June 2015

C-144 Permit Package for Cypress 34 Federal 10H Solids Burial Pit Sec 34 T23S R29E, Eddy Co.



View north toward potash tailings pond/playa lake'ht qo 'f thrapi 'r cf.

Prepared for: Oxy USA Houston, Texas

Prepared by:

R.T. Hicks Consultants, Ltd. 901 Rio Grande NW F-142 Albuquerque, New Mexico

R. T. HICKS CONSULTANTS, LTD.

901 Rio Grande Blvd NW ▲ Suite F-142 ▲ Albuquerque, NM 87104 ▲ 505.266.5004 ▲ Fax: 505.266-0745 Artesia ▲ Carlsbad ▲ Durango ▲ Midland

June 22, 2015

Ms. Heather Patterson Mr. Mike Bratcher NMOCD District 2 811 S. First Street Artesia, New Mexico 88210 Via E-mail and US Mail

RE: C-144 for Oxy USA Cypress 34 Federal 10H SHL Sec 34 T23S R29E,

Dear Ms. Patterson and Mr. Bratcher:

On behalf of Oxy USA, Inc., R.T. Hicks Consultants, Ltd. is pleased to submit the attached permit for a temporary pit. Please note the following in the C-144 Package

- 1. The hydrogeologic data are quite good for the area; the location meets the setback distance to groundwater. Evidence shows that the shallow groundwater unit has a TDS concentration in excess of 10,000 mg/L.
- 2. My personal site inspection showed no signs of unstable ground within this medium cave/karst potential area.
- 3. With respect to nearby watercourses, the pit meets the setback criteria.
- 4. The submission includes a variance request for pit side slopes of 1.5H:1V. This variance has been previously approved by OCD for other temporary pits.
- 5. The temporary pit generic plans are *almost* verbatim from previously-approved C-144 drilling pit permits. The difference in these plans is due to the fact that the pit is not a conventional circulating reserve pit (see below).
- 6. This letter and application are copied to the surface owner (BLM) as notification of the intent to bury drilling solids on-site.
- 7. Oxy plans to begin construction of the pit in early-mid July. If you can review this permit before July 10, that would be much appreciated.
- 8. As this is a new type of pit design and Oxy has not used the particular rig before, the exact layout of the pit on the location will not be established until early July when the rig is drilling a nearby well using closed loop/haul-off. We will submit a revised diagram for the pit and site layout in early July as a minor modification. Please note Plate 2 of the application identifies several alternatives for the pit location all of which meet the setback requirements. Additionally, each alternative pit is sufficiently proximal to the well to be considered "located at one of the associated permitted well drilling locations".

Because Oxy plans to drill two other wells nearby each of which will use similar solids burial pits on location, we will log the cuttings of the conductor pipe at the 10H well and possibly collect a groundwater sample. These data may prove useful to OCD for their review of the tow pit permits for these other two wells. June 21, 2015 Page 2

The drilling and production pad may be too small to construct a pit that would allow a direct discharge from the shaker and centrifuge. Therefore, the operation of may include these measures as part of the operation and maintenance plan:

- 1. Solids from the shaker and centrifuge will fall into a 3-sided steel bin as will excess grout/cement from circulation to surface during casing.
- 2. A backhoe, forklift or other equipment will remove and transport the solids to the pit. The solids will be wet and should flow down the side of the pit. The backhoe will shift the place of solids discharge to avoid mounding of solids.
- 3. The pit will be lined with 30-mil LLDPE rather than the minimum 20-mil LLDPE required by the Rule in order to provide additional protection.
- 4. If mounding of solids does occur beneath the areas where the backhoe places solids, water <u>may</u> be periodically discharged on the solids to cause distribution and flow toward the low end of the pit. Some water may be held in the pit for this purpose.
- Standing water will be removed from the pit soon after 24/7 activities at the location cease in order to avoid netting the pit per the Conditions of Approval of BLM. Appendix B is an example set of Conditions of Approval recently provided to an operator by BLM

Because of logistical concerns relating to the size of the pad and the large amount of equipment required for hydraulic stimulation, the pit may be located on the existing production pad of the adjacent Cypress 34 Federal 4H well (see Plate 3) or within the area of disturbance allowed for this well and lease road. If this is the case, the surface reclamation of the pit will consist of replacing the production pad or lease road rather than re-vegetation.

Please let me know if you have any questions or concerns.

Sincerely, R.T. Hicks Consultants

Randall Hicks

Copy: Oxy USA BLM Carlsbad (surface owner)

C-144 and Site Specific Information for Temporary Pit

R.T. Hicks Consultants, Ltd.

901 Rio Grande Blvd. NW, Suite F-142 Albuquerque, NM 87104

For temporary pits, below-grade tanks, and multi-well fluid management pits, submit to the appropriate NMOCD District Office. For permanent pits submit to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office and provide a copy to the appropriate NMOCD District Office.

<u>Pit, Below-Grade Tank, or</u> Proposed Alternative Method Permit or Closure Plan Application

Type of action: Below grade tank registration

Permit of a pit or proposed alternative method

Closure of a pit, below-grade tank, or proposed alternative method

] Modification to an existing permit/or registration

Closure plan only submitted for an existing permitted or non-permitted pit, below-grade tank,

or proposed alternative method

Instructions: Please submit one application (Form C-144) per individual pit, below-grade tank or alternative request

Please be advised that approval of this request does not relieve the operator of liability should operations result in pollution of surface water, ground water or the environment. Nor does approval relieve the operator of its responsibility to comply with any other applicable governmental authority's rules, regulations or ordinances.

Operator: OXY USA, Inc OGRID #: 160696
Address: PO B o x 50250 Midland, TX 79710,
Facility or well name: Cypress 34 Federal 10H
API Number: <u>30-015-43076</u> OCD Permit Number:
U/L or Qtr/Qtr Section 34 Township 23S Range 29E County: Eddy
Center of Proposed Design: Latitude <u>32.2678920</u> Longitude <u>-103.9796248</u> NAD: XI927 I 1983 (WELL LOCATION)
Surface Owner: 🖾 Federal 🗌 State 🔲 Private 🗋 Tribal Trust or Indian Allotment
2.
∑ <u>Pit</u> : Subsection F, G or J of 19.15.17.11 NMAC
Temporary: 🖾 Drilling 🗌 Workover
□ Permanent □ Emergency □ Cavitation □ P&A □ Multi-Well Fluid Management Low Chloride Drilling Fluid □ yes ⊠ no
Lined Unlined Liner type: Thickness <u>50</u> mil XLLDPE HDPE PVC Other
String-Reinforced
Liner Seams: 🛛 Welded 🗌 Factory 🗋 Other Volume 8793 barrels Dimensions: L <u>195 x 47 x D ; feet</u>
1
Below-grade tank: Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC
Volume:bbl Type of fluid:
Tank Construction material:
Secondary containment with leak detection 🗌 Visible sidewalls, liner, 6-inch lift and automatic overflow shut-off
□ Visible sidewalls and liner □ Visible sidewalls only □ Other
Liner type: Thicknessmil 🔲 HDPE 📄 PVC 🗋 Other
Alternative Method:
Submittal of an exception request is required. Exceptions must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office for consideration of approval.
5.
Fencing: Subsection D of 19.15.17.11 NMAC (Applies to permanent pits, temporary pits, and below-grade tanks)
Chain link, six feet in height, two strands of barbed wire at top (<i>Required if located within 1000 feet of a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution or church</i>)
Four foot height, four strands of barbed wire evenly spaced between one and four feet
Alternate. Please specify

Netting: Subsection E of 19.15.17.11 NMAC (Applies to permanent pits and permanent open top tanks)

Screen Netting Other_

Monthly inspections (If netting or screening is not physically feasible)

Signs: Subsection C of 19.15.17.11 NMAC

12"x 24", 2" lettering, providing Operator's name, site location, and emergency telephone numbers

Signed in compliance with 19.15.16.8 NMAC

Variances and Exceptions:

Justifications and/or demonstrations of equivalency are required. Please refer to 19.15.17 NMAC for guidance.

Please check a box if one or more of the following is requested, if not leave blank:

- Variance(s): Requests must be submitted to the appropriate division district for consideration of approval.
- Exception(s): Requests must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office for consideration of approval.

