

UNITED STATES  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DRILL OR REENTER

1a. Type of work: <input type="checkbox"/> DRILL <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> REENTER		5. Lease Serial No. NM 112269
1b. Type of Well: <input type="checkbox"/> Oil Well <input type="checkbox"/> Gas Well <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other SWD <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Single Zone <input type="checkbox"/> Multiple Zone		6. If Indian, Allottee or Tribe Name
2. Name of Operator Devon Energy Production Company, L.P.		7. If Unit or CA Agreement, Name and No.
3a. Address 333 W. Sheridan Ave. Oklahoma City, OK 73102		8. Lease Name and Well No. El Paso 29 Fed SWD 1 <40493>
3b. Phone No. (include area code) 405-235-3611		9. API Well No. 30-015-22084
4. Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance with any State requirements.) At surface 2460' FNL & 943' FWL At proposed prod. zone 2460' FNL & 943' FWL		10. Field and Pool or Exploratory SWD; Pool = S/L <97869>
14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post office* 16 miles south of Carlsbad, NM		11. Sec., T. R. M. or Blk. and Survey or Area SEC 29 T24S R27E
15. Distance from proposed* location to nearest property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any) See attached map	16. No. of acres in lease NM 9551 2080 ac	12. County or Parish Eddy
18. Distance from proposed location* to nearest well, drilling, completed, applied for, on this lease, ft. See attached map	19. Proposed Depth 15,050' TVD MD	13. State NM
21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.) 3359.3' GL	22. Approximate date work will start* 03/15/2014	23. Estimated duration 45 days

24. Attachments

The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No.1, must be attached to this form:

- Well plat certified by a registered surveyor.
- A Drilling Plan.
- A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest System Lands, the SUPO must be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office).
- Bond to cover the operations unless covered by an existing bond on file (see Item 20 above).
- Operator certification
- Such other site specific information and/or plans as may be required by the BLM.

25. Signature 	Name (Printed/Typed) Judy A. Barnett	Date 11/20/2013
Title Sr. Regulatory Specialist		
Approved by (Signature) /s/ STEPHEN J. CAFFEY	Name (Printed/Typed)	Date APR 2 2014
Title FIELD MANAGER	Office CARLSBAD FIELD OFFICE	

Application approval does not warrant or certify that the applicant holds legal or equitable title to those rights in the subject lease which would entitle the applicant to conduct operations thereon.  
Conditions of approval, if any, are attached.

Carlsbad Controlled Water Basin

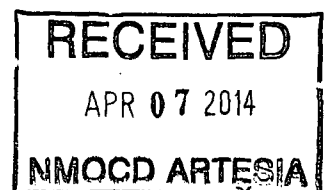
Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a crime for any person knowingly and willfully to make to any department or agency of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as to any matter within its jurisdiction.

(Continued on page 2)

\*(Instructions on page 2)  
APPROVAL FOR TWO YEARS  
APPROVAL FOR TWO YEARS

SEE ATTACHED FOR  
CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Approval Subject to General Requirements  
& Special Stipulations Attached



NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION  
WELL LOCATION AND ACREAGE DEDICATION

All distances must be from the quarter corner of the section.

HNG OIL COMPANY

EL PASO FED. 29

E

29

24 South

27 East

Eddy

2427

North

904

West

3359.3

320

- Outline the acreage dedicated to the subject well by colored pencil or ballpoint pen on this plan.
- If more than one lease is dedicated to the well, outline each and identify the ownership thereof (as to working interest and royalty).
- If more than one lease of different ownership is dedicated to the well, have the interests of all owners been consolidated by communitization, unitization, force-pooling, etc?

Yes No If answer is "yes," type of consolidation

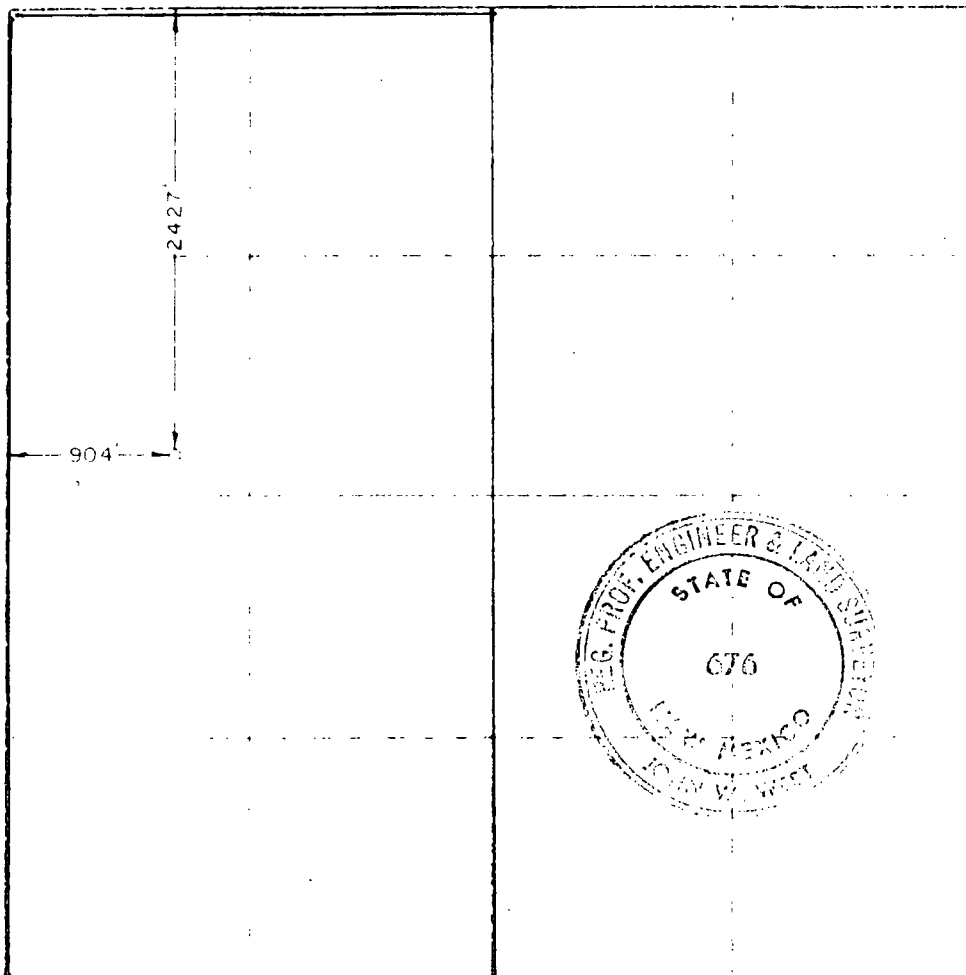
If answer is "no," list the owners and tract descriptions which have actually been consolidated (if any) and state if this form is necessary.

No allowable will be assigned to the well until all interests have been consolidated (by communitization, unitization, force-pooling, or otherwise) or until a non-standard unit, eliminating such interests, has been approved by the Commission.

RECEIVED

APR 29 1977

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY  
ARTESIA, NEW MEXICO



EXHIBIT

I hereby certify that the data herein are true and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief.

*Edm. T. Perry*  
Adm. Supervisor

HNG Oil Company

4-28-77

I hereby certify that the data herein are true and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief.

April 23, 1977

*John W. West*

676

District I  
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88249  
Phone: (575) 393-6161 Fax: (575) 393-0720  
District II  
511 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210  
Phone: (575) 748-1283 Fax: (575) 748-9720  
District III  
1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410  
Phone: (505) 334-6178 Fax: (505) 334-6179  
District IV  
1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505  
Phone: (505) 476-3460 Fax: (505) 476-3462

State of New Mexico  
Energy, Minerals & Natural Resources Department  
OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION  
1220 South St. Francis Dr.  
Santa Fe, NM 87505

Form C-102  
Revised August 1, 2011  
Submit one copy to appropriate  
District Office

☐ AMENDED REPORT

WELL LOCATION AND ACREAGE DEDICATION PLAT

<sup>1</sup> API Number <b>30-015-22084</b>		<sup>2</sup> Pool Code <b>97869</b>		<sup>3</sup> Pool Name <b>SWD; Devonian-Silurian</b> DEVONIAN/SILURIAN/ORDOVICIAN	
<sup>4</sup> Property Code <b>4D493</b>		<sup>5</sup> Property Name <b>EL PASO FEDERAL 29 SWD</b>			<sup>6</sup> Well Number <b>1</b>
<sup>7</sup> OGRID No. <b>6137</b>		<sup>8</sup> Operator Name <b>DEVON ENERGY PRODUCTION COMPANY, L.P.</b>			<sup>9</sup> Elevation <b>3361.8</b>

<sup>10</sup> Surface Location

UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the	North/South line	Feet from the	East/West line	County
<b>E</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>24 S</b>	<b>27 E</b>		<b>2460</b>	<b>NORTH</b>	<b>943</b>	<b>WEST</b>	<b>EDDY</b>

<sup>11</sup> Bottom Hole Location If Different From Surface

UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the	North/South line	Feet from the	East/West line	County
<sup>12</sup> Dedicated Acres <b>40.00</b>	<sup>13</sup> Joint or Infill	<sup>14</sup> Consolidation Code	<sup>15</sup> Order No. <b>4-2-14</b> <b>15050</b>						

No allowable will be assigned to this completion until all interests have been consolidated or a non-standard unit has been approved by the division.

<p>S89°26'20"E 2660.29 FT</p> <p>NW CORNER SEC. 29 LAT. = 32.1955231°N LONG. = 104.2211856°W NMSP EAST (FT) N = 434883.79 E = 576027.99</p>		<p>S89°26'20"E 2660.29 FT</p> <p>N/4 CORNER SEC. 29 COMPUTED</p>		<p>NE CORNER SEC. 29 LAT. = 32.1953635°N LONG. = 104.2039905°W NMSP EAST (FT) N = 434831.71 E = 581347.02</p>	
<p>NM-112269</p> <p>SURFACE LOCATION</p> <p>943'</p>		<p>EL PASO FEDERAL "29" #1 SWD ELEV. = 3361.8' LAT. = 32.1887338°N (NAD83) LONG. = 104.2181420°W NMSP EAST (FT) N = 432414.98 E = 576972.10</p>			
<p>W/4 CORNER SEC. 29 COMPUTED</p>		<p>E/4 CORNER SEC. 29 COMPUTED</p>			
<p>SW CORNER SEC. 29 LAT. = 32.1809312°N LONG. = 104.2211965°W NMSP EAST (FT) N = 429575.54 E = 576030.17</p>		<p>SE CORNER SEC. 29 LAT. = 32.1809145°N LONG. = 104.2040566°W NMSP EAST (FT) N = 429575.43 E = 581332.86</p>			
<p>NOTE: LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES ARE SHOWN USING THE NORTH AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983 (NAD83). LISTED NEW MEXICO STATE PLANE EAST COORDINATES ARE GRID (NAD83). BASIS OF BEARING AND DISTANCES USED ARE NEW MEXICO STATE PLANE EAST COORDINATES MODIFIED TO THE SURFACE.</p>					
<p>N89°59'56"W 2651.99 FT</p>		<p>N89°59'56"W 2651.99 FT</p>			

**<sup>17</sup> OPERATOR CERTIFICATION**

I hereby certify that the information contained herein is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that this organization either owns a working interest or unleased mineral interest in the land including the proposed bottom hole location or has a right to drill this well at this location pursuant to a contract with an owner of such a mineral or working interest, or to a voluntary pooling agreement or a compulsory pooling order heretofore entered by the division.

Signature: *Ludy A. Barnett* Date: **11/6/13**

**Ludy A. Barnett Sr. Regulatory Specialist**

Printed Name: \_\_\_\_\_

E-mail Address: \_\_\_\_\_

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**<sup>18</sup> SURVEYOR CERTIFICATION**

I hereby certify that the well location shown on this plat was plotted from field notes of actual surveys made by me or under my supervision, and that the same is true and correct to the best of my belief.

MAY 24, 2013

Date of Survey: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature and Seal of Professional Surveyor: *[Signature]*

Certificate Number: **12797** PILIMON J. JARAMILLO, PLS 12797

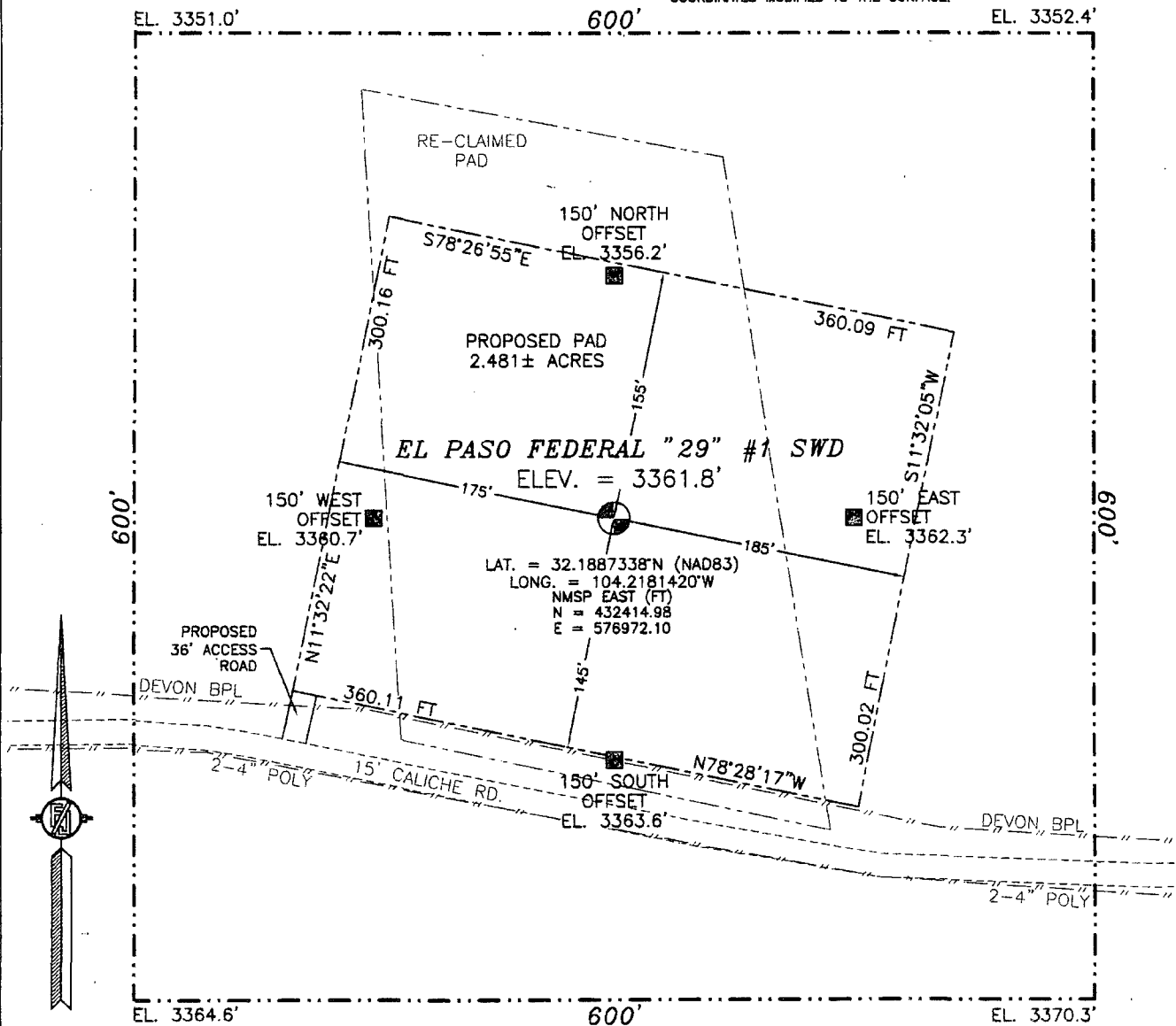
SURVEY NO. 1845

Original footage calls: 4/28/77

2427 FSL & 904 FWL SEC 29 T24S R27E Resurveyed for H2S and Arch (600 x 600)

SECTION 29, TOWNSHIP 24 SOUTH, RANGE 27 EAST, N.M.P.M.  
EDDY COUNTY, STATE OF NEW MEXICO  
SITE MAP

NOTE: LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES ARE SHOWN USING THE NORTH AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983 (NAD83). LISTED NEW MEXICO STATE PLANE EAST COORDINATES ARE GRID (NAD83). BASIS OF BEARING AND DISTANCES USED ARE NEW MEXICO STATE PLANE EAST COORDINATES MODIFIED TO THE SURFACE.



