# GW - 214

# PERMITS, RENEWALS, & MODS Application

### ACRNOWLEDGEMENT OF RECEIPT OF CHECK/CASH

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### NEW MEXICO ENERGY, M VERALS AND NATURAL REQUIRCES DEPAREMENT

### OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

September 25, 1995

### CERTIFIED MAIL RETURN RECEIPT NO. Z-765-963-061

Mr. Tim Parker Area Manager Pool Company P.O. Box 1198 Hobbs, NM 88240-1198

RE: Approval of Discharge Plan GW-214

Pool Company, Hobbs Facility Lea County, New Mexico

Dear Mr. Parker:

The discharge plan GW-214 for the Pool Company Facility located in SW/4 SW/4 Section 36, Township 18 South, Range 37 East, NMPM, Lea County, New Mexico, is hereby approved subject to the conditions contained in the enclosed attachment. The discharge plan consists of the application and its contents dated July 18, 1995, the additional information received from Terra Dynamics Inc. dated August 4, 1995, and the additional information from Combest Geoscience dated September 18, 1995.

The discharge plan application was submitted pursuant to Section 3-106 of the New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission Regulations. Please note Sections 3-109.E and 3-109.F which provide for possible future amendments or modifications of the plan. Please be advised that the approval of this plan does not relieve Pool Company of liability should the operations associated with this facility result in pollution of surface water, ground water, or the environment.

Please be advised that all exposed pits, including lined pits and open top tanks (tanks exceeding 16 feet in diameter), shall be screened, netted, or otherwise rendered nonhazardous to wildlife including migratory birds.

Mr. Tim Parker September 25, 1995 Page 2

Please note that Section 3-104 of the regulations requires that "When a plan has been approved, discharges must be consistent with the terms and conditions of the plan." Pursuant to Section 3-107.C you are required to notify the Director of any facility expansion, production increase, or process modification that would result in any change in the discharge of water quality or volume.

Pursuant to Section 3-109.G.4, this plan is for a period of five (5) years. This approval will expire September 25, 2000, and you should submit an application for renewal in six (6) months before this date.

The discharge plan application for the Pool Company Facility is subject to the WQCC Regulation 3-114 discharge plan fee. Every billable facility submitting a discharge plan will be assessed a fee equal to the filing fee of fifty dollars (\$50) plus the flat fee of one thousand three-hundred and eighty dollars (\$1380.00) for Service company facilities.

The \$50 filing fee has been received by the OCD. The flat fee for an approved discharge plan has not been received by the OCD. The flat fee check should be submitted to the NMED - Water Quality Management through the NMOCD office in Santa Fe, New Mexico.

On behalf of the staff of the Oil Conservation Division, I wish to thank you and your staff for your cooperation during this discharge plan review.

Sincerely,

William J. LeN

Director

WJL/pws Attachment

xc:

Mr. Tim Parker September 25, 1995 Page 3

# ATTACHMENT TO DISCHARGE PLAN GW-214 APPROVAL Pool Company - Hobbs DISCHARGE PLAN REQUIREMENTS September 25, 1995

- 1. Payment of Discharge Plan Fees: The one thousand three hundred and eighty dollar (\$1380) flat fee shall be submitted upon receipt of this approval. The flat fee may be paid in a single payment due at the time of approval, or in equal annual installments over the five (5) year duration of the plan, with the first payment due upon receipt of this approval.
- 2. <u>Tank Berming</u>: All tanks that contain materials other than fresh water that, if released, could contaminate surface or ground water or the environment will be bermed to contain 1 1/3 times the capacity of the tank or 1 1/3 times the volume of all interconnected tanks.
- 3. <u>Drum Storage</u>: All drums will be stored on pad and curb type containment.
- 4. <u>Spills</u>: All spills and/or leaks will be reported to the OCD district office pursuant to WQCC Rule 1-203 and OCD Rule 116.
- 5. <u>Modifications</u>: All proposed modifications that include the construction of any below grade facilities or the excavation and disposal of wastes or contaminated soils will have OCD approval prior to excavation, construction or disposal.
- 6. Waste Disposal:
  - A. All wastes shall be disposed of at an NMOCD approved facility.
  - B. Only oilfield exempt wastes can be disposed of down Class II injection wells. Non-exempt oilfield wastes that are non-hazardous by characteristics may be disposed of at an NMOCD approved facility.

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### ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF RECEIPT OF CHECK/CASH

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### STATE OF NEW MEXICO



### ENERGY, MINERALS AND NATURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT

OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

BRUCE KING

January 5, 1995

2040 S. PACHECO SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO 87505 (505) 827-7131

### CERTIFIED MAIL RETURN RECEIPT NO. P-667-242-193

Mr. Tim Parker
Area Manager
Pool Company (Texas) Inc.
Carlsbad Highway
P.O. Box 1198
Hobbs, New Mexico 88240

### RE: UNLINED PIT CLOSURE PLAN

Dear Mr. Parker:

The New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (OCD) has completed a review of Pool Company (Texas) Inc. (PCI) November 8, 1994 "UNLINED SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT CLOSURE PLAN FOR POOL COMPANY, HOBBS, NM". This document contains PCI's plan for closure of an unlined pit at PCI's service company yard in Hobbs, New Mexico.

The above referenced pit closure plan is approved with the following conditions:

1. All soil samples for verification of closure or completion of remedial activities will be sampled and analyzed for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylene (BTEX) and total petroleum hydrocarbons in accordance with the OCD's "SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT CLOSURE GUIDELINES".

NOTE: A field headspace measurement of 100 parts per million (mg/l) of total organic vapor, if determined in accordance with OCD guidelines, may be substituted for a laboratory analysis of the concentrations of BTEX.

- 2. Since wastes generated at oilfield service companies are not exempt from federal RCRA hazardous waste regulations, the OCD requires that PCI analyze the stockpiled soils for RCRA Subtitle C Hazardous Characteristics. The results of these analyses will be submitted to the OCD for approval prior to either onsite remediation or offsite disposal.
- 3. PCI will submit the composition of any materials to be used for enhancing bioremediation of soils to the OCD for approval prior to application.

Mr. Tim Parker January 5, 1995 Page 2

- 4. PCI will submit the location and sampling plan of any proposed soil borings to the OCD for approval prior to implementation.
- 5. PCI will notify the Environmental Bureau Chief of the OCD Santa Fe Office and the OCD Aztec District Office within 24 hours of the discovery of ground water contamination related to any pit closure activity.
- 6. The final report, submitted to the OCD upon completion of closure actions, will include a completed OCD "Pit Remediation and Closure Report" form (attached) which will contain the final results of all pit closure activities. The report will also include the concentrations and application rates of all materials or additives used to enhance bioremediation of contaminants.
- 7. All original documents submitted for approval will be submitted to the OCD Santa Fe Office with copies provided to the OCD Hobbs District Office.

Please be advised that OCD approval does not relieve PCI of liability should closure activities determine that contamination exists which is beyond the scope of the work plan or if the closure activities fail to adequately remediate contamination related to their activities. In addition, OCD approval does not relieve PCI of responsibility for compliance with any other federal, state or local laws and/or regulations.

The OCD commends PCI for their initiative in the closure of this unlined pit and looks forward to working with you as the work plan is implemented.

If you have any questions, please call me at (505) 827-7154.

Sincerely,

William C. Olson Hydrogeologist

Environmental Bureau

Attachment

xc: Jerry Sexton, OCD Hobbs District Supervisor

Wayne Price , OCD Hobbs Office

Lynne Fahlquist, COMBEST GEOscience

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6w-214

# State of New Mexico Energy Minerals and Natural Resources Department Oil Conservation Division

## DISCHARGE PLAN APPLICATION FOR OILFIELD SERVICE FACILITIES

Prepared for:



Pool Company-Hobbs Facility 5730 Carlsbad Highway Hobbs, New Mexico RECEIVED

JUN 1 4 1995

Environmental Bureau Øil Conservation Rivision

July 19,95

PWS

RECEIVED

JUL 1 9 1995

Environmental Bureau Oil Conservation Division

Prepared by:



Project No. 95-172 July 1995

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Division.

Appendix B Site Photographs

Appendix C MSDS Information for solvents used at the Pool Company-

Hobbs Facility.

Appendix D Report for "Closure of Unlined Surface Impoundment at Pool

Company Hobbs Facility, (March 8, 1995)"

Appendix E Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan for Pool Company Hobbs

New Mexico (September 15, 1993)

Appendix F Reference Documentaion



<u>District I</u> - (505) 393-6161 P. O. Box 1940 Hobbs, NM 88241-1980 <u>District II</u> - (505) 748-1283 811 S. First

Artesia, NM 88211-0719 <u>District III</u> - (505) 334-6178 1000 Rio Brazos Road Aztec, NM 87410 <u>District IV</u> - (505) 827-7131

### State of New Mexico

Energy Minerals and Natural Resources Department

Oil Conservation Division

2040 South Pacheco Street Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505 (505) 827-7131 Submit Original Plus 1 Copy to Santa Fe I Copy to appropriate District Office

Revised 4/18/95

CW -214

### DISCHARGE PLAN APPLICATION FOR OILFIELD SERVICE FACILITIES

	New Renewal Modification
1.	Type: Oil Field Service Company
2.	Operator: Pool Company
	Address: 5730 Carlsbad Highway - P.O. Box 1198 - Hobbs, N.M. 88240-1198
	Contact Person: Tim Parker Phone: (505) 393 - 5/6/
3.	Location: SW /4 SW /4 Section 36 Township 185 Range 37E  Submit large scale typographic map showing exact location.
4.	Attach the name and address of the landowner of the facility site.
5.	Attach the description of the facility with a diagram indicating location of fences, pits, dikes and tanks on the facility
6.	Attach a description of all materials stored or used at the facility.
7.	Attach a description of present sources of effluent and waste solids. Average quality and daily volume of waste water must be included.
8.	Attach a description of current liquid and solid waste collection/treatment/disposal procedures.
9.	Attach a description of proposed modifications to existing collection/treatment/disposal systems.
10.	Attach a routine inspection and maintenance plan to ensure permit compliance.
11.	Attach a contringency plan for reporting and clean-up of spills or releases.
12.	Attach geological/hydrological evidence demonstrating that disposal of oil field wastes will not adversely impact fresh water. Depth to and quality of ground water must be included.
13.	Attach such other information as is necessary to demonstrate compliance with any other OCD rules, regulation and/or orders.
14.	CERTIFICATION
	I hereby certify that the information submitted with this application is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.
	Name: Timothy A. TARKER Title: AREA MANAGER  Signature: Dimot a. Vanth Date: 18 July 1995
	Signature: Limot a. Carth Date: 18 July 1995
	L72TOC,DOC

vii

### 1.0 Type of Operation

The Pool Company Hobbs New Mexico Facility (Pool) submits this Discharge Plan as directed by the Director of the State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department, Oil Conservation Division (OCD) in correspondence dated February 7, 1995 and June 14, 1995 and included as Appendix A of this report. This Discharge Plan was completed under the direction of the OCD Discharge Plan Guidelines (Revised 4/18/95), in accordance with Sections 3-104 and 3-106 of the New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) Regulations effective November 18, 1993.

The Pool Company Hobbs Facility consists of an approximately 2.334 acre rectangular tract located adjacent to the north of the Hobbs Airport, at 5730 Carlsbad Highway, just outside of the city limits of Hobbs, New Mexico. The site has been owned by Pool since approximately 1985 when it was developed from vacant land.

Pool is an oil field service company that primarily operates well servicing rigs and support vehicles and equipment from the Hobbs Facility. Pool currently operates 13 rigs and employs 61 people at the Hobbs location. The facility is used as a temporary storage yard and maintenance depot for the rigs and associated support vehicles and equipment. The service equipment and personnel (with exception of administrative staff) work away from the facility on oil and gas locations the majority of the time.

Pool utilizes a variety of chemicals for rig and vehicle maintenance. Chemicals are stored in secure areas as directed by OCD Guidelines. Waste Chemicals are stored in a designated area (proposed to be modified to meet OCD Guidelines) and recycled or disposed of by a variety of third-party vendors outlined in this report. Presently, no effluent or solid waste is discharged at the facility with the exception of domestic sewage from the office facilities which is discharged into an on-site septic system and leach field. No receptacles attached to the septic system are located in any of the work areas therefore it is very unlikely that any comingling of domestic and industrial effluent has occurred.



### 2.0 Facility Operator and Local Representative

This section contains the facility operator information requested in Section II of the OCD Guidelines. The operator information including name and address of the legally responsible party is as follows:

Pool Company (Texas) Inc. 10375 Richmond Avenue Houston, TX 77042

Phone (713) 954-3000

The local representative for Pool Company (Texas) Inc., is:

Mr. Tim Parker (Area Manager)

Pool Company-Hobbs, NM Facility 5730 Carlsbad Highway P.O. Box 1198 Hobbs, NM 88240

Phone (505) 393-5161



### 3.0 Facility Location Information

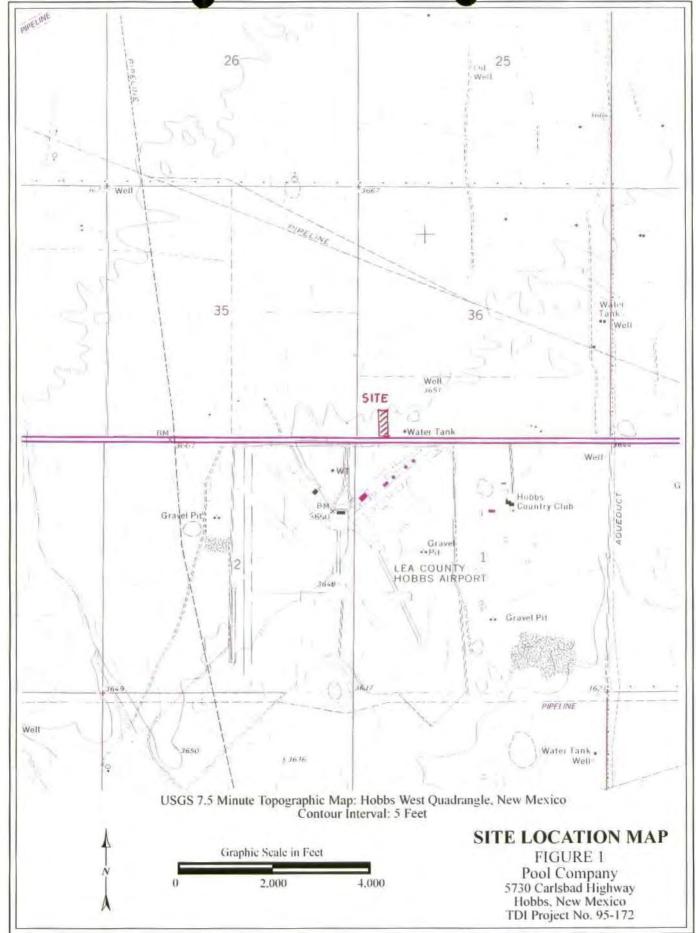
This section contains the facility location information requested in Section III of the OCD Guidelines. A legal description of the Pool Company Hobbs Facility is as follows:

A tract of land situated in the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of Section 36, Township 18 South, Range 37 east, N. M. P. M., Lea County, New Mexico, being more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the north right-of-way of U. S. Highway 62/180 which lies N00°01'W 100.00 feet and S89°50'E 659.57 feet from the southwest corner of said Section 36; thence N00°01'W 564.70 feet; thence S89°50'E 180.0 feet: thence S00°01'E 564.70 feet to a point on the north right-of-way of said U. S. Highway 62/180; thence N89°50'W 180.00 feet along the north right-of-way of said U. S. Highway 62/180 to the point of beginning, describing 2.334 acres, more or less.

Figure 1 is a USGS 7.5 minute topographic quadrangle of Hobbs West New Mexico showing the location of the facility. As indicated on the map, the site is situated on relatively flat terrain at an elevation of approximately 3,645 feet above Mean Sea Level (MSL).





### 4.0 Facility Landowner Information

This section contains the facility landowner of record information requested in Section IV of the OCD Guidelines. The landowner of the Pool Company Hobbs Facility is:

Pool Company (Texas) Inc. 10375 Richmond Avenue Houston, TX 77042

Phone (713) 954-3000



### 5.0 Facility Description Information

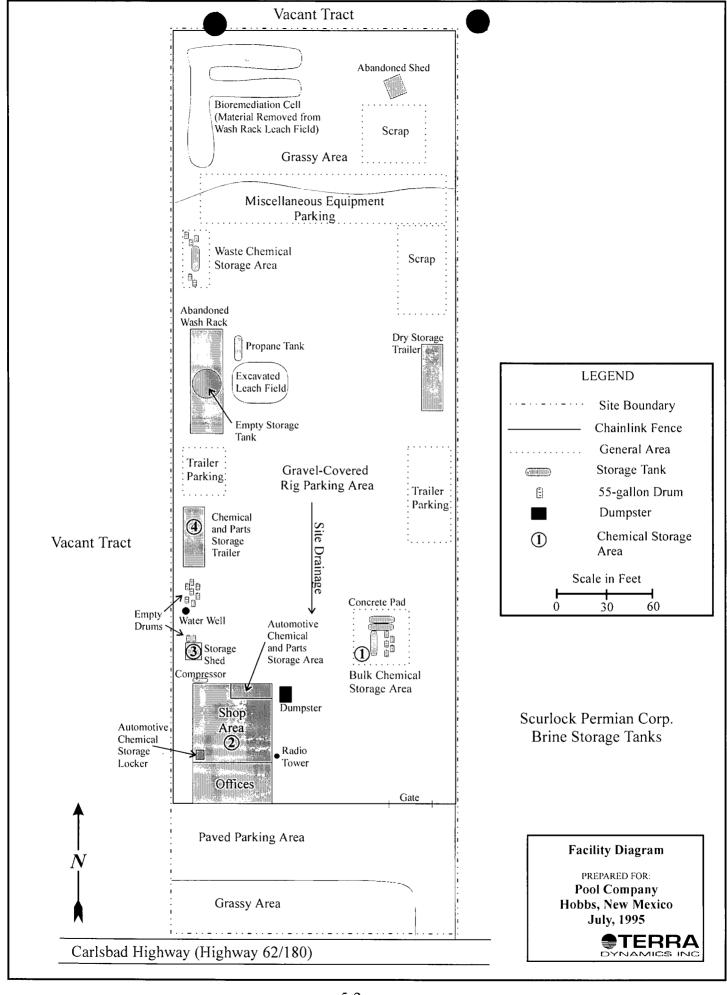
This section contains the facility description information requested in Section V of the OCD Guidelines. Figure 2 is a Facility Diagram indicating the approximate locations of pertinent features at the site. Site photographs are included as Appendix B of this application.

The Pool Company Hobbs Facility (Figure 2) consists of a rectangular tract of relatively flat land surveyed to be 564.7 feet deep and 180.0 feet wide with frontage along the south end of the property along Carlsbad Highway (US Highway 62-180). Site drainage is generally to the south towards the highway. The property was reported to be developed in 1985 from undeveloped land.

Permanent site improvements consist of an approximately 4000 sq. ft. steel office/shop building located in the southwest portion of the tract and several small storage buildings located throughout the property as indicated in Figure 2. Approximately one-half of the building is used by administrative staff while the remaining space is used as an automotive maintenance area. Several storage trailers are located on the property and an abandoned wash rack is located in the west-central portion of the tract. The remaining area is used for temporary storage of mobile oilfield equipment and associated vehicles. The locations of the various improvements are shown in Figure 2. Photographs of the site are included in Appendix B.

The property adjacent to the south of the site is the Lea County Hobbs Airport. The property adjacent to the east of the site is a brine mining operation run by Scurlock Permian Corporation. The properties adjacent to the north and west of the site are undeveloped. Other properties in the vicinity consist of similar oil field service contractors and companies located along Carlsbad Highway to the east and west of the site.





### 6.0 Materials Stored and Used at the Facility

This section contains the information relating to materials stored and used at the facility requested in Section VI of the OCD Guidelines. References to chemical storage areas refer to Figure 2 in Section 5. The provided tables are based on the Part VI form provided in the OCD Guidelines. Site Photographs are included as Appendix B of this application. Requested MSDS information is included as Appendix C of this application.

.Table 6-1
List of Materials Stored in the Bulk Chemical Storage area to the east of the Office Building (See Chemical Storage Area #1 on the Facility Diagram):

Material Name (Liquid or Solid)	Type of Container	Estimated Volume Stored (as of 7/95)
Methanol/Water Mixture (Liquid)	500-gallon above ground steel tank	0 gallons
Hydraulic Fluid (Liquid)	500-gallon above ground steel tank	250 gallons
Engine Oil (Liquid)	300-gallon above ground steel tank	100 gallons
*Varsol (Naphtha based solvent) (Liquid)	55-gallon drum	20 gallons
Kerosene (Liquid)	55-gallon drum	20 gallons
*Methanol (Liquid)	55-gallon drum	25 gallons
Antifreeze (Liquid)	55-gallon drum	55 gallons
Corrosion Inhibitor (Liquid)	55-gallon drum	20 gallons

<sup>\*</sup> MSDS information located in Appendix C

Table 6-2
List of Materials Stored in the Shop area of the Office Building (See Chemical Storage Area #2 on the Facility Diagram):

Material Name (Liquid, Solid or Gas)	Type of Container	Estimated Volume Stored (as of 7/95)
*Chem-Dip Carburetor Cleaner (Liquid)	5-gallon can	9 gallons
Oxygen (Gas)	Large Cylinder	1 cylinder
Acetylene (Gas)	Small Cylinder	1 cylinder
Chem-Gard foam compatible dry chemical powder (solid)	20 lb. box	10 lbs.
Hydraulic Fluid (Liquid)	25-gallon drum	15 gallons
Wheel bearing Grease (Liquid)	l-gallon can	0.5 gallons
Refrigerant Oil (Liquid)	Quart bottle (32 oz)	l quart
Manifold Sealer (Liquid)	Pint bottle (16 oz)	0.5 pints
Gear Oil (Liquid)	10 gallon can	5 gallons
Grease (Liquid)	2.5 gallon can	1.5 gallons
Oil Absorbent (solid)	25 lb. bag	15 lb.
Welding Rods (solid)	Locked Refrigerator	200+ rods (various types)

<sup>\*</sup> MSDS information located in Appendix C

Table 6-3
List of Materials Stored in the Automotive Chemical Storage Locker in the loft of the Shop area of the Office Building (See Chemical Storage Area #2 on the Facility Diagram):

Material Name (Liquid or Solid)	Type of Container	Estimated Volume Stored (as of 7/95)
Pro-Ma MBL Spray Lubricant (Liquid)	Pint bottle (16 oz)	7 pints
Pro-Ma Gasoline Treatment (Liquid)	Pint bottle (16 oz)	7 pints
Pro-Ma Diesel Treatment (Liquid)	Quart bottle (32 oz)	24 quarts
Pro-Ma MBL Grease (Liquid)	Cartridge (14 oz)	12 cartridges
R-12 Refrigerant (Liquid)	Bottle (30 lb)	1 bottle
R-12 Refrigerant (Liquid)	Bottle (12 oz)	48 bottles
Pro-Ma MBL Concentrate (Liquid)	Gallon bottle	3 gallons



Table 6-4
List of Materials Stored in the Storage Shed located adjacent to the North of the Office Building (See Chemical Storage Area #3 on the Facility Diagram):

Material Name	Type of Container	Estimated Volume Stored
(Liquid or Solid)		(as of 7/95)
R-12 Refrigerant	Bottle (30 lb)	2 bottles
(Liquid)		
Refrigerant Oil	Quart bottle (32 oz)	5 quarts
(Liquid)		
Drilling and Tapping Fluid	Pint bottle (16 oz)	5 pints
(Liquid)		
Enamel Reducer	Gallon bottle	1 gallon
(Liquid)		
Automotive Lacquer Primer	Quart bottle (32 oz)	2 quarts
(Liquid)		
Acetone	Gallon bottle	1 gallon
(Liquid)		
Spray Paint	Cans (10 oz)	4 cans
(Liquid)		
Diesel Fuel Conditioner	Pint bottle (16 oz)	12 bottles
(Liquid)		
Paint Remover	Gallon bottle	1 gallon
(Liquid)		
*Paint Thinner	Gallon bottle	2 gallons
(Liquid)		
Tap Magic Cutting Fluid	Quart bottle (32 oz)	l quart
(Liquid)		
Air Filter Oil	Can (12.25 oz)	2 cans
(Liquid)		

<sup>\*</sup> MSDS information located in Appendix C

Table 6-5
List of Materials Stored in the Chemical and Parts Storage Trailer located to the North of the Office Building (See Chemical Storage Area #4 on the Facility Diagram):

Material Name (Liquid or Solid)	Type of Container	Estimated Volume Stored (as of 7/95)
Oil Absorbent (Solid)	25 lb. bag	375 lb.
*Chem-Dip Carburetor Cleaner (Liquid)	5-gallon can	5 gallons
Gear Oil (Liquid)	5-gallon can	105 gallons
Pro-Ma MBL Grease (Liquid)	Cartridge (14 oz)	110 cartridges
Gear Oil (Liquid)	Quart bottle (32 oz)	26 quarts
Automotive Automatic Transmission Fluid (Liquid)	Quart bottle (32 oz)	60 quarts
Motor Oil (Liquid)	Quart bottle (32 oz)	192 quarts
Motor Oil 15W-40 (Liquid)	Gallon bottle (32 oz)	20 gallons
Motor Oil 30W (Liquid)	Gallon bottle (32 oz)	20 gallons
Power Steering Fluid (Liquid)	Quart bottle (32 oz)	26 quarts
*Paint Thinner (Liquid)	Gallon can	6 gallon
Enamel Paint Various  Colors (Liquid)	Gallon can	9 gallons
Hand Cleaner (Liquid)	Gallon can	18 gallons
Lubo-Seal Joint Compound (Liquid)	2.5 Gallon bottle	40 gallons

<sup>\*</sup> MSDS information located in Appendix C

TERRA DYNAMICS INC

### 7.0 Summary of Effluents and Wastes Generated at the Facility

This section contains the description of present sources and quantities of effluents and waste solids generated at the facility requested in Section VII of the OCD Guidelines. The provided tables are based on the Part VII form provided in the OCD Guidelines. All of the waste generated at the facility result from vehicle and equipment maintenance and administrative office activities.