9. Siting Criteria (regarding permitting): 19.15.17.10 NMAC Instructions: The applicant must demonstrate compliance for each siting criteria below in the application. Recommendations of accept material are provided below. Siting criteria does not apply to drying pads or above-grade tanks.	ptable source
General siting	
Ground water is less than 25 feet below the bottom of a low chloride temporary pit or below-grade tank	□ Yes □ No ⊠ NA
Ground water is less than 50 feet below the bottom of a Temporary pit, permanent pit, or Multi-Well Fluid Management pit. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells See Figures 1 & 2	☐ Yes ⊠ No ☐ NA
 Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field covered under a municipal ordinance adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended. (Does not apply to below grade tanks) See Figure 5 Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality 	🗌 Yes 🖾 No
 Within the area overlying a subsurface mine. (Does not apply to below grade tanks) See Figure 7 Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM EMNRD-Mining and Mineral Division 	🗌 Yes 🛛 No
 Within an unstable area. (Does not apply to below grade tanks) See Figure 8 Engineering measures incorporated into the design; NM Bureau of Geology & Mineral Resources; USGS; NM Geological Society; Topographic map 	🗌 Yes 🖾 No
 Within a 100-year floodplain. (Does not apply to below grade tanks) See Figure 9 FEMA map 	🗌 Yes 🛛 No
Below Grade Tanks	
 Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, significant watercourse, lake bed, sinkhole, wetland or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
 Within 200 horizontal feet of a spring or a fresh water well used for public or livestock consumption;. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
Temporary Pit using Low Chloride Drilling Fluid (maximum chloride content 15,000 mg/liter)	
 Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or any other significant watercourse or within 200 feet of any lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). (Applies to low chloride temporary pits.) Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
 Within 300 feet from a occupied permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No

Within 200 horizontal feet of a spring or a private, domestic fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes, or 300feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in existence at the time of the initial application. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site

 Within 100 feet of a wetland. US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
Temporary Pit Non-low chloride drilling fluid	
 Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or any other significant watercourse, or within 200 feet of any lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). See Figure 3 Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🛛 No
 Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image. See Figure 4 	🗌 Yes 🛛 No
 Within 500 horizontal feet of a spring or a private, domestic fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes, or 1000 feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in the existence at the time of the initial application; NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site See Figures 1 & 2 	🗌 Yes 🛛 No
 Within 300 feet of a wetland. See Figure 6 US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🛛 No
Permanent Pit or Multi-Well Fluid Management Pit	
 Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse, or lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
 Within 1000 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
 Within 500 horizontal feet of a spring or a fresh water well used for domestic or stock watering purposes, in existence at the time of initial application. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
 Within 500 feet of a wetland. US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
10. Temporary Pits, Emergency Pits, and Below-grade Tanks Permit Application Attachment Checklist: Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 N Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the doc attached. □ Hydrogeologic Report (Below-grade Tanks) - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (4) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC ⊠ Hydrogeologic Data (Temporary and Emergency Pits) - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (2) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC ⊠ Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC ⊠ Design Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC ⊠ Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC ⊠ Closure Plan (Please complete Boxes 14 through 18, if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19. and 19.15.17.13 NMAC □ Previously Approved Design (attach copy of design) API Number: or Permit Number:	IMAC cuments are 9 NMAC 15.17.9 NMAC
11. <u>Multi-Well Fluid Management Pit Checklist</u> : Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC	
Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the doc attached. Design Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC A List of wells with approved application for permit to drill associated with the pit. Closure Plan (Please complete Boxes 14 through 18, if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19 and 19.15.17.13 NMAC Hydrogeologic Data - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (4) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Previously Approved Design (attach copy of design) API Number:	cuments are .15.17.9 NMAC
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12. <u>Permanent Pits Permit Application Checklist</u> : Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application Please indicate by a check mark in the box that the	documents are
attached. Hydrogeologic Report - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (1) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Climatological Factors Assessment Certified Engineering Design Plans - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Dike Protection and Structural Integrity Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Leak Detection Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Quality Control/Quality Assurance Construction and Installation Plan Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC Freeboard and Overtopping Prevention Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Nuisance or Hazardous Odors, including H ₂ S, Prevention Plan Oil Field Waste Stream Characterization Monitoring and Inspection Plan Erosion Control Plan Closure Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.9 NMAC and 19.15.17.13 NMAC	uocumenis ure
13. Proposed Closure: 19.15.17.13 NMAC Instructions: Please complete the applicable boxes, Boxes 14 through 18, in regards to the proposed closure plan. Type: Drilling Workover Emergency Cavitation P&A Permanent Pit Below-grade Tank Multi-well F Alternative Proposed Closure Method: Waste Excavation and Removal Waste Removal (Closed-loop systems only) On-site Closure Method (Only for temporary pits and closed-loop systems) In-place Burial On-site Trench Burial Alternative Closure Method	luid Management Pit
 <u>Waste Excavation and Removal Closure Plan Checklist</u>: (19.15.17.13 NMAC) <i>Instructions: Each of the following items must be closure plan. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached.</i> Protocols and Procedures - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Confirmation Sampling Plan (if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number (for liquids, drilling fluids and drill cuttings) Soil Backfill and Cover Design Specifications - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Site Reclamation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC 	attached to the
^{15.} Siting Criteria (regarding on-site closure methods only): 19.15.17.10 NMAC Instructions: Each siting criteria requires a demonstration of compliance in the closure plan. Recommendations of acceptable sou provided below. Requests regarding changes to certain siting criteria require justifications and/or demonstrations of equivalency. I 19.15.17.10 NMAC for guidance.	rce material are Please refer to
Ground water is less than 25 feet below the bottom of the buried waste. - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells	☐ Yes ⊠ No □ NA
 Ground water is between 25-50 feet below the bottom of the buried waste NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells 	□ Yes ⊠ No □ NA
 Ground water is more than 100 feet below the bottom of the buried waste. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells 	⊠ Yes □ No □ NA
 Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse, lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed 	🗌 Yes 🖾 No
 Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image 	🗌 Yes 🛛 No
 Within 300 horizontal feet of a private, domestic fresh water well or spring used for domestic or stock watering purposes, in existence at the time of initial application. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🛛 No
Within 300 feet of a wetland. US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	🗌 Yes 🛛 No
Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field covered under a municipal ordinance adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended. - Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality	🗌 Yes 🛛 No
Form C-144 Oil Conservation Division Page 4 c	of 6

o. Closure Method: Waste Excavation and Removal On-Site Closure Method Altern If different from approved plan, please explain.	ative Closure Method 🔲 Waste Removal (Closed	-loop systems only)
9. Closure Report (required within 60 days of closure completion): 19.15.17.13 Instructions: Operators are required to obtain an approved closure plan prior The closure report is required to be submitted to the division within 60 days of the fection of the form until an approved closure plan has been obtained and the co	NMAC to implementing any closure activities and submitti the completion of the closure activities. Please do n losure activities have been completed.	ng the closure report ot complete this
Title:	OCD Permit Number:	
OCD Approval: Permit Application (including closure plan) Closure P OCD Representative Signature:	lan (only) OCD Conditions (see attachment) Approval Date:	
-mail address:	<u>Telephone:</u> <u>113-350-4921</u>	
Signature: Dissarp Earce	Date: June 19, 2015	
Derator Application Certification: I hereby certify that the information submitted with this application is true, accur Name (Print): Linsay Earle	ate and complete to the best of my knowledge and b Title: Drilling Engineer	elief.
Site Reclamation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subset	cuon H of 19.13.17.13 NMAC	
 Proof of Surface Owner Notice - based upon the appropriate requirements of Construction/Design Plan of Burial Trench (if applicable) based upon the Construction/Design Plan of Temporary Pit (for in-place burial of a drying Protocols and Procedures - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19. Confirmation Sampling Plan (if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of 20. Confirmation Sampling Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 20. Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number (for liquids, drilling fluids and Soil Cover Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection Re-vegetation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection 	appropriate requirements of Subsection K of 19.15.1 pad) - based upon the appropriate requirements of 1 15.17.13 NMAC equirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC of 19.15.17.13 NMAC drill cuttings or in case on-site closure standards can n H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC n H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC	7.11 NMAC 9.15.17.11 NMAC mot be achieved)
Dn-Site Closure Plan Checklist: (19.15.17.13 NMAC) Instructions: Each of a y a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached. Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements.	the following items must be attached to the closure, equirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC	plan. Please indicat
		Yes No
Vithin a 100-year floodplain.		Yes 🛛 No
 Vithin an unstable area. Engineering measures incorporated into the design; NM Bureau of Geolo Society: Topographic map 	gy & Mineral Resources; USGS; NM Geological	🗋 Yes 🛛 No
 Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM EMNRD-Minin 	ng and Mineral Division	

- Proof of Deed Notice (surface owner and division)
 Proof of Deed Notice (required for on-site closure for private land only)
 Plot Plan (for on-site closures and temporary pits)
 Confirmation Sampling Analytical Results (if applicable)
 Waste Material Sampling Analytical Results (required for on-site closure)
 Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number
 Soil Backfilling and Cover Installation
 Re-vegetation Application Rates and Seeding Technique
 Site Reclamation (Photo Documentation)
 On-site Closure Location: Latitude
- - On-site Closure Location: Latitude

Longitude

NAD: 1927 1983

22. Operator Closure Certification:

I hereby certify that the information and attachments submitted with this closure report belief. I also certify that the closure complies with all applicable closure requirements	t is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and and conditions specified in the approved closure plan.
Name (Print):	Title:
Signature:	Date:
e-mail address:	Telephone:

Distance to Groundwater

Figure 1, Figure 2, and the discussion below demonstrates that groundwater (fresh water as defined by NMOCD Rules) at the location is greater than 100 feet beneath the temporary pit that will contain fluids that cannot be classified as "low-chloride." Groundwater will be more than 100 feet below the bottom of the buried waste, meeting criteria for in-place closure.

