NM OIL CONSERVATION

ARTESIA DISTRICT

District I 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 District II 811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 District III 1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410 District IV 1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

Section

36

Unit Letter

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Range

26Ē

Feet from the

1980

Township

25S

State of New Mexico Energy Minerals and Natural Resources MAY 1 9 2017

East/West Line

West

Form C-141 Revised August 8, 2011

County

Eddy

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

RECEIVED accordance with 19.15.29 NMAC.

Release Notification and Corrective Action							
NAB1714231263		OPERATOR	₹.		eport	Final Repor	
Name of Company: COG Operating LLC OGRID # 229137		Contact:		Robert McNeill			
Address: 600 West Illinois Avenue, Midland TX 79701		Telephone No.		432-683-7443			
Facility Name: Cottonwood 36 State SWD #1		Facility Type:	SWD				
Surface Owner: Federal	lineral Owner: State		API No. 30-015-29560				
	LOCATIO	ON OF RELEA	SE				

North/South Line

South

Feet from the

1980

Latitude 32.0844536 Longitude -104.2486954							
NATURE OF RELEASE							
Type of Release:		Volume of Release:	Volume Recovered:				
Oil & Produced Water		0.1 bbls Oil & 7 bbls PW	6 bbls PW				
Source of Release:		Date and Hour of Occurrence:	Date and Hour of Discovery:				
Truck Unloading		May 15, 2017 2:15 pm	May 15, 2017 2:15 pm				
Was Immediate Notice Given?		If YES, To Whom?					
	No Not Required						
By Whom?		Date and Hour:					
Was a Watercourse Reached?		If YES, Volume Impacting the Watercourse.					
☐ Yes 区	No						
If a Watercourse was Impacted, Describe Fully.*							
Describe Cause of Problem and Remedial Action Taken.*							
TCS truck driver's hose disconnected from PCC while unloading into SWD. TCS is remediating the site.							
Describe Area Affected and Cleanup Action Taken.*							
The release was on location. A vacuum truck was dispatched to remove all freestanding fluids, TCS Trucking is to remediate the site to NMOCD and BLM standards.							
I hereby certify that the information given above is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and understand that pursuant to NMOCD rules and							
regulations all operators are required to report and/or file certain release notifications and perform corrective actions for releases which may endanger							
public health or the environment. The acceptance of a C-141 report by the NMOCD marked as "Final Report" does not relieve the operator of liability							
should their operations have failed to adequately investigate and remediate contamination that pose a threat to ground water, surface water, human health							
or the environment. In addition, NMOCD acceptance of a C-141 report does not relieve the operator of responsibility for compliance with any other							
federal, state, or local laws and/or regulations.							
Signature: Rebegge Hayhell		OIL CONSERV	VATION DIVISION				
			Cu 16 / 1 / 20 /				
Printed Name: Rebecca Haskeli		Approved by Environmental Speciali	st: MASICA TO THE				
Title: Senior HSE Coord	inator	Approval Date: 5/22 17	Expiration Date: N/A				
E-møil Address: rhaskell@concho.c	:om	Conditions of Approval:	Attached Attached				
Date: May 19, 2017 Phone: 432-683		see attached	Attached 12				

* Attach Additional Sheets If Necessary

New forms can be found in the New Mexico State Website in forms: http://www.emnrd.state.nm.us/

OCD/forms.html

2RP. 4213

Operator/Responsible Party,

It is the Division's obligation under both the Oil & Gas Act and Water Quality Act to provide for the protection of public health and the environment. Our regulations (19.15.29.11 NMAC) state the following,

The responsible person shall complete <u>division-approved corrective action</u> for releases that endanger public health or the environment. The responsible person shall address releases in accordance with a remediation plan submitted to and approved by the division or with an abatement plan submitted in accordance with 19.15.30 NMAC. [emphasis added]

Release characterization is the first phase of corrective action unless the release is ongoing or is of limited volume and all impacts can be immediately addressed. Proper and cost-effective remediation typically cannot occur without adequate characterization of the impacts of any release. Furthermore, the Division has the ability to impose reasonable conditions upon the efforts it oversees. As such, the Division is requiring a workplan for the characterization of impacts associated with this release be submitted to the OCD District II office in Artesia on or before 6/19/17. If and when the release characterization workplan is approved, there will be an associated deadline for submittal of the resultant investigation report. Modest extensions of time to these deadlines may be granted, but only with acceptable justification.

The goals of a characterization effort are: 1) determination of the lateral and vertical extents along with the magnitude of soil contamination. 2) determine if groundwater or surface waters have been impacted. 3) If groundwater or surface waters have been impacted, what are the extents and magnitude of that impact. 4) The characterization of any other adverse impacts that may have occurred (examples: impacts on vegetation, impacts on wildlife, air quality, loss of use of property, etc.). To meet these goals as quickly as possible, the following items must, at a minimum, be addressed in the release characterization workplan and subsequent reporting:

- Horizontal delineation of soil impacts in each of the four cardinal compass directions. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. This is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants. Analyzed parameters should be modified based on the nature of the released substance(s). Soil sampling must be both within the impacted area and beyond.
- Vertical delineation of soil impacts. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. As above, this is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants and can be modified. Vertical characterization samples should be taken at depth intervals no greater than five feet apart. Lithologic description of encountered soils must also be provided. At least ten vertical feet of soils with contaminant concentrations at or below these values must be demonstrated as existing above the water table.
- Nominal detection limits for field and laboratory analyses must be provided.
- Composite sampling is not generally allowed.
- Field screening and assessment techniques are acceptable (headspace, titration, EC [include algorithm for validation purposes], EM, etc.), but the sampling and assay procedures must be clearly defined. Copies of field notes are highly desirable. A statistically significant set of split samples must be submitted for confirmatory laboratory analysis, including the laterally farthest and vertically deepest sets of soil samples. Make sure there are at least two soil samples submitted

for laboratory analysis from each borehole or test pit (highest observed contamination and deepest depth investigated). Copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

- •Probable depth to shallowest protectable groundwater and lateral distance to nearest surface water. If there is an estimate of groundwater depth, the information used to arrive at that estimate must be provided. If there is a reasonable assumption that the depth to protectable water is 50 feet or less, the responsible party should anticipate the need for at least one groundwater monitoring well to be installed in the area of likely maximum contamination.
- If groundwater contamination is encountered, an additional investigation workplan may be required to determine the extents of that contamination. Groundwater and/or surface water samples, if any, must be analyzed by a competent laboratory for volatile organic hydrocarbons (typically Method 8260 full list), total dissolved solids, pH, major anions and cations including chloride and sulfate, dissolved iron, and dissolved manganese. The investigation workplan must provide the groundwater sampling method(s) and sample handling protocols. To the fullest extent possible, aqueous analyses must be undertaken using nominal method detection limits. As with the soil analyses, copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.
- Accurately scaled and well-drafted site maps must be provided providing the location of borings, test pits, monitoring wells, potentially impacted areas, and significant surface features including roads and site infrastructure that might limit either the release characterization or remedial efforts. Field sketches may be included in subsequent reporting, but should not be considered stand-alone documentation of the site's layout. Digital photographic documentation of the location and fieldwork is recommended, especially if unusual circumstances are encountered.

Nothing herein should be interpreted to preclude emergency response actions or to imply immediate remediation by removal cannot proceed as warranted. Nonetheless, characterization of impacts and confirmation of the effectiveness of remedial efforts must still be provided to the OCD before any release incident will be closed.

Jim Griswold

OCD Environmental Bureau Chief 1220 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505 505-476-3465 jim.griswold@state.nm.us