1	STATE OF NEW MEXICO								
2	ENERGY, MINERALS AND NATURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT								
3	OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION								
4	IN THE MATTER OF THE HEARING) CALLED BY THE OIL CONSERVATION)								
5	DIVISION FOR THE PURPOSE OF) CONSIDERING:								
6 7	DASIN FRUITLAND COAL/GAS POOL)								
8									
9									
10	REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS								
11	EXAMINER HEARING								
12	BEFORE: DAVID R. CATANACH, Hearing Examiner								
13	January 24, 1991								
14	Santa Fe, New Mexico								
15	This matter came on for hearing before the Oil								
16	Conservation Division on January 24, 1991, at 1:35 p.m. at								
17	Oil Conservation Division Conference Room, State Land Office								
18	Building, 310 Old Santa Fe Trail, Santa Fe, New Mexico,								
19	before Freda Donica, RPR, Certified Court Reporter No. 417,								
20	for the State of New Mexico.								
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22	FOR: OIL CONSERVATION BY: FREDA DONICA, RPR								
23	DIVISION Certified Court Reporter CCR No. 417								
24 25	(ORIGINAL)								

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2	January 24, 1991 Examiner Hearing								
3	CASE NO. 9420						PAG	3E	
4	APPEARANCES							3	
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1		APPEARANCES
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17		BY: JAMES BRUCE, ESQ.
18	FOR NASSAU:	SUTIN THAYER & BROWNE
19		Santa Fe, New Mexico
19		BY: RICHARD BIRCHY, ESQ.
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HEARING EXAMINER: I'll call the hearing back to order at this time. And at this time I'll call the case which is -- basically, this is the prehearing conference in the matter of the hearing that's going to be called by the Oil Conservation Division during February to reexamine the rules for the Basin Fruitland Coal/Gas Pool in San Juan, Rio Arriba and McKinley and Sandoval Counties, New Mexico.

MR. STOVALL: The original case number for this case is

MR. STOVALL: The original case number for this case is 9420, and the consideration of the temporary pool rule for the pool as promulgated by order R-8768 which created the temporary pool rule for the Basin Fruitland Coal Pool.

I suggest, Mr. Examiner, at this time we call for appearances and then I will explain what we're here for today.

HEARING EXAMINER: Do we have appearances in this case?

MR. CARR: May it please the Examiner, my name is
William F. Carr with the law firm of Campbell & Black of
Santa Fe. I'd like to enter our appearance on behalf of
Amoco Production Company. I'm appearing in association with
Eric Nitcher, an attorney for Amoco from Denver. I would
also like to enter an appearance on behalf of Blackwood and
Nichols Company, a limited partnership; Arco Oil and Gas
Company; and Texaco, Inc.

MR. KELLAHIN: Mr. Examiner, I'm Tom Kellahin of the

Santa Fe law firm of Kellahin, Kellahin & Aubrey. appearing today on behalf of Meridian Oil Inc.; Marathon Oil Company, in association with Mr. Tom Lowrey, an attorney with that company; and Phillips Petroleum Company. MR. HALL: Mr. Examiner, Scott Hall from the Miller Stratvert law firm, Santa Fe, on behalf of Mesa Operating Limited Partnership. MR. BRUCE: Mr. Examiner, Jim Bruce from the Hinkle law firm. I enter an appearance on behalf of Union Oil Company, California. Richard Birchy with the Sutin law firm in MR. BIRCHY: Santa Fe on behalf of Nassau Resources. HEARING EXAMINER: Do we have any other appearances? GAS RESEARCH INSTITUTE REPRESENTATIVE: We're not represented by counsel at this time. There's been a study that's been performed by a group called Coalbed Methane Committee of San Juan Basin and the Gas Research Institute, and we would like to have the opportunity to present the results here. MR. STOVALL: Are you with the Gas Research Institute? GAS RESEARCH INSTITUTE REPRESENTATIVE: I'm with the Gas Research Institute. MR. STOVALL: Mr. Examiner, I will enter my appearance on behalf of the Oil Conservation Division, Robert G.

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Stovall of Santa Fe. And as I will explain here in a few

minutes, we will incorporate that study into -- and I'll explain how we intend to do so.

HEARING EXAMINER: Do we have other appearances?

MR. STOVALL: I'm gathering since this case was not actually on the docket, but you're all here, that you must have received the memo explaining the purpose of this prehearing conference.

As I think you all know, the temporary special pool rules for the Basin Fruitland Coal Pool were up for review actually in October of 1990. At the request of several operators and the operators committee, the case has been continued to the February 28th, 1991, docket. The purpose of that continuance was to allow time for the study group to complete whatever research it felt was necessary and to allow operators to take that information and decide what they wanted to do with it. Because of the size of the pool, the significance of it, the number of people involved, number of operators involved, the commissioner of the division felt it was necessary to have this conference one month prior to the hearing so that we can figure out what's going to happen next February.

Quite frankly, we had no idea -- if you'll remember, the original pool rules case was an all-day hearing in Farmington. The division had no idea whether this was going to be a similar type of hearing or a one-hour

keep-it-the-way-it-is-type of case or what the parties wanted. And in order to manage the docket properly, we felt it was necessary to call this conference. We're going to ask each party who wishes to appear at and present evidence at the hearing to identify themselves, their position, how they intend to support the position with a general statement as to evidence that they intend to present, how they intend to present it. In other words, we're going to determine how to conduct the case procedurally.

at this hearing, a number of things will be decided. First of all, perhaps one of the major ones is whether or not it will be necessary to have a special docket just for this case, with no other cases on the docket. If it appears that this is going to be an all-day case, there's no point in having everybody else come to Santa Fe or wherever the hearing is held on that day. Depending on what you tell us today, we'll make that preliminary decision. The other decision, as I say, the original case was in Farmington two years ago. One of the questions to be decided is whether this case should be heard in Farmington. And I believe we have the college theater reserved for February 28th if we decide that it is appropriate to have that hearing in Farmington.

MR. BUSCH: The 21st, tentatively.

MR. STOVALL: February 21st, excuse me. Tentatively reserved. So we do have a space in Farmington, if we want to have the hearing up there on the 21st.

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We are making a record of this proceeding so that we've got something to look at. It seems a whole lot easier than trying to make notes. In a case of this magnitude, I think it's very useful to have a record of it.

Because of that, we are going to ask parties to -- people here to speak one at a time, identify yourself. Primarily, we're going to ask that the attorneys, representing parties, address the parties' concerns and issues. If there are any parties here who are not represented by counsel -- and GRI folks, I'll tell you, will be represented by counsel, namely me -- you will have the opportunity to discuss your position. We are not taking any testimony, there will be no testimony, no swearing of witnesses today. Don't want any argument as to position, but be prepared to put it on the table as to where you stand on the coalbed issue. It's sort of a now or get relegated to the tail end of the docket on the 21st of February. you don't say where you are now and give us the information we need to arrange the docket in a meaningful manner, those who have failed to appear here today do run the risk of getting tagged onto the end of the docket, which I'm not sure is an advantageous position if you've got significant

issues that you want to bring forward.

Are there any questions about what we're here for today before I start into substance? Everybody generally understand?

I will then initiate the proceeding by telling you what, from the division's standpoint, what the division expects to do. Again, looking back at the hearing two years ago, there was a committee report which I acted as counsel on behalf of the committee and had witnesses testify with respect to the information which the operators committee at that time had developed, recommendations which that committee made.

Subsequently then, also I shifted gears, put on a different hat, then had division witnesses who represented the division as a regulatory agency and rendering opinions on what should be part of the rules at that time, based upon what the division knew at that time. Basically, that's what we intend to do again.