Figure 1 is a geologic/ topographic map that shows:

- 1. The location of staked well locations as hexagons.
- 2. Water wells from the OSE database are plotted as a blue triangle inside colored circles that indicate well depth, if such wells exist within the area of the map. OSE wells are often miss-located in the WATERS database as older wells are plotted in the center of the quarter, quarter, quarter, of the Section Township and Range.
- 3. Water wells from the USGS database as large green triangles, if such wells existed.
- 4. Water wells, which are not documented in the public databases but were identified by field inspection or other published reports as colored squares.
- 5. The depth-to-water from the most recent available measurement for each well is provided adjacent to the well symbol.

Our examination of the geology of the area near the proposed temporary pit cause us to conclude that the uppermost water-bearing zone lay in Quaternary Alluvium, where present, and the underlying Rustler Formation, which is probably hydraulically connected to the Alluvium in this area. As discussed below, seepage from the potash mines tailings pond, formerly a playa lake, has caused significant salinity in the uppermost groundwater zone beneath the proposed pit.

Figure 2 is an area topographic map that shows:

- 1. The location of the staked locations as hexagons.
- 2. Water wells measured by the USGS or other parties, the total depth of the well and the calculated elevation of the groundwater surface.

The Rustler Formation contains groundwater for beneficial use east of the area of the proposed pit. On the eastern border of Figures 1 and 2, wells Misc-7, Misc-10 and Misc-165 are fresh water wells. Fresh water also exists in the Alluvium on the west side of the Pecos River (e.g. C-2182) about 1.5 miles west of the locations. Adjacent to and down-gradient from the former playa lake (tailings pond for potash mines), brine has seeped into the permeable units of the Alluvium and Rustler. We sampled well Misc-312, about 1-mile north of the proposed pits and the laboratory result showed 174,000 mg/L chloride. Misc-189 and Misc-190, which lie about two miles southwest of the Cypress locations, are background monitoring wells associated with the Malaga Salt facility. These wells exhibit TDS concentrations slightly above or slightly below 30,000 mg/ and chloride concentrations in excess of 10,000 mg/L. Finally, near Malaga Bend (in the area of wells Misc 204 and Misc. 188), the USGS and others¹ have documented a

¹ See <u>http://pecosbasin.tamu.edu/media/453325/malaga-bend-ppt_prc-meeting_april-2014.pdf</u> and <u>https://repository.tamu.edu/bitstream/handle/1969.1/86109/TR-315%20-</u> Hydrology%2c%20Salinity%2c%20and%20Salinity%20Control.pdf?sequence=1&isAllowed=y

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Siting Criteria (19.15.17.10 NMAC) Oxy USA – Cypress 34 Federal 10H

pressurized brine zone leaking into the alluvium (and Pecos River) that caused widespread salinization of groundwater in the alluvium and bedrock units.

As shown in the graphic below extracted from <u>http://pubs.usgs.gov/bul/1141b/plate-1.pdf</u>, the location of the pit (green circle) is about 1 mile south of the 1939 playa lake shoreline. The



location lies on a caliche unit (Qc) which in turn overlies Quaternary Alluvium (Qal). The bedrock beneath the alluvium is the Magenta Dolomite of the Rustler Formation (Prm due north and northeast of the location) or possibly the Quaternary Gautuna Formation (Qg) which crops out south of the location.

Based upon the outcrop pattern and topography, the Gautuna Formation probably lies above the water table in the area. The Magenta Dolomite may also lie above the water table, which would leave the underlying Culebra Dolomite (Prcb – the "b" signifies brecciation of the Culebra) as the uppermost permeable zone that contains groundwater. The Culebra is porous and would readily transmit water (brine) from the potash tailings pond down dip (south) toward the location.

The map also shows that the top of the salt in the Salado Formation is at an elevation of 2600 feet asl, or about 450 feet beneath the location/pit. The top of the Salado dips south in this area.

For Figure 2 we did not use any data from the OSE database as this data relies upon observed water levels by drillers during the completion of the water well. The OSE dataset provides some useful data in certain areas – but due to the intrusion of brine from the tailings pond into permeable zones, it is not surprising that water supply wells do not exist in this area. Therefore, we relied upon the best and nearest data available: Misc-312 (aka C-2702 north of the locaton), Misc 189 and 190 (southwest of the location) and the data from the publications referenced in the footnote.

From these data, we conclude::

• Beneath the proposed pit, the elevation of the uppermost water bearing zone (Alluvium?) is less than 2940 (Misc-312) and higher than 2919 (Misc-290) – probably about 2935 feet asl

Siting Criteria (19.15.17.10 NMAC) Oxy USA – Cypress 34 Federal 10H

- Given the surface elevation of the location (3049) and a 10-foot deep temporary pit, the distance between the bottom of the pit and the groundwater surface is about 104 feet (3049-10-2935)
- However, the groundwater in this area is not fresh.

Distance to Surface Water

Figure 3 and the site visit demonstrates that the location is not within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse or any other significant watercourse or 200 feet from lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). This temporary pit will also qualify for in-place closure as the location is not within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse or lakebed, sinkhole or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark).

- No continuously flowing watercourses, significant watercourses, sinkhole or other water bodies, as defined by NMOCD Rules, exist within the prescribed setback criteria for the siting, trench burial, or in-place closure of a temporary pit at this location.
- The area surrounding the proposed pit location is a caliche topped hill with radial drainage in the form of small erosional gullies with no defined bank or bed that transmitting stormwater to mapped watercourses thence to nearby closed depressions
- The ephemeral watercourses are mapped about 500 feet west, south and east of the location (see also Figure 4)

Distance to Permanent Residence or Structures

Figure 4 and the site visit demonstrates that the location is not within 300 feet from an occupied permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, church, or other structure in existence at the time of initial application. This also qualifies the location for in-place closure.

- The nearest structures are oil and gas wells and tank batteries.
- Also plotted on Figure 4 are the mapped watercourses shown in Figure 3.

Distance to Non-Public Water Supply

Figures 1 and Figure 2 demonstrates that the location is not within 500 horizontal feet of a private, domestic fresh water well or spring that less than five households use for domestic or stock watering purposes, or within 1,000 horizontal feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in existence at the time of initial application. Additionally, this location is also not within 300 feet of a spring or private, domestic fresh water well used for domestic or stock watering purposes, thus qualifying for in-place closure.

- Figure 1 shows the locations of all area water wells, active or plugged.
- The nearest active water well on the east side of the Pecos River is approximately 3 miles east (Misc-7).
- There are no known domestic wells within 1,000 feet of this location.
- No springs were identified within the mapping area (see Figure 3).

Distance to Municipal Boundaries and Fresh Water Fields

Figure 5 demonstrates that the location is not within incorporated municipal boundaries or within defined municipal fresh water well fields covered under a municipal ordinance adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended. This also qualifies the location for in-place closure.

- The closest municipality is Loving, NM approximately 8 miles due west.
- The closest public well field is located approximately 24 miles to the west.

Distance to Wetlands

Figure 6 demonstrates the location is not within 300 feet of wetlands. This also qualifies the location for in-place closure.

• The nearest designated wetlands are "freshwater pond" located approximately 2000 feet west of the location

Distance to Subsurface Mines

Figure 7 and our general reconnaissance of the area demonstrate that the nearest mines are caliche pits and underground potash mines. This location is not within an area overlying a subsurface mine.

- The nearest mapped caliche pit is located approximately 3.5 miles north
- The pit lies within the potash main district, but active subsurface mining is more than 3 miles northeast.

Distance to High or Critical Karst Areas

Figure 8 shows the location of the temporary pits with respect to current BLM Karst areas.

- The proposed temporary pit is mapped as a "moderate" potential karst area.
- No evidence of solution voids were observed near the site during the field inspection.
- No evidence of unstable ground was observed
- The nearest high karst potential area lies about 2 miles east

Distance to 100-Year Floodplain

Figure 9 demonstrates that the location is within Zone X as designated by the Federal Emergency Management Agency with respect to the Flood Insurance Rate 100-Year Floodplain.

- Zone X for this map is described as areas with minimal flood hazards. However, no flood hazard analysis has been conducted.
- Our field inspection and examination of the topography permits a conclusion that the location is not within any floodplain and has low risk for flooding.

Temporary Pit Design

Please refer to Plates 1"cpf "4 for the design of the temporary pit and the Design and Construction Plan at the end of this application.

Site Specific Information Figures

R.T. Hicks Consultants, Ltd.

901 Rio Grande Blvd. NW, Suite F-142 Albuquerque, NM 87104











Site Specific Information Plates

R.T. Hicks Consultants, Ltd.

901 Rio Grande Blvd. NW, Suite F-142 Albuquerque, NM 87104

	175.0 45.0	Ft Ft		
	1.00		to	1.50
	Depth below location	Dept	th below to	p liner
	7.0	•	9.0	
	7.0		9.0	
	9.0		9.0	
	9.0		9.0	
Dimensio	n 19.0	Ft.		
mension	13.0	Ft.		
	151.00	Ft.		

6571 bbls

s NW	Solids Burial Pit	Plate 1
104	Oxy - Cypress 34 Fed 10H	June 2015

Generic Plans for Temporary Pits

R.T. Hicks Consultants, Ltd.

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Temporary Pit Design/Construction Plan

Plates 1 and 2 show the design of the temporary pit proposed for this project. Field conditions and the drilling rig layout will determine the final configuration of the pit, which will consist of single cell for the burial of drilling solids derived from a closed-loop system.

