARR: Mr. Elger, you haven't reviewed the Q. 6 statistics set forth on Exhibit No. 10, have you? 7 R Α. Where is 10? MR. STOVALL: The engineering 9 calculations that I asked you about. 10 Α. No. 11 (BY MR. CARR) Is it the point of your 12 Q. 13 testimony to confirm that these are correct? I couldn't say without going through Α. 14 the logs and everything. I haven't gone into all 15 16 the individual logs. 17 Q. And you haven't done that? 18 Α. No. You just don't have any basis, based on 19 Q. not having a chance to review them, to warrant 20 one way or the other? 21 22 Yes, that's correct. Α. 23 Do you have any idea how many acres the Q. 24 well they're proposing will actually drain?

Nobody will know until it's drilled.

25

Α.

Mr. Cavin asked you some questions 1 Q. 2 about the things you agreed with, even he noted you agreed with Mr. Cromwell's structural 3 interpretation? 5 Α. Yes. Does it have any real importance in 6 7 terms of whether you drill a well out there or not? 8 No, it doesn't. 9 Α. That's all I have. MR. CARR: 10 11 EXAMINER STOGNER: Thank you, Mr. Carr. Mr. Cavin. 12 FURTHER EXAMINATION 13 BY MR. CAVIN: 14 You've indicated that the structure out 15 16 here doesn't really have any bearing on the well 17 locations. Is that consistent with Nearburg's 18 philosophy in this area? 19 Α. In solution gas reservoirs, yes. 20 Okay. So that's consistent? Q. 21 Α. It's only a concern where you've got 22 potential -- where you go from a transition in 23 one particular sand unit or from a wet sand to a

So would that surprise you if I told

24

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gas sand.

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you that in the cases concerning these wells in 1 2 the west half of Section 26 that that was a primary consideration, Nearburg's primary 3 consideration for the unorthodox locations? Yes, that would surprise me. 5 Α. 6 Ο. So getting back to Coquina Exhibit 10, have you looked at the logs of these wells? 7 Α. I have looked at some of the logs, yes. 8 And you haven't come up with any kind 9 **Q**. of numbers comparable to these, or like total 10 11 recovery is certainly one I would think you've done. Water saturation --12 13 Α. Reservoir engineers have. I have not reviewed the logs in terms of reservoir 14 calculations for those wells. 15 That's beyond my 16 area of expertise. So all of these variables are really 17 Ο. 18 beyond your area of expertise? That's correct. 19 Α. 20 MR. CAVIN: Okay. I have no further 21 questions. EXAMINER STOGNER: 22 Thank you, Mr. 23 Cavin. I have a couple of questions.

24

25

BY EXAMINER STOGNER:

EXAMINATION

1	Q. We're specifically talking about the
2	Cemetary Morrow Gas Pool, aren't we? Is that
3	where this production in this area is from?
4	A. I believe that's correct.
5	Q. Is that a prorated pool or an
6	unprorated pool? Come on, Mr. Elger, you've been
7	operating out there long enough. You ought to
8	know.
9	MR. STOVALL: Are your wells prorated
10	out there?
11	A. I believe they are. I don't really
12	know.
13	Q. (BY EXAMINER STOGNER) Well, all
14	right. Let me go on to the next question.
15	Are you proposing that there be if
16	this well is approved at this location that it
17	have a penalty assessed to it?
18	A. I would think so, yes.
19	Q. How would I do that?
20	MR. STOVALL: Back up. Mr. Cavin and
21	Mr. Carr, do you both agree that this is an
2 2	unprorated pool?
23	MR. CARR: Yes.
2 4	MR. CAVIN: (Nodded.)
25	MR. STOVALL: Mr. Cavin is nodding his

head. 1 2 MR. CAVIN: That's my information too. 3 If Mr. Carr says yes, I say yes. MR. CARR: If I were a geologist, I 5 might not know. MR. STOVALL: 6 The reason for that, 7 obviously, if it's prorated -- I don't know how much you're involved in operations or whether 8 you're strictly a finding geologist, 9 10 explorationist, you're probably being put on the 11 spot. 12 Q. (BY EXAMINER STOGNER) Let rephrase my 13 question. Is it Nearburg's position today to deny this application or to assess a penalty if 14 15 this location is drilled here? 16 Α. It's to deny the application. 17 Q. Okay. So essentially what we have here 18 is an all-or-none; is that correct? 19 Α. Yes. 20 Okay. And that question, it seems Q. 21 like, to Mr. Carr and Mr. Cavin too --MR. STOVALL: No penalty has been 22 23 proposed by either party at this time; is that --24 MR. CAVIN: Well, I quess.