I think the division -- I will act as counsel, if you will, unless there's any objections on anybody's part, for the operators committee. As I've discussed with Ernie Busch, what the division intends to do at that time is we'll have -- Ernie will be placed on the stand, I guess, as the New Mexico chairman of the committee. I think he's operated in that capacity for at least part of the research project.

Ernie will explain the background, the purpose, what has gone on during the past two years through the operators committee and how that committee has functioned, the history of it. And he will introduce the fact -- I understand we do have a report from GRI as has been discussed here and all the information with respect to that. At this time I then -- and I don't have the names of the witnesses, I'm afraid -- Ernie, you'll have to help me out with this -- I think we'll introduce the technical people who either with or through GRI have actually produced the report to explain the technical basis for the report and introduce the report into the record. And that will -- Ernie, go ahead.

MR. BUSCH: The subcommittee chairman is here today
Richman McBane, with Gas Research Institute, and he will
lead off with the technical portion, introducing the portion
that ICF would present.

MR. STOVALL: Richman and I have not had a chance to talk. But for my information, as well as everybody else's, I'll ask you to introduce the report. As I say, how was it prepared, what -- was it prepared, what conclusions, if any, did you reach in terms of scientific analysis, not necessarily in the way of recommendations. As I understand, ICF and GRI are not necessarily prepared to make specific recommendations as to spacing, but rather to point to some at least preliminary conclusions that you've reached with

respect to effective drainage and the data that goes into 1 that and other similar issues; is that correct? 2 MR. McBANE: Yes, that's correct. It focuses primarily 3 on looking at the parameters that influence gas production and drainage and attempts to give the commission some tools 5 to work with in evaluating production from the Fruitland 6 Coals. And we'll show, to some extent, how that production 7 8 might differ from conventional reservoir theories. 9 Then, Ernie, help me out; do we have any MR. STOVALL: 10 other witnesses that we intend to put on as a division and through the committee? 11 12 MR. BUSCH: Yes. As I understand, ICF will present the 13 technical portion. Have you decided -- on the matter of 14 counsel, have you decided to --MR. McELHINEY: We're still considering that issue, but 15 16 we will resolve it here in the next few days. 17 MR. STOVALL: Please identify yourself. 18 MR. McELHINEY: I'm John McElhiney with ICF Resources 19 in Denver. MR. STOVALL: 20 You are considering ICF actually having 21 separate counsel? MR. McELHINEY: Well, having separate counsel to 22 23 represent the coalbed methane spacing committee rather than 24 yourself. We're still in a bit of a dilemma about that, but we will resolve that matter in the next few working days so 25

that everyone will know how we expect to be represented.

MR. STOVALL: In that regard, does ICF or GRI anticipate making specific recommendations as to spacing in all or portions of the basin?

MR. McELHINEY: We have the statement that the 13 members of the committee have drawn up that we are prepared to enter into the record and then to demonstrate, as Mr. McBane has just discussed, what the relevant issues are that go behind this statement.

MR. STOVALL: Let me just ask right now, am I correct in my understanding that the committee report, as we're just talking about it, will be presented by GRI and ICF, does not necessarily represent the position of individual companies? There may be some alternative recommendations? Or is that report unanimously accepted as representing the individual members as well as the committee as a whole?

MR. KELLAHIN: Mr. Stovall, Tom Kellahin on behalf of Meridian, Marathon and Phillips. That's something we need to resolve. My company supports the conclusions of the study, and we're here to determine whether or not the division will allow this to take place in a rule-making context as opposed to an adversarial proceeding that we evolved into several years ago.

If it is apparent this afternoon that there is any individual company that wants to take a different

position, then I will want to reserve the right to put on specific technical information for my clients to support the work of the group. For example, I think the basin is Our position is the rules should be made permanent, unique. that the current rules, except for some possible modifications of administrative procedures which I'll express to you later, but in terms of well spacing, well locations, the horizontal and vertical boundaries of the basin pool, we propose that you make those rules permanent. If that is the concurrence of everyone here, then I would suggest to you it might make this proceeding very short and concise, and we would have an objective presentation by the study group and the consulting engineer with regards to the reservoir simulation and the parameters, and we would not have to reserve the several days that would be necessary to oppose any effort to either separate out the basin into separate pools at this time, to provide for an infill drilling program at this time, or to downspace any portion of the basin at this time.

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I recognize that any individual company, regardless of whether these rules are made permanent, will have the opportunity, including my clients, to come before you and ask for a specific case, for a specific area, for their own rules that may be different from the basin rules. But we're asking you that, based upon this case, that the

rules as they now exist be made permanent.

MR. STOVALL: Thank you. Mr. Kellahin, I think you brought up a couple of things which, again, the purpose of this hearing is to address. I view this from -- although we don't distinguish between them within our procedural rules of the division -- I view this as a rule-making type of proceeding.

And I will say just at the outset that anybody who recommends something different from any other party, I would ask that you be prepared to do so by direct presentation of a case rather than by spending hours trying to cross-examine and make your case with somebody else's witness. So if anybody has any recommendations, for example, for downspacing or splitting the basin into different areas, please be prepared to do so by preparing your own direct evidence. I think it's much more efficient and it is more in the nature of rule-making. We really are talking about rule-making in that area.

The second point you brought out, and I think that's why we're here today, is to find out if there are going to be differences so that parties can be adequately prepared. As you say, if everybody's in total agreement that the rules should be made permanent, then it doesn't look like it should be a very long hearing and very complicated. It would then become rather redundant for each

operator to present similar evidence on the same issue. If, on the other hand, it appears that there are going to be different positions, different parties are going to represent or present positions other than in support of making the rules permanent or a common recommendation, let's find that out today so that each party has a chance to prepare a case that is appropriate and necessary to do whatever they seek to accomplish.

Now, I guess the answer to my question is that until we go around the room and find out parties' positions, we don't know if the committee report is a consensus report or merely the official committee report which may be differed with and disagreed with.

Yes.

MR. McELHINEY: John McElhiney with ICF Resources.

Maybe in that vein it might be appropriate to have Mr.

McBane read the statement adopted by the spacing committee last Friday in Farmington so that all other personnel who are here wanting to know what sort of conclusion might have come out of the committee would serve as a basis from which they might answer your question as to how they would proceed. Is that an appropriate --

MR. STOVALL: I think in order to know what the committee is going to recommend, they probably ought to know what the committee recommends. Is it relatively short?

MR. McBANE: Yes, it's a paragraph.

MR. STOVALL: All right.

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"The current 320 acre temporary spacing MR. McBANE: rules provide appropriate basis for initial development and evaluation of the Fruitland Coal pool of the San Juan Basin. However, this study indicates that there are many combinations of reservoir properties where spacing other than the existing temporary rules of 320 acres may be appropriate. There are likely to be areas of the basin where these combination of properties exist; however, there are not sufficient data at this time to properly define the location and extent of these areas. In order to prevent waste and protect correlative rights, individual operators should be afforded every opportunity to present testimony and technical data to support their application for spacing in their respective areas. This study has identified key parameters which should be considered in spacing applications which may include the following: Well Performance Data, Permeability, Porosity, Coal Thickness, Pressure, Gas Content, Sorption Isothem, and Initial Water/Gas Saturation."

MR. STOVALL: That is essentially the committee's position. Can we make a copy of that?

MR. McBANE: Sure.