Although unlikely due to the nature of the operation, the operator <u>may</u> install a system that can drain water entrained in the drilling waste of the drilling pit. The drainage system may be installed in the entire cell. As described in the closure plan, this system of fabric-wrapped perforated pipe and drainage mats lie on the bottom of the pit over the liner. The system will drain to the lowest corner of pit where a standpipe rises from the depression to the top of the berm. The drainage system can remove water to an above-ground tank or directly to a truck for re-use or disposal.

The temporary storage of fluids, fluid reuse or fluid disposal will be conducted in a manner approved by division rules that prevents the contamination of fresh water and protects public health and the environment.

Although unlikely, for any temporary storage of fluids derived from the drilling pit and placed in an above-ground tank, the following will apply:

- 1. Construction, operation and maintenance of the temporary storage tank(s) will adhere to all applicable NMOCD Rules including but not limited to:
 - a. Safety stipulations
 - b. Protection from hydrogen sulfide mandates
 - c. Signage and identification requirements
 - d. Secondary containment requirements for temporary tanks
 - e. Applicable netting requirements
- 2. Any cleaning of the temporary tank(s) will adhere to NMOCD Rules relating to tank cleaning.
- 3. Transportation of water or drilling fluids derived from the drilling pit will adhere to all applicable NMOCD Rules relating to transportation.
- 4. Storage of water or drilling fluids in temporary above-ground tanks will also adhere to all applicable Federal mandates.

During final closure of the pit, the tanks and any secondary containment system will be removed from the location and the area beneath the tank inspected for any leakage. If any leakage is suspected, the operator will sample the soil beneath the tanks and report any release pursuant to NMOCD Rules.

Construction/Design Plan of Temporary Pit

Stockpile Topsoil

Prior to constructing the pit the qualified contractor will strip and stockpile any topsoil for use as the final cover or fill at the time of closure.

Signage

The operator will post an upright sign in a conspicuous place in compliance with 19.15.16.8 NMAC as the pit and the well are operated by the same operator. Section 19.15.16.8 states in part:

19.15.16.8 SIGN ON WELLS:

B. For drilling wells, the operator shall post the sign on the derrick or not more than 20 feet from the well.

C. The sign shall be of durable construction and the lettering shall be legible and large enough to be read under normal conditions at a distance of 50 feet.

F. Each sign shall show the:

(1) well number;

(2) property name;

(3) operator's name;

(4) location by footage, quarter-quarter section, township and range (or unit letter can be substituted for the quarter-quarter section);

and

(5) API number.

The sign will also provide emergency telephone numbers.

Fencing:

During drilling or workover operations, the operator will not fence the edge of the pit adjacent to the drilling or workover rig.

As the pit is not located within 1000 feet of a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution or church, the operator will fence the pit to exclude livestock with four-wire strands evenly spaced in the interval between one foot and four feet above ground level.

Earthwork

The temporary pit will have a properly constructed foundation and interior slopes consisting of a firm, unyielding base that is smooth and free of rocks, debris, sharp edges or irregularities to prevent the liner's rupture or tear.

The slopes of the pit will be no steeper than two horizontal feet to one vertical foot (2H:1V) unless in the transmittal letter the operator requested an alternative to the slope requirement with a demonstration that the pit can be operated in a safe manner to prevent contamination of fresh water and protect public health and the environment.

A berm or ditch will surround the temporary pit to prevent run-on of surface water.

If the transmittal letter identifies concerns relating to the presence of karst and associated instability, during construction of the pit the contractor will compact the earth material that forms the foundation for the pit liner. An expected proctor density of greater than 90% will be achieved by

- 1. adding water to the earth material as appropriate,
- 2. compacting the earth by walking a crawler-type tractor down the sides and bottom of the pit
- 3. repeating this process with a second 6-inch lift of earth material if necessary

Liner Installation

The geomembrane liner will consist of 20-mil string reinforced LLDPE (or better) as specified by OCD Rules.

The operator will direct the liner installation contractor to:

- 1. minimize liner seams and orient them up and down, not across a slope
- 2. use factory welded seams where possible
- 3. overlap liners four to six inches and orient seams parallel to the line of maximum slope, i.e., oriented along, not across, the slope, prior to any field seaming
- 4. minimize the number of welded field seams in comers and irregularly shaped areas
- 5. utilize only qualified personnel to weld field seams
- 6. avoid excessive stress-strain on the liner
- 7. place geotextile under the liner where needed to reduce localized stress-strain or protuberances that may otherwise compromise the liner's integrity
- 8. anchor the edges of all liners in the bottom of a compacted earth-filled trench that is at least 18 inches deep
- 9. place additional material (liner, felt, etc.) to ensure that the liner is protected from any fluid force or mechanical damage at any point of discharge into or suction from the lined temporary pit.

A berm or ditch will surround the temporary pit to prevent run-on of surface water. During drilling operations, the operator may elect to remove run-on protection on the pit edge adjacent to the drilling or workover rig provided that the pit is being used to collect liquids escaping from the drilling or workover rig and this additional fluid will not cause a breach of the temporary pit.

The temporary pit will not be used to vent or flare gas and the volume of the temporary drilling pit, including freeboard, will not exceed 10 acre-feet.

Temporary Pit Operating and Maintenance Plan

The operator will maintain and operate the pit in accordance with the following plan to contain liquids and solids and maintain the integrity of the liner to prevent contamination of fresh water and protect public health and the environment.

If feasible, the operator will recycle, reuse or reclaim all drilling fluids in the temporary pit in a manner approved by division rules that prevents the contamination of fresh water and protects public health and the environment. Re-use of drilling fluids and workover fluids (stimulation flow-back) for drilling and stimulation of subsequent wells is anticipated. If re-use is not possible, fluids will be sent to disposal at a division-approved facility.

The operator will not discharge into or store any hazardous waste in the pit.

If the pit develops a leak or if any penetration of the pit liner occurs above the liquid's surface, then the operator will repair the damage or initiate replacement of the liner within 48 hours of discovery or will seek a variance from the division district office within this time period.

If the pit develops a leak or if any penetration of the pit liner occurs below the liquid's surface, then the operator will remove all liquid above the damage or leak line within 48 hours of discovery. The operator will also notify the district division office (19.15.29 NMAC) within this same 48 hours of the discovery and repair the damage or replace the pit liner.

The operator will ensure that the drilling contractor installs and uses a header, diverter or other hardware that prevents damage to the liner by erosion, fluid jets or impact from installation and removal of hoses or pipes during injection or withdrawal of liquids.

During construction, the operator or qualified contractor will install diversion ditches and berms around the pit as necessary to prevent the collection of surface water run-on. As outlined in the Construction and Design Plan, during drilling operations, the edge of the temporary pit adjacent to the drilling or workover rig may not have run-on protection if the operator is using the temporary pit to collect liquids escaping from the drilling or workover rig and run-on will not result in a breach of the temporary pit.

The operator will maintain on site an oil absorbent boom to contain and remove oil from the pit's surface.

The operator will only discharge fluids or mineral solids (including cement) generated or used during the drilling, completion, or workover processes into the pit.

The operator will maintain the temporary pit free of miscellaneous solid waste or debris. Immediately after cessation of drilling or a workover operation, the operator will remove any visible or measurable layer of oil from the surface of the pit.

The operator will maintain at least two feet of freeboard for the temporary pit, except under extenuating circumstances, which will be noted on the pit inspection log as described below.

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The operator will inspect the temporary pit containing drilling fluids daily while the drilling rig or workover rig is on site. After the rigs have left the site, the operator will inspect the pit weekly as long as liquids are present in the pit. The operator will maintain a log of the inspections. The operator will make the log available to the division district office upon request.

The operator will remove all free drilling fluids from the surface of the temporary pit within 60 days from the date that the last drilling or workover rig associated with the pit permit is released. The operator will note the date of this release upon Form C-105 or C-103 upon well or workover completion. The operator may request an extension up to two months from the division district office as long as this additional time does not exceed the temporary pit life span (Subsection R of 19.15.17.7 NMAC).

<u>Temporary Pit In-Place Closure Plan</u>

The wastes in the temporary pit are destined for in place burial at the drilling location. However, a transmittal letter may notify OCD that drilling waste from a nearby site on the same lease may be placed in the temporary pit (e.g. placed in the drilling or fluids cells of the temporary pit). A notice will include the name of the nearby well, the date that the drilling or workover rig moved from the temporary pit, an affirmation that the temporary pit will be closed in conformance with the mandates of the Rule, including the mandated lifetime of the pit.

The operator will not begin closure operations without approval of the closure plan submitted with the permit application.

Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstration

Compliance with siting criteria is described in the site-specific information appended to the C-144.

Proof of Surface Owner Notice

The application package was transmitted to the surface landowner via email, which serves as notification that the operator intends on-site burial of solids.

Construction/Design Plan of Temporary Pit

The design and construction protocols for the temporary pit are provided in the design and construction plan and in Plates 1-2. The optional drainage system described in the design and construction plan is not shown on the Plates but can be important element of the closure plan.