010 50 100 200

SCALE 1" = 100'

DIRECTIONS TO LOCATION

FROM PAVED CR #720 (BLACK RIVER VILLAGE RD.) AND PAVED CR. #748 (OLD CAVERN HWY.) AND CALICHE LEASE ROAD (JOHN D. FOREHAND) GO SOUTH ON CALICHE ROAD 3.1 MILES, TURN LEFT ON CALICHE ROAD AND GO EAST 0.24 MILES AND WELL IS ON THE LEFT (NORTH) 200'

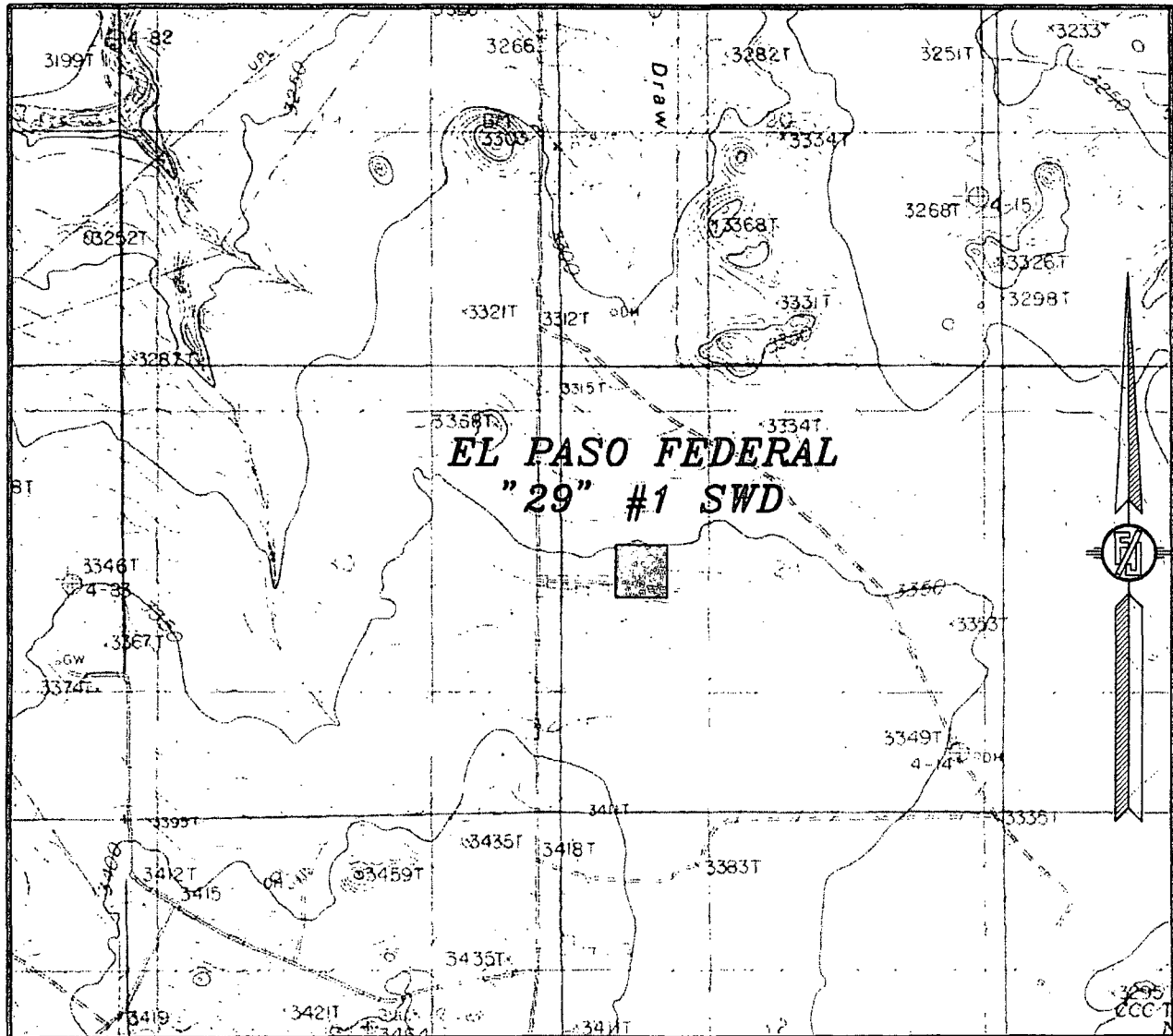
DEVON ENERGY PRODUCTION COMPANY, L.P.  
EL PASO FEDERAL "29" #1 SWD  
LOCATED 2460 FT. FROM THE NORTH LINE  
AND 943 FT. FROM THE WEST LINE OF  
SECTION 29, TOWNSHIP 24 SOUTH,  
RANGE 27 EAST, N.M.P.M.  
EDDY COUNTY, STATE OF NEW MEXICO

MAY 24, 2013

SURVEY NO. 1845

MADRON SURVEYING, INC. 301 SOUTH CANAL (575) 234-3341 CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO

SECTION 29, TOWNSHIP 24 SOUTH, RANGE 27 EAST, N.M.P.M.  
 EDDY COUNTY, STATE OF NEW MEXICO  
 LOCATION VERIFICATION MAP



USGS QUAD MAP:  
 BOND DRAW

NOT TO SCALE

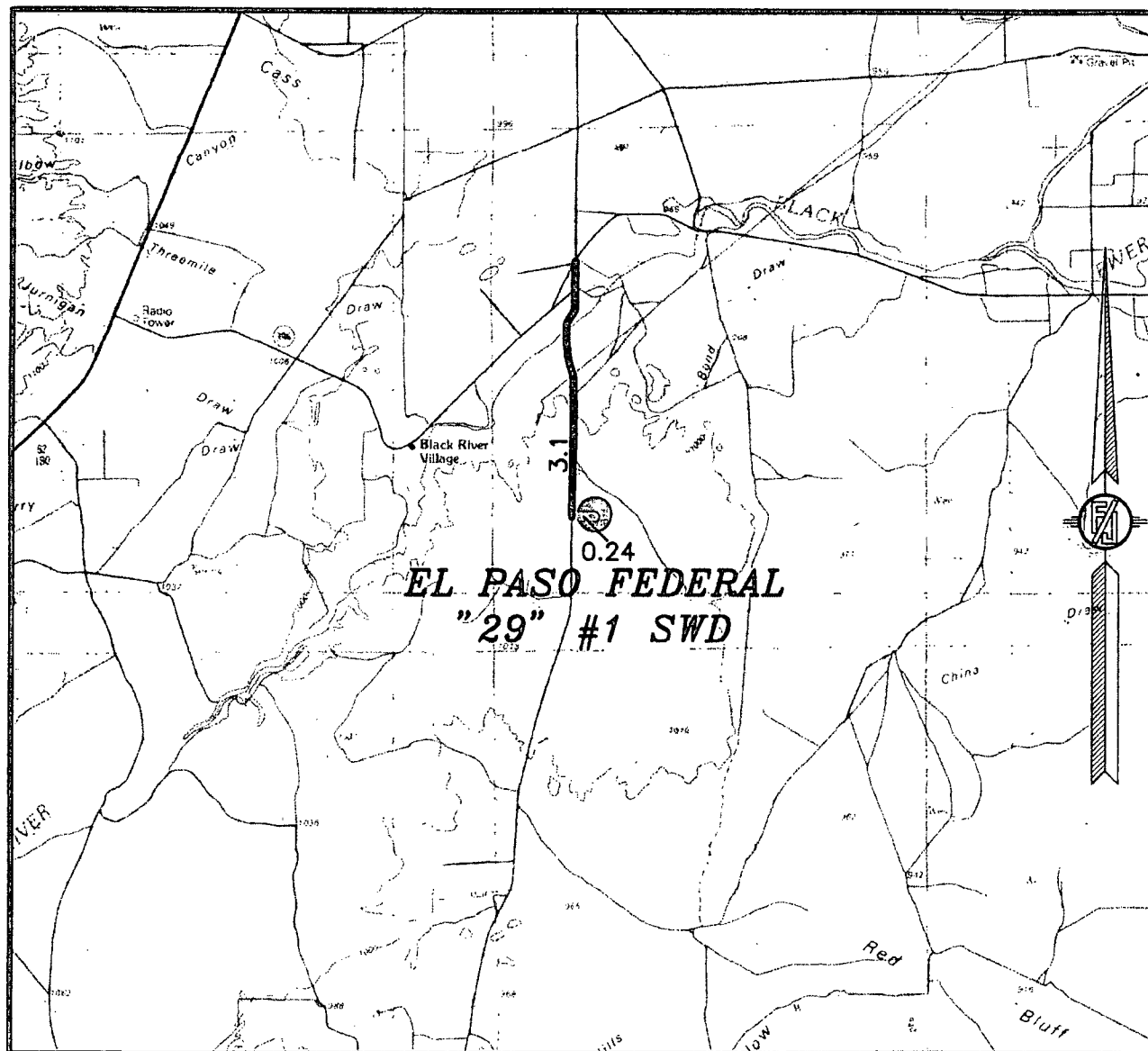
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 EDDY COUNTY, STATE OF NEW MEXICO

MAY 24, 2013

SURVEY NO. 1845

MADRON SURVEYING, INC. 301 SOUTH CANAL CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO  
 (575) 234-3341

SECTION 29, TOWNSHIP 24 SOUTH, RANGE 27 EAST, N.M.P.M.  
EDDY COUNTY, STATE OF NEW MEXICO  
VICINITY MAP



DISTANCES IN MILES

NOT TO SCALE

DEVON ENERGY PRODUCTION COMPANY, L.P.

**EL PASO FEDERAL "29" #1 SWD**

LOCATED 2460 FT. FROM THE NORTH LINE

AND 943 FT. FROM THE WEST LINE OF

SECTION 29, TOWNSHIP 24 SOUTH,

RANGE 27 EAST, N.M.P.M.

EDDY COUNTY, STATE OF NEW MEXICO

**DIRECTIONS TO LOCATION**

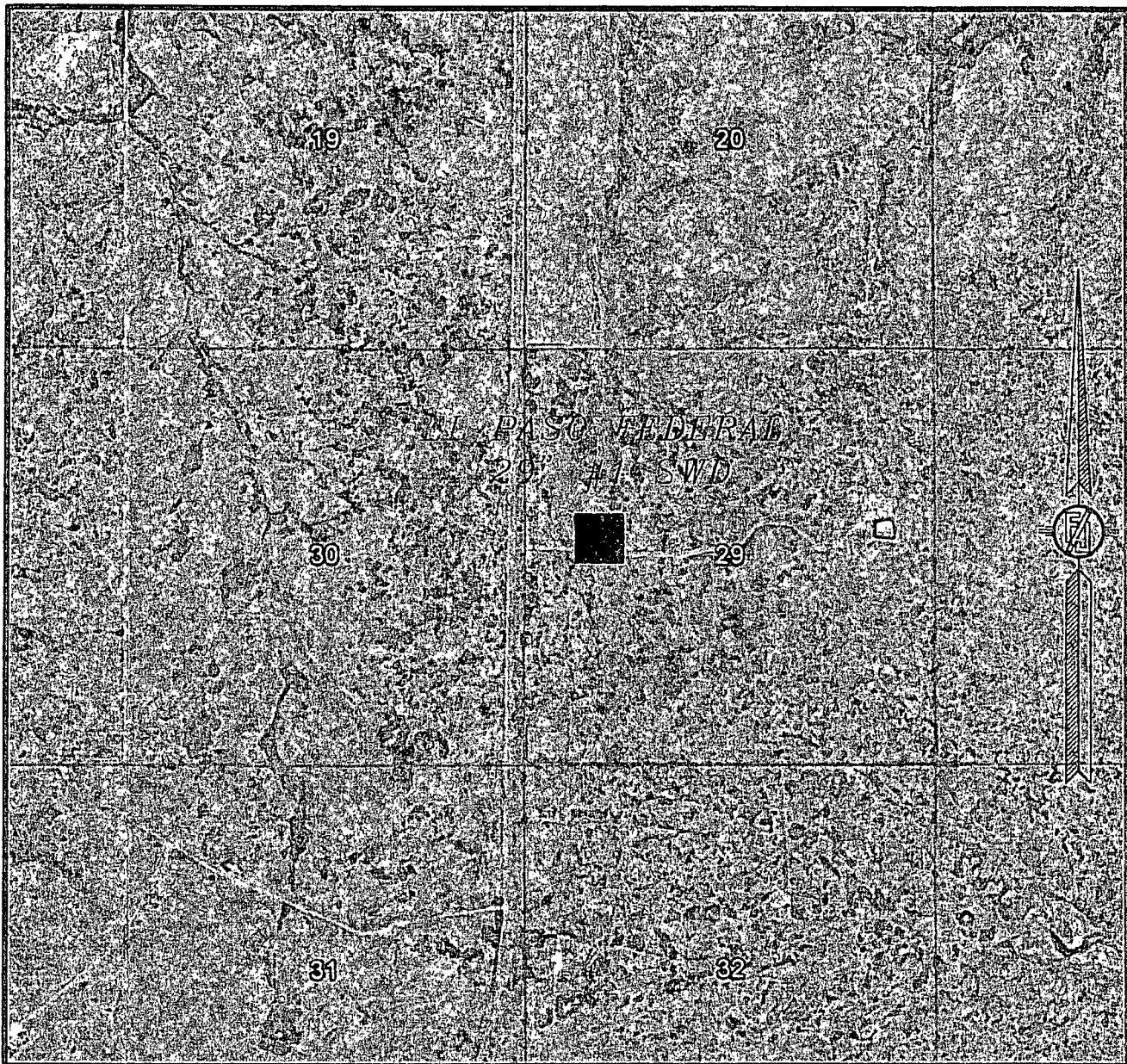
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#748 (OLD CAVERN HWY.) AND CALICHE LEASE ROAD (JOHN D.  
FOREHAND) GO SOUTH ON CALICHE ROAD 3.1 MILES, TURN LEFT ON  
CALICHE ROAD AND GO EAST 0.24 MILES AND WELL IS ON THE LEFT  
(NORTH) 200'

MAY 24, 2013

SURVEY NO. 1845

MADRON SURVEYING, INC. 501 SOUTH CANAL CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO  
(575) 234-3341

SECTION 29, TOWNSHIP 24 SOUTH, RANGE 27 EAST, N.M.P.M.  
EDDY COUNTY, STATE OF NEW MEXICO  
AERIAL PHOTO



NOT TO SCALE  
AERIAL PHOTO:  
GOOGLE EARTH  
APRIL 2013

DEVON ENERGY PRODUCTION COMPANY, L.P.  
EL PASO FEDERAL "29" #1 SWD  
LOCATED 2460 FT. FROM THE NORTH LINE  
AND 943 FT. FROM THE WEST LINE OF  
SECTION 29, TOWNSHIP 24 SOUTH,  
RANGE 27 EAST, N.M.P.M.  
EDDY COUNTY, STATE OF NEW MEXICO

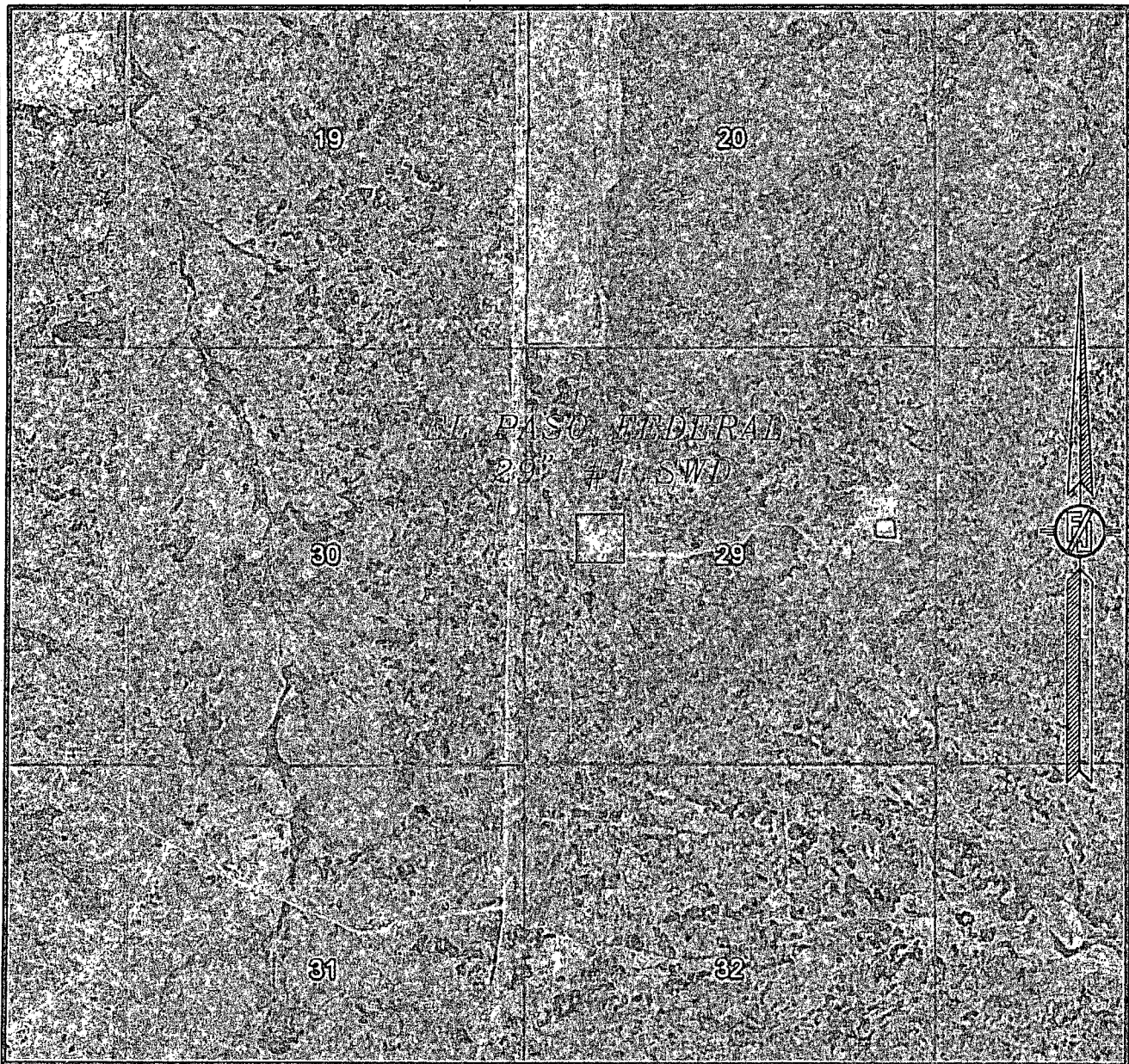
MAY 24, 2013

SURVEY NO. 1845

MADRON SURVEYING, INC. 301 SOUTH CANAL (575) 234-3341 CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO



SECTION 29, TOWNSHIP 24 SOUTH, RANGE 27 EAST, N.M.P.M.  
EDDY COUNTY, STATE OF NEW MEXICO  
AERIAL PHOTO



NOT TO SCALE  
AERIAL PHOTO:  
GOOGLE EARTH  
APRIL 2013

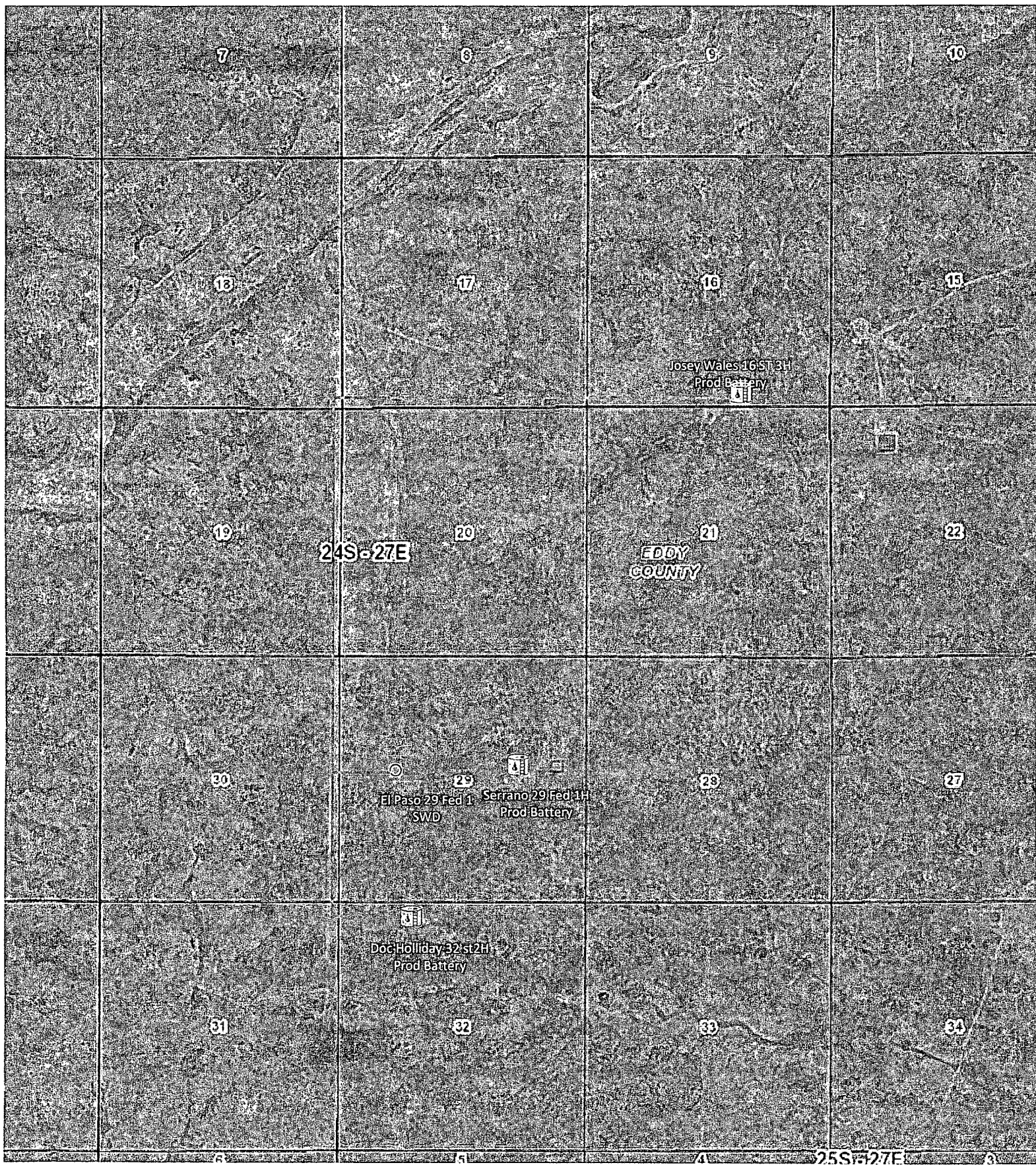
DEVON ENERGY PRODUCTION COMPANY, L.P.  
EL PASO FEDERAL "29" #1 SWD  
LOCATED 2460 FT. FROM THE NORTH LINE  
AND 943 FT. FROM THE WEST LINE OF  
SECTION 29, TOWNSHIP 24 SOUTH,  
RANGE 27 EAST, N.M.P.M.  
EDDY COUNTY, STATE OF NEW MEXICO

MAY 24, 2013

SURVEY NO. 1845

MADRON SURVEYING, INC. 301 SOUTH CANAL (575) 234-3341 CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO





EL PASO FEDERAL SWD 29-1  
T24S - R27E

SHL to nearest lease line: 943 ft.  
SHL to nearest wellbore: 546 ft.

SERRANO 29 FEDERAL 1H 546 ft. N.  
LAVERNA FEDERAL 1 2520 ft. SE.  
STATE 1 2983 ft. SSE.\*  
MOCK 2 3132 ft. N.

\*All distances are estimated.

20

MOCK #1  
MOCK #2

SERRANO 29 FEDERAL 1H

1 MILE

30

SHL

29

EL PASO FEDERAL 29 SWD 1

LAVERNA FEDERAL #1

KATIE MOCK #1

HUMBLE-FEDERAL #1

STATE #1

EL PASO B STATE #1

COLES /31/ FEDERAL #1

31

TAOS FEDERAL #3

32

DEVON

EL PASO FEDERAL 29 SWD 1

## DRILLING PROGRAM

Devon Energy Production Company, L.P.  
El Paso 29 Fed 1 SWD

**1. Geologic Name of Surface Formation: Quaternary**

**2. Estimated Tops of Geological Markers & Depths of Anticipated FW, Oil, or Gas:**

a. Fresh Water	35'	
b. Rustler	193'	Barren
c. Salt	497'	Barren
d. Base Salt	1968'	Barren
e. Delaware	2205'	Barren
f. Bell Canyon	2283'	Barren
g. Cherry Canyon	3059'	Barren
h. Brushy Canyon	4103'	Barren
i. L. Brushy	5444'	Oil
j. 1 <sup>st</sup> Bone Spring	5796'	Oil
k. 1 <sup>st</sup> Bone Spring Ss	6793'	Oil
l. 2 <sup>nd</sup> Bone Spring Lm	7121'	Oil
m. 2 <sup>nd</sup> Bone Spring Ss	7347'	Oil
n. 3 <sup>rd</sup> Bone Spring Lm	7622'	
o. 3 <sup>rd</sup> Bone Spring Ss	8605'	
p. Wolfcamp	8944'	

q. Strawn	10802'	Barren
r. Atoka	11004'	Barren
s. Morrow	11685'	Barren
t. Morrow Lime	12001'	Barren
u. Morrow Lower	12319'	Barren
v. Mississippian	12466'	Barren
w. Mississippian Lime	12700'	Barren
x. Woodford	12900'	Barren
y. Devonian/Silurian	13000'	Barren
z. Ordovician (Montoya)	14100'	Barren
aa. Ordovician (Simpson)	14300'	Barren

Total Depth 15,050' MD

*Well shall not be drilled  
into the Ellenburger  
formation without  
NMCD approval,  
See COA.*

### 3. Pressure Control Equipment:

The BOP system used to drill the production hole will consist of a 13-5/8" 5M Triple Ram and Annular preventer. The BOP system will be tested as per BLM Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 as a 5M system prior to drilling out the surface plug, by conducting the low pressure (250 psi) first followed by the high pressure test (5000 psi) as per API RP 53 under in section 7.11.1.16.

The pipe rams will be operated and checked as per Onshore Order No 2. A 2" kill line and 3" choke line will be incorporated into the drilling spool below the ram BOP. In addition to the rams and annular preventer, additional BOP accessories include a kelly cock, floor safety valve, choke lines, and choke manifold rated at 5,000 psi WP.

Devon requests a variance to use a flexible line with flanged ends between the BOP and the choke manifold (choke line); **if an H&P rig drills this well. Otherwise no flex line is needed.** The line will be kept as straight as possible with minimal turns.

#### Auxiliary Well Control and Monitoring Equipment:

- a. A Kelly cock will be in the drill string at all times.
- b. A full opening drill pipe stabbing valve having the appropriate connections will be on the rig floor at all times.

#### 4. Casing Program:

Hole Size	Hole Interval	Casing OD	Casing Interval	Weight (lb/ft)	Collar	Grade	Collapse Design Factor	Burst Design Factor	Tension Design Factor
12 1/4"	0 -1990'	9 5/8"	0 - 1990'	36#	BTC	K-55	1.95	3.40	6.32
8 1/2"	1990 - 9466'	7"	0 - 9466'	23	BTC	N-80 S-95	1.169 4.829	1.94 6.44	3.30 10.99
6 1/8"	9466-13000'	5" Liner	9100-13000'	15	Prem Integral Flush	N-80	3.972	4.54	3.30
4 1/8"	13000-15050	OH	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### Casing Notes:

- Production Liner is new and API approved
- Existing casing depths are based on max allowable depth as defined by the design factors
- 5" Liner will be top set after drilling injection interval 13000-15050'.

#### 5. Proposed mud Circulations System:

Depth	Mud Weight	Viscosity	Fluid Loss	Type System
0 - 15050'	8.4 - 8.5	28 - 34	N/C	FW

The necessary mud products for weight addition and fluid loss control will be on location at all times. Visual mud monitoring equipment will be in place to detect volume changes indicating loss or gain of circulating fluid volume. If abnormal pressures are encountered, electronic/mechanical mud monitoring equipment will be installed.

#### 6. Cementing Table:

String	Number of sx	Weight lbs/gal	Water Volume g/sx	Yield cf/sx	Stage; Lead/Tail	Slurry Description
Surface	1900				Lead/Tail	Cmt w/ 1500 sx Trinity Lite Wate & 400 sx Cl C. Circ 150
Intermediate	1250				Lead/Tail	Cmt w/ 750 sx Trinity Lite Wate & 500 sx Cl H. Test to 4500 psi, ok.
Production	320	14.5	5.38	1.22	Tail	50:50 Cl H POZ Fly Ash + 1#/sx Sodium Chloride + 0.5% bwoc HALAD-344 + 0.4% bwoc CFR-3 + 0.2% bwoc HR-601 + 2% bwoc Bentonite + 58.8% FW.



**TOC for all Strings:**

Surface	@	0'
Intermediate	@	0'
Production	@	13000' (TOC @ 8900' (cement will be dressed to top of the 5" Liner @ 9100')).

**Notes:**

- Cement volumes based on Drilling Liner is at least 25% excess.
- Actual cement volumes will be adjusted based on fluid caliper and caliper log data

**7. Logging, Coring, and Testing Program:**

- a. Drill stem tests will be based on geological sample shows.
- b. If a drill stem test is anticipated, a procedure, equipment to be used, and safety measures will be provided via sundry notice to the BLM.
- c. The open hole electrical logging program will be:
  - Resistivity Logs
  - Porosity Logs
- ii. No coring program is planned
- iii. Additional Testing will be initiated subsequent to setting the 5" liner. Specific intervals will be targeted based on log evaluation, geological sample shows, and drill stem tests.

**8. Potential Hazards:**

- See  
COA
- a. No abnormal pressures or temperatures are expected. There is no known presence of H<sub>2</sub>S in this area, and none is anticipated to be encountered. If H<sub>2</sub>S is encountered the operator will comply with the provisions of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 6. No lost circulation is expected to occur. All personnel will be familiar with all aspects of safe operation being used to drill this well. Estimated BHP: 7000 psi, and estimated BHT: 220 degrees.
  - b. Hydrogen Sulfide detection equipment will be in operation prior to drilling out cement plug until 5" liner is cemented.

**9. Anticipated Starting Date and Duration of Operations:**

- a. Road and location construction will begin after the BLM has approved the APD. Anticipated spud date will be as soon after BLM approval and as soon as a rig will be available. Move in operations and drilling is expected to take 32 days. If production casing is run then an additional 30 days will be needed to complete well and construct surface facilities and/or lay flow lines in order to place well on production.

**DEVON ENERGY PRODUCTION COMPANY LP**

Well Name: El PASO 29 FED 1 SWD		Field: WILDCAT; MORROW	
Location: 2427' FNL & 904' FWL, SEC 29-T24S-R27E		County: EDDY	State: NM
Elevation: 3359' GL		Spud Date: 7/24/77	Compl Date: P&A 4/29/11
API#: 30-015-22084	Prepared by: Ronnie Slack	Date: 05/06/11	Rev: sap 10/31/13

**PROPOSED SWD SCHEMAT**

12-1/4" hole  
9 5/8" 36#, K-55, @ 1990'  
 Cement w/1900 sx to surface

Squeeze  
 Perfs: 2316'-20', 2332-36', 2350'-54'  
 2722'-27', 2742'-46', 2752'-56'

**Proposed SWD Conversion**  
 ACIDIZE W/20,000 GAL 15% HCL

8-1/2" hole  
7" 23#, N-80/S-95, @ 9466'  
 Cement w/1250 sx to surface

6-1/8" hole  
5" liner 15#, LTC N-80 @ 9100' - 13,000'  
 Cmt w/320 sx; TOC @ 8900'  
 Cmt will be dressed to top of 5" liner @ 9100'

4-1/8" Open Hole  
 13,000' - 15,050'

**PROPOSED**  
 9,350' of 3-1/2", 9.3#, L80, IPC, tubing  
 3,590' of 2-7/8", 4.6#, L80, IPC, tubing  
 T2 On/Off Tool  
 5" Nickel Coated Arrow-set packer set @ 12,940'

**PROPOSED INJECTION INTERVAL**  
 DEVONIAN /SILURIAN/ORDOVICIAN  
 13,000' - 15,050'

TD @ 15,050'

**DEVON ENERGY PRODUCTION COMPANY LP**

Well Name: El PASO 29 FED 1 SWD		Field: WILDCAT; MORROW	
Location: 2427' FNL & 904' FWL, SEC 29-T24S-R27E		County: EDDY	State: NM
Elevation: 3359' GL		Spud Date: 7/24/77	Compl Date: P&A 4/29/11
API#: 30-015-22084	Prepared by: Ronnie Slack	Date: 05/06/11	Rev:

**WELLBORE PLUGGED & ABANDONED**  
4/29/11

12-1/4" hole  
9 5/8" 36#, K-55, @ 1990'  
Cmt'd w/400 sx cmt to surface

Spot 100 sx cmt @ 2200' (4/28/11)

Perfs: 2316'-20', 2332-36', 2350'-54'

2722'-27', 2742'-46', 2752'-56'

Est TOC @ 5700' (not required to tag)

Spot 100 sx cmt @ 6300' (4/27/11)

8-1/2" hole  
7" 23#, N-80/S-95, @ 9466'  
Cmt w/1250 sx cmt to surface

6 1/4" hole

Salt gel mud

Salt gel mud

Salt gel mud

Cut wellhead off & set dry hole marker. (4/29/11)  
Top out csg w/5 sx surf. (4/29/11)

Circ 195 sx cmt from 540' to surf. (4/28/11)

Tagged TOC @ 1900' (4/28/11)

TOC re-tagged @ 9204' (4/26/11)  
Tagged TOC @ 9196' (12/9/10)

