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1 2 3	STATE OF NEW MEXICO ENERGY AND MINERALS DEPARTMENT OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION STATE LAND OFFICE BLDG. SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO		
4	8 August 1984		
	EXAMINER HEARING		
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8	IN THE MATTER OF:		
9	Application of Amoco Production Com- CASE pany for downhole commingling, Rio 8295		
10	Arriba County, New Mexico.		
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	BEFORE: Richard L. Stamets, Examiner		
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14	TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING		
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17	APPEARANCES		
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19			
20	For the Oil Conservation W. Perry Pearce		
21	Division: Attorney at Law Oil Conservation Commission		
	State Land Office Bldg. Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501		
22	For the Applicant: Gary L. Paulson		
23	Attorney at Law Amoco Production Company		
24	17th and Broadway Denver, Colorado 80202		
25			

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2	APPEARANCES	
3	For Amoco Production Co.: William F. Carr Attorney at Law	
4	CAMPBELL AND BLACK P.A. P. O. Box 2208	
5	Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501	
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8	I N D E X	
9	CHARLES BOYCE	
10	Direct Examination by Mr. Paulson 4	
	Cross Examination by Mr. Stamets 13	
11		
12		
13		
14	EXHIBITS	
15		
16	Amoco Exhibit One, Plat 6	
17	Amoco Exhibit Two, Schematic 7	
18	Amoco Exhibit Three, Tabulations 9	
19	Amoco Exhibit Four, Data 10	
20		
21		
22		
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3	MR. STAMETS: We'll go ahead	
4	and call Case 8295.	
5	MR. PEARCE: That case is on	
6	the application of Amoco Production Company for downhole	
7	commingling, Rio Arriba County, New Mexico.	
8	Okay, I'd ask for appearances	
9	in this matter.	
	MR. PAULSON: Gary Paulson, ap-	
10	pearing in association with Mr. Bill Carr of the firm of	
11	Campbell, Byrd and Black. Entry of appearance should be in your file.	
12	MR. PEARCE: Are there other	
13	appearances in this matter?	
14	Do you propose one witness, Mr.	
15	Paulson?	
16	MR. PAULSON: Yes, Mr. Pearce,	
17	we have one witness and four exhibits.	
18		
19	(Witness sworn.)	
20		
21	CHARLES BOYCE,	
22	being called as a witness and being duly sworn upon his	
23	oath, testified as follows, to-wit:	
24	DIDDOM EVANINAMION	
25	DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. PAULSON:	
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2	Q	Would you state your name for the record,	
3	please?		
4	A	My name is Charles Boyce, B-O-Y-C-E.	
5	Q	And by whom are you employed?	
6	Α	Amoco Production Company.	
	Q	In what capacity?	
7	А	Senior Petroleum Engineering Associate in	
8	the Denver Region Office.		
9	Q	And have you previouslsy testified before	
10	this Commission	in an expert capacity as a petroleum en-	
11	gineer?		
12	A	Yes.	
13	Q	And are you familiar with the application	
14	that's been filed by Amoco in this cause?		
	А	Yes.	
15	Q	And have you prepared exhibits in antici-	
16	pation of testifying here today?		
17	A	Yes.	
18	Q	And were those exhibits prepared by you	
19	or under your supervision and control?		
20	A	Yes.	
21		MR. PAULSON: Mr. Examiner, are	
22	the witness' qualifications accepted?		
23		MR. STAMETS: Yes.	
	Q	Mr. Boyce, would you indicate for the	
24	Examiner what is	peing sought by this application?	
25	A	We are seeking approval to commingle the	

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Gallup and Dakota oil producing zones in our Jicarilla Apache "A" 118 No. 8 Well, which is located in the southeast southeast quarter of Section 35, 16 North, 3 West, in Rio Arriba County, and further, for blanket approval of future completions in those horizons in our 4-section Jicarilla Apache "A" 118 Lease, which comprise Sections 25, 26, 35 and 36 in Township 26 North, Range 3 West.

Q Prior to the filing of this application, Mr. Boyce, did you discuss the matter with the Aztec District staff?

A We did. The location of the well, I might refer to Exhibit Number One, basically, to make it a little more clear, in the southeast southeast of Section 35, is less than a mile from the nearest existing Gallup-Dakota completion in Section 2 just to the south.

This well, the Union Texas McCroden "C" l, and other wells to the southwest, actually have resulted in the extension of the Ojito Gallup-Dakota Pool, which has been established for several years, and under the rules of that pool the Gallup-Dakota can be commingled.

The District Office indicated that with that in mind our "A" 118 Well could actually be approved administratively under normal procedures, since it is within a mile of an existing pool; however, we are requesting blanket approval for this 4-section lease.

We have three additional wells authorized to drill at this time; we anticipate several more, and to

1 horizons.

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tubing shown is as we will The complete Currently we have just completed testing the two zones we haven't proceeded to final completion yet, pending approval. This will be the -- the downhole configuration of well and the future wells we drill on these -- on this lease will be essentially the same.

We did run 7-inch casing on this particu-It was a step-out from existing production. lar well. weren't certain what zones we might find commercially productive or how many. We did run the larger casing in anticipation of possible dual completion, depending on the horizons.

With only the Gallup and Dakota commercially productive based on our test here, future wells drill will be equipped with smaller casing to minimize cost, knowing that we can commingle downhole.

And other than the fact that subsequent wells drilled within this 4-section area might have perhaps 4-1/2 inch casing, you would anticipate the mechanical setup to be very similar?