General Protocols and Procedures

- All free liquids from the pit will be recycled or disposed in a manner consistent with OCD Rules.
- Residual drilling fluids will be removed from the pit within 60 days of release of the last drilling or workover rig associated with the relevant pit permit.
- Water derived from the well stimulation program (flow-back or unused fresh water) that is significantly higher quality than the residual drilling fluids *may* discharge into the pit. The fresher water *may* discharge into the drainage system to flow through the solids or onto the solids in the pit.
- A low-flow pump *may* remove water from the drainage system to a tank or the fluids cell of the temporary pit; thereby further rinsing the residual solids in the pit.
- 20-60 days after placement of fresh or flow-back water into the drilling cell, any water in the pit will be removed for re-use or disposal.
- The residual drilling mud and cuttings will be stabilized to a capacity sufficient to support the 4-foot thick soil cover.
- The residual pit solids will not be mixed at a ratio greater than 1 part pit solids to 3 parts dry earth material (e.g. subsoil).
- The pit will not be closed until the stabilized pit contents pass the paint filter liquids test.

Waste Material Sampling Plan

Prior to closure, an eight-point composite sample of the residual solids in the drilling cell of the temporary pit and a five-point composite sample of any solids in the fluids cell of the temporary pit will be tested in a laboratory to demonstrate that the stabilized material will not exceed the

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C-144 Supplemental Documentation for Temporary Pit

contaminant concentrations listed in Table II of 19.15.17.13 NMAC after being mixed in a ratio of 3:1 with the earth material to be used for stabilization of the residual cuttings and mud. A volumetric average of the laboratory result from the drilling cell solids and any fluid cells solids will be used to determine compliance with the standards of Table II.

In-place burial is the selected on-site disposal alternative.

If a concentration of a contaminant within the material mixed at a ratio not exceeding 3:1 is higher than the concentration given in Table II, closure will proceed in accordance with Subsection C of 19.15.17.13 NMAC.

In the event that on-site closure standards cannot be achieved, the operator will remove the solid pit contents and transfer to the following division-approved facility:

Disposal Facility Name: R360 Permit Number: NM 01-0006

Protocols and Procedures for Earthwork

Stabilization of the residual cuttings and mud is accomplished by mixing dry earth material within the temporary pit footprint. After stabilization the operator or qualified contractor will:

- 1. Place a geomembrane cover over the sloping surface of the stabilized waste material. It will be placed in a manner so as to prevent infiltration of water and so that infiltrated water does not collect on the geomembrane cover after the upper soil cover has been placed.
- 2. Use a geomembrane cover made of 20-mil string reinforced LLDPE liner
- 3. Over the sloping, stabilized material and liner, place the **Soil Cover** of:
 - a. at least 3-feet of compacted, uncontaminated, non-waste containing earthen fill with chloride concentrations less than 600 mg/kg as analyzed by EPA Method 300.0.
 - b. either the background thickness of topsoil or one foot of suitable material to establish vegetation at the site, whichever is greater, over the 3-foot earth material.
- 4. Contour the cover to
 - a. blend with the surrounding topography
 - b. prevent erosion of the cover and
 - c. prevent ponding over the cover.

Closure Notice

The operator will notify the surface owner by certified mail, return receipt requested, that the operator plans closure operations at least 72 hours, but not more than one week, prior to any closure operation. The notice will include the well name, API number, and location.

After approval for in-place burial, the operator shall notify the district office verbally and in writing at least 72 hours but not more than one week before any closure operation. Notice will include the operator's name and the location of the temporary pit. The location will include unit letter, section number, township and range. If the location is associated with a well, then the well's name, number and API number will be included.

Should onsite burial be on private land, the operator will file a deed notice including exact location of the burial with the county clerk of the county where the onsite burial is located.

C-144 Supplemental Documentation for Temporary Pit

Closure Report

Within 60 days of closure completion, the operator will submit a

- i. closure report on form C-144, with necessary attachments
- ii. a certification that all information in the report and attachments is correct, that the operator has complied with all applicable closure requirements and conditions specified in the approved closure plan
- iii. a plat of the pit location on form C-105 if burial includes solids derived from a nearby well on the same lease, the report will list the name, API # and location of the well(s) from which the solids originated

Unless the permit transmittal letter requests an alternative marker to comply with surface landowner specifications, the operator will place at the center of an onsite burial a steel marker that

- is not less than four inches in diameter
- is placed at the bottom of a three-foot deep hole (minimum) that is filled with cement to secure the marker
- is at least four feet above mean ground level
- permanently displays the operator name, lease name, well number, unit letter, section, township and range in welded or stamped legible letters/numbers

Timing of Closure

The operator will close the temporary pit within 6 months from the date the drilling rig was released from the first well using the pit. This date will be noted on form C-105 or C-103 filed with the division upon the well's completion (or re-completion in the case of a workover).

Reclamation and Re-vegetation Plan

In addition to the area of the in-place burial, the operator will reclaim the surface impacted by the temporary pit, including access roads associated with the pit, to a safe and stable condition that blends with the surrounding undisturbed area including:

Areas not reclaimed as described herein due to their use in production or drilling operations will be stabilized and maintained to minimize dust and erosion. This includes the area of the temporary pit if a transmittal letter to OCD proposes an alternative to the re-vegetation or recontouring requirement with

- a demonstration that the proposed alternative provides equal or better prevention of erosion, and protection of fresh water, public health and the environment
- written documentation that the alternative is agreed upon by the surface owner.

As stated above, the soil cover for burial in-place

- A. consists of a minimum of three feet of non-waste containing, uncontaminated, earthen material with chloride concentrations less than 600 mg/kg (or background concentration) as analyzed by EPA Method 300.0 placed over the liner and stabilized solids
- B. is capped by the background thickness of topsoil or 1-foot of suitable material to establish vegetation, whichever is greater
- C. blends into surrounding topography
- D. is graded to prevent ponding and to minimize erosion

For all areas disturbed by the closure process that will not be used for production operations ©2014 R.T. Hicks Consultants, Ltd

or future drilling, the operator will:

- I. Replace topsoils and subsoils to their original relative positions
- II. Grade so as to achieve erosion control, long-term stability and preservation of surface water flow patterns
- III. Reseed in the first favorable growing season following closure

Re-vegetation and reclamation plans imposed by the surface owner will be outlined in communications with the OCD.

The operator will notify the division when the surface grading work element of reclamation is complete.

The operator will notify the division when the site meets the surface owner's requirements or exhibits a uniform vegetative cover that reflects a life-form ratio of plus or minus fifty percent (50%) of pre-disturbance levels and a total percent plant cover of at least seventy percent (70%) of pre-disturbance levels, excluding noxious weeds.

Appendix A

Site Inspection Photographs

& Survey Information

R.T. Hicks Consultants, Ltd.

901 Rio Grande Blvd. NW, Suite F-142 Albuquerque, NM 87104

View to southeast showing Cypress Federal 34 4H pump jack and lease road to location

View north showing area of proposed solids burial pit. Potash tailings pile and tailings pond/playa are in background.

District I 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 Phome: (375) 393-6161 Fax: (575) 393-0720 District II 811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 Phome: (375) 748-1282 Fax: (375) 748-9720 District III 1000 Rio Banzos Roed, Aztes, NM 87410 Phome: (305) 334-6178 Fax: (305) 334-6170 District IV 1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santo Fe, NM 87505 Phome: (505) 476-3460 Fax: (505) 476-3462

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State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals & Natural Resources Department OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

WELL LOCATION AND ACDELOE DEDICATION DE LE

Form C-102 Revised August 1, 2011 Submit one copy to appropriate District Office

☐ AMENDED REPORT

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Ргоре	rty Code	2					Property	Name				Ŕ	Vell Number
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OGI	RID No.						Operator	Name					Elevation
160	-76					OX	Y US	A INC.				3	049.8'
						Surfa	ace Lo	ocation					· · · ·
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Dedicated	Acres	Joint or Infill	Cons	olidation Co	de	Order No.	.	l	1	.			L
160)	N											

No allowable will be assigned to this completion until all interests have been consolidated or a non-standard unit has been approved by the division.

Silingenunning		OPERATOR CERTIFICATION
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GRID AZ = 173°23'29"	TOM PERF. MEXICO EAST AD 1927 +456611.0 •609877.8 1 32.2548406 w 103.9778972	SURVEYOR CERTIFICATION I hereby certify they lip wett been of score on this plat was plotted from told they of score of the made by the or upday my supervision and that the same is true and correct to the best of my bellet. To the best of my bellet. To the best of my bellet. Date of Survey. Signature and Score of 1-1-AND-S
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LOCATION VERIFICATION MAP

VICINITY MAP

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Appendix B

BLM Approved Conditions and Sundry Modification of COAs

R.T. Hicks Consultants, Ltd.