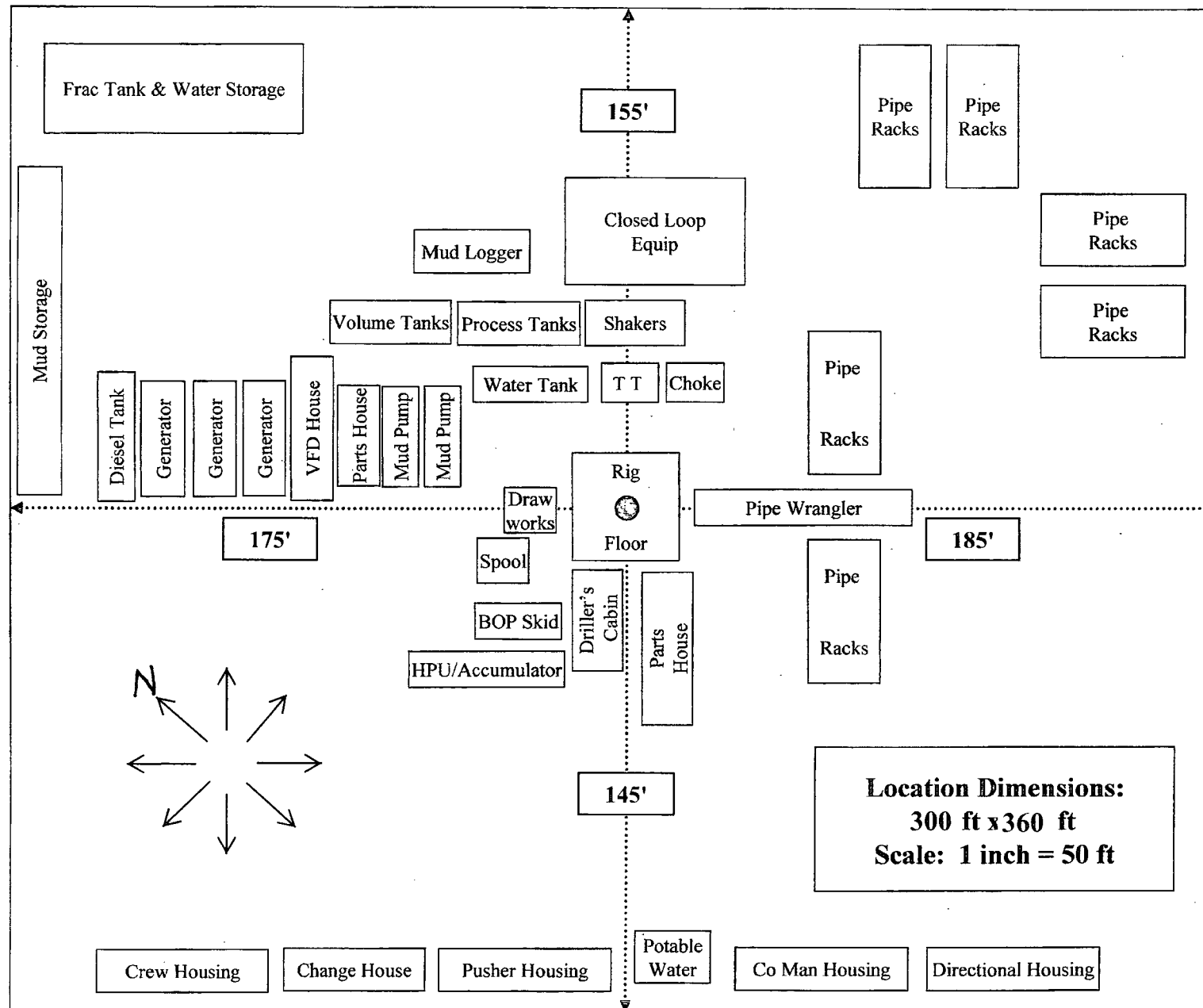
Spot 400 sx cmt @ 10701' (12/8/10)  
Tagged TOC @ 10704' (8/5/10)

Spot 80 sx cmt @ 11140' (8/4/10)

Well re-entered & plugs drilled out to 11163' (7/31/10)

TD @ 12,400'

# H&P Flex Rig Location Layout





Fluid Technology

ContiTech Beattie Corp.  
Website: [www.contitechbeattie.com](http://www.contitechbeattie.com)

Monday, June 14, 2010

RE: Drilling & Production Hoses  
Lifting & Safety Equipment

To Helmerich & Payne,

A Continental ContiTech hose assembly can perform as intended and suitable for the application regardless of whether the hose is secured or unsecured in its configuration. As a manufacturer of High Pressure Hose Assemblies for use in Drilling & Production, we do offer the corresponding lifting and safety equipment, this has the added benefit of easing the lifting and handling of each hose assembly whilst affording hose longevity by ensuring correct handling methods and procedures as well as securing the hose in the unlikely event of a failure; but in no way does the lifting and safety equipment affect the performance of the hoses providing the hoses have been handled and installed correctly it is good practice to use lifting & safety equipment but not mandatory

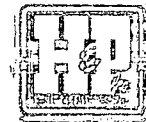
Should you have any questions or require any additional information/clarifications then please do not hesitate to contact us.

ContiTech Beattie is part of the Continental AG Corporation and can offer the full support resources associated with a global organization.

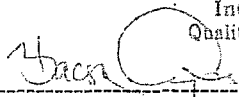
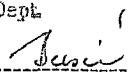
Best regards,

Robin Hodgson  
Sales Manager  
ContiTech Beattie Corp

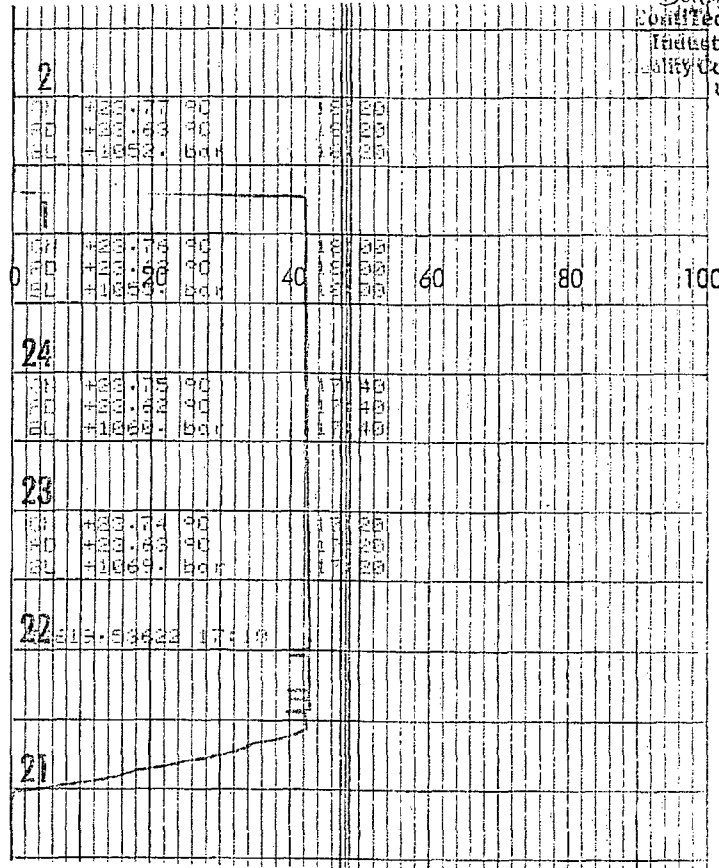
ContiTech Beattie Corp,  
11535 Brittnmore Park Drive,  
Houston, TX 77041  
Phone: +1 (832) 327-0141  
Fax: +1 (832) 327-0148  
[www.contitechbeattie.com](http://www.contitechbeattie.com)





<b>QUALITY CONTROL INSPECTION AND TEST CERTIFICATE</b>				CERT. N°: 1713	
PURCHASER: ContiTech Beattie Co.				P.O. N°: 002808	
CONTITECH ORDER N°: 426127		HOSE TYPE: 3" ID Choke and Kill Hose			
HOSE SERIAL N°: 53622		NOMINAL / ACTUAL LENGTH: 10,67 m			
W.P. 68,96 MPa 10000 psi		T.P. 103,4 MPa 15000 psi		Duration: 60 min.	
<p>Pressure test with water at ambient temperature</p> <p style="text-align: center;">See attachment. (1 page)</p> <p>↑ 10 mm = 10 Min. → 10 mm = 25 MPa</p>					
COUPLINGS Type		Serial N°		Quality	
3" coupling with 4 1/16" Flange end		5503 2029		AISI 4130 AISI 4130	
				Heat N° N1590P 27566	
<b>INFOCHIP INSTALLED</b>				<b>API Spec 16 C Temperature rate: "B"</b>	
All metal parts are flawless				<b>Hose conform to NACE MR 01-75</b>	
WE CERTIFY THAT THE ABOVE HOSE HAS BEEN MANUFACTURED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TERMS OF THE ORDER INSPECTED AND PRESSURE TESTED AS ABOVE WITH SATISFACTORY RESULT.					
STATEMENT OF CONFORMITY: We hereby certify that the above items/equipment supplied by us are in conformity with the terms, conditions and specifications of the above Purchaser Order and that these items/equipment were fabricated inspected and tested in accordance with the referenced standards, codes and specifications and meet the relevant acceptance criteria and design requirements.					
COUNTRY OF ORIGIN HUNGARY/EU					
Date:  25. August. 2008		Inspector		Quality Control ContiTech Rubber Industrial Kft. Quality Control Dept.  	

HARTMANN &



ContiTech Rubber  
Industrial Kft.  
Quality Control Dept.



**Devon Energy Center  
333 West Sheridan Avenue  
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73102-5015**

# **Hydrogen Sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S) Contingency Plan**

**For**

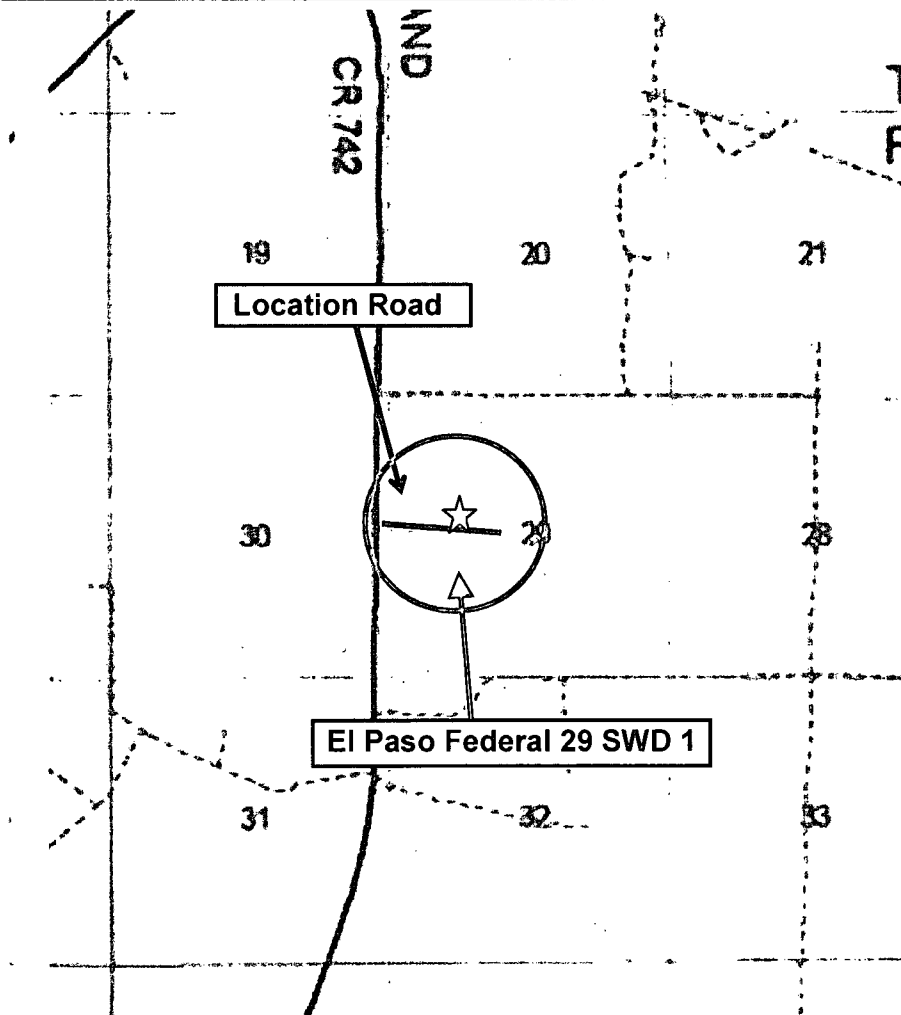
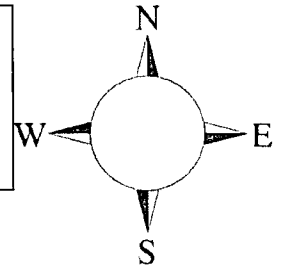
**El Paso Federal 29 SWD 1**

**Sec-29, T-24S R-27E  
2460' FNL & 943 FWL  
LAT. = 32.1887338'N (NAD83)  
LONG = 104.2181420'W**

**Eddy County NM**

## El Paso Federal 29 SWD 1

This is an open drilling site. H<sub>2</sub>S monitoring equipment and emergency response equipment will be used within 500' of zones known to contain H<sub>2</sub>S, including warning signs, wind indicators and H<sub>2</sub>S monitor.



Assumed 100 ppm 3000' ( )  
100 ppm H<sub>2</sub>S concentration shall trigger activation of this plan.

### Escape

Crews shall escape upwind of escaping gas in the event of an emergency release of gas. Escape can be facilitated from the location entrance road, West then Northwest on lease road. Crews should then block entrance to the location from the lease road so as not to allow anyone traversing into a hazardous area. The blockade should be at a safe distance outside of the ROE. There are no homes or buildings in or near the ROE.

**Assumed 100 ppm ROE = 3000'**

**100 ppm H<sub>2</sub>S concentration shall trigger activation of this plan.**

### **Emergency Procedures**

**In the event of a release of gas containing H<sub>2</sub>S, the first responder(s) must**

- **Isolate the area and prevent entry by other persons into the 100 ppm ROE.**
- **Evacuate any public places encompassed by the 100 ppm ROE.**
- **Be equipped with H<sub>2</sub>S monitors and air packs in order to control the release.**
- **Use the "buddy system" to ensure no injuries occur during the response**
- **Take precautions to avoid personal injury during this operation.**
- **Contact operator and/or local officials to aid in operation. See list of phone numbers attached.**
- **Have received training in the**
  - **Detection of H<sub>2</sub>S, and**
  - **Measures for protection against the gas,**
  - **Equipment used for protection and emergency response.**

### **Ignition of Gas Source**

Should control of the well be considered lost and ignition considered, take care to protect against exposure to Sulfur Dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>). Intentional ignition must be coordinated with the NMOCD and local officials. Additionally the NM State Police may become involved. NM State Police shall be the Incident Command on scene of any major release. Take care to protect downwind whenever there is an ignition of the gas

### **Characteristics of H<sub>2</sub>S and SO<sub>2</sub>**

<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Chemical Formula</b>	<b>Specific Gravity</b>	<b>Threshold Limit</b>	<b>Hazardous Limit</b>	<b>Lethal Concentration</b>
<b>Hydrogen Sulfide</b>	<b>H<sub>2</sub>S</b>	<b>1.189 Air = 1</b>	<b>10 ppm</b>	<b>100 ppm/hr</b>	<b>600 ppm</b>
<b>Sulfur Dioxide</b>	<b>SO<sub>2</sub></b>	<b>2.21 Air = 1</b>	<b>2 ppm</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>1000 ppm</b>

## **Contacting Authorities**

Devon Energy Corp. personnel must liaison with local and state agencies to ensure a proper response to a major release. Additionally, the OCD must be notified of the release as soon as possible but no later than 4 hours. Agencies will ask for information such as type and volume of release, wind direction, location of release, etc. Be prepared with all information available. The following call list of essential and potential responders has been prepared for use during a release. Devon Energy Corp. Company response must be in coordination with the State of New Mexico's 'Hazardous Materials Emergency Response Plan' (HMER)

## **Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling Operation Plan**

### **I. HYDROGEN SULFIDE (H<sub>2</sub>S) TRAINING**

All personnel, whether regularly assigned, contracted, or employed on an unscheduled basis, will receive training from a qualified instructor in the following areas prior to commencing drilling operations on this well:

1. The hazards and characteristics of hydrogen sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S)
2. The proper use and maintenance of personal protective equipment and life support systems.
3. The proper use of H<sub>2</sub>S detectors, alarms, warning systems, briefing areas, evacuation procedures, and prevailing winds.
4. The proper techniques for first aid and rescue procedures.

In addition, supervisory personnel will be trained in the following areas:

1. The effects of H<sub>2</sub>S metal components. If high tensile tubular are to be used, personnel will be trained in their special maintenance requirements.
2. Corrective action and shut-in procedures when drilling or reworking a well and blowout prevention and well control procedures.
3. The contents and requirements of the H<sub>2</sub>S Drilling Operations Plan and Public Protection Plan.



There will be an initial training session just prior to encountering a known or probable H<sub>2</sub>S zone (within 3 days or 500 feet) and weekly H<sub>2</sub>S and well control drills for all personnel in each crew. The initial training session shall include a review of the site specific H<sub>2</sub>S Drilling Operations Plan and the Public Protection Plan.

## **II. HYDROGEN SULFIDE TRAINING**

Note: All H<sub>2</sub>S safety equipment and systems will be installed, tested, and operational when drilling reaches a depth of 500 feet above, or three days prior to penetrating the first zone containing or reasonable expected to contain H<sub>2</sub>S.

### **1. Well Control Equipment**

- A. Flare line
- B. Choke manifold – (with remotely operated choke)
- C. Blind rams and pipe rams to accommodate all pipe sizes with properly sized closing unit
- D. Auxiliary equipment may include if applicable: annular preventer and rotating head.
- E. Mud/Gas Separator

### **2. Protective equipment for essential personnel:**

- A. 30-minute SCBA units located in the doghouse and at briefing areas, as indicated on well site diagram. As it may be difficult to communicate audibly while wearing these units, hand signals shall be utilized.

### **3. H<sub>2</sub>S detection and monitoring equipment:**

- A. Portable H<sub>2</sub>S monitors positioned on location for best coverage and response. These units have warning lights and audible sirens when H<sub>2</sub>S levels of 20 PPM are reached. These units are usually capable of detecting SO<sub>2</sub>, which is a byproduct of burning H<sub>2</sub>S.