No.

That is correct.

MR. CARR:

MR. CAVIN: That is correct.

MR. STOGNER: Now, I am kind of caught between -- I'm going to -- general statement here. All the testimony that has been given today has been about the Morrow formation.

And the application was for an unorthodox location to include all formations spaced on 320 acres. And that would essentially be in this area from the top of the Wolfcamp to the base of the Morrow.

And there are some particular pools in there, in fact, this particular area is in the north Cemetary Atoka Gas Pool, but I haven't heard any testimony on that today. Should I limit this approval just to the Morrow?

MR. STOVALL: Assuming it's granted.

MR. CAVIN: We would ask that it be as to all formations. It's my understanding there aren't very many potential formations that would be spaced on 320 if I'm correct.

MR. STOVALL: Let me suggest something here. I think there are some questions that need to go back to Mr. Cromwell as far as what the Examiner is talking about. So let's finish up with Mr. Elger, if we've got any. And I see

what you're saying with Mr. Cromwell.

MR. CAVIN: Could I make a statement?

I think -- well, certainly if you assume 320-acre drainage out here and would base your penalty on that, that would be very hard to live with, particularly in this environment for gas producers.

I think, and I have not discussed this with my client yet, but if you were were willing to -- if they could stipulate to the maximum line where that red line is, it's most important to them that they have that unorthodox location.

And in fact that's what, in my view, my understanding, could jeopardize drilling the well.

MR. STOVALL: If the location were denied, it would jeopardize the well is that what you're saying?

MR. CAVIN: Yes.

MR. STOVALL: But if there were some top limitation placed on the well which would effectively limit the drainage circle --

MR. CAVIN: Certainly we're not in favor of that, but again the location is of paramount concern. And I guess the other

paramount concern is if the Division was going to assume 320-acre drainage in coming up with a penalty, I could see that could be a very -- that would be a very severe penalty. And we don't believe the facts warrant an assumption of 320-acre drainage radius in this area.

MR. STOVALL: Let me ask a question of either Mr. Elger -- or I'll ask you first. Do you know if any of the Nearburg unorthodox locations had a penalty attached to them?

THE WITNESS: I don't know, but I don't

think they did.

MR. STOVALL: Mr. Carr, did you represent Nearburg in those cases?

MR. CARR: I don't know. I had some of them, but I don't know. Mr. Cooter has represented them in others.

MR. STOVALL: It's my recollection that none of them did have a penalty in the unprorated pools.

MR. CAVIN: I believe, if I might interject here, and although it's not crystal clear from the order that the order in 9405 was left open, that certainly did not impose a penalty, but the way I read it, we could -- a

1	penalty could be imposed.
2	EXAMINER STOGNER: Which order?
3	MR. CAVIN: 9405.
4	EXAMINER STOGNER: R-9405?
5	MR. CAVIN: Yes.
6	MR. STOVALL: Is that Order No. R-9405
7	or Case No. 9405?
8	MR. CAVIN: I'm sorry. That's Case
9	9405, and I could tell you the order number real
10	quick.
11	MR. CROMWELL: That's the Boyd State
12	well.
13	MR. CAVIN: It's Order No. R-8687 in
14	the language. And in fact well, I'll just
15	read you the language: "No production penalty
16	should be imposed on the subject well at this
17	time. We interpret that to leave that whole
18	issue open."
19	If a penalty is deemed appropriate, we
20	would
21	EXAMINER STOGNER: What's the order
22	number?
23	MR. CAVIN: R-8687.
24	EXAMINER STOGNER: I'll tell you what,
25	if there's no other questions of Mr. Elger, he

1 may be excused. I'm ready now for closing 2 statements. MR. STOVALL: Do we need to recall him 3 with respect to the 320 formation? Let's go off the record for a second. 5 6 (A discussion was held off the record.) 7 MR. STOVALL: Let me just explain. had talked about calling Mr. Cromwell back on 8 9 with regard to other formations which would be included. And in our off-the-record discussion, 10 11 we do not feel that is necessary. So we have no 12 need to recall Mr. Cromwell to address any other 13 pool formations that might be covered by this order. 14 15 So if that guides you as to whether you 16 wish to recall Mr. Cromwell, we would --17 MR. CAVIN: The only reason --18 MR. STOVALL: I would encourage you to 19 at this point. 20 MR. CAVIN: We will keep it very 21 brief. The only reason that I would like to 22 recall Mr. Cromwell is so that I don't butcher up 23 my discussion of the geology, if that would be 24 acceptable.