Table 7-1 Sources and Quantities of Wastes Generated at the facility.

Waste Type	General Composition and Source	Approximate Volume Per Month (gallons)	Major Additives	
Truck Waste	No hauling is currently performed at this facility	N/A	N/A	
Truck, Tank, and Drum Washing	No vehicle or container washing is currently performed at this facility	N/A	N/A	
Steam Cleaning of Parts, Equipment, Tanks	No steam Cleaning is currently performed at this facility	N/A	N/A	
Solvent/Degreaser Use	Solvents from Parts Cleaning	<10 gallons	Small quantities of oil, grease and solids	* Recycled
Spent Acids, Caustics, or Completion Fluids	None of these materials are currently handled at the facility	N/A	N/A	• 
Waste Slop Oil	No slop oil is currently handled at the facility	N/A	N/A	from whire
Waste Lubrication and Motor Oils	Waste oils from rigs and support vehicles	<200 gallons	Water	from whire when does it 50?
Oil Filters	Filters from rig and support vehicle maintenance	<100 units	Small quantities of waste oil	
Solids and Sludges from Tanks	None of these materials are currently handled at the facility	N/A	N/A	Su doesing
Painting Waste	Industrial enamel paint, Paint thinner, automotive paint, and reducers	<10 gallons	None	
Sewage	Not Comingled with other Waste	<30,000	N/A	
Other Waste Liquids	Spent Antifreeze	<25 gallons	Water	- whome dees, ,
Other Waste Solids	Used drums	<3 units	None	50
	Scrap Metal	varies	None	
"	Spent Automotive Parts	varies	None	
	Spent welding rods,	<25 rods	None	
44	Used oily Rags	<20 lbs	lubrication fluids, paint and solvents	where dies
	Spent oil absorbent	<100 lbs.	lubrication fluids <	- it 1 3165

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### **Part A-Summary Information**

This section contains summary information relating to onsite collection, storage, and disposal systems for each source listed in Table 7-1.. The provided table is based on the Part VIII form provided in the OCD Guidelines.

Table 8-1
Summary Table for Current Liquid and Solid Waste Collection/Storage and Disposal Procedures.

Waste Type	General Composition and Source	Summary of Collection, Storage and Disposal Systems	
Truck Waste	No hauling is currently performed at this facility	N/A	
Truck, Tank, and Drum Washing	No vehicle or container washing is currently performed at this facility	N/A	
Steam Cleaning of Parts, Equipment, Tanks	No steam Cleaning is currently performed at this facility	N/A	
Solvent-Degreaser Use	Naptha based solvent used for Parts Cleaning	Solvents are used and contained in a solvent sink provided by Safety Kleen and refilled and/or recycled on a monthly basis.	
Spent Acids, Caustics, or Completion Fluids	None of these materials are currently handled at the facility	N/A	
Waste Slop Oil	No slop oil is currently handled at the facility	N/A	
Waste Lubrication and Motor Oils	Waste oils and lubrication fluids from rig and support vehicle maintenance	Waste oil and lubrication fluids are drained into catch pans and dumped into an above ground waste oil storage tank with secondary containment. The waste oil is collected by Specialty Environmental Services on a monthly basis	
Oil Filters	Filters from rig and support vehicle maintenance	Oil filters are stored in sealed 55-gallon drums near the waste oil tank. Drums are removed as they become full by Specialty Environmental Services.	
Solids and Sludges from Tanks	None of these materials are currently handled at the facility	N/A	

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### Table 8-1 (Continued)

Waste Type	General Composition and Source	Summary of Collection, Storage and Disposal Systems	
Painting Waste	Industrial enamel paint, Paint thinner, automotive paint, and reducers	The majority of painting activities are related to rig maintenance and are performed on location. Empty paint and solvent cans are disposed of in the dumpster which is supplied by Waste Management. Spent solvents are collected in disposable containers and allowed to evaporate.	
Sewage	Not Comingled with other Waste	The facility sewage system discharges into an onsite septic field of unknown construction. No sinks are located in any of the work areas thus minimizing the chance for comingling shop waste with office waste.	
Other Waste Liquids	Spent Antifreeze	Spent antifreeze is collected in 55-gallon drums and stored in the waste chemical holding area. The antifreeze and water mixture is reused in the braking system of the rigs during cold weather.	
Other Waste Solids	Used drums	Used drums are opened and stored onsite and reused on drilling locations for solid waste disposal.	
cc	Scrap Metal	Scrap metal (mainly in the form of spent wireline) is stored in the yard area and recycled periodically by Hobbs Iron and Metal.	
cc	Spent Automotive Parts	Spent tires are stored in dry storage trailer and periodically collected by Treadco Tires for recycling. Spent batteries are stored in the chemical and parts storage trailer and periodically collected by Interstate Batteries for recycling. Spent parts are disposed of in the dumpster serviced by Waste Management.	
cc .	Spent welding rods,	Spent welding rods are disposed of in the dumpster serviced by Waste Management.	
ζζ	Used oily rags	Rags are stored on-site and picked up weekly by National Uniform Service for recycling	
	Spent oil absorbent	Spent absorbent is disposed of in the dumpster serviced by Waste Management.	

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### Part B-Collection and Storage Systems Information

The OCD Guidelines require that for collection and storage systems identified in Part A (Table 8-1), information be provided for determining what water contaminants may be discharged to the surface and subsurface within the facility.

Table 8-2 Collection and Storage Systems Summary Table (Refers to OCD Guidelines Section VIII, Part B, No. 1)

Waste Type (From Section VIII, Part A)	General Composition and Source	Collection and Storage Systems including Treatment Units
Solvent-Degreasers	Naptha based solvent used for Parts Cleaning	Solvents contained in a solvent sink provided by Safety Kleen located inside of the shop area. The shop area is located inside and has a concrete slab floor. No solvents are discharged from the self-contained unit.
Waste Lubrication and Motor Oils	Waste oils and lubrication fluids from rig and support vehicle maintenance	Waste oil and lubrication fluids are drained in the shop area and in the yard into catch pans and immediately dumped into an approximately 300-gallon unpressurized steel above ground waste oil storage tank within a fiberglass secondary containment basin located in the northwest portion of the property.
Oil Filters	Filters from rig and support vehicle maintenance	Oil filters are removed in the shop area and in the yard and drained in the catch pans. Filters are then placed and stored in sealed steel 55-gallon drums located adjacent to the waste oil tank in the northwest portion of the property. The drums sit on the ground in an open area.
Painting Waste	Industrial enamel paint, Paint thinner, automotive paint, and reducers	The small quantities of spent solvents and waste paint used on the premises are collected in disposable containers and allowed to evaporate. These containers are then disposed of in the steel construction closed top dumpster located adjacent to the east of the main building. The dumpster sits on the ground in an open area.
Sewage	Not Comingled with other Waste	The facility sewage system consists of sinks and toilets located within the office portion of the building. These facilities discharge into an onsite septic field of unknown construction reportedly located to the east of the main building. No sinks are located in any of the work areas thus avoiding the possibility of comingling shop waste with office waste.
Other Waste Liquids	Spent Antifreeze	Spent antifreeze is collected in catch pans within the shop and yard areas and immediately dumped into sealed steel 55-gallon drums. These drums are stored in the waste chemical holding area located on the northwest portion of the property. The drums sit on the ground in an open area.
Other Waste Solids	See Part A for specific composition	The majority of the solid waste generated at the facility is temporarily stored in closed sheds and ultimately recycled. Materials that are not recycled are contained in a steel construction closed top dumpster, that is serviced weekly, located adjacent to the east of the main building. The dumpster sits on the ground in an open area.



Section VIII, Part B, No. 2 of the OCD Guidelines asks for specific information concerning the tankage and chemical storage areas. There are two (2) areas where bulk chemicals (contained in tanks and drums) are stored at the Pool facility. These are the Bulk Chemical Storage Area (identified as Chemical Storage Area #1 on the Figure 2) and the Waste Chemical Storage Area (see Figure 2).

Photograph #5 (Appendix B) shows the Bulk Chemical Storage Area. The specifics concerning materials stored, types of containers, and current inventory of chemicals stored in this area is addressed in Table 6-1. None of the tanks or drums in this area are interconnected. The area is located on a concrete pad approximately 35 ft. x 35 ft. in dimension. All of the tanks and drums are contained within a fiberglass construction secondary containment tub having a capacity to hold in excess of a 1/3 volume of the largest tank (500-gallons) volume. Their are no drains or sumps associated with area and any spilled material is confined within the containment unit.

Photograph #9 (Appendix B) shows the Waste Chemical Storage Area located adjacent to the north of the closed wash rack. Specifics relating to materials stored in this area summarized in the following table:

Table 8-3
List of Materials Stored in the Waste Chemical Storage Area Adjacent to the North of the Abandoned Wash Rack (See Chemical Storage Area #1 on the Facility Diagram):

Material Name (Liquid or Solid)	Type of Container	Estimated Volume Stored (as of 7/95)
Antifreeze/Water Mixture (Liquid)	(2) 55-gallon steel drums	40 gallons
Waste Oil and Lubricating Fluids (Liquid)	250-gallon above ground steel tank	150 gallons
Used Oil Filters (Solid)	(2) 55-gallon steel drums	60 gallons (Each drum approx. half full)

The waste oil tank is a steel construction unpressurized above ground storage tank having an approximate capacity of 250 gallons. The tank is contained within a fiberglass construction secondary containment tub having a capacity to hold in excess of a 1/3 volume of the tank volume. The secondary containment tub sits on the ground and there are no drains or sumps associated with the unit and any material spilled is confined within the containment unit. The two (2) drums containing the spent antifreeze and water mixture are closed on top and sit on the ground adjacent to the waste oil unit. the two (2) drums containing the used oil filters are closed on top and sit on the ground adjacent to the waste oil unit.

Section VIII, Part B, No. 3 of the OCD Guidelines asks for specific information pertaining to the demonstration of mechanical integrity of buried piping. The Pool



facility in Hobbs was constructed in approximately 1985 and is significantly less than 25 years old. In addition the facility does not contain any known underground process of wastewater pipelines.

### Part C-Existing Effluent and Solids Disposal

Section VIII, Part C, No. 1 of the OCD Guidelines asks for specific information pertaining to on-site facilities. The only effluent or solid waste that is disposed of on-site is effluent associated with the sanitary sewer system for the office portion of the main building. The effluent generated flows into a leach field that is presumably located to the east of the main building. At the time of this report no specific information relating to the construction and/or size of the field was available. Pool employs approximately 60 people depending upon rig utilization but usually no more than five (5) administrative personnel are present at this facility during business hours as the majority of the work is performed on oil and gas well locations. The actual amount of wastewater generated from the facility is probably less than 500 gallons per day. It should be noted that a surface impoundment was closed at the facility in early 1995 and a Closure Report dated March 1995 is on file with the OCD. A copy of this report is included as Appendix D of this application. There are no injection wells, drying beds and/or other pits, or solids disposal areas located on the Pool premises.

Since there are no, and have reportedly been no discharges of chemicals into the sanitary septic system no modification is proposed to the present septic system as part of this discharge plan.

Section VIII, Part C, No. 2 of the OCD Guidelines asks for specific information pertaining to off-site disposal facilities. The following table summarizes the general composition, method of shipment, and final disposition of waste shipped off-site.



### Table 8-4 Offsite Disposal Contractors and Sources

General Waste Composition	Method of Shipment	Final Disposition	Receiving Facility
Solvents	Contractor Truck (Every 4 Weeks)	Recycled	Safety-Kleen 10607 West County Road 127 Midland, TX 79711
Waste Oil and Oil Filters	Contractor Truck (As Needed)	Recycled	Specialty Environmental Services Lubbock, TX 1-800-256-9288
Batteries	Contractor Truck (As Needed)	Recycled	Interstate Batteries 2400 N. West County Road Midland, TX 79711 (505) 392-4245
Tires	Contractor Truck (As Needed)	Recycled	Treadco Tires 701 North IH-27 Lubbock, TX (806) 762-6194
Automotive Refrigerants	Trucked to Location	Recovered	Herbs Automotive 511 1/2 W. Clinton Hobbs, N.M 88240
Scrap Iron	Trucked to Location	Recycled	Hobbs Iron and Metal 920 South Grimes Hobbs, N.M. 88240
Oily Rags	Contractor Truck (Weekly)	Recycled ??	National Uniform 1500 West Bender Blvd. Hobbs, N.M. 88240
Other Solid Waste	Contractor Truck (Weekly)	Domestic Landfill	Waste Management 2608 Lovington Hwy. Hobbs, NM 88240 (505) 392-6571



# 9.0 Proposed Modifications

This section contains the summary information relating to proposed modifications to onsite collection, storage, and disposal systems to meet the criteria outlined in Section VIII, Part B of the OCD Guidelines.

# Part A-Proposed Modifications to Fulfill the Requirements of the Regulations

To ensure compliance with WQCC the regulatory requirements the Pool Company Hobbs New Mexico Facility proposes the following modifications in facilities and work practices.

**Modification #1-** A concrete pad will be constructed within 6-months of approval of the Discharge Plan Permit for the Waste Chemical Storage Area. The above ground waste oil storage tank and the fiberglass secondary containment unit will be placed on the concrete slab as well as the waste antifreeze and waste oil filter drums which will be placed in a secondary containment basin also on the concrete pad to be constructed.

**Modification #2-** Paint waste generated at the Pool facility will be stored in a closed, clearly marked, 55-gallon drum to be located in a secondary containment basin in the Waste Chemical Storage Area. The material will be disposed of in a proper manner as the need arises.

**Modification #3-** Spent oil absorbent materials generated at the Pool facility will be stored in a closed, clearly marked, 55-gallon drum to be located in a secondary containment basin in the Waste Chemical Storage Area. The material will be disposed of in a proper manner as the need arises.

**Modification #4-** Spent welding rods generated at the Pool facility will be stored in a closed, clearly marked, 55-gallon drum to be located in a secondary containment basin in the Waste Chemical Storage Area. The material will be disposed of in a proper manner as the need arises.

# Part B-Proposed Closure of Ponds, Pits, Leach Fields, Etc...

There are currently no ponds, pits, leach fields, etc. present at the Pool Hobbs Facility with the exception of the excavated leach field associated with the abandoned wash rack. The leach field was excavated on February 8, 1995 under the supervision of the New Mexico OCD. A formal Closure Report is currently on file with the OCD outlining the satisfactory completion of work and present status of the case which is awaiting final closure. The Closure Report and Status Letter from the OCD is included as Appendix D of this



application. Filling of the pit and final closure is expected upon remediation of the soils excavated from the leach field which are currently undergoing treatment.



This section contains a proposed inspection, maintenance and reporting plan to be implemented to ensure compliance with the Discharge Plan Permit, as outlined in Section X, Parts A, B and C of the OCD Guidelines.

# Part A-Proposed Facility Inspection, Maintenance and Reporting Procedures

To ensure compliance with the Discharge Plan Permit, the Pool Company Hobbs Facility proposes the following routine inspection and maintenance plan summarized in the following table:

Table 10-1
Routine Inspection Activities and Schedule

Maintenance Area	nintenance Area Inspection Procedures				
Bulk Chemical Storage Area	Regularly inspect all tanks and drums for leaks. Check all dispensing hardware for serviceability and replace as needed. Clean up any spilled material within the secondary containment unit. Visually check secondary containment unit for integrity. Note observations in the inspection log.	Monthly			
Waste Chemical Storage Area	Regularly inspect all tanks and drums for leaks. Clean up any spilled material within the secondary containment unit. Visually check secondary containment unit for integrity. Note observations in the inspection log.	Monthly			
Other Chemical Storage Areas	Inspect all containers for evidence of leaking. Clean up any leaked or spilled material and note in the inspection log.	Monthly			

A notebook, administered by the Area Manager, will be maintained at the Pool Hobbs Facility containing information about the monthly inspections including; the name of the person performing the inspection, the date and time of the inspection, and notation of any deficiencies or problems identified in the specific areas.

In the unlikely event that a chemical spill, of sufficient quantity as may, with reasonable probability, injure or be detrimental to human health, animal or plant life, or property, occurs and is not contained within the provided secondary containment units, then as soon as possible after taking corrective action to remedy the release, a notification will be made to the proper regulatory agencies in accordance with Section 1-203 of the WQCC Regulations (1993).



# Part B-Groundwater Monitoring and Leak Detection Procedures

No groundwater monitoring is currently conducted at the Pool Hobbs Facility. In addition, no groundwater monitoring is planned for the facility.

## Part C- Procedures for the Prevention of Stormwater Runoff Contamination

The Pool Company currently uses a set of "Best Management Practices" for the prevention of stormwater runoff contamination at the Hobbs Facility. These practices are outlined in the "Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan for Pool Company Hobbs, New Mexico (1993) which is included as Appendix E of this application.



# 11.0 Spill and Leak Prevention and Reporting

This section contains a contingency that anticipates where spills or leaks might occur. This plan proposes procedures to guard against accidental spills and how to detect them if they occur. The plan also describes the steps to be taken to contain and remove the spilled substance and protect ground and surface waters from being impacted. This plan will be implemented to ensure compliance with the Discharge Plan Permit, as outlined in Section XI, Parts A, B and C of the OCD Guidelines. This plan was prepared in accordance with OCD Rule 116 and WQCC Section 1-203.

# Part A- Proposed Procedures for Containment, Cleanup and Reporting

In the case of a *major spill* at the Pool Company Hobbs Facility, one which consists of a quantity of material that may with reasonable probability injure or be detrimental to human health, animal or plant life, or property, the following actions are to be executed:

- 1. The person making the identification of a major spill at the facility will simultaneously notify the Facility Manager (Tim Parker) and Indian Fire and Safety of Hobbs, New Mexico (505) 393-3093 requesting an emergency response action. The only area on the site where a major spill is likely to occur is the Bulk Chemical Storage Area. This area is paved and all chemical storage vessels are locating within a fiberglass construction secondary containment basin.
- 2. After the initial response action which should stabilize any immediate threat, an assessment will be made concerning pertinent information relating to the spill as outlined in Section 1-203 of the WQCC Regulations.
- 3. At the same time as the assessment is being conducted, the facility operator shall take corrective actions necessary and/or appropriate to contain and remove or mitigate the damage caused by the discharge.
- 4. The operator shall then endeavor as soon as possible (within 24 hours) to notify the OCD or Chief, Groundwater Bureau, Environmental Improvement Division as per the instructions outlined in Section 1-203 of the WQCC Regulations.
- 5. Within one week after the discharge, the facility operator shall send written notification to the same division official identified above (#4) and verify the prior oral notification.
- 6. If necessary a formal corrective action plan will be prepared by the facility and be submitted to the appropriate regulatory agency for further guidance in rectifying the circumstances resulting from the inadvertent discharge.



In the case of a *minor spill* at the Pool Company Hobbs Facility, one which does not consists of a quantity of material that may with reasonable probability injure or be detrimental to human health, animal or plant life, or property, the following actions are to be executed:

- 1. The person making the identification of a minor spill at the facility will notify the Facility Manager (Tim Parker). Areas on the site where a minor spill is likely to occur include; the Bulk Chemical Storage Area, the Waste Chemical Storage Area, the Shop Area of the Building, the Storage Shed, and the Chemical and Parts Storage Trailer (Figure 2). These areas are paved and/or contained in structures with solid impermeable floors with the exception of the Waste Chemical Storage Area which is proposed to be modified (See Section 9 of this application).
- 2. As soon as possible after learning of a minor spill, an assessment will be made concerning pertinent information relating to the spill as outlined in Section 1-203 of the WQCC Regulations the facility operator shall simultaneously take corrective actions necessary and/or appropriate to contain and remove or mitigate the damage caused by the discharge.
- 3. If necessary a formal corrective action plan will be prepared by the facility and be submitted to the appropriate regulatory agency for further guidance in rectifying the circumstances resulting from the inadvertent discharge.

#### Part B- Leak Detection Methods

Leak detection will be accomplished by using the proposed inspection plan outlined in Section 10 of this application and through daily observations by personnel using the facilities. Above ground storage tanks and drums are routinely used during day to day operations by the mechanics on staff.

# Part C- Injection Well Usage Procedures

No injection wells are located or operated at the Pool Company Hobbs Facility.



# 12.0 Geologic and Hydrogeologic Site Characteristics

This section contains physiographic, geologic and hydrogeologic information pertaining to the site vicinity as requested in Section XII of the OCD Guidelines. A USGS 7.5 minute quadrangle topographic map is provided as Figure 1 in Section 5. A generalized geologic map of the Hobbs vicinity is provided a Figure 3. Copies of pertinent references used for this section are included in Appendix F.

# Part A- Physiographic, Geologic and Hydrogeologic Information

The following discussion addresses surface water features, local groundwater information, soils, shallow geology, and stormwater runoff potential at the Pool Company Hobbs Facility. The following information was garnered from available literature pertaining to the site vicinity.

#### Surface Water

Based on a review of the USGS Hobbs West New Mexico 7.5 Minute Quadrangle (Figure 1) surface water bodies located within a one-mile radius of the Pool Company Hobbs Facility are summarized in the following table:

Table 12-1
Summary of Surface Water Features Within a One-Mile Radius of the Site

Surface Water Feature	Persistence	Distance and Direction from the Site			
Pond	Intermittent (Playa)	500 feet northeast			
Pond	Intermittent (Playa)	2000 feet southeast (Hobbs Country Club)			
Pond	Intermittent (Playa)	5000 feet south/southeast			
Pond	Intermittent (Playa)	4500 feet southwest			
Aqueduct	Intermittent	5000 feet east			

There are no permanent surface water features located within an one-mile radius of the site.