### **4. Visual warning systems:**

- A. Wind direction indicators as shown on well site diagram
- B. Caution/ Danger signs shall be posted on roads providing direct access to locations. Signs will be painted a high visibility yellow with black lettering of sufficient size to be reasonable distance from the immediate location. Bilingual signs will be used when appropriate.

**5. Mud program:**

- A. The mud program has been designed to minimize the volume of H<sub>2</sub>S circulated to surface. Proper mud weight, safe drilling practices and the use of H<sub>2</sub>S scavengers will minimize hazards when penetrating H<sub>2</sub>S bearing zones.

**6. Metallurgy:**

- A. All drill strings, casings, tubing, wellhead, blowout preventer, drilling spool, kill lines, choke manifold lines, and valves shall be H<sub>2</sub>S trim.
- B. All elastomers used for packing and seals shall be H<sub>2</sub>S trim.

**7. Communication:**

- A. Radio communications in company vehicles including cellular telephones and 2-way radio
- B. Land line (telephone) communications at Office

**8. Well testing:**

- A. Drill stem testing will be performed with a minimum number of personnel in the immediate vicinity, which are necessary to safety and adequately conduct the test. The drill stem testing will be conducted during daylight hours and formation fluids will not be flowed to the surface. All drill-stem-testing operations conducted in an H<sub>2</sub>S environment will use the closed chamber method of testing.
- B. There will be no drill stem testing.

## Devon Energy Corp. Company Call List

<u>Artesia (575)</u>	<u>Cellular</u>	<u>Office</u>	<u>Home</u>
Foreman – Robert Bell.....	748-7448 .....	748-0178 .....	746-2991
Asst. Foreman –Tommy Polly.....	748-5290 .....	748-0165 .....	748-2846
Don Mayberry .....	748-5235 .....	748-0164 .....	746-4945
Montral Walker .....	390-5182 .....	748-0193 .....	(936) 414-6246
Engineer – Marcos Ortiz.....	(405) 317-0666 .....	(405) 552-8152 .....	(405) 381-4350

## Agency Call List

<u>Lea County (575)</u>	<u>Hobbs</u>
	Lea County Communication Authority .....
	State Police .....
	City Police .....
	Sheriff's Office .....
	Ambulance.....
	Fire Department.....
	LEPC (Local Emergency Planning Committee).....
	NMOCD.....
	US Bureau of Land Management.....

<u>Eddy County (575)</u>	<u>Carlsbad</u>
	State Police .....
	City Police .....
	Sheriff's Office .....
	Ambulance .....
	Fire Department.....
	LEPC (Local Emergency Planning Committee).....
	US Bureau of Land Management.....
	NM Emergency Response Commission (Santa Fe) .....
	24 HR .....
	National Emergency Response Center (Washington, DC) .....

## Emergency Services

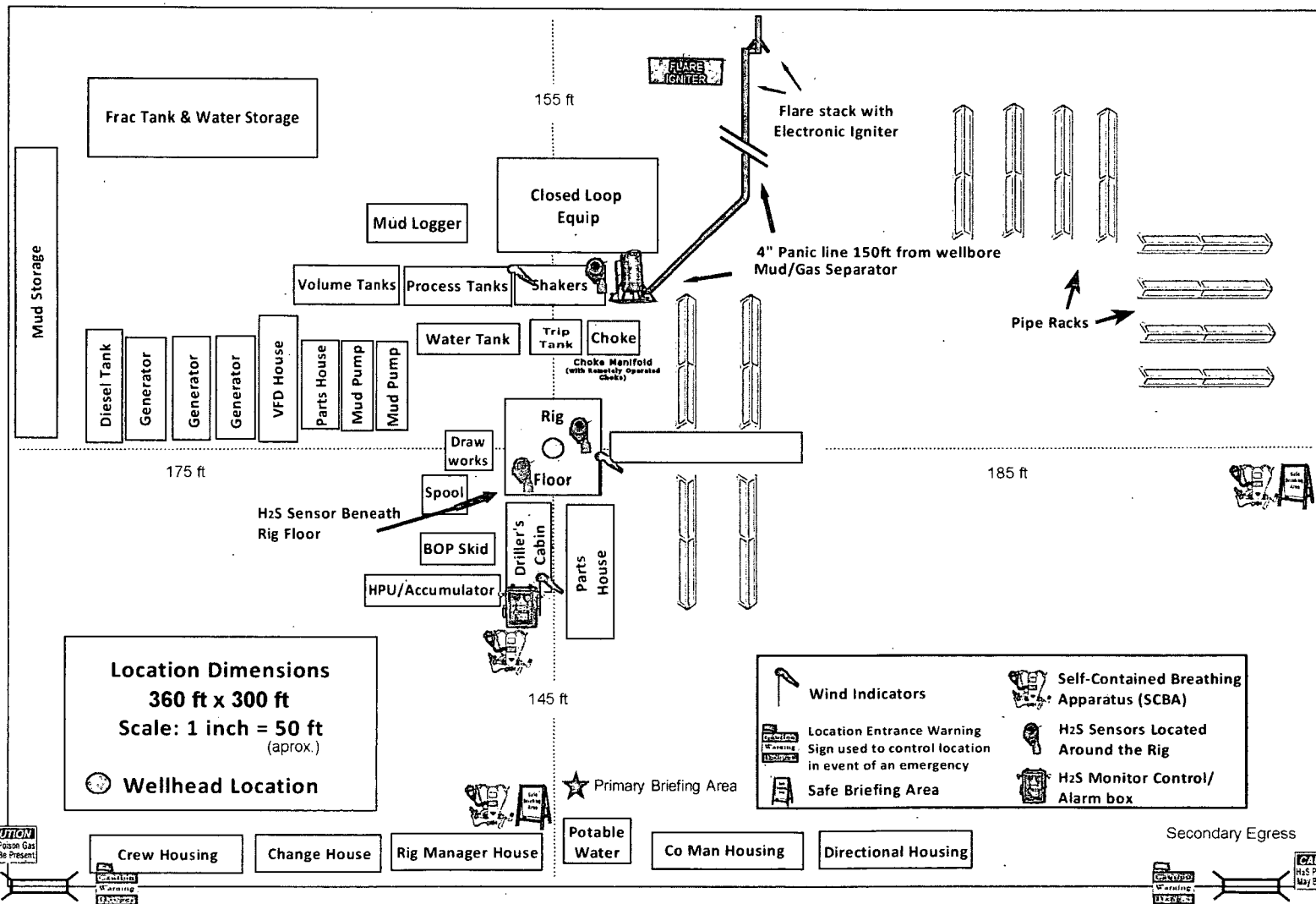
	Boots & Coots IWC .....
	Cudd Pressure Control.....
	Halliburton .....
	B. J. Services.....
<i>Give</i>	Native Air – Emergency Helicopter – Hobbs.....
<i>GPS</i>	Flight For Life - Lubbock, TX .....
<i>position:</i>	Aerocare - Lubbock, TX .....
	Med Flight Air Amb - Albuquerque, NM .....
	Lifeguard Air Med Svc. Albuquerque, NM .....

Prepared in conjunction with  
Dave Small



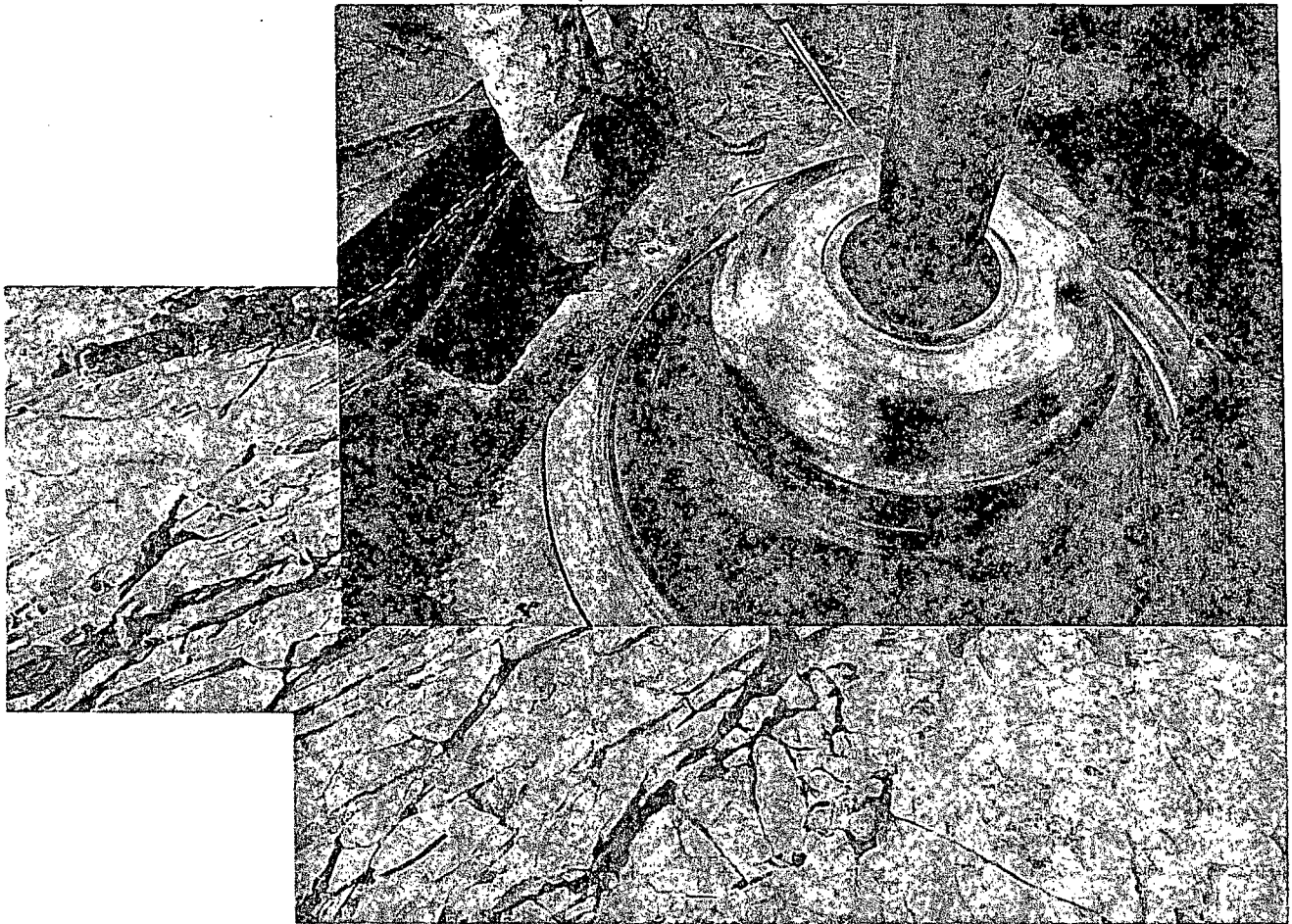


# Devon Energy - Well Pad Rig Location Layout Safety Equipment Location





Commitment Runs Deep



Design Plan  
Operation and Maintenance Plan  
Closure Plan

SENM - Closed Loop Systems  
June 2008

## **I. Design Plan**

Devon uses MI SWACO closed loop system (CLS). The MI SWACO CLS is designed to maintain drill solids at or below 5%. The equipment is arranged to progressively remove solids from the largest to the smallest size. Drilling fluids can thus be reused and savings is realized on mud and disposal costs. Dewatering may be required with the centrifuges to insure removal of ultra fine solids.

The drilling location is constructed to allow storm water to flow to a central sump normally the cellar. This insures no contamination leaves the drilling pad in the event of a spill. Storm water is reused in the mud system or stored in a reserve fluid tank farm until it can be reused. All lubricants, oils, or chemicals are removed immediately from the ground to prevent the contamination of storm water. An oil trap is normally installed on the sump if an oil spill occurs during a storm.

A tank farm is utilized to store drilling fluids including fresh water and brine fluids. The tank farm is constructed on a 20 ml plastic lined, bermed pad to prevent the contamination of the drilling site during a spill. Fluids from other sites may be stored in these tanks for processing by the solids control equipment and reused in the mud system. At the end of the well the fluids are transported from the tank farm to an adjoining well or to the next well for the rig.

Prior to installing a closed-loop system on site, the topsoil, if present, will be stripped and stockpiled for use as the final cover or fill at the time of closure.

Signs will be posted on the fence surrounding the closed-loop system unless the closed-loop system is located on a site where there is an existing well, that is operated by Devon.

## **II. Operations and Maintenance Plan**

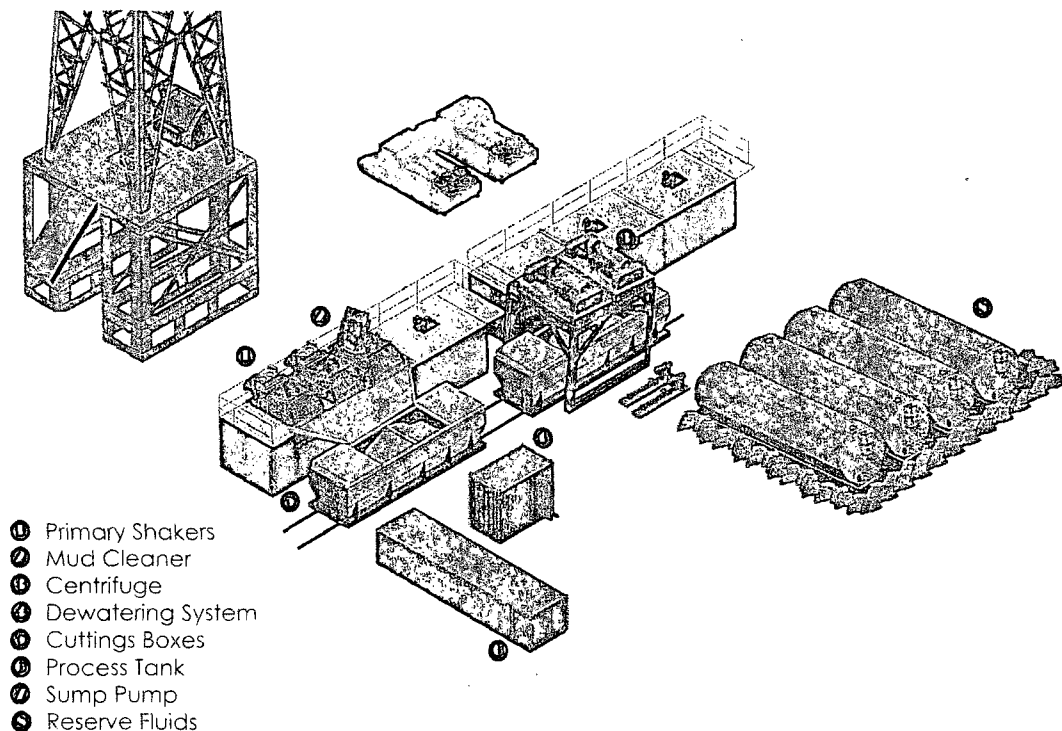
*Primary Shakers:* The primary shakers make the first removal of drill solids from the drilling mud as it leaves the well bore. The shakers are sized to handle maximum drilling rate at optimal screen size. The shakers normally remove solids down to 74 microns.



**Mud Cleaner:** The Mud Cleaner cleans the fluid after it leaves the shakers. A set of hydrocyclones are sized to handle 1.25 to 1.5 times the maximum circulating rate. This ensures all the fluid is being processed to an average cut point of 25 microns. The wet discharged is dewatered on a shaker equipped with ultra fine mesh screens and generally cut at 40 microns.

**devon**

## Closed Loop Schematic



**MISWACO**

**Centrifuges:** The centrifuges can be one or two in number depending on the well geometry or depth of well. The centrifuges are sized to maintain low gravity solids at 5% or below. They may or may not need a dewatering system to enhance the removal rates. The centrifuges can make a cut point of 8-10 microns depending on bowl speed, feed rate, solids loading and other factors.

The centrifuge system is designed to work on the active system and be flexible to process incoming fluids from other locations. This set-up is also dependant on well factors.

**Dewatering System:** The dewatering system is a chemical mixing and dosing system designed to enhance the solids removal of the centrifuge. Not commonly used in shallow wells. It may contain pH adjustment, coagulant mixing and dosing, and polymer mixing and dosing. Chemical flocculation binds ultra fine solids into a mass that is within the centrifuge operating design. The

dewatering system improves the centrifuge cut point to infinity or allows for the return of clear water or brine fluid. This ability allows for the ultimate control of low gravity solids.

*Cuttings Boxes:* Cuttings boxes are utilized to capture drill solids that are discarded from the solids control equipment. These boxes are set upon a rail system that allows for the removal and replacement of a full box of cuttings with an empty one. They are equipped with a cover that insures no product is spilled into the environment during the transportation phase.

*Process Tank:* (Optional) The process tank allows for the holding and process of fluids that are being transferred into the mud system. Additionally, during times of lost circulation the process tank may hold active fluids that are removed for additional treatment. It can further be used as a mixing tank during well control conditions.

*Sump and Sump Pump:* The sump is used to collect storm water and the pump is used to transfer this fluid to the active system or to the tank for to hold in reserve. It can also be used to collect fluids that may escape during spills. The location contains drainage ditches that allow the location fluids to drain to the sump.