901 Rio Grande Blvd. NW, Suite F-142 Albuquerque, NM 87104

Form 3160-5		BLM Carlsha	f Field Office	
(August 2007) DE	UNITED STATE	S INTERIOR		FORM APPROVED OMB No. 1004-0137 Expires: July 31, 2010
BU.	REAU OF LAND MAN	AGEMENT	5. Lease Ser SHL: NM 3	ial No. 4461 BHL: NM 30752
SUNDRY Do not use this abandoned well.	NOTICES AND REPO form for proposals t Use Form 3160-3 (A	ORTS ON WELLS o drill or to re-enter a PD) for such propos	6. If Indian, . als.	Allottee or Tribe Name
SUBM	IIT IN TRIPLICATE – Other	instructions on page 2.	7. If Unit of	CA/Agreement, Name and/or No.
Oil Well Gas	Well Dther		8. Well Nam War Horse	e and No. Federal Com 1H
2. Name of Operator Murchison Oil and Gas, Inc.	000		9. API Well 1 30-015-410	No. 13
3a. Address 1100 Mira Vista Bivd. Plano, TX 75093	312123	3b. Phone No. (include area ((972) 931-0700	code) 10. Field and Wildcat G-0	Pool or Exploratory Area 04 5182927m; B.S.
4. Location of Well (Footage, Sec., T. Surface Location 350 FNL, 175 FEL Unit A, Section 21, T18S, R29E	.R.,M., or Survey Description)	10g "	11. Country o Eddy, NM	or Parish, State
12. CHE	CK THE APPROPRIATE BO	K(ES) TO INDICATE NATU	RE OF NOTICE, REPORT (OR OTHER DATA
TYPE OF SUBMISSION		Т	YPE OF ACTION	
Notice of Intent	Acidize	Deepen Fracture Treat	Production (Start/Re	esume) Water Shut-Off Well Integrity
Subsequent Report	Casing Repair	New Construction	Recomplete	Other
Final Abandonment Notice	Change Plans	Plug and Abandon Plug Back	Temporarily Abando	on
testing has been completed. Final determined that the site is ready for The current APD for this well allows	Abandonment Notices must be r final inspection.)	a results in a multiple complet ; filed only after all requireme and on-site disposal burial	of drilling waste BI M and	v interval, a Form 3160-4 must be filed one ave been completed and the operator has
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GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

This form is designed for submitting proposals to perform certain well operations and reports of such operations when completed as indicated on Federal and Indian lands pursuant to applicable Federal law and regulations. Any necessary special instructions concerning the use of this form and the number of copies to be submitted, particularly with regard to local area or regional procedures and practices, are either shown below, will be issued by or may be obtained from the local Federal office.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

Item 4 - Locations on Federal or Indian land should be described in accordance with Federal requirements. Consult the local Federal office for specific instructions.

Item 13 - Proposals to abandon a well and subsequent reports of abandonment should include such special information as is required by the local Federal office. In addition, such proposals and reports should include reasons for the abandonment; data on any former or present productive zones or other zones with present significant fluid contents not sealed off by cement or otherwise; depths (top and bottom) and method of placement of cement plugs; mud or other material placed below, between and above plugs; amount, size, method of parting of any casing, liner or tubing pulled and the depth to the top of any tubing left in the hole; method of closing top of well and date well site conditioned for final inspection looking for approval of the abandonment.

NOTICES

The Privacy Act of 1974 and the regulation in 43 CFR 2.48(d) provide that you be furnished the following information in connection with information required by this application.

AUTHORITY: 30 U.S.C. 181 et seq., 351 et seq., 25 U.S.C. 396; 43 CFR 3160.

PRINCIPAL PURPOSE: The information is used to: (1) Evaluate, when appropriate, approve applications, and report completion of subsequent well operations, on a Federal or Indian lease; and (2) document for administrative use, information for the management, disposal and use of National Resource lands and resources, such as: (a) evaluating the equipment and procedures to be used during a proposed subsequent well operation and reviewing the completed well operations for compliance with the approved plan; (b) requesting and grantingapproval to perform those actions covered by 43 CFR 3162.3-2, 3162.3-3, and 3162.3-4; (c) reporting the beginning or resumption of production, as required by 43 CFR 3162.4-1(c) and (d) analyzing future applications to drill or modify operations in light of data obtained and methods used.

ROUTINE USES: Information from the record and/or the record will be transferred to appropriate Federal, State, local or foreign agencies, when relevant to civil, criminal or regulatory investigations or prosecutions in connection with congressional inquiries or to consumer reporting agencies to facilitate collection of debts owed the Government.

EFFECT OF NOT PROVIDING THE INFORMATION: Filing of this notice and report and disclosure of the information is mandatory for those subsequent well operations specified in 43 CFR 3162.3-2, 3162.3-3, 3162.3-4.

The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 requires us to inform you that:

The BLM collects this information to evaluate proposed and/or completed subsequent well operations on Federal or Indian oil and gas leases.

Response to this request is mandatory.

The BLM would like you to know that you do not have to respond to this or any other Federal agency-sponsored information collection unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

BURDEN HOURS STATEMENT: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 8 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this form to U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (1004-0137), Bureau Information Collection Clearance Officer (WO-630), 1849 C St., N.W., Mail Stop 401 LS, Washington, D.C. 20240

	DEPARTMENT OF I BUREAU OF LAND N	'ATES THE INTERIOR MANAGEMENT		5. Lease Serial No.
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	SUBMIT IN TRIPLICATE - 0	Other instructions on page 2.		7. If Unit of CA/Agreement, Name and/or No. N/A
1. Type of Well	Gas Well Other	r		8. Well Name and No.
2. Name of Operator Murchleson Oll and Ga		-		VVAR HORSE FEA COM 3H 9. API Well No. 20. 015 41227
3a. Address 1100 Mira Vista Blvd. Plano, T	exas 75093	3b. Phone No. (include area o	code)	10. Field and Pool or Exploratory Area
4. Location of Well <i>(Foo</i> Surface Location 2290 FSL & 1	tage, Sec., T.,R.,M., or Survey Descri 75 FEL, Section 21, T18S R29E	iption)		11. Country or Parish, State Eddy
	12. CHECK THE APPROPRIAT	TE BOX(ES) TO INDICATE NATU	RE OF NOTICI	E, REPORT OR OTHER DATA
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PECOS DISTRICT CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME:	Murchison Oil & Gas, Inc.
LEASE NO.:	NMNM-030752
WELL NAME & NO.:	War Horse Fed Com 3H
SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:	2290' FSL & 0175' FEL
BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE	2290' FSL & 0330' FWL
LOCATION:	Section 21, T. 18 S., R 29 E., NMPM
COUNTY:	Eddy County, New Mexico

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Standard Conditions of Approval (COA) apply to this APD. If any deviations to these standards exist or special COAs are required, the section with the deviation or requirement will be checked below.

General Provisions		
Permit Expiration		
Archaeology, Paleontology, and Historical Sites		
Noxious Weeds		
🔀 Special Requirements		
Communitization Agreement		
Construction		
Notification		
Topsoil		
Reserve Pits		
Federal Mineral Material Pits		
Well Pads		
Roads		
Road Section Diagram		
⊠ Drilling		
H2S requirements		
Logging Requirements		
Waste Material and Fluids		
Production (Post Drilling)		
Well Structures & Facilities		
Interim Reclamation		
Final Abandonment & Reclamation		

I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The approval of the Application For Permit To Drill (APD) is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations: 43 Code of Federal Regulations 3160, the lease terms, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, Notices To Lessees, New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) Rules, National Historical Preservation Act As Amended, and instructions and orders of the Authorized Officer. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

II. PERMIT EXPIRATION

If the permit terminates prior to drilling and drilling cannot be commenced within 60 days after expiration, an operator is required to submit Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, requesting surface reclamation requirements for any surface disturbance. However, if the operator will be able to initiate drilling within 60 days after the expiration of the permit, the operator must have set the conductor pipe in order to allow for an extension of 60 days beyond the expiration date of the APD. (Filing of a Sundry Notice is required for this 60 day extension.)

III. ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES

Any cultural and/or paleontological resource discovered by the operator or by any person working on the operator's behalf shall immediately report such findings to the Authorized Officer. The operator is fully accountable for the actions of their contractors and subcontractors. The operator shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery shall be made by the Authorized Officer to determine the appropriate actions that shall be required to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values of the discovery. The operator shall be held responsible for the cost of the proper mitigation measures that the Authorized Officer assesses after consultation with the operator on the evaluation and decisions of the discovery. Any unauthorized collection or disturbance of cultural or paleontological resources may result in a shutdown order by the Authorized Officer.

IV. NOXIOUS WEEDS

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

V. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)

Communitization Agreement

A Communitization Agreement covering the acreage dedicated to this well must be filed for approval with the BLM. The effective date of the agreement shall be prior to any sales.

Communitization Agreement Wells

The well sign for a communitization agreement (CA) wells shall include the CA number in addition to the surface and bottom hole lease numbers.

VI. CONSTRUCTION

A. NOTIFICATION

The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5909 at least 3 working days prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad.

When construction operations are being conducted on this well, the operator shall have the approved APD and Conditions of Approval (COA) on the well site and they shall be made available upon request by the Authorized Officer.

B. TOPSOIL

The operator shall strip the top portion of the soil (root zone) from the entire well pad area and stockpile the topsoil along the edge of the well pad as depicted in the APD. The root zone is typically six (6) inches in depth. All the stockpiled topsoil will be redistributed over the interim reclamation areas. Topsoil shall not be used for berming the pad or facilities. For final reclamation, the topsoil shall be spread over the entire pad area for seeding preparation.