# General Geology and Hydrogeology

Usable quality groundwater in the site vicinity is produced from the Ogallala Formation (Ogallala Aquifer). The Ogallala generally consists of calcareous unconsolidated sand with variable amounts of clay, silt and gravel which were deposited in fluvial depositional environments. The Ogallala is capped in many places by a dense layer of caliche which ranges in thickness from a few feet to as much as 60 feet (Nicholson and

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Clebsch, 1961). Small to large quantities of usable quality water are available from the Ogallala in southern Lea County. The aquifer exists under water table conditions and demonstrates some seasonal fluctuation in saturated thickness. In general groundwater movement is toward the southeast (Nicholson and Clebsch, 1961).

#### Site Geology and Hydrogeology

The Ogallala is exposed at the surface in the Hobbs area (Figure 3) and extends to a depth of approximately 200 feet (Nicholson and Clebsch, 1961). The Ogallala can be viewed in the excavated leach field pit at the Pool Hobbs facility to a depth of approximately 15 feet. The strata consists of thinly interbedded semi-consolidated sand and well indurated hard caliche (Combest, 1995). The soils in the site vicinity are reported to be Kimbrough Series (Turner, et al., 1974). Kimbrough soils are generally consists of dark grayish brown well-drained loams and gravelly loams which overlie indurated caliche at a depth of 6-20 inches. Kimbrough soils have permeabilities in the range of 0.63-2.0 inches per hour, have a low shrink-swell potential and are slightly corrosive to uncoated steel.

According to a local water well driller the Ogallala extends to a depth of approximately 200 feet in the area and depth to groundwater is approximately 65 feet below ground surface (Eades Water Well Drilling Company, Pers. Comm., 1995). Water for the Pool Hobbs Facility is provided by a well (Figure 2) producing from the Ogallala. However, no drillers log or recent water quality analysis was available from the well located on the premises. An analysis of a combination of public supply wells in Hobbs is provided in Appendix F (Pierce, 1980).

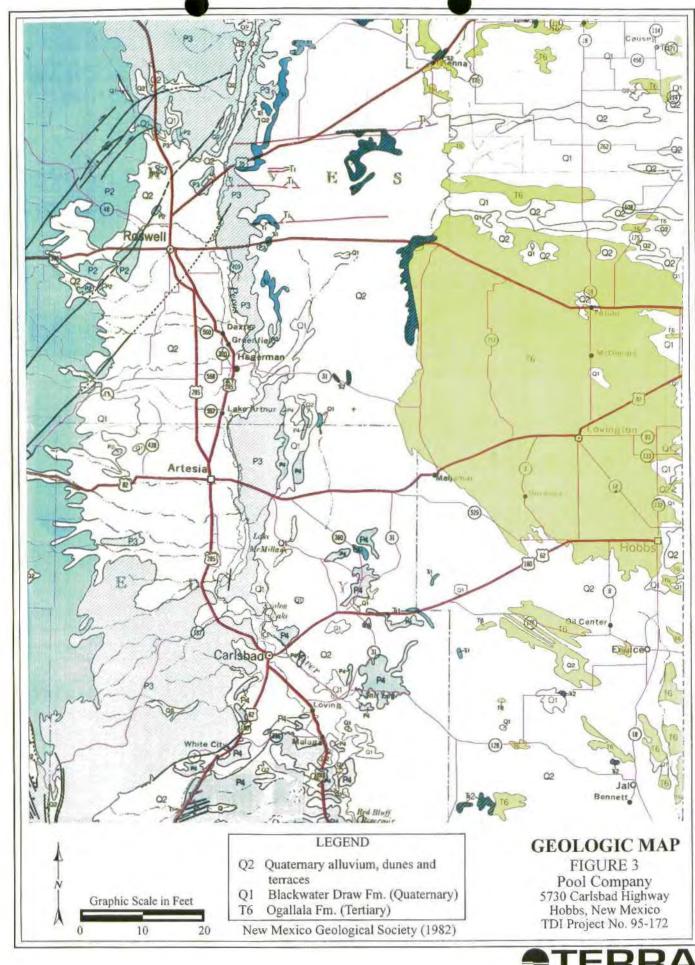
Flooding potential at the site is considered low based on the annual average precipitation total for the Lea County area and historic observations. The site is relatively flat and apparently drains toward the south-southeast toward the highway. Very little runoff occurs from the site except during the most severe storm events. There are no flood prevention measure employed at the site.

### Part B- Additional Geologic and Hydrogeologic Information

There are no leach fields, unlined surface impoundments or pits used for any type of effluent or waste disposal located on the premises of the Pool Company Hobbs Facility. Based on the depth to groundwater, the relatively low permeability of the soils and underlying strata in the vicinity and the lack of discharge occurring on the premises, no additional information is required.



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# 13.0 Additional Compliance Information

This section contains additional information demonstrating compliance with OCD rules and regulations. As mentioned previously Pool Company operated a wash rack which discharged through a floor sump and drain into an unlined leach field from approximately 1986 through 1994. Upon discovery of the discharge situation, Pool excavated and closed the leach field as outlined in the March 8, 1995 Closure Report submitted to the OCD and included as Appendix E of this application. The closure report was reviewed by the OCD and closure was deemed satisfactory in a letter to Pool dated April 28, 1995 (Appendix E). Final closure of the site is expected when the bioremediation and disposition of the excavated soils is complete.

There have been no reported spills at the Pool Company Hobbs Facility.



# 14.0 References

- COMBEST GEOsciences, 1993, Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan for Pool Company Hobbs, New Mexico
- COMBEST GEOsciences, 1995, Closure of Unlined Surface Impoundment at Pool Company Hobbs, New Mexico
- New Mexico Geological Society, 1982, New Mexico Geologic Highway Map
- New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission, 1993, Regulations, Sante Fe, New Mexico, 94 pp.
- Nicholson, A. Jr., and Clebsch, A. Jr., 1961, Geology and Ground-Water Conditions in Southern Lea County, New Mexico; State Bureau of Mines and Mineral Resources Groundwater Publication No. 6, 118 pp.
- Pierce, S. T., 1980, Chemical Quality of New Mexico Community Water Supplies, New Mexico Environmental Improvement Division Water Supply Section.
- U. S. Geologic Survey, 1969, Topographic Map, Hobbs West, New Mexico Quadrangle, (Photorevised 1979).
- Turner, M. T., Cox, D. N., Mickelson, B. C., Roath, A. J., and Wilson, C. D., 1974, Soil Survey of Lea County, New Mexico: United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., 89 pp.



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State of New Mexico

RALS and NATURAL RESOURCES DF

Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505

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February 7, 1995

# CERTIFIED MAIL RETURN RECEIPT NO.Z-765-962-640

Mr. Tim Parker POOL CO.(TX) Inc. P.O. Box 1198 Hobbs, NM 88240

RE: Discharge Plan Requirement

**Hobbs Facility** 

Lea County, New Mexico

Dear Mr. Parker:

Under the provision of the Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) Regulations, you are hereby notified that the filing of a discharge plan is required for the POOL CO. (TX) facility located at 5730 Carlsbad HWY Hobbs, New Mexico.

The discharge plan is required pursuant to Section 3-104 and 3-106 of the WQCC regulations. The discharge plan, defined in Section 1.101.Q of the WQCC regulations should cover all discharges of effluent or leachate at the facility site or adjacent to the facility site. Included in the plan should be plans for controlling spills and accidental discharges at the facility, including detection of leaks in buried underground tanks and\or piping.

Pursuant to Section 3-106.A, a discharge plan should be submitted for approval to the OCD Director within 120 days of receipt of this letter. Three copies of the discharge plan should be submitted.

VILLAGRA BUILDING - 408 Gallsteo

Forestry and Resources Conservation Division P.O. Box 1948 87504-1948 827-5830

Park and Recreation Division P.O. Box 1147 87504-1147 827-7465 2040 South Pacheco

Office of the Secretary 827-5950

Administrative Services 827-5925

Energy Conservation & Management 827-5900

Mining and Minerals 827-5970

Oli Conservation 827-7131 Mr. Tim Parker February 7, 1995 Page 2

A copy of the regulations have been provided for your convenience. Also provided is an OCD guideline for the preparation of discharge plans at oil & gas service companies. The guideline addresses berming of tanks, curbing and paving of process areas susceptible to leaks or spills and the disposition of any solid wastes.

The discharge plan is subject to the WQCC Regulation 3-114 discharge plan fee. Every billable facility submitting a discharge plan will be assessed a fee equal to the filing fee of fifty (50) dollars plus the flat rate of one thousand, three hundred and eighty (\$1380) dollars for oil & gas service companies. The fifty (50) dollar filing fee is due when the discharge plan is submitted. The flat rate fee is due upon approval of the discharge plan.

Please make all checks payable to: NMED Water Quality Management and addressed to the OCD Santa Fe office.

If there are any questions on this matter, please feel free to contact Patricio Sanchez at 827-7156 or Roger Anderson at 827-7152.

Sincerely,

William J. LeMay

Director

WJL/pws

XC: OCD Hobbs Office

PS Form 3811, December 1991 & U.S.G.P.O.: 1992-307-530	6. Signature (Agent)	S. Signature (Addressee)	Hobbs, N.M. 88240	5 P.O. BOX 1198	or Door Co. (TX) Hac	3. Article Addressed to:	<ul> <li>Attach this form to we would does not permit.</li> <li>Oces not permit.</li> <li>Write "Return Receipt Requested" on the malipiece below the article number.</li> <li>The Return Receipt will show to whom the article was delivered and the date.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Complete items 3, and 48 kg.b.</li> <li>Print your name and sourcess on the reverse of this form to that we can return this card to you.</li> </ul>	SENDER:  • Complete items 1 and/or 2 for additional services.
DOMESTIC RETURN NECELL	TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT	8. Addressee's Address and fee is paid)			4b. Selvice Type  Registered  Kartified	7 765 962 640	vas delivered and the date Consult postmaster for fee.		following services (for an extra g



#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO

## ENERGY, MINERALS AND NATURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT

#### OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

2040 S. PACHECO SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO 87505 (505) 827-7131

June 14, 1995

# CERTIFIED MAIL RETURN RECEIPT NO. Z-765-962-706

Mr. Tim Parker POOL CO.(TX) Inc. P.O. Box 1198 Hobbs, New Mexico 88240

RE: NOTICE OF VIOLATION POOL CO.(TX) Inc.
LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

Dear Mr. Parker:

Under the provisions of the New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) Regulations, you were notified by a certified letter dated February 7, 1995 from the Oil Conservation Division (OCD) that the filing of a discharge plan is required for your existing facility at 5730 Carlsbad HWY Hobbs, New Mexico. The letter required a submittal of the discharge plan within 120 days (by June 12, 1995) of receipt of the above mentioned notification.

As of the date of this letter, the OCD has not received any response from POOL CO.(TX) Inc. to the request from the OCD for the filing of a discharge plan. This is in violation of the New Mexico Water Quality Act (Chapter 74, Article 6 NMSA 1978). Continued violation could subject you to the penalty provisions provided in Section 74-6-10 NMSA 1978 of the Water Quality Act and you may be assessed civil penalties up to the amount of fifteen thousand (\$15,000) dollars per day.

The discharge plan requirement and notification thereof are set forth in sections 3-104 and 3-106 of the WQCC Regulations. The discharge plan, defined in 1-101.Q. of the WQCC Regulations, should cover all discharges of effluent or leachate at the facility or adjacent to the facility site.

Mr. Tim Parker June 14, 1995 Page 2

POOL CO. (TX) Inc. must submit the required discharge plan to the OCD Santa Fe Office no later than July 19, 1995. Failure to respond by that date may subject POOL CO.(TX) Inc. to the violation action referenced above from the date the discharge plan was originally due in this office, June 12, 1995.

Contact Patricio W. Sanchez at (505) 827-7156 if you have any questions as he is assigned responsibility for review of this service facility discharge plan.

Sincerely,

William J. LeMay

ment - Depuly Direction

Director

xc: Wayne Price



Photograph #1- Typical view of the Pool Company Hobbs Facility looking north from the frontage of Carlsbad Highway (Highway 62-180).



Photograph #2- Typical view of the Pool Company Hobbs Facility looking south from the northeast portion of the property. Note hangers associated with the Lea County Hobbs Airport adjacent to the south of the site across Carlsbad Highway.





Photograph #3- View of the abandoned wash rack in the west-central portion of the Pool Company Hobbs Facility. Note the large, empty, above ground storage tank stored within the confines of the rack.



Photograph #4- View of the Scurlock-Permian brine mining operation and storage tanks located adjacent to the east of the Pool Company facility.





Photograph #5- View of the Bulk Chemical Storage Area identified as Area #1 on the Facility Diagram. Note the secondary containment basin and the concrete pad.



Photograph #6- View of the Safety Kleen serviced solvent sink located in Chemical Storage Area #2 identified on the Facility Diagram.





Photograph #7- View of the Chemical and Parts Storage Trailer identified as Area #4 on the Facility Diagram. The trailer is a converted 500-barrel steel construction frac tank.



Photograph #8- View inside of the Chemical and Parts Storage Trailer described above.





Photograph #9- View of the Waste Chemical Storage Area identified on the Facility Diagram. Note the secondary containment basin for the steel construction waste oil tank.



Photograph #10- View of the dumpster serviced by Waste Management and used for solid waste disposal at the facility.



# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET VARSOL SOLVENT

#### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Regula, Nephra CLASOL 30

Pg 1 of 6 Rev. Date 09/09/91

Company Contact:

Fritz Howes

Manager, Environmental & Safety Affairs

Dubach Gas Company

P.O. Box 170

Lisbon, LA 71040

Phone Number:

(318) 353-2293

Emergency Contact:

INFOTRAC

Emergency Phone Number: (800) 535-5053

#### SECTION #1 - IDENTIFICATION

Product:

CLASOL 30

VARSOL

Chemical Family:

Petroleum hydrocarbons

Synonyms:

CS 30

Mineral Spirits Mineral Thinner Mineral Turpentine

NFPA Hazard Rating - Health:

0

Negligible

- Fire:

2 Moderate

- Reactivity: 0

Negligible

Refer to DOT "1990 Emergency Response Guidebook", Guide No. 27 for emergency response information regarding this product.

#### SECTION #1B - SHIPPING INFORMATION

Proper DOT Shipping Name: PETROLEUM DIL, n.o.s. (MINERAL SPIRITS)
Hazard Class: COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID

DOT Identification Number: NA1270 DOT Shipping Label:

#### Precautionary Label (OSHA)

#### COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID

Prolonged exposure to high vapor concentrations or contact with product can irritate eyes and/or skin, cause headaches, nausea, or CN depression. Ingestion may cause abdominal irritation, vomiting and/or diarrhea. Persons with severe skin, liver and kidney problems should avoid use.

Target Organs: Skin, Central Nervous System, Eyes, Lungs

#### RIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

CLASOL 30

Pg 2 of 6 Rev. Date 09/09/91

#### SECTION #2 - HAZARDOUS CONSTITUENTS

CAS #

Chemical Name

Percent of Mixture (Wt.)

1330-20-7

Xylene, Mixed Isomers < 2.0

#### SECTION #3 - PHYSICAL DATA

Boiling Point:

157 °C 315 °F

Vapor Pressure:

7.8 mm Hg

Vapor Density (Air=1):

5.10

Specific Gravity:

0.79

Solubility (H2O):

Negligible

Evaporation rate (Ether = 1): 58.9

Appearance

Odor

Water-white liquid

Mild petroleum odor

#### SECTION #4 - FIRE FIGHTING & EXPLOSION DATA

Flash Point:

112 °F 74 C TCC

Lower Explosive Limit (%):

0.8

#### Fire and Explosion Hazards

Closed containers may explode if exposed to extreme heat.

#### Extinguishing Media

Use NFPA Class B extinguisher (CO, or foam).

#### Special Fire Fighting Instructions

Move container from fire area, if safely feasible.

Apply cooling water to sides of containers that are exposed to flames until fire is well out. Stay away from ends of tanks.

If water is used, fog nozzles are preferred. Water spray may be ineffective on fire, but can protect fire fighters and cool closed containers.

Do not enter confined fire-space without full bunker gear (helmet w/face shield, bunker coats, gloves and rubber boots) and NIOSH approved positive-pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) when fighting this product fire.

CLASOL 30

Pg 3 of 6 Rev. Date 09/09/91

#### SECTION #5 - EXPOSURE EFFECTS and FIRST AID

# Route of Exposure - Inhalation

Prolonged exposure to high vapor concentrations or product mist can cause irritation to the nose, throat and lungs. High vapor concentrations exhibit anesthetic characteristics and can cause headache, nausea, CNS depression and stupor.

#### First Aid - Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air. If victim exhibits difficulty breathing administer oxygen. If breathing stops administer CPR and get immediate medical attention.

# Route of Exposure - Skin

Prolonged product contact can cause primary irritation, defatting and/or dermatitis.

#### First Aid - Skin

Remove product-wetted, non-impervious clothing and shoes. Thoroughly wash exposed skin with soap and warm water.

#### Route of Exposure - Eyes

Exposure to high vapor concentrations or product mist can cause irritation, redness, tearing and/or blurred vision.

#### First Aid - Eyes

Flush eyes with large quantities of water for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical attention.

# Route of Exposure - Ingestion

Swallowing can cause irritation of the stomach and intestines, nausea vomiting, and diarrhea.

The second secon

#### First Aid - Ingestion

#### GET IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION

Do NOT induce vomiting. Aspiration of vomitus can cause serious chemical and/or lipoidal pneumonitis, particularly in young children.

Keep victim quiet and warm until aid arrives.

CLASOL 30

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#### SECTION #6 - REACTIVITY AND POLYMERIZATION

Stability: STABLE

Conditions to Avoid (Stability)

Isolate from oxidizers, extreme heat and open flame.

Incompatible Materials

Isolate from strong oxidizers such as permanganates, chromates, and peroxides.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide from combustion.

Conditions to Avoid (Polymerization)

NZA

Hazardous Polymerization: WILL NOT GCCUR

SECTION #7 - SPILL, LEAK, & DISPOSAL PROCEDURES

#### Steps to be Taken in The Event of Spills, Leaks, or Release

Shut off ignition sources; no flares, smoking or flames in spill area Stop leak if safely feasible.

Small quantities: Collect product using absorbent materials and place in proper containers as outlined below.

Large quantities: Dike area to contain product and to prevent migration offsite. Recover spilled liquid for reuse, if possible. Non-recoverable or reusable liquids, used absorbent materials, and contaminated soils should be collected and placed in a RCRA/DDT approved storage container for ignitable wastes.

#### Waste Disposal Methods

Waste materials should be treated as "D001" hazardous waste (ignitable) until a waste characterization is completed. Follow all local, state, and federal regulations for storage and disposal of this waste. Questions regarding regulations concerning waste characterization and proper disposal should be directed to the appropriate government agency.

#### MA RIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

CLASOL 30

Pg 5 of 6 Rev. Date 09/09/91

SECTION #7 - SPILL, LEAK, & DISPOSAL PROCEDURES (continued)

#### SARA Title III Notifications and Information

SARA Title III - Hazard Classes:

Acute Health Hazard Chronic Health Hazard Fire Hazard

SARA Title III - Section 313 Supplier Notification:

This product contains the following toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (EPCRA) of 1986 and of 40 CFR 372:

#### CAS # Chemical Name Percent of Mixture (Vol.)

1330-20-7 Xylene, Mixed Isomers < 2.0

This information must be included on all MSDS's that are copied and distributed for this material.

## Other Environmental Information

Spilled/leaked product which reaches a ditch of other waterway should be reported to the appropriate local, state, and federal agencies.

#### SECTION #8 - SPECIAL PROTECTIVE MEASURES

#### Ventilation

Ventilate to keep air below 50 ppm product. Use local exhaust where necessary. Mechanical exhaust is acceptable; use explosion proof equipment.

#### Eye Protection

Wear NIOSH approved chemical splash monogoggles and /or face shield.

#### Skin Protection

Wear gloves, sleeves, apron and footwear impervious to this product. Consult safety equipment supplier for available materials. Wash contaminated protective clothing before reuse.

#### Respiratory Protection

Use NIOSH approved organic vapor respirators for concentrations above 50 ppm. Emergency entry to confined space requires self-contained, positive pressure breathing apparatus (SCBA).

#### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

CLASOL 30

Pg 6 of 6 Rev. Date 09/09/91

SECTION #9 - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS - STORAGE & HANDLING

#### Storage & Handling Conditions

DO NOT STORE ABOVE 120 0F/49 C

Keep containers tightly closed.

Ground containers/vehicles when transferring product. Avoid free fall of liquid.

Empty containers very hazardous! Do NOT flame cut, braze or weld. Continue all label precautions.

#### DISCLAIMER OF EXPRESSED AND IMPLIED WARRANTIES

Although reasonable care has been taken in the preparation of this document, Dubach Gas Company extends no warranties and makes no representations as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained therein, and assumes no responsibility regarding the suitability of this information for the user's intended purposes or for the consequences of its use. Each individual should make a determination as to the suitability of the information for their particular purpose(s).

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET METHANOL



# METHANOL LABEL INFORMATION CAS Registry Number: 67-56-1

#### FLAMMABLE LIQUID, EYE IRRITANT, INGESTION HAZARD

#### **RISK PHRASES**

- Eliminate all ignition sources, stop spill and use absorbent materials.
- Burns with a clean clear flame which is almost invisible in daylight.
- Eye irritant. Toxic by Ingestion.

#### PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES

- In confined areas, local and general ventilization should be provided to maintain airborne concentrations below permissible exposure limits.
- Electrically ground and bond containers when transferring is taking place.
- Face shield and safety glasses with side shield when transferring is taking place.
- Wear chemical resistant pants and jackets, preferably neoprene.
- Store in totally enclosed equipment, designed to avoid human contact.

#### FIRST AID MEASURES

- Remove to fresh air, restore or assist breathing, obtain medical attention immediately.
- Dilute stomach contents by giving large amounts of water or milk and induce vomiting. Seek medical attention.
- Flush eyes immediately with gently running water for 15 minutes, ensuring all surfaces and crevices are flushed. Obtain medical attention if necessary.
- Remove clothing and wash under shower with soap and water for 15 minutes. Seek medical attention if initiation occurs.
- Read the Material Safety Data Sheet before using this product.
- EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER: 1-403-527-8141

NOVACOR CHEMICALS INC., 1 Gateball Drive, Parsippany, New Jersey, USA, 07054.



# 1. PRODUCT INFORMATION

**Product Name** 

Trade Name/Synonyms

WHMIS Classification

U.N. Number

TDG Classification

Product Use

Emergency Phone No.

METHANOL Y

Methyl alcohol, methyl hydrate

B2, D1A

1230

TDG Class 3.2 and 6.1, Packing Group II

Solvent, fuel, feedstock

1-403-527-8141

# 2. HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS

CAS No.

LD50

LC50

Metiryl Alcohol

99.85%

67-56-1.

6.2-13.0 g/kg

64,000 ppm (Rat. Inhal.)

(Oral, rat) 20 mi/kg

(Dermal, rabbit)

# 3. POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Skin Contact: Yes

Skin Absorption: Yes

Eye Contact: Yes

Ingestion: Yes

Inhalation: Yes

1000 ppm in air may cause irritation of mucous membrane

**Exposure Limits** 

Methyl alcohol: ACGIH TLV-TWA = 200 ppm, STEL = 250 ppm - Skin notation

OSHA PEL = 200 ppm, STEL = 250 ppm - Skin

Irritancy of Product

Sensitization

Synergism with

Not available

Short Term Effects

Swallowing even small amounts of methanol can cause blindness and death other effects may be nausea, headache, abdominal pain, vomiting and visual disturbances ranging from blurred vision to light sensitivity. Inhalation of high airbome concentration can also imitate mucous membranes, cause headaches, sleepiness, nausea, confusion, loss of consciousness, digestive and visual disturbances and death. NOTE: The odor threshold of methanol is several times higher than the TLV-TWA. High vapor concentration or liquid contact

causes initiation, tearing and burning. May be absorbed through the skin in

toxic or lethal amounts. Causes mild irritation, redness, cracking and drying. Repeated exposure by inhalation or absorption may cause systemic poisoning.

brain disorders, impaired vision and blindness. Inhalation may worsen conditions such as emphysema or bronchitis. Repeated skin contact may

cause irritation, dryness and cracking.

