District I 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88 MM OIL CONSERVATION atte of New MexicoNM OIL CONSERVATION District II ARTESIA DISTRICT Minerals and Natural Resources TESIA DISTRICT

District II 811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 District III

1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410

JUN 29 2017 Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr.

JUN 2 \$162017 Copy to appropriate District Office in accordance with 19.15.29 NMAC.

Form C-141

Revised August 8, 2011

District IV 1220 S. St. Franc	cis Dr., Santa	a Fe, NM 87505	RECE	~	_	St. Franc NM 875		CEIVE)														
				ease Notific																			
						OPERA'	ГOR	\boxtimes] Initia	al Report	☐ Final Repor												
Name of Co		WPX Energ	1 246289	(Contact Karolina Blaney																		
Address		iena Vista D			Telephone No. 970 589 0743																		
Facility Name: MWJ Federal 1 Facility Type: Well Pad																							
Surface Owi	ner: (Fede	ral	Mineral C	wner: I	: Federal API No. 30- 015-24262																		
LOCATION OF RELEASE																							
Unit Letter	Section	Township	Range	Feet from the	North/	/South Line Feet from the East/West Line County																	
A	35	268	29E	660		FNL	660	FEI	L	Eddy													
Latitude: 32.0034823N Longitude: -103.94916463W																							
NATURE OF RELEASE																							
Type of Relea									e Recovered														
Corroded oil tank						6/26/2017 6/26/2017 13:00 hrs MT																	
Was Immediate Notice Given? If YES, To Whom?											Tueker												
Yes ☐ No ☐ Not Required NMOCD Crystal Weaver & Michael Bratcher, BLM Shelly Tucker By Whom? Karolina Blaney Date and Hour: 6/26/2017—16:52 hrs MT																							
Was a Watero					ICVEC V-1																		
was a watercourse Reached? ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No											enius												
If a Watercou	rse was Im	pacted, Descr	ibe Fully.	* N/A																			
Describe Cause of Problem and Remedial Action Taken.*																							
The cause of this spill is equipment failure; corroded hole on the bottom of the oil tank. 106 bbls of oil leaked into the secondary containment, saturated the containment berm and migrated ~150' south of the pad through a dry drainage. 45 bbls of fluids were recovered with a vacuum truck.																							
Describe Area Affected and Cleanup Action Taken.*																							
The impacted area was mapped with a Trimble. After receiving BLM's approval, the impacts in the drainage are being excavated to about 1'. The impacted area will be sampled for BTEX, TPH, and chlorides in accordance with NM OCD Guidelines for Remediation of Leaks, Spills, and Releases. Further remediation will be based on these results.																							
regulations al public health should their of or the environ	I operators or the envi operations had ament. In a	are required to are failed to	o report and acceptant adequately OCD accep	e is true and comp nd/or file certain r ce of a C-141 repo v investigate and r otance of a C-141	elease no ort by the emediate	otifications a NMOCD me contamination	nd perform correct arked as "Final Riction that pose a thr	ctive action leport" does reat to grou	s for rel s not rel nd wate	eases which lieve the oper r, surface wa	may endanger ator of liability ter, human health												
Signature: Printed Name: Karolina Blaney						OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION Approved by Environmental Specialist:																	
												Title: Environmental Specialist						Approval Date: 7/17/17 Expiration Date: N/A					
												E-mail Address: Karolina.blaney@wpxenergy.com						Conditions of Approval: Attached Attached					
Date: 6/29/2017 Phone: 970-589-0743 Attach Additional Sheets If Necessary Please refer to the New Mexico Oil 7 27-11203																							

Conservation Division Website for updated form(s) at:

http://www.emnrd.state.nm.us/ OCD/ forms.html Thank you



Operator/Responsible Party,

The OCD has received the form C-141 you provided on 6/29/17 regarding an unauthorized release. The information contained on that form has been entered into our incident database and remediation case number 2/24/29/1 has been assigned. Please refer to this case number in all future correspondence.