MR. McELHINEY: It's on the fourth page, I believe. I

think it's on the fourth page, "Conclusion," D as in David. 1 MR. STOVALL: What I'm going to recommend we do, 2 perhaps, is --3 MR. McELHINEY: Ernie asked us to bring a list of potential exhibits for the final hearing and some sort of 5 recommendation for the amount of time that we thought might 6 7 be necessary to present the results of the report. And so that's what this package alludes to, is kind of an outline 8 9 of what we think might be appropriate and the time that we think it might take, with a respectful request that if you 10 think it's too voluminous we will endeavor to cut it down. 11 12 MR. STOVALL: My initial reaction is that perhaps this 13 whole package -- have the operators and members of the 14 committee gotten copies of this? 15 MR. McELHINEY: They saw preliminary copies of this 16 outline and this list of exhibits last Friday in 17 Farmington. There have been some slight changes made from it, but nothing that's significant in terms of what I think 18 19 they would disagree with. MR. STOVALL: Is there any problem with reproducing and 20 21 distributing this to --22 MR. McELHINEY: I don't think so, no. 23 MR. STOVALL: This is exactly the sort of thing we're 24 here today to find out, is what's going to be there and what 25 else. So I think that would be the way to do it, is that

we'll get this reproduced and redistributed. We could do that here.

MR. McELHINEY: If you would permit me, once that's done, I think in five minutes I can tell you about what the structure is and the key components and the way we think it should go, and then maybe you'd have the basis from which to respond.

MR. STOVALL: I think that would probably be most helpful, would it not, to have this information available? And perhaps what we can do is arrange to have this copied. And can you summarize it while it's being done?

MR. McELHINEY: Certainly.

MR. STOVALL: And then we'll get copies available. Why don't you go ahead then and summarize --

MR. McELHINEY: We think that the testimony that we would like to make which would explain the findings of the committee basically break down into three areas. One would be kind of an introductory and technical statement about the basis for the work and what approach was taken and why. The second piece -- and the first piece would include some -- it's a simulation-based approach, as you probably know. We would like to talk a bit about the validation of the simulation in the earliest portion of that three-part statement. The second part would be a discussion of history matching results with the simulator at both Cedar Hill and

And the third part would include a description of sensitivity analyses around the important reservoir variables that we identified from the history matching. We think that testimony, although the number of exhibits looks to be quite voluminous, could be accomplished in probably a couple of hours, maybe two hours and a half, something like that.

HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. McElhiney, are you going to have two witnesses at the hearing?

MR. McELHINEY: Yes, I will probably do the bulk of the testimony, but there's a possibility of a second witness.

And Mr. McBane will also give the introduction to the study, so I guess that's a maximum of three.

MR. STOVALL: Mr. McBane, would you anticipate that I would put you on similar to Mr. Busch?

MR. McBANE: It could actually be done either way. One of the things that hasn't really come out fully is that I know originally there was a coalbed methane committee, a group of operators of the San Juan Basin, and in the conduct of the study that we're talking about here, not all basin producers chose to participate in that study. So this is really a subset of that overall group that have participated. And I would be, I guess, presenting what -- the prospective of the GRI and that subgroup of operators.

MR. STOVALL: The progression then is Mr. McBane would discuss the creation and formulation of the study, and Mr. McElhiney will discuss the actual report itself.

MR. McELHINEY: That's correct.

MR. STOVALL: That, to me, makes the most sense to start off. At this point I suggest that we go around and see if there are any different positions. Mr. Carr?

MR. CARR: As I understand it, this is a conclusion that is the result of the committee work, and it is not an actual recommendation that needs to be adopted. Is that true?

MR. McELHINEY: That's correct, although it does take the form of a conclusion.

MR. CARR: That may not be anything but form over substance. We might decide that someone needs to actually recommend that the conclusions be adopted, and I think Amoco would be prepared to do that, if that is needed. In any event, Eric may want to comment on that as to what Amoco's position is.

MR. NITCHER: Amoco's position in this hearing is we basically support, I think, Meridian's position that the temporary rules should be made permanent, including the 320-acre spacing. Once we've looked at Meridian's changes to their administrative rules, we might be in support of those once we had a chance to review those.

We also support and have been relying upon the findings of the Coalbed Methane Committee, and we will be prepared to present testimony at the 21st hearing concerning Amoco's interpretations of the findings. And we generally support the statement of the Coalbed Methane Committee. And I think that we would be prepared to put on three witnesses, a landman, a petroleum engineer and an additional petroleum engineer who would also be discussing some policy statements. We think that we can do this within an hour's time and maybe shorter, but we should be able to expedite the proceeding.

In terms of exhibits, we don't expect them to be very voluminous. I would expect to have around seven to ten very simple exhibits which could be discussed very quickly.

MR. STOVALL: Did I understand you correctly that Amoco is primarily relying on the ICF study for its form, its technical conclusions?

MR. NITCHER: Amoco is relying on the technical data from that study, and that is where we came up with our position that the rules concerning the 320-acre spacing should be made permanent. And we do recognize that the committee in their statement has supported, actually given the commission an actual statement. And Amoco would like to present testimony to support our interpretation of that.

And it might not be identical word for word, but we would be

recommending that the basic format of the committee's conclusions be adopted.

MR. STOVALL: What would the landman's testimony be primarily related to or directed at?

MR. NITCHER: The landman's testimony is -- what Amoco is interested in is a showing that Amoco is a major operator in the field. And we have a major interest in this proceeding and would just be putting that on to show the commission what our position is in the field and where we're located. That's not necessary testimony, but we thought it would be enlightening to show what our position is.

MR. STOVALL: All right.

MR. NITCHER: We would be putting on Mr. Maken here as a reservoir engineer talking about reservoir engineering facts. And he was also a member of the committee, I believe. And he can, I think, shed some light and give some good testimony.

We'll be putting on Mr. Hawkins more as a policy witness and probably going into some details which maybe the technical committee didn't look at in detail that Amoco feels are important. That would be a synopsis of our testimony.

MR. STOVALL: Thank you.

MR. CARR: Mr. Examiner, I can advise you that both

Arco Oil and Gas and Texaco, Inc. each intend to present one

engineering witness. In both cases the testimony, we anticipate, will take less than 20 minutes, that's 20 minutes each. I cannot tell you exactly what the exhibits will be today. We intend to coordinate our presentation with the presentation to be made by Amoco to try to avoid a redundant presentation to you. So we may, in fact, need less time than that.

The witness for Arco at this time we believe will be John Mangewaring and the witness for Texaco will be Tim McCant. Nichols Company intends to present a statement.

And all of the parties for whom I've entered an appearance will be supportive of the conclusions of the technical study committee.

HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Carr, does either Arco or Texaco have any suggested changes in any other of the rules?

MR. CARR: No, at this time they do not.

HEARING EXAMINER: The witnesses for Arco and Texaco, are they engineers?

MR. CARR: Yes, each is a petroleum engineer. I would note that if the information is fully covered, I don't intend to present a witness just because we've today indicated that we intend to. We'll advise you if it appears that our testimony would only be cumulative.

HEARING EXAMINER: You included in your list of clients

Blackwood and Nichols. They also have the same --

MR. CARR: Their position is consistent. They're supporting the study committee. I understand they're going to only want to make a statement.

HEARING EXAMINER: No witnesses?

MR. CARR: Not that I'm aware of.

MR. STOVALL: There's a letter from Blackwood and Nichols which confirms essentially what Mr. Carr has said.

HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Kellahin, would you like to address Meridian any further, or Marathon and Phillips?

MR. KELLAHIN: Mr. Examiner, we will recommend and support that the rules be made permanent. In that regard, I'd like to reserve the opportunity to present an engineering witness. Mr. George Dunn, a petroleum engineer with Meridian is my potential engineering witness. In the event the subject of geology and the potential of discussion on either the vertical or the horizontal limits of the pool become an issue, then I'd reserve the opportunity to call a geologic witness.