Reproductive Effects

Long Term Effects

Teratogenicity

Mutagenicity Carcinogenicity

Reported to cause birth defects in rats exposed to 20,000 ppm

Na

Not listed with IARC, NTP, ACGIH or OSHA as a carcinogen



#### 4. FIRST AID INFORMATION

Skin

Remove contaminated dothing and wash under shower with soap and water for

15 minutes. Seek medical attention If inflation occurs.

Eye

Flush immediately with gently running water for 15 minutes, ensuring all

surfaces and crevices are flushed. Obtain medical attention.

inhalation

Remove to fresh air, restore or assist breathing if necessary, obtain medical

attention immediately.

Ingestion

Swallowing methanol is life threatening. If conscious and medical aid is not immediately available, dilute stomach contents by giving large amounts of wat

or milk and induce vomiting. Transport to medical attention immediately.

# 5. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD

Flammable/Combustible

(ves/no)

If yes, under what

conditions?

Extinguishing Media

Special Firefighting

Instructions

Flashpoint and Method Lower Explosive Level

(% volume)

Upper Explosive Level

(% volume)

Auto Ignition Temp. Impact/Shock Sensitivity

Rate of Burning Sensitivity to Static Discharge

Hazardous Combustion

**Products** 

Yes

In the presence of an ignition source.

Water spray, dry powder, AFFF (Aqueous Film Forming Foam). , Alcohol

resistant type with 6% foam proportioning equipment or CO2

Methanol burns with a clean clear flame which is almost invisible in daylight. Concentrations of greater than 20% methanol in water can be ignited. Water may be ineffective depending upon depth of methanol burning. Use fine wate spray or fog to control fire spread and cool structures or containers. Fire fighters must wear full face, positive pressure, self-contained breathing

apparatus or airline and appropriate protective clothing.

11°C (52°F) (TCC)

6 %

**35 %** 

385°C (725°F) Not available Not available

Low

Toxic gases and vapons; oxides of carbon and formaldehyde.

# 6. REACTIVITY DATA

Licenically Stable (yes/no)

If no, under what conditions? Not applicable

incompatible with

other substances

if yes, which ones?

Yes

Yes

Strong oxidizers, strong acids, strong bases. May be corrosive to lead an i

Conditions of Reactivity Hazardous Decomposition

Products

Presence of incompatible materials and ignition sources.

Formaldehyde and carbon monoxide

No Jacor Chemicals Inc., One Gatehall Drive, Parsippany, New Jersey, USA, 07054

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# 7. SPILL AND LEAK RESPONSE

Spill or Leak Response

Extremely flammable liquid. Release can cause an immediate fire/explosion hazard. Eliminate all ignition sources, stop spill and use absorbent materials necessary, contain spill by diking. Maximize methanol recovery for recycling reuse it applicable. Collect liquid with explosion proof pumps. For small spi collect with a non-combustible sorbent. Recover methanol or dilute with war to reduce fire hazard. Prevent it from entering sewer, confined spaces, drain or waterways. Restrict access to unprotected personnel. Full-face, positive pressure self- contained breathing apparatus or airline and protective dothin

Waste Disposal

Incineration is the recommended disposal method. Biodegradation may be used on dilute aqueous waste methanol. Methanol wastes are not suitable f underground injection. Waste materials must be disposed of in accordance with your municipal, state, provincial and federal regulations. Contact the

proper authorities for specific instructions or contact the 24 HOUR EMERGENCY NUMBER: (403) 527-8141.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

**Engineering Controls** 

In confined areas, local and general ventilation should be provided to mainta airbome concentrations below permissible exposure limits. Ventilation syste must be designed according to approved engineering standards.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Gloves \*

Respiratory

Butyl and nitrile rubbers are recommended. Check with glove manufacturer. NIOSH approved supplied air respirators; NIOSH approved cartridges to the best of our knowledge are NOT available because of poor warning propertie

Eye

Face shield and safety glasses with side shield when transferring is taking pl Chemical resistant.

Footwear Ciothing

Wear chemical resistant pants and jackets, preferably butyl or nitrile rubber.

Check with manufacturer.

Other

Not available

PPE must not be considered a long term solution to exposure control. PPE must be accompanied by empic programs to properly select, maintain, clean, fit and use. Consult a competent industrial hygiene resource to determine hazard potential and/or the PPE manufacturers to ensure adequate protection.

# 9. STORAGE AND HANDLING REQUIREMENTS

Storage

Store in totally enclosed equipment, designed to avoid Ignition and human contact. Tanks must be grounded and vented and should be nitrogen

Handling

blanketed. Tanks must be diked. Avoid storage with incompatible materials No smoking or open flame in storage, use or handling areas. Use explosion proof electrical equipment. Ensure proper electrical grounding procedures a

Shipping Information

All shipments of methanol must be properly classified, described, packaged, marked and labelled to conform with regulations set by Transport Canada, Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations and U.S. Department of Transport (DOT), Bureau of Explosives and Hazardous Materials Regulations

Novacor Chemicals Inc., One Gataball Drive, Parsipparry, New Jersey, USA, 07054

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## 10. PHYSICAL DATA

Physical State

I.lauid

Odor

Slight alcohol edor

Jaor Threshold

2000 ppm, irritation at 1000 ppm, poor warning properties

Апреагалсе Specific Gravity

Clear, colorless  $0.792 (H_2O = 1)$ 

Freezing Point

-97.8°C (-144°F)

**Boiling Point** 

64.5°C (148°F)

Vapor Pressure

96 mm Hg at 20°C (68°F)

Vapor Density (air=1)

1.105 at 15°C (59°F)

Evaporation Rate (n-Butyl acetate=1)

21

Volatile, Percent by Volume Solubility in Water at 20°C

100% Soluble

pΗ

Water/Oil Distribution

Not available

Coefficient

Readily soluble in water, separates from oil.

# 11. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Transportation

Canadian TDG: Methanol, Flammable Liquid, 3.2 (6.1), UN 1230,

Packing Group II

USA DOT: Methyl Alcohol (RQ 5000/2270), Flammable Liquid, UN 1230

WHMIS - Canada

**OSHA - USA** 

Hazardous according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

Other

OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200: Hazardous

NFPA Rating: Health = 1, Fire = 3, Reactivity = 0

# 12. SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN: Acute exposure to methanol, either through ingestion or breathing very high airborn concentrations can result in symptoms appearing between 40 minutes and 72 hours. Symptoms and signs at usually limited to the CNS eyes and gastrointestinal track. Because of the initial CNS's effects of headache. vertigo, lethargy and confusion, there may be an impression of ethanol intoxication. Blurred vision, decreases acuity and photophobia are common complaints. Treatment with lipecac or lavage is indicated in any patient presenting within two hours of ingestion. A profound metabolic acidosis occurs in severe poisoning and seru bicarbonate levels are a more accurate measure of severity than serum methanol levels. Treatment protocols ere available from most major hospitals and early collaboration with appropriate hospitals is recommended.



# 13. PREPARATION INFORMATION

Prepared by

Novacor Chemicals Ltd.

Toxicology and Product Safety

P.O. Box 2535, Station M Calgary, Alberta T2P 2N6 Telephone: 1-403-290-6023

Date of Issue Previous Issue November 16, 1992

July 17, 1992

References Used

American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Documentation

Threshold Limit Values, 1991-1992

Proctor & Hughes Chemical Hazards of the Workplace (1978)

CCOHS 92-2 and Methanol Chemical Infogram

Clinical Toxicology of Commercial Products, 5th Edition

Dangerous Goods Initial Emergency Response Guide 1992, Transport Canac

Indicates the location of a change from the previous issue of this MSDS.

For additional copies of this MSDS, please call (403)-527-8141 extension 225

Hayacter is a trademerk of NOVA Corporation of Alberta used under licence

The above represents our present knowledge about this product. Work is continuing to assess the properties and characteristics for compliance under new governmental laws and regulations as they are ratified.

Novacor Chemicals inc., One Gateball Drive, Parsipparty, New Jersey, USA, 07054

ISSUE DATE: November 16, 1992

PAGE:

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET
SAFETY-KLEEN PREMIUM SOLVENT

# SAFETY-KLEEN PREMIUM SOLVENT MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET FOR U.S.A. AND CANADA

# SECTION 1 - PRODUCT AND PREPARATION INFORMATION

PRODUCT INFORMATION

IDENTITY (TRADE NAME):

SAFETY-KLEEN PREMIUM SOLVENT

SYNONYMS:

Paris Washer Solvent; Petroleum Distillates; Petroleum Naphtha; Naphtha, Solvent;

Stoddard Solvent; Mineral Spirits

SK PART NUMBER(S):

6605

FAMILY/CHRMICAL NAME:

Petroleum hydrocarbon

PRODUCT USE:

Cleaning and degressing metal parts.

If this product is used in combination with other chemicals, refer to the Material

Safety Data Sheets for those chemicals.

24-HOUR EMERGENCY TELEPHONE

MEDICAL:

TRANSPORTATION:

ne numbers are for emergency use only. If you desire non-emergency information about this product. ilegge cult a telephone un listed below.

1-800-752-7869 (U.S.A.)

1-708-888-4660 (U.S.A.) SAFETY-KLEEN ENVIRONMENT.

1-312-942-5969 (CANADA)

HEALTH AND SAFETY DEPARTMENT

RUSH POISON CONTROL CENTER

1-613-996-6666 (CANADA) CANUTEC

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, U.S.A.

MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER:

Safety-Kleen Corp. - 1000 North Randall Road - Elgin, IL, U.S.A. 60123-7857

Telephone number: 1-800-669-5840

Safety-Kleen Canada Inc. - 300 Woolwich Street South - Breslau, ON, Canada NOB 1M0

Telephone number: 1-800-265-2792

PREPARATION INFORMATION

MSDS FORM NO.: 82529

REVISION DATE: February 2, 1994

ORIGINAL ISSUE DATE: January 7, 1993

SUPERSEDES: February 11, 1993

PREPARED BY: Product MSDS Coordinator

APPROVED BY: MSDS Task Force

TELEPHONE NUMBER:

For Product Technical Information Call 1-312-694-2700 (U.S.A.);

1-519-648-2291 (Canada)

# SECTION 2 - HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS

	SYNONYM		•	OSHA MEL		<b>ACOUNTLY</b>		OTHER DATA		
HAME		CAS NO.	MIR	•	TWA	STEL	TWA	STEL	ID.	π¢,
Distillates (petro- leum) hydrotrosted light	Solvest nephtha (petrolessu), heavy aliph., hydrotreated	6474 <u>2</u> -47- <b>2</b> 6.f	100	•	500°.4 ppm	N.Av.	100 <sup>c</sup> 9pm	N.Av.	~>5000	>5500° mg/m³/4 hours

N.Av. = Not Available Oral-Rat LD50 (mg/kg)

Inhalation-Hat LC50

For Stoddard Solvent CAS 8052-41-3

dReference source 1910,1000 29 CFR Ch. XVII (7-1-92 edition): 100 ppm TWA \*\*For Stoddard Solvent: 29500 mg/m² (approximately 5000 ppm) IDLH

For Petroleum Distillates: 10000 ppm IDLH

# SAFETY-KLEEN PREMIUM SOLVENT MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET FOR U.S.A. AND CANADA

# SECTION 3 - EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

EYES:

For direct contact, flush eyes with water for 15 minutes lifting upper and lower lids occasionally. If irritation or redness from exposure to vapor or mist develops, move victim away from exposure into fresh sir. Consult physician if irritation or pain persists.

SKIN:

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin twice with soap and water. Consult physician if irritation or pain persists.

INHALATION: (Breathing)

Remove to fresh air immediately. Use oxygen if there is difficulty breathing or artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. Do not leave victim unattended. Seek immediate medical attention if necessary.

INGESTION: (Swallowing)

Seek immediate medical attention. Do NOT induce vomiting. If apontaneous vomiting occurs, keep head below hips to avoid aspiration (breathing) into the lungs.

SPECIAL NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Treat symptomatically and supportively. Administration of gastric lavage, if warranted, should be performed by qualified medical personnel. Contact Rush Poison Control Center (see Section 1) for additional medical information.

# SECTION 4 - HEALTH HAZARD DATA AND TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

PRIMARY ROUTES OF EXPOSURE:

Eye and skin contact; inhalation, ingestion.

**EXPOSURE LIMITS:** 

See Section 2.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

ACUTE:

Eyes: Contact with liquid or exposure to vapors may cause mild to moderate irritation with watering, stinging, or redness.

Skin: Contact with liquid or exposure to vapors may cause mild to severe irritation. Contact with liquid or exposure to vapors may cause redness, drying, cracking, burning, or dermatitis. No significant skin absorption hazard.

Inhalation (Breathing): High concentrations of vapor or mist may irritate the nose, throat, or respiratory tract. High concentrations of vapor or mist may cause nauses, vomiting, or irregular heartheat. High concentrations of vapor or mist may cause beadaches, dizziness, incoordination, numbress, unconsciousness, and other central nervous system effects. Massive acute exposure may result in rapid central nervous system depression with

Ingestion (Swallowing): Low order of acute oral toxicity. May cause throat irritation; nauses, vomiting, myocardial (muscular tissue of the heart) injury, arrhythmias (irregular heartbeats), and symptoms of central nervous system effects as listed for ACUTE Inhalation. Breathing material into the hungs during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary (lung) injury and possibly death.

CHRONIC: Prolonged or repeated sys contact may cause conjunctivitis. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying, cracking, dermatitis, or burns.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE:

Individuals with pre-existing lung, cardiac, central nervous system, or skin disorders may have increased susceptibility to the effects of exposure.

CARCINOGENICITY:

Not applicable.

OTHER POTENTIAL HEALTH HAZARDS:

The following information is required by Canadian WHMIS regulations. Irritancy is covered in Signs and Symptoms of Exposure in Section 4. There is no known human sensitization, toxicologically synergistic product, reproductive toxicity, mutagenicity, or teratogenicity associated with this product as a whole.

# SAFETY-KLEEN PREMIUM SOLVENT MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET FOR U.S.A. AND CANADA

#### SECTION 5 - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

EMRRGENCY RESPONSE

GUIDE NUMBER:

27

Reference 1993 Emergency Response Guldebook (RSPA P 5800.6)

FIRE AND

EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

Decomposition and combustion products may be toxic. Heated containers may rupture, explode, or be thrown into the air. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel great distances to ignition source and flash back. Vapor explosion hazard indoors, outdoors, or in sewers. Run-off to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Not sensitive to mechanical impact. Material may be sensitive to static

discharge, which could result in fire or explosion.

FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

Keep storage containers cool with water spray. Positive-pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and structural firefighters' protective clothing will

provide limited protection.

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** 

Carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemical, or water spray.

CONDITIONS OF FLAMMABILITY:

Heat, sparks, or flame.

FLASH POINT:

150°F (66°C) (approximately) Tag Closed Cup

**AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE:** 

440°F (227°C) (minimum)

FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR:

LOWER: 1.0 Vol. %

**UPPER:** 9.3 Vol. %

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION

PRODUCTS:

Burning may produce carbon monoxide.

#### SECTION 6 -- REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY:

Stable under normal temperatures and pressures, and not reactive with

water.

INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS AND

CONDITIONS TO AVOID):

Avoid strong acids, bases, or oxidizing agents. Chlorine may cause a

violent reaction. Avoid heat, sparks, or flame.

**HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:** 

Not known to occur under normal temperatures and pressures.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION

PRODUCTS:

None under normal temperatures and pressures.

#### **SECTION 7 -- PREVENTIVE MEASURES**

#### PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE USE AND HANDLING

HANDLING PRECAUTIONS: Keep away from heat, sparks, or flame. Where explosive mixtures may be present, equipment safe for such locations should be used. When transferring material, metal containers, including tank cars and trucks, should be grounded and bonded. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, clothing, or

shoes. Use in well ventilated area and svoid breathing vapor or mist.

PERSONAL HYGIENE: Use good personal hygiens. Wash thoroughly with scap and water after handling and before esting, drinking, or using tobacco products. Clean contaminated clothing, shoes, and protective equipment before reuse. Discard contaminated clothing, shoes, or protective equipment if they cannot be thoroughly cleaned.

SHIPPING AND STORING PRECAUTIONS:

Keep container tightly closed when not in use and during transport. Do not pressurize, drill, cut, heat, weld, braze, grind, or expose containers to flame or other sources of ignition. Empty product containers may contain product residue. See Section 9 for Packing Group information.

Revision 2/94; Form No. \$2529 - Page 3 of 5

## SAFETY-KLEEN PREMIUM SOLVENT

#### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET FOR U.S.A. AND CANADA

SPILL PROCEDURES: Remove all ignition sources. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Wear protective equipment specified in Section 7, CONTROL MEASURES. Ventilate area and avoid breathing vapor or mist. Water spray may reduce vapor, but it may not prevent ignition in closed spaces. For large spills, isolate area and deny entry; dike far sheed of liquid spill for later disposal. Contain sway from surface waters and sewers. If possible, contain as a liquid for possible re-refining or sorb with compatible sorbent material and shovel with a non-sparking tool into closable container for disposal. See 1993 Emergency Response Guldebook (RSPA P 5800.6) Guide Number 27 for more information.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHODS: Dispose in accordance with federal, state, provincial, and local regulations. Contact Safety-Kleen regarding recycling or proper disposal.

CONTROL MEASURES

EYE

PROTECTION:

Where there is likelihood of eye contact, wear chemical goggles; do NOT wear contact leases.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: Use Nitrile, Viton, or equivalent gloves to prevent contact with akin. Use of Butyl rubber, natural rubber, or equivalent gloves is not recommended.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Use NIOSH/MSHA-approved respiratory protective equipment when concentration of vapor or mist exceeds applicable exposure limit. A self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full protective equipment are required for large spills or fire emergencies. Selection and use of respiratory protective equipment should be in accordance in the U.S.A. with OSHA General Industry Standard 29 CFR 1910.134 or in Canada with CSA Standard Z94.4-M1982.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

Provide process enclosure or local ventilation needed to maintain concentration of vapor or mist below applicable exposure limits. Where explosive mixtures may be present, equipment safe for such locations should be used.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Where spills and splashes are possible, wear appropriate solvent-resistant boots, apron, or other protective clothing. Clean water should be available in work areas for flushing the eyes and skin.

#### SECTION 8 - PHYSICAL DATA

PHYSICAL STATE.

APPEARANCE AND ODOR:

Liquid, clear and colorless (water white), with characteristic hydrocarbon odor.

ODOR THRESHOLD:

30 ppm (based on Stoddard Solvent)

SPECIFIC GRAVITY:

 $0.78 \text{ to } 0.82 (60^{\circ}/60^{\circ}\text{F}) (15.6^{\circ}/15.6^{\circ}\text{C}) (water = 1)$ 

DENSITY:

6.5 to 6.8 lb/US gal (780 to 820 g/l)

**VAPOR DENSITY:** 

5.3 to 6.2 (air = 1)

VAPOR PRESSURE:

0.4 to 1 mm Hg at 68°F (20°C)

**BOILING POINT:** 

350° to 470°F (177° to 244°C)

FREEZING POINT:

less than -45°F (-43°C)

pH:

Not applicable,

**VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS:** 

Tion approache

(US EPA DEFINITION)

100 WT%; 6.5 to 6.8 lb/US gal; 780 to 820 g/l

**EVAPORATION RATE:** 

less than 0.1 (butyl acetate = 1)

SOLUBILITY IN WATER:

Insolubie.

Revision 2/94; Form No. \$2529 - Page 4 of 5

### SAFETY-KLEEN PREMIUM SOLVENT

#### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET FOR U.S.A. AND CANADA

COEFFICIENT OF WATER/OIL

DISTRIBUTION:

less than 1

MOLECULAR WEIGHT:

155 to 180

#### SECTION 9 - OTHER REGULATORY INFORMATION

TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME:

COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (PETROLEUM NAPHTHA)

DOT CLASS:

Combustible Liquid

DOT ID NUMBER:

NA1993 PG III

TDG CLASSIFICATION:

Not regulated.

SARA TITLE III:

Product does not contain toxic chemicals subject to the requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Resuthorization Act of 1986 and

40 CFR Part 372.

Product poses the following physical and health hazards as defined in 40 CFR Part 370 and is subject to the requirements of sections 311 and 312 of Title III of the

Superfund Amendments and Resuthorization Act of 1986:

Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard

Fire Hazard

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION:

B3, Flammable and Combustible Material, Combustible Liquids;

D2B, Poisonous and Infectious Material, Materials Causing Other Toxic Effects,

Toxic Material

TSCA:

All of the components for this product are listed on, or are exempted from the

requirement to be listed on, the TSCA Inventory.

CALIFORNIA:

This product is not for sale or use in the State of California.

User assumes all risks incident to the use of this product. To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, Safety-Kleen assumes no liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained bessin. No representations or warranties, either excressed or implied, or merchantability, fitness for a particular perpose or of any other nature are made herounder with respect to information or the product to which information refers. The data contained on this sheet apply to the meterial as supplied to the user.

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET PAINT THINNER

#### MATERIAL SAFETY A SHEET

HMIS Ratings

For Coatings, Resins, and Related Materials Replaces NPCA 1-82 H 3 F 3 R 0

PPE H

Manufacturer's Name Cactus Paint Manufacturing Company, Inc. East Interstate 20 Big Spring, Texas

Big Spring, Texas 79721-1047

Date of Preparation 11–25–85

Emergency Telephone No. Karl Brunson (915) 267-6754 Information Telephone No. (915) 267-8293 (915) 267-8294

Section	<b>!</b> -	<b>Product</b>	Identificat	ion
---------	------------	----------------	-------------	-----

Product Number

TH-3

Product Name

Thinner Number 3

Product Class

Paint Solvent

#### Section II - Hazardous Ingredients

Ingredient	જ Volume	<ul><li>Occupat</li><li>Exposur</li></ul>		Vapor Pressure
		TLV PPM	PEL <sub>3</sub>	mm Hg @ 20° C
Xylene	100.0	. 100		5.10

\* TLV-PPM ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (8-hour Time Weighted Average) PEL-Mg/M<sup>3</sup> OSHA Permissible Exposure Level (8-hour Time Weighted Average

#### Section III · Physical Data

Boiling Range 279\_284°F

Vapor Density Heavier than air

Evaporation Rate

4 Volitile Volume

100.0

W: Gal

7.24 lbs/gal.

Slower than Ether

n 1 (

#### Section IV - Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

Flammability Classification

Flammable Liquid OSHA Class 1C

Flash Point

81°F Setaflas

DOT Flammable Liquid LEL

1.0 %

Extinguishing Media

Regular Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards

Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground or may be moved by vintilation and ignited by pilot lights, other flames, sparks, heaters, motors, smoking, static electrical discharge, or other ignition sources at locations distant from material handling point. Containers may rupture when exposed to extreme heat.

Special Firefighting Procedures

Firefighters should be equipped with a self-contained breathing apparatus wit: a full facepiece operated in pressure-demand or other positive pressure mode. Water may be ineffective as extinguishing media. If water must be used, a for nozzle or spray mist nozzle is recommended. Water may be used to cool closed containers exposed to extreme heat to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion.

#### Section V - Health Hazard Data

#### Threshold Limit Value 100 PPM Vapors

Effects of Overexposure ACUTE (short term) Can cause severe irritation to eyes and skin. Prolonged or repeated skin contact can cause defatting and dermatitis. Excessive inhalation can cause moderate nasal and respiratory irritation, dizziness, fatigue, nausea, headache, possible unconsciousness, and even asphyxiation. Ingestion can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.

CHRONIC (long term) Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and central nervous system damage. Overexposure to Xylene has apparently been found to cause the following effects in laboratory animals: Anemia, Liver Abnormalities, Kidney Damage, Eye Damage. Overexposure to Xylene has been suggested to cause the followning effects in

humans: Cardiac Abnormality. Medical Conditions Profile to Aggravation by Exposure

Respiratory Illness

Primary Route(s) of Entry

Inhalation and Ingestion

Emergency and First Aid Procedures

Eyes: Flush with large amounts of water, lifting upper and lower eyelids, for a least 15 minutes and get medical attention.