*Reserve Fluids (Tank Farm):* A series of frac tanks are used to replace the reserve pit. These are steel tanks that are equipped with a manifold system and a transfer pump. These tanks can contain any number of fluids used during the drilling process. These can include fresh water, cut brine, and saturated salt fluid. The fluid can be from the active well or reclaimed fluid from other locations. A 20 ml liner and berm system is employed to ensure the fluids do not migrate to the environment during a spill.

If a leak develops, the appropriate division district office will be notified within 48 hours of the discovery and the leak will be addressed. Spill prevention is accomplished by maintaining pump packing, hoses, and pipe fittings to insure no leaks are occurring. During an upset condition the source of the spill is isolated and repaired as soon as it is discovered. Free liquid is removed by a diaphragm pump and returned to the mud system. Loose topsoil may be used to stabilize the spill and the contaminated soil is excavated and placed in the cuttings boxes. After the well is finished and the rig has moved, the entire location is scrapped and testing will be performed to determine if a release has occurred.

All trash is kept in a wire mesh enclosure and removed to an approved landfill when full. All spent motor oils are kept in separate containers and they are removed and sent to an approved recycling center. Any spilled lubricants, pipe

dope, or regulated chemicals are removed from soil and sent to landfills approved for these products.

These operations are monitored by Mi Swaco service technicians. Daily logs are maintained to ensure optimal equipment operation and maintenance. Screen and chemical use is logged to maintain inventory control. Fluid properties are monitored and recorded and drilling mud volumes are accounted for in the mud storage farm. This data is kept for end of well review to insure performance goals are met. Lessons learned are logged and used to help with continuous improvement.

A MI SWACO field supervisor manages from 3-5 wells. They are responsible for training personnel, supervising installations, and inspecting sites for compliance of MI SWACO safety and operational policy.

### **III. Closure Plan**

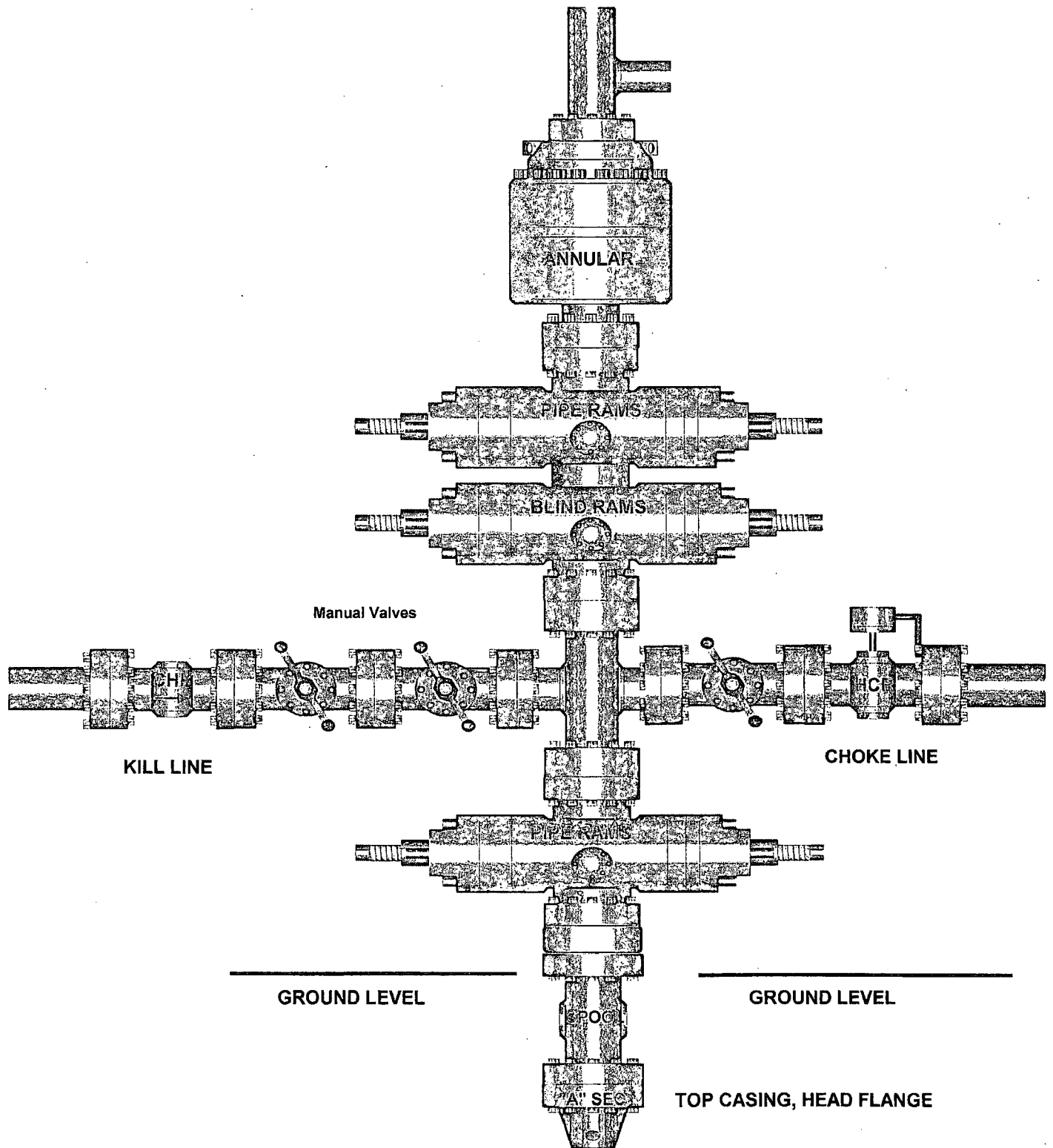
A maximum 340' X 340' caliche pad is built per well. All of the trucks and steel tanks fit on this pad. All fluid cuttings go to the steel tanks to be hauled by various trucking companies to an agency approved disposal.

## **NOTES REGARDING BLOWOUT PREVENTERS**

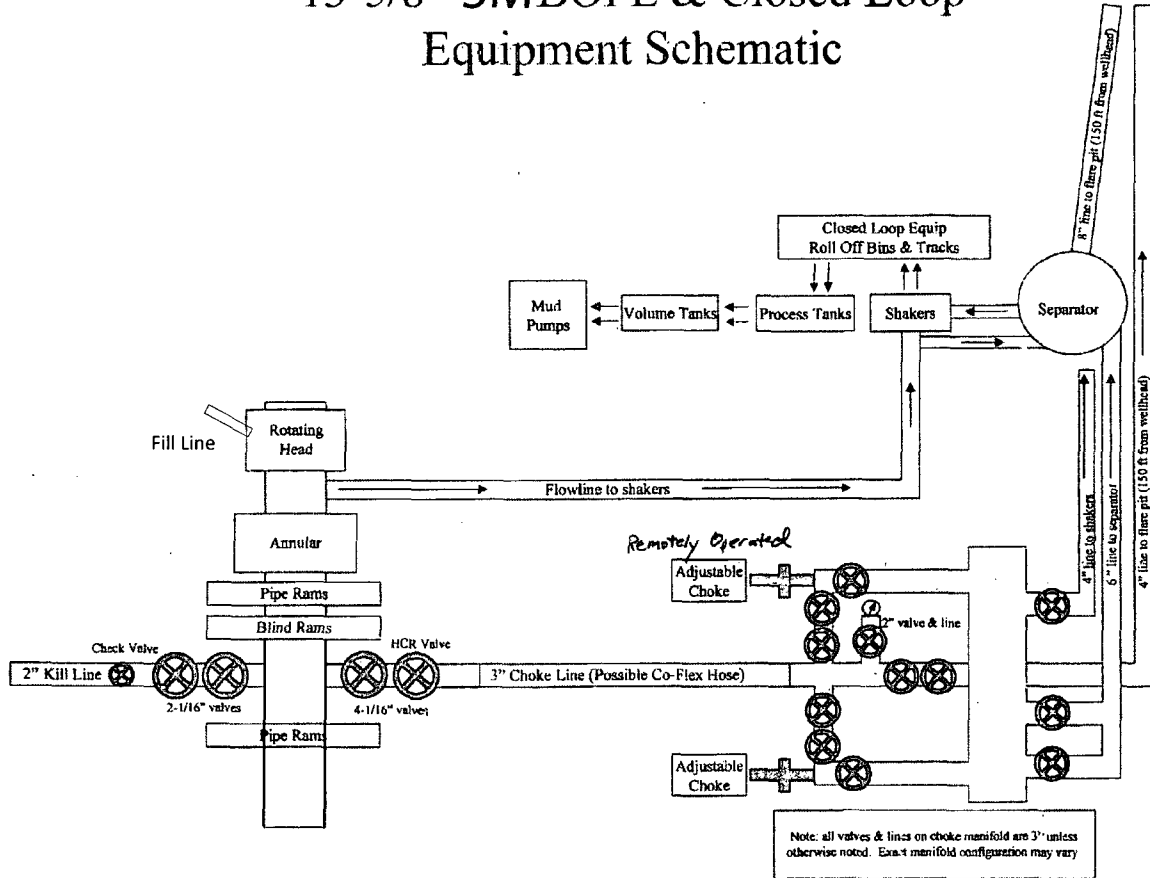
Devon Energy Production Company, L.P.  
**El Paso 29 Fed 1 SWD**

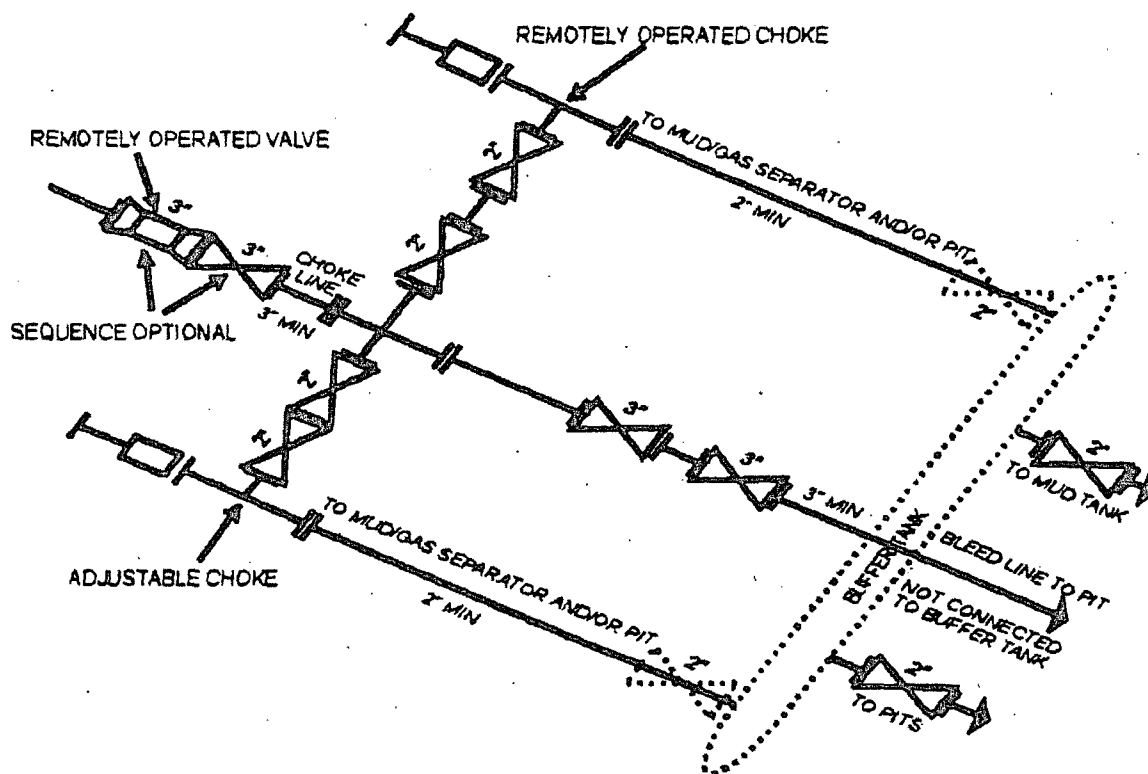
1. Drilling Nipple will be constructed so it can be removed mechanically without the aid of a welder. The minimum internal diameter will equal BOP bore.
2. Wear ring will be properly installed in head.
3. Blowout preventer and all associated filings will be in operable condition to withstand a minimum of 5000 psi working pressure.
4. All fittings will be flanged.
5. A fill bore safety valve tested to a minimum of 5000 psi WP with proper thread connections will be available on the rotary rig floor at all times.
6. All choke lines will be anchored to prevent movement.
7. All BOP equipment will be equal to or larger in bore than the internal diameter of the last casing string.
8. Will maintain a kelly cock attached to the kelly.
9. Hand wheels and wrenches will be properly installed and tested for safe operation.
10. Hydraulic floor control for blowout preventer will be located as near in proximity to driller's controls as possible.
11. All BOP equipment will meet API standards and include a minimum 40 gallon accumulator having two independent means of power to initiate closing operation.

# 13-5/8" x 5,000 psi BOP Stack



# 13-5/8" 5MBOPE & Closed Loop Equipment Schematic





#### 5M CHOKE MANIFOLD EQUIPMENT - CONFIGURATION OF CHOKES MAY VARY

Although not required for any of the choke manifold systems, buffer tanks are sometimes installed downstream of the choke assemblies for the purpose of manifolding the bleed lines together. When buffer tanks are employed, valves shall be installed upstream to isolate a failure or malfunction without interrupting flow control. Though not shown on 2M, 3M, 10M, OR 15M drawings, it would also be applicable to those situations.

[54 FR 39528, Sept. 27, 1989]

## **SURFACE USE PLAN**

Devon Energy Production Company, L.P.  
**El Paso 29 Fed 1 SWD**

### **1. Existing Roads:**

- a. The well site and elevation plat for the proposed well are reflected on the "Site Map". The well was re-staked by Madron Surveying, Inc for clarification but utilizing the original plat footages.
- b. All roads into the location are depicted on the "Vicinity Map". The operator will repair pot holes, clear ditches, repair the crown, etc. All existing structures on the entire access route such as cattle guards, culverts, etc. will be properly repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. BLM written approval will be acquired before application of surfactants, binding agents, or other dust suppression chemicals on roadways.
- c. Directions to Location: From paved CR. 720 (Black River Village Rd) and paved CR 748 (Old Cavern Hwy) and caliche lease road (John D. Forehand) go south on caliche road 3.1 miles, turn left on caliche road and go east 0.24 miles and well is on the left (North) 200'.

### **2. New or Reconstructed Access Roads:**

- a. The "Site Map" shows new constructed access road, which will be approximately 36 LF from the existing Lease road.
- b. The maximum driving width of the access road will be 14 feet. The maximum width of surface disturbance when constructing the access road will not exceed 25 feet. The road will be crowned and ditched with 2% slope from the tip of the crown to the edge of the driving surface. The ditches will be 3 feet wide with 3:1 slopes. The driving surface will be made of 6" rolled and compacted caliche.
- c. No cattle guards, grates or fence cuts will be required. No turnouts are planned.

### **3. Location of Existing Wells:**

The attached "One Mile Radius Map" shows all existing and proposed wells within a one-mile radius of the proposed location.

### **4. Location of Existing and/or Proposed Production Facilities:**

- a. In the event the well is found productive, then a tank battery and pumps will be installed at the well site. If necessary, the well will be operated by means of an electric prime mover. If electric power poles are needed, a plat and a sundry notice will be filed with your office.
- b. All flow lines will adhere to API standards.
- c. If the well is productive, rehabilitation plans are as follows:
  - i. A closed loop system will be utilized.
  - ii. The original topsoil from the well site will be returned to the location. The drill site will then be contoured as close as possible to the original state.

