	NM	OIL CONSE ARTESIA DIS		ON	
Form 3160-3 (March 2012) UNITED STATES		FEB 262		OMB	APPROVED No. 1004-0137 Detaber 31, 2014
DEPARTMENT OF THE I BUREAU OF LAND MAN	INTERIOR	RECEIVE	n	5. Lease Serial No. NMNM15303	
APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO		-	0	6. If Indian, Allotee	or Tribe Name
la. Type of work: DRILL REENTH	ER			-	eement, Name and No.
lb. Type of Well: 🔽 Oil Well 🛄 Gas Well 🛄 Other	Sin Sin	ngle Zone 🗹 Multip	ole Zone	8. Lease Name and CORRAL DRAW 1	Well No. 4-13 FEDERAL 25H
2. Name of Operator OXY USA INCORPORATED		4696		9. API Well No. 30 01 5	- 44781
3a. Address 5 Greenway Plaza, Suite 110 Houston TX 770	3b. Phone No. (713)366-5	. (include area code) i716		10. Field and Pool, or 2 PIERCE CROSSIN	Exploratory NG BONE SPRING, EA
4. Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance with an	ty State requirem	ents.*)		11. Sec., T. R. M. or B	lk. and Survey or Area
At surface SWSE / 850 FSL / 2200 FEL / LAT 32.125093 At proposed prod. zone SESE / 1260 FSL / 180 FEL / LAT			778	SEC 14 / T25S / R	29E / NMP
14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post office* 8 miles				12. County or Parish EDDY	13. State NM
15. Distance from proposed* location to nearest 180 feet property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any)	16. No. of a 1280	cres in lease	17. Spacin 240	g Unit dedicated to this	well
<ol> <li>Distance from proposed location* to nearest well, drilling, completed, 30 feet applied for, on this lease, ft.</li> </ol>	19. Proposed 9125 feet /	1 Depth / 16549 feet		BIA Bond No. on file SB000226	
21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.) 3126 feet	22. Approxim 08/03/201	nate date work will star 8	rt*	23. Estimated duratio 20 days	n
	24. Attac	chments			
The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of Onshor	re Oil and Gas	Order No.1, must be at	ttached to thi	is form:	
<ol> <li>Well plat certified by a registered surveyor.</li> <li>A Drilling Plan.</li> </ol>		4. Bond to cover the Item 20 above).	he operation	ns unless covered by an	existing bond on file (see
3. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest System SUPO must be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office).	Lands, the	<ol> <li>Operator certific</li> <li>Such other site BLM.</li> </ol>		ormation and/or plans as	s may be required by the
25. Signature (Electronic Submission)	1	<i>(Printed/Typed)</i> I Stewart / Ph: (713	)366-5716	3	Date 08/08/2017
Title Sr. Regulatory Advisor					
Approved by (Signature) (Electronic Submission)		(Printed/Typed) Layton / Ph: (575)2	234-5959		Date 01/19/2018
Title Supervisor Multiple Resources	Office CARI	SBAD			
Application approval does not warrant or certify that the applicant hold conduct operations thereon. Conditions of approval, if any, are attached.	ls legal or equi	table title to those righ	ts in the sub	ject lease which would e	entitle the applicant to
Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a ci States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as	rime for any pe to any matter w	erson knowingly and v vithin its jurisdiction.	villfully to m	ake to any department of	or agency of the United
(Continued on page 2)			4	*(Inst	ructions on page 2)
		UI CONDITI	ONS		

APPROVED WITH COMMANN APPROVED WITH COMMANN APProval Date: 01/19/2018

PW 3-1-18.

# **WAFMSS**

# Application for Permit to Drill

# **APD Package Report**

APD ID: 10400015891 APD Received Date: 08/08/2017 12:08 PM Operator: OXY USA INCORPORATED

#### APD Package Report Contents

- Form 3160-3
- Operator Certification Report
- Application Report
- Application Attachments
  - -- Well Plat: 1 file(s)
- Drilling Plan Report
- Drilling Plan Attachments
  - -- Blowout Prevention Choke Diagram Attachment: 1 file(s)
  - -- Blowout Prevention BOP Diagram Attachment: 2 file(s)
  - -- Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s): 5 file(s)
  - -- Hydrogen sulfide drilling operations plan: 2 file(s)
  - -- Proposed horizontal/directional/multi-lateral plan submission: 2 file(s)
  - -- Other Facets: 3 file(s)
- SUPO Report
- SUPO Attachments
  - -- Existing Road Map: 1 file(s)
  - -- New Road Map: 1 file(s)
  - -- New road access plan attachment: 1 file(s)
  - -- Attach Well map: 1 file(s)
  - -- Production Facilities map: 2 file(s)
  - -- Water source and transportation map: 2 file(s)
  - -- Well Site Layout Diagram: 1 file(s)
  - -- Other SUPO Attachment: 4 file(s)
- PWD Report
- PWD Attachments
  - -- None
- Bond Report



# Date Printed: 01/22/2018 07:45 AM

Well Status: AAPD Well Name: CORRAL DRAW 14-13 FEDE Well Number: 25H

#### **Additional Operator Remarks**

#### Location of Well

 SHL: SWSE / 850 FSL / 2200 FEL / TWSP: 25S / RANGE: 29E / SECTION: 14 / LAT: 32.1250933 / LONG: -103.9536616 (TVD: 0 feet, MD: 0 feet ) PPP: SWSE / 1261 FSL / 2300 FEL / TWSP: 25S / RANGE: 29E / SECTION: 14 / LAT: 32.1262244 / LONG: -103.9539841 (TVD: 9025 feet, MD: 9391 feet ) BHL: SESE / 1260 FSL / 180 FEL / TWSP: 25S / RANGE: 29E / SECTION: 13 / LAT: 32.1262809 / LONG: -103.9299778 (TVD: 9125 feet, MD: 16549 feet )

#### **BLM Point of Contact**

Name: Judith Yeager Title: Legal Instruments Examiner Phone: 5752345936 Email: jyeager@blm.gov

#### **Review and Appeal Rights**

A person contesting a decision shall request a State Director review. This request must be filed within 20 working days of receipt of the Notice with the appropriate State Director (see 43 CFR 3165.3). The State Director review decision may be appealed to the Interior Board of Land Appeals, 801 North Quincy Street, Suite 300, Arlington, VA 22203 (see 43 CFR 3165.4). Contact the above listed Bureau of Land Management office for further information.

# PECOS DISTRICT DRILLING CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

<b>OPERATOR'S NAME:</b>	OXY USA Incorporated
LEASE NO.:	NMNM15303
WELL NAME & NO.:	25H-Corral Draw 14-13Federal
<b>SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:</b>	850'/S & 2200'/E
<b>BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE</b>	1260'/S & 180'/E
LOCATION:	Section 14, T. 25 S, R. 29 E. NMPM
COUNTY:	Eddy County, New Mexico

# COA

H2S	ſ Yes	r No	
Potash	• None	C Secretary	∩ R-111-P
Cave/Karst Potential	✤ Low		
Variance	C None	Flex Hose	C Other
Wellhead	Conventional	Multibowl	C Both
Other	<b>□</b> 4 String Area	Capitan Reef	<b>Г</b> WIPP

#### A. Hydrogen Sulfide

Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) monitors shall be installed prior to drilling out the surface shoe. If H2S is detected in concentrations greater than 100 ppm, the Hydrogen Sulfide area shall meet Onshore Order 6 requirements, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, provide measured values and formations to the BLM.

# **B.** CASING

- 1. The 10-3/4 inch surface casing shall be set at approximately 653 feet (a minimum of 25 feet into the Rustler Anhydrite and above the salt) and cemented to the surface. Additional cement maybe required. Excess calculates to 19%.
  - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
  - b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum of  $\underline{8}$ <u>hours</u> or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement)

Page 1 of 7

- c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
- d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.

Operator shall fill 1/3<sup>rd</sup> of casing with fluid when running intermediate casing to maintained collapse safety factor.

2. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 7-5/8 inch intermediate casing Operator has proposed a DV tool, the depth may be adjusted as long as the cement is changed proportionally. The DV tool may be cancelled if cement circulates to surface on the first stage.

- a. First stage to DV tool: Cement to circulate. If cement does not circulate off the DV tool, contact the appropriate BLM office before proceeding with second stage cement job.
- b. Second stage above DV tool:Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate, contact the appropriate BLM office.
- 3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 4-1/2 inch production liner is:
  - Cement should tie-back 100' into the previous casing. Operator shall provide method of verification. Additional cement maybe required. Excess calculates to 15%.

# C. PRESSURE CONTROL

- 1. Variance approved to use flex line from BOP to choke manifold. Manufacturer's specification to be readily available. No external damage to flex line. Flex line to be installed as straight as possible (no hard bends).
- 2. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be **5000 (5M)** psi.

# **GENERAL REQUIREMENTS**

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well (minimum of 24 hours)
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)

# **Eddy County**

Call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220,

Page 2 of 7

(575) 361-2822

- 1. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval.
  - a. In the event the operator has proposed to drill multiple wells utilizing a skid/walking rig. Operator shall secure the wellbore on the current well, after installing and testing the wellhead, by installing a blind flange of like pressure rating to the wellhead and a pressure gauge that can be monitored while drilling is performed on the other well(s).
  - b. When the operator proposes to set surface casing with Spudder Rig
    - Notify the BLM when moving in and removing the Spudder Rig.
    - Notify the BLM when moving in the 2<sup>nd</sup> Rig. Rig to be moved in within 90 days of notification that Spudder Rig has left the location.
    - BOP/BOPE test to be conducted per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 as soon as 2nd Rig is rigged up on well.
- 2. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works are located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
- 3. The record of the drilling rate along with the GR/N well log run from TD to surface (horizontal well vertical portion of hole) shall be submitted to the BLM office as well as all other logs run on the borehole 30 days from completion. If available, a digital copy of the logs is to be submitted in addition to the paper copies. The Rustler top and top and bottom of Salt are to be recorded on the Completion Report.

#### A. CASING

- 1. Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size or are Non-API. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.). The initial wellhead installed on the well will remain on the well with spools used as needed.
- 2. <u>Wait on cement (WOC) for Potash Areas:</u> After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi for all cement blends, 2) until cement has been in place at least <u>24</u>

<u>hours</u>. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. The casing intergrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.

- 3. <u>Wait on cement (WOC) for Water Basin:</u> After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi at the shoe, 2) until cement has been in place at least <u>8 hours</u>. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements. The casing intergrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.
- 4. Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. Have well specific cement details onsite prior to pumping the cement for each casing string.
- 5. No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.
- 6. On that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Formation at the shoe shall be tested to a minimum of the mud weight equivalent anticipated to control the formation pressure to the next casing depth or at total depth of the well. This test shall be performed before drilling more than 20 feet of new hole.
- 7. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.
- 8. Whenever a casing string is cemented in the R-111-P potash area, the NMOCD requirements shall be followed.

#### **B. PRESSURE CONTROL**

- 1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and API RP 53 Sec. 17.
- 2. If a variance is approved for a flexible hose to be installed from the BOP to the choke manifold, the following requirements apply: The flex line must meet the requirements of API 16C. Check condition of flexible line from BOP to choke manifold, replace if exterior is damaged or if line fails test. Line to be as straight as possible with no hard bends and is to be anchored according to Manufacturer's requirements. The flexible hose can be exchanged with a hose of equal size and equal or greater pressure rating. Anchor requirements, specification sheet and hydrostatic pressure test certification

Page 4 of 7

matching the hose in service, to be onsite for review. These documents shall be posted in the company man's trailer and on the rig floor.

- 3. 5M or higher system requires an HCR valve, remote kill line and annular to match. The remote kill line is to be installed prior to testing the system and tested to stack pressure.
- 4. If the operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly in the APD. The following requirements must be met:
  - a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
  - b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
  - c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
  - d. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
  - e. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in OOGO2.III.A.2.i must be followed.
- 5. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
  - a. In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).
  - b. In potash areas, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. For all casing strings, casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated at twelve hours after bumping the plug. However, **no tests** shall commence until the cement has had a minimum of 24 hours setup time, except the casing pressure test can be initiated immediately after bumping the plug (only applies to single stage cement jobs).
  - c. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.

- d. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2 hour clock. If a twelve hour or twenty-four hour chart is used, tester shall make a notation that it is run with a two hour clock.
- e. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
- f. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.
- g. BOP/BOPE must be tested by an independent service company within 500 feet of the top of the Wolfcamp formation if the time between the setting of the intermediate casing and reaching this depth exceeds 20 days. This test does not exclude the test prior to drilling out the casing shoe as per Onshore Order No. 2.

#### C. DRILLING MUD

Mud system monitoring equipment, with derrick floor indicators and visual and audio alarms, shall be operating before drilling into the Wolfcamp formation, and shall be used until production casing is run and cemented.

#### D. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area.

Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

#### Waste Minimization Plan (WMP)

In the interest of resource development, submission of additional well gas capture development plan information is deferred but may be required by the BLM Authorized Officer at a later date.

ZS 112117

Page 6 of 7

Page 7 of 7

# PECOS DISTRICT SURFACE USE CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME:	OXY USA Incorporated
LEASE NO.:	NMNM15303
WELL NAME & NO.:	25H-Corral Draw 14-13Federal
SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:	850'/S & 2200'/E
BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE	1260'/S & 180'/E
LOCATION:	Section 14, T. 25 S, R. 29 E. NMPM
COUNTY:	Eddy County, New Mexico

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

Standard Conditions of Approval (COA) apply to this APD. If any deviations to these standards exist or special COAs are required, the section with the deviation or requirement will be checked below.

General Provisions
Permit Expiration
Archaeology, Paleontology, and Historical Sites
Noxious Weeds
Special Requirements
Watershed
Construction
Notification
Topsoil
Closed Loop System
Federal Mineral Material Pits
Well Pads
Roads
Road Section Diagram
<b>Production (Post Drilling)</b>
Well Structures & Facilities
Pipelines
Electric Lines
Interim Reclamation
Final Abandonment & Reclamation

Page 1 of 20

#### I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The approval of the Application For Permit To Drill (APD) is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations: 43 Code of Federal Regulations 3160, the lease terms, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, Notices To Lessees, New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) Rules, National Historical Preservation Act As Amended, and instructions and orders of the Authorized Officer. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

### **II. PERMIT EXPIRATION**

If the permit terminates prior to drilling and drilling cannot be commenced within 60 days after expiration, an operator is required to submit Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, requesting surface reclamation requirements for any surface disturbance. However, if the operator will be able to initiate drilling within 60 days after the expiration of the permit, the operator must have set the conductor pipe in order to allow for an extension of 60 days beyond the expiration date of the APD. (Filing of a Sundry Notice is required for this 60 day extension.)

### III. ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES

Any cultural and/or paleontological resource discovered by the operator or by any person working on the operator's behalf shall immediately report such findings to the Authorized Officer. The operator is fully accountable for the actions of their contractors and subcontractors. The operator shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery shall be made by the Authorized Officer to determine the appropriate actions that shall be required to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values of the discovery. The operator shall be held responsible for the cost of the proper mitigation measures that the Authorized Officer assesses after consultation with the operator on the evaluation and decisions of the discovery. Any unauthorized collection or disturbance of cultural or paleontological resources may result in a shutdown order by the Authorized Officer.

# **IV. NOXIOUS WEEDS**

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

Page 2 of 20

# V. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)

Measures to minimize or eliminate impacts to water resources are described below and in the standard COAs (BLM 1997:Appendix 2) for closed-loop systems. No special mitigation has been identified by the BLM.

- The entirety of the well pads would be bermed to prevent oil, salt, and other chemical contaminants from leaving the well pads. Topsoil should not be used to construct the berm. No water flow from the uphill side(s) of the pads should be allowed to enter the well pads. The berm should be maintained through the life of the wells and after interim reclamation has been completed.
- Any water erosion that may occur due to the construction of the well pads or facilities during the life of the project would be quickly corrected, and proper measures would be taken to prevent future erosion.
- Stockpiling of topsoil is required. The topsoil that is not used for berming or erosion control
  would be stockpiled in an appropriate locations to prevent loss of soil due to water or wind
  erosion.

# **VI. CONSTRUCTION**

# A. NOTIFICATION

The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5909 at least 3 working days prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad.

When construction operations are being conducted on this well, the operator shall have the approved APD and Conditions of Approval (COA) on the well site and they shall be made available upon request by the Authorized Officer.

# **B.** TOPSOIL

The operator shall strip the top portion of the soil (root zone) from the entire well pad area and stockpile the topsoil along the edge of the well pad as depicted in the APD. The root zone is typically six (6) inches in depth. All the stockpiled topsoil will be redistributed over the interim reclamation areas. Topsoil shall not be used for berming the pad or facilities. For final reclamation, the topsoil shall be spread over the entire pad area for seeding preparation.

Other subsoil (below six inches) stockpiles must be completely segregated from the topsoil stockpile. Large rocks or subsoil clods (not evident in the surrounding terrain) must be buried within the approved area for interim and final reclamation.

# C. CLOSED LOOP SYSTEM

Tanks are required for drilling operations: No Pits.

The operator shall properly dispose of drilling contents at an authorized disposal site.

# D. FEDERAL MINERAL MATERIALS PIT

Payment shall be made to the BLM prior to removal of any federal mineral materials. Call the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5972.

# E. WELL PAD SURFACING

Surfacing of the well pad is not required.

If the operator elects to surface the well pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation. The well pad shall be constructed in a manner which creates the smallest possible surface disturbance, consistent with safety and operational needs.

# F. EXCLOSURE FENCING (CELLARS & PITS)

Page 4 of 20

#### **Exclosure Fencing**

The operator will install and maintain exclosure fencing for all open well cellars to prevent access to public, livestock, and large forms of wildlife before and after drilling operations until the pit is free of fluids and the operator initiates backfilling. (For examples of exclosure fencing design, refer to BLM's Oil and Gas Gold Book, Exclosure Fence Illustrations, Figure 1, Page 18.)

#### G. ON LEASE ACCESS ROADS

#### **Road Width**

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed fourteen (14) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed twenty-five (25) feet.

#### Surfacing

Surfacing material is not required on the new access road driving surface. If the operator elects to surface the new access road or pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

Where possible, no improvements should be made on the unsurfaced access road other than to remove vegetation as necessary, road irregularities, safety issues, or to fill low areas that may sustain standing water.

The Authorized Officer reserves the right to require surfacing of any portion of the access road at any time deemed necessary. Surfacing may be required in the event the road deteriorates, erodes, road traffic increases, or it is determined to be beneficial for future field development. The surfacing depth and type of material will be determined at the time of notification.

#### Crowning

Crowning shall be done on the access road driving surface. The road crown shall have a grade of approximately 2% (i.e., a 1" crown on a 14' wide road). The road shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

#### Ditching

Ditching shall be required on both sides of the road.

#### Turnouts

Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

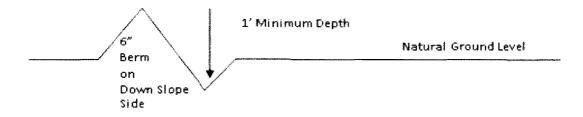
#### Drainage

Page 5 of 20

Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill outsloping and insloping, lead-off ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.