Thoroughly wash exposed area with soap and water. If irritation persists consult physician. Launder clothing before reuse.

Inhalation: If affected, remove person to fresh air. If breathing is difficult administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped, administer artificial respiration, keep person warm and quiet, and get immediate medical attention.

Ingestion: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! Keep person warm and quiet. Get immediate medical attention. Aspiration of material into lungs due to vomiting can cause chemical pneumonitis, which can be fatal.

D. . 0 14

#### Section VI - Reactivity Data

Stability Stable

Hazardous Polymerization
Will not occur
Hazardous Decomposition Products

Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide, Various Hydrocarbons

Conditions to Avoid

Excessive heat, flames, sparks, other ignition sources

Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid)

Strong Oxidizing Agents

#### Section VII - Spill or Leak Procedures

Steps To Be Taken In Case Material Is Released Or Spilled

Persons not wearing protective clothing and equipment should be excluded from area of spill until clean-up has been completed. Eliminate all ignition source Stop spill at source, dike area to prevent spreading, and pump material into a salvage drum or approved waste disposal container. Residue may be absorbed on inert absorbant material and shoveled into approved waste disposal containers. Waste containers should be stored away from all ignition sources and should be kept tightly sealed to prevent leakage. Waste from spills or use of this produmay be considered hazardous under Enviornmental Protection Agency definition. Consult EPA 40 CFR 261 for full discussion. Waste Disposal

Destroy by liquid incineration. Contaminated absorbant material may be dispose of by landfill burial in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

#### Section VIII - Safe Handling and Use Information

Respiratory Protection If TLV or PEL of product is exceeded, a NIOSH/MSHA approved at supplied respirator is advised in the absence of proper environmental controls. OSHA regulations also permit other NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators under specific conditions.

Provide sufficient mechanical (general or local) ventilation to maintain exposulevels below TLV or PEL unless air monitoring demonstrates vapor/mist levels are below acceptable levels.

Ece Protection Neoprene or Nitrile Rubber Chemical Splash Goggles

Other Protective Equipment

Impervious clothing and boots to prevent prolonged or repeated skin exposure.

Hugenic Practices

Good personal hygiene should be observed. Persons employed in application areas should be required to romove contaminated clothing and wash thoroughly before smoking, eating, drinking, or entering areas where these activities occur.

#### Section IX - Special Precautions

Precautions To Be Taken In Handling And Storing

WARNING! Contains Xylene. Flammable! Can be harmful or fatal if inhaled or ingested. Prevent breathing of spray mists or spray vapors during and after application. When pouring product from drums, drum should be bonded and grounded to prevent static electrical discharge. Keep containers upright and tightly sealed to prevent leakage. Store away from direct sunlight and all ignition sources. Never use a cutting torch or welder on empty drums as residue can ignite explosively.

Other Precautions

#### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

CHEM-DIP CARB CLEANER SOLVENT

## CARD CLRANER

-m7305

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

APPROVED BY U.S. LABOR DEPT, ESSENTIALLY SIMILAR TO FORM OBHILT

121941 121925

BERRYMAN PRODUCTS 3800 E RANDALL MILL ARLINGTON,TX 76011 EMERGENCY PHONE: 1-817-440-3374 121908

CHEMICAL NAME & SYNONYMS: Solvent CHEMICAL FAMILY: Not Applicable

TRADE NAME: \$12 Chamtool (0101,0105,0113,0116,0152,

0155.0312.0412)

FORMULA, Not Applicable

#### 1. PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING RANGE:
AFI CRAVITY:
SPECIFIC GRAVITY (Water=1):
POUNDS/CALLON:
VAPOR PRESSURE (mm of Hg)@20°C:
VAPOR DENSITY (Air=1):
SOLUBILITY IN WATER:
SOLUBILITY IN ACID (85% H1504)
DRY TIME (Ether=1):
W VOLATILE BY VOL:
APPERBANCE 86 172°C / 133 187 342°C 40.7 0.822 4.845 4D.4 Appreciable Appreciable 14.8 144.7 Clear, Water-White APPEARANCE ODOR : Ketone HXB (Hydrogen Bonding); PXB (Polarity); 30.7 37.5 DKB (Dispersion) 31:8 1.403 REFRACTIVE INDEX

#### 11. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

MATERIAL	CAS # 108-18-3	VOL(%)	TLV(ppm) 100
Toluene			
Acetone	67-64-1	<b>, ,</b>	750
Methanol	67-56-1	> €	200
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	111-74-2	3 0	25
Butoxyethanol thyl Ethyl Ketene Sepropanol (Anh)	78-73-3		200
THE THY! ETHY! KETONE		, <u>, ,</u>	
Liscoronanol (Anh)	47~43-O	<b>&gt;</b> 5	400
Light Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	=64743-89~8	> 5	300
LOWEST KNOWN LDSD (ORAL)	111-76-2	320 mg/k	g(Rabbits)
LOWEST KNOWN LCSO (VAPORS)	111-76-2	700 ppm	(Mica)
LOUPET YNOUN TOTA (SKIN)	111-74-2		n (Rabbits)

DOT SHIPPING HAME: Fiberable Liquid, NOS (UNIPPA)

FLAMMABILITY: 3 REACTIVITY: 0 HEALTH: 3

III. FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

LOWER FLAMMABLE LIMIT IN AIR (% by vol): 2.9
FLASH POINT (TEST METHOD): -17°C / 2°F (TCC) (Lowest Component)
FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION: Glass I B

EXTINCUISHING MEDIA

: NFFA Class B extinguishers (COs or foam)
: for class I B jiquid fires.

SPECIAL FIRE FICHTING PROCEDURES Water spray may be ineffective on fire but can protect fire fighters & cool closed containers. Use fog norsles if water is used. Use air-supplied breathing masks.

UNUSUAL EXPLOSION AND FIRE PROCEDURES EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE! Keep container tightly closed. Isolate from oxidizers, heat, sparks, non-explosion proof electric equipment & open flame. Closed pontainers may explode if exposed to extreme heat. Applying to hot surfaces requires special precautions.

Legal responsibility is assumed only for the fact that all studies reported here & all opinions are those of qualified experts. Buyer assumes all risk & liability. He accepts & uses this material on these conditions. He much have a bopy of this MSDS where material is handled.

#### IV. HEALTH HAZARD DATA

EFFECTS OF ACUTE OVER-EXPOSURE

THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE: 125 ppm (Freshly Prepared) . INHALING: Anesthetic, Irritates respiratory tract. May cause serious nervous system depression. damage to kidneys,blood,nerves,livet & lungs. Repeated exposure: over TLV may cause blindness.

BKIN CONTACT: Primary irritation, defatting, dermatitis.

EFFECTS OF SUALLOW-ING AND CHRONIC OVER-EXPOSURE

BKIN CONTACT: Primary irritation, detacting, dermetiting.
EYE CONTACT: Primary irritation, redness, tearing, blurred vision.
Vapor harmful. Breathing of vapor may cause irritation.
Liquid eauses eye irritation.

EMERCENCY &: FIRST AID PROCEDURES Liquid eauses eye irritation.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Liquid may cause skin irritation.

Absorption thru skin may be harmful.

May be istal or cause blindness if swallowed.

Cannot be made non-poisonous.

In case of contact with skin, Wash thoroughly with soap & water;

For eyes, immediately flush with plenty of water for

15 minutes & CALL A PHYSICIAN. Remove & wash contaminated clothing before rause. (Discard contaminated shoes.) clothing before reuse. (Discard contaminated shoes.)
After high vapor exposure, remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult give oxygen. If breathing has stopped give artificial respiration.

POISON!!

E CALL A PHYSICIAN X If swallowed: Induce vomiting promptly according to physician's instructions or by having patient stick finger down throat. After vomiting has been induced, give two teaspoonsful of baking soda in a glass of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Have patient lie down a keep warm. Cover eyes to exclude light.

#### U. REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY: Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Isolate from heat, sparks, non-emplosion proof electric equipment & open flat MATERIALS TO AVOID: Isolate from strong exidizers such as permanganate. HAZARDOUS: : Carbon Monomide, Carbon Diomide from burning. DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

#### VI ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES : Small: Mop up with absorbent material. & transfer to hood. Large: Isolate from oxidizers, heat, sparks, electric equipment & open flame. Unprotected persons should be kept from area until cleaned up. Stop spill at source. Dike area to prevent spread. Pump liquid to salvage tank Remainder may be taken up on absorbant material & shoveled into containers.

WASTE DISPOSAL метнов

Small: Evaporate until all vapors are gone. Dispose of remainder by legally applicable methods. Large: Recycle or Incinerate observing local, state & Federal health, safety & pollution laws.

#### VII. EMPLOYEE PROTECTION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION . Ventilate to keep air below: 65 ppm. If over TLV, use self-contained all (SPECIFY TYPE) : pack approved by NIOSH/OBHA. Consult Safety Equipment Supplier.

Use explosion proof electric equipment .

VENTILATION : LOCAL EXHAUST : Preferable HECHANICAL (GENERAL) : Acceptable : SPECIAL : None OTHER : None PROTECTIVE: Wear OSHA Standard chemical goggles. Consult Safety Equipment Supplier.
CLOTHING. Wear gloves & footwear impervious to this material. Wash clothing before reusa.

#### VIII. SPECIAL PROTECTIONS

Vapors may agnite explosively. Vapors may spread long distances. Prevent vapor build-up. Put out pilot lights & turn off Ignition sources during use & until all vapors are gone. Do not store above 49°C/120°T. Store darge amounts in structures made for OSHA Class I B figuids. Avoid free fall of liquid. Ground containers when pouring. Do not flame out, saw, brase or weld. Empty container hazardous! Continue all label precautions! DATE: 11 / 85

CONTAINS TOLUSINE, KETCHE, HETHANOL, CLYCOL ETHER, ALCOHOL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATE

#### DANGER!

EXTREMELY PLAMMABLE!
VAFORS MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE
VAPOR HARMFUL
BREATHING OF VAFOR MAY CAUSE IRRITATION
LIQUID CAUSES EYE IRRITATION
WASH THOROUGHLY AFTER HANDLING
LIQUID MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION
AESORPTION THRU SKIN MAY BE HARMFUL
MAY BE FATAL OR CAUSE BLINDNESS IF SWALLOWED
CANNOT BE MADE NON-POISONOUS

Isolate from paidiners, heat, sparks, non-explosion proof electric equipment & open flame. Use only with adequate ventilation.

Avoid breathing of vapor or spray mist.

Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. Do not take internally.

Wear OSHA Plandard chemical goggles. Consult Eafsty Equipment Supplier.

Vear gives & footwear impervious to this material. Wash clothing before reuse

Vapors may ignite explosively. Vapors may spread long distances. Prevent vapor build-up.

Fut our prior lights & turn off heaters, nonexplosion proof electric equipment & other

ignition sources during use & until all vapors are gone.

Keep closure tight & upright when not in use to prevent leakage.

Ground containers when pouring. Do not flame out, saw, brase or weld.

DISFISAL Recycle or dispose of observing local, state & Federal health,

safety & prilution laws. If spilled, Mop up & dispose of safely.

FIRST AID In case of contact with skin, Wash thoroughly with soap & water,

For eyes, immediately flush with plenty of water for

It minutes & CALL A PHYSICIAN Remove & wash contaminated

clothing before reuse (Discard contaminated shoes.)

Arter high vapor exposure, remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult

give exygent if breathing has stopped give artificial respiration.

POISON!!

Willowed Induce vomiting promptly according to physician's cructions or by having patient stick finger down throat. Here vomiting has been induced, give two teaspoonsful of biking sods in a glass of water.

Never give inviting by mouth to an unconscious person. Have pitient lie down & keep warm. Cover eyes to exclude light.

Consult MEDS for further information.
FOR INDUSTRY USE ONLY
MEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN
BERRYMAN PRODUCTS
3800 E RANDAUL MILL
ARLINGTON,TX 7.011

DCT EHIFFING NAME Flammable Liquid, NOS (UN1993)

Legal responsibility is assumed only for the fact that all studies reported here & all opinions are those of qualified experts. Buyer assumes all risk & liability. He accepts & uses this material on these conditions.



ATTENTION!!

IS CONTAINER HATARDOUS WHEN EMPTIED.

JETY CONTAINERS RETAIN RESIDUES OF

MRODUCT WAPOR, LIQUID OR BOLID, ALL

HAZARS PRECAUTIONS MUST BE OBSERVED.

HEALTH T' FLAMMABILITY, 3 REACTIVITY

7.0





#### ENERGY, MINERALS AND NATURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT

#### OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

2040 S. PACHECO SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO 87505 (505) 827-7131

April 28, 1995

## CERTIFIED MAIL RETURN RECEIPT NO. P-667-242-251

Mr. Tim Parker
Area Manager
Pool Company (Texas) Inc.
Carlsbad Highway
P.O. Box 1198
Hobbs, New Mexico 88240

RE: PIT CLOSURE

POOL CO. HOBBS SERVICE FACILITY

Dear Mr. Parker:

The New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (OCD) has completed a review of Pool Company (Texas) Inc. (PCI) March 8, 1995 "CLOSURE OF UNLINED SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT AT POOL COMPANY, HOBBS, NEW MEXICO" which was submitted on behalf of PCI by their consultant COMBEST GEOScience. This document contains the results of PCI's closure of an unlined pit at PCI's service company yard in Hobbs, New Mexico.

The closure actions taken to date are satisfactory. However, the OCD cannot issue final closure approval for the pit until remediation of the stockpiled soils is complete. Therefore, the OCD requests that PCI provide the OCD with:

- The proposed bioremediation method for the stockpiled soils including the composition of the materials proposed to be used for enhancing bioremediation.
- 2. The proposed final disposition of the stockpiled soils upon completion of bioremediation.

If you have any questions, please call me at (505) 827-7154.

Sincerely,

William C. Olson

Hydrogeologist

Environmental Bureau

xc: Jerry Sexton, OCD Hobbs District Supervisor

Wayne Price , OCD Hobbs Office

Kyle B. Combest, COMBEST GEOscience

# CLOSURE OF UNLINED SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT AT POOL COMPANY HOBBS, NEW MEXICO

08 March 1995

Prepared by:
Randall R. Reneau and Kyle B. Combest
COMBEST GEOscience
Austin and San Angelo, Texas

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# CLOSURE OF UNLINED SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT AT POOL COMPANY HOBBS, NEW MEXICO

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

Closure of an unlined surface impoundment has been completed at the POOL COMPANY facility in Hobbs, New Mexico (Figure 1; Figure 2). Closure activities followed the requirements listed in the following documents:

- Report prepared for POOL COMPANY and entitled "Unlined surface impoundment closure plan for POOL COMPANY Hobbs, New Mexico" (Combest Geoscience, 1995); and
- Letter dated 05 January 1995 from the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (Appendix A) stating conditional approval for the above referenced closure plan.

The facility is located west of Hobbs along the north side of U.S. Highway 180 (Figure 1). A further detailed description of the facility and facility history can be found in the closure plan (Combest Geoscience, 1995).

Closure activities most importantly required overexcavation of the impoundment and placing the excavated soil in a bermed and lined bioremediation cell. The following report describes the project methods and results.

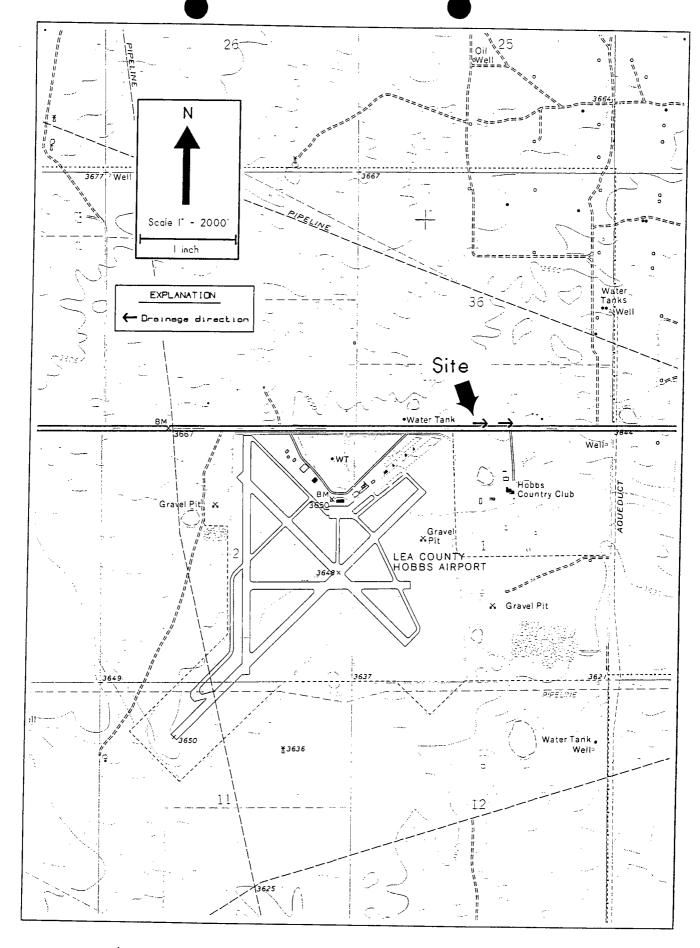
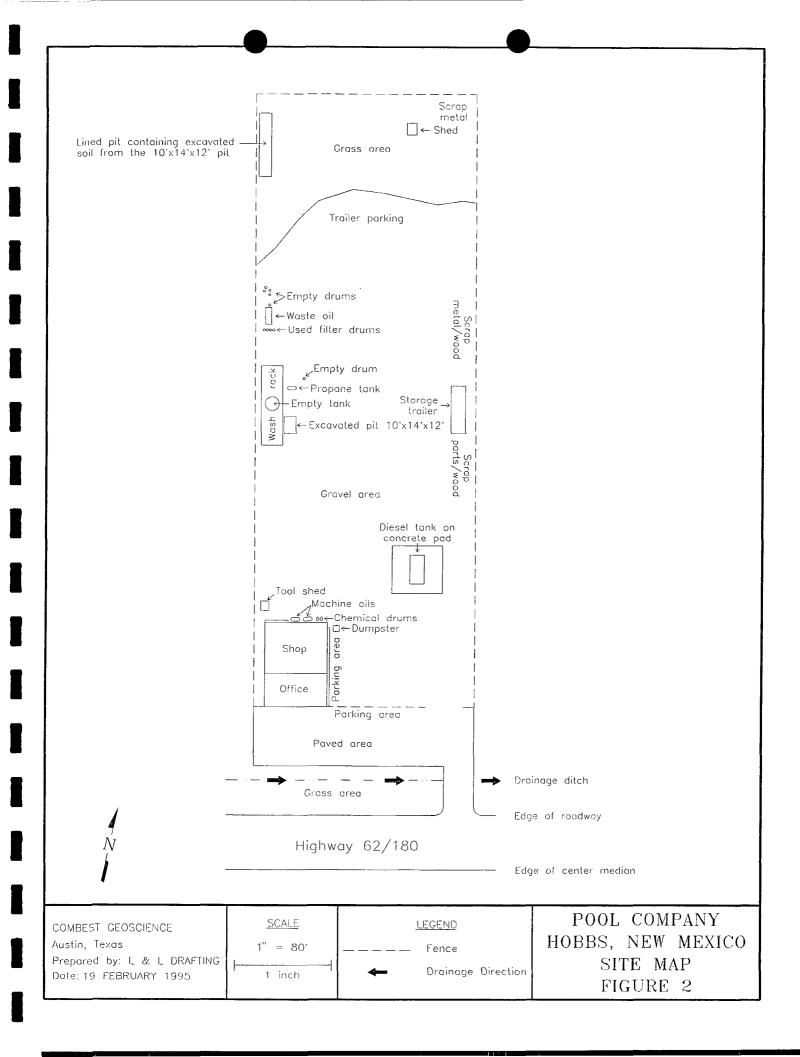


Figure 1. U.S.G.S. topographic map (1:24,000).



#### 2.0 METHODS

The following sections describe field methods and laboratory methods.

#### 2.1 Field Methods

Mr. Wayne Price, environmental engineer with the State of New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (District One) was notified on 07 February 1995 of closure activities that were planned for 08 February 1995. Mr. Price visited the facility on 08 February 1995 as closure activities were being conducted.

A bermed, lined bioremediation cell was first constructed by using a backhoe (Figure 2; Appendix B, Photograph No. 2). The finished size of the lined cell was approximately 12-ft wide, 75-ft long, and approximately 2-ft deep. The finished heights of the containment berms were approximately 3-ft (Appendix B, Photograph No. 2).

As the impoundment was being excavated, all excavated soil was placed in the lined bioremediation cell (Appendix B, Photograph No. 2).

Excavation activities revealed that the impoundment had originally been infilled with sand and gravel. From periodic use, the sand and gravel had acquired hydrocarbon staining and a noticeable hydrocarbon odor.

After completely removing all of the sand and gravel, the original impoundment dimensions were found to be 10-ft X 14-ft and approximately 10-ft deep (Appendix B, Photographs No. 4-6). An examination of the impoundment after removing the sand and gravel found that the walls and floor were composed of hard,

indurated caliche. A further examination of the caliche walls and floor revealed localized hydrocarbon staining. The backhoe was then used to overexcavate the stained caliche as determined by visual and olfactory examinations. In the floor, some stains had penetrated 6-in to 10-in into the caliche below the original impoundment floor. To reasonably assure that the floor had been sufficiently excavated, a 24-in layer of caliche was ultimately excavated from the floor. After overexcavation activities were complete, the final dimensions were 10-ft X 14-ft and 12-ft deep (Appendix B, Photographs 7-8).

To verify the success of clean-up activities, soil samples were collected from the base of the north, south, east, and west walls. From the floor, three-part composite samples were collected at the following times: (1) during the intermediate stage of overexcavation and (2) after final completion of overexcavation. From the stockpiled soil in the lined bioremediation cell, a three-part composite sample was also collected.

To establish background TPH values, a clean soil sample was collected at a depth of 4-ft from a location 10-ft inside the north fence line. All samples were stored on ice and transported to Enviro-Tech Laboratories in San Angelo, Texas for analyses (Chain of Custody in Appendix C).

#### 2.2 Laboratory Methods

All samples were analyzed for BTEX (EPA method 8020) and TPH (EPA method 418.8).

The BTEX analysis measures light fuel concentrations by separating aromatic organics with a purge-and-trap followed by gas chromatograph (GC) analysis. In the GC, the various organic

compounds move through the chromatography column at specific rates for each compound. Each compound is then quantified as it eludes off the chromatography column through a photo ionization detector (PID).

The TPH analysis determines amounts of weathered gasoline and heavy fuels such as diesel. The procedure first requires separation of the fuel from the soil with fluorocarbon 113 followed with infra-red spectroscopy analysis. The infra-red absorption peaks for the fuel constituents are compared with an oil standard for quantification.

In addition to the above analyses, the soil sample collected from the stockpile was analyzed at Inchscape Laboratories in Richardson, Texas for RCRA hazardous waste characteristics (TCLP volatiles, 8 TCLP metals, and RCI).

#### 3.0 RESULTS

For documentation purposes, a New Mexico OCD closure form was completed and is attached in Appendix D. Results from the hydrocarbon analyses are summarized in Table 3.1.

Additional analytical results for the stockpile sample are summarized in Tables 3.2, 3.3, 3.4 and, 3.5.

Table 3.1 Laboratory results summary (hydrocarbons).

SAMPLE LOCATION	TPH	BTEX	BENZENE	TOLUENE	ETHYL- BENZENE	XYLENE (m,p)	XYLENE (o)
N. WALL	630	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.02	<0.01
S. WALL	830	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.02	<0.01
E. WALL	740	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.02	<0.1
W. WALL	233	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.02	<0.01
FLOOR - Intermediate	680	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.02	<0.01
FLOOR - Final	93	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.02	<0.01
BACKGROUND	<10	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.02	<0.01
STOCKPILE	9750	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.02	<0.01

All concentrations in mg/kg

Copies of laboratory data sheets are included in Appendix C.

Samples collected on 8 February 1995

Table 3.2 Stockpiled Soil: TCLP Volatile Organics.