Other subsoil (below six inches) stockpiles must be completely segregated from the topsoil stockpile. Large rocks or subsoil clods (not evident in the surrounding terrain) must be buried within the approved area for interim and final reclamation.

C. **RESERVE PITS**

The pit will be closed in accordance with NMOCD pit rules, with the following additional stipulations:

Construction:

<u>Burial</u>

The reserve pit shall be constructed, so that upon completion of drilling operations, the dried pit contents shall be buried a minimum depth of <u>four (4) feet</u> below ground level. Should the pit content level not meet the four foot minimum depth requirement, the excess contents shall be removed until the required minimum depth of four feet below ground level has been met. The operator shall properly dispose of the excess contents at an authorized disposal site.

Below Ground Level

The reserve pit will be constructed entirely below ground level (as opposed to pushing up dirt to form the sides of the pit).

Liner and Contents

All pits that may contain liquid material shall be lined with a 20 ml liner or greater to prevent seepage into the ground. The pit liner shall be maintained in good working condition, with no tears or holes, until the pit is closed. No trash, pipe, barrels, wireline, or metal equipment is permitted in the pit.

<u>Freeboard</u>

Pits shall be constructed to preclude the accumulation of precipitation runoff and maintain a minimum of 2 feet of freeboard between the maximum fluid level and the lowest point of containment at all times. If pit fluids threaten to rise to a level allowing less than 2 feet of freeboard, steps shall immediately be taken to prevent introduction of additional fluids until sufficient pit capacity has been restored through fluid removal or an alternative containment method is approved and installed.

Exclosure Netting

The operator will prevent humans, wildlife (*including avian wildlife*), and livestock access to fluid pits that contain or have potential to contain salinity sufficient to cause harm to wildlife or livestock, hydrocarbons, or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976-exempt hazardous substances. At a minimum, the operator will install approved netting in accordance with the requirements below. (*Note: The BLM does not approve of the use of flagging, strobe lights, metal reflectors, or noise makers as techniques for deterring wildlife.*)

Minimum Netting Requirements - The operator will:

- Construct a rigid structure made of steel tubing or wooden posts with cable strung across the pit at no more than seven (7) foot intervals along the X- and Y-axes to form a grid of 7 foot squares.
- Suspend netting a minimum of 4 to 5 feet above the fluid surface.
- Use a maximum netting mesh size of $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches to exclude most birds.
- Cover the top and all sides of the netting support frame with netting and secure the netting at the ground surface around the entire pit to prevent wildlife entry at the netting edges. (*Note:* Hog wire panels or other wire mesh panels or fencing used on the sides of the netting support frame is ineffective in excluding small wildlife and birds unless covered by the smaller mesh netting.)
- Monitor and maintain the netting sufficiently to ensure the netting is functioning as intended, has not entrapped wildlife, and is free of holes and gaps greater than 1 ¹/₂ inches.

Exclosure Fence

The operator will install and maintain exclosure fencing on all sides of the reserve pit to prevent access to public, livestock, and large forms of wildlife. Only one side of the

reserve pit fence may be set aside during drilling or fracturing operations, but must be reconstructed when these operations are not being performed.

- The fence shall be installed at least two (2) feet from the edge of the pit.
- Construction of the fence shall consist of steel and/or wooden posts set firmly into the ground.
- All corners shall be braced.
- Use a fence with five separate wires (smooth or barbed) or hog panel (16 ft. length by 50 in. height) with connectors such as fence staples, clips, hog rings, hose clamps, twisted wire, etc. The fencing must be secured to the posts.
- The wire (if used) must be stretched tightly and spaced evenly to effectively exclude animals.
- Do not use electric fences.
- The erected fence shall be maintained in adequate condition until the dried reserve pit undergoes backfilling.
- (For examples of exclosure fencing design, refer to BLM's Oil and Gas Gold Book, Exclosure Fence Illustrations, Figure 1, Page 18.)

Escape Ramps

The operator will construct and maintain reserve pits to prevent livestock, wildlife, and humans from becoming entrapped. At a minimum, the operator will construct and maintain escape ramps, ladders, or other methods of avian and terrestrial wildlife escape in reserve pit. Escape ramps must be installed at every corner of the reserve pit and in the center of each side if that side exceeds 100 feet in length. Escape ramps must be in contact with the side of the reserve pit, bottom of the reserve pit, and the top of the reserve pit berm. Escape ramps cannot be made of metal and cannot be steeper than a 3:1 slope (Horizontal Distance: Vertical Distance) or 30% slope. (*Examples of escape ramps: 12" wide wooden planks wrapped in matting, felt lining, etc.*)

Maintenance:

Hydrocarbons

Any hydrocarbons (condensate, paraffin, diesel, etc.) introduced to the reserve pit shall be removed within 24 hours.

Closure:

<u>NMOCD</u>

The pit will be closed in accordance with NMOCD pit closure rules, with the following additional stipulations:

<u>Drying</u>

When drilling is completed, the fluids must be drawn off the pit within 30 days and the pit reclaimed within six months. The pit should also be fully enclosed with fencing on 4 sides during the drying process.

<u>Notificaiton</u>

The operator will notify a BLM Environmental Protection Specialist (575-234-5972) three days prior to beginning closure operations. **Sampling**

The BLM may wish to witness the sampling of the pit contents and excavation bottoms. The operator will notify a BLM Environmental Protection Specialist three days prior to sampling pit contents or excavation bottoms.

Solidifying Pit Contents

Only mineral materials can be used to solidify pit contents. The operator is prohibited from using topsoil materials stockpiled on location for this purpose.

Burial (Onsite)

If onsite burial is approved by the NMOCD, the pit liner sides will be folded over the pit contents and a separate liner installed atop the encapsulated pit materials. The top liner must be located four feet below the natural ground surface. Should the pit content level not meet the four foot minimum depth requirement, the excess contents shall be removed until the required minimum depth of four feet below ground level has been met. The operator shall properly dispose of the excess contents at an authorized disposal site. *Burial (Trench)*

If trench burial is elected as a closure method, the trench burial must be located within the confines of the approved pad. The operator should consider where the trench burial will be located in advance of pad and facility construction in order to accommodate this requirement. The trench will be fully lined, the reserve pit materials fully encapsulated, and liner installed over the top of the containment. The top liner must be located four feet below the natural ground surface.

Surface Restoration:

Backfilling

For both onsite and trench burials: clean mineral materials may be used to backfill on top of the liner installation or to backfill excavated pit areas to a backfill level that reaches the natural topsoil depth of the surrounding terrain or 1 foot below surface level, whichever is greater. (In sandy soils, 2 feet of topsoil material is required.) Clean and viable topsoil must be used as the top fill on the excavations and reclamation areas in order to establish vegetation. Topsoil materials must be a good match to that of the surrounding terrain.

Contouring

The surface of the reserve pit reclamation and/or trench burial should be recontoured to match that of the native terrain.

Erosion Control

Erosion control measures must be installed to ensure that reclamation stabilizes and establishes vegetation. If erosion issues develop, the erosion issues must be addressed immediately by bringing in additional backfill material and re-establishing erosion control measures.

<u>Seeding</u>

The location must be seeded with an appropriate BLM seed mix for the soil type of the area.

D. FEDERAL MINERAL MATERIALS PIT

Payment shall be made to the BLM prior to removal of any federal mineral materials. Call the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5972.

E. WELL PAD SURFACING

Surfacing of the well pad is not required.

If the operator elects to surface the well pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

The well pad shall be constructed in a manner which creates the smallest possible surface disturbance, consistent with safety and operational needs.

F. EXCLOSURE FENCING (CELLARS & PITS)

Exclosure Fencing

The operator will install and maintain exclosure fencing for all open well cellars to prevent access to public, livestock, and large forms of wildlife before and after drilling operations until the pit is free of fluids and the operator initiates backfilling. (For examples of exclosure fencing design, refer to BLM's Oil and Gas Gold Book, Exclosure Fence Illustrations, Figure 1, Page 18.)

G. ON LEASE ACCESS ROADS

Road Width

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed fourteen (14) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed twenty-five (25) feet.

Surfacing

Surfacing material is not required on the new access road driving surface. If the operator elects to surface the new access road or pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

Where possible, no improvements should be made on the unsurfaced access road other than to remove vegetation as necessary, road irregularities, safety issues, or to fill low areas that may sustain standing water.

The Authorized Officer reserves the right to require surfacing of any portion of the access road at any time deemed necessary. Surfacing may be required in the event the road deteriorates, erodes, road traffic increases, or it is determined to be beneficial for future field development. The surfacing depth and type of material will be determined at the time of notification.

Crowning

Crowning shall be done on the access road driving surface. The road crown shall have a grade of approximately 2% (i.e., a 1" crown on a 14' wide road). The road shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

Ditching

Ditching shall be required on both sides of the road.

Turnouts

Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall be constructed on all blind curves. Turnouts shall conform to the following diagram:

Drainage

Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill outsloping and insloping, lead-off ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.

Cross Section of a Typical Lead-off Ditch

All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing interval are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

Formula for Spacing Interval of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

400 foot road with 4% road slope: $\underline{400'} + 100' = 200'$ lead-off ditch interval $\underline{4\%}$

Culvert Installations

Appropriately sized culvert(s) shall be installed at the deep waterway channel flow crossing.