#### **Cross Section of a Typical Lead-off Ditch**



All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing interval are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

#### Formula for Spacing Interval of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

400 foot road with 4% road slope: 400' + 100' = 200' lead-off ditch interval 4%

#### **Cattle guards**

An appropriately sized cattle guard sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence/road crossings. Any existing cattle guards on the access road route shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattle guards that are in place and are utilized during lease operations.

#### **Fence Requirement**

Where entry is granted across a fence line, the fence shall be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting. The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fences.

#### **Public Access**

Public access on this road shall not be restricted by the operator without specific written approval granted by the Authorized Officer.

Page 6 of 20

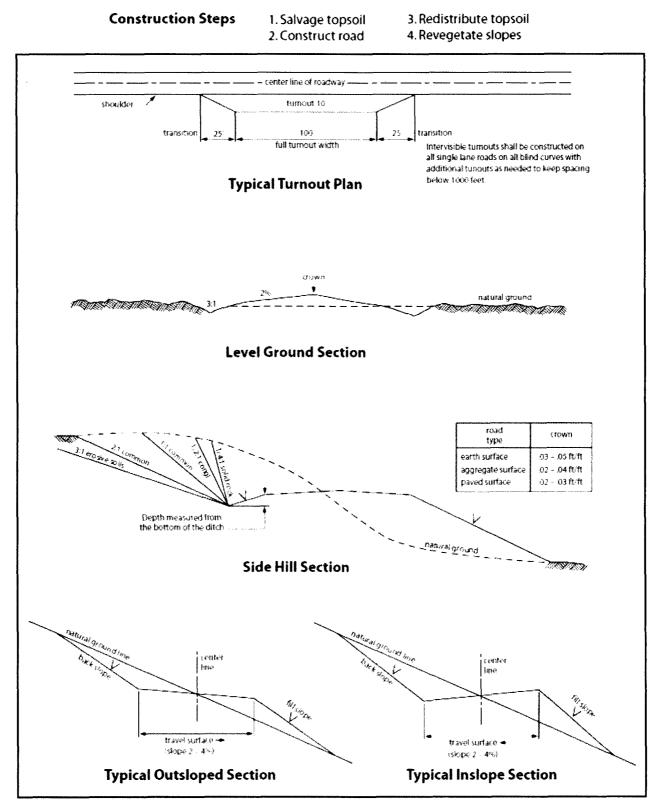


Figure 1. Cross-sections and plans for typical road sections representative of BLM resource or FS local and higher-class roads.

Page 7 of 20

# VII. PRODUCTION (POST DRILLING)

#### A. WELL STRUCTURES & FACILITIES

#### **Placement of Production Facilities**

Production facilities should be placed on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

#### **Exclosure Netting (Open-top Tanks)**

Immediately following active drilling or completion operations, the operator will take actions necessary to prevent wildlife and livestock access, including avian wildlife, to all open-topped tanks that contain or have the potential to contain salinity sufficient to cause harm to wildlife or livestock, hydrocarbons, or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976-exempt hazardous substances. At a minimum, the operator will net, screen, or cover open-topped tanks to exclude wildlife and livestock and prevent mortality. If the operator uses netting, the operator will cover and secure the open portion of the tank to prevent wildlife entry. The operator will net, screen, or cover the tanks until the operator removes the tanks from the location or the tanks no longer contain substances that could be harmful to wildlife or livestock. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches. The netting must not be in contact with fluids and must not have holes or gaps.

#### **Chemical and Fuel Secondary Containment and Exclosure Screening**

The operator will prevent all hazardous, poisonous, flammable, and toxic substances from coming into contact with soil and water. At a minimum, the operator will install and maintain an impervious secondary containment system for any tank or barrel containing hazardous, poisonous, flammable, or toxic substances sufficient to contain the contents of the tank or barrel and any drips, leaks, and anticipated precipitation. The operator will dispose of fluids within the containment system that do not meet applicable state or U. S. Environmental Protection Agency livestock water standards in accordance with state law; the operator must not drain the fluids to the soil or ground. The operator will design, construct, and maintain all secondary containment systems to prevent wildlife and livestock exposure to harmful substances. At a minimum, the operator will install effective wildlife and livestock exclosure systems such as fencing, netting, expanded metal mesh, lids, and grate covers. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches.

#### **Open-Vent Exhaust Stack Exclosures**

The operator will construct, modify, equip, and maintain all open-vent exhaust stacks on production equipment to prevent birds and bats from entering, and to discourage perching, roosting, and nesting. (*Recommended exclosure structures on open-vent exhaust stacks are in the shape of a cone.*) Production equipment includes, but may not be limited to, tanks, heater-treaters, separators, dehydrators, flare stacks, in-line units, and compressor mufflers.

#### **Containment Structures**

Page 8 of 20

Proposed production facilities such as storage tanks and other vessels will have a secondary containment structure that is constructed to hold the capacity of 1.5 times the largest tank, plus freeboard to account for precipitation, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary.

#### **Painting Requirement**

All above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements shall be painted a flat non-reflective paint color, <u>Shale Green</u> from the BLM Standard Environmental Color Chart (CC-001: June 2008).

### **B. PIPELINES**

STANDARD STIPULATIONS FOR SURFACE INSTALLED PIPELINES

A copy of the application (Grant, Sundry Notice, APD) and attachments, including stipulations, survey plat and/or map, will be on location during construction. BLM personnel may request to you a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

Holder agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer:

1. The holder shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this grant.

2. The holder shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, the holder shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC 2601 <u>et seq</u>. (1982) with regards to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the right-of-way or on facilities authorized under this right-of-way grant. (See 40 CFR, Part 702-799 and especially, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193.) Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR, Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the authorized officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.

3. The holder agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, et seq. or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 6901, et seq.) on the Right-of-Way (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to activity of the Right-of-Way holder's activity on the Right-of-Way), or resulting from the activity of the Right-of-Way holder on the Right-of-Way. This agreement applies without regard to whether a release is caused by the holder, its agent, or unrelated third

Page 9 of 20

parties.

4. The holder shall be liable for damage or injury to the United States to the extent provided by 43 CFR Sec. 2883.1-4. The holder shall be held to a standard of strict liability for damage or injury to the United States resulting from pipe rupture, fire, or spills caused or substantially aggravated by any of the following within the right-of-way or permit area:

- a. Activities of the holder including, but not limited to construction, operation, maintenance, and termination of the facility.
- b. Activities of other parties including, but not limited to:
  - (1) Land clearing.
  - (2) Earth-disturbing and earth-moving work.
  - (3) Blasting.
  - (4) Vandalism and sabotage.
- c. Acts of God.

The maximum limitation for such strict liability damages shall not exceed one million dollars (\$1,000,000) for any one event, and any liability in excess of such amount shall be determined by the ordinary rules of negligence of the jurisdiction in which the damage or injury occurred.

This section shall not impose strict liability for damage or injury resulting primarily from an act of war or from the negligent acts or omissions of the United States.

5. If, during any phase of the construction, operation, maintenance, or termination of the pipeline, any oil, salt water, or other pollutant should be discharged from the pipeline system, impacting Federal lands, the control and total removal, disposal, and cleaning up of such oil, salt water, or other pollutant, wherever found, shall be the responsibility of the holder, regardless of fault. Upon failure of the holder to control, dispose of, or clean up such discharge on or affecting Federal lands, or to repair all damages resulting therefrom, on the Federal lands, the Authorized Officer may take such measures as he deems necessary to control and clean up the discharge and restore the area, including, where appropriate, the aquatic environment and fish and wildlife habitats, at the full expense of the holder. Such action by the Authorized Officer shall not relieve the holder of any responsibility as provided herein.

6. All construction and maintenance activity will be confined to the authorized right-ofway width of 20 feet. If the pipeline route follows an existing road or buried pipeline right-of-way, the surface pipeline must be installed no farther than 10 feet from the edge of the road or buried pipeline right-of-way. If existing surface pipelines prevent this distance, the proposed surface pipeline must be installed immediately adjacent to the outer surface pipeline. All construction and maintenance activity will be confined to existing roads or right-of-ways.

7. No blading or clearing of any vegetation will be allowed unless approved in writing

Page 10 of 20

by the Authorized Officer.

8. The holder shall install the pipeline on the surface in such a manner that will minimize suspension of the pipeline across low areas in the terrain. In hummocky of duney areas, the pipeline will be "snaked" around hummocks and dunes rather then suspended across these features.

9. The pipeline shall be buried with a minimum of <u>24</u> inches under all roads, "two-tracks," and trails. Burial of the pipe will continue for 20 feet on each side of each crossing. The condition of the road, upon completion of construction, shall be returned to at least its former state with no bumps or dips remaining in the road surface.

10. The holder shall minimize disturbance to existing fences and other improvements on public lands. The holder is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The holder will contact the owner of any improvements prior to disturbing them. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting of the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.

11. In those areas where erosion control structures are required to stabilize soil conditions, the holder will install such structures as are suitable for the specific soil conditions being encountered and which are in accordance with sound resource management practices.

12. Excluding the pipe, all above-ground structures not subject to safety requirement shall be painted by the holder to blend with the natural color of the landscape. The paint used shall be a color which simulates "Standard Environmental Colors" – Shale Green, Munsell Soil Color No. 5Y 4/2; designated by the Rocky Mountain Five State Interagency Committee.

13. The pipeline will be identified by signs at the point of origin and completion of the right-of-way and at all road crossings. At a minimum, signs will state the holder's name, BLM serial number, and the product being transported. Signs will be maintained in a legible condition for the life of the pipeline.

14. The holder shall not use the pipeline route as a road for purposes other than routine maintenance as determined necessary by the Authorized Officer in consultation with the holder. The holder will take whatever steps are necessary to ensure that the pipeline route is not used as a roadway.

15. Any cultural and/or paleontological resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on his behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the authorized officer. Holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the authorized officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the

Page 11 of 20

authorized officer to determine appropriate cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to proper mitigation measures will be made by the authorized officer after consulting with the holder.

16. The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, powerline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

17. Surface pipelines must be less than or equal to 4 inches and a working pressure below 125 psi.

#### **BURIED PIPELINE STIPULATIONS**

A copy of the application (Grant, APD, or Sundry Notice) and attachments, including conditions of approval, survey plat and/or map, will be on location during construction. BLM personnel may request to you a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

Holder agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer:

1. The Holder shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this grant.

2. The Holder shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, the holder shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC 2601 et seq. (1982) with regards to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the right-of-way or on facilities authorized under this right-of-way grant. (See 40 CFR Part 702-799 and especially, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193.) Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the authorized officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.

3. The holder agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, et seq. or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C.6901, et seq.) on the Right-of-Way (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to the Right-of-Way holder's activity on the Right-of-Way), or resulting from the activity of the Right-of-Way holder on the Right-of-Way. This agreement applies without regard to whether a release is caused by the holder, its agent, or unrelated third parties.

Page 12 of 20

4. If, during any phase of the construction, operation, maintenance, or termination of the pipeline, any oil or other pollutant should be discharged from the pipeline system, impacting Federal lands, the control and total removal, disposal, and cleaning up of such oil or other pollutant, wherever found, shall be the responsibility of holder, regardless of fault. Upon failure of holder to control, dispose of, or clean up such discharge on or affecting Federal lands, or to repair all damages resulting therefrom, on the Federal lands, the Authorized Officer may take such measures as he deems necessary to control and clean up the discharge and restore the area, including where appropriate, the aquatic environment and fish and wildlife habitats, at the full expense of the holder. Such action by the Authorized Officer shall not relieve holder of any responsibility as provided herein.

5. All construction and maintenance activity will be confined to the authorized right-of-way.

6. The pipeline will be buried with a minimum cover of 36 inches between the top of the pipe and ground level.

7. The maximum allowable disturbance for construction in this right-of-way will be  $\underline{30}$  feet:

- Blading of vegetation within the right-of-way will be allowed: maximum width of blading operations will not exceed <u>20</u> feet. The trench is included in this area. (*Blading is defined as the complete removal of brush and ground vegetation.*)
- Clearing of brush species within the right-of-way will be allowed: maximum width of clearing operations will not exceed <u>30</u> feet. The trench and bladed area are included in this area. (*Clearing is defined as the removal of brush while leaving ground vegetation (grasses, weeds, etc.) intact. Clearing is best accomplished by holding the blade 4 to 6 inches above the ground surface.*)
- The remaining area of the right-of-way (if any) shall only be disturbed by compressing the vegetation. (*Compressing can be caused by vehicle tires, placement of equipment, etc.*)

8. The holder shall stockpile an adequate amount of topsoil where blading is allowed. The topsoil to be stripped is approximately  $6_{---}$  inches in depth. The topsoil will be segregated from other spoil piles from trench construction. The topsoil will be evenly distributed over the bladed area for the preparation of seeding.

9. The holder shall minimize disturbance to existing fences and other improvements on public lands. The holder is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The holder will contact the owner of any improvements prior to disturbing them. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting of the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.

10. Vegetation, soil, and rocks left as a result of construction or maintenance activity will be randomly scattered on this right-of-way and will not be left in rows, piles, or berms, unless otherwise approved by the Authorized Officer. The entire right-of-way shall be recontoured to match the surrounding landscape. The backfilled soil shall be compacted and a 6 inch berm will be left over the ditch line to allow for settling back to grade.

11. In those areas where erosion control structures are required to stabilize soil conditions, the holder will install such structures as are suitable for the specific soil conditions being encountered and which are in accordance with sound resource management practices.

Page 14 of 20

12. The holder will reseed all disturbed areas. Seeding will be done according to the attached seeding requirements, using the following seed mix.

() seed mixture 1	() seed mixture 3
(X) seed mixture 2	() seed mixture 4
() seed mixture 2/LPC	( ) Aplomado Falcon Mixture

13. All above-ground structures not subject to safety requirements shall be painted by the holder to blend with the natural color of the landscape. The paint used shall be color which simulates "Standard Environmental Colors" – **Shale Green**, Munsell Soil Color No. 5Y 4/2.

14. The pipeline will be identified by signs at the point of origin and completion of the right-ofway and at all road crossings. At a minimum, signs will state the holder's name, BLM serial number, and the product being transported. All signs and information thereon will be posted in a permanent, conspicuous manner, and will be maintained in a legible condition for the life of the pipeline.

15. The holder shall not use the pipeline route as a road for purposes other than routine maintenance as determined necessary by the Authorized Officer in consultation with the holder before maintenance begins. The holder will take whatever steps are necessary to ensure that the pipeline route is not used as a roadway. As determined necessary during the life of the pipeline, the Authorized Officer may ask the holder to construct temporary deterrence structures.

16. Any cultural and/or paleontological resources (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on his behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. Holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the Authorized Officer to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the holder.

17. The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes associated roads, pipeline corridor and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

18. <u>Escape Ramps</u> - The operator will construct and maintain pipeline/utility trenches that are not otherwise fenced, screened, or netted to prevent livestock, wildlife, and humans from becoming entrapped. At a minimum, the operator will construct and maintain escape ramps, ladders, or

Page 15 of 20

other methods of avian and terrestrial wildlife escape in the trenches according to the following criteria:

- a. Any trench left open for eight (8) hours or less is not required to have escape ramps; however, before the trench is backfilled, the contractor/operator shall inspect the trench for wildlife, remove all trapped wildlife, and release them at least 100 yards from the trench.
- b. For trenches left open for eight (8) hours or more, earthen escape ramps (built at no more than a 30 degree slope and spaced no more than 500 feet apart) shall be placed in the trench.

#### C. ELECTRIC LINES

# STANDARD STIPULATIONS FOR OVERHEAD ELECTRIC DISTRIBUTION LINES

A copy of the grant and attachments, including stipulations, survey plat and/or map, will be on location during construction. BLM personnel may request to you a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

Holder agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer:

1. The holder shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this grant.

2. The holder shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, the holder shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC 2601 <u>et seq</u>. (1982) with regards to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the right-of-way or on facilities authorized under this right-of-way grant. (See 40 CFR, Part 702-799 and especially, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193.) Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR, Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the authorized officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.

3. The holder agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, <u>et seq</u>. or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 6901, <u>et seq</u>.) on the Right-of-Way (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to the Right-of-Way holder's activity on the Right-of-Way), or resulting from the activity of the Right-of-Way holder on the Right-of-Way. This agreement applies without regard to whether a release is caused by the holder, its agent, or unrelated third parties.

Page 16 of 20

4. There will be no clearing or blading of the right-of-way unless otherwise agreed to in writing by the Authorized Officer.

5. Power lines shall be constructed and designed in accordance to standards outlined in "Suggested Practices for Avian Protection on Power lines: The State of the Art in 2006" Edison Electric Institute, APLIC, and the California Energy Commission 2006. The holder shall assume the burden and expense of proving that pole designs not shown in the above publication deter raptor perching, roosting, and nesting. Such proof shall be provided by a raptor expert approved by the Authorized Officer. The BLM reserves the right to require modification or additions to all powerline structures placed on this right-of-way, should they be necessary to ensure the safety of large perching birds. Such modifications and/or additions shall be made by the holder without liability or expense to the United States.

Raptor deterrence will consist of but not limited to the following: triangle perch discouragers shall be placed on each side of the cross arms and a nonconductive perching deterrence shall be placed on all vertical poles that extend past the cross arms.

6. The holder shall minimize disturbance to existing fences and other improvements on public lands. The holder is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The holder will contact the owner of any improvements prior to disturbing them. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.

7. The BLM serial number assigned to this authorization shall be posted in a permanent, conspicuous manner where the power line crosses roads and at all serviced facilities. Numbers will be at least two inches high and will be affixed to the pole nearest the road crossing and at the facilities served.

8. Upon cancellation, relinquishment, or expiration of this grant, the holder shall comply with those abandonment procedures as prescribed by the Authorized Officer.

9. All surface structures (poles, lines, transformers, etc.) shall be removed within 180 days of abandonment, relinquishment, or termination of use of the serviced facility or facilities or within 180 days of abandonment, relinquishment, cancellation, or expiration of this grant, whichever comes first. This will not apply where the power line extends service to an active, adjoining facility or facilities.

10. Any cultural and/or paleontological resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on his behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. Holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the

Page 17 of 20

Authorized Officer to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the holder.

11. Special Stipulations:

- For reclamation remove poles, lines, transformer, etc. and dispose of properly.
- Fill in any holes from the poles removed.

# VIII. INTERIM RECLAMATION

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations should undergo interim reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses.

Within six (6) months of well completion, operators should work with BLM surface management specialists (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909) to devise the best strategies to reduce the size of the location. Interim reclamation should allow for remedial well operations, as well as safe and efficient removal of oil and gas.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche is important to increasing the success of revegetating the site. Removed caliche that is free of contaminants may be used for road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

All disturbed areas after they have been satisfactorily prepared need to be reseeded with the seed mixture provided below.

Upon completion of interim reclamation, the operator shall submit a Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, Subsequent Report of Reclamation (Form 3160-5).

# IX. FINAL ABANDONMENT & RECLAMATION

At final abandonment, well locations, production facilities, and access roads must undergo "final" reclamation so that the character and productivity of the land are restored.

Earthwork for final reclamation must be completed within six (6) months of well plugging. All pads, pits, facility locations and roads must be reclaimed to a satisfactory revegetated, safe, and stable condition, unless an agreement is made with the landowner or BLM to keep the road and/or pad intact.

Page 18 of 20

After all disturbed areas have been satisfactorily prepared, these areas need to be revegetated with the seed mixture provided below. Seeding should be accomplished by drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other approved methods. Seeding may need to be repeated until revegetation is successful, as determined by the BLM.

Operators shall contact a BLM surface protection specialist prior to surface abandonment operations for site specific objectives (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909).

Ground-level Abandoned Well Marker to avoid raptor perching: Upon the plugging and subsequent abandonment of the well, the well marker will be installed at ground level on a plate containing the pertinent information for the plugged well.

Page 19 of 20

#### Seed Mixture 2, for Sandy Sites

The holder shall seed all disturbed areas with the seed mixture listed below. The seed mixture shall be planted in the amounts specified in pounds of pure live seed (PLS)\* per acre. There shall be <u>no</u> primary or secondary noxious weeds in the seed mixture. Seed will be tested and the viability testing of seed will be done in accordance with State law (s) and within nine (9) months prior to purchase. Commercial seed will be either certified or registered seed. The seed container will be tagged in accordance with State law(s) and available for inspection by the authorized officer.

Seed will be planted using a drill equipped with a depth regulator to ensure proper depth of planting where drilling is possible. The seed mixture will be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area (smaller/heavier seeds have a tendency to drop the bottom of the drill and are planted first). The holder shall take appropriate measures to ensure this does not occur. Where drilling is not possible, seed will be broadcast and the area shall be raked or chained to cover the seed. When broadcasting the seed, the pounds per <u>acre are to be doubled</u>. The seeding will be repeated until a satisfactory stand is established as determined by the authorized officer. Evaluation of growth will not be made before completion of at least one full growing season after seeding.

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed\* per acre:

Species	l <u>b/acre</u>
Sand dropseed (Sporobolus cryptandrus)	1.0
Sand love grass (Eragrostis trichodes)	1.0
Plains bristlegrass (Setaria macrostachya)	2.0

\*Pounds of pure live seed:

Pounds of seed x percent purity x percent germination = pounds pure live seed

Page 20 of 20

# PECOS DISTRICT SURFACE USE CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME:	OXY USA Incorporated
	NMNM15303
	25H-Corral Draw 14-13Federal
SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:	850'/S & 2200'/E
BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE	1260'/S & 180'/E
LOCATION:	Section 14, T. 25 S, R. 29 E. NMPM
COUNTY:	Eddy County, New Mexico

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

Standard Conditions of Approval (COA) apply to this APD. If any deviations to these standards exist or special COAs are required, the section with the deviation or requirement will be checked below.

📃 General Provisions
Permit Expiration
Archaeology, Paleontology, and Historical Sites
Noxious Weeds
Special Requirements
Watershed
Construction
Notification
Topsoil
Closed Loop System
Federal Mineral Material Pits
Well Pads
Roads
Road Section Diagram
<b>Production (Post Drilling)</b>
Well Structures & Facilities
Pipelines
Electric Lines
Interim Reclamation
Final Abandonment & Reclamation

Page 1 of 20

### I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The approval of the Application For Permit To Drill (APD) is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations: 43 Code of Federal Regulations 3160, the lease terms, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, Notices To Lessees, New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) Rules, National Historical Preservation Act As Amended, and instructions and orders of the Authorized Officer. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

# **II. PERMIT EXPIRATION**

If the permit terminates prior to drilling and drilling cannot be commenced within 60 days after expiration, an operator is required to submit Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, requesting surface reclamation requirements for any surface disturbance. However, if the operator will be able to initiate drilling within 60 days after the expiration of the permit, the operator must have set the conductor pipe in order to allow for an extension of 60 days beyond the expiration date of the APD. (Filing of a Sundry Notice is required for this 60 day extension.)

# **III. ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES**

Any cultural and/or paleontological resource discovered by the operator or by any person working on the operator's behalf shall immediately report such findings to the Authorized Officer. The operator is fully accountable for the actions of their contractors and subcontractors. The operator shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery shall be made by the Authorized Officer to determine the appropriate actions that shall be required to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values of the discovery. The operator shall be held responsible for the cost of the proper mitigation measures that the Authorized Officer assesses after consultation with the operator on the evaluation and decisions of the discovery. Any unauthorized collection or disturbance of cultural or paleontological resources may result in a shutdown order by the Authorized Officer.

# **IV. NOXIOUS WEEDS**

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

Page 2 of 20

# V. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)

Measures to minimize or eliminate impacts to water resources are described below and in the standard COAs (BLM 1997:Appendix 2) for closed-loop systems. No special mitigation has been identified by the BLM.

- The entirety of the well pads would be bermed to prevent oil, salt, and other chemical contaminants from leaving the well pads. Topsoil should not be used to construct the berm. No water flow from the uphill side(s) of the pads should be allowed to enter the well pads. The berm should be maintained through the life of the wells and after interim reclamation has been completed.
- Any water erosion that may occur due to the construction of the well pads or facilities during the life of the project would be quickly corrected, and proper measures would be taken to prevent future erosion.
- Stockpiling of topsoil is required. The topsoil that is not used for berming or erosion control would be stockpiled in an appropriate locations to prevent loss of soil due to water or wind erosion.

Page 3 of 20

# **VI. CONSTRUCTION**

# A. NOTIFICATION

The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5909 at least 3 working days prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad.

When construction operations are being conducted on this well, the operator shall have the approved APD and Conditions of Approval (COA) on the well site and they shall be made available upon request by the Authorized Officer.

### **B.** TOPSOIL

The operator shall strip the top portion of the soil (root zone) from the entire well pad area and stockpile the topsoil along the edge of the well pad as depicted in the APD. The root zone is typically six (6) inches in depth. All the stockpiled topsoil will be redistributed over the interim reclamation areas. Topsoil shall not be used for berming the pad or facilities. For final reclamation, the topsoil shall be spread over the entire pad area for seeding preparation.

Other subsoil (below six inches) stockpiles must be completely segregated from the topsoil stockpile. Large rocks or subsoil clods (not evident in the surrounding terrain) must be buried within the approved area for interim and final reclamation.

# C. CLOSED LOOP SYSTEM

Tanks are required for drilling operations: No Pits.

The operator shall properly dispose of drilling contents at an authorized disposal site.

#### D. FEDERAL MINERAL MATERIALS PIT

Payment shall be made to the BLM prior to removal of any federal mineral materials. Call the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5972.

#### E. WELL PAD SURFACING

Surfacing of the well pad is not required.

If the operator elects to surface the well pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation. The well pad shall be constructed in a manner which creates the smallest possible surface disturbance, consistent with safety and operational needs.

# F. EXCLOSURE FENCING (CELLARS & PITS)

Page 4 of 20

#### **Exclosure Fencing**

The operator will install and maintain exclosure fencing for all open well cellars to prevent access to public, livestock, and large forms of wildlife before and after drilling operations until the pit is free of fluids and the operator initiates backfilling. (For examples of exclosure fencing design, refer to BLM's Oil and Gas Gold Book, Exclosure Fence Illustrations, Figure 1, Page 18.)

#### G. ON LEASE ACCESS ROADS

#### **Road Width**

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed fourteen (14) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed twenty-five (25) feet.

#### Surfacing

Surfacing material is not required on the new access road driving surface. If the operator elects to surface the new access road or pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

Where possible, no improvements should be made on the unsurfaced access road other than to remove vegetation as necessary, road irregularities, safety issues, or to fill low areas that may sustain standing water.

The Authorized Officer reserves the right to require surfacing of any portion of the access road at any time deemed necessary. Surfacing may be required in the event the road deteriorates, erodes, road traffic increases, or it is determined to be beneficial for future field development. The surfacing depth and type of material will be determined at the time of notification.

#### Crowning

Crowning shall be done on the access road driving surface. The road crown shall have a grade of approximately 2% (i.e., a 1" crown on a 14' wide road). The road shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

#### Ditching

Ditching shall be required on both sides of the road.

#### Turnouts

Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

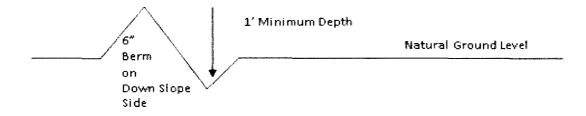
#### Drainage

Page 5 of 20

Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill outsloping and insloping, lead-off ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.

### **Cross Section of a Typical Lead-off Ditch**



All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing interval are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

### Formula for Spacing Interval of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

400 foot road with 4% road slope:  $\underline{400'}_{4\%}$  + 100' = 200' lead-off ditch interval 4%

### **Cattle guards**

An appropriately sized cattle guard sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence/road crossings. Any existing cattle guards on the access road route shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattle guards that are in place and are utilized during lease operations.

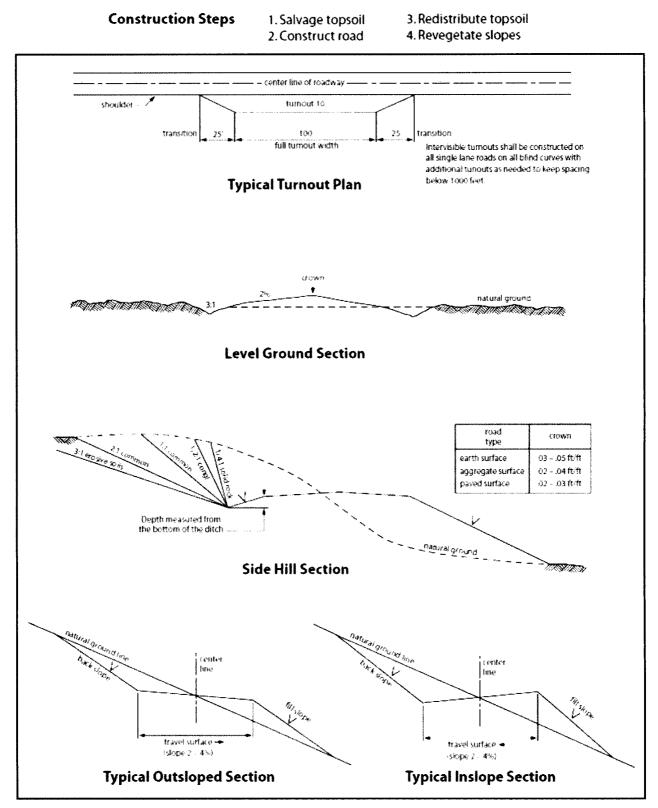
### **Fence Requirement**

Where entry is granted across a fence line, the fence shall be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting. The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fences.

### **Public Access**

Public access on this road shall not be restricted by the operator without specific written approval granted by the Authorized Officer.

Page 6 of 20





Page 7 of 20

# VII. PRODUCTION (POST DRILLING)

# A. WELL STRUCTURES & FACILITIES

## **Placement of Production Facilities**

Production facilities should be placed on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

# **Exclosure Netting (Open-top Tanks)**

Immediately following active drilling or completion operations, the operator will take actions necessary to prevent wildlife and livestock access, including avian wildlife, to all open-topped tanks that contain or have the potential to contain salinity sufficient to cause harm to wildlife or livestock, hydrocarbons, or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976-exempt hazardous substances. At a minimum, the operator will net, screen, or cover open-topped tanks to exclude wildlife and livestock and prevent mortality. If the operator uses netting, the operator will net, screen, or cover the tanks until the operator will net, screen, or cover the tanks from the location or the tanks no longer contain substances that could be harmful to wildlife or livestock. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches. The netting must not be in contact with fluids and must not have holes or gaps.

## Chemical and Fuel Secondary Containment and Exclosure Screening

The operator will prevent all hazardous, poisonous, flammable, and toxic substances from coming into contact with soil and water. At a minimum, the operator will install and maintain an impervious secondary containment system for any tank or barrel containing hazardous, poisonous, flammable, or toxic substances sufficient to contain the contents of the tank or barrel and any drips, leaks, and anticipated precipitation. The operator will dispose of fluids within the containment system that do not meet applicable state or U. S. Environmental Protection Agency livestock water standards in accordance with state law; the operator must not drain the fluids to the soil or ground. The operator will design, construct, and maintain all secondary containment systems to prevent wildlife and livestock exposure to harmful substances. At a minimum, the operator will install effective wildlife and livestock exclosure systems such as fencing, netting, expanded metal mesh, lids, and grate covers. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches.

# **Open-Vent Exhaust Stack Exclosures**

The operator will construct, modify, equip, and maintain all open-vent exhaust stacks on production equipment to prevent birds and bats from entering, and to discourage perching, roosting, and nesting. (*Recommended exclosure structures on open-vent exhaust stacks are in the shape of a cone.*) Production equipment includes, but may not be limited to, tanks, heater-treaters, separators, dehydrators, flare stacks, in-line units, and compressor mufflers.

# **Containment Structures**

Page 8 of 20

Proposed production facilities such as storage tanks and other vessels will have a secondary containment structure that is constructed to hold the capacity of 1.5 times the largest tank, plus freeboard to account for precipitation, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary.

## **Painting Requirement**

All above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements shall be painted a flat non-reflective paint color, <u>Shale Green</u> from the BLM Standard Environmental Color Chart (CC-001: June 2008).

# **B. PIPELINES**

STANDARD STIPULATIONS FOR SURFACE INSTALLED PIPELINES

A copy of the application (Grant, Sundry Notice, APD) and attachments, including stipulations, survey plat and/or map, will be on location during construction. BLM personnel may request to you a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

Holder agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer:

1. The holder shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this grant.

2. The holder shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, the holder shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC 2601 <u>et seq</u>. (1982) with regards to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the right-of-way or on facilities authorized under this right-of-way grant. (See 40 CFR, Part 702-799 and especially, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193.) Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR, Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the authorized officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.

3. The holder agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, <u>et seq</u>. or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 6901, <u>et seq</u>.) on the Right-of-Way (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to activity of the Right-of-Way holder's activity on the Right-of-Way), or resulting from the activity of the Right-of-Way holder on the Right-of-Way. This agreement applies without regard to whether a release is caused by the holder, its agent, or unrelated third

Page 9 of 20

parties.

4. The holder shall be liable for damage or injury to the United States to the extent provided by 43 CFR Sec. 2883.1-4. The holder shall be held to a standard of strict liability for damage or injury to the United States resulting from pipe rupture, fire, or spills caused or substantially aggravated by any of the following within the right-of-way or permit area:

- a. Activities of the holder including, but not limited to construction, operation, maintenance, and termination of the facility.
- b. Activities of other parties including, but not limited to:
  - (1) Land clearing.
  - (2) Earth-disturbing and earth-moving work.
  - (3) Blasting.
  - (4) Vandalism and sabotage.
- c. Acts of God.

The maximum limitation for such strict liability damages shall not exceed one million dollars (\$1,000,000) for any one event, and any liability in excess of such amount shall be determined by the ordinary rules of negligence of the jurisdiction in which the damage or injury occurred.

This section shall not impose strict liability for damage or injury resulting primarily from an act of war or from the negligent acts or omissions of the United States.

5. If, during any phase of the construction, operation, maintenance, or termination of the pipeline, any oil, salt water, or other pollutant should be discharged from the pipeline system, impacting Federal lands, the control and total removal, disposal, and cleaning up of such oil, salt water, or other pollutant, wherever found, shall be the responsibility of the holder, regardless of fault. Upon failure of the holder to control, dispose of, or clean up such discharge on or affecting Federal lands, or to repair all damages resulting therefrom, on the Federal lands, the Authorized Officer may take such measures as he deems necessary to control and clean up the discharge and restore the area, including, where appropriate, the aquatic environment and fish and wildlife habitats, at the full expense of the holder. Such action by the Authorized Officer shall not relieve the holder of any responsibility as provided herein.

6. All construction and maintenance activity will be confined to the authorized right-ofway width of 20 feet. If the pipeline route follows an existing road or buried pipeline right-of-way, the surface pipeline must be installed no farther than 10 feet from the edge of the road or buried pipeline right-of-way. If existing surface pipelines prevent this distance, the proposed surface pipeline must be installed immediately adjacent to the outer surface pipeline. All construction and maintenance activity will be confined to existing roads or right-of-ways.

7. No blading or clearing of any vegetation will be allowed unless approved in writing

Page 10 of 20

by the Authorized Officer.

8. The holder shall install the pipeline on the surface in such a manner that will minimize suspension of the pipeline across low areas in the terrain. In hummocky of duney areas, the pipeline will be "snaked" around hummocks and dunes rather then suspended across these features.

9. The pipeline shall be buried with a minimum of <u>24</u> inches under all roads, "two-tracks," and trails. Burial of the pipe will continue for 20 feet on each side of each crossing. The condition of the road, upon completion of construction, shall be returned to at least its former state with no bumps or dips remaining in the road surface.

10. The holder shall minimize disturbance to existing fences and other improvements on public lands. The holder is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The holder will contact the owner of any improvements prior to disturbing them. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting of the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.

11. In those areas where erosion control structures are required to stabilize soil conditions, the holder will install such structures as are suitable for the specific soil conditions being encountered and which are in accordance with sound resource management practices.

12. Excluding the pipe, all above-ground structures not subject to safety requirement shall be painted by the holder to blend with the natural color of the landscape. The paint used shall be a color which simulates "Standard Environmental Colors" – Shale Green, Munsell Soil Color No. 5Y 4/2; designated by the Rocky Mountain Five State Interagency Committee.

13. The pipeline will be identified by signs at the point of origin and completion of the right-of-way and at all road crossings. At a minimum, signs will state the holder's name, BLM serial number, and the product being transported. Signs will be maintained in a legible condition for the life of the pipeline.

14. The holder shall not use the pipeline route as a road for purposes other than routine maintenance as determined necessary by the Authorized Officer in consultation with the holder. The holder will take whatever steps are necessary to ensure that the pipeline route is not used as a roadway.

15. Any cultural and/or paleontological resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on his behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the authorized officer. Holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the authorized officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the

Page 11 of 20

authorized officer to determine appropriate cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to proper mitigation measures will be made by the authorized officer after consulting with the holder.

16. The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, powerline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

17. Surface pipelines must be less than or equal to 4 inches and a working pressure below 125 psi.

### BURIED PIPELINE STIPULATIONS

A copy of the application (Grant, APD, or Sundry Notice) and attachments, including conditions of approval, survey plat and/or map, will be on location during construction. BLM personnel may request to you a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

Holder agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer:

1. The Holder shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this grant.

2. The Holder shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, the holder shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC 2601 <u>et seq.</u> (1982) with regards to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the right-of-way or on facilities authorized under this right-of-way grant. (See 40 CFR Part 702-799 and especially, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193.) Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the authorized officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.

3. The holder agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, et seq. or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C.6901, et seq.) on the Right-of-Way (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to the Right-of-Way holder's activity on the Right-of-Way), or resulting from the activity of the Right-of-Way holder on the Right-of-Way. This agreement applies without regard to whether a release is caused by the holder, its agent, or unrelated third parties.

Page 12 of 20

4. If, during any phase of the construction, operation, maintenance, or termination of the pipeline, any oil or other pollutant should be discharged from the pipeline system, impacting Federal lands, the control and total removal, disposal, and cleaning up of such oil or other pollutant, wherever found, shall be the responsibility of holder, regardless of fault. Upon failure of holder to control, dispose of, or clean up such discharge on or affecting Federal lands, or to repair all damages resulting therefrom, on the Federal lands, the Authorized Officer may take such measures as he deems necessary to control and clean up the discharge and restore the area, including where appropriate, the aquatic environment and fish and wildlife habitats, at the full expense of the holder. Such action by the Authorized Officer shall not relieve holder of any responsibility as provided herein.

Page 13 of 20

5. All construction and maintenance activity will be confined to the authorized right-of-way.

6. The pipeline will be buried with a minimum cover of  $\underline{36}$  inches between the top of the pipe and ground level.

7. The maximum allowable disturbance for construction in this right-of-way will be  $\underline{30}$  feet:

- Blading of vegetation within the right-of-way will be allowed: maximum width of blading operations will not exceed <u>20</u> feet. The trench is included in this area. (Blading is defined as the complete removal of brush and ground vegetation.)
- Clearing of brush species within the right-of-way will be allowed: maximum width of clearing operations will not exceed <u>30</u> feet. The trench and bladed area are included in this area. (Clearing is defined as the removal of brush while leaving ground vegetation (grasses, weeds, etc.) intact. Clearing is best accomplished by holding the blade 4 to 6 inches above the ground surface.)
- The remaining area of the right-of-way (if any) shall only be disturbed by compressing the vegetation. (*Compressing can be caused by vehicle tires, placement of equipment, etc.*)

8. The holder shall stockpile an adequate amount of topsoil where blading is allowed. The topsoil to be stripped is approximately  $\__6\__$  inches in depth. The topsoil will be segregated from other spoil piles from trench construction. The topsoil will be evenly distributed over the bladed area for the preparation of seeding.

9. The holder shall minimize disturbance to existing fences and other improvements on public lands. The holder is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The holder will contact the owner of any improvements prior to disturbing them. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting of the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.

10. Vegetation, soil, and rocks left as a result of construction or maintenance activity will be randomly scattered on this right-of-way and will not be left in rows, piles, or berms, unless otherwise approved by the Authorized Officer. The entire right-of-way shall be recontoured to match the surrounding landscape. The backfilled soil shall be compacted and a 6 inch berm will be left over the ditch line to allow for settling back to grade.

11. In those areas where erosion control structures are required to stabilize soil conditions, the holder will install such structures as are suitable for the specific soil conditions being encountered and which are in accordance with sound resource management practices.

Page 14 of 20

12. The holder will reseed all disturbed areas. Seeding will be done according to the attached seeding requirements, using the following seed mix.

() seed mixture 1	() seed mixture 3
(X) seed mixture 2	() seed mixture 4
() seed mixture 2/LPC	() Aplomado Falcon Mixture

13. All above-ground structures not subject to safety requirements shall be painted by the holder to blend with the natural color of the landscape. The paint used shall be color which simulates "Standard Environmental Colors" – **Shale Green**, Munsell Soil Color No. 5Y 4/2.

14. The pipeline will be identified by signs at the point of origin and completion of the right-ofway and at all road crossings. At a minimum, signs will state the holder's name, BLM serial number, and the product being transported. All signs and information thereon will be posted in a permanent, conspicuous manner, and will be maintained in a legible condition for the life of the pipeline.

15. The holder shall not use the pipeline route as a road for purposes other than routine maintenance as determined necessary by the Authorized Officer in consultation with the holder before maintenance begins. The holder will take whatever steps are necessary to ensure that the pipeline route is not used as a roadway. As determined necessary during the life of the pipeline, the Authorized Officer may ask the holder to construct temporary deterrence structures.

16. Any cultural and/or paleontological resources (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on his behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. Holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the Authorized Officer to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the holder.

17. The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes associated roads, pipeline corridor and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

18. <u>Escape Ramps</u> - The operator will construct and maintain pipeline/utility trenches that are not otherwise fenced, screened, or netted to prevent livestock, wildlife, and humans from becoming entrapped. At a minimum, the operator will construct and maintain escape ramps, ladders, or

Page 15 of 20

other methods of avian and terrestrial wildlife escape in the trenches according to the following criteria:

- a. Any trench left open for eight (8) hours or less is not required to have escape ramps; however, before the trench is backfilled, the contractor/operator shall inspect the trench for wildlife, remove all trapped wildlife, and release them at least 100 yards from the trench.
- b. For trenches left open for eight (8) hours or more, earthen escape ramps (built at no more than a 30 degree slope and spaced no more than 500 feet apart) shall be placed in the trench.

# C. ELECTRIC LINES

STANDARD STIPULATIONS FOR OVERHEAD ELECTRIC DISTRIBUTION LINES

A copy of the grant and attachments, including stipulations, survey plat and/or map, will be on location during construction. BLM personnel may request to you a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

Holder agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer:

1. The holder shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this grant.

2. The holder shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, the holder shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC 2601 <u>et seq</u>. (1982) with regards to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the right-of-way or on facilities authorized under this right-of-way grant. (See 40 CFR, Part 702-799 and especially, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193.) Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR, Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the authorized officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.

3. The holder agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, et seq. or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 6901, et seq.) on the Right-of-Way (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to the Right-of-Way holder's activity on the Right-of-Way), or resulting from the activity of the Right-of-Way holder on the Right-of-Way. This agreement applies without regard to whether a release is caused by the holder, its agent, or unrelated third parties.

Page 16 of 20

4. There will be no clearing or blading of the right-of-way unless otherwise agreed to in writing by the Authorized Officer.

5. Power lines shall be constructed and designed in accordance to standards outlined in "Suggested Practices for Avian Protection on Power lines: The State of the Art in 2006" Edison Electric Institute, APLIC, and the California Energy Commission 2006. The holder shall assume the burden and expense of proving that pole designs not shown in the above publication deter raptor perching, roosting, and nesting. Such proof shall be provided by a raptor expert approved by the Authorized Officer. The BLM reserves the right to require modification or additions to all powerline structures placed on this right-of-way, should they be necessary to ensure the safety of large perching birds. Such modifications and/or additions shall be made by the holder without liability or expense to the United States.

Raptor deterrence will consist of but not limited to the following: triangle perch discouragers shall be placed on each side of the cross arms and a nonconductive perching deterrence shall be placed on all vertical poles that extend past the cross arms.

6. The holder shall minimize disturbance to existing fences and other improvements on public lands. The holder is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The holder will contact the owner of any improvements prior to disturbing them. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.

7. The BLM serial number assigned to this authorization shall be posted in a permanent, conspicuous manner where the power line crosses roads and at all serviced facilities. Numbers will be at least two inches high and will be affixed to the pole nearest the road crossing and at the facilities served.

8. Upon cancellation, relinquishment, or expiration of this grant, the holder shall comply with those abandonment procedures as prescribed by the Authorized Officer.

9. All surface structures (poles, lines, transformers, etc.) shall be removed within 180 days of abandonment, relinquishment, or termination of use of the serviced facility or facilities or within 180 days of abandonment, relinquishment, cancellation, or expiration of this grant, whichever comes first. This will not apply where the power line extends service to an active, adjoining facility or facilities.

10. Any cultural and/or paleontological resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on his behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. Holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the

Page 17 of 20

Authorized Officer to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the holder.

11. Special Stipulations:

- For reclamation remove poles, lines, transformer, etc. and dispose of properly.
- Fill in any holes from the poles removed.

# VIII. INTERIM RECLAMATION

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations should undergo interim reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses.

Within six (6) months of well completion, operators should work with BLM surface management specialists (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909) to devise the best strategies to reduce the size of the location. Interim reclamation should allow for remedial well operations, as well as safe and efficient removal of oil and gas.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche is important to increasing the success of revegetating the site. Removed caliche that is free of contaminants may be used for road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

All disturbed areas after they have been satisfactorily prepared need to be reseeded with the seed mixture provided below.

Upon completion of interim reclamation, the operator shall submit a Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, Subsequent Report of Reclamation (Form 3160-5).

# IX. FINAL ABANDONMENT & RECLAMATION

At final abandonment, well locations, production facilities, and access roads must undergo "final" reclamation so that the character and productivity of the land are restored.

Earthwork for final reclamation must be completed within six (6) months of well plugging. All pads, pits, facility locations and roads must be reclaimed to a satisfactory revegetated, safe, and stable condition, unless an agreement is made with the landowner or BLM to keep the road and/or pad intact.

Page 18 of 20

After all disturbed areas have been satisfactorily prepared, these areas need to be revegetated with the seed mixture provided below. Seeding should be accomplished by drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other approved methods. Seeding may need to be repeated until revegetation is successful, as determined by the BLM.

Operators shall contact a BLM surface protection specialist prior to surface abandonment operations for site specific objectives (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909).

Ground-level Abandoned Well Marker to avoid raptor perching: Upon the plugging and subsequent abandonment of the well, the well marker will be installed at ground level on a plate containing the pertinent information for the plugged well.

Page 19 of 20

## Seed Mixture 2, for Sandy Sites

The holder shall seed all disturbed areas with the seed mixture listed below. The seed mixture shall be planted in the amounts specified in pounds of pure live seed (PLS)\* per acre. There shall be <u>no</u> primary or secondary noxious weeds in the seed mixture. Seed will be tested and the viability testing of seed will be done in accordance with State law (s) and within nine (9) months prior to purchase. Commercial seed will be either certified or registered seed. The seed container will be tagged in accordance with State law(s) and available for inspection by the authorized officer.

Seed will be planted using a drill equipped with a depth regulator to ensure proper depth of planting where drilling is possible. The seed mixture will be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area (smaller/heavier seeds have a tendency to drop the bottom of the drill and are planted first). The holder shall take appropriate measures to ensure this does not occur. Where drilling is not possible, seed will be broadcast and the area shall be raked or chained to cover the seed. When broadcasting the seed, the pounds per <u>acre are to be doubled</u>. The seeding will be repeated until a satisfactory stand is established as determined by the authorized officer. Evaluation of growth will not be made before completion of at least one full growing season after seeding.

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed\* per acre:

Species	l <u>b/acre</u>
Sand dropseed (Sporobolus cryptandrus)	1.0
Sand love grass (Eragrostis trichodes)	1.0
Plains bristlegrass (Setaria macrostachya)	2.0

\*Pounds of pure live seed:

Pounds of seed x percent purity x percent germination = pounds pure live seed

Page 20 of 20

# **WAFMSS**

U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT



# **Operator Certification**

I hereby certify that I, or someone under my direct supervision, have inspected the drill site and access route proposed herein; that I am familiar with the conditions which currently exist; that I have full knowledge of state and Federal laws applicable to this operation; that the statements made in this APD package are, to the best of my knowledge, true and correct; and that the work associated with the operations proposed herein will be performed in conformity with this APD package and the terms and conditions under which it is approved. I also certify that I, or the company I represent, am responsible for the operations conducted under this application. These statements are subject to the provisions of 18 U.S.C. 1001 for the filing of false statements.

NAME: David Stewart		Signed on: 08/08/2017
Title: Sr. Regulatory Adviso	r	
Street Address: 5 Greenwa	ay Plaza, Suite 110	
City: Houston	State: TX	<b>Zip:</b> 77046
Phone: (713)366-5716		
Email address: David_stev	vart@oxy.com	
Field Represen	tative	
Representative Name: J	im Wilson	
Street Address: P.O. Bo	x 50250	
City: Midland	State: TX	<b>Zip:</b> 79710
Phone: (575)631-2442		
Email address: jim_wilso	on@oxy.com	

# **WAFMSS**

U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT



APD ID: 10400015891

**Operator Name: OXY USA INCORPORATED** 

Well Name: CORRAL DRAW 14-13 FEDERAL

Well Type: OIL WELL

Submission Date: 08/08/2017

Zip: 77046

Well Number: 25H Well Work Type: Drill Highlighted data reflects the most recent changes Show Final Text

Section 1 - General		
<b>APD ID:</b> 10400015891	Tie to previous NOS?	Submission Date: 08/08/2017
BLM Office: CARLSBAD	User: David Stewart	Title: Sr. Regulatory Advisor
Federal/Indian APD: FED	Is the first lease penetrated	for production Federal or Indian? FED
Lease number: NMNM15303	Lease Acres: 1280	
Surface access agreement in place?	Allotted? F	Reservation:
Agreement in place? NO	Federal or Indian agreemen	ıt:
Agreement number:		
Agreement name:		
Keep application confidential? NO		
Permitting Agent? NO	APD Operator: OXY USA IN	CORPORATED
Operator letter of designation:		

# **Operator Info**

Operator Organization Name: OXY USA INCORPORATEDOperator Address: 5 Greenway Plaza, Suite 110Operator PO Box:Operator City: HoustonState: TXOperator Phone: (713)366-5716

Operator Internet Address:

### Section 2 - Well Information

Well in Master Development Plan? NOMater Development Plan name:Well in Master SUPO? NOMaster SUPO name:Well in Master Drilling Plan? NOMaster Drilling Plan name:Well Name: CORRAL DRAW 14-13 FEDERALWell Number: 25HWell API Number:Field/Pool or Exploratory? Field and PoolField Name: PIERCE<br/>CROSSING BONE SPRING,<br/>EASTPool Name: 2ND BONE<br/>SPRING

Operator Name: OXY USA INCORPORATED
Well Name: CORRAL DRAW 14-13 FEDERAL

Well Number: 25H

Is the proposed well in an area containing other mir	neral resources? NATURA	L GAS,O	IL
Describe other minerals:			
Is the proposed well in a Helium production area? N	Use Existing Well Pad?	NO	New surface disturbance?
Type of Well Pad: MULTIPLE WELL	Multiple Well Pad Name	e:	Number: 26H
Well Class: HORIZONTAL	CORRAL DRAW 14-13 FEDERAL Number of Legs: 1		
Well Work Type: Drill			
Well Type: OIL WELL			
Describe Well Type:			
Well sub-Type: INFILL			
Describe sub-type:			
Distance to town: 8 Miles Distance to r	nearest well: 30 FT	Distanc	e to lease line: 180 FT
Reservoir well spacing assigned acres Measuremen	nt: 240 Acres		
Well plat: CorralDraw14_13Fd25H_C102_07-10-20	)17.pdf		
Well work start Date: 08/03/2018	Duration: 20 DAYS		

# Section 3 - Well Location Table

Survey Type: RECTANGULAR

Describe Survey Type:

Datum: NAD83

Vertical Datum: NAVD88

Survey number:

	NS-Foot	NS Indicator	EW-Foot	EW Indicator	Twsp	Range	Section	Aliquot/Lot/Tract	Latitude	Longitude	County	State	Meridian	Lease Type	Lease Number	Elevation	QW	TVD
SHL Leg #1	850	FSL	220 0	FEL	258	29E	14	Aliquot SWSE	32.12509 33	- 103.9536 616	EDD Y	NEW MEXI CO	NEW MEXI CO	F	NMNM 15303	312 6	0	0
KOP Leg #1	126 0	FSL	259 0	FEL	25S	29E	14	Aliquot SWSE	32.12622 21	- 103.9549 209	EDD Y		NEW MEXI CO	F	NMNM 15303		849 9	845 2
PPP Leg #1	126 1	FSL	230 0	FEL	25S	29E	14	Aliquot SWSE	32.12622 44	- 103.9539 841	EDD Y	NEW MEXI CO	14-44	F	NMNM 15303	- 589 9	939 1	902 5

Operator Name: OXY USA INCORPORATED Well Name: CORRAL DRAW 14-13 FEDERAL

Well Number: 25H

	NS-Foot	NS Indicator	EW-Foot	EW Indicator	Twsp	Range	Section	Aliquot/Lot/Tract	Latitude	Longitude	County	State	Meridian	Lease Type	Lease Number	Elevation	DM	DVT
EXIT Leg #1	126 0	FSL	340	FEL	25S	29E	13	Aliquot SESE	32.12627 98	- 103.9304 947	EDD Y		NEW MEXI CO	F	NMNM 15303	- 599 6	163 89	912 2
BHL Leg #1	126 0	FSL	180	FEL	25S	29E	13	Aliquot SESE	32.12628 09	- 103.9299 778	EDD Y		NEW MEXI CO	F	NMNM 15303	- 599 9	165 49	912 5

# WAFMSS

#### U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Drilling Plan Data Report

SUREAU OF LAND MANAGE

APD ID: 10400015891

**Operator Name: OXY USA INCORPORATED** 

Well Name: CORRAL DRAW 14-13 FEDERAL

Well Number: 25H

Submission Date: 08/08/2017

Highlighted data reflects the most recent changes

Well Type: OIL WELL

Well Work Type: Drill

# Show Final Text

Section 1 - Geologic Formations

Formation	nar v star a far anna 1997. Na star anna 1997 anna 1997. A star anna 1997 anna 1997.		True Vertical	Measured			Producing
ID	Formation Name	Elevation	Depth	Depth	Lithologies	Mineral Resources	
1	RUSTLER	3126	476	476	SHALE,DOLOMITE,ANH YDRITE		No
2	SALADO	2045	1081	1081	SHALE,DOLOMITE,HAL ITE,ANHYDRITE	OTHER : SALT	No
3	CASTILE	1711	1415	1415	ANHYDRITE	OTHER : Salt	No
4	LAMAR	-151	3277	3277	LIMESTONE, SANDSTO NE, SILTSTONE	NATURAL GAS,OIL,OTHER : BRINE	No
5	BELL CANYON	-194	3320	3320	SANDSTONE,SILTSTO NE	NATURAL GAS,OIL,OTHER : BRINE	No
6	CHERRY CANYON	-904	4030	4030	SANDSTONE,SILTSTO NE		No
7	BRUSHY CANYON	-2265	5391	5396	SANDSTONE,SILTSTO NE	NATURAL GAS,OIL,OTHER : BRINE	No
8	BONE SPRING	-3895	7021	7051	LIMESTONE, SANDSTO NE, SILTSTONE		Yes
9	BONE SPRING 1ST	-4853	7979	8024	LIMESTONE, SANDSTO NE, SILTSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	Yes
10	BONE SPRING 2ND	-5168	8294	8341	LIMESTONE, SANDSTO NE, SILTSTONE	NATURAL GAS,OIL	Yes

# Section 2 - Blowout Prevention

Pressure Rating (PSI): 5M

Rating Depth: 9125

Equipment: 13-5/8" 5M Annular, Blind Ram, Double Ram

Requesting Variance? YES

Variance request: Request for the use of a flexible choke line from the BOP to Choke Manifold.

**Testing Procedure:** BOP/BOPE will be tested by an independent service company to 250 psi low and the high pressure indicated above per Onshore Order 2 requirements. The System may be upgraded to a higher pressure but still tested to the working pressure listed in the table above. If the system is upgraded all the components installed will be functional and tested. Pipe rams will be operationally checked each 24 hour period. Blind rams will be operationally checked on each trip out of the hole. These checks will be noted on the daily tour sheets. Other accessories to the BOP equipment will include a Kelly cock and floor safety valve (inside BOP) and choke lines and choke manifold. A multibowl wellhead or a unionized multibowl wellhead system will be employed. The wellhead and connection to the BOPE will meet all API 6A requirements. The BOP will be tested per Onshore Order #2 after installation on the surface casing which will cover testing requirements for a

Well Name: CORRAL DRAW 14-13 FEDERAL

Well Number: 25H

maximum of 30 days. If any seal subject to test pressure is broken the system will be tested. We will test the flange connection of the wellhead with a test port that is directly in the flange. We are proposing that we will run the wellhead through the rotary prior to cementing surface casing as discussed with the BLM on October 8, 2015.

#### **Choke Diagram Attachment:**

CorralDraw14\_13Fd25H\_ChkManifold\_5M\_07-10-2017.pdf

#### **BOP Diagram Attachment:**

CorralDraw14\_13Fd25H\_BOP\_5M13\_58\_\_07-10-2017.pdf

CorralDraw14\_13Fd25H\_FlexHoseCert\_07-10-2017.pdf

Casing ID	String Type	Hole Size	Csg Size	Condition	Standard	Tapered String	Top Set MD	Bottom Set MD	Top Set TVD	Bottom Set TVD	Top Set MSL	Bottom Set MSL	Calculated casing length MD	Grade	Weight	Joint Type	Collapse SF	Burst SF	Joint SF Type	Joint SF	Body SF Type	Body SF
1	SURFACE	14.7 5	10.75	NEW	API	N	0	526	0	526			526	J-55	45.5	BUTT	8.91	1.75	BUOY	3.56	BUOY	3.51
	PRODUCTI ON	9.87 5	7.625	NEW	API	N	0	7500	0	7463			7500	L-80	29.7	BUTT	1.22	1.84	BUOY	2.16	BUOY	4.65
3	PRODUCTI ON	9.87 5	7.625	NEW	API	N	7500	8399	7463	8353				HCL -80	29.7	BUTT	1.46	1.95	BUOY	2.15	BUOY	2.13
4	LINER	6.75	4.5	NEW	API	N	8299	16549	8253	9125			8250	P- 110		OTHER - DQX	1.68	1.2	BUOY	2.28	BUOY	2.25

# Section 3 - Casing

### **Casing Attachments**

Casing ID: 1 String Type: SURFACE

**Inspection Document:** 

Spec Document:

**Tapered String Spec:** 

### Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

CorralDraw14\_13Fd25H\_CsgCriteria\_07-10-2017.pdf

Well Number: 25H

#### **Casing Attachments**

Casing ID: 2 String Type:PRODUCTION Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

**Tapered String Spec:** 

#### Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

CorralDraw14\_13Fd25H\_CsgCriteria\_07-10-2017.pdf

Casing ID: 3 String Type: PRODUCTION

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

**Tapered String Spec:** 

#### Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

CorralDraw14\_13Fd25H\_CsgCriteria\_07-10-2017.pdf

Casing ID: 4 String Type:LINER

**Inspection Document:** 

**Spec Document:** 

**Tapered String Spec:** 

### Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

CorralDraw14\_13Fd25H\_CsgCriteria\_07-10-2017.pdf

CorralDraw14\_13Fd25H\_4.5\_11.6P110DQX\_07-10-2017.pdf

# Well Name: CORRAL DRAW 14-13 FEDERAL

Well Number: 25H

String Type	Lead/Tail	Stage Tool Depth	Top MD	Bottom MD	Quantity(sx)	Yield	Density	Cu Ft	Excess%	Cement type	Additives
SURFACE	Lead		0	526	342	1.35	14.8	462	50	Class C Cement	Accelerator

PRODUCTION	Lead	3327	0	2827	531	1.85	12.9	982	75	Class C Cement	Accelerator, Retarder
PRODUCTION	Tail		2827	3327	182	1.33	14.8	242	125	Class C Cement	none
PRODUCTION	Lead		0	7399	886	3.05	10.2	2702	75	Pozzolan/C Cement	Retarder
PRODUCTION	Tail		7399	8399	163	1.65	13.2	269	20	Class H Cement	Retarder, Dispersant, Salt
LINER	Lead		8299	1654 9	805	1.63	13.2	1312	15	Class H Cement	Retarder, Dispersant, Salt

# Section 5 - Circulating Medium

Mud System Type: Closed

Will an air or gas system be Used? NO

Description of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

Diagram of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

**Describe what will be on location to control well or mitigate other conditions:** Sufficient mud materials to maintain mud properties and meet minimum lost circulation and weight increase requirements. The following is a general list of products: Barite, Bentonite, Gypsum, Lime, Soda Ash, Caustic Soda, Nut Plug, Cedar Fiber, Cotton Seed Hulls, Drilling Paper, Salt Water Clay, CACL2. OXY proposes to drill out the 10-3/4" surface casing shoe with a saturated brine system from 526-3327', which is the base of the salt system. At this point we will swap fluid systems to a high viscosity mixed metal hydroxide system. We will drill with this system to the production casing TD @ 8399'.

Describe the mud monitoring system utilized: PVT/MD Totco/Visual Monitoring

**Circulating Medium Table** 

## Well Name: CORRAL DRAW 14-13 FEDERAL

### Well Number: 25H

Top Depth	Bottom Depth	Mud Type	Min Weight (Ibs/gal)	Max Weight (Ibs/gal)	Density (lbs/cu ft)	Gel Strength (lbs/100 sqft)	Hd	Viscosity (CP)	Salinity (ppm)	Filtration (cc)	Additional Characteristics
3327	8399	WATER-BASED MUD	8.8	9.6							
8399	1654 9	OIL-BASED MUD	8.8	9.6							
0	526	WATER-BASED MUD	8.4	8.6							
526	3327	OTHER : BRINE	9.8	10							

# Section 6 - Test, Logging, Coring

#### List of production tests including testing procedures, equipment and safety measures:

GR from TD to surface (horizontal well - vertical portion of hole). Mud Log from 6000' to TD.

List of open and cased hole logs run in the well: GR,MUDLOG

Coring operation description for the well:

No coring is planned at this time.

# Section 7 - Pressure

Anticipated Bottom Hole Pressure: 4556

Anticipated Surface Pressure: 2548.5

Anticipated Bottom Hole Temperature(F): 153

Anticipated abnormal pressures, temperatures, or potential geologic hazards? NO

Describe:

**Contingency Plans geoharzards description:** 

Contingency Plans geohazards attachment:

### Hydrogen Sulfide drilling operations plan required? YES

### Hydrogen sulfide drilling operations plan:

CorralDraw14\_13Fd25H\_H2S1\_07-10-2017.pdf CorralDraw14\_13Fd25H\_H2S2\_07-10-2017.pdf

Well Name: CORRAL DRAW 14-13 FEDERAL

Well Number: 25H

# **Section 8 - Other Information**

#### Proposed horizontal/directional/multi-lateral plan submission:

CorralDraw14\_13Fd25H\_DirectPlan\_07-10-2017.pdf

CorralDraw14\_13Fd25H\_DirectPlot\_07-10-2017.pdf

### Other proposed operations facets description:

Well will be drilled with a walking/skidding operation. Plan to drill the two well pad in batch by section: all surface sections, intermediate sections and production sections. The wellhead will be secured with a night cap whenever the rig is not over the well.

OXY requests the option to set casing shallower yet still below the salts if losses or hole conditions require this. Cement volumes may be adjusted if casing is set shallower and a DV tool will be run in case a contingency second stage is required for cement to reach surface. If cement circulated to surface during first stage we will drop a cancelation cone and not pump the second stage.

### Cement Top and Liner Overlap

1. Oxy is requesting permission to have minimum fill of cement behind the 4-1/2" production liner to be 100' into previous casing string. The reason for this is so that we can come back and develop shallower benches from the same 7-5/8" mainbore in the future.

2. Our plan is to use a whipstock for our exit through the mainbore. Based on our lateral target, we are planning a whipstock cased/hole exit so that kick-off point will allow for roughly 10deg/100' doglegs needed for the curve.

3. Cement will be brought to the top of this liner hanger.

4. See attached for additional casing tie-back information.

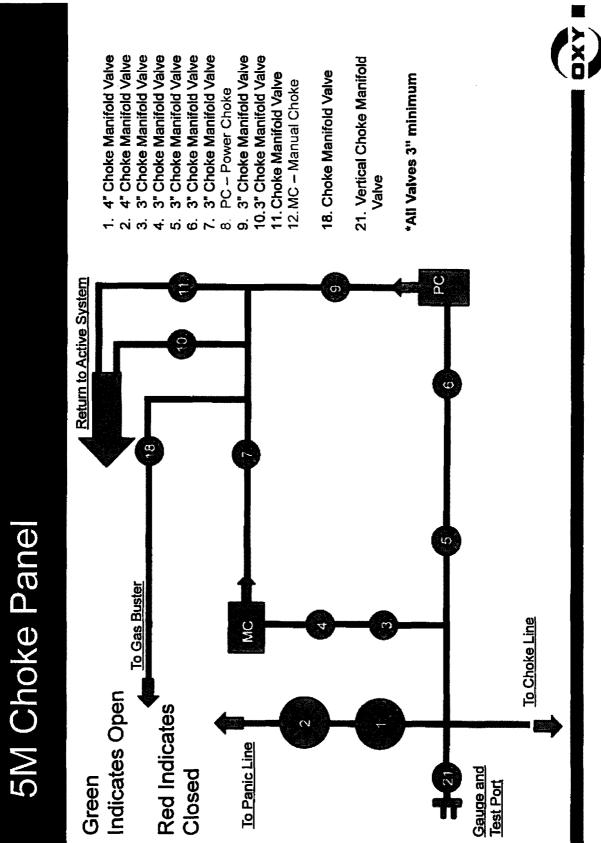
### Spudder Rig

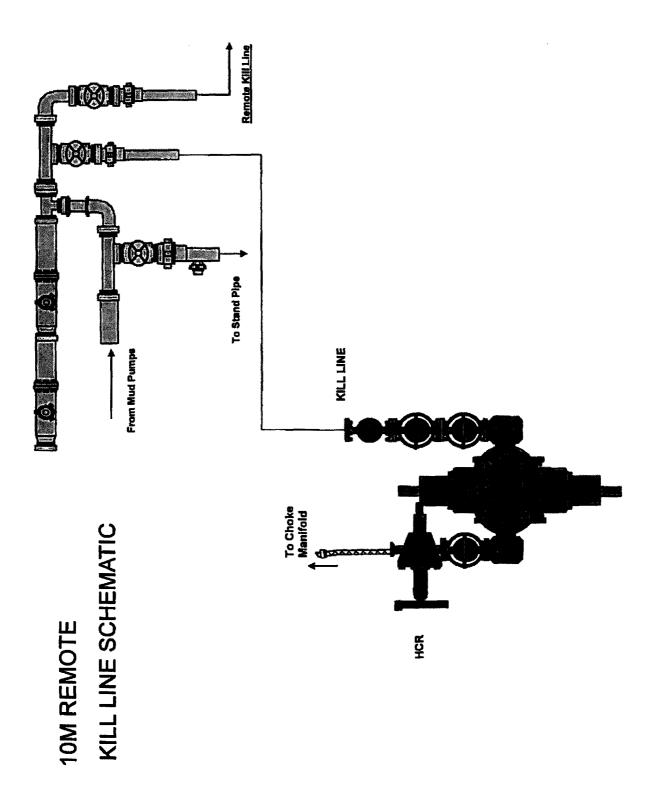
OXY requests the option to contract a Surface Rig to drill, set surface casing, and cement for this well. If the timing between rigs is such that OXY would not be able to preset surface, the Primary Rig will MIRU and drill the well in its entirety per the APD. Please see the attached document for information on the spudder rig.

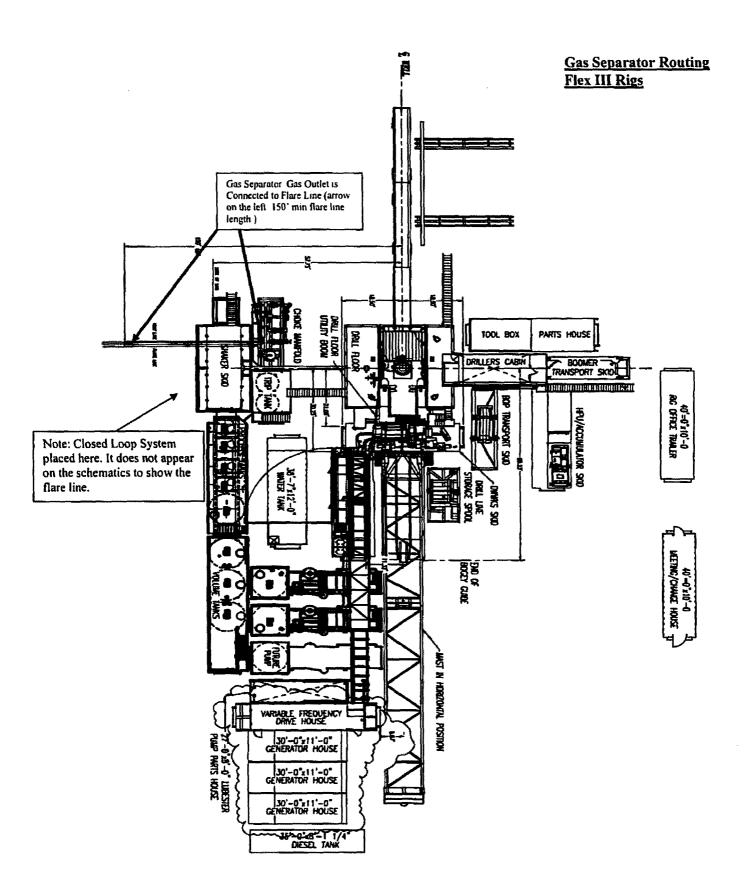
### Other proposed operations facets attachment:

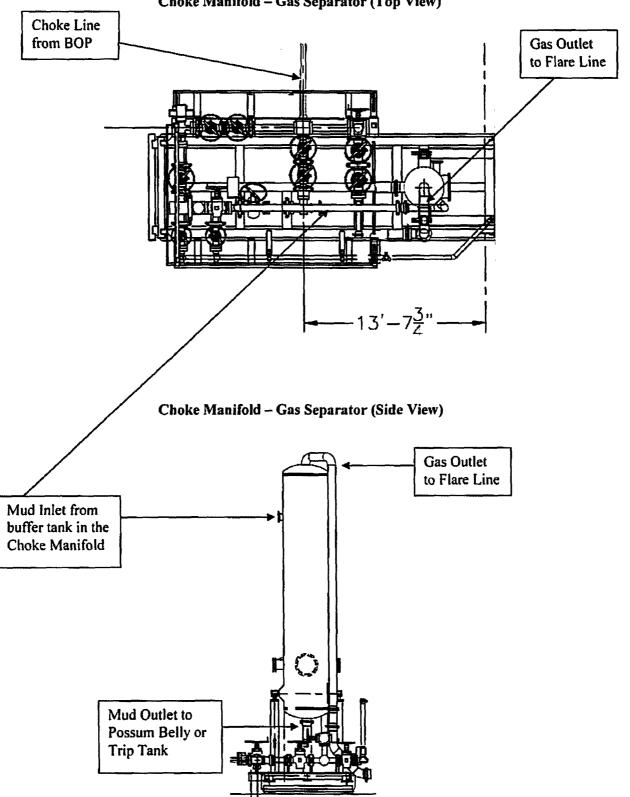
CorralDraw14\_13Fd25H\_CsgTieBackDetail\_07-10-2017.pdf CorralDraw14\_13Fd25H\_SpudRigData\_07-10-2017.pdf CorralDraw14\_13Fd25H\_DrillPlan\_07-10-2017.pdf

Other Variance attachment:

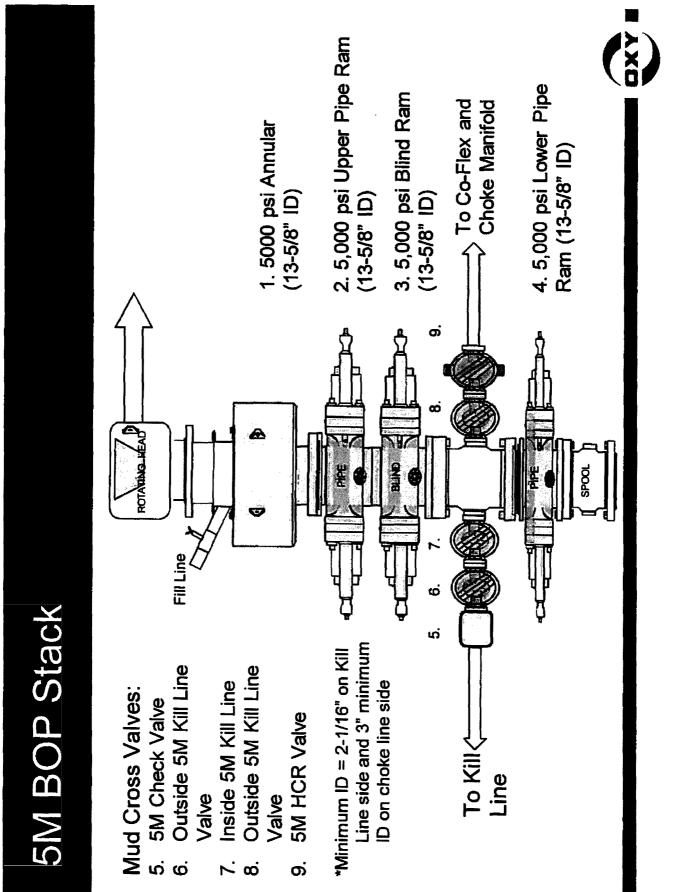


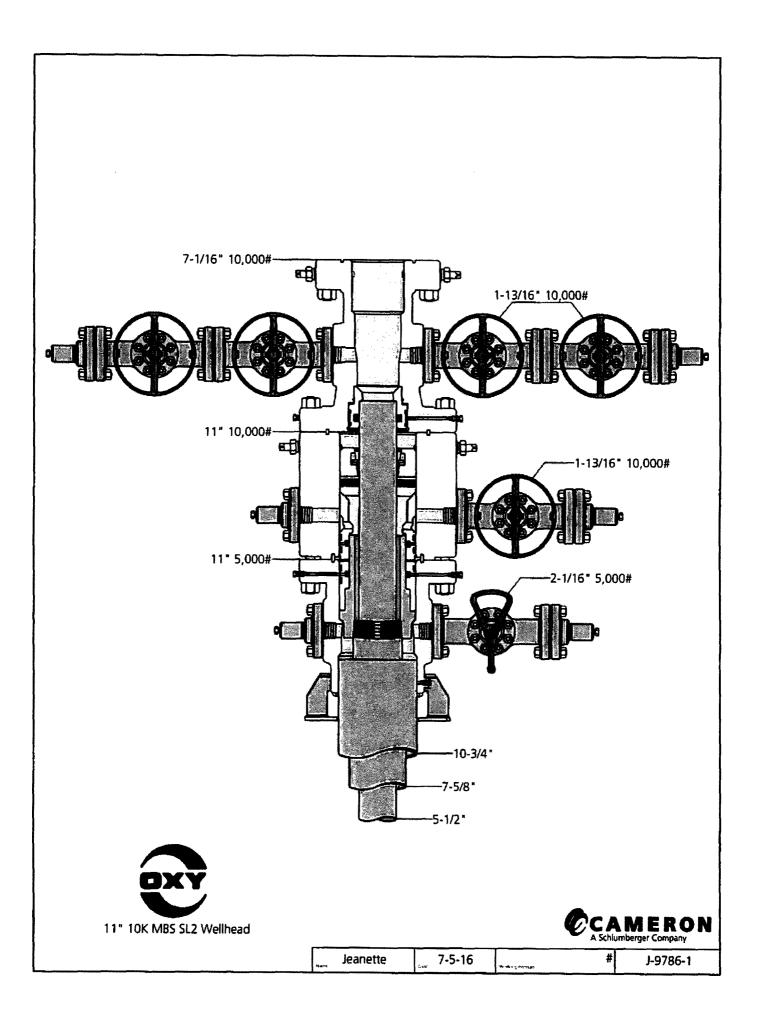






Choke Manifold - Gas Separator (Top View)







Fluid Technology

Quality Document

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	PURCHASER:	Phoeni	x Bea	ttie C	0.			P.O. Nº:	0	02491	
	CONTITECH ORDER N	•: 412638	1	HOS	E TYPE:	3"	D	Ch	oke and Ki	ll Hose	
	HOSE SERIAL Nº:	52777	,	NOM	INAL / AC	TUAL LI	ENGTH:		10,67 m		
	W.P. 68,96 MPa	10000	psi	т.р.	103,4	MPa	1500	) psi	Duration:	60 ~	min.
	Pressure test with war ambient temperature	er at	See	attac	shment.	(1 pa	ge)			•	
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	4 1/16" Flang	end					AIS	4130		26984	
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	All metal parts are flaw										
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# **Coflex Hose Certification**

Form No 100/12

# ----- PHOENIX Beattie

Phoenix Beattie Corp 11555 Brittaoore Fark Drive Houston, TX 77041 Tel: (832) 227-0141 Fax: (832) 227-0148 E-sail sail@ybentbeattie.com wer.phoenixbeattie.com

# **Delivery Note**

Customer Order Number	370-369-001	Delivery Note Number	003078	Page	1
Customer / Invoice Addre HELMERICH & PAYNE INT'L 1437 SOUTH BOULDER TULSA, OK 74119		Delivery / Address Helmerich & Payne IDC Attn: Joe Stephenson - Ri 13609 Industrial Road Housiun, Tx 77015	G 370		

Customer Acc No	Phoenix Beattie Contract Manager	Phoenix Beattle Reference	Date
HO1	JJL	006330	05/23/2008

item No	Beattle Part Number / Description	Qty Ordered	Qty Sent	Oty To Foliow
1	HP10CK3A-35-4F1 3" 10X 16C C&K HOSE x 35ft OAL CW 4.1/16" API SPEC FLANGE E/ End 1: 4.1/16" 10Kpsi API Spec 6A Type 68X Flange End 2: 4.1/16" 10Kpsi API Spec 6A Type 68X Flange c/w BX155 Standard ring groove at each end Suitable for H2S Service Working pressure: 10,000psi Test pressure: 10,000psi Standard: API 16C Full specification Armor Guarding: Included Fire Rating: Not Included Temperature rating: -20 Deg C to +100 Deg C	1	1	0
-	SECK3-HPF3 LIFTING & SAFETY EQUIPMENT TO SUIT HP10CK3-35-F1 2 x 160mm ID Safety Clamps 2 x 244mm ID Lifting Collars & element C's 2 x 7ft Stainless Steel wire rope 3/4" OD 4 x 7.75t Shackles	. 1	1	
- 1	SC725-200CS SAFETY CLAMP 200MM 7.25T C/S GALVANISED	1	1	0

Continued...

All goods remain the property of Phoenix Beattie until paid for in full. Any damage or shortage on this delivery must be advised within 5 days. Returns may be subject to a handling charge.

Form No 100/12

Phoenix Beattle Corp 11555 Eritoxore Park Orive Houston, TX 77041 Tel: (822) 327-0141 Fax: (832) 327-0148 E-sell saillphoonizbestile.com www.phoenixbeattle.com

# **Delivery Note**

Customer Order Number	370-369-001	Delivery Note Number	003078	Page	2
Customer / Invoice Addre HELMERICH & PAYNE INT'L 1437 SOUTH BOULDER TULSA, OK 74119		Delivery / Address HELMERICH & PAYNE IDC ATTN: JOE STEPHENSON - RIG 13609 INDUSTRIAL ROAD HOUSTON, TX 77015	G 370		

Customer Acc'No	Phoenix Beattie Contract Manager	Phoenix Beattle Reference	Date
HOI	JJL	006330	05/23/2008

ltem No	Beattle Part Number / Description	Qty Ordered	Qty Sent	Qty To Follow
4	SC725-132CS SAFETY CLAMP 132MM 7.25T C/S GALVANIZED C/W BOLTS	1	1	0
5	OOCERT-HYDRO HYDROSTATIC PRESSURE TEST CERTIFICATE	1	1	0
6	COCERT-LOAD LOAD TEST CERTIFICATES	1	1	0
7	OOFREIGHT INBOUND / OUTGOUND FREIGHT PRE-PAY & ADD TO FINAL INVOICE NOTE: MATERIAL MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY PAPERWORK INCLUDING THE PURCHASE ORDER, RIG NUMBER TO ENSURE PROPER PAYMENT	1	1	0
		Pag	$\bigcap$	
	Phoenix Beattle Inspection Signature :	TWO WAY	WHICK	
	Received In Good Condition : Signature	P P	$\sum$	
	Print Name	/ ···	<u> </u>	

Date

All goods remain the property of Phoenix Beattle until paid for in full. Any damage or shortage on this delivery must be advised within 5 days, Returns may be subject to a handling charge.

		Issue No																	
	Page	Drg No																	
		Bin No	WATER M/STX	X	8														
	sate	Test Cert No																	•
	Material Identification Certificate DRILLING Coent Ref 370-369-001	Batch No	5277774884 002440	14665	ATW			ļ											
	lificatio	9		2519															
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	MERICH & PAYN	Material Desc		CARRON STEFL															
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a		H	RETOCCA-JE-4F1 3 SECKJ-HF3 L		T							~			6			- 4 - 7	 

We hereby certify that these goods have been inspected by our Quality Management System, and to the best of our knowledge are found to conform to relevent industry standards within the requirements of the purchase order as issued to Phoenix Beattia Corporation.

05/23/09.

# **Coflex Hose Certification**

**Coflex Hose Certification** 



Fluid Technology

Quality Document

## CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMITY

Supplier : CONTITECH RUBBER INDUSTRIAL KFT. Equipment : 6 pcs. Choke and Kill Hose with installed couplings Type : 3" x 10,67 m WP: 10000 psi Supplier File Number : 412638 Date of Shipment : April. 2008 Customer : Phoenix Beattie Co. Customer P.o. : 002491 Referenced Standards / Codes / Specifications : API Spec 16 C Serial No.: 52754,52755,52776,52777,52778,52782

#### STATEMENT OF CONFORMITY

We hereby certify that the above items/equipment supplied by us are in conformity with the terms, conditions and specifications of the above Purchaser Order and that these items/equipment were fabricated inspected and tested in accordance with the referenced standards, codes and specifications and meet the relevant acceptance criteria and design requirements.

#### COUNTRY OF ORIGIN HUNGARY/EU

Signed Position: Q.C. Manager

\_ontiTech Rubber Industrial Kit. Quality Control Dept.

Date: 04. April. 2008

## OXY's Minimum Design Criteria

Burst, Collapse, and Tensile SF are calculated using Landmark's Stress Check (Casing Design) software. A sundry will be requested if any lesser grade or different size casing is substituted.

#### 1) Casing Design Assumptions

a) Burst Loads

CSG Test (Surface)

- Internal: Displacement fluid + pressure required to comply with regulatory casing test pressures. This will comply with both Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and 19.15.16 of the OCD Rules.
- External: Pore pressure in open hole.

CSG Test (Intermediate)

- Internal: Displacement fluid + pressure required to comply with regulatory casing test pressures. This will comply with both Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and 19.15.16 of the OCD Rules.
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- o External: MW of the drilling mud that was in the hole when the casing was run.

Cementing (Surface / Intermediate / Production)

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- External: Mud weight from TOC to surface and cement slurry weight from TOC to casing shoe.

Full Evacuation (Production)

- o Internal: Full void pipe.
- o External: MW of drilling mud in the hole when the casing was run.

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## **PERFORMANCE DATA**

## TMK UP DQX Technical Data Sheet

#### **Tubular Parameters**

Size	4.500	in
Nominal Weight	11.60	lbs/ft
Grade	P-110	
PE Weight	11.35	lbs/ft
Wall Thickness	0.250	in
Nominal ID	4.000	in
Drift Diameter	3.875	in
Nom. Pipe Body Area	3.338	in²
	÷	3

Connection Parameters		
Connection OD	5.000	in
Connection ID	4.000	in
Make-Up Loss	3.772	in
Critical Section Area	3.338	in²
Tension Efficiency	100.0	%
Compression Efficiency	100.0	%
Yield Load In Tension	367,000	lbs
Min. Internal Yield Pressure	10,700	psi
Collapse Pressure	7,600	psi

#### Make-Up Torques

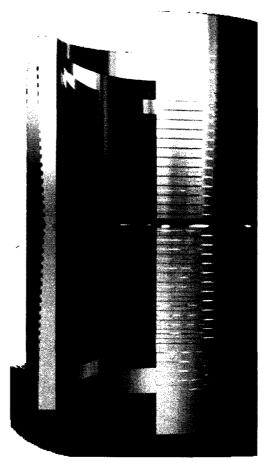
Min. Make-Up Torque	4,800	ft-lbs
Opt. Make-Up Torque	5,400	ft-lbs
Max. Make-Up Torque	5,900	ft-lbs
Yield Torque	8,600	ft-lbs

#### Printed on: July-29-2014

#### NOTE:

The content of this Technical Data Sheet is for general information only and does not guarantee performance or imply fitness for a particular purpose, which only a competent drilling professional can determine considering the specific installation and operation parameters. Information that is printed or downloaded is no longer controlled by TMK IPSCO and might not be the latest information. Anyone using the information herein does so at their own risk. To verify that you have the latest TMK IPSCO technical information, please contact TMK IPSCO Technical Sales toll-free at 1-888-258-2000.

Minimum Yield	110,000
Minimum Tensile	125,000
Yield Load	367,000
Tensile Load	417,000
Min. Internal Yield Pressure	10,700
Collapse Pressure	7,600





4.500 in 11.60 lbs/ft

P-110

psi	
psi	
lbs	
lbs	
psi	
psi	





sco

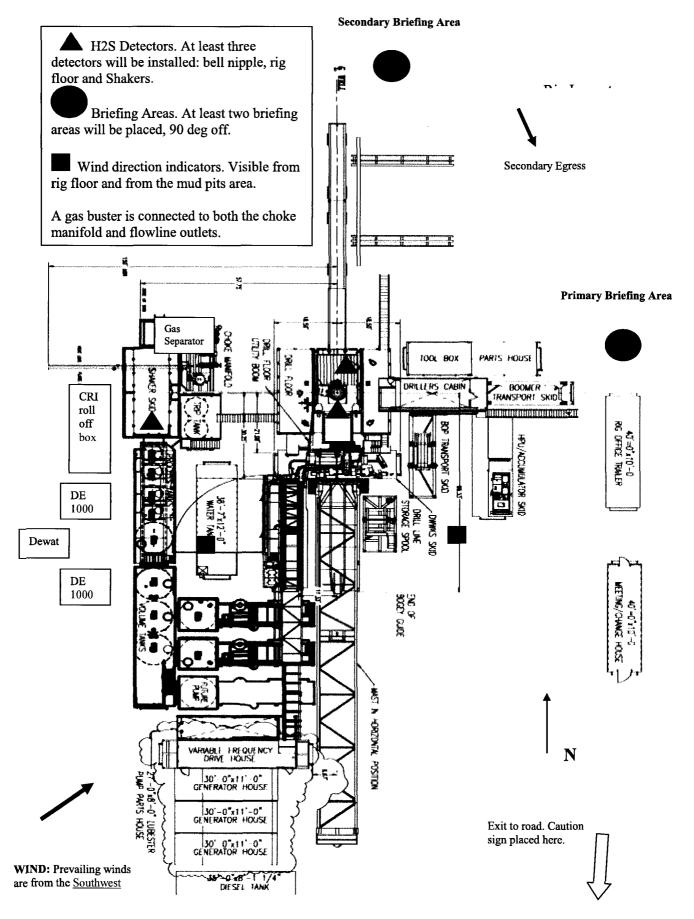


## Permian Drilling Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling Operations Plan Corral Draw 14-13 Federal 25H

Open drill site. No homes or buildings are near the proposed location.

1. Escape

Personnel shall escape upwind of wellbore in the event of an emergency gas release. Escape can take place through the lease road on the Southeast side of the location. Personnel need to move to a safe distance and block the entrance to location. If the primary route is not an option due to the wind direction, then a secondary egress route should be taken.



- 2 -



## Permian Drilling Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling Operations Plan New Mexico

#### <u>Scope</u>

This contingency plan establishes guidelines for the public, all company employees, and contract employees who's work activities may involve exposure to hydrogen sulfide (H2S) gas.

While drilling this well, it is possible to encounter H2S bearing formations. At all times, the first barrier to control H2S emissions will be the drilling fluid, which will have a density high enough to control influx.

#### **Objective**

- 1. Provide an immediate and predetermined response plan to any condition when H2S is detected. All H2S detections in excess of 10 parts per million (ppm) concentration are considered an Emergency.
- 2. Prevent any and all accidents, and prevent the uncontrolled release of hydrogen sulfide into the atmosphere.
- 3. Provide proper evacuation procedures to cope with emergencies.
- 4. Provide immediate and adequate medical attention should an injury occur.

## **Discussion**

Implementation:	This plan with all details is to be fully implemented before drilling to <u>commence</u> .
Emergency response Procedure:	This section outlines the conditions and denotes steps to be taken in the event of an emergency.
Emergency equipment Procedure:	This section outlines the safety and emergency equipment that will be required for the drilling of this well.
Training provisions:	This section outlines the training provisions that must be adhered to prior to drilling.
Drilling emergency call lists:	Included are the telephone numbers of all persons to be contacted should an emergency exist.
Briefing:	This section deals with the briefing of all people involved in the drilling operation.
Public safety:	Public safety personnel will be made aware of any potential evacuation and any additional support needed.
Check lists:	Status check lists and procedural check lists have been included to insure adherence to the plan.
General information:	A general information section has been included to supply support information.

## Hydrogen Sulfide Training

All personnel, whether regularly assigned, contracted, or employed on an unscheduled basis, will receive training from a qualified instructor in the following areas prior to commencing drilling operations on the well:

- 1. The hazards and characteristics of H2S.
- 2. Proper use and maintenance of personal protective equipment and life support systems.
- 3. H2S detection.
- 4. Proper use of H2S detectors, alarms, warning systems, briefing areas, evacuation procedures and prevailing winds.
- 5. Proper techniques for first aid and rescue procedures.
- 6. Physical effects of hydrogen sulfide on the human body.
- 7. Toxicity of hydrogen sulfide and sulfur dioxide.
- 8. Use of SCBA and supplied air equipment.
- 9. First aid and artificial respiration.
- 10. Emergency rescue.

In addition, supervisory personnel will be trained in the following areas:

- 1. The effects of H2S on metal components. If high tensile strength tubular is to be used, personnel will be trained in their special maintenance requirements.
- 2. Corrective action and shut-in procedures when drilling a well, blowout prevention and well control procedures.
- 3. The contents and requirements of the H2S Drilling Operations Plan.

H2S training refresher must have been taken within one year prior to drilling the well. Specifics on the well to be drilled will be discussed during the pre-spud meeting. H2S and well control (choke) drills will be performed while drilling the well, at least on a weekly basis. This plan shall be available in the well site. All personnel will be required to carry the documentation proving that the H2S training has been taken.

Service company and visiting personnel

- A. Each service company that will be on this well will be notified if the zone contains H2S.
- B. Each service company must provide for the training and equipment of their employees before they arrive at the well site.
- C. Each service company will be expected to attend a well site briefing

#### **Emergency Equipment Requirements**

#### 1. <u>Well control equipment</u>

The well shall have hydraulic BOP equipment for the anticipated pressures. Equipment is to be tested on installation and follow Oxy Well Control standard, as well as BLM Onshore Order #2.

#### Special control equipment:

- A. Hydraulic BOP equipment with remote control on ground. Remotely operated choke.
- B. Rotating head
- C. Gas buster equipment shall be installed before drilling out of surface pipe.

#### 2. <u>Protective equipment for personnel</u>

- A. Four (4) 30-minute positive pressure air packs (2 at each briefing area) on location.
- B. Adequate fire extinguishers shall be located at strategic locations.
- C. Radio / cell telephone communication will be available at the rig.
  - Rig floor and trailers.
  - Vehicle.

#### 3. Hydrogen sulfide sensors and alarms

- A. H2S sensor with alarms will be located on the rig floor, at the bell nipple, and at the flow line. These monitors will be set to alarm at 10 ppm with strobe light, and audible alarm.
- B. Hand operated detectors with tubes.
- C. H2S monitor tester (to be provided by contract Safety Company.)
- D. There shall be one combustible gas detector on location at all times.

#### 4. <u>Visual Warning Systems</u>

A. One sign located at each location entrance with the following language:

Caution – potential poison gas Hydrogen sulfide No admittance without authorization

#### Wind sock – wind streamers:

- A. One 36" (in length) wind sock located at protection center, at height visible from rig floor.
- B. One 36" (in length) wind sock located at height visible from pit areas.

#### Condition flags

A. One each condition flag to be displayed to denote conditions.

green – normal conditions yellow – potential danger red – danger, H2S present

- B. Condition flag shall be posted at each location sign entrance.
- 5. <u>Mud Program</u>

The mud program is designed to minimize the risk of having H2S and other formation fluids at surface. Proper mud weight and safe drilling practices will be applied. H2S scavengers will be used to minimize the hazards while drilling. Below is a summary of the drilling program.

Mud inspection devices:

Garrett gas train or hatch tester for inspection of sulfide concentration in mud system.

#### 6. <u>Metallurgy</u>

- A. Drill string, casing, tubing, wellhead, blowout preventers, drilling spools or adapters, kill lines, choke manifold, lines and valves shall be suitable for the H2S service.
- B. All the elastomers, packing, seals and ring gaskets shall be suitable for H2S service.
- 7. <u>Well Testing</u>

No drill stem test will be performed on this well.

8. <u>Evacuation plan</u>

Evacuation routes should be established prior to well spud for each well and discussed with all rig personnel.

- 9. Designated area
  - A. Parking and visitor area: all vehicles are to be parked at a predetermined safe distance from the wellhead.
  - B. There will be a designated smoking area.
  - C. Two briefing areas on either side of the location at the maximum allowable distance from the well bore so they offset prevailing winds perpendicularly, or at a 45-degree angle if wind direction tends to shift in the area.

#### **Emergency procedures**

- A. In the event of any evidence of H2S level above 10 ppm, take the following steps:
  - 1. The Driller will pick up off bottom, shut down the pumps, slow down the pipe rotation.
  - 2. Secure and don escape breathing equipment, report to the upwind designated safe briefing / muster area.
  - 3. All personnel on location will be accounted for and emergency search should begin for any missing, the Buddy System will be implemented.
  - 4. Order non-essential personnel to leave the well site, order all essential personnel out of the danger zone and upwind to the nearest designated safe briefing / muster area.
  - 5. Entrance to the location will be secured to a higher level than our usual "Meet and Greet" requirement, and the proper condition flag will be displayed at the entrance to the location.
  - 6. Take steps to determine if the H2S level can be corrected or suppressed and, if so, proceed as required.
- B. If uncontrollable conditions occur:
  - 1. Take steps to protect and/or remove any public in the down-wind area from the rig – partial evacuation and isolation. Notify necessary public safety personnel and appropriate regulatory entities (i.e. BLM) of the situation.

- 2. Remove all personnel to the nearest upwind designated safe briefing / muster area or off location.
- 3. Notify public safety personnel of safe briefing / muster area.
- 4. An assigned crew member will blockade the entrance to the location. No unauthorized personnel will be allowed entry to the location.
- 5. Proceed with best plan (at the time) to regain control of the well. Maintain tight security and safety procedures.
- C. Responsibility:
  - 1. Designated personnel.
    - a. Shall be responsible for the total implementation of this plan.
    - b. Shall be in complete command during any emergency.
    - c. Shall designate a back-up.

All personnel:	1. 2. 3. 4.	On alarm, don escape unit and report to the nearest upwind designated safe briefing / muster area upw Check status of personnel (buddy system). Secure breathing equipment. Await orders from supervisor.
Drill site manager:	1.	Don escape unit if necessary and report to nearest upwind designated safe briefing / muster area.
	2.	Coordinate preparations of individuals to return to point of release with tool pusher and driller (using the buddy system).
	3.	Determine H2S concentrations.
	4.	Assess situation and take control measures.
Tool pusher:	1.	Don escape unit Report to up nearest upwind designated safe briefing / muster area.
	2.	Coordinate preparation of individuals to return to point of release with tool pusher drill site manager (using the buddy system).
	3.	Determine H2S concentration.
	4.	Assess situation and take control measures.
Driller:	1.	Don escape unit, shut down pumps, continue

	<ol> <li>2.</li> <li>3.</li> <li>4.</li> <li>5.</li> <li>6.</li> </ol>	rotating DP. Check monitor for point of release. Report to nearest upwind designated safe briefing / muster area. Check status of personnel (in an attempt to rescue, use the buddy system). Assigns least essential person to notify Drill Site Manager and tool pusher by quickest means in case of their absence. Assumes the responsibilities of the Drill Site Manager and tool pusher until they arrive should they be absent.
Derrick man Floor man #1 Floor man #2	1.	Will remain in briefing / muster area until instructed by supervisor.
Mud engineer:	1. 2.	Report to nearest upwind designated safe briefing / muster area. When instructed, begin check of mud for ph and H2S level. (Garett gas train.)
Safety personnel:	1.	Mask up and check status of all personnel and secure operations as instructed by drill site manager.

#### **Taking a kick**

When taking a kick during an H2S emergency, all personnel will follow standard Well control procedures after reporting to briefing area and masking up.

#### **Open-hole logging**

All unnecessary personnel off floor. Drill Site Manager and safety personnel should monitor condition, advise status and determine need for use of air equipment.

#### **Running casing or plugging**

Following the same "tripping" procedure as above. Drill Site Manager and safety personnel should determine if all personnel have access to protective equipment.

### **Ignition procedures**

The decision to ignite the well is the responsibility of the operator (Oxy Drilling Management). The decision should be made only as a last resort and in a situation where it is clear that:

- 1. Human life and property are endangered.
- 2. There is no hope controlling the blowout under the prevailing conditions at the well.

Instructions for igniting the well

- 1. Two people are required for the actual igniting operation. They must wear self-contained breathing units and have a safety rope attached. One man (tool pusher or safety engineer) will check the atmosphere for explosive gases with the gas monitor. The other man is responsible for igniting the well.
- 2. Primary method to ignite: 25 mm flare gun with range of approximately 500 feet.
- 3. Ignite upwind and do not approach any closer than is warranted.
- 4. Select the ignition site best for protection, and which offers an easy escape route.
- 5. Before firing, check for presence of combustible gas.
- 6. After lighting, continue emergency action and procedure as before.
- 7. All unassigned personnel will remain in briefing area until instructed by supervisor or directed by the Drill Site Manager.

**<u>Remember</u>**: After well is ignited, burning hydrogen sulfide will convert to sulfur dioxide, which is also highly toxic. **<u>Do not assume the area is safe after the well is ignited.</u>** 

## Status check list

Note: All items on this list must be completed before drilling to production casing point.

- 1. H2S sign at location entrance.
- 2. Two (2) wind socks located as required.
- 3. Four (4) 30-minute positive pressure air packs (2 at each Briefing area) on location for all rig personnel and mud loggers.
- 4. Air packs inspected and ready for use.
- 5. Cascade system and hose line hook-up as needed.
- 6. Cascade system for refilling air bottles as needed.
- 7. Condition flag on location and ready for use.
- 8. H2S detection system hooked up and tested.
- 9. H2S alarm system hooked up and tested.
- 10. Hand operated H2S detector with tubes on location.
- 11. 1-100' length of nylon rope on location.
- 12. All rig crew and supervisors trained as required.
- 13. All outside service contractors advised of potential H2S hazard on well.
- 14. No smoking sign posted and a designated smoking area identified.
- 15. Calibration of all H2S equipment shall be noted on the IADC report.

Checked by:\_\_\_\_\_ Date:\_\_\_\_\_

### Procedural check list during H2S events

#### Perform each tour:

- 1. Check fire extinguishers to see that they have the proper charge.
- 2. Check breathing equipment to ensure that it in proper working order.
- 3. Make sure all the H2S detection system is operative.

#### Perform each week:

- 1. Check each piece of breathing equipment to make sure that demand or forced air regulator is working. This requires that the bottle be opened and the mask assembly be put on tight enough so that when you inhale, you receive air or feel air flow.
- 2. BOP skills (well control drills).
- 3. Check supply pressure on BOP accumulator stand by source.
- 4. Check breathing equipment mask assembly to see that straps are loosened and turned back, ready to put on.
- 5. Check pressure on breathing equipment air bottles to make sure they are charged to full volume. (Air quality checked for proper air grade "D" before bringing to location)
- 6. Confirm pressure on all supply air bottles.
- 7. Perform breathing equipment drills with on-site personnel.
- 8. Check the following supplies for availability.
  - A. Emergency telephone list.
  - B. Hand operated H2S detectors and tubes.

### **General evacuation plan**

- 1. When the company approved supervisor (Drill Site Manager, consultant, rig pusher, or driller) determines the H2S gas cannot be limited to the well location and the public will be involved, he will activate the evacuation plan.
- 2. Drill Site Manager or designee will notify local government agency that a hazardous condition exists and evacuation needs to be implemented.
- 3. Company or contractor safety personnel that have been trained in the use of H2S detection equipment and self-contained breathing equipment will monitor H2S concentrations, wind directions, and area of exposure. They will delineate the outer perimeter of the hazardous gas area. Extension to the evacuation area will be determined from information gathered.
- 4. Law enforcement personnel (state police, police dept., fire dept., and sheriff's dept.) Will be called to aid in setting up and maintaining road blocks. Also, they will aid in evacuation of the public if necessary.
- 5. After the discharge of gas has been controlled, company safety personnel will determine when the area is safe for re-entry.

<u>Important:</u> Law enforcement personnel will not be asked to come into a contaminated area. Their assistance will be limited to uncontaminated areas. Constant radio contact will be maintained with them.

## **Emergency actions**

#### <u>Well blowout – if emergency</u>

- 1. Evacuate all personnel to "Safe Briefing / Muster Areas" or off location if needed.
- 2. If sour gas evacuate rig personnel.
- 3. If sour gas evacuate public within 3000 ft radius of exposure.
- 4. Don SCBA and shut well in if possible using the buddy system.
- 5. Notify Drilling Superintendent and call 911 for emergency help (fire dept and ambulance) if needed.
- 6. Implement the Blowout Contingency Plan, and Drilling Emergency Action Plan.
- 6. Give first aid as needed.

#### Person down location/facility

- 1. If immediately possible, contact 911. Give location and wait for confirmation.
- 2. Don SCBA and perform rescue operation using buddy system.

#### Toxic effects of hydrogen sulfide

Hydrogen sulfide is extremely toxic. The acceptable ceiling concentration for eight-hour exposure is 10 ppm, which is .001% by volume. Hydrogen sulfide is heavier than air (specific gravity -1.192) and colorless. It forms an explosive mixture with air between 4.3 and 46.0 percent by volume. Hydrogen sulfide is almost as toxic as hydrogen cyanide and is between five and six times more toxic than carbon monoxide. Toxicity data for hydrogen sulfide and various other gases are compared in table i. Physical effects at various hydrogen sulfide exposure levels are shown in table ii.

# Table i Toxicity of various gases

Common name	Chemical formula	SpecificThresholdgravitylimit(sc=1)(1)		Hazardous limit (2)	Lethal concentration (3)
Hydrogen Cyanide	Hcn	0.94	10 ppm	150 ppm/hr	300 ppm
Hydrogen Sulfide	H2S	1.18	10 ppm	250 ppm/hr	600 ppm
Sulfur Dioxide	So2	2.21	5 ppm	-	1000 ppm
Chlorine	Cl2	2.45	l ppm	4 ppm/hr	1000 ppm
Carbon Monoxide	Co	0.97	50 ppm	400 ppm/hr	1000 ppm
Carbon Dioxide	Co2	1.52	5000 ppm	5%	10%
Methane	Ch4	0.55	90,000 ppm	Combustibl	e above 5% in air

1) threshold limit – concentration at which it is believed that all workers may be repeatedly exposed day after day without adverse effects.

- 2) hazardous limit concentration that will cause death with short-term exposure.
- 3) lethal concentration concentration that will cause death with short-term exposure.

#### Toxic effects of hydrogen sulfide

Table ii Physical effects of hydrogen sulfide

		<b>Concentration</b>	Physical effects
Percent (%)	<u>Ppm</u>	Grains	
		100 std. Ft3*	
0.001	<10	00.65	Obvious and unpleasant odor.

0.002	10	01.30	Safe for 8 hours of exposure.
0.010	100	06.48	Kill smell in $3 - 15$ minutes. May sting eyes and throat.
0.020	200	12.96	Kills smell shortly; stings eyes and throat.
0.050	500	32.96	Dizziness; breathing ceases in a few minutes; needs prompt artificial respiration.
0.070	700	45.36	Unconscious quickly; death will result if not rescued promptly.
0.100	1000	64.30	Unconscious at once; followed by death within minutes.

\*at 15.00 psia and 60'f.

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## Use of self-contained breathing equipment (SCBA)

- 1. Written procedures shall be prepared covering safe use of SCBA's in dangerous atmosphere, which might be encountered in normal operations or in emergencies. Personnel shall be familiar with these procedures and the available SCBA.
- 2 SCBA's shall be inspected frequently at random to insure that they are properly used, cleaned, and maintained.
- 3. Anyone who may use the SCBA's shall be trained in how to insure proper facepiece to face seal. They shall wear SCBA's in normal air and then wear them in a test atmosphere. (note: such items as facial hair {beard or sideburns} and eyeglasses will not allow proper seal.) Anyone that may be reasonably expected to wear SCBA's should have these items removed before entering a toxic atmosphere. A special mask must be obtained for anyone who must wear eyeglasses or contact lenses.
- 4. Maintenance and care of SCBA's:
  - a. A program for maintenance and care of SCBA's shall include the following:
    - 1. Inspection for defects, including leak checks.
    - 2. Cleaning and disinfecting.
    - 3. Repair.
    - 4. Storage.
  - b. Inspection, self-contained breathing apparatus for emergency use shall be inspected monthly.
    - 1. Fully charged cylinders.
    - 2. Regulator and warning device operation.
    - 3. Condition of face piece and connections.
    - 4. Rubber parts shall be maintained to keep them pliable and prevent deterioration.
  - c. Routinely used SCBA's shall be collected, cleaned and disinfected as frequently as necessary to insure proper protection is provided.
- 5. Persons assigned tasks that requires use of self-contained breathing equipment shall be certified physically fit (medically cleared) for breathing equipment usage at least annually.
- 6. SCBA's should be worn when:
  - A. Any employee works near the top or on top of any tank unless test reveals less than 10 ppm of H2S.

- B. When breaking out any line where H2S can reasonably be expected.
- C. When sampling air in areas to determine if toxic concentrations of H2S exists.
- D. When working in areas where over 10 ppm H2S has been detected.
- E. At any time there is a doubt as to the H2S level in the area to be entered.

#### Rescue First aid for H2S poisoning

### Do not panic!

Remain calm – think!

- 1. Don SCBA breathing equipment.
- 2. Remove victim(s) utilizing buddy system to fresh air as quickly as possible. (go up-wind from source or at right angle to the wind. Not down wind.)
- 3. Briefly apply chest pressure arm lift method of artificial respiration to clean the victim's lungs and to avoid inhaling any toxic gas directly from the victim's lungs.
- 4. Provide for prompt transportation to the hospital, and continue giving artificial respiration if needed.
- 5. Hospital(s) or medical facilities need to be informed, before-hand, of the possibility of H2S gas poisoning no matter how remote the possibility is.
- 6. Notify emergency room personnel that the victim(s) has been exposed to H2S gas.

Besides basic first aid, everyone on location should have a good working knowledge of artificial respiration.

Revised CM 6/27/2012

## **ENGINEERING DESIGNS**

PRD NM DIRECTIONAL PLANS (NAD 1983) Corral Draw 14-13 Corral Draw 14-13 Federal 25H

**WB00** 

**Plan: Permitting Plan** 

# **Standard Planning Report**

23 March, 2017

Database: Company: Project: Site: Well: Well: Wellbore: Design:	HOPSPP ENGINEERING DESIGNS PRD NM DIRECTIONAL PLANS (NAD 1983) Corral Draw 14-13 Corral Draw 14-13 Federal 25H WB00 Permitting Plan				TVD Reference:WELL (MD Reference:WELL (North Reference:Grid				Corral Draw 14-13 Federal 25H L @ 3152.00ft (Original Well Elev) L @ 3152.00ft (Original Well Elev) num Curvature		
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map 2011 <del>0</del> .											
Site	Corral	Draw 14-13								······································	
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From:	Ma	р	Eastir	ig:	658,	519.17 usft	Longitude:		10	)3° 57' 17.116186 W	
Position Unce	ertainty:	0	.00 ft Slot R	adius:		13.200 in	Grid Conver	gence:		0.20 °	
Well	Corral	Draw 14-13 Fe	ederal 25H								
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Database: Company: Project: Site:	HOPSPP ENGINEERING DESIGNS PRD NM DIRECTIONAL PLANS (NAD 1983) Corral Draw 14-13	Local Co-ordinate Reference: TVD Reference: MD Reference: North Reference:	Well Corral Draw 14-13 Federal 25H WELL @ 3152.00ft (Original Well Elev) WELL @ 3152.00ft (Original Well Elev) Grid
Well:	Corral Draw 14-13 Federal 25H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore:	WB00		
Design:	Permitting Plan		

Depth Inclination Azimuth Depth +N/-S +E/-W Sec (ft) (°) (°) (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft)	tion Rate t) (°/100ft)	Build Rate (°/100ft)	Turn Rate (°/100ft)
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Lamar/Delaware			
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Bell Canyon			
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3,900.00 0.00 0.00 3,900.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00
4,000.00 0.00 0.00 4,000.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00
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Cherry Canyon			

Database: Company: Project: Site:	HOPSPP ENGINEERING DESIGNS PRD NM DIRECTIONAL PLANS (NAD 1983) Corral Draw 14-13	Local Co-ordinate Reference: TVD Reference: MD Reference: North Reference:	Well Corral Draw 14-13 Federal 25H WELL @ 3152.00ft (Original Well Elev) WELL @ 3152.00ft (Original Well Elev) Grid
Well: Wellbore:	Corral Draw 14-13 Federal 25H WB00	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Design:	Permitting Plan		

Measured Depth (ft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (ft)	+N/-S (ft)	+E/-W (ft)	Vertical Section (ft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100ft)	Build Rate (*/100ft)	Turn Rate (°/100ft)
4,100.00	0.00	0.00	4,100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,200.00	0.00	0.00	4,200.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,300.00	0.00	0.00	4,300.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,400.00	0.00	0.00	4,400.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,400.00	0.00	0.00	4,500.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	
4,600.00	0.00	0.00	4,600.00	0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 0.00
4,000.00	0.00	0.00	4,800.00	0.00			0.00	0.00	
4,700.00	0.00	0.00	4,700.00	0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 0.00
•	0.00 Vertical at 2.00		4,740.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,800.00	1.20	316.28	4,800.00	0.45	-0.43	-0.40	2.00	2.00	0.00
4,900.00	3.20	316.28	4,899.92	3.23	-3.09	-2.88	2.00	2.00	0.00
5,000.00	5.20	316.28	4,999.64	8.52	-8.15	-7.60	2.00	2.00	0.00
5,100.00	7.20	316.28	5,099.05	16.33	-15.61	-14.56	2.00	2.00	0.00
5,200.00	9.20	316.28	5,198.03	26.64	-25.47	-23.75	2.00	2.00	0.00
5,240.09	10.00	316.28	5,237.55	31.47	-30.09	-28.06	2.00	2.00	0.00
Hold 2759'									_
5,300.00	10.00	316.28	5,296.55	38.99	-37.28	-34.77	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,395.90	10.00	316.28	5,391.00	51.03	-48.79	-45.51	0.00	0.00	0.00
Brushy Car									
5,400.00	10.00	316.28	5,395.03	51.54	-49.28	-45.97	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,500.00	10.00	316.28	5,493.51	64.10	-61.28	-57.16	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,600.00	10.00	316.28	5,591.99	76.65	-73.29	-68.36	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,700.00	10.00	316.28	5,690.47	89.20	-85.29	-79.55	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,800.00	10.00	316.28	5,788.95	101.76	-97.29	-90.75	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,900.00	10.00	316.28	5,887.44	114.31	-109.29	-101.94	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,000.00	10.00	316.28	5,985.92	126.86	-121.30	-113.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,100.00	10.00	316.28	6,084.40	139.41	-133.30	-124.33	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,200.00	10.00	316.28	6,182.88	151.97	-145.30	-135.53	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,300.00	10.00	316.28	6,281.36	164.52	-157.30	-146.72	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,400.00	10.00	316.28	6,379.84	177.07	-169.31	-157.92	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,500.00	10.00	316.28	6,478.32	189.63	-181.31	-169.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,600.00	10.00	316.28	6,576.80	202.18	-193.31	-180.31	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,700.00	10.00	316.28	6,675.28	214.73	-205.31	-191.50	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,800.00	10.00	316.28	6,773.76	227.29	-217.32	-202.70	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,900.00	10.00	316.28	6,872.24	239.84	-229.32	-213.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,000.00	10.00	316.28	6,970.72	252.39	-241.32	-225.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,051.06	10.00	316.28	7,021.00	258.80	-247.45	-230.81	0.00	0.00	0.00
Bone Sprin	g								
7,100.00	10.00	316.28	7,069.20	264.95	-253.32	-236.28	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,200.00	10.00	316.28	7,167.68	277.50	-265.33	-247.48	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,300.00	10.00	316.28	7,266.16	290.05	-277.33	-258.68	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,400.00	10.00	316.28	7,364.64	302.61	-289.33	-269.87	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,500.00	10.00	316.28	7,463.12	315.16	-301.34	-281.07	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,600.00	10.00	316.28	7,561.60	327.71	-313.34	-292.26	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,700.00	10.00	316.28	7,660.08	340.27	-325.34	-303.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,800.00	10.00	316.28	7,758.56	352.82	-337.34	-314.65	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,900.00	10.00	316.28	7,857.04	365.37	-349.35	-325.85	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,998.95	10.00	316.28	7,954.49	377.79	-361.22	-336.92	0.00	0.00	0.00
Drop to Ver	tical at -2.00 Di								
8,000.00	9.98	316.28	7,955.52	377.92	-361.35	-337.04	2.00	-2.00	0.00
8,023.82	9.50	316.28	7,979.00	380.84	-364.13	-339.64	2.00	-2.00	0.00
1st Bone S	pring								
8,100.00	7,98	316.28	8,054.29	389.21	-372.14	-347.10	2.00	-2.00	0.00

Database: Company: Project: Site: Wøll: Wøllbore:	HOPSPP ENGINEERING DESIGNS PRD NM DIRECTIONAL PLANS (NAD 1983) Corral Draw 14-13 Corral Draw 14-13 Federal 25H WB00	Local Co-ordinate Reference: TVD Reference: MD Reference: North Reference; Survey Calculation Method:	Well Corral Draw 14-13 Federal 25H WELL @ 3152.00ft (Original Well Elev) WELL @ 3152.00ft (Original Well Elev) Grid Minimum Curvature
Design:	Permitting Plan		

Measured Depth (ft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (ft)	+N/-S (ft)	+E/-W (ft)	Vertical Section (ft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100ft)	Bulld Rate (°/100ft)	Turn Rate (°/100ft)
8,200.00	5.98	316.28	8,153.54	397.99	-380.53	-354.94	2.00	-2.00	0.00
8,300.00	3.98	316.28	8,253,16	404.27	-386.53	-360.53	2.00	-2.00	0.00
8,340.92	3.16	316.28	8,294.00	406.11	-388.30	-362.18	2.00	-2.00	0.00
2nd Bone S		010.20	0,204.00	400.11	-000.00	-302.10	2.00	-2.00	0.00
8,400.00	1.98	316.28	8,353.02	408.02	200.42	202.99	2.00	2.00	0.00
•					-390.13	-363.88	2.00	-2.00	0.00
8,499.04	0.00	90.00	8,452.04	409.26	-391.31	-364.99	2.00	-2.00	0.00
	at 10.00 DLS								
8,500.00	0.10	90.00	8,453.00	409.26	-391.31	-364.99	10.00	10.00	0.00
8,600.00	10.10	90.00	8,552.48	409.26	-382.44	-356.13	10.00	10.00	0.00
8,700.00	20.10	90.00	8,648.90	409.26	-356.43	-330.17	10.00	10.00	0.00
8,800.00	30.10	90.00	8,739.35	409.26	-314.07	-287.90	10.00	10.00	0.00
8,900.00	40.10	90.00	8,821.07	409.26	-256.65	-230.59	10.00	10.00	0.00
9,000.00	50.10	90.00	8,891.57	409.26	-185.91	-159.99	10.00	10.00	0.00
9,100.00	60.10	90.00	8,948.72	409.26	-104.00	-78.24	10.00	10.00	0.00
9,200.00	70.10	90.00	8,990.77	409.26	-13.41	12.17	10.00	10.00	0.00
9,300.00	80.10	90.00	9,016.46	409.27	83.10	108.50	10.00	10.00	0.00
9,391.04	89.20	90.00	9,024.94	409.27	173.65	198.87	10.00	10.00	0.00
Landing Po	int								
9,400.00	89.20	90.00	9,025.07	409.27	182.61	207.81	0.01	0.00	-0.01
9,500.00	89.20	89.99	9,026.46	409.28	282.60	307.60	0.01	0.00	-0.01
9,600.00	89.20	89.98	9,027.86	409.28	382.59	407.40	0.01	0.00	-0.01
9,700.00	89.20	89.97	9,029.26	409.31	482.59	407.40 507.20			
							0.01	0.00	-0.01
9,800.00	89.20	89.95	9,030.65	409.43	582.57	607.00	0.01	0.00	-0.01
9,900.00	89.20	89.94	9,032.05	409.52	682.56	706.80	0.01	0.00	-0.01
10,000.00	89.20	89.93	9,033.45	409.63	782.55	806.60	0.01	0.00	-0.01
10,100.00	89.20	89.92	9,034.84	409.76	882.54	906.40	0.01	0.00	-0.01
10,200.00	89.20	89.91	9,036.24	409.90	982.53	1,006.21	0.01	0.00	-0.01
10,300.00	89.20	89.90	9,037.64	410.07	1,082.52	1,106.01	0.01	0.00	-0.01
10,400.00	89.20	89.89	9,039.03	410.26	1,182.51	1,205.82	0.01	0.00	-0.01
10,500.00	89.20	89.88	9,040,43	410.46	1,282.50	1,305.63	0.01	0.00	-0.01
10,600.00	89.20	89.87	9,041.83	410.68	1,382.49	1,405.44	0.01	0.00	-0.01
10,700.00	89.20	89.85	9,043.22	410.93	1,482.48	1,405.44	0.01	0.00	-0.01
10,800.00	89.20	89.84	9,044.62	411.19	1,582.40	1,605.06	0.01	0.00	-0.01
10,900.00	89.20	89.83	9,046.02	411.47	1,682.46	1,704.87	0.01	0.00	-0.01
11,000.00	89.20	89.82	9,047.41	411.77	1,782.45	1,804.68	0.01	0.00	-0.01
11,100.00	89.20	89.81	9,048.81	412.09	1,882.44	1,904.50	0.01	0.00	-0.01
11,200.00	89.20	89.80	9,050.21	412.43	1,982.43	2,004.31	0.01	0.00	-0.01
11,300.00	89.20	89.79	9,051.60	412.79	2,082.42	2,104.13	0.01	0.00	-0.01
11,400.00	89.20	89.78	9,053.00	413.17	2,182.41	2,203.95	0.01	0.00	-0.01
11,500.00	89.20	89.77	9,054.40	413.57	2,282.40	2.303.77	0.01	0.00	-0.01
11,600.00	89.20	89.76	9,055.80	413.99	2.382.39	2,403.59	0.01	0.00	-0.01
11,700.00	89.20	89.74	9,057.19	414.42	2,482.37	2,503.41	0.01	0.00	-0.01
11,800.00	89.20	89.73	9,058,59	414.88	2,582.36	2,603.23	0.01	0.00	-0.01
11,900.00	89.20	89.72	9,059.99	415.35	2,682.35	2,703.06	0.01	0.00	-0.01
12,000.00	89.20	89.71	9,061.38	415.85	2,782.34	2,802.88	0.01	0.00	-0.01
12,100.00	89.20	89.70	9,062.78	416.36	2,882.33	2,902.71	0.01	0.00	-0.01
12,200.00	89.20	89.69	9,064.18	416.89	2,982.32	3,002.53	0.01	0.00	-0.01
12,300.00	89.20	89.68	9,065.58	417.44	3,082.31	3,102.36	0.01	0.00	-0.01
12,400.00	89.20	89.67	9,066.97	418.02	3,182.30	3,202.1 <del>9</del>	0.01	0.00	-0.01
12.500.00	89.20	89.66	9,068.37	418.61	3,282.29	3,302.02	0.01	0.00	-0.01
12,600.00	89.20	89.65	9,069.77	419.21	3,382.25	3,401.85	0.01	0.00	-0.01
12,700.00	89.20	89.63	9,009.77	419.21	3,382.27	3,501.68	0.01	0.00	-0.01
12/101/00									

Measured Depth (ft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (ft)	+N/-S (ft)	+E/-W (ft)	Vertical Section (ft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100ft)	Build Rate (°/100ft)	Turn Rate (°/100ft)
12,900.00	89.20	89.61	9,073.96	421.16	3,682.24	3,701.35	0.01	0.00	-0.0
13,000.00	89.20	89.60	9,075.36	421.85	3,782.23	3.801.19	0.01	0.00	-0.0
13,100.00	89.20	89.59	9,076.76	422.55	3,882.21	3,901.02	0.01	0.00	-0.0
13,200.00	89.20	89.58	9,078.16	423.28	3,982.20	4,000.86	0.01	0.00	-0.0
13,300.00	89.20	89.57	9,079.55	424.02	4,082.19	4,100.70	0.01	0.00	-0.0 <sup>-</sup>
13,400.00	89.20	89.56	9,080.95	424.79	4,182.18	4,200.54	0.01	0.00	-0.0
13,500.00	89.20	89.55	9,082.35	425.57	4,282.16	4,300.38	0.01	0.00	-0.0
13,600.00	89.20	89.53	9,083.75	426.37	4,382.15	4,400.22	0.01	0.00	-0.0
13,700.00	89.20	89.52	9,085.15	427.19	4,482.14	4,500.07	0.01	0.00	-0.0
13,800.00	89.20	89.51	9,086.55	428.03	4,582.12	4,599.91	0.01	0.00	-0.0
13,900.00	89.20	89.50	9,087.94	428.89	4,682.11	4,699.76	0.01	0.00	-0.0
14,000.00	89.20	89.49	9,089.34	429.77	4,782.10	4,799.60	0.01	0.00	-0.0
14,100.00	89.20	89.48	9,090.74	430.67	4,882.08	4,899.45	0.01	0.00	-0.0
14,200.00	89.20	89.47	9,092.14	431.59	4,982.07	4,999.30	0.01	0.00	-0.0
14,300.00	89.20	89.46	9,093.54	432.53	5,082.06	5,099.15	0.01	0.00	-0.0
14,400.00	89.20	89.45	9,094.94	433.48	5,182.04	5,199.00	0.01	0.00	-0.0
14,500.00	89.20	89.44	9,096.33	434.46	5,282.03	5,298.85	0.01	0.00	-0.0
14,600.00	89.20	89.42	9,097.73	435.45	5,382.01	5,398.70	0.01	0.00	-0.0
14,700.00	89.20	89.41	9,099.13	436.47	5,482.00	5,498.55	0.01	0.00	-0.0
14,800.00	89.20	89.40	9,100.53	437.50	5,581.98	5,598.41	0.01	0.00	-0.0
14,900.00	89.20	89.39	9,101.93	438.55	5,681.97	5,698.26	0.01	0.00	-0.0
15,000.00	89.20	89.38	9,103.33	439.63	5,781.95	5,798.12	0.01	0.00	-0.0
15,100.00	89.20	89.37	9,104.73	440.72	5,881.93	5,897.98	0.01	0.00	-0.0
15,200.00	89.20	89.36	9,106.12	441.83	5,981.92	5,997.83	0.01	0.00	-0.0
15,300.00	89.20	89.35	9,107.52	442.96	6,081.90	6,097.69	0.01	0.00	-0.0
15,400.00	89.20	89.34	9,108.92	444.11	6,181.89	6,197.55	0.01	0.00	-0.0
15,500.00	89.20	89.32	9,110.32	445.28	6,281.87	6,297.42	0.01	0.00	-0.0
15,600.00	89.20	89.31	9,111.72	446.46	6,381.85	6,397.28	0.01	0.00	-0.0
15,700.00	89.20	89.30	9,113.12	447.67	6,481.84	6,497.14	0.01	0.00	-0.0
15,800.00	89.20	89.29	9,114.52	448.90	6,581.82	6,597.01	0.01	0.00	-0.0
15,900.00	89.20	89.28	9,115.92	450.14	6,681.80	6,696.87	0.01	0.00	-0.0
16,000.00	89.20	89.27	9,117.32	451.41	6,781.78	6,796.74	0.01	0.00	-0.0
16,100.00	89.20	89.26	9,118.72	452.69	6,881.77	6,896.60	0.01	0.00	-0.0
16,200.00	89.20	89.25	9,120.12	453.99	6,981.75	6,996.47	0.01	0.00	-0.0
16,300.00	89.20	89.24	9,121.51	455.32	7,081.73	7,096.34	0.01	0.00	-0.0
16,400.00	89.20	89.23	9,122.91	456.66	7,181.71	7,196.21	0.01	0.00	-0.0
16,500.00	89.20	89.21	9,124.31	458.02	7,281.69	7,296.08	0.01	0.00	-0.0
16,549.06	89.20	89.21	9,125.00	458.70	7,330.75	7,345.08	0.01	0.00	-0.0

Design Targets	Design Targets												
Target Name - hit/miss target - Shape	Dip Angle (°)	Dip Dir. (°)	TVD (ft)	+N/-S (ft)	+E/-W (ft)	Northing (usft)	Easting (usft)	Latitude	Longitudə				
CD_14-13_25H_KOP - plan hits target ce - Point	0.00 enter	0.00	8,452.04	409.26	-391.31	409,861.26	658,480.22	32° 7' 34.399412 N	103° 57' 17.715332				
CD_14-13_25H_BHL - plan hits target ce - Point	0.00 enter	0.00	9,125.00	458.70	7,330.75	409,910.69	666,201.68	32° 7' 34.611349 N	103° 55' 47.920063				

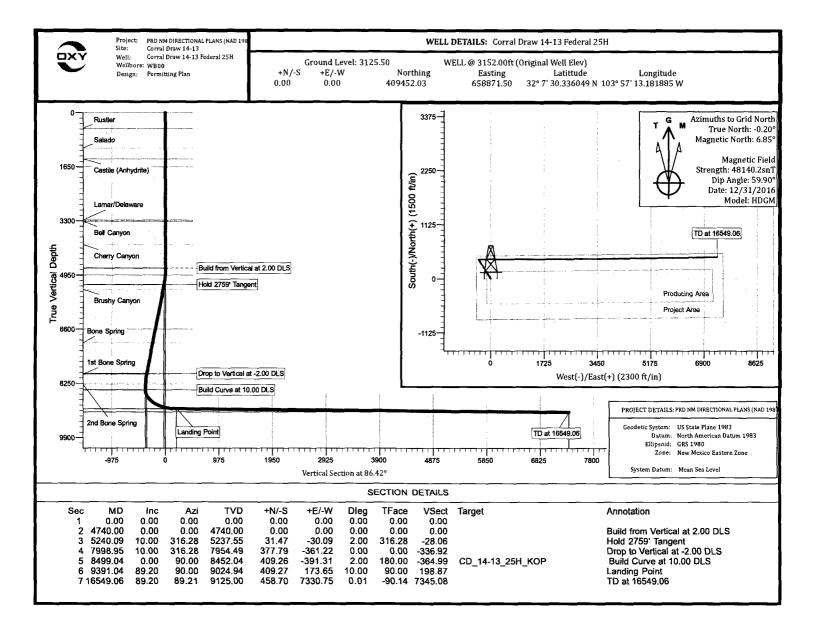
### **Oxy** Planning Report

#### Formations

	Measured Depth (ft)	Vertical Depth (ft)	Name	Lithology	Dip (°)	Dip Direction (°)	
	476.00	476.00	Rustler				
	1,081.00	1,081.00	Salado				
	1,415.00	1,415.00	Castile (Anhydrite)				
	3,277.00	3,277.00	Lamar/Delaware				
1	3,320.00	3,320.00	Bell Canyon				
	4,030.00	4,030.00	Cherry Canyon				
	5,395.90	5,391.00	Brushy Canyon				
	7,051.06	7,021.00	Bone Spring				
	8,023.82	7,979.00	1st Bone Spring				
	8,340.92	8,294.00	2nd Bone Spring				

#### Plan Annotations

Measured	esured Vertical Local Coordinates		dinates	
Depth (ft)	Depth (ft)	+N/-S (ft)	+E/-W (ft)	Comment
4,740.00	4,740.00	0.00	0.00	Build from Vertical at 2.00 DLS
5,240.09	5,237.55	31.47	-30.09	Hold 2759' Tangent
7,998.95	7,954.49	377.79	-361.22	Drop to Vertical at -2.00 DLS
8,499.04	8,452.04	409.26	-391.31	Build Curve at 10.00 DLS
9,391.04	9,024.94	409.27	173.65	Landing Point
16,549.06	9,125.00	458.70	7,330.75	TD at 16549.06



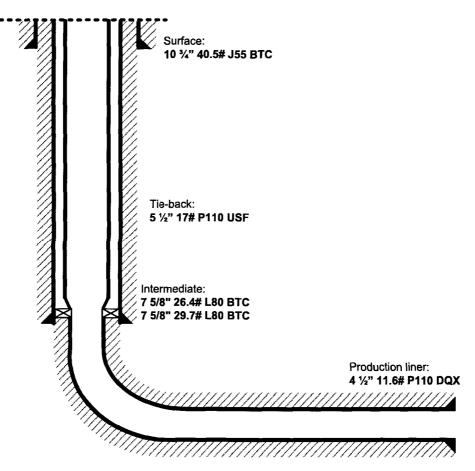
# OXY USA WTP LP Corral Draw 14-13 Federal #25H

Below is a summary that describes the general operational steps to drill and complete the well.

- Drill 14-3/4" hole x 10-3/4" casing for surface section. Cement to surface.
- Drill 9-7/8" hole x 7-5/8" casing for intermediate section. Cement to surface.
- Drill 6-3/4" hole x 4-1/2" liner for production section. Cement to top of liner, 100' inside 7-5/8" shoe.
- Release drilling rig from location.
- Move in workover rig and run a 5-1/2" 17# P110 USF tie-back frack string and seal assembly (see connection specs below). Tie into liner hanger Polished Bore Receptacle (PBR) with seal assembly.
- Pump hydraulic fracture job.
- Flowback and produce well.

When a decision is made to develop a secondary bench from this wellbore, a workover rig will be moved to location. The workover rig will then retrieve the tie-back frack string and seal assembly before temporarily abandoning the initial lateral.

General well schematic:



### 5 ½" 17# P110 USF Tie-back string specifications:

PERF	ORMA	NCE	DATA
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# **OXY USA Inc** APD ATTACHMENT: SPUDDER RIG DATA

#### **OPERATOR NAME / NUMBER:** <u>OXY USA Inc</u>