It sounds like to me

EXAMINER STOGNER:

1	you're limiting it to the Morrow?
2	MR. CAVIN: And also the maps that have
3	been admitted.
4	EXAMINER STOGNER: The maps that have
5	been admitted have only
6	MR. CROMWELL: I mean, as far as what
7	he's saying, I think we need to get the gas
8	formations, the Atoka formation included in this.
9	MR. CAVIN: If you feel it's critical
10	for the record, we would certainly like to
11	MR. STOVALL: We're telling you we
12	don't think it is.
13	MR. CAVIN: Okay. The only reason I
14	want to recall you is to briefly tell them your
15	problems with the map, and they'll ask some
16	questions.
17	MR. CROMWELL: Fine.
18	MR. CAVIN: All right. I'd like to
19	recall
20	EXAMINER STOGNER: Okay, Mr. Cavin,
21	you're recalling Mr. Cromwell at this time.
2 2	MR. STOVALL: You can stay where you
23	are rather than move.
2 4	DAVID W. CROMWELL
25	Having been previously duly sworn upon his oath,

was examined and testified further as follows:

FURTHER EXAMINATION

BY MR. CAVIN:

- Q. Mr. Cromwell, I would ask you to review the Exhibits 1 and 2, Nearburg Exhibits 1 and 2 that have been admitted here today and ask that you describe your problems with these exhibits.
- A. The only thing I would like to point out to the Examiner, on Nearburg's Exhibit No. 1 is that the -- in Section 34 in the southeast quarter of Section 34, they have that Stanlind No. 1 Lakewood well symbolized as a productive well, when in fact it is a dry hole, as you can see there in that exhibit.

And also, you know, that just -- and also the fact that you have a dry hole in the southwest quarter of Section 27, which has very little sand in it, if any, which is illustrated on this isopach map.

Also you have a well in the southwest quarter of Section 34, which has an indication that it does not have any pay sand in this thick supposedly Morrow Boyd Channel.

So you've got several wells. My point

is you've got several wells within this channel 1 2 that are not productive that do show some thickness of sand, to re-emphasize my point. 3 The other point I'd like to bring up, also along that same line to reinforce that, 5 looking at Exhibit 2 of Nearburg, you'll note 6 7 that they have a dry hole that's illustrated on the extreme right-hand side of that 8 9 cross-section. 10 And that sand is correlated into the 11 productive sand of the Nearburg No. 1 Boyd State 12 26-M. And this is another -- to me is another indication that even though the sands are in the 13 same correlative position, that they are isolated 14 15 by pressure or by lack of transmissibility in between the two sands. And it is a very 16 lenticular and often very high-risk formation to 17 18 drill and complete these Morrow tests into. 19 Those are the only two points I'd like 20 to bring before the Examiners. 21 EXAMINER STOGNER: Anything else, Mr. 22 Cavin? 23 MR. CAVIN: No.

24 FURTHER EXAMINATION

25 BY MR. CARR:

- Q. Mr. Cromwell, when you talk about the isopach map by Nearburg, as I understand your objection, is the Stanlind well didn't produce, but it is indicated on the map in there where there is thick sand; correct?
- A. My objection is that the well is indicated as a producer, when it in fact is not a producer.
- Q. The purpose of an isopach is to show the thickness of the sand; isn't that correct?
 - A. Yes, sir.

- Q. You're not disputing the fact that there was sand present in that well?
 - A. No, sir.

MR. CARR: That's all I have.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Any other questions of this witness? If not, he may be excused.

Ready for closing arguments.

Mr. Carr, you may go first. Mr. Cavin, you may go after.

MR. CARR: May it please the Examiner, Coquina drilled the well in the north half of Section 34 some time ago, and they produced the reserves. The well is now ready to be plugged and abandoned. And now they're before you

seeking approval of another location.

Since the first well was drilled in this acreage, other development has occurred and now the northeast quarter looks good to them. In fact, it looks good to everyone.

Nearburg is before you not objecting to Coquina producing its reserves. They, however, object to locating a well in a position where it can drain reserves from the north half of their interest -- of Section 35, a tract that they operate.

They have a duty not only to look after their own interests, but those of their royalty owners. And so they're here before you asking you to deny the application.

Mr. Cromwell comes in, and he makes a geological presentation. He notes that one of the things you're looking for is thick sand and that you're trying to get away from wells that have not produced or have produced. So what he does is he comes up with a location that he believes is the best location to produce the reserves in Coquina property.

The problem with it is it's 50 percent closer to the Nearburg interest in Section 35

than permitted by your rules. If you look at both isopachs, both interpretations, whether this is a bar deposit or a channel sand, you see that both geological interpretations show that there is a standard location available to Coquina in the north half of the section.