Cattleguards

An appropriately sized cattleguard(s) sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence crossing(s).

Any existing cattleguard(s) on the access road shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattleguard(s) that are in place and are utilized during lease operations.

A gate shall be constructed and fastened securely to H-braces.

Fence Requirement

Where entry is required across a fence line, the fence shall be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting.

The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fence(s).

Public Access

Public access on this road shall not be restricted by the operator without specific written approval granted by the Authorized Officer.

Figure 1 – Cross Sections and Plans For Typical Road Sections

VII. DRILLING

A. DRILLING OPERATIONS REQUIREMENTS

The BLM is to be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings
- c. BOPE tests

Eddy County Call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220, (575) 361-2822

- 1. A Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) Drilling Plan shall be activated prior to drilling out the surface shoe. As a result, the Hydrogen Sulfide area must meet Onshore Order 6 requirements, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, provide measured values and formations to the BLM.
- Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval. If the drilling rig is removed without approval an Incident of Non-Compliance will be written and will be a "Major" violation.
- 3. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works is located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
- 4. The record of the drilling rate along with the GR/N well log run from TD to surface (horizontal well vertical portion of hole) shall be submitted to the BLM office as well as all other logs run on the borehole 30 days from completion. If available, a digital copy of the logs is to be submitted in addition to the paper copies. The Rustler top and top and bottom of Salt are to be recorded on the Completion Report.

B. CASING

Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.).

Centralizers required on surface casing per Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.f.

Wait on cement (WOC) time prior to drilling out for a primary cement job will be a minimum 18 hours for a water basin, 24 hours in the potash area, or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater for all casing strings. DURING THIS WOC TIME, NO DRILL PIPE, ETC. SHALL BE RUN IN THE HOLE. Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements.

No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.

Possibility of water and brine flows in the Salado and Artesia Groups. Possibility of lost circulation in the Grayburg and San Andres formations.

- 1. The **13-3/8** inch surface casing shall be set at approximately **280** feet (a minimum of 25 feet into the Rustler Anhydrite and above the salt) and cemented to the surface. If salt is encountered, set casing at least 25 feet above the salt.
 - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
 - **b.** Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry.
 - c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
 - d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.

Formation below the 13-3/8" shoe to be tested according to Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.i. Test to be done as a mud equivalency test using the mud weight necessary for the pore pressure of the formation below the shoe (not the mud weight required to prevent dissolving the salt formation) and the mud weight anticipated to control the formation pressure to the next casing depth. Report results to BLM office.

2. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 9-5/8 inch intermediate casing is:

Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above.

Formation below the 9-5/8" shoe to be tested according to Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.i. Test to be done as a mud equivalency test using the mud weight necessary for the pore pressure of the formation below the shoe (not the mud weight required to prevent dissolving the salt formation) and the mud weight anticipated to control the formation pressure to the next casing depth. Report results to BLM office.

Centralizers required through the curve and a minimum of one every other joint.

3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 7 inch production casing is:

Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above.

Formation below the 7" shoe to be tested according to Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.i. Test to be done as a mud equivalency test using the mud weight necessary for the pore pressure of the formation below the shoe (not the mud weight required to prevent dissolving the salt formation) and the mud weight anticipated to control the formation pressure to the next casing depth. Report results to BLM office.

- 4. Cement not required on the 4-1/2" casing. Packer system being used.
- 5. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.

C. PRESSURE CONTROL

1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and API RP 53 Sec. 17.

- Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be 5000 (5M) psi.
 5M system requires an HCR valve, remote kill line and annular to match. The remote kill line is to be installed prior to testing the system and tested to stack pressure.
- 3. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
 - a. In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).
 - b. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug **not a cup or J-packer**.
 - c. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2 hour clock.
 - d. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
 - e. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
 - f. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.

D. DRILL STEM TEST

If drill stem tests are performed, Onshore Order 2.III.D shall be followed.

E. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area.

Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

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VIII. PRODUCTION (POST DRILLING)

A. WELL STRUCTURES & FACILITIES

Placement of Production Facilities

Production facilities should be placed on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

Exclosure Netting (Open-top Tanks)

Immediately following active drilling or completion operations, the operator will take actions necessary to prevent wildlife and livestock access, including avian wildlife, to all open-topped tanks that contain or have the potential to contain salinity sufficient to cause harm to wildlife or livestock, hydrocarbons, or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976-exempt hazardous substances. At a minimum, the operator will net, screen, or cover open-topped tanks to exclude wildlife and livestock and prevent mortality. If the operator uses netting, the operator will cover and secure the open portion of the tank to prevent wildlife entry. The operator will net, screen, or cover the tanks until the operator removes the tanks from the location or the tanks no longer contain substances that could be harmful to wildlife or livestock. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches. The netting must not be in contact with fluids and must not have holes or gaps.

Chemical and Fuel Secondary Containment and Exclosure Screening

The operator will prevent all hazardous, poisonous, flammable, and toxic substances from coming into contact with soil and water. At a minimum, the operator will install and maintain an impervious secondary containment system for any tank or barrel containing hazardous, poisonous, flammable, or toxic substances sufficient to contain the contents of the tank or barrel and any drips, leaks, and anticipated precipitation. The operator will dispose of fluids within the containment system that do not meet applicable state or U. S. Environmental Protection Agency livestock water standards in accordance with state law; the operator must not drain the fluids to the soil or ground. The operator will design, construct, and maintain all secondary containment systems to prevent wildlife and livestock exposure to harmful substances. At a minimum, the operator will install effective wildlife and livestock exclosure systems such as fencing, netting, expanded metal mesh, lids, and grate covers. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ¹/₂ inches.

Open-Vent Exhaust Stack Exclosures

The operator will construct, modify, equip, and maintain all open-vent exhaust stacks on production equipment to prevent birds and bats from entering, and to discourage perching, roosting, and nesting. (*Recommended exclosure structures on open-vent exhaust stacks are in the shape of a cone.*) Production equipment includes, but may not be limited to, tanks, heater-treaters, separators, dehydrators, flare stacks, in-line units, and compressor mufflers.

Containment Structures

Proposed production facilities such as storage tanks and other vessels will have a secondary containment structure that is constructed to hold the capacity of 1.5 times the

largest tank, plus freeboard to account for precipitation, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary.

Painting Requirement

All above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements shall be painted a flat non-reflective paint color, <u>Shale Green</u> from the BLM Standard Environmental Color Chart (CC-001: June 2008).

IX. INTERIM RECLAMATION

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations should undergo interim reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses.

Within six (6) months of well completion, operators should work with BLM surface management specialists (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909) to devise the best strategies to reduce the size of the location. Interim reclamation should allow for remedial well operations, as well as safe and efficient removal of oil and gas.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche is important to increasing the success of revegetating the site. Removed caliche that is free of contaminants may be used for road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

All disturbed areas after they have been satisfactorily prepared need to be reseeded with the seed mixture provided below.

Upon completion of interim reclamation, the operator shall submit a Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, Subsequent Report of Reclamation (Form 3160-5).

X. FINAL ABANDONMENT & RECLAMATION

At final abandonment, well locations, production facilities, and access roads must undergo "final" reclamation so that the character and productivity of the land are restored.

Earthwork for final reclamation must be completed within six (6) months of well plugging. All pads, pits, facility locations and roads must be reclaimed to a satisfactory revegetated, safe, and stable condition, unless an agreement is made with the landowner or BLM to keep the road and/or pad intact.

After all disturbed areas have been satisfactorily prepared, these areas need to be revegetated with the seed mixture provided below. Seeding should be accomplished by

drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other approved methods. Seeding may need to be repeated until revegetation is successful, as determined by the BLM.

Operators shall contact a BLM surface protection specialist prior to surface abandonment operations for site specific objectives (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909).

Seed Mixture 2, for Sandy Sites

The holder shall seed all disturbed areas with the seed mixture listed below. The seed mixture shall be planted in the amounts specified in pounds of pure live seed (PLS)* per acre. There shall be <u>no</u> primary or secondary noxious weeds in the seed mixture. Seed will be tested and the viability testing of seed will be done in accordance with State law (s) and within nine (9) months prior to purchase. Commercial seed will be either certified or registered seed. The seed container will be tagged in accordance with State law(s) and available for inspection by the authorized officer.

Seed will be planted using a drill equipped with a depth regulator to ensure proper depth of planting where drilling is possible. The seed mixture will be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area (smaller/heavier seeds have a tendency to drop the bottom of the drill and are planted first). The holder shall take appropriate measures to ensure this does not occur. Where drilling is not possible, seed will be broadcast and the area shall be raked or chained to cover the seed. When broadcasting the seed, the pounds per acre are to be doubled. The seeding will be repeated until a satisfactory stand is established as determined by the authorized officer. Evaluation of growth will not be made before completion of at least one full growing season after seeding.

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed* per acre:

Species	l <u>b/acre</u>
Sand dropseed (Sporobolus cryptandrus)	1.0
Sand love grass (Eragrostis trichodes)	1.0
Plains bristlegrass (Setaria macrostachya)	2.0

*Pounds of pure live seed: Pounds of seed x percent purity x percent germination = pounds pure live seed

ALL 11/4/13