I propose to call Mr. Alan Alexander from

Meridian -- he's a landman -- to talk to you about two

potential administrative changes in the rules, the first one

of which is to append an additional sentence to Rule 3 so

that it has the same type of language that you find in Rule

5. The last sentence in Rule 5 has, in effect, what amounts

to a self-certification under that rule, once the commission

approves the particular form filed under Rule 5.

What we're seeking to do with the change in Rule 3 would be that by filing and having the division accept and approve the C-104, that would be a determination that we might rely upon the fact that the coal production or the gas production from that well has been determined to be 100 percent coal methane gas production. It thereby gives us some comfort should the IRS ever audit that determination that we don't have a problem with regards to what portion of that well's production should be allocated to conventional Fruitland sandstone gas production.

The other change is to determine where we might relieve some of the administrative burden on the division concerning possible non-standard proration units. I've put on a considerable number of cases before the division which were uncontested and an administrative nuisance, but we had no remedy under the rules to solve it.

I'm speaking of the fact that in many instances we are committed, because of the irregularities in the township, to seek non-standard proration units. And in every instance, we have followed the prior solution used for the Blanco Mesaverde or the Basin Dakota. And what we will seek to do is if that is the position for the coal gas basin unit, we will want an administrative procedure to get that approved by the division and avoid the hearing process.

The third area is one in which, again, we're trying to relieve an administrative burden. There is a non-standard proration provision that says if the spacing unit is either 75 percent too small or 125 percent too big, I believe is the rule, that, in fact, you not only have to have the Aztec office approve it, Mr. Stogner down here must also write a letter. What we're suggesting is that in those instances that the absence of any opposition or of substitution of waiver from any parties, that we can then get those approved by the district office in their capacities and avoid coming to Santa Fe and getting another letter from the division, which in all instances, I believe, have always been approved. Those would be our administrative changes.

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With regards to Marathon's position, we are prepared to present an engineering witness, Mr. Craig Kent. We'll be available to support the recommendation that the rules be made permanent. And then finally we have a witness, Mr. Tom Moore with Phillips, again, to present his position, which will be a recommendation that the rules be made permanent.

I, like Mr. Carr, believe that all those witnesses, except for Mr. Alexander, may, in fact, be redundant. We intend to rely heavily on the report of the consulting group in the industry work study report. I want

to reserve the opportunity to present those additional witnesses if it becomes a matter of controversy of whether these rules be made permanent or somehow modified.

MR. STOVALL: Mr. Kellahin, on the non-standard proration units, I think there have been a couple of cases in which the division has not necessarily followed the Blanco Mesaverde Basin Dakota spacing because it was possible to create a standard give-or-take survey of differences within a section.

MR. KELLAHIN: You raise a subtopic, that some of the cases come down here because under the current rules you can't cross a section line. There's an advantage to deleting that, but I think it's overcome by the fact that almost always we have rules that require you to come to a hearing when you cross a section line, and perhaps we need to leave that one alone. I'm suggesting only in those instances where the actual spacing unit conforms to Blanco Mesaverde or Basin Dakota, you have an administrative solution; and if they don't match, you've got to come here for a hearing.

MR. STOVALL: But what I'm saying, the cases I remember, they did match Blanco Mesaverde Basin Dakota, but the division did not approve following those because it preferred a solution of creating a half section or a 320-acre give-or-take proration unit within a section rather

than across section lines. And in some cases it was possible, even though the other pools did do something different.

MR. KELLAHIN: I understand that point of view. That's why I have no specific language to address that. I raise it as a topic of concern and one which we'd like to explore at the hearing on the 21st. And we'll do our very best to circulate among all the people present today a proposed draft prior to hearing so they can comment on it. And perhaps we can't come to some consensus on that particular item, but I'm aware of what you've just told me, and we'll try to integrate that into our solution.

HEARING EXAMINER: As I understand it, Mr. Kellahin, you're going to have approximately three witnesses or maybe up to three witnesses for Meridian?

MR. KELLAHIN: Yes, sir.

HEARING EXAMINER: A landman, an engineer, maybe a geologist. Do you have any idea how long that might take?

MR. KELLAHIN: Until we go around the room and find out if there's any other competing, opposite position, I cannot tell you. In the absence of opposition to that point, I can't imagine any of those witnesses taking more than half an hour or so.

HEARING EXAMINER: How about for Marathon or Phillips?

MR. KELLAHIN: Same position, half an hour for each of

1 those companies. 2 HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Hall, would you like to address 3 Mesa's position? MR. HALL: Mr. Catanach, Mesa has not yet advised me of 4 5 their final position vis-a-vis the adoption of the committee recommendation. I'll let you all know as soon as I find 6 If testimony is to be presented, I anticipate we'll 7 8 hear from Ken Sheffield, petroleum engineering testimony, 9 and Stewart Sampson, geologic testimony. It should not take 10 more than 30 minutes. 11 MR. STOVALL: Did Mesa participate in the active 12 committee work? 13 MR. McBANE: Yes, they were a contributing member and 14 did participate. MR. STOVALL: That's one of the problems I have here. 15 16 If Mesa doesn't know quite where they are yet, it almost 17 defeats the purpose of this. Once we start getting into 18 that, "Gee, we don't know where we'll be, we don't" -- we're 19 defeating the purpose. 20 MR. HALL: We're going to let you know as soon as we 21 can. 22 MR. STOVALL: We may come back to that, Mr. Hall. 23 may ask you to make a phone call. 24 HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Hall, did Mesa support the

memorandum that was issued by the committee?

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MR. HALL: They haven't told me as much. They haven't identified any specific problems with it. It's my understanding that they probably will.

MR. STOVALL: For purposes of the record, let's identify what has been distributed. It is a January 24th, 1991, letter from John McElhiney of ICF Resources, addressed to the Oil Conservation Division. And it contains several pages of attachments, starting on the second page, identified as Proposed Outline of Testimony for the San Juan Basin Coalbed Methane Spacing Study to be Presented at the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division Examiner Hearing Case No. 9420, Order R-8768. And when we are making reference to the study summary or the ICF summary report or proposal, this is the document that we're talking about, for record purposes.

HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Bruce on behalf of Union Oil of California.

MR. BRUCE: Mr. Examiner, Unical operates primarily in the area of 27 North, 6 and 7 West. Based upon the information they've gathered from their wells, Unical at the hearing will be proposing that the 320-acre spacing be made permanent. However, for the area that Unical operates in, they would ask that 160 acreage infill wells be allowed -- they would ask that the rules contain a provision allowing infill at the discretion of the operator.

They would also like, to the extent it could be done at this time, that lines of demarcation be established between high recovery areas and lower recovery areas. They will be presenting data primarily on permeability and reservoir pressure. They will be presenting three witnesses approximately one hour total in length. The primary witness will be Bill Herring, the petroleum engineer. There will be a geologist and another engineer. I do not have their names with me.

HEARING EXAMINER: Two engineers and one geologist?

MR. BRUCE: Yes, sir.

MR. STOVALL: Does Unical plan to address the specific areas of demarcation and their evidence in support of that?

MR. BRUCE: That's what they told me.

MR. STOVALL: Are they proposing that within those different areas, as they identify in this, that some areas have 160 infill provisions and other areas not have it?

MR. BRUCE: I'm kind of like Scott here. I was contacted late yesterday afternoon, so I am not as fully informed on Unical's position as I hope to be. But, yes, they're basically interested in what you just said.

MR. STOVALL: We don't know exactly where those areas are, but we do know that they are going to break up the pool, if you will, into separate areas for different rules within the areas.