### **5. Location and Types of Water Supply:**



**devon**

**El Paso 29 Fed #1  
SWD  
Location Layout/  
Interim  
Reclamation  
Diagram**

Devon Energy Production Co.  
El Paso 29 Fed #1 SWD  
2460' FNL & 943' FWL  
Sec. 29-T24S-R27E  
Eddy County, NM

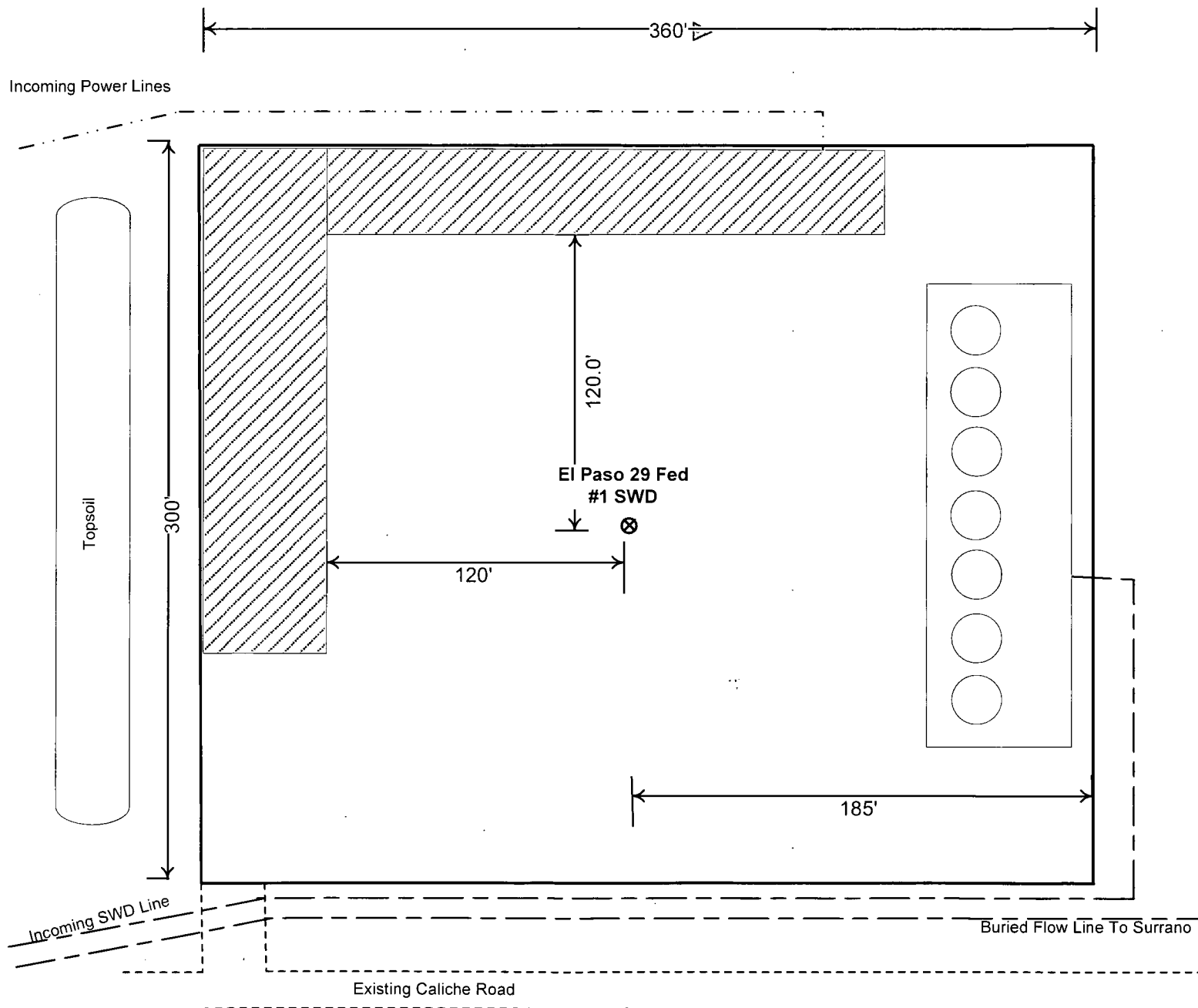
**Directions to Location:**

From paved CR #720 (black River Village Rd) and #748 (Old Cavern Hwy), go south on caliche lease road (John D. Forehand) 3.1 miles, turn left on caliche access and go East 0.24 miles. Well is on the North side, 200'.



Scale: 1in = 60ft.

Received 1/22/14  
Adrasakha





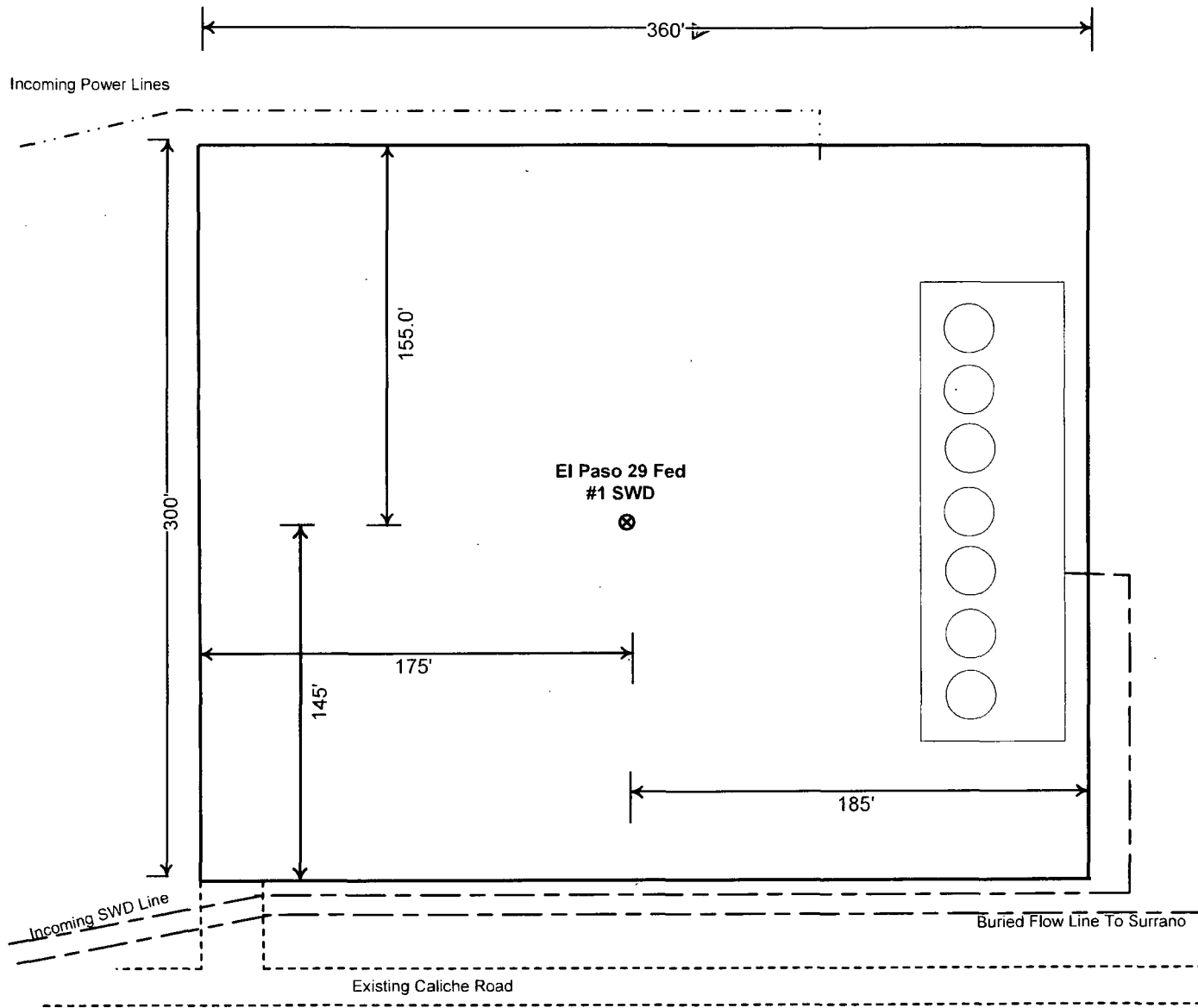
**El Paso 29 Fed #1  
SWD  
Location Layout**

**Devon Energy Production Co.  
El Paso 29 Fed #1 SWD  
2460' FNL & 943' FWL  
Sec. 29-T24S-R27E  
Eddy County, NM**

Directions to Location:  
From paved CR #720 (black River  
Village Rd) and #748 (Old Cavern  
Hwy), go south on caliche lease  
road (John D. Forehand) 3.1 miles,  
turn left on caliche access and go  
East 0.24 miles. Well is on the  
North side, 200'.



Scale: 1in = 60ft.



- ii. The original topsoil from the well site will be returned to the location. The drill site will then be contoured as close as possible to the original state.

**5. Location and Types of Water Supply:**

This location will be drilled using a combination of water mud systems (outlined in the Drilling Program). The water will be obtained from commercial water stations in the area and hauled to location by transport truck using the existing and proposed roads described and depicted on the "Vicinity Map". On occasion, water will be obtained from a pre-existing water well, running a pump directly to the drill rig. In cases where a poly pipeline is used to transport water for drilling purposes, proper authorizations will be secured. If a poly pipeline is used, the size, distance, and map showing route will be provided to the BLM via sundry notice.

**6. Construction Materials:**

Obtaining caliche: One primary way of obtaining caliche to build locations and roads will be by "turning over" the location. This means caliche will be obtained from the actual well site. Actual amounts will vary for each pad. The procedure below has been approved by BLM personnel:

- a. The top 6 inches of topsoil is pushed off and stockpiled along the side of the location.
- b. Subsoil is removed and stockpiled within the surveyed well pad.
- c. When caliche is found, material will be stock piled within the pad site to build the location and road.
- d. Then subsoil is pushed back in the hole and caliche is spread accordingly across entire location and road.
- e. Once well is drilled, the stock piled top soil will be used for interim reclamation and spread along areas where caliche is picked up and the location size is reduced.
- f. Neither caliche, nor subsoil will be stock piled outside of the well pad. Topsoil will be stockpiled along the edge of the pad as depicted in the Well Site Layout or survey plat.

In the event that no caliche is found onsite, caliche will be hauled in from a BLM approved caliche pit or other established mineral pit. A BLM mineral material permit will be acquired prior to obtaining any mineral material from BLM pits or land.

**7. Methods of Handling Waste Material:**

- a. Drill cuttings will be safely contained in a closed loop system and disposed of properly at a NMOC approved disposal site.
- b. All trash, junk and other waste material will be contained in trash cages or trash bins to prevent scattering. When the job is completed all contents will be removed and disposed of in an approved sanitary landfill.
- c. The supplier will pick up salts remaining after completion of well, including broken sacks.
- d. A Porto-john will be provided for the rig crews. This equipment will be properly maintained during the drilling and completion operations and will be removed when all operations are complete.
- e. Remaining drilling fluids will be sent to a closed loop system. Water produced during completion will be put into a closed loop system. Oil and condensate produced will be put into a storage tank and sold.
- f. Disposal of fluids to be transported by the following companies:

- i. American Production Service Inc, Odessa TX
- ii. Gandy Corporation, Lovington NM
- iii. I & W Inc, Loco Hill NM
- iv. Jims Water Service of Co Inc, Denver CO

**8. Ancillary Facilities:** No campsite or other facilities will be constructed as a result of this well.

**9. Well Site Layout**

- a. The Rig Location Layout attachment shows the proposed well site layout and pad dimensions.
- b. The Rig Location Layout attachment proposes location of sump pits and living facilities.
- c. Mud pits in the active circulating system will be steel pits.
- d. A closed loop system will be utilized.
- e. If a pit or closed loop system is utilized, Devon will provide a copy of the Design Plan to the BLM.

**10. Plans for Surface Reclamation:**

- a. After concluding the drilling and/or completion operations, if the well is found non-commercial, the caliche will be removed from the pad and transported to the original caliche pit or used for other drilling locations. The road will be reclaimed as directed by the BLM. The original top soil will again be returned to the pad and contoured, as close as possible, to the original topography.
- b. The location and road will be rehabilitated as recommended by the BLM.
- c. If the well is deemed commercially productive, caliche from areas of the pad site not required for operations will be reclaimed. The original top soil will be returned to the area of the drill pad not necessary to operate the well. These unused areas of the drill pad will be contoured, as close as possible, to match the original topography.
- d. All disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations will undergo interim reclamation. The portions of the cleared well site not needed for operational and safety purposes will be recontoured to a final or intermediate contour that blends with the surrounding topography as much as possible. Topsoil will be respread over areas not needed for all-weather operations.

**11. Surface Ownership**

- a. The surface is owned by the US Government and is administered by the Bureau of Land Management. The surface is multiple use with the primary uses of the region for the grazing of livestock and the production of oil and gas.
- b. The proposed road routes and the surface location will be restored as directed by the BLM.

**12. Other Information:**

- a. The area surrounding the well site is grassland. The topsoil is very sandy in nature. The vegetation is moderately sparse with native prairie grass, sage bush, yucca and miscellaneous

weeds. No wildlife was observed but it is likely that deer, rabbits, coyotes, and rodents traverse the area.

- b. There is no permanent or live water in the general proximity of the location.
- c. There are no dwellings within 2 miles of location.
- d. A Cultural Resources Examination will be completed by Southern New Mexico Archaeological Services, Inc. and forwarded to the BLM office in Carlsbad, New Mexico.

**13. Bond Coverage:**

Bond Coverage is Nationwide; Bond # is CO-1104 & NMB-000801.

**Operators Representative:**

The Devon Energy Production Company, L.P. representatives responsible for ensuring compliance of the surface use plan are listed below.

Trevor Klaassen- Operations Engineer  
Devon Energy Production Company, L.P.  
333 W. Sheridan  
Oklahoma City, OK 73102-5010  
(405) 552- 5069 (Office)  
(405) 850-5870 (Cellular)

Don Mayberry - Superintendent  
Devon Energy Production Company, L.P.  
Post Office Box 250  
Artesia, NM 88211-0250  
(575) 748-0164 (Office)  
(575) 746-5235 (Cellular)


## Certification

I hereby certify that I, or persons under my direct supervision, have inspected the proposed drill site and access road proposed herein; that I am familiar with the conditions that presently exist; that I have full knowledge of State and Federal laws applicable to this operation; that the statements made in this APD package are, to the best of my knowledge, true and correct; and that the work associated with the operations proposed herein will be performed in conformity with this APD package and the terms and conditions under which it is approved. I also certify that I, or Devon Energy Production Company, L.P. am responsible for the operations conducted under this application. These statements are subject to the provisions of 18 U.S.C. 1001 for the filing of false statements.

I hereby also certify that I, or Devon Energy Production Company, L.P. have made a good faith effort to provide the surface owner with a copy of the Surface Use Plan of Operations and any Conditions of Approval that are attached to the APD.

Executed this 19th day of November, 2013.

Printed Name: Judy A. Barnett

Signed Name: 

Position Title: Sr. Regulatory Specialist

Address: 333 W. Sheridan, OKC OK 73102

Telephone: (405)-552-6559

## PECOS DISTRICT CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

<b>OPERATOR'S NAME:</b>	<b>Devon Energy Production Company, L.P.</b>
<b>LEASE NO.:</b>	<b>NMMN-112269</b>
<b>WELL NAME &amp; NO.:</b>	<b>El Paso 29 Fed 1 SWD</b>
<b>SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:</b>	<b>2460' FNL &amp; 0943' FWL</b>
<b>LOCATION:</b>	<b>Section 24, T. 27 S., R 29 E., NMPM</b>
<b>COUNTY:</b>	<b>Eddy County, New Mexico</b>

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Standard Conditions of Approval (COA) apply to this APD. If any deviations to these standards exist or special COAs are required, the section with the deviation or requirement will be checked below.

- ☐ **General Provisions**
- ☐ **Permit Expiration**
- ☐ **Archaeology, Paleontology, and Historical Sites**
- ☐ **Noxious Weeds**
- ☐ **Special Requirements**
- ☐ **Construction**
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  - Topsoil
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  - Roads
- ☐ **Road Section Diagram**
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  - CIT Requirements
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  - Well Structures & Facilities
- ☐ **Interim Reclamation**
- ☐ **Final Abandonment & Reclamation**

## **I. GENERAL PROVISIONS**

The approval of the Application For Permit To Drill (APD) is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations: 43 Code of Federal Regulations 3160, the lease terms, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, Notices To Lessees, New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) Rules, National Historical Preservation Act As Amended, and instructions and orders of the Authorized Officer. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

## **II. PERMIT EXPIRATION**

If the permit terminates prior to drilling and drilling cannot be commenced within 60 days after expiration, an operator is required to submit Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, requesting surface reclamation requirements for any surface disturbance. However, if the operator will be able to initiate drilling within 60 days after the expiration of the permit, the operator must have set the conductor pipe in order to allow for an extension of 60 days beyond the expiration date of the APD. (Filing of a Sundry Notice is required for this 60 day extension.)

## **III. ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES**

Any cultural and/or paleontological resource discovered by the operator or by any person working on the operator's behalf shall immediately report such findings to the Authorized Officer. The operator is fully accountable for the actions of their contractors and subcontractors. The operator shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery shall be made by the Authorized Officer to determine the appropriate actions that shall be required to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values of the discovery. The operator shall be held responsible for the cost of the proper mitigation measures that the Authorized Officer assesses after consultation with the operator on the evaluation and decisions of the discovery. Any unauthorized collection or disturbance of cultural or paleontological resources may result in a shutdown order by the Authorized Officer.

## **IV. NOXIOUS WEEDS**

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.



## **V. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)**

## **VI. CONSTRUCTION**

### **A. NOTIFICATION**

The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5909 at least 3 working days prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad.

When construction operations are being conducted on this well, the operator shall have the approved APD and Conditions of Approval (COA) on the well site and they shall be made available upon request by the Authorized Officer.

### **B. TOPSOIL**

The operator shall strip the top portion of the soil (root zone) from the entire well pad area and stockpile the topsoil along the edge of the well pad as depicted in the APD. The root zone is typically six (6) inches in depth. All the stockpiled topsoil will be redistributed over the interim reclamation areas. Topsoil shall not be used for berming the pad or facilities. For final reclamation, the topsoil shall be spread over the entire pad area for seeding preparation.

Other subsoil (below six inches) stockpiles must be completely segregated from the topsoil stockpile. Large rocks or subsoil clods (not evident in the surrounding terrain) must be buried within the approved area for interim and final reclamation.

### **C. CLOSED LOOP SYSTEM**

Tanks are required for drilling operations: No Pits.

The operator shall properly dispose of drilling contents at an authorized disposal site.

### **D. FEDERAL MINERAL MATERIALS PIT**

Payment shall be made to the BLM prior to removal of any federal mineral materials. Call the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5972.

### **E. WELL PAD SURFACING**

Surfacing of the well pad is not required.

If the operator elects to surface the well pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation. The well pad shall be constructed in a manner which creates the smallest possible surface disturbance, consistent with safety and operational needs.

## **F. EXCLOSURE FENCING (CELLARS & PITS)**

### **Exclosure Fencing**

The operator will install and maintain exclosure fencing for all open well cellars to prevent access to public, livestock, and large forms of wildlife before and after drilling operations until the pit is free of fluids and the operator initiates backfilling. (For examples of exclosure fencing design, refer to BLM's Oil and Gas Gold Book, Exclosure Fence Illustrations, Figure 1, Page 18.)

## **G. ON LEASE ACCESS ROADS**

### **Road Width**

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed fourteen (14) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed twenty-five (25) feet.

### **Surfacing**

Surfacing material is not required on the new access road driving surface. If the operator elects to surface the new access road or pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

Where possible, no improvements should be made on the unsurfaced access road other than to remove vegetation as necessary, road irregularities, safety issues, or to fill low areas that may sustain standing water.

The Authorized Officer reserves the right to require surfacing of any portion of the access road at any time deemed necessary. Surfacing may be required in the event the road deteriorates, erodes, road traffic increases, or it is determined to be beneficial for future field development. The surfacing depth and type of material will be determined at the time of notification.

### **Crowning**

Crowning shall be done on the access road driving surface. The road crown shall have a grade of approximately 2% (i.e., a 1" crown on a 14' wide road). The road shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

### **Ditching**

Ditching shall be required on both sides of the road.

### **Turnouts**

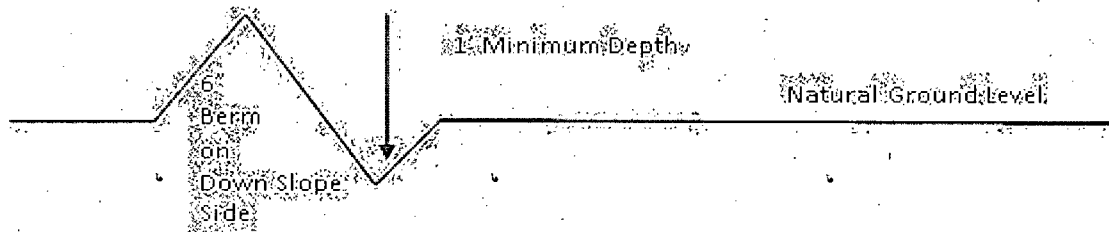
Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

## Drainage

Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill outslowing and insloping, lead-off ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.

### Cross Section of a Typical Lead-off Ditch



All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing interval are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

### Formula for Spacing Interval of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

$$400 \text{ foot road with } 4\% \text{ road slope: } \frac{400'}{4\%} + 100' = 200' \text{ lead-off ditch interval}$$

## Cattleguards

An appropriately sized cattleguard sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence/road crossings. Any existing cattleguards on the access road route shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattleguards that are in place and are utilized during lease operations.

## Fence Requirement

Where entry is granted across a fence line, the fence shall be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting. The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fences.

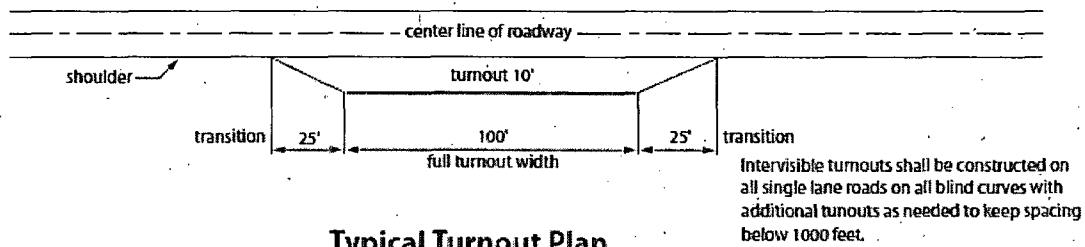
## Public Access

Public access on this road shall not be restricted by the operator without specific written approval granted by the Authorized Officer.

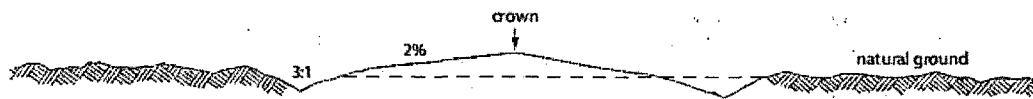
### Construction Steps

1. Salvage topsoil
2. Construct road

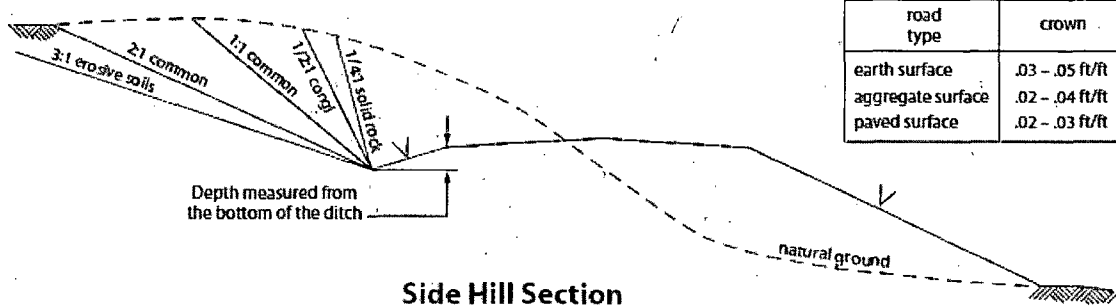
3. Redistribute topsoil
4. Revegetate slopes



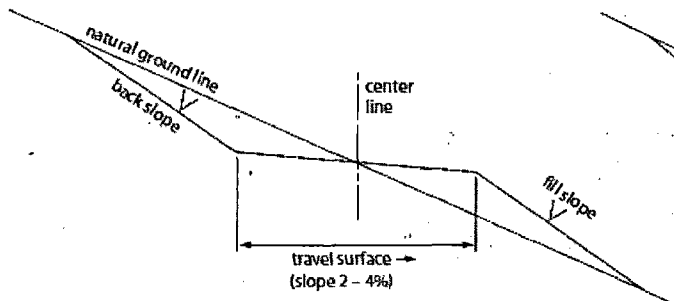
**Typical Turnout Plan**



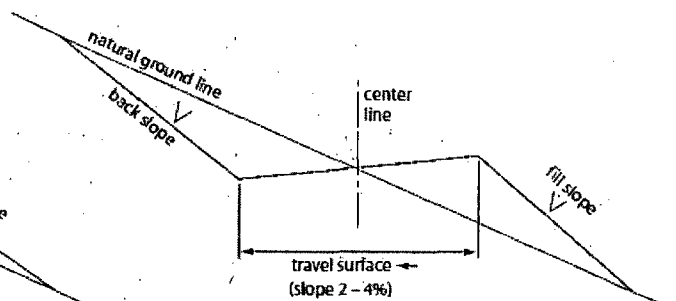
**Level Ground Section**



**Side Hill Section**



**Typical Outsloped Section**



**Typical Insloped Section**

Figure 1. Cross-sections and plans for typical road sections representative of BLM resource or FS local and higher-class roads.

## VII. DRILLING

**NOTE: Well shall not be drilled into the Ellenburger formation unless approved by NMOCD. Recent EPA review shows additional seismicity in this formation in some areas. Operator was provided a note on this with the 10 day letter. Proposed total depth did not change and is still into and possibly through the Ellenburger.**

### A. DRILLING OPERATIONS REQUIREMENTS

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. CIT test
- b. Setting and/or Cementing production string (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)

☒ **Eddy County**

Call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220,  
(575) 361-2822

1. **Hydrogen Sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S) monitors shall be installed prior to drilling out the plug at the surface shoe. If H<sub>2</sub>S is detected in concentrations greater than 100 ppm, the Hydrogen Sulfide area shall meet Onshore Order 6 requirements, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, provide measured values and formations to the BLM.**
2. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval. **If the drilling rig is removed without approval – an Incident of Non-Compliance will be written and will be a “Major” violation.**
3. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works is located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
4. **The record of the drilling rate along with the GR/N well log run from TD to surface shall be submitted to the BLM office as well as all other logs run on the borehole 30 days from completion. If available, a digital copy of the logs is to be submitted in addition to the paper copies. The top and bottom of Salt are to be recorded on the Completion Report.**

## **B. CASING – Re-entry**

Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.).

Wait on cement (WOC) time prior to drilling out for a primary cement job will be a minimum 18 hours for a water basin, 24 hours in the potash area, or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater for all casing strings. **DURING THIS WOC TIME, NO DRILL PIPE, ETC. SHALL BE RUN IN THE HOLE.** Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. **IF OPERATOR DOES NOT HAVE THE WELL SPECIFIC CEMENT DETAILS ONSITE PRIOR TO PUMPING THE CEMENT FOR EACH CASING STRING, THE WOC WILL BE 30 HOURS.** See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements.

**Possibility of water flows in the Wolfcamp.**

**Abnormal pressures may be encountered when drilling out the bottom hole plugs.**

1. The 9-5/8" surface casing is set at 1990 feet with cement circulated to surface.
2. The 7" intermediate casing is set at 9466 feet with cement circulated to surface.

**A CIT is to be performed on the 7 inch casing per Onshore Oil and Gas Order 2.III.B.1.h prior to drilling the last shoe plug. Test casing to 1,500 psi.**

**Operator to run CBL and submit results to BLM.**

**Formation below the 7" shoe to be tested according to Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.i. Test to be done as a mud equivalency test using the mud weight necessary for the pore pressure of the formation below the shoe (not the mud weight required to prevent dissolving the salt formation) and the mud weight for the bottom of the hole. Report results to BLM office.**

3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 5 inch production casing is:

☒ Cement should tie-back to top of 5" liner. Operator shall provide method of verification.

4. Cement not required on the 4-1/8" section as it is OH completion.

5. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.

### C. PRESSURE CONTROL

1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and API RP 53. Sec. 17.
2. Variance approved to use flex line from BOP to choke manifold. Check condition of flexible line from BOP to choke manifold, replace if exterior is damaged or if line fails test. Line to be as straight as possible with no hard bends and is to be anchored according to Manufacturer's requirements. The flexible hose can be exchanged with a hose of equal size and equal or greater pressure rating. **Anchor requirements, specification sheet and hydrostatic pressure test certification matching the hose in service, to be onsite for review. These documents shall be posted in the company man's trailer and on the rig floor.** If the BLM inspector questions the straightness of the hose, a BLM engineer will be contacted and will review in the field or via picture supplied by inspector to determine if changes are required (operator shall expect delays if this occurs).
3. **Prior to drilling surface plug, the BOP is to be tested.** Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be **5,000 (5M) psi. 5M system requires an HCR valve, remote kill line and annular to match. The remote kill line is to be installed prior to testing the system and tested to stack pressure.**
4. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
  - a. In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).
  - b. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug **not a cup or J-packer.**

- c. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2 hour clock. If a twelve hour or twenty-four hour chart is used, tester shall make a notation that it is run with a two hour clock.
- d. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
- e. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. **A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.**
- f. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.

#### **D. DRILL STEM TEST**

If drill stem tests are performed, Onshore Order 2.III.D shall be followed.

#### **E. WELL COMPLETION**

**A NOI sundry with the completion procedure for this well shall be submitted and approved prior to commencing completion work. The procedure will be reviewed to verify that the completion proposal will allow the operator to:**

- 1. Properly evaluate the injection zone utilizing open hole logs, swab testing and/or any other method to confirm that hydrocarbons cannot be produced in paying quantities. This evaluation shall be reviewed by the BLM prior to injection commencing.**
- 2. Restrict the injection fluid to the approved formation.**

**If off-lease water will be disposed in this well, the operator shall provide proof of right-of-way approval.**



**F. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS**

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area.

Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

**JAM 031014**

## **VIII. PRODUCTION (POST DRILLING)**

### **A. WELL STRUCTURES & FACILITIES**

#### **Placement of Production Facilities**

Production facilities should be placed on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

#### **Exclosure Netting (Open-top Tanks)**

Immediately following active drilling or completion operations, the operator will take actions necessary to prevent wildlife and livestock access, including avian wildlife, to all open-topped tanks that contain or have the potential to contain salinity sufficient to cause harm to wildlife or livestock, hydrocarbons, or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976-exempt hazardous substances. At a minimum, the operator will net, screen, or cover open-topped tanks to exclude wildlife and livestock and prevent mortality. If the operator uses netting, the operator will cover and secure the open portion of the tank to prevent wildlife entry. The operator will net, screen, or cover the tanks until the operator removes the tanks from the location or the tanks no longer contain substances that could be harmful to wildlife or livestock. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches. The netting must not be in contact with fluids and must not have holes or gaps.

#### **Chemical and Fuel Secondary Containment and Exclosure Screening**

The operator will prevent all hazardous, poisonous, flammable, and toxic substances from coming into contact with soil and water. At a minimum, the operator will install and maintain an impervious secondary containment system for any tank or barrel containing hazardous, poisonous, flammable, or toxic substances sufficient to contain the contents of the tank or barrel and any drips, leaks, and anticipated precipitation. The operator will dispose of fluids within the containment system that do not meet applicable state or U. S. Environmental Protection Agency livestock water standards in accordance with state law; the operator must not drain the fluids to the soil or ground. The operator will design, construct, and maintain all secondary containment systems to prevent wildlife and livestock exposure to harmful substances. At a minimum, the operator will install effective wildlife and livestock exclosure systems such as fencing, netting, expanded metal mesh, lids, and grate covers. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches.

#### **Open-Vent Exhaust Stack Exclosures**

The operator will construct, modify, equip, and maintain all open-vent exhaust stacks on production equipment to prevent birds and bats from entering, and to discourage perching, roosting, and nesting. (*Recommended exclosure structures on open-vent exhaust stacks are in the shape of a cone.*) Production equipment includes, but may not be limited to, tanks, heater-treaters, separators, dehydrators, flare stacks, in-line units, and compressor mufflers.

#### **Containment Structures**

Proposed production facilities such as storage tanks and other vessels will have a secondary containment structure that is constructed to hold the capacity of 1.5 times the

largest tank, plus freeboard to account for precipitation, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary.

#### **Painting Requirement**

All above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements shall be painted a flat non-reflective paint color, **Shale Green** from the BLM Standard Environmental Color Chart (CC-001: June 2008).

### **IX. INTERIM RECLAMATION**

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations should undergo interim reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses.

Within six (6) months of well completion, operators should work with BLM surface management specialists (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909) to devise the best strategies to reduce the size of the location. Interim reclamation should allow for remedial well operations, as well as safe and efficient removal of oil and gas.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche is important to increasing the success of revegetating the site. Removed caliche that is free of contaminants may be used for road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

All disturbed areas after they have been satisfactorily prepared need to be reseeded with the seed mixture provided below.

Upon completion of interim reclamation, the operator shall submit a Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, Subsequent Report of Reclamation (Form 3160-5).

### **X. FINAL ABANDONMENT & RECLAMATION**

At final abandonment, well locations, production facilities, and access roads must undergo "final" reclamation so that the character and productivity of the land are restored.

Earthwork for final reclamation must be completed within six (6) months of well plugging. All pads, pits, facility locations and roads must be reclaimed to a satisfactory revegetated, safe, and stable condition, unless an agreement is made with the landowner or BLM to keep the road and/or pad intact.

After all disturbed areas have been satisfactorily prepared, these areas need to be revegetated with the seed mixture provided below. Seeding should be accomplished by

drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other approved methods. Seeding may need to be repeated until revegetation is successful, as determined by the BLM.

Operators shall contact a BLM surface protection specialist prior to surface abandonment operations for site specific objectives (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909).

### Seed Mixture 1, for Loamy Sites

The holder shall seed all disturbed areas with the seed mixture listed below. The seed mixture shall be planted in the amounts specified in pounds of pure live seed (PLS)\* per acre. There shall be no primary or secondary noxious weeds in the seed mixture. Seed will be tested and the viability testing of seed will be done in accordance with State law(s) and within nine (9) months prior to purchase. Commercial seed will be either certified or registered seed. The seed container will be tagged in accordance with State law(s) and available for inspection by the authorized officer.

Seed will be planted using a drill equipped with a depth regulator to ensure proper depth regulator to ensure proper depth of planting where drilling is possible. The seed mixture will be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area (small/heavier seeds have a tendency to drop the bottom of the drill and are planted first). The holder shall take appropriate measures to ensure this does not occur. Where drilling is not possible, seed will be broadcast and the area shall be raked or chained to cover the seed. When broadcasting the seed, the pounds per acre are to be doubled. The seeding will be repeated until a satisfactory stand is established as determined by the authorized officer. Evaluation of growth will not be made before completion of at least one full growing season after seeding.

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed\* per acre:

<u>Species</u>	<u>lb/acre</u>
Plains lovegrass ( <i>Eragrostis intermedia</i> )	0.5
Sand dropseed ( <i>Sporobolus cryptandrus</i> )	1.0
Sideoats grama ( <i>Bouteloua curtipendula</i> )	5.0
Plains bristlegrass ( <i>Setaria macrostachya</i> )	2.0

\*Pounds of pure live seed:

Pounds of seed x percent purity x percent germination = pounds pure live seed