<u>District I</u> 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 District III
1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410
District III District IV 1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

3/28/17

* Attach Additional Sheets If Necessary

Phone: (432) 425-2891

State of New Mexico

Energy Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division

1220 South St. Francis Dr.

NM OIL CONSERVATION ARTESIA DISTRICT

Form C-141 Revised August 8, 2011

MAR 2 8 2017
Submit 1 Copy to appropriate District Office in accordance with 19.15.29 NMAC.

RECEIVED

220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505 Santa						Fe, NM 87505		RECEIVED				
			Rel	ease Notific	ation	and Co	rrective A	ction				
NAB1709340790							OPERATOR			X Initial Report Final Report		
		Burnett Oil C	3080		Contact: Johnny Titsworth							
			St-Unit 9, F	ort Worth, TX 76102			No. (432) 425-2	2891				
Facility Na	me: Jackso	on B 045				Facility Typ	oe:					
Surface Owner: BLM Mineral Owner: I							BLM API No. 30-015-35398					
				LOCA	TIO	N OF RE	LEASE					
Unit Letter P	rer Section Township Range Feet from the North 17S 30E 1800 FNL			1	South Line Feet from the East FEL		1	Vest Line County Eddy				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·	Latitude: 3	2.82209	Longitud	e: -103.91806	<u></u>				
				NAT	URE	OF REL	EASE					
Type of Release: oil & pw							Release: 3/7		Volume Recovered 0/0			
Source of Release: well head							four of Occurrence 30 pm	ce:		Hour of Discovery 1:50 pm		
Was Immediate Notice Given? X Yes □ No □ Not Required						If YES, To Whom? OCD – M. Bratcher BLM – S. Tucker						
By Whom? Johnny Titsworth						Date and Hour: 3/28/17 12:00 pm						
Was a Watercourse Reached?						If YES, Volume Impacting the Watercourse.						
If a Waterco	ourse was In	npacted, Desci	ibe Fully.	*								
N/A												
IN/A												
		lem and Reme pressure gaug		on Taken clease will be remo	ediated t	to regulatory	standards					
Dib- A-	A ff-ot-d	and Classus	A otion To	1 *								
		and Cleanup ll head, 30'x6		South side of loc	ation, an	nd 200'x0.5'-	2' in the pasture S	South of	the well pa	ad.		
		,			•		•		•			
regulations a public health should their or the environment of the should their or the environment of the should their or the should their or the environment of the should be s	all operators h or the env operations onment. In	s are required ironment. The have failed to	to report a e acceptan adequatel OCD acce	e is true and comp nd/or file certain ce of a C-141 rep y investigate and ptance of a C-141	release roort by the remedian	notifications and NMOCD retection to the contaminate to the contaminat	and perform corre parked as "Final Fion that pose a th	ctive acti Report" d reat to gr	ions for re loes not re round wate	leases which ma lieve the operators, surface water	y endanger or of liability , human health	
Signature:							OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION					
							Approved by Environmental Specialist:					
							Approval Date: 4317 Expiration Date: NIA					
E-mail Address: jtitsworth@burnettoil.com						Conditions of		1	9	Attached ()	×	
						\cap \wedge	No All	۱ م مح		1		

Operator/Responsible Party,

The OCD has received the form C-141 you provided on 3/28/17 regarding an unauthorized release. The information contained on that form has been entered into our incident database and remediation case number 289-4158 has been assigned. Please refer to this case number in all future correspondence.

It is the Division's obligation under both the Oil & Gas Act and Water Quality Act to provide for the protection of public health and the environment. Our regulations (19.15.29.11 NMAC) state the following,

The responsible person shall complete <u>division-approved corrective action</u> for releases that endanger public health or the environment. The responsible person shall address releases in accordance with a remediation plan submitted to and approved by the division or with an abatement plan submitted in accordance with 19.15.30 NMAC. [emphasis added]

Release characterization is the first phase of corrective action unless the release is ongoing or is of limited volume and all impacts can be immediately addressed. Proper and cost-effective remediation typically cannot occur without adequate characterization of the impacts of any release. Furthermore, the Division has the ability to impose reasonable conditions upon the efforts it oversees. As such, the Division is requiring a workplan for the characterization of impacts associated with this release be submitted to the OCD District 2 office in ARTESIA on or before 5/13/17. If and when the release characterization workplan is approved, there will be an associated deadline for submittal of the resultant investigation report. Modest extensions of time to these deadlines may be granted, but only with acceptable justification.

The goals of a characterization effort are: 1) determination of the lateral and vertical extents along with the magnitude of soil contamination. 2) determine if groundwater or surface waters have been impacted. 3) If groundwater or surface waters have been impacted, what are the extents and magnitude of that impact. 4) The characterization of any other adverse impacts that may have occurred (examples: impacts on vegetation, impacts on wildlife, air quality, loss of use of property, etc.). To meet these goals as quickly as possible, the following items must, at a minimum, be addressed in the release characterization workplan and subsequent reporting:

- Horizontal delineation of soil impacts in each of the four cardinal compass directions. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. This is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants. Analyzed parameters should be modified based on the nature of the released substance(s). Soil sampling must be both within the impacted area and beyond.
- Vertical delineation of soil impacts. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. As above, this is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants and can be modified. Vertical characterization samples should be taken at depth intervals no greater than five feet apart. Lithologic description of encountered soils must also be provided. At least ten vertical feet of soils with contaminant concentrations at or below these values must be demonstrated as existing above the water table.
- Nominal detection limits for field and laboratory analyses must be provided.
- Composite sampling is not generally allowed.
- Field screening and assessment techniques are acceptable (headspace, titration, EC [include algorithm for validation purposes], EM, etc.), but the sampling and assay procedures must be clearly defined. Copies of field notes are highly desirable. A statistically significant set of split samples must be submitted for confirmatory laboratory analysis, including the laterally farthest and vertically deepest sets of soil samples. Make sure there are at least two soil samples submitted

for laboratory analysis from each borehole or test pit (highest observed contamination and deepest depth investigated). Copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

- •Probable depth to shallowest protectable groundwater and lateral distance to nearest surface water. If there is an estimate of groundwater depth, the information used to arrive at that estimate must be provided. If there is a reasonable assumption that the depth to protectable water is 50 feet or less, the responsible party should anticipate the need for at least one groundwater monitoring well to be installed in the area of likely maximum contamination.
- If groundwater contamination is encountered, an additional investigation workplan may be required to determine the extents of that contamination. Groundwater and/or surface water samples, if any, must be analyzed by a competent laboratory for volatile organic hydrocarbons (typically Method 8260 full list), total dissolved solids, pH, major anions and cations including chloride and sulfate, dissolved iron, and dissolved manganese. The investigation workplan must provide the groundwater sampling method(s) and sample handling protocols. To the fullest extent possible, aqueous analyses must be undertaken using nominal method detection limits. As with the soil analyses, copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.
- Accurately scaled and well-drafted site maps must be provided providing the location of borings, test pits, monitoring wells, potentially impacted areas, and significant surface features including roads and site infrastructure that might limit either the release characterization or remedial efforts. Field sketches may be included in subsequent reporting, but should not be considered stand-alone documentation of the site's layout. Digital photographic documentation of the location and fieldwork is recommended, especially if unusual circumstances are encountered.

Nothing herein should be interpreted to preclude emergency response actions or to imply immediate remediation by removal cannot proceed as warranted. Nonetheless, characterization of impacts and confirmation of the effectiveness of remedial efforts must still be provided to the OCD before any release incident will be closed.

Jim Griswold
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