MR. BRUCE: I think their support will be mainly for their particular area of operation.

HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Bruce, do you know if those areas are within the units?

MR. BRUCE: I have no idea.

MR. BUSCH: Mr. Examiner, I think I can speak to that.

They are within the bridge column unit area.

MR. STOVALL: I might just at this point to throw out a thought, I notice -- I think, in fact, most -- particularly the bigger operators in the area, most of you have units, Unical, Meridian, I think Amoco has units, Blackwood and Nichols have units. I don't know how the participation within the units is established, but does it make sense to provide greater flexibility within a unit where the operator has got the ability to protect correlative rights because of the nature of participation rather than in areas where there is no unitization that's competitive?

MR. KELLAHIN: Let me comment on that point. If Mr. Bruce's client wants to proceed that particular procedure, we would suggest that they might consider docketing their own separate case to establish their own specific rules for their unit operation. And then we could determine whether or not we want to appear in that case. If they want to pursue what he has proposed this afternoon, I will suggest that we've now extended this into a week's hearing. We will

vigorously and aggressively oppose each and every of the recommendations his clients have voiced this afternoon. I will need to reserve the opportunity to call a reservoir simulating expert. And we are now into a very lengthy, very complicated and very heated problem with regards to creating an exception within the general rules that will allow infill drilling or downspacing, regardless of whether it's in a unit or not in a unit.

MR. STOVALL: Let's proceed and see where else we are.

I think there's some concerns that you've raised, and maybe there's some alternate solutions that we can approach at this point.

HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Birchy?

MR. BIRCHY: My client hasn't informed me of what its position with respect to the committee's report is, similar to Mr. Hall. They did ask me to request that they be allowed to reserve a right to present a witness at the hearing, however. The nature and scope of the testimony they did not discuss with me, but I would be happy to find that out and report back to you in terms of the time and the nature of the testimony as soon as possible.

MR. STOVALL: Let's move on for the moment. I think we're going to have to get Mr. Hall and Mr. Birchy to make some phone calls. And if their clients are unwilling at this point to state a position, then we may have to look at

the separate case solution to those. Let's move forward with the rest of the presentations.

Is there anybody else who has not yet appeared and who wants to state anything different? Or state anything period, different or the same?

Mr. Busch.

MR. BUSCH: If there isn't anyone else, I got a call late yesterday afternoon from Dugan Production, who I don't believe is here today, but indicated that they would be presenting testimony at the 21st hearing, they wanted to.

MR. STOVALL: Did they indicate to you what they were planning to do?

MR. BUSCH: They didn't give me any position at all or any other information. I couldn't get that out of them.

MR. STOVALL: Did they indicate who would be representing them.

MR. BUSCH: They did not.

MR. STOVALL: I think, for the record, I think we can say, based upon the record of the original hearing, that

Dugan Production supported a position of 160-acre spacing in the southern portion of the basin. We can refer to the prior case. And their witness, I think, delineated the area in which they felt the 160 was more appropriate. I guess we can assume that that's the position that Dugan will be taking. Has anybody else joined with Dugan in that? There

were several smaller independents up there that were involved in that.

MR. BUSCH: Not that I know of, Bob.

MR. STOVALL: I'm concerned at this point about the fact that we've got some parties here who are indicating that they may be not accepting the committee report in the major substantive areas completely, that -- but we don't know what they intend to do. So now the others are stuck in the position of, "What do we do when we appear? What kind of testimony should we present?"

Mr. Hall, Mr. Birchy, I'm going to ask you to address this first. Since your clients have not stated a position, how are we going to manage this hearing without knowing what's going to happen with respect to those parties?

MR. HALL: All I can tell you, Bob, is I'll try to advise you as soon as I find out. I may be able to find out today. We've not indicated that we're going to take a position different from the committee's recommendation. We just want to preserve an option if there's any testimony. It may not be necessary that they do it. So I just want to preserve Mesa's opportunity to present testimony.

MR. STOVALL: Mr. Birchy?

MR. BIRCHY: All I can say at this point is that I will -- I think my client will want to see the report. I don't

know that they have seen the report. I will get it to them as soon as possible. I certainly understand counsel and the Hearing Examiner's position with respect to you need to know the scope of the testimony in order to be able to schedule a hearing; the other parties need to know.

I will certainly do everything I can to get that information to you as soon as possible, and so that you can engage in the appropriate planning for the hearing. That's all I can offer at this point in time. I don't have any further information from my client with respect to their position.

MR. STOVALL: I think I heard Amoco and Meridian correctly and other parties associated with those counsel. What you present is largely dependent on what's actually going to happen; is that correct, Mr. Kellahin? And it would be useful for you to know if somebody's going to come in with 160 for part of the basin, or infill drilling, or whatever?

MR. KELLAHIN: Not only will it be useful, it will be critically necessary. We can't possibly prepare -- well, it's hearing by ambush. The whole purpose of this exercise was to get down here and know your client's position. I tell you I know Mr. Dugan, I like him very well. John Rowe is one of my best friends up there. I love John Rowe. But, by golly, he knows how to do this down here. If he can't

come down here and enter an appearance, he's waived the opportunity to play the game.

With regards to the other two companies, they leave us in an absolutely untenable position of now presenting a wealth of information to fight over an issue which I had understood was a non-event. If they want to preserve the opportunity to infill drill, downspace, I seriously urge them to examine their position and file a separate case.

If we go about it the way it's headed now, we can't have the hearing on the 21st. We've got to wait 'til all counsel disclose to us the position so that we know what to prepare against because we will prepare against all of them if they are there to do anything other than make these rules permanent and to keep them the way they are.

Now, as I said in the beginning, that does not preclude anyone ever from coming into this division and asking for a new pool in a special case for their own circumstance. I don't want to be misunderstood. I am not precluding anybody from that opportunity. I've represented Nassau in the past before this division, and I have told them, and I will tell all the rest of you, that you always have that chance.

I think it does disservice to the basin rules though, after all this tremendous effort to handle a unique

and complicated reservoir, to sit here and fuss over a rule-making procedure and turn it into an adversarial process. We have to have your guidance because I think that's what's about to happen.

MR. STOVALL: Does anybody need more copies? We've got more copies.

MR. CARR: It might be wise to just take a few minutes and ask some people to make a few telephone calls. Some of us who have even worked for Mr. Dugan might call and just inquire what the position is because as it stands, I feel like I'm watching for a scud missile. I don't know if it's going to hit or not, but I've got to get ready, and it's going to take some time. I think we're sort of at a point where until we know, we can't really go much beyond this point.

MR. BIRCHY: On the other hand, it seems to me that requiring a phone call, an on-the-spot statement of position by counsel, might be inappropriate at this time for those people who haven't looked at the report. I'm hesitant to recommend to my client -- I can go make a phone call, but I would be hesitant to recommend that they take a position without having looked at the report, and I don't know if they have.

Would it be possible to set some kind of a deadline with respect to those of us who have not been

informed by our clients as to what our position is to get back to you with a general statement of position and list of witnesses and a statement of time within a short period of time? That still gives the other counsel almost a month to get ready for the hearing, assuming we could get back to you within a few days. It seems to me that would be perfectly appropriate. It seems to me we should be fair to both sides here. The people who haven't taken a position may need some time to be able to take a position. And that may end up being to the advantage of everybody in this room in terms of the timing of the hearing. I don't think that the Hearing Examiner and counsel for the division would want to force these parties into taking a position without giving them the time to have a few days to think about it.

MR. STOVALL: I'm curious where Nassau and Mesa were when the proceeding --

Scott, before you go, the thought -- the suggestion Mr. Birchy made is one that crossed my mind in the course of this. And I suspect we may need to take a few minutes' recess and let each of you regroup.