COMPOUND	CONCENTRATION
	(mg/L)
BENZENE	<0.10
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	<0.10
CHLOROBENZENE	<0.10
CHLOROFORM	<0.10
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.10
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	<0.10
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	<0.10
METHYL ETHYL KETONE	<1.00
TETRACHLOROETHENE	<0.10
TRICHLOROETHENE	<0.10
VINYL CHLORIDE	<0.20

All concentrations in mg/l.

Copies of laboratory data sheets are included in Appendix C.

Sample collected on 8 February 1995.

Table 3.3 Stockpiled Soil: TCLP Metals.

ME TAL	CONCENTRATION (mg/L)				
ARSENIC	0.1				
BARIUM	1.0				
CADMIUM	0.017				
CHROMIUM	<.010				
LEAD	0.071				
MERCURY	<0.001				
SELENIUM	<0.250				
SILVER	<0.01				

All concentrations in mg/l.

Copies of laboratory data sheets are included in Appendix C. Sample collected on 8 February 1995.

Table 3.4 Stockpiled Soil: Miscellaneous Analyses.

ANALYSIS	RESULT				
CORROSIVITY (pH)	NON-CORROSIVE				
CYANIDE, REACTIVE	<0.10				
REACTIVITY	NON-REACTIVE				
SULFIDE, REACTIVE	<10.0				
TOTAL SOLIDS	93.2%				
Нд	8.5				

Copies of laboratory data sheets are included in Appendix C. Sample collected on 8 February 1995.

Table 3.5 Stockpiled Soil: Ignitability.

ANALYSIS	RESULT
IGNITABILITY (by definition)	NOT IGNITABLE

Copies of laboratory data sheets are included in Appendix C.

Samples collected on 8 February 1995.

#### 4.0 CONCLUSIONS

Analytical results verified that the impoundment walls and floor had been cleaned to New Mexico OCD target levels (<1000 mg/l TPH, <10 mg/l Benzene, <50 mg/l BTEX) based on the Remediation and Closure Report ranking score of 10 (Appendix D). Upon receipt of closure approval from the New Mexico OCD, the overexcavated impoundment will be backfilled with clean fill and leveled to grade.

Stockpiled soil in the lined bioremediation cell will be treated with conventional bioremediation methods. However, before any bioremediation method is initiated, a proposal shall first be submitted to the New Mexico OCD for review and approval. Once the proposal is approved and the bioremediation method established, sampling shall be conducted on a quarterly basis. Disposal options will be evaluated as TPH concentrations decrease during the bioremediation program. Any disposal option that is selected will be in full compliance with New Mexico regulations.

#### 5.0 REFERENCES

Combest Geoscience, 1995, Unlined surface impoundment closure plan for POOL COMPANY Hobbs, New Mexico. Report prepared by Combest Geoscience, Austin, Texas for Pool Company.

New Mexico Oil Conservation Division, 1993, Unlined Surface Impoundment Closure Guidelines.

New Mexico Oil Conservation Division letter dated 05 January 1995 to POOL COMPANY.

#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO



#### ENERGY, MINERALS AND NATURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT

OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

BRUCE KING GOVERNOR

January 5, 1995

2040 S. PACHECO SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO 87505 (505) 827-7131

# CERTIFIED MAIL RETURN RECEIPT NO. P-667-242-193

Mr. Tim Parker Area Manager Pool Company (Texas) Inc. Carlsbad Highway P.O. Box 1198 Hobbs, New Mexico 88240

RE: UNLINED PIT CLOSURE PLAN

Dear Mr. Parker:

The New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (OCD) has completed a review of Pool Company (Texas) Inc. (PCI) November 8, 1994 "UNLINED SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT CLOSURE PLAN FOR POOL COMPANY, HOBBS, NM". This document contains PCI's plan for closure of an unlined pit at PCI's service company yard in Hobbs, New Mexico.

The above referenced pit closure plan is approved with the following conditions:

 All soil samples for verification of closure or completion of remedial activities will be sampled and analyzed for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylene (BTEX) and total petroleum hydrocarbons in accordance with the OCD's "SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT CLOSURE GUIDELINES".

NOTE: A field headspace measurement of 100 parts per million (mg/l) of total organic vapor, if determined in accordance with OCD guidelines, may be substituted for a laboratory analysis of the concentrations of BTEX.

- 2. Since wastes generated at oilfield service companies are not exempt from federal RCRA hazardous waste regulations, the OCD requires that PCI analyze the stockpiled soils for RCRA Subtitle C Hazardous Characteristics. The results of these analyses will be submitted to the OCD for approval prior to either onsite remediation or offsite disposal.
- 3. PCI will submit the composition of any materials to be used for enhancing bioremediation of soils to the OCD for approval prior to application.

Mr. Tim Parker January 5, 1995 Page 2

- 4. PCI will submit the location and sampling plan of any proposed soil borings to the OCD for approval prior to implementation.
- 5. PCI will notify the Environmental Bureau Chief of the OCD Santa Fe Office and the OCD Aztec District Office within 24 hours of the discovery of ground water contamination related to any pit closure activity.
- 6. The final report, submitted to the OCD upon completion of closure actions, will include a completed OCD "Pit Remediation and Closure Report" form (attached) which will contain the final results of all pit closure activities. The report will also include the concentrations and application rates of all materials or additives used to enhance bioremediation of contaminants.
- 7. All original documents submitted for approval will be submitted to the OCD Santa Fe Office with copies provided to the OCD Hobbs District Office.

Please be advised that OCD approval does not relieve PCI of liability should closure activities determine that contamination exists which is beyond the scope of the work plan or if the closure activities fail to adequately remediate contamination related to their activities. In addition, OCD approval does not relieve PCI of responsibility for compliance with any other federal, state or local laws and/or regulations.

The OCD commends PCI for their initiative in the closure of this unlined pit and looks forward to working with you as the work plan is implemented.

If you have any questions, please call me at (505) 827-7154.

Sincerely,

William C. Olson Hydrogeologist

Environmental Bureau

Attachment

xc: Jerry Sexton, OCD Hobbs District Supervisor

Wayne Price , OCD Hobbs Office

Lynne Fahlquist, COMBEST GEOscience

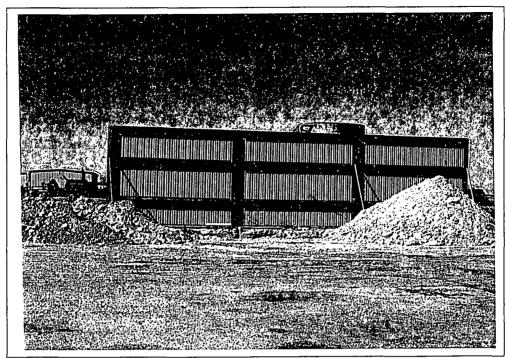


Photo No. 1. Excavation of leach field pit.

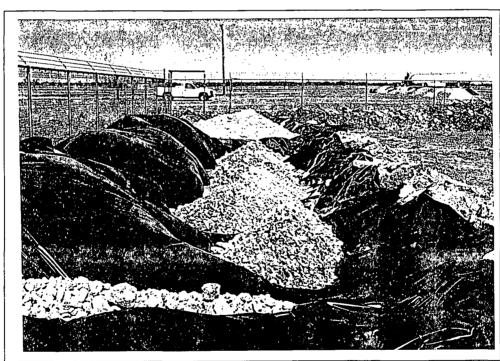


Photo No. 2. Stockpiled excavated soil from leach field pit.



Photo No. 3. Excavation of leach field pit. Note hydrocarbon stained gravels.



Photo No. 4. Hydrocarbon contaminated gravels (black) in leach field collection pit.

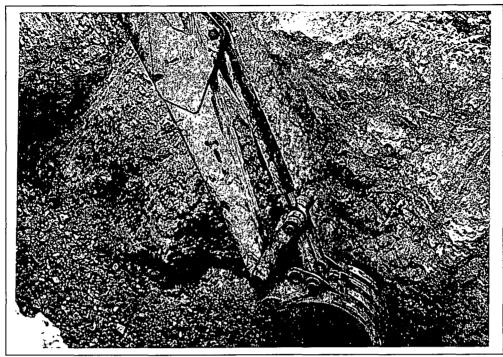


Photo No. 5. Excavation of hydrocarbon stained gravels (black) from leach field collection pit.

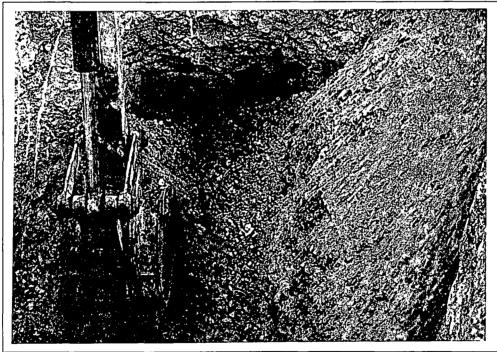


Photo No. 6. Excavation of Hydrocarbon contaminated gravels (black) from leach field collection pit.

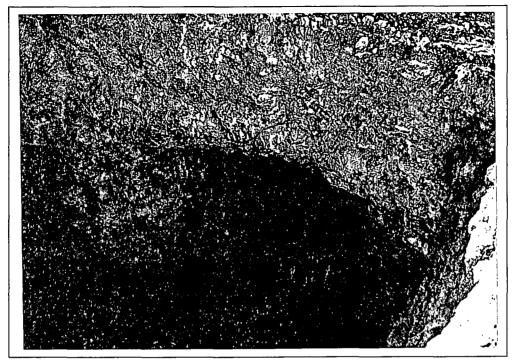


Photo No. 7. View (south) of leach field collection pit during excavation.

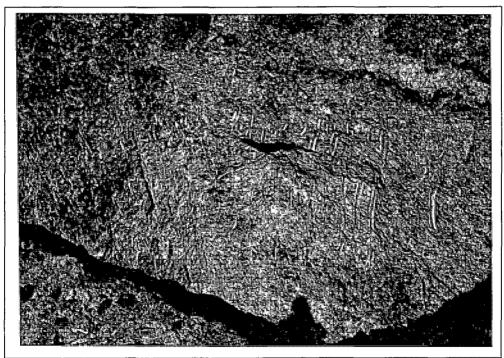


Photo No. 8. View (north) of leach field collection pit following excavation.

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117 South A&M Avenue San Angelo, Texas 76901 Phone: (915) 944-1302

Fax: (915) 942-9693

REPORT TO: COMBEST GEOscience

7122 Wood Hollow, #7 Austin, Texas 78731 RECEIVED 10 February, 1995

REPORTED: 15 February,1995

PROJECT: Pool Co. - Hobbs, NM

SAMPLE ID: N. Wall MATRIX: Soil

COLLECTED: 08 February,1995

BTEX ANALYZED: 10 February,1995 by CWD TPH ANALYZED: 14 February,1995 by CWD

95-2629-01

REQUESTED ANALYSES	DETECTION LIMIT	RESULT		
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH))	10	630 mg/Kg		
Total BTEX		< 0.01 mg/Kg		

#### Individual BTEX Constituents

Benzene	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg
Toluene	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg
Ethylbenzene	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg
Xylenes - meta and para	0.02	< 0.02 mg/Kg
Xylenes - ortho	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg

Quality Control Data			
BTEX QC	B2208	TPH QC	T2210
Method Blank Duplicate Analyses %RPD a,a,a -trifluorotoluene tetrachloroethylene isopropylbenzene Matrix Spike	< 0.01 0.0 92.0 86.0 82.0 99.0	Method Blank Duplicate Analyses %RPD Matrix Spike	<10 5.9 94.0

Comment:

Reviewed By:

117 South A&M Avenue San Angelo, Texas 76901 Phone: (915) 944-1302

Fax: (915) 942-9693

REPORT TO: COMBEST GEOscience

7122 Wood Hollow, #7 Austin, Texas 78731 RECEIVED 10 February,1995

REPORTED: 15 February, 1995

PROJECT: Pool Co. - Hobbs, NM

SAMPLE ID: S. Wall MATRIX: Soil

COLLECTED: 08 February,1995

BTEX ANALYZED: 10 February,1995 by CWD TPH ANALYZED: 14 February,1995 by CWD

Xylenes - meta and para

Xylenes - ortho

95-2629-02

< 0.02 mg/Kg

< 0.01 mg/Kg

REQUESTED ANALYSES	DETECTION LIMIT	RESULT
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH))	10	830 mg/Kg
Total BTEX		< 0.01 mg/Kg
Individual BTEX	Constituents	
Benzene	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg
Toluene	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg
Ethylbenzene	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg

Quality Control Data			
BTEX QC	B2208	TPH QC	T2210
Method Blank Duplicate Analyses %RPD a,a,a-trifluorotoluene tetrachloroethylene isopropylbenzene Matrix Spike	< 0.01 0.0 104.0 102.0 102.0 99.0	Method Blank Duplicate Analyses %RPD Matrix Spike	<10 5.9 94.0

Comment:

Reviewed By:

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117 South A&M Avenue San Angelo, Texas 76901 Phone: (915) 944-1302

Fax: (915) 942-9693

REPORT TO: COMBEST GEOscience

7122 Wood Hollow, #7 Austin, Texas 78731 RECEIVED 10 February,1995

REPORTED: 15 February, 1995

PROJECT: Pool Co. - Hobbs, NM

SAMPLE ID: E. Wall MATRIX: Solid

COLLECTED: 08 February,1995

BTEX ANALYZED: 10 February,1995 by CWD TPH ANALYZED: 14 February,1995 by CWD

95-2629-03

REQUESTED ANALYSES	DETECTION LIMIT	RESULT
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH))	10	740 mg/Kg
Total BTEX		< 0.01 mg/Kg

#### Individual BTEX Constituents

Benzene	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg
Toluene	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg
Ethylbenzene	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg
Xylenes - meta and para	0.02	< 0.02 mg/Kg
Xylenes - ortho	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg

BTEX QC	B2208	TPH QC	T2210
Method Blank Duplicate Analyses %RPD a_a,a_trifluorotoluene tetrachloroethylene isopropylbenzene Matrix Spike	< 0.01 0.0 104.0 106.0 104.0 99.0	Method Blank Duplicate Analyses %RPD Matrix Spike	<10 5.9 94.0

Comment:

Reviewed By:

117 South A&M Avenue San Angelo, Texas 76901 Phone: (915) 944-1302

Fax: (915) 942-9693

REPORT TO: COMBEST GEOscience

7122 Wood Hollow, #7 Austin, Texas 78731 RECEIVED 10 February,1995

REPORTED: 15 February, 1995

PROJECT: Pool Co. - Hobbs, NM

SAMPLE ID: W. Wall MATRIX: Soil

COLLECTED: 08 February, 1995

BTEX ANALYZED: 10 February,1995 by CWD TPH ANALYZED: 14 February,1995 by CWD

95-2629-04

AIT RESULT
233 mg/Kg < 0.01 mg/Kg
0

#### Individual BTEX Constituents

Benzene	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg
Toluene	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg
Ethylbenzene	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg
Xylenes - meta and para	0.02	< 0.02 mg/Kg
Xylenes - ortho	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg

Quality Control Data			
BTEX QC	B2208	ТРН QC	T2210
Method Blank Duplicate Analyses %RPD a,a,a -trifluorotoluene tetrachloroethylene isopropylbenzene Matrix Spike	< 0.01 0.0 104.0 102.0 104.0 99.0	Method Blank Duplicate Analyses %RPD Matrix Spike	<10 5.9 94.0

Comment:

Reviewed By:

## Enviro-Tech Laboratories, Inc.

117 South A&M Avenue San Angelo, Texas 76901 Phone: (915) 944-1302

Fax: (915) 942-9693

REPORT TO: COMBEST GEOscience

7122 Wood Hollow, #7 Austin, Texas 78731 RECEIVED 10 February,1995

REPORTED: 15 February,1995

PROJECT: Pool Co. - Hobbs, NM

SAMPLE ID: Floor (3 Part Comp)

MATRIX: Soil

COLLECTED: 08 February,1995

BTEX ANALYZED: 10 February,1995 by CWD

TPH ANALYZED: 14 February,1995 by CWD

REPORT NUMBER

95-2629-05

REQUESTED ANALYSES	DETECTION LIMIT	RESULT
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH))	10	680 mg/Kg < 0.01 mg/Kg
Total BTEX		<

#### Individual BTEX Constituents

Benzene	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg
Toluene	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg
Ethylbenzene	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg
Xylenes - meta and para	0.02	< 0.02 mg/Kg
Xylenes - ortho	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg

Quality Control Data						
BTEX QC	B2208	TPH QC	T2210			
Method Blank Duplicate Analyses %RPD a,a,a -trifluorotoluene tetrachloroethylene isopropylbenzene Matrix Spike	< 0.01 0.0 98.0 100.0 100.0 99.0	Method Blank Duplicate Analyses %RPD Matrix Spike	<10 5.9 94.0			

Comment:

Reviewed By:

117 South A&M Avenue San Angelo, Texas 76901 Phone: (915) 944-1302

Fax: (915) 942-9693

REPORT TO: COMBEST GEOscience

7122 Wood Hollow, #7 Austin, Texas 78731 RECEIVED 10 February, 1995

REPORTED: 15 February,1995

PROJECT: Pool Co. - Hobbs, NM

SAMPLE ID: Stockpile MATRIX: Soil

COLLECTED: 08 February,1995

BTEX ANALYZED: 10 February,1995 by CWD TPH ANALYZED: 14 February,1995 by CWD

95-2629-06

RESULT
9,750 mg/Kg < 0.01 mg/Kg

#### Individual BTEX Constituents

Benzene	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg
Toluene	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg
Ethylbenzene	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg
Xylenes - meta and para	0.02	< 0.02 mg/Kg
Xylenes - ortho	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg

Quality Control Data							
BTEX QC	B2208	TPH QC	T2210				
Method Blank Duplicate Analyses %RPD a.a.atrifluorotoluene tetrachloroethylene isopropylbenzene Matrix Spike	< 0.01 0.0 74.0 72.0 52.0 99.0	Method Blank Duplicate Analyses %RPD Matrix Spike	<10 5.9 94.0				

Comment:

Reviewed By:

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117 South A&M Avenue San Angelo, Texas 76901 Phone: (915) 944-1302 Fax: (915) 942-9693

REPORT TO: COMBEST GEOscience

7122 Wood Hollow, #7 Austin, Texas 78731 RECEIVED: 28 February,1995 REPORTED: 02 March,1995

PROJECT: Pool Company - Hobbs, NM

SAMPLE ID: Excavated leech Field-Bottom of Pit

MATRIX: Soil

COLLECTED: 23 February,1995

BTEX ANALYZED: 28 February,1995 by CWD TPH ANALYZED: 01 March,1995 by CWD

95-2686-01

REQUESTED ANALYSES	DETECTION LIMIT	RESULT
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH)	10	93 mg/Kg
Total BTEX		< 0.01 mg/Kg
Individual BTEX C	Constituents	
Benzene	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg
Toluene	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg
Ethylbenzene	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg
Xylenes - meta and para	0.02	< 0.02 mg/Kg
Xylenes - ortho	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg

Quality Control Data						
BTEX QC	B2215	TPH QC	T2219			
Method Blank Duplicate Analyses %RPD a,a,a -trifluorotoluene tetrachloroethylene isopropylbenzene Matrix Spike	< 0.01 0.0 94.0 96.0 106.0 99.3	Method Blank Duplicate Analyses %RPD Matrix Spike	< 10 0.0 100.0			

Comment:

Reviewed By:

## Enviro-Tech Laboratories, Inc.

117 South A&M Avenue San Angelo, Texas 76901 Phone: (915) 944-1302

Fax: (915) 942-9693

REPORT TO: COMBEST GEOscience

7122 Wood Hollow, #7

Austin, Texas 78731

RECEIVED: 28 February,1995

REPORTED: 02 March,1995

PROJECT: Pool Company - Hobbs, NM

SAMPLE ID: Sample hole dug to approx. 4' below G.L.

MATRIX: Soil

COLLECTED: 23 February, 1995

BTEX ANALYZED: 28 February,1995 by CWD TPH ANALYZED: 01 March,1995 by CWD

95-2686-02

REQUESTED ANALYSES	DETECTION LIMIT	RESULT
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH)	10	< 10 mg/Kg
Total BTEX		< 0.01 mg/Kg
Individual BTEX	Constituents	
Benzene	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg
Toluene	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg
Ethylbenzene	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg
Xylenes - meta and para	0.02	< 0.02 mg/Kg
Xylenes - ortho	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg

	Quality Control Data						
BTEX QC	B2215	TPH QC	T2219				
Method Blank Duplicate Analyses %RPD a,a,a -trifluorotoluene terachloroethylene isopropylbenzene Matrix Spike	< 0.01 0.0 92.0 92.0 102.0 99.3	Method Blank Duplicate Analyses %RPD Matrix Spike	< 10 0.0 100.0				

Comment:

Reviewed By:

## Environmental Analytical Services



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Tlme

Received by: (Signature)

Released by: (Signature)

## Chain of Custody Record

0. 0. 1/94
Project I.D. Pool Company Hibbs, N.M. 88240
Project Location 5730 W. CAelshad Hay Sampled By  Mobbs, N. M. 88340
Sampled By Hobbs, N. M. 88240
Client Name Combest 6 Fo Science
Address
Telephone <u>505-393-5161</u>

including those for negligence and any other cause whatsoever shall be deemed waived unless made in writing and received by Cardinal within thirty (30) days

after completion of the applicable service. In no event shell Cardinal be lieble for incidental or consequential damages, including, without limitation, business interruptions, loss of use, or loss of profits incurred by client, its subsidiaries, affiliates or successors arising out of or related to the nerformance of services heresugger by Cardinal consequence of services heresugger by Cardinal consequence.

**Analysis** Required Number of Containers Composite Sample Sample Number Location Grab Date Remarks (Type sample, preservation, etc.) 95-2686-01 Released by: (\$Ignature) Tlme Received by: (Signature) PLEASE NOTE: Liebility and Damages. Cardinal's liebility and client's exclusive remedy for any claim arising, whether based in contract or tort, shall be limited to the amount paid by client for the analyses. All claims,

## Enviro-Tech Laboratories, Inc.

117 South A&M Avenue San Angelo, Texas 76901 Phone: (915) 944-1302

Fax: (915) 942-9693

REPORT TO: COMBEST GEOscience

7122 Wood Hollow, #7

Austin, Texas 78731

RECEIVED 10 February, 1995

REPORTED: 15 February,1995

PROJECT: Pool Co. - Hobbs, NM

SAMPLE ID: N. Wall MATRIX: Soil

COLLECTED: 08 February, 1995

**BTEX QC** 

Method Blank Duplicate Analyses %RPD a,a,a -trifluorotoluene tetrachloroethylene isopropylbenzene Matrix Spike

BTEX ANALYZED: 10 February,1995 by CWD TPH ANALYZED: 14 February,1995 by CWD REPORT NUMBER

95-2629-01

REQUESTED ANALYSES	DETECTION LIMIT	RESULT
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH)) Total BTEX	10	630 mg/Kg < 0.01 mg/Kg
Individual BTE	X Constituents	
Benzene	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg
Toluene	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg
Ethylbenzene	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg
Xylenes - meta and para	0.02	< 0.02 mg/Kg
Xylenes - ortho	0.01	< 0.01 mg/Kg

B2208

< 0.01 0.0 92.0 86.0 82.0 99.0

Comment:

Reviewed By:

**TPH QC** 

Method Blank Duplicate Analyses %RPD Matrix Spike

Enviro-Tech Laboratories, Inc.

T2210

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DATE RECEIVED : 14-FEB-1995

REPORT NUMBER : D95-1304-1

REPORT DATE: 24-FEB-1995

SAMPLE SUBMITTED BY : Enviro-Tech Laboratories

ADDRESS: 117 S. A & M Ave.