> Α That's correct.

Anything else on Exhibit Two?

With the exception of the first stage cementing data shown, which did insure isolation of these two zones from each other during completion, and from other horizons, once they are commingled.

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Q Would you discuss the typical completions within the 4-section area, and specifically with reference to Well "A" 118?

A Basically, perforating and sand/water fracturing the Dakota formation, testing by swabbing and/or flowing for a sufficient period of time to establish a production trend, then setting a temporary bridge plug between the Dakota and Gallup, proceeding to perforate and sand/water fracture the Gallup horizons, testing those for a sufficient time to establish a reasonable production trend, so that we can properly allocate the production between the two horizons once they're commingled.

Once that testing has been completed, the retrievable bridge plug would be removed and one string of tubing run for commingled production.

Q Okay. Refer you then to Exhibit Three, which is a two part exhibit. Would you identify the first page of that exhibit, please, and explain its significance to this application?

A That is Exhibit Three-A. It shows the, essentially, three week test period during which we evaluated the performance of the Gallup formation. It shows the, basically, the hours produced, barrels of oil per day, barrels of water per day, and Mcf of gas per day.

Appeared to be reasonably stabilized, so we have a very good idea of what the initial production of that horizon will be.

Q And Three-B?

A Three-B is a similar test of the Dakota horizon. The oil, water, and gas production shown reasonably well stabilized. The water production will probably reduce some. We're probably still recovering some frac water, but I imagine the Dakota will ultimately bring some water along with oil and gas.

And your request in this application is that an allocation as between the formations not be made in the order but that the District Supervisor determine allocations based upon this and subsequent tests, is that correct?

A That's my recommendation, yes.

Q Referring then to Exhibit Four, would you identify that exhibit for us, please?

A Exhibit Four shows fluid characteristics and pressure measurements of the Jicarilla Tribal 118 "A" No. l. That's in the top row.

For the Gallup and Dakota it indicates the measured oil gravity durign the short term test. They are basically identical.

The gas/oil ratios probably are very typical, low for the Gallup, 1150 cubic feet per barrel; less than 10,000 for the Dakota, indicating that both are predominantly oil producing horizons.

The bottom hole pressures, shown in the last column, were measured at the time the wells had been

produced for a brief period to clean up frac fluids and after stabilization. They do show pressure which are typical for these two horizons in the area.

The pressure in the Dakota is less than twice what it is in the Gallup. That is not significant other than the fact that in administrative approval of comminglings one of the requirements is that the lower pressured zone be no less than half the pressure of the higher pressured zone.

The closer they are, an indication of less crossflow during long shut-in periods of the wells.

Q Based upon your examination of the data,
Mr. Boyce, do you have an opinion as to whether pressure
differentials between the two zones would cause crossflow?

During normal production of commingled oil production, we would assume the well would be on production essentially full time. For reasonably short periods of shut-in and considering the formation characteristics and the fluid characteristics, I see no reason why any crossflow which could result in damage would occur.

Q Are the fluids produced from the two zones compatible?

A They are, yes.

Q And are the reservoir characteristics of each zone such that underground waste would not be caused by commingling?

A It would not.

Q And this is, in fact, being done in adjacent sections?

A In adjacent sections and in many, actually hundreds of wells within this general area of the basin.

Q Okay. Are these zones within the 4-section area identified generally productive at low rates?

A That's correct. The rates shown on Exhibits Three-A and Three-B are indicative of fairly high initial production. The Gallup indicated a possible 50-barrel per day initial rate after two to three weeks of testing. The Dakota, more near 50 barrels per day. I would expect after commingling and some short term stabilization, the well would produce less than 50 barrels a day initially, and decline thereafter.

Q And is it your opinion that after such decline further production of the well on an economic basis would require that the zones be commingled?

A That's right. Basically these two horizons, at the depth we're looking at and the cost of drilling, cannot be economically developed singly, or at the expense of one being shut in, which -- which would create waste.

Q Is it then your opinion that the granting of the application would be in the best interest of conservation, the prevention of waste, and the protection of correlative rights?

1 13 2 Yes, it would be. Α MR. PAULSON: That's all the 3 testimony we have, Mr. Examiner. We would offer Exhibits 4 One through Four and tender Mr. Boyce for cross examination. 5 MR. STAMETS: The exhibits will 6 be admitted. 7 8 CROSS EXAMINATION 9 BY MR. STAMETS: 10 0 Mr. Boyce, do you think it would be appropriate to expand the Ojito Gallup-Dakota to include this 11 4-section area? 12 Α I believe it would, yes. 13 Q That would do what Amoco thinks needs 14 be done in this area? 15 Essentially it would -- it would solve 16 half of the problem. It would -- it would approve the --17 well, basically, it would solve that, yes, within that pool 18 an administrative approval wouldn't be required, so it would solve that, that request, yes. 19 MR. STAMETS: Any other ques-20 tions of the witness? He may be excused. 21 Anything further in this case? 22 The case will be taken under 23 advisement. 24 25 (Hearing concluded.)

I, SALLY W. BOYD, C.S.R., DO HEREBY CERTIFY that the foregoing Transcript of Hearing before the Oil Conservation Division was reported by me; that the said transcript is a full, true, and correct record of the hearing, prepared by me to the best of my ability.

CERTIFICATE

Sally W. Boyd CER

I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a complete when he of the proceedings in the Exercise meaning of Case via. 8295 heard by the on Share of Case via. 8295 on Share of Case via Share of Case via