NM OIL CONSERVATION

ARTESIA DISTRICT

District I
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
District II
811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210
District III
1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410
District IV
1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

* Attach Additional Sheets If Necessary

State of New Mexico Energy Minerals and Natural Resources

FEB 2 2 2018

Form C-141 Revised April 3, 2017

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505 Submit I Copy to appropriate District Office in RECEI Copy to appropriate District Office in 19.15.29 NMAC.

Release Notification and Corrective Action												
OPERATOR Initial Report Final Report												
Name of Company: RKI Exploration / WPX Energy (Contact: James Raley Address: 5315 Buena Vista Dr. Telephone No: 575-689-7597												
		Brushy Drav	/ Federal	35-6Н			e: Production F					
Surface Ow	ner: Feder	Federal API No. 30-015-42293										
				LOCA	EASE							
Unit Letter	Section	Township	Range	Feet from the		South Line	Feet from the	East/	West Line		County	
В	25	25S	29E	175		FNL	2290	FEL			Eddy	
			Lati	tude 32.093055	7 Lon	gitude -103	.9538727 NAD	83				
	_			NATU	JRE C	F RELE	ASE					
Type of Rele						Volume Recovered: 10 bbls						
Source of Re	Tease: Heat	Date and Hour of Occurrence 2/7/2018 - 04:00 AM			Date and Hour of Discovery 2/7/2018 – 05:00 AM							
Was Immedia	ate Notice C	If YES, To Whom? Crystal Weaver										
By Whom? Jim Raley						Date and Hour: 2/7/2018 5:16 PM						
Was a Water		If YES, Volume Impacting the Watercourse.										
If a Watercou	ırse was Im	pacted, Descri	Yes ⊠ be Fully.*			L						
N/A		· ,	•									-
		em and Remed failed allowing			ac truck	was immedi	ately dispatched t	o remo	ve any stanc	ling liquid	ls. Treater gasko	et was
Soils were in	pacted imn		nd treater	containment and			to NW. Environm ed in area of relea					
regulations a public health should their or or the environ	Il operators or the enviroperations h nment. In a	are required to conment. The ave failed to a	report ar acceptance dequately CD accep	nd/or file certain report of a C-141 report investigate and r	elease no ort by the emediate	otifications as NMOCD m contaminati	knowledge and u nd perform correc arked as "Final R on that pose a thre te the operator of the	tive act eport" o eat to g	ions for rele loes not reli round water	eases which eve the or surface	ch may endange perator of liabili water, human ho	er ity ealth
		OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION										
fins	de -	Approved by Environmental Specialist:										
Signature:		11										
Printed Name	e: Jim Raley	Signed By Mile Brances										
	Title: Environmental Specialist						te: 2/22/18	3	Expiration	Date: 人	IIA	
		aley@wpxene	rgy.com			Conditions o	f Approxal:		. /		ad []	,
Date: 2/22/2	2018				Bel U	Huc	hed	/ Macing	2RP-410	34		

Operator/Responsible Party,

The OCD has received the form C-141 you provided on 2/22/2018 regarding an unauthorized release. The information contained on that form has been entered into our incident database and remediation case number 12/24 has been assigned. Please refer to this case number in all future correspondence.

It is the Division's obligation under both the Oil & Gas Act and Water Quality Act to provide for the protection of public health and the environment. Our regulations (19.15.29.11 NMAC) state the following,

The responsible person shall complete <u>division-approved corrective action</u> for releases that endanger public health or the environment. The responsible person shall address releases in accordance with a remediation plan submitted to and approved by the division or with an abatement plan submitted in accordance with 19.15.30 NMAC. [emphasis added]

Release characterization is the first phase of corrective action unless the release is ongoing or is of limited volume and all impacts can be immediately addressed. Proper and cost-effective remediation typically cannot occur without adequate characterization of the impacts of any release. Furthermore, the Division has the ability to impose reasonable conditions upon the efforts it oversees. As such, the Division is requiring a workplan for the characterization of impacts associated with this release be submitted to the OCD District 2 office in ARTESIA on or before 3/22/18. If and when the release characterization workplan is approved, there will be an associated deadline for submittal of the resultant investigation report. Modest extensions of time to these deadlines may be granted, but only with acceptable justification.

The goals of a characterization effort are: 1) determination of the lateral and vertical extents along with the magnitude of soil contamination. 2) determine if groundwater or surface waters have been impacted. 3) If groundwater or surface waters have been impacted, what are the extents and magnitude of that impact. 4) The characterization of any other adverse impacts that may have occurred (examples: impacts on vegetation, impacts on wildlife, air quality, loss of use of property, etc.). To meet these goals as quickly as possible, the following items must, at a minimum, be addressed in the release characterization workplan and subsequent reporting:

- Horizontal delineation of soil impacts in each of the four cardinal compass directions. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. This is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants. Analyzed parameters should be modified based on the nature of the released substance(s). Soil sampling must be both within the impacted area and beyond.
- Vertical delineation of soil impacts. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. As above, this is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants and can be modified. Vertical characterization samples should be taken at depth intervals no greater than five feet apart. Lithologic description of encountered soils must also be provided. At least ten vertical feet of soils with contaminant concentrations at or below these values must be demonstrated as existing above the water table.
- Nominal detection limits for field and laboratory analyses must be provided.
- Composite sampling is not generally allowed.
- Field screening and assessment techniques are acceptable (headspace, titration, EC [include algorithm for validation purposes], EM, etc.), but the sampling and assay procedures must be clearly defined. Copies of field notes are highly desirable. A statistically significant set of split samples must be submitted for confirmatory laboratory analysis, including the laterally farthest and vertically deepest sets of soil samples. Make sure there are at least two soil samples submitted

for laboratory analysis from each borehole or test pit (highest observed contamination and deepest depth investigated). Copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

- •Probable depth to shallowest protectable groundwater and lateral distance to nearest surface water. If there is an estimate of groundwater depth, the information used to arrive at that estimate must be provided. If there is a reasonable assumption that the depth to protectable water is 50 feet or less, the responsible party should anticipate the need for at least one groundwater monitoring well to be installed in the area of likely maximum contamination.
- If groundwater contamination is encountered, an additional investigation workplan may be required to determine the extents of that contamination. Groundwater and/or surface water samples, if any, must be analyzed by a competent laboratory for volatile organic hydrocarbons (typically Method 8260 full list), total dissolved solids, pH, major anions and cations including chloride and sulfate, dissolved iron, and dissolved manganese. The investigation workplan must provide the groundwater sampling method(s) and sample handling protocols. To the fullest extent possible, aqueous analyses must be undertaken using nominal method detection limits. As with the soil analyses, copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.
- Accurately scaled and well-drafted site maps must be provided providing the location of borings, test pits, monitoring wells, potentially impacted areas, and significant surface features including roads and site infrastructure that might limit either the release characterization or remedial efforts. Field sketches may be included in subsequent reporting, but should not be considered stand-alone documentation of the site's layout. Digital photographic documentation of the location and fieldwork is recommended, especially if unusual circumstances are encountered.

Nothing herein should be interpreted to preclude emergency response actions or to imply immediate remediation by removal cannot proceed as warranted. Nonetheless, characterization of impacts and confirmation of the effectiveness of remedial efforts must still be provided to the OCD before any release incident will be closed.

Jim Griswold

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