It is the Division's obligation under both the Oil & Gas Act and Water Quality Act to provide for the protection of public health and the environment. Our regulations (19.15.29.11 NMAC) state the following,

The responsible person shall complete <u>division-approved corrective action</u> for releases that endanger public health or the environment. The responsible person shall address releases in accordance with a remediation plan submitted to and approved by the division or with an abatement plan submitted in accordance with 19.15.30 NMAC. [emphasis added]

Release characterization is the first phase of corrective action unless the release is ongoing or is of limited volume and all impacts can be immediately addressed. Proper and cost-effective remediation typically cannot occur without adequate characterization of the impacts of any release. Furthermore, the Division has the ability to impose reasonable conditions upon the efforts it oversees. As such, the Division is requiring a workplan for the characterization of impacts associated with this release be submitted to the OCD District II office in Artesia on or before 7/29/17. If and when the release characterization workplan is approved, there will be an associated deadline for submittal of the resultant investigation report. Modest extensions of time to these deadlines may be granted, but only with acceptable justification.

The goals of a characterization effort are: 1) determination of the lateral and vertical extents along with the magnitude of soil contamination. 2) determine if groundwater or surface waters have been impacted. 3) If groundwater or surface waters have been impacted, what are the extents and magnitude of that impact. 4) The characterization of any other adverse impacts that may have occurred (examples: impacts on vegetation, impacts on wildlife, air quality, loss of use of property, etc.). To meet these goals as quickly as possible, the following items must, at a minimum, be addressed in the release characterization workplan and subsequent reporting:

- Horizontal delineation of soil impacts in each of the four cardinal compass directions. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. This is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants. Analyzed parameters should be modified based on the nature of the released substance(s). Soil sampling must be both within the impacted area and beyond.
- Vertical delineation of soil impacts. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. As above, this is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants and can be modified. Vertical characterization samples should be taken at depth intervals no greater than five feet apart. Lithologic description of encountered soils must also be provided. At least ten vertical feet of soils with contaminant concentrations at or below these values must be demonstrated as existing above the water table.
- Nominal detection limits for field and laboratory analyses must be provided.
- Composite sampling is not generally allowed.
- Field screening and assessment techniques are acceptable (headspace, titration, EC [include algorithm for validation purposes], EM, etc.), but the sampling and assay procedures must be clearly defined. Copies of field notes are highly desirable. A statistically significant set of split samples must be submitted for confirmatory laboratory analysis, including the laterally farthest and vertically deepest sets of soil samples. Make sure there are at least two soil samples submitted

for laboratory analysis from each borehole or test pit (highest observed contamination and deepest depth investigated). Copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

- •Probable depth to shallowest protectable groundwater and lateral distance to nearest surface water. If there is an estimate of groundwater depth, the information used to arrive at that estimate must be provided. If there is a reasonable assumption that the depth to protectable water is 50 feet or less, the responsible party should anticipate the need for at least one groundwater monitoring well to be installed in the area of likely maximum contamination.
- If groundwater contamination is encountered, an additional investigation workplan may be required to determine the extents of that contamination. Groundwater and/or surface water samples, if any, must be analyzed by a competent laboratory for volatile organic hydrocarbons (typically Method 8260 full list), total dissolved solids, pH, major anions and cations including chloride and sulfate, dissolved iron, and dissolved manganese. The investigation workplan must provide the groundwater sampling method(s) and sample handling protocols. To the fullest extent possible, aqueous analyses must be undertaken using nominal method detection limits. As with the soil analyses, copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.
- Accurately scaled and well-drafted site maps must be provided providing the location of borings, test pits, monitoring wells, potentially impacted areas, and significant surface features including roads and site infrastructure that might limit either the release characterization or remedial efforts. Field sketches may be included in subsequent reporting, but should not be considered stand-alone documentation of the site's layout. Digital photographic documentation of the location and fieldwork is recommended, especially if unusual circumstances are encountered.

Nothing herein should be interpreted to preclude emergency response actions or to imply immediate remediation by removal cannot proceed as warranted. Nonetheless, characterization of impacts and confirmation of the effectiveness of remedial efforts must still be provided to the OCD before any release incident will be closed.

Jim Griswold

OCD Environmental Bureau Chief 1220 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505 505-476-3465 jim.griswold@state.nm.us