: San Angelo, TX 76901 ATTENTION : Mr. Waymond Dixon

SAMPLE MATRIX : Soil

ID MARKS : Stockpile

PROJECT : Pool Co.-Hobbs, NM

DATE SAMPLED : 8-FEB-1995

ANALYSIS METHOD: 40 CFR 261.21 /1

ANALYZED BY : KPP

ANALYZED ON: 18-FEB-1995 QC BATCH NO : 219057A

IGNITABILITY		
TEST REQUESTED	DETECTION LIMIT	RESULTS
Ignitability (by Definition)		Not Ignitable *

<sup>\*</sup> This sample does not meet the definition of ignitability according to 40 CFR 261.21

General Managet



DATE RECEIVED : 14-FEB-1995

REPORT NUMBER : D95-1304-1

REPORT DATE: 24-FEB-1995

SAMPLE SUBMITTED BY : Enviro-Tech Laboratories

ADDRESS: 117 S. A & M Ave.

: San Angelo, TX 76901 ATTENTION : Mr. Waymond Dixon

SAMPLE MATRIX : Soil

ID MARKS : Stockpile

PROJECT : Pool Co.-Hobbs, NM

DATE SAMPLED: 8-FEB-1995 PREPARATION METHOD : EPA 1311/5030

PREPARED BY : GWG

PREPARED ON: 16-FEB-1995

ANALYSIS METHOD : EPA 1311/8240 /1

ANALYZED BY : RDG

ANALYZED ON: 20-FEB-1995

DILUTION FACTOR: 20

QC BATCH NO : ITS6-363

TCLP VOLATILE ORGANICS			
TEST REQUESTED	DETECTION LIMIT		RESULTS
Benzene	0.10 mg/L	<	0.10 mg/L
Carbon tetrachloride	0.10 mg/L	<	0.10 mg/L
Chlorobenzene	0.10 mg/L	<	0.10 mg/L
Chloroform	0.10 mg/L	<	0.10 mg/L
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0.10 mg/L	<	0.10 mg/L
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.10 mg/L	<	0.10 mg/L
1,1-Dichloroethene	0.10 mg/L	<	0.10 mg/L
Methyl ethyl ketone	1.00 mg/L	<	1.00 mg/L
Tetrachloroethene	0.10 mg/L	<	0.10 mg/L
Trichloroethene	0.10 mg/L	<	0.10 mg/L
Vinyl chloride	0.20 mg/L	<	0.20 mg/L



REPORT NUMBER : D95-1304-1

ANALYSIS METHOD : EPA 1311/8240 /1

PAGE 2

QUALITY CONTROL DATA								
SURROGATE COMPOUND	SPIKE LEVEL	SPIKE RECOVERED						
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 (SS)	50.0 μg/L	98.9 %						
Toluene-d8 (SS)	50.0 μg/L	95.0 %						
Bromofluorobenzene (SS)	50.0 μg/L	90.5 %						

Martin Jeffus General Manage



DATE RECEIVED : 14-FEB-1995 REPORT NUMBER : D95-1304-1 REPORT DATE: 24-FEB-1995

SAMPLE SUBMITTED BY : Enviro-Tech Laboratories

ADDRESS : 117 S. A & M Ave.

: San Angelo, TX 76901 ATTENTION : Mr. Waymond Dixon

SAMPLE MATRIX : Soil

ID MARKS : Stockpile
PROJECT : Pool Co.-Hobbs,NM
DATE SAMPLED : 8-FEB-1995

TEST REQUESTED		DETECTION LIMIT		RESULTS
Silver	/1	0.01 mg/L	<	0.01 mg/L
Dilution Factor : 1 Prepared using EPA 131 Analyzed using EPA 6010 QC Batch No : 10311				
Arsenic	/1	0.1 mg/L		0.1 mg/L
Dilution Factor : 1 Prepared using EPA 131 Analyzed using EPA 6010 QC Batch No : 10311				
Barium	/1	0.5 mg/L		1.0 mg/L
Dilution Factor : 1 Prepared using EPA 131 Analyzed using EPA 6010 QC Batch No : 10311				
Cadmium	/1	0.010 mg/L		0.017 mg/L
Dilution Factor : 1 Prepared using EPA 1317 Analyzed using EPA 6010 QC Batch No : 10311			,	
Chromium	/1	0.010 mg/L	<	0.010 mg/L
Dilution Factor: 1 Prepared using EPA 131' Analyzed using EPA 6010 QC Batch No: 10311				



REPORT NUMBER : D95-1304-1

PAGE 2

TEST REQUESTED		DETECTION	LIMIT	RESULTS		
Mercury	/1	0.001	mg/L	<	0.001	mg/L
Dilution Factor : 1 Prepared using EPA 13 Analyzed using EPA 74 QC Batch No : HG-1248				1		
Lead	/1	0.050	mg/L		0.071	mg/L
Dilution Factor : 1 Prepared using EPA 13 Analyzed using EPA 60 QC Batch No : 10311						
Selenium	/1	0.250	mg/L	<	0.250	mg/L
Dilution Factor : 1 Prepared using EPA 13 Analyzed using EPA 60	= -	95 by T_L		<u> </u>		

Martin Jeffus / General Manager



DATE RECEIVED : 14-FEB-1995

REPORT NUMBER : D95-1304-1 REPORT DATE : 24-FEB-1995

SAMPLE SUBMITTED BY : Enviro-Tech Laboratories ADDRESS : 117 S. A & M Ave.

: San Angelo, TX 76901 ATTENTION : Mr. Waymond Dixon

SAMPLE MATRIX : Soil

ID MARKS : Stockpile

PROJECT : Pool Co.-Hobbs, NM

DATE SAMPLED: 8-FEB-1995

TEST REQUESTED		DETECTIO	N LIMIT	ļ	RESULT	S
Cyanide, Reactive	/1	0.10	mg/Kg	<	0.10	mg/Kg
Analyzed using EPA 9010 QC Batch No : 200053A/3		GGD				
Corrosivity( pH )	/1			Non-c	orrosive	
Analyzed using EPA 9040 QC Batch No : AB319032A		by RLR				
рН	/1				8.5	
Analyzed using EPA 9045 QC Batch No : AB319032A		RLR				
Reactivity	/1			Non-r	eactive	
Redeelviey						
Analyzed using EPA 9010 QC Batch No : 200053A/3		95 by GGD				
Analyzed using EPA 9010 QC Batch No : 200053A/3		95 by GGD 0.01	%		93.2	%
Analyzed using EPA 9010	36024A /1	0.01	%		93.2	%

Martin Jeffus

General Manager



REPORT DATE : 24-FEB-1995

REPORT NUMBER : D95-1304

SAMPLE SUBMITTED BY : Enviro-Tech Laboratories

ATTENTION: Mr. Waymond Dixon PROJECT: Pool Co.-Hobbs, NM

#### LABORATORY QUALITY CONTROL REPORT

ANALYTE	Benzene	Carbon tetrachloride	Chlorobenzene	Chloroform	1,4-Dichlorobenzene
BATCH NO.	1186-363	ITS6-363	ITS6-363	1186-363	ITS6-363
LCS LOT NO.	F-0698	F-0698	F-0698	F-0698	F-0698
PREP METHOD	EPA 1311/5030	EPA 1311/5030	EPA 1311/5030	EPA 1311/5030	EPA 1311/5030
PREPARED BY	RDG	RDG	RDG	RDG	RDG
ANALYSIS METHOD	EPA 1311/8240	EPA 1311/8240	EPA 1311/8240	EPA 1311/8240	EPA 1311/8240
ANALYZED BY	RDG	RDG	RDG	RDG	RDG
UNITS	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
METHOD BLANK	< 0.00500	< 0.00500	< 0.00500	< 0.00500	< 0.00500
MS RECOVERY %	129	103	93.7	86.3	82.7
MSD RECOVERY %	125	98.5	89.8	84.0	82.5
MS/MSD RPD %	3.15	4.47	4.25	2.70	0.24
BS RECOVERY %	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
BSD RECOVERY %	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
BS/BSD RPD %	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DUPLICATE RPD %	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
LCS RECOVERY %	85.4	79.0	85.0	81.2	73.8
SPIKE SAMPLE ID	1371-4	1371-4	1371-4	1371-4	1371-4
DUP SAMPLE ID					

NΔ

Not applicable



REPORT DATE : 24-FEB-1995

REPORT NUMBER : D95-1304

SAMPLE SUBMITTED BY : Enviro-Tech Laboratories ATTENTION : Mr. Waymond Dixon

ATTENTION : Mr. Waymond Dixon PROJECT : Pool Co.-Hobbs,NM

#### LABORATORY QUALITY CONTROL REPORT

ANALYTE	1,2-Dichloroethane	1,1-Dichloroethene	Methyl ethyl ketone	Tetrachloroethene	Trichloroethene
BATCH NO.	1156-363	1186-363	1186-363	1186-363	1186-363
LCS LOT NO.	F-0698	F-0698	F-0698	F-0698	F-0698
PREP METHOD	EPA 1311/5030	EPA 1311/5030	EPA 1311/5030	EPA 1311/5030	EPA 1311/5030
PREPARED BY	RDG	RDG	RDG	RDG	RDG
ANALYSIS METHOD	EPA 1311/8240	EPA 1311/8240	EPA 1311/8240	EPA 1311/8240	EPA 1311/8240
ANALYZED BY	RDG	RDG	RDG	RDG	RDG
UNITS	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
METHOD BLANK	< 0.00500	< 0.00500	< 0.05000	< 0.00500	< 0.00500
MS RECOVERY %	89.1	77.1	70.8	83.6	81.7
MSD RECOVERY %	87.5	75.9	69.9	78.1	78.9
MS/MSD RPD %	1.81	1.57	1.28	6.80	3.49
BS RECOVERY %	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
BSD RECOVERY %	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
BS/BSD RPD %	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DUPLICATE RPD %	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
LCS RECOVERY %	80.6	74.2	61.8	76.6	77.2
SPIKE SAMPLE ID	1371-4	1371-4	1371-4	1371-4	1371-4
DUP SAMPLE ID					

NA

Not applicable



REPORT DATE : 24-FEB-1995

REPORT NUMBER : D95-1304

SAMPLE SUBMITTED BY : Enviro-Tech Laboratories ATTENTION : Mr. Waymond Dixon PROJECT : Pool Co.-Hobbs,NM

#### LABORATORY QUALITY CONTROL REPORT

ANALYTE	Vinyl chloride	Silver	Arsenic	Barium	Cadmium
BATCH NO.	1186-363	10311	10311	10311	10311
LCS LOT NO.	F-0698	491229	491229	491229	491229
PREP METHOD	EPA 1311/5030	EPA 1311/3015	EPA 1311/3015	EPA 1311/3015	EPA 1311/3015
PREPARED BY	RDG	T_L	T_L	T_L	T_L
ANALYSIS METHOD	EPA 1311/8240	EPA 6010A	EPA 6010A	EPA 6010A	EPA 6010A
ANALYZED BY	RDG	JLW	MDB	JLW	MES
UNITS	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
METHOD BLANK	< 0.01000	<0.010000	<.100	<0.500	<.01
MS RECOVERY %	65.1	98.0	115	107	105
MSD RECOVERY %	63.6	100	113	108	106
MS/MSD RPD %	2.33	2.02	2.58	0.44	0.19
BS RECOVERY %	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
BSD RECOVERY %	NA	NA	NA NA	NA	NA
BS/BSD RPD %	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DUPLICATE RPD %	NA	NC	NC	NC	NC
LCS RECOVERY %	60.6	103	116	106	107
SPIKE SAMPLE ID	1371-4	1345-1	1345-1	1345-1	1345-1
DUP SAMPLE ID		1345-1	1345-1	1345-1	1345-1

NA NC Not applicable Not calculable



REPORT DATE : 28-FEB-1995

REPORT NUMBER : D95-1304

SAMPLE SUBMITTED BY : Enviro-Tech Laboratories ATTENTION : Mr. Waymond Dixon

#### LABORATORY QUALITY CONTROL REPORT

ANALYTE	Chromium	Mercury	Lead	Selenium	Cyanide, Reactive
BATCH NO.	10311	HG-1248	10311	10311	200053A/336024A
LCS LOT NO.	491229	AB300-6	491229	491229	AB-106-25-J
PREP METHOD	EPA 1311/3015	EPA 1311/7470	EPA 1311/3015	EPA 1311/3015	
PREPARED BY	T_L	T_L	T_L	T_L	
ANALYSIS METHOD	EPA 6010A	EPA 7470	EPA 6010A	EPA 6010A	EPA 9010
ANALYZED BY	JLW	CGJ	JLW	MDB	GGD
UNITS	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/Kg
METHOD BLANK	<0.010	<.001	<0.050	<.25	< 0.10000
MS RECOVERY %	103	107	96.9	115	NA
MSD RECOVERY %	103	99.0	104	118	NA
MS/MSD RPD %	0.19	7.77	6.78	2.04	NA
BS RECOVERY %	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
BSD RECOVERY %	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
BS/BSD RPD %	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DUPLICATE RPD %	NC	NC	NC	NC	NA
LCS RECOVERY %	102	106	107	117	23.8
SPIKE SAMPLE ID	1345-1	1299-3	1345-1	1345-1	
DUP SAMPLE ID	1345-1	1299-3	1345 - 1	1345 - 1	

Not applicable Not calculable



REPORT DATE : 24-FEB-1995

REPORT NUMBER: D95-1304

SAMPLE SUBMITTED BY : Enviro-Tech Laboratories

ATTENTION: Mr. Waymond Dixon PROJECT: Pool Co.-Hobbs, NM

LABORATORY QUALITY CONTROL REPORT

ANALYTE	Sulfide, Reactive	рН
BATCH NO.	200053A/336024A	AB319032A
LCS LOT NO.	АВ-002-90-Н	ERA 9963
PREP METHOD		* * =
PREPARED BY		
ANALYSIS METHOD	EPA 9010	EPA 9040/45
ANALYZED BY	GGD	RLR
UNITS	mg/Kg	
METHOD BLANK	< 10.0	NA
MS RECOVERY %	NA	NA .
MSD RECOVERY %	NA NA	NA
MS/MSD RPD %	NA	NA
BS RECOVERY %	NA	NA
BSD RECOVERY %	NA NA	NA
BS/BSD RPD %	NA	NA
DUPLICATE RPD %	NA	3.87
LCS RECOVERY %	10.0	98.9
SPIKE SAMPLE ID		
DUP SAMPLE ID		1308-1

NA

Not applicable

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### Enviro-Tech Laboratories, Inc.

117 S. A&M Ave., San Angelo, Texas 76901 Phone: (915) 944-1302 / Fax: (915) 942-9693

Submitted By	·	Bill To			R E								Page of	
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District I
P.O. Box 1980, Hobbs, NM
District II
P.O. Drawer DD, Artesia, NM 88211
Distric III

1000 Rio Brazos Rd, Aztec, NM 87410

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department SUBMIT 1 COPY TO APPROPRIATE DISTRICT OFFICE AND 1 COPY TO SANTA FE OFFICE

#### OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

P.O. Box 2088 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2088

(Revised 3/9/94)

#### PIT REMEDIATION AND CLOSURE REPORT

Operator: Pool Company	Telephone: (556) 373-5-16/
	P.O. BOX 1198; HOBBS, NULL 88240
Facility Or: Post Compo Well Name	
Location: Unit or Qtr/Qtr Sec	SecTRCounty
Pit Type: Separator Deh	ydratorOther
Land Type: BLM, State _	, Fed, Other
Pit Location: Pit dimensions (Attach diagram)	: length /s´, width /o´, depth /2´
M	ellhead, other 5400
Footage from r	reference: <u>/60 F7</u>
Direction from	reference: Degrees East North X  of  West South
Depth to Ground Water: (Vertical distance from contaminants to seasonal high water elevation of ground water)	Less than 50 feet (20 points) 50 feet to 99 feet (10 points) Greater than 100 feet (0 points)
Wellhead Protection Area:	Yes (20 points)
(Less than 200 feet from a private domestic water source, or; less than 1000 feet from all other water sources)	No (0 points) <u>c</u>
Distance to Surface Water:  (Horizontal distance to perennial lakes, ponds, rivers, streams, creeks, irrigation canals and ditches)	Less than 200 feet (20 points) 200 feet to 1000 feet (10 points) Greater than 1000 feet (0 points)
	RANKING SCORE (TOTAL POINTS): /O

Date Remediation Star	ted: & FER 1995 Date Completed: 9 FEB. 1995
Remediation Method:	Excavation $X$ Approx. cubic yards $22.2$
	Landfarmed X In situ Bioremediation
	Other
Remediation Location:	Onsite X Offsite
(i.e. landfarmed onsite,	
name and location of	
offsite facility)	v.
General Description o	f Remedial Action: OUEREXCAYATTON OF
PIT WITH SOIL	SHUPLES COLLECTED AT BOLSE OF
	D FROM FLOOR OF PIT EXCAUNTED
Soil STOCKPILED	IN LINED (DLASTIE) BERNED CELL.
STOCKPILED SOIL	TO BE MATURALLY BIOREMEDIATES HOD
SAMPLED DO 6	DUNITERLY BASIS ENLOWING OCD APPORAL).
Ground Water Encounte	red: No X Yes Depth
Final Pit:	Sample location Base of Drumes & Por Rock
Closure Sampling:	STARKPILED SOIL, PIT FLOOR ? BASE OF BACK COMIL
(if multiple samples,	Sample depth /2-FT
attach sample results	Sample date & res. Sample time 3:00 pm
and diagram of sample	Sample Results
locations and depths)	Benzene (ppm) <u><o.o <="" u=""></o.o></u>
	Total BTEX (ppm) <0.0/
	Field headspace (ppm)
	TPH SEE TAME 3./
Ground Water Sample:	YesNo $X$ (If yes, attach sample results)
I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE BEST OF MY KNOWLE	THE INFORMATION ABOVE IS TRUE AND COMPLETE TO DGE AND BELIEF
DATE 19 FEBRUARY SIGNATURE R. P.	1995 PRINTED NAME 2
SIGNATURE R	PRINTED NAME RANDAU REVESUL AND TITLE CECOSO

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#### STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN

FOR POOL COMPANY

HOBBS, NEW MEXICO

15 September 1993

Prepared for POOL COMPANY

by: Lynne Fahlquist, Linda Dowell and Kyle B. Combest

COMBEST GEOSCIENCE

Austin, Texas

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## **POOL COMPANY**

## Hobbs, New Mexico

STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN						
Emergency Contact: Tim Parker Work Phone: (505) 393-5161						
Title: Area Manager	Emergency Phone: (505) 392-8119 397-6525					
Secondary Contact: Frank Marquez	Work Phone: (505) 393-5161					
Title: Rig Supervisor	Emergency Phone: (505) 396-2008					
Type of Manufacturer: Oil Field Service Industry						
Operating Schedule: 5:30 a.m 6:30 p.m.	·					
Number of Employees: approximately 65						
Average Wastewater Discharge: NA						
NPDES Permit Number:						

Prepared: 15 September 1993

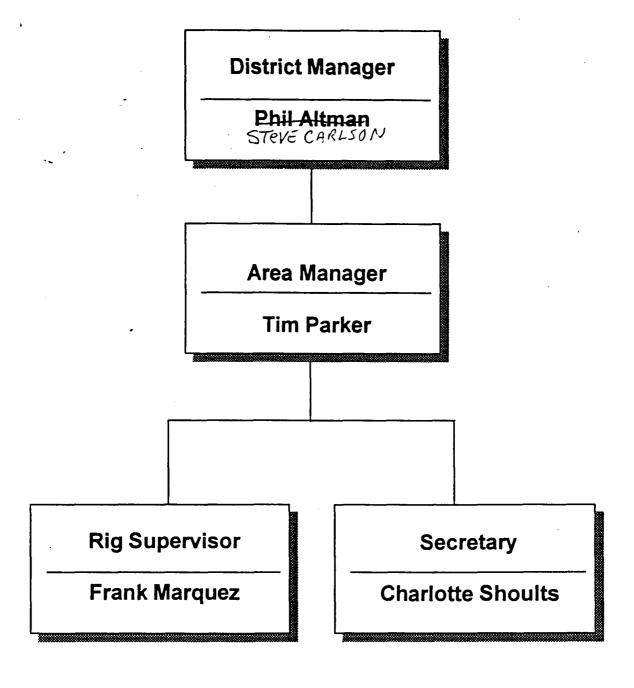
## Pollution Prevention Team

Worksheet #1

Completed By: Fahlquist, Combest
Title: Environmental Geologist
Date: 14 September 1993

member Roster	Date: 14 September 1993						
Steve Caelson Leader: Phil Altman	Title: <u>District Manager</u> 687-4119  Office Phone: 915-651-2397						
Responsibilities: Signatory author	ority.						
.•							
Members:							
(1) Tim Parker	Title: Area Manager						
	Office Phone: 505-393-5161						
Responsibilities: Implement plan	, keep records, ensure report						
preparation and submittal, note	process changes, conduct						
inspections.							
(2) Frank Marquez	Title: Rig Supervisor						
	Office Phone: 505-393-5161						
Responsibilities: Oversee good ho							
maintenance, routine inspections							
(3) Charlotte Shoults	Title: Secretary						
	Office Phone: 505-393-5161						
Responsibilities: Maintain records, additional emergency contact.							
	-						

## Pollution Prevention Team Organizational Chart



#### POOL COMPANY - HOBBS, NEW MEXICO

## Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan Comparison with:

Pool Company (Texas) Inc. Environmental Management Guidelines for Well Servicing, Production and Saltwater Disposal Facilities

Field Manual

Nov 11, 1992

POOL COMPANY Hobbs, New Mexico does not have existing plans or manuals for comparison; however, POOL COMPANY Winters, Texas has a field manual from which some information is related to the Storm Water Pollution Plan. Sections in the field manual which provide additional information relevant to storm water pollution are noted below:

- Above Ground Storage Tanks, Chapter 3, pages 6-8
- Facility Housekeeping, Chapter 4, pages 9-13
- Managing Hazardous Waste, Chapter 5, page 14
- Storm Water Regulations, Chapter 7, pages 21-23
- Environmental Management Guidelines Checklist, Chapter 8, page 24

#### DEVELOPING A SITE MAP

Worksheet #2

Completed by: Linda Dowell, Lynne Fahlquist

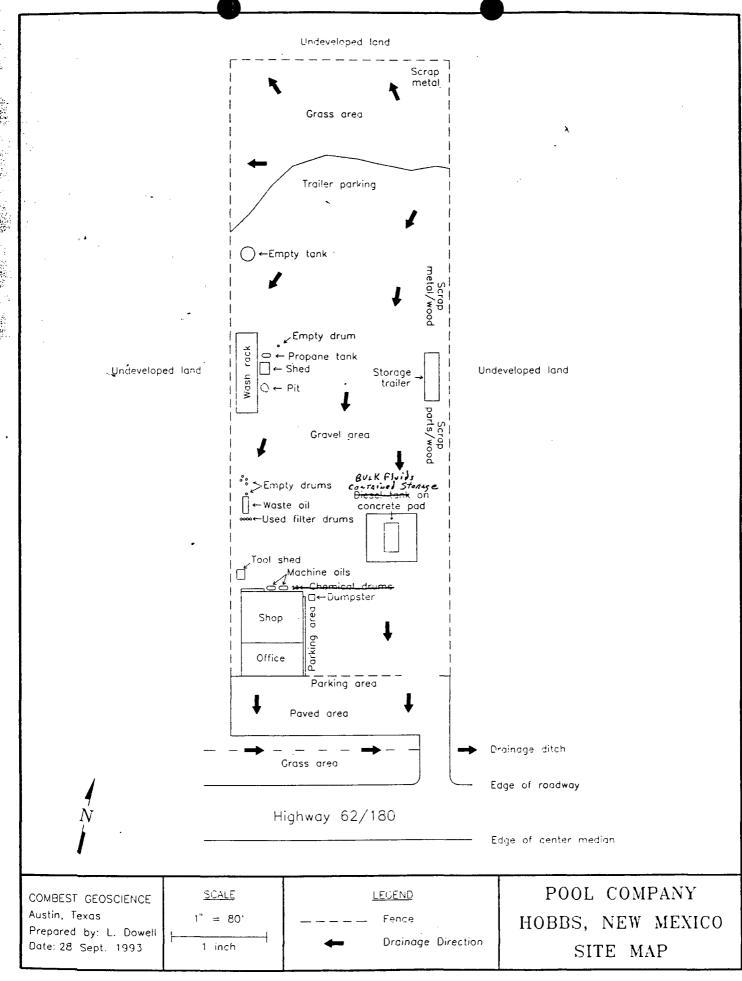
Title: Environmental Geologist

Date: 14 September 1993

Instructions: Draw a map of your site including a footprint of all buildings, structures, paved areas, and parking lots. The information below describes additional elements required by EPA's General Permit (see example maps in Figures 2.3 and 2.4).