But one possibility which I would consider in recommending to the Examiner is setting a deadline, say, approximately seven to ten days, advising through whatever wide public notice we can get, that only those parties who file a statement of position with witnesses will be allowed

to testify at the hearing.

It's unusual for the division to do that, and as I say, I'm throwing it right now as a brainstorming thought and not as a recommendation, something you might think about. Bearing in mind, of course, Mr. Kellahin is correct, that it does not preclude any party later on from coming in and saying, "I need an exception to these rules in this area because," and allowing those exceptions to be carved out, looking at the exception area specifically rather than trying to write general rules with built-in exceptions. So we might think about that for a minute.

Anybody else have anything they'd like to offer at this time? Again, with the objective and -- you know, "sides" is probably too strong an issue. As I said in the beginning, we're talking rule-making, not adversarial proceeding. We're not going to advocate a competitive approach to this thing, but rather an information gathering so the division can make -- either make the rules permanent or modify them in such a way that you know what the ground rules are going in, and when you do need an exception, what the process should be for granting that exception more than incorporating the exception itself into the rules, I think would be the approach I'd be more in favor of initially.

MR. NITCHER: Mr. Stovall, from Amoco's perspective, if we're going to allow a period of time for people to make

statements and inform the commission and the other parties what their position is, I would hope that Amoco's statement today would suffice for that so we wouldn't have to be filing something else.

Also we would request a short period of time because their 20 days -- this is a major hearing -- if we are going to have to gear up and present testimony, we would like to have the most amount of time that we possibly could in order to get all our troops in order. I would recommend something less than ten days because I think they can get back with their clients. I think Nassau was informed within the committee process and it's familiar with what was going on. I don't think it will take that long for them to make an informed decision. We would request that it be a short period of time.

MR. STOVALL: An alternative thought on that possibly -- and I respect your request that those parties who appeared here today and stated their position should not be required to go to an additional burden to restate their position. To get more detailed, if that's the approach we're going to take, I would suggest that what would be -- possibly we do is that any party who does not concur in the ICF report as summarized in the ICF summary of their report be required to notify the division, say, within seven days and identify how they are prepared to address it, if they

want to take any major exceptions, to get down to defining this a little more clearly.

And then any parties who have appeared here and are in support of the report may supplement their position as stated today within, say, seven days after that. That would give you a chance, for example, Meridian or Amoco, to say, "Because we received this we intend to offer this additional testimony or evidence."

MR. KELLAHIN: Let me suggest a small modification, Mr. Stovall. The study is, in fact, an objective recommendation that doesn't get you as far as you need to go. I would ask that those parties that seek to modify the existing rules, those are the ones that need to say something affirmatively to the rest of us. The recommendation doesn't say you should make the rules permanent. That is my company's position, and joined by others. So if there's someone here that wants to do other than make the rules permanent or to modify the rules --

MR. STOVALL: With respect to spacing, you're talking about; is that correct?

MR. KELLAHIN: Well, locations or, for me, anything else. I've got to get some rule changes in here for you on those administrative problems I was talking about.

MR. STOVALL: In other words, what you're suggesting is anybody who wishes to submit any proposed changes to the

1 rules should have those proposed changes to the division within seven days? 2 MR. KELLAHIN: Something like that. I'm talking about 3 vertical or horizontal changes in the boundary, changes to 5 address Mr. Bruce's client's idea of an infill provision in We need to know those kinds of things. a unit. 7 MR. STOVALL: Mr. Bruce, do you have any comment on that recommendation as far as -- again, remember the 8 9 objective of this whole process is so that everybody has a 10 chance to know what's going on when they show up on the 21st 11 and you don't come prepared to shoot a bear when there's 12 nobody out there, or you don't come prepared to shoot a 13 rabbit when a bear's coming after you. 14 I have some written comments that Unical MR. BRUCE: 15 forwarded to me. I was going to give a set to the Examiner, and then there's a few extra copies. Other than that, I 16 17 have no further comments. 18 MR. STOVALL: But as far as the procedure itself, would 19 these address the concerns that Tom just raised? 20 MR. BRUCE: Yes. 21 MR. STOVALL: Mr. Birchy, what is your comment on 22 proceeding that way procedurally? 23 MR. BIRCHY: Are you talking about the seven-day period 24 within which parties will state their general position if

they have an exception to the committee report?

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MR. STOVALL: If they request a change, any change to the pool rules as they stand today.

MR. BIRCHY: As far as I'm concerned, that sounds like a reasonable approach to the situation.

MR. STOVALL: The one question I would raise with respect to that is on the issue of creating exceptions to general rules for spacing, period, whether it's 320 or something else. If we start talking about exceptions such as Mr. Bruce has talked about, such as I have speculated that Mr. Dugan might want to do, or -- Nassau had an infill application in at one time. I don't know if that's their position now or not.

What is the feeling about the division requiring those to be presented in separate cases rather than addressing those as items of the pool rules in terms of case presentation at the February 21st hearing? Is my question clear? Do you understand where I'm coming from with that?

Jim, what's your -- for example, Unical is suggesting that there are areas, particularly until their area of interest, in which 160-acre spacing or infill drilling is appropriate because of engineering geological considerations. Should that be addressed in a separate proceeding, or does Unical feel that that should be incorporated into generic, general pool rules to the entire pool?

MR. BRUCE: I'm really not prepared to say, Bob. I was contacted late yesterday afternoon. I don't think you can get away from it in a general proceeding like this. The biggest one the division has had was called a rule-making procedure, and that got very adversarial. I just think by saying it's rule-making and it's not going to be adversarial, I don't think that one goes with the other. I think you have to deal with all these things at one hearing, at least as to Unical Drilling, etcetera. Otherwise, you're really telling people, "We're just here to adopt this rule." You're really cutting out their ability to put information before the commission.

MR. STOVALL: Well, for example, I can envision a situation where you come in and Unical would make their case, Meridian would put on testimony showing a different conclusion than Unical's, the division could adopt a rule which did not provide for infill drilling, and then you could still make a case. You could actually have two swipes at it, I guess, in the one instance. You're suggesting that we should be prepared to address at this hearing the idea of infill drilling or downsizing in particular areas? Is that what you're suggesting, that we should not preclude discussion --

MR. BRUCE: If you're talking about spacing, I don't see how you can get away from it.

MR. STOVALL: Mr. Kellahin?

MR. BRUCE: Otherwise, you're basically saying only 320-acre spacing is allowed, period. You're not allowing anybody to say anything else.

MR. STOVALL: Mr. Kellahin, did you want to say something about that?

MR. KELLAHIN: No, sir.

MR. STOVALL: Scott, did you make your call?

MR. HALL: We vote yes, recommend adoption of the committee recommendation.

MR. STOVALL: It sounds to me like maybe the best procedure to follow is this idea of requesting parties who either did not submit a position today or who intend to present evidence in support of any changes to the current rules before they're made permanent to be required to submit a statement, a prehearing statement, if you will, and then allowing a response to that. Does that sound like a reasonable approach to manage this docket?

MR. KELLAHIN: Without a doubt, Mr. Stovall, I think that's the only way we can continue is to have some kind of a procedure where there is a proposal and a response. And it may require that we reschedule the ultimate hearing on the merits, but I think this is a positive start to handle a very difficult case. No one said this would be easy.

MR. STOVALL: Any other comments on that proposal?

1 Is it my understanding that if the commission does receive proposed changes that we will not 2 have the opportunity to cross-examine the people who are 3 proposing such changes and we'll just be proceeding on our 5 own testimony? No, I would not say that. What I am MR. STOVALL: 6 7 suggesting is that cross-examination be solely -- be 8 directed primarily for the purpose of understanding, 9 clarification, whatever of the proponent's testimony and 10 that you not try to use somebody else's witness to make your 11 own case? 12 I think that tends to get rather cumbersome, and 13 even in the simplest of cases makes for a difficult hearing 14 I would much rather see you make your case in 15 chief with your own witness rather than trying to use a 16 different party's witness to make your case. 17 Cross-examination will not be precluded. I don't think we 18 can do that. Just make it efficient, I guess, and useful. 19 Mr. Carr. 20 Mr. Stovall, would the division make these MR. CARR: 21 prehearing statements available to the rest of us? Or how 22 would you like us to go about getting copies of those? 23 MR. STOVALL: My feeling is for the parties who are 24 here who are going to have to submit a prehearing statement,

that they be required to submit it to every party who is

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here.

MR. CARR: How do you know?

MR. STOVALL: That may be one problem with the seven-day timetable. We're going to have to notify parties who are not here that they're going to have to submit a statement to participate, and that's going to make the seven days impossible. And then it's going to be incumbent on them to call the division. I'm going to recommend that every party here, through counsel, submit an entry of appearance so that we have a list of folks who are in the case. Is there any problem with that? Mr. Pearce?

MR. PEARCE: I don't think you can do that. I don't think your rules allow you, outside of a formally-called hearing, to require somebody to submit a statement. I understand the frustration going around in the room, but I think you've got to put the thing on a docket, call the case, have a formal beginning of the hearing before you can stop anybody from participating.

MR. STOVALL: I was waiting for somebody to make that position. Thank you, Mr. Pearce. The thought had crossed my mind.

Why don't we take a ten-minute break and kind of gather our thoughts, and, again, formulate a procedure to get into this thing so that we are more efficient when we get there?

HEARING EXAMINER: Before we take a break -- Mr. 1 2 McElhiney, is the committee report actually finished? MR. McELHINEY: No, it is not. 3 HEARING EXAMINER: And do you know when that might be finished? 5 MR. McELHINEY: Well, it's in sort of parallel process 6 7 along with preparation for this testimony, and whether or not it will be finished by the 21st of February is not 8 9 completely certain at this time. 10 HEARING EXAMINER: And who has access to the committee 11 report at this time, just the committee members? 12 MR. McELHINEY: Everyone that sponsored the study. 13 think there were 13 --14 MR. McBANE: The committee members that sponsored the 15 study had access to it. There are a number of producers who 16 participated in the earlier coalbed methane committee who 17 choose not to become sponsors of this particular study. 18 MR. McELHINEY: We can probably construct a list for 19 you at the break, if that's helpful. 20 HEARING EXAMINER: That might be helpful. 21 Let's go ahead and break at this time. 22 (Recess, 2:52 p.m. to 3:22 p.m.) 23 HEARING EXAMINER: I'll call this proceeding back to 24 And Mr. Stovall has some information as far as Dugan 25 Production Corporation is concerned.

MR. STOVALL: Two things here. Just to get it in the record, Mr. McElhiney has provided me with a list of the study sponsors, Amoco Production Company, Arco Oil and Gas Company, Mobil Oil Company, Mobil Producing Texas and New Mexico, Marathon Oil Company, Mesa Operating Limited Partnership, Unical, Meridian, Phillips, Nassau Resources, Bowen Edwards Associates, Southern Ute Indian Tribe, Texaco and Devin on behalf of Blackwood and Nichols. Also participating was the Gas Research Institute. So that's the laundry list of the participants, I guess, who helped pay for this study and actively participated.

Nurt Fagrelius at Dugan Production. And Kurt's concern is

-- they expressed their specific concern is they're

concerned about 320 acres because it is their belief, and

they may present testimony to the effect, that the fractures
in the coal pool and fractures in the Picture Cliff pool, in
which they have a substantial interest, are in communication
and that, in fact, the Gas from Picture Cliff wells has the
same composition as gas from the coal wells. So that throws
a wrinkle into it for all of you folks to consider. That is
the large part of Dugan's belief that 160 acres, at least in
the southern portion of the basin, is appropriate.

During the course of the break, I think we had some side discussions about procedurally how to deal with

the problem we're dealing with and how to manage this case, and I think Mr. Kellahin had a thought. Would you like to express that, Tom?

MR. KELLAHIN: Mr. Examiner, I would recommend to you that the case be docketed for hearing on the 21st of February, that at that time it be called, all parties would enter appearances, that the only testimony to be provided would be the anticipated testimony of the consulting experts where they would give us an explanation of the report.

Parties could ask clarifying questions and participate in an objective way to understand the report.

Thereafter, the case would be continued for 30 days, and we would come back, and we would deal specifically with any company that proposed specific rule changes.

That process is very similar to how we handled the Gavilan Mancus. Commissioner Weise at that time was not a commissioner, but he, on behalf of the commission, was acting as a consultant, provided his reservoir simulation analysis and his work on Gavilan. We recessed the case for 30 days and came back and dealt with the rest of the matters on an individual company basis.

I recommend to you that those parties present today that have not made their positions known that within ten days of this date they disclose to the division and make available to all parties participating a statement of their

position with regards to whether or not they're going to propose any rule changes, and if so, what those changes are.

I think that will give us some way to manage a different problem. It will put those parties on notice at the actual hearing that they need to come forward and make their presence known. It gives us an opportunity for those of us here today to come away with some progress made towards ultimately deciding how to handle the rules for the basin. And I would recommend to you adopting the procedure along those guidelines.

MR. STOVALL: A question with respect to trying to refine that procedure to make sure that we give everybody their due process and get all the information in and not get overly cumbersome, one of the things we have tried to avoid by having this hearing is to avoid what has been referred to as sandbagging or coming in without making your position known ahead of time and presenting a case which nobody has a chance to prepare a response to or whatever.

As Mr. Pearce pointed out, I think we can require position statements to be submitted ten days from today or ten days in advance of February 21st, but we do have a problem of what if somebody shows up at the hearing who has not submitted any sort of prehearing statement of that nature? How do we deal with that?

And let me finish my question here. It's kind of a multi-part question. And I guess one of the questions I would ask is if at the February 21st hearing we call the hearing, call for appearances -- and I think we can even put out additional notification language in the notice of the hearing stating that all parties who plan to present testimony must enter an appearance at the commencement of the hearing on February 21st -- and then possibly -- this is just my thought, and I would appreciate comment on it -- at the conclusion of the consultant's presentation, take a recess and then just ask parties -- or perhaps even five days thereafter, ask parties to submit a statement of position at that time. Is there any merit to that idea? And then at that point I think we can preclude additional parties from coming in who have not made an appearance and stated a position. Any thoughts on that? MR. KELLAHIN: You certainly can't deny anyone from coming in on the 21st and making a position known. But I

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MR. KELLAHIN: You certainly can't deny anyone from coming in on the 21st and making a position known. But I think in all fairness to the parties here, these are the major players in the basin. They have all participated, including Nassau and Unical in writing, the recommendation that was read. They've got people working on that stuff, and they ought to share with us their positions earlier than waiting to the 21st.

If you don't do it now, we're going to need more

time later. If we know the positions early, we can use the next three weeks to determine if we want to seriously oppose any of their proposals. You can't absolutely mandate it, but I'm suggesting in fairness, let's go ahead and start the process.

MR. STOVALL: I guess I don't disagree with that. My question is, for example, picking on Mr. Dugan for the moment; he's not officially represented here. The only reason we know where he is is because I called and Kurt was candid enough with me to state their position. They may or may not submit a statement, and they may show up at a hearing.

Do you want to deal with that, or do you consider that a serious enough problem procedurally to require an additional step after the hearing as far as taking the position after the first call of the hearing?

MR. KELLAHIN: It may require at that time at the hearing an additional step to deal with Mr. Dugan's position. But I would rather deal with that one as perhaps the only remaining position unknown at that time. It's easier to manage if we've already addressed the Unical concerns and the Nassau position earlier.

MR. STOVALL: Do you agree that at the time of the February 21st hearing, and properly advertised and docketed, that we can then preclude the entry of appearance

subsequently? We now have limited the parties participating and can require those parties to state a position and be prepared to go forward from there to deal with these people that aren't here today.

MR. KELLAHIN: I would think that's consistent with how we have continued to operate all hearings. Put it on the docket, it's properly notified and advertised, widely circulated. If a party doesn't show up, then they're out.

MR. CARR: Every notice letter we send out for an OCD case ends with a paragraph which says, "Failure to appear or otherwise become a party of record on this date," whatever the date is, "will preclude you from challenging the matter at a later time."

I don't know why you can't in your ad say,

"Failure to appear and become a party of record will

preclude you from participating in this at a later date."

Somebody may come in and challenge it; you may have to deal

with that at that time. But I think before you take that

position, you should put everyone on notice that you're

expecting them to be there. And if they're going to try and

take a position contrary to that, whether or not you have to

back down later, at least you've put them on notice that

they're supposed to be there.

While I'm up, there are a couple of other things
I would like to suggest. If Meridian is preparing some

amendments or some -- perhaps following the presentation of the consultants, anyone who's going to be suggesting some rule change ought to have a copy of it available for those who are present on the 21st. And I would also suggest that the hearing on the 21st be in Santa Fe.

MR. STOVALL: My question specifically -- I'll deal with the first part first -- is in a continued hearing, generally when a hearing is continued, a party may appear at the continued hearing date. What I am suggesting in this case, for example, an interested party could show up on the 21st, listen, not participate, not make anybody aware of their presence, and then come back in at a continued date. Can we preclude that, do you think?

MR. KELLAHIN: It's certainly unfair for them to sit back and ambush us later.

MR. STOVALL: Mr. Pearce, you're the one that raised the concern before. What are your feelings on that?

MR. PEARCE: I don't think you can keep them out.

MR. STOVALL: If they don't enter their appearance at the call of the hearing, you don't think we can preclude them later?

MR. PEARCE: Not unless you stop the hearing. If you continue the hearing, I don't see how you can keep them out. I think it's unlikely that it would happen. I think you could beat them about the head and shoulders when they

do it, but I don't think you could throw them out the door.

MR. CARR: I think Perry is right. What I was suggesting is you put language in this sort of shotgun order for everybody to get in. But if, in fact, somebody shows up on the 21st of March, whatever day it might be, ready to go forward, I really think you'd be creating some problems down the road for the order and for the division in the context of that case.

MR. STOVALL: I also happen to think that that may -- MR. CARR: There may be some clarifying law on that.

MR. STOVALL: There may also be a problem on the quality of their evidence, I guess, would be a consideration at that time.

Any other comments or suggestions on what's being proposed? Does everybody understand it, that all parties who are present today -- and perhaps, Ernie, we can get out a notice? You still have labels and address lists that you used for this memorandum --

MR. BUSCH: Yes.

MR. STOVALL: -- on this hearing? That a position statement will be required to be submitted within, we'll say, approximately ten days of today, that the case will be heard on the -- the case will be called on the 21st, and that the consultant and committee's engineering study as prepared by ICF will be presented at that time, and that we

also request that all parties appear at that time who intend 1 2 to present anything or participate in the case, and that any party proposing any changes to the current rules submit 3 those proposed changes on the 21st, and that a hearing will 4 5 then, after the conclusion of the ICF report and submittal of any proposed changes to the rules, that the hearing will 6 7 be continued March 21st, and that the case will be continued 8 for individual operator presentations at that time? 9 comments, pro or con, on that proposal? Everybody agree? 10 Mr. Birchy, does that sound acceptable? MR. BIRCHY: I have no objection. 11 12 MR. STOVALL: Jim? 13 MR. BRUCE: No objection. 14 MR. STOVALL: Perry, as my non-participant advisor, 15 does that sound good? 16 MR. PEARCE: That sounds good. 17 MR. STOVALL: Anybody else? 18 HEARING EXAMINER: Are there any remarks about the 19 location of the February 21st hearing, any preferences? Santa Fe has been suggested by Mr. Carr. 20 MR. STOVALL: 21 MR. NITCHER: Amoco would back that up. 22 MR. KELLAHIN: We'd like to see it in Santa Fe on the 23 regular docket. MR. STOVALL: Anybody else? Any other -- I'd suggest 24 25 that perhaps, as we tend to do with big cases, we will

simply place this at the end of the docket prior to sending that docket, so it will be the last case to be heard. Any problem with that? Don't know what that docket is going to look like at this point.

HEARING EXAMINER: It's my understanding that your presentation will take about two-and-a-half, three hours, something like that?

MR. STOVALL: Realistically, I would anticipate that it will be at least half a day by the time -- because I'm sure that we will offer all parties appearing in the case the opportunity to question -- again, bearing in mind, cross-examination is for the purpose of clarification and understanding primarily and not for making a case. But you'll have the opportunity to respond to any ambiguities which may occur.

MR. McELHINEY: I anticipated as much.

MR. STOVALL: Realistically, I would make plans for four to five hours minimum, I would think would be a realistic expectation.

Anything further? Hopefully, that will improve the process and avoid unnecessary, redundant testimony while at the same time giving everybody the opportunity to address major concerns, present helpful evidence in support of any position which any company may take. Anything else? Do we need to address anything else before we conclude this

conference?

MR. McELHINEY: Could I just make one comment? I said in the first paragraph of my letter that the list of exhibits is not entirely complete at this time. I would like that extended to the conclusions. I notice that the committee asked me to make more robust Roman IV A Conclusion which is on the fourth page. And I didn't get it done. And I just would like to reserve the right to clean that up. So this is somewhat tentative on both conclusions and exhibits at this time. Very close to the final product, but not quite there.

MR. STOVALL: I think it's very helpful. I hope the operators all find this as a useful tool to understand what the committee has done, even though they didn't actually participate directly. Appreciate your providing what you have. I think it is a good start. I appreciate the participation by everybody. Hopefully, we can make this an efficient process and not turn it into quite the adversarial event that the Gavilan hearings became after a while, and that we can come up with some rules that will really help you to operate effectively in that area.

HEARING EXAMINER: There being nothing further, I guess
I'll adjourn this conference.

(The foregoing hearing was adjourned at the approximate hour of 3:40 p.m.)

1	STATE OF NEW MEXICO)
2	:
3	COUNTY OF SANTA FE)
4	I, FREDA DONICA, RPR, a Certified Court Reporter, DO
5	HEREBY CERTIFY that I stenographically reported these
6	proceedings before the Oil Conservation Division; and that
7	the foregoing is a true, complete and accurate transcript of
8	the proceedings of said hearing as appears from my
9	stenographic notes so taken and transcribed under my
10	personal supervision.
11	I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not related to nor employed
12	by any of the parties hereto, and have no interest in the
13	outcome hereof.
14	DATED at Santa Fe, New Mexico, this 19th day of
15	February, 1991.
16	Freda Louca
17	Freda Donica Certified Court Reporter
18	CCR No. 417
19	
	1 do hereby certify that the foregoing is
20	- complete record of the processings in
21	the Examiner hearing of Case No
22	, Examiner
23	Oil Conservation Division
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