They've only presented evidence on the Morrow. There's nothing on any other formation. So we can, I think, based on this record assume there's a standard location in the other formations available to them as well, a location from which they can drain their reserves, not ours.

Then we call Mr. Waller, an engineering witness, who talks about drainage areas of less than 320 acres. He says the well isn't going to drain that much. He doesn't know how much their proposed well will drain, but he doesn't think it's going to drain 320 acres.

Well, if it's like the Huber Federal

No. 1, it sure would. If it's like the Boyd

State, drilled the diagonal offset to the

northeast, the well in which they didn't object,

they had an opportunity, and they didn't show up

at the hearing, and they didn't go de novo. And

you can look at the record and see that.

And now they're saying maybe after the fact they can come in and someday get a penalty. The bottom line is if it's like those other wells -- that the proposed well is like those two wells, it will drain. It will drain substantial reserves from us.

The problem we have here is that no matter what these drainage circles are, this isn't a case to change pool rules. The rules are 320 acres. There are well location requirements that are set by the Division. And they have a location, and they can drill at that location and produce their own reserves.

The only thing we have concerning a penalty in this case, the only thing, is Mr. Cavin's suggestion that maybe if you take their very interpretive Exhibit No. 11, that's really their words, these are very interpretive circles, that you might structure a penalty based on the little bit of pink line that extends into Section 35.

The problem we have here is the same problem the New Mexico Supreme Court had in Faskin v. OCD. The problem with this is that it

emanates from the lips and pens of counsel, not from technical witnesses. And consequently we submit you can't even consider that.

There's nothing in the record on the penalty. The record simply shows someone wants to drill a new well, not at a standard location, but by their own interpretation would be in the pay and beyond their drainage area.

And so we ask you to do in this case what was done in Case No. 10297 and the order that was entered on your recommendation, Mr. Stogner, on May 2, 1991.

In that case you denied an application of Nearburg for an unorthodox location, simply denied it, because you found that we had failed to substantially support the need to force that unorthodox location.

We think we've gone full circle on that. And now someone is coming in, having failed to meet their burden, and therefore we ask you to deny the application.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Thank you, Mr.

23 | Carr.

Mr. Cavin.

MR. CAVIN: Coquina -- I find it very

unfair that Nearburg would come in at this date and challenge this unorthodox location in light of their performance in this area. I find it less objectionable since I get paid by the hour.

Coquina finds it quite objectionable and respectfully requests that you approve their location. I certainly think they've gone far to demonstrate that this location is required both from a geological standpoint and from an engineering standpoint that it would not drain the offset acreage in any significant way.

As far as the geological considerations, we would say that Coquina proposes their location based upon the following reasons: First, it will stay out of the drainage radius for existing or produced wells. Second, it stays away from the dry holes to the north and the south. Third, that it stays within the thick sand development of the Morrow. And, fourth, that it helps prove up additional locations in the north.

Now, Nearburg today has presented some geologic testimony, but certainly not anywhere near the geologic testimony that we've provided. And no engineering testimony. We believe that

1	the facts overwhelmingly indicate that this is
2	required geologically, but certainly they
3	indicate that even from the best well in the
4	field, and no one has disputed this, that it only
5	drained 158 acres.
6	We think it would be unreasonable to
7	use 320-acre drainage in this case. And again we
8	would request that the location be approved.
9	EXAMINER STOGNER: Thank you, Mr.
10	Cavin. Does anybody else have anything further
11	in this case? In that case
12	MR. STOVALL: Should I make a closing
13	statement too?
14	EXAMINER STOGNER: No. Case No. 10417
15	will be taken under advisement.
16	(The proceedings were concluded.)
17	
18	
19	
20	I do hereby certify that the foregoing is
21	a complete record of the proceedings in the Examiner hearing of Case No. 10417
22	heard by me on My Reconstr 19 41.
23	Oil Conservation Division
24	On Consolitation Division

1 CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER 2 STATE OF NEW MEXICO 3) SS. COUNTY OF SANTA FE 5 I, Debbie Vestal, Certified Shorthand 6 7 Reporter and Notary Public, HEREBY CERTIFY that the foregoing transcript of proceedings before 8 9 the Oil Conservation Division was reported by me; 10 that I caused my notes to be transcribed under my 11 personal supervision; and that the foregoing is a 12 true and accurate record of the proceedings. 13 I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a 14 relative or employee of any of the parties or attorneys involved in this matter and that I have 15 16 no personal interest in the final disposition of 17 this matter. 18 WITNESS MY HAND AND SEAL DECEMBER 29, 1991. 19 20 21 22 23 DEBBIE 24 NEW MEXICO CSR NO. 3