EPA's General Permit requires that you indicate the following features on your site map:

- \* All outfalls and storm water discharges
- \* Drainage areas of each storm water outfall
- \* Structural storm water pollution control measures, such as:
  - Flow diversion structures
  - Retention / detention ponds
  - Vegetative swales
  - Sediment traps
- \* Name of receiving waters (or if through a Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System)
- \* Locations of exposed significant materials (see Section 2.2.2)
- \* Locations of past spills and leaks (see Section 2.2.3)
- \* Locations of high-risk, waste-generating areas and activities common on industrial sites such as:
  - Fueling stations
  - Vehicle/equipment washing and maintenance areas
  - Area for unloading/loading materials
  - Industrial waste management areas (landfills, waste piles, treatment plants, disposal areas)
  - Outside storage areas for raw materials, by-products, and finished products
  - Outside manufacturing areas
  - Other areas of concern (specify:\_\_\_\_\_



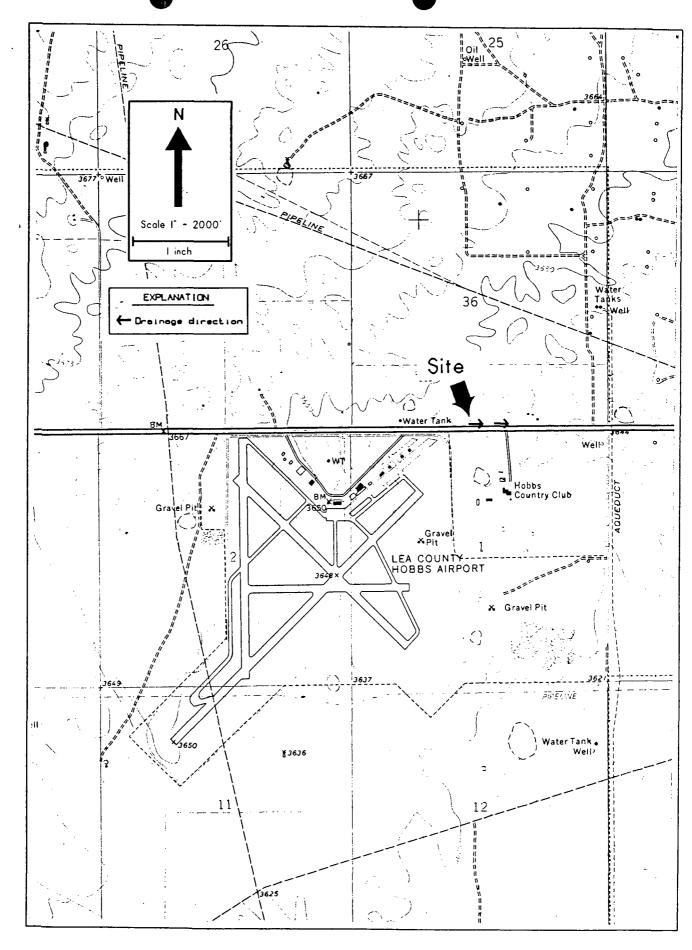


Figure 2. U.S.G.S. topographic map (1:24,000).

MATERIAL INVENTORY

Worksheet #3

Completed by: Lynne Fahlguist, Kyle Combest

Title: Environmental Geologist

Date: 14 September 1993

Instructions: List all materials used, stored, or produced onsite. Assess and evaluate these materials for potential to contribute pollutants to storm water runoff. Also, complete Worksheet 3A if the material has been exposed during the last three years.

		Quantity , (units)			Quantity Exposed in	Likelihood of contact with storm water	Past Significant Spill or Leak	
Material Purpo	Purpose / Location	Used	Produced	Stored	Last 3 years	If yes, describe reason.	Yes	No
Diesel tank	fuel / east central area			st. 10,000 gal	0	low, 110% containment		x-
Wash rack	wash / west central area				0	possible		x
Bulk/waste oil	lubricant / West side			est. 300 gal	0	low, secondarily contained		x
Oil and grease	isolated parking areas				unknown	yes, open to rainfall		×
			·					
Liquid detergent	vehicle wash / wash rack				0	low, stored inside		X

#### DESCRIPTION OF EXPOSED SIGNIFICANT MATERIAL

Worksheet #3A

Completed by: Lynne Fahlguist, Kyle Combest

Title: Environmental Geologist

Date: 14 September 1993

Instructions: Based on your material inventory, describe the significant materials that were exposed to storm water during the past three years and/or are currently exposed. For the definition of "significant materials" see Appendix B of this manual.

Description of Exposed Significant Material	Period of Exposure	Quantity Exposed (units)	Location (as indicated on site map)	Method of Storage or Disposal (e.g., pile, drum, tank)	Description of Material Management Practice (e.g., pile, covered, drum sealed)
Localized oil/grease	varies	isolated	parking, fuel, wash areas	surface	surface
stains		areas			
Wash rack	unknown	unknown	west side	sump	paved, with sump
Diesel fuel stains	unknown	unknown	fuel area	surface	surface
Bulk/waste oil	unknown	unknown	behind shop	small tanks	secondarily contained tanks
					·

1991 NONE

	NON-STORM WATER DISCHARGE ASSESSMENT AND CERTIFICATI		Worksheet #5 Completed by: Lynne Fahlquist, Linda Title: Environmental Geologist Date: 14 September 1993	a Dowell	
Date of Test or Evaluation	Outfall Directly Observed During the Test (identify as indicated on site map)	Method Used to Test or Evaluate Discharge	Describe Results from Test for the Presence of Non-Storm Water Discharge	Identify Potential 'Significant Sources	Name of Person Who Conducted the Test or Evaluation
14 Sept 93	Facility discharge points	Visual inspection	No non-storm water discharges observed	None observed	L. Fahlquist L. Dowell
-	<u>L</u>		CERTIFICATION		
information the informat	er my direction or supervi: submitted. Based on my inq ion, the information submi	sion in accordance with uiry of the person or pe tted is, to the best of	ficial), certify under penalty of law a system designed to assure that quali rsons who manage the system or those p my knowledge and belief, true, accurating the possibility of fine and impris	fied personnel properly gather and persons directly responsible for ga e, and complete. I am aware that the	evaluate the thering
A. Name & Oi	ficial Title (type or prin	t) Nicholas Petron	io; V.P., U.S. Land Opns.	8. Area Code and Tel. No. (7)	L3) 954~3000
C. Signature	D. Tilo	no		D. Date signed November 2	, 1993

# Pool Company - Hobbs, New Mexico Site Assessment Inspection September 14, 1993

Evaluate the site for pollutants.

There are 3 areas where material handling and storage activities take place.

Removed 15-014

- There is a diesel fuel tank present. A remote potential for spills or leaks from the diesel tank exists; the tank is double-walled (110% containment) and the fuel is sufficiently contained. Spills are possible from leaking hoses, pump, or valves attached to the fuel tank. Any soluble diesel fuel compounds could then be picked up in storm water and gradually flow toward Highway 62/80.
  - There is an area where bulk and waste oil and used oil filters are stored. The bulk and waste oil are secondarily contained in tanks above vats. The used oil filters are stored in old drums which are not secondarily contained. The vats are open to rainfall and could conceivably overflow in severe storms.

 There is a wash facility present on site. The wash area is partially covered with two walls that prevent lateral loss of wash water. The wash area is paved with a sump in the center and all wash water is contained within the wash area.

Describe existing management practices.

The site is flat which results in a low volume of runoff except during the severest storms. Vehicles are routinely washed at the wash rack. The wash rack has two walls that prevent lateral loss of wash water. Solid waste is regularly removed from the yard area. The diesel fuel tank is constructed of double walls and rated for 110% containment. Bulk and waste oil area secondarily contained.

WASH RACK Closed - Leeck Field being Renoved Bulk Diesel Tank Removed

Worksheet #6. Existing Storm Water Monitoring Data

Date of Sampling	None Available
Outfall Sampled	
Type of Storm	
Type of Samplers	
-	

Data			
Parameter	Quantity	Sample Type	
`,			
<del></del>			

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> No Existing Monitoring Data for the Site \*\*\*

### Pool Company - Hobbs, New Mexico Summary of Pollutant Sources September 14, 1993

Based on the site assessment inspection conducted on 14 September 1993, the pollution prevention team identified 3 potential sources of pollutants:

- Oil/grease and fuel stains in parking areas and fuel area
- Potential contaminants from wash rack area
  - Potential contaminants from bulk/waste oil and used oil filters.

#### Hobbs Pool Company

# Description of Storm Water Management Measures Taken Based on Site Assessment Phase September 14, 1993

These recommended practices correspond to the pollutant sources identified on the preceding page.

#### Oil/grease and fuel stains

Remove stains from parking and fuel areas. Treat the solids in a bioremediation surface unit by using appropriate treatment methods and permits. Do not top off vehicles when fueling. Check hoses and valves at each use. Berm fuel transfer area.

#### Bulk/waste oil

Store under cover if possible. Regularly remove fluid waste from secondary containers. Store used oil filter containers under cover with secondary containment.

#### Wash rack

Berm ends of wash rack area. Improve sump and regularly remove waste water.

### POLLUTANT SOURCE IDENTIFICATION (Section 2.2.6)

Worksheet #7

Completed by: Lynne Fahlquist, Kyle Combest

Title: Environmental Geologist

Date: 14 September 1993

Instructions: List all identified storm water pollutant sources and describe existing management practices that address those sources.

In the third column, list BMP options that can be incorporated into the plan to address remaining sources of pollutants.

Storm Water Pollutant Sources	Existing Management Practices	Description of New BMP Options
1. Diesel tank	Inspection, 110% containment	Berm fuel transfer area. Inspect valves and hoses.
2. Trash receptacles	Regularly emptied, no liquid waste, not overfilled	Close lids when not in use.
3. Oil/grease and fuel stains	·	Use shovel to remove stained areas.
4. Detergent / degreaser	Stored under cover	Use phosphate-free detergent.
5. Bulk/waste oil	Secondary containment	Regularly clean secondary containment. Cover if possible.
6. Oil / grease and fuel stains		
7.		
8.		·
9.		
10.		

### BMP IDENTIFICATION (Section 2.3.1)

Worksheet #7a

Completed by: Lynne Fahlquist, Kyle Combest

Title: Environmental Geologist

Date: 14 September 1993

Instructions: Describe the Best Management Practices that you have selected to include in your plan. For each of the baseline BMPs, describe actions that will be incorporated into facility operations. Also describe any additional BMPs (activity-specific, (Chapter 3) and site-specific BMPs (Chapter 4)] that you have selected. Attach additional sheets if necessary.

BMPs	Brief Description of Activities			
Good Housekeeping	Wash vehicles and rigs frequently. Maintain regular trash pick-up and cleaning. Remove unusable scraps, parts, tires, and drums.			
Preventative Maintenance				
Inspections	Inspect tanks, hoses, and valves regularly. Inspect vehicles regularly. Inspect site regularly.			
	Berm fuel transfer area. Avoid topping off of vehicles. Improve wash rack sump. Regularly inspect secondary containment for oil.			
Sediment and Erosion Control	No erosion observed.			
Management of Runoff	Flat area - runoff management unnecessary.			
Additional BMPs (Activity-specific and Site-specific)				

## Pool Company - Hobbs, New Mexico Employee Training Program

#### . Who:

ALL EMPLOYEES should become familiar with the STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN.

#### When:

Either annually, or as needed, meetings should be scheduled by the PLAN coordinator to discuss:

- Employee training
- Good housekeeping, spill prevention and response procedures,
   and material handling practices
- Any changes to the PLAN
- Any new Management practices

Refresher training is recommended annually for all employees to address the following Employee Training Program Topics:

#### Good Housekeeping

- Review and demonstrate basic cleanup procedures
- Clearly indicate proper disposal methods and locations
- Post signs in materials handling areas reminding staff of good housekeeping procedures
- Ensure that employees know where routine clean-up equipment is located

#### Spill Prevention and Response

- Clearly identify potential spill areas and drainage routes
- Familiarize employees with past spill events -- why they happened and the environmental impact
- Post warning signs in spill areas with emergency contacts and telephone numbers

#### Spill Prevention and Response cont.

- Identify the Spill Response Coordinator and his/her "team"
- Practice spill clean-up procedures
- Post the locations of spill clean-up equipment and the persons responsible for operating the equipment

#### Materials Handling and Storage

- Be sure employees are aware which materials are hazardous,
   where those materials are stored, and how they are properly handled
- Point out container labels; make sure containers are properly labeled with NFPA Hazard Labels
- Demonstrate how valves are tightly closed and how drums should be sealed
- Show how to fuel vehicles and avoid "topping off"

Worksheet #8
Completed by: Lynne Fahlquist, Kyle Combest
Title: Environmental Geologist
Date: 14 September 1993

Instructions: Develop a schedule for implementing each BMP. Provide a brief description of each BMP, the steps necessary to implement the BMP (i.e., any construction or design), the schedule for completing those steps (list dates) and the person(s) responsible for implementation.

BMPs	Description of Action(s) Required for Implementation	Scheduled Completion Date(s)	Person Responsible for Action	Notes
Good Housekeeping	1. Clean vehicles and rigs, stored equipment and parts	01 Oct 1993	Operator	
dood housekeeping	2. Regular trash pick-up and cleaning	01 Oct 1993	All Employees	
	3. Remove unusable scraps, old drums	01 Jan 1994	Tim Parker	
Preventative Maintenance	1.			
Treventative native native	2.			
	3.		·	
Inspections	1. Inspect tanks, barrels, hoses, valves	01 Oct 1993	Operator	
mapeerrons	2. Inspect vehicles	01 Oct 1993	Operator	
	3. Inspect rigs	01 Oct 1993	Operator	
Spill Prevention and Response	1. Develop spill training	01 Oct 1993	Tim Parker	
Spire in evention and response	2. Improve wash rack sump	01 Jan 1994	Tim Parker	ON-going
	3.			
Sediment and Erosion Control	1.			
Seament and Froston Control	2.			
	3.			
Management of Duraff	1. BMPs already in place			
Management of Runoff	2.			
	3.			
	1.			
Additional BMPs (Activity and Site-Specific)	2.			
	3.			

EMPLOYEE TRAINING (Section 2.4.2)

Worksheet #9

Completed by: Lynne Fahlquist, Kyle Combest

Title: Environmental Geologist

Date: 14 September 1993

Instructions: Describe the employee training program for your facility below. The program should, at a minimum, address spill prevention and response, good housekeeping, and material management practices. Provide a schedule for the training program and list the employees who attend training sessions.

Training Topics	Brief Description of Training Program/Materials (e.g., file, newsletter course)	Schedule for Training (list dates)	Attendees
Spill Prevention and Response	Locate and discuss past spill areas, potential spill areas, explain spill response procedures	Annually or as needed	All Employees
Good Housekeeping	Review good housekeeping practices	Annually or as needed	All Employees
Material Management Practices	Discuss hazardous materials safety, handling, and wastes that are on site	Annually or as needed	All Employees
Other Topics	Environmental / health safety issues and incidents. Reminders of pollution prevention plan issues.	Annually or as needed	All Employees
	·		

Attachment A
Photographs



Photo 1. View to northwest showing entrance, parking, office, shop, wash rack (background), and AST (right).

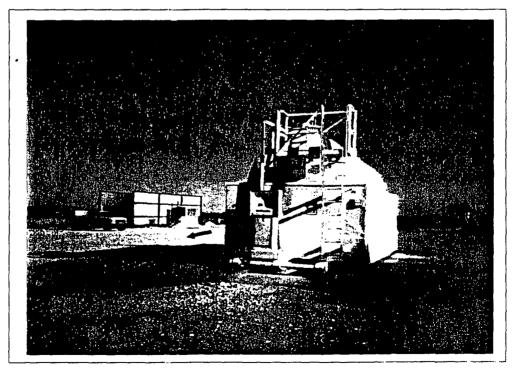


Photo 2. View to northwest showing AST, and wash rack (background).

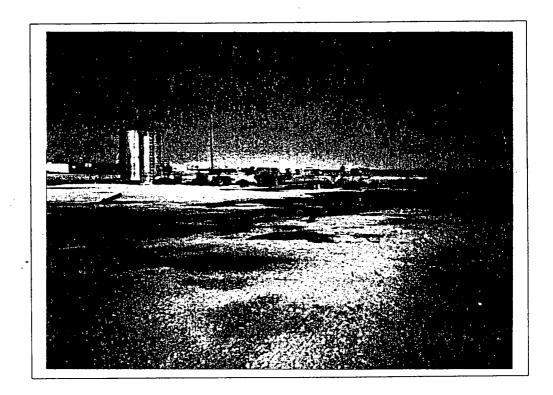


Photo 3. View to northwest showing empty tank and trailer parking.

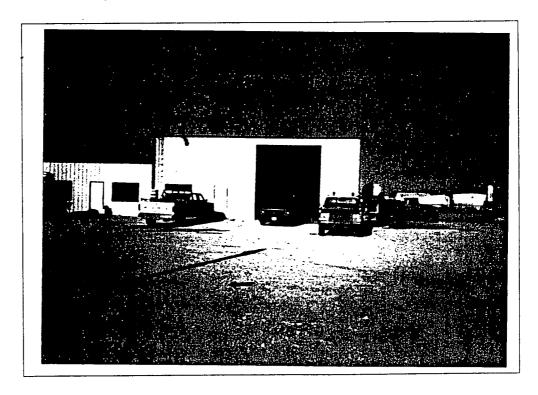


Photo 4. View to west showing office and shop.

Attachment B
Regulatory Contacts

State	Storm Water Contact	Pollution Prevention Contact  Marl Mahoney 617-565-1155		
REGION I	Veronica Harrington 617-565-3525			
REGION II	Jose Rivera 212-264-2911	Janet Sapadin 212-264-1925		
REGION III	Kevin Magerr 215-597-1651	Roy Denmark 215-597-8327		
REGION IV	Roosevelt Childress 404-347-3379	Carol Monell 404-347-7109		
REGION V	Peter Swenson 312-886-0236	Louis Blume 312-353-4135		
REGION VI .	Brent Larsen 214-655-7175	Laura Townsend 214-655-6525		
REGION VII	Ralph Summers 913-551-7418	Alan Wehmeyer 913-551-7336		
REGION VIII	Vern Berry 303-293-1630	Sharon Childs 303-293-1456		
REGION IX	. Eugene Bromley 415-744-1906	Jesse Baskir 415-744-2189		
REGION X	Steve Bubnick 206-553-3399	Carolyn Gangmark 206-553-4072		

From Appendix D of U.S. EPA Rept. No. EPA/832/R-92/006 (Sept. 1992)

State	Storm Water Contact	Pollution Prevention Contact		
Okiahoma	Brooks Kirlin 504-231-2500	Chris Varga 405-271-7047		
Oregon	Ranei Nomura 503-229-5256	Roy W. Brower 503-229-6585		
Pennsylvania	R. B. Patel 717-787-8184	Greg Harder 717-772-2724		
*Rhode Island -	Ed Symanski 401-244-3931	Janet Keller 401-277-3434		
*South Carolina	Brigit McDade 803-734-5300	Jeffrey DeBossonet 803-734-4715		
South Dakota	Glenn Pieritz 605-773-3351	Vonnie Kallmeyn 605-773-3153		
*Tennessee	Robert Haley 615-741-2275	James Ault 615-742-6547		
Texas	Randy Wilburn 512-463-8446	Priscilla Seymour 512-463-77661		
*Utah •	Harry Campbell 801-538-6146	Sonja Wallace 801-538-6170		
*Vermont	Brian Kooiker 802-244-5674	Gary Gulka 802-244-8702		
Virgin Islands	Marc Pacifico 809-773-0565	See Region II Contact		
*Virginia	Martin Ferguson, Jr. 804-527-5030	Sharon Kenneally-Baxter 804-371-8716		
*Washington	Peter Birch 206-438-7076	Stan Springer 206-438-7541		
*West Virginia	Jerry Ray 304-348-0375	Dale Moncer 304-348-4000		
*Wisconsin	Ann Mauel 608-267-7634	Lynn Persson 608-267-3763		
*Wyoming	John Wagner 307-777-7082	David Finley 307-777-7752		

From Appendix D of U.S. EPA Rept. No. EPA/832/R-92/006 (Sept. 1992)

CHEMICAL QUALITY OF

NEW MEXICO

COMMUNITY WATER SUPPLIES

-1980-

A Compilation of Chemical and Physical Data



Environmental Improvement Division
Thomas E. Baca, Director

Water Supply Section

Francisco N. Garcia
Program Manager

Steven T. Pierce
Environmental Scientist

System Name	El Paso Natural Gas (Monument)	Eunice	Hobbs		Jal 1	Jal 2	
Well Name	Well #1	Combination	Combinatio	on	Well #1	Well a	#2
NCTT Hame		of Wells	of Wells				
Code Number	570-13	215-13	216-13		217-13	217-13	3
Latitude Longitude					32-02-35 103-06-27	32-02-0 103-24-9	
ARSENIC		0.011	<0.007	(2)	<0.005	0.006	
BARIUM		0.12	<0.11	(2)	<0.10	<0.10	
CADMIUM		<0.001	<0.001	(2)	<0.001	<0.001	
CHROMIUM	DATA	<0.005	<0.005	(2)	<0.005	<0.005	
FLUORIDE		1.19	1.02		2.59 (2)	2.23	(2)
LEAD		<0.005	<0.006	(2)	0.010	<0.005	
MERCURY	NOT	0.0009	<0.0005	(2)	0.0007	<0.000	5
NITRATE	2.44	3.87 (2)	1.12	(2)	1.99	1.60	(2)
SILVER		<0.001	<0.006	(2)	<0.001	<0.001	
SELENIUM	AVAILABLE	0.004	<0.005	(2)	<0.005	<0.005	-
GROSS ALPHA			$0.0 \pm 2$	.5			
GROSS BETA			0.0 ± 2				
RADIUM-226							
RADIUM-228							
ALKALINITY		175	206		204	179	(2)
BIÇARBONATE		213.3	251.1		249.4	218.3	(2)
CALCIUM		68.0	88.0		82.4	90.3	(2)
CARBONATE		0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	(2)
CHLORIDE		33.3	51.8		43.9	61.4	(2)
COLOR		10.3	25.0		1.0	0.0	(2)
CONDUCTANCE		585	<u>737</u>		880	1,070	(2)
FOAMING AGENTS		<0.05	<0.05		<0.05	<0.05	(2)
HARDNESS		210	274		348	409	(2)
IRON		<0.25	0.65		1.15	<0.62	(2)
MAGNESIUM		9.6	12.6		34.8	43.7	(2)
MANGANESE		<0.05	0.13		<0.05	<0.05	(2)
ODOR		none	none		none	none	(2)
рH		7.81	7.68		7.97	7.64	(2)
POTASSIUM		3.12	2.73		5.07	4.49	(2)
SODIUM		39.1	52.9		55.2	74.8	(2)
SULFATE		62.6	82.9		168.8	266.6	(2)
T. FILT. RES.		409	494		588	776	(2)
TURBIDITY		0.3	1.6	9	5.9	3.3	(2)

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## Geology and Ground-Water Conditions in Southern Lea County, New Mexico

by ALEXANDER NICHOLSON, Jr. and ALFRED CLEBSCH, JR.

UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

Prepared in cooperation with the New Mexico Institute of Mining and Technology, State Bureau of Mines and Mineral Resources Division and the New Mexico State Engineer

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CAMPUS STATION SOCORRO, NEW MEXICO

## ISOIL SURVEY

# Heat Country, New Mexico



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Soil Conservation Service

NEW MEXICO AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION

: Libued Jakuary 1974:

