District I
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
District II
811.S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210
District III
1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410
District IV
1220 S. Şt. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

#### State of New Mexico Energy Minerals and Natural Resources

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505 Form C-129 Revised August 1, 2011

Submit one copy to appropriate District Office

NFO Permit No.\_\_\_

(For Division Use Only)

### APPLICATION FOR EXCEPTION TO NO-FLARE RULE 19.15.18.12

(See Rule 19.15.18.12 NMAC and Rule 19.15.7.37 NMAC)

Α.	Applicant MATADOR PRODUCTION CO	MPANY,
•	whose address is 5400 LBJ FREEWAY, STE 1500, DALLAS, TX 75240	
	hereby requests an exception to Rule 19.15.18	3.12 for 90 (beginning 11/30/2015) days or until
	02/29 , Yr 2016 , 1	for the following described tank battery (or LACT):
	Name of Lease Tiger 14 Flare Point	Culebra Bluff;Wolfcamp, South (Gas)  Name of Pool Pierce Crossing; Bone Spring  Pierce Crossing;Wolfcamp, NW (Gas)
	Location of Battery: Unit Letter P	Section 14 Township 24S Range 28E
	Number of wells producing into battery Wells	have separate tanks, all flare gas at Tiger 14 flare point.
В,	B. Based upon oil production of 1800 bbls/d barrels per day, the estimated * volume	
	of gas to be flared is 4000	MCF; Valueper day.
C.	C. Name and location of nearest gas gathering facility:  CRESTWOOD WILLOW LAKE SYSTEM	
D.	DistanceEstimated cost of connection	
E.	This exception is requested for the following reasons: Wells flaring at flare point location:	
	Tiger 14 24 28E RB #124H (30-015-43012), #224H (30-015-42873), #204H (30-015-43087),	
	Janie Conner 13 24S 28E RB #124H (30-015-43039), #224H (30-015-43037).	
Flaring continues due to Crestwood Willow Lake plant and pipeline issues.		
OPERATOR  I hereby certify that the rules and regulations of the Oil Conservation		OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION Approved Until 4329, 2016
Division have been complied with and that the information given above is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief.		Approved Until 70001, 2014
Signature Wan Momon		By Albelo
Printed Name & Title AVA MONROE, SR. ENGINEERING TECHNICIAN		Title Dry HSylewis
E-mail Address amonroe@matadomesources.com  Date 12/7/2015		Date 12/7/2015
Date 12/0	3/15 Telephone No. 972-371-5218	& See Attached COA'S

<sup>\*</sup> Gas-Oil ratio test may be required to verify estimated gas volume.

## NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION DISTRICT 2 OFFICE 811 SOUTH FIRST STREET ARTESIA, NM 88210 (575)748-1283

#### CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL for FLARING or VENTING GAS

- 1. Venting gas is absolutely not allowed.
- 2. Prior to flaring gas, C-129 must be filed & approved. Blanket approval cannot be given for this operation.
- 3. Flared volumes of gas are to be metered & reported.
- **4.** Flares WILL be manned at all times. Brush should be cut down to 1 or 2 inches around flare stack at least a radial distance of 2 times the height of the flare stack.
- 5. Flares WILL NOT be left unattended.
- **6.** No flaring operations to be conducted during red-flag days. <a href="http://www.gacc.nifc.gov/swcc">http://www.gacc.nifc.gov/swcc</a> (go to "Predictive Services" on SWCC website) to check for red flag warnings.
- 7. Follow safe practices for flaring guidelines.
- **8.** Permit may be rescinded at any time by NMOCD.
- **9.** If well is able to be connected to a gas gathering system, it will be done so as soon as possible.
- 10. Flaring of gas is prohibited. The State Forester grants an exception to the prohibition on open fires for the flaring of natural gas when the following conditions are met. Unless flaring is needed for safety purposes, flaring pursuant to this exception shall not be done on days that are "red flag days" as determined by the National Weather Service or on days when the sustained wind is in excess of 25 miles per hour in the area.
- 11. The day is not a "red flag day" as determined by the National Weather Service and the sustained wind is not in excess of 25 miles per hour in the area.
- 12. The local fire department and county dispatch are notified at least 24 hours in advance of anticipated releases that will result in flaring. If flaring is done by an automated system then the schedule of flaring shall be provided to the local fire department and county dispatch. The area is mowed and maintained at a length not to exceed 4 inches and all other flammable products or debris shall be cleared in the area for a distance of one and one half times the height of the stack.
- 13. At least one adult is on site with communications equipment adequate to reach county dispatch and the local fire department in the event of a fire. The individual should also be equipped with a shovel and a water backpack pump or other equipment to deliver water to suppress a fire
- 14. If flaring is to take place at an unmanned facility, then the area around the flare stack is mowed and maintained at a length not to exceed 4 inches and all other flammable products or debris shall be cleared in the area for a distance of three times the height of the stack.

Your initials here **FO** 

DATE: 12/7/15

# State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department

Susana Martinez

Governor

David Martin
Cabinet Secretary

Brett F. Woods, Ph.D. Deputy Cabinet Secretary Jami Bailey, Division Director Oil Conservation Division



March 7, 2014

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

Contact: Jim Winchester (505)231-8800 E-Mail: jim.winchester@state.nm.us

# Notice to Oil and Gas Facilities and Operators Flaring Gas in New Mexico

SANTA FE, NM – The Oil Conservation Division (OCD) encourages all oil and gas facilities with flare stacks and well operators that are flaring gas to upgrade their *Fire Awareness Programs* this year. New Mexico State Forestry reports that 362 fires burned 6,879 acres on state and private land in calendar year 2013.

Forecasts remain dismal this spring with fewer chances for normal precipitation, particularly in southwestern New Mexico and southeastern Arizona. Temperatures are expected to be higher than normal.

Open flames and gas flares should be monitored carefully and oil and gas operators should create a defensible space to help prevent wildfires. Defensible Space is the area around a structure where combustible vegetation that can spread fire has been cleared, reduced or replaced. This space acts as a barrier between a structure and an advancing wildfire.

This means that as a general rule of thumb, the area around staffed flaring facilities should be mowed and maintained at a length not to exceed 4 inches and all other flammable products or debris should be cleared in the area for a distance of at least one and one half times the height of the stack.

If flaring is to take place at an unstaffed facility, then the mowed area around the flare stack should be increased to three times the height of the stack. On "red flag" days local fire departments should be notified prior to the flaring operations.

During the course of the upcoming fire season, it may become necessary for New Mexico State Forestry to issue fire restriction on State and private land. Log on to <a href="https://www.nmforestry.com">www.nmforestry.com</a> for updates or to get information on how contact your local State Forestry District office.

For the latest fire weather information please visit USDA Forest Service website: <a href="http://gacc.nifc.gov/swcc/predictive/outlooks/monthly/swa\_monthly.pdf">http://gacc.nifc.gov/swcc/predictive/outlooks/monthly/swa\_monthly.pdf</a>

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The Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department provides resource protection and renewable energy resource development services to the public and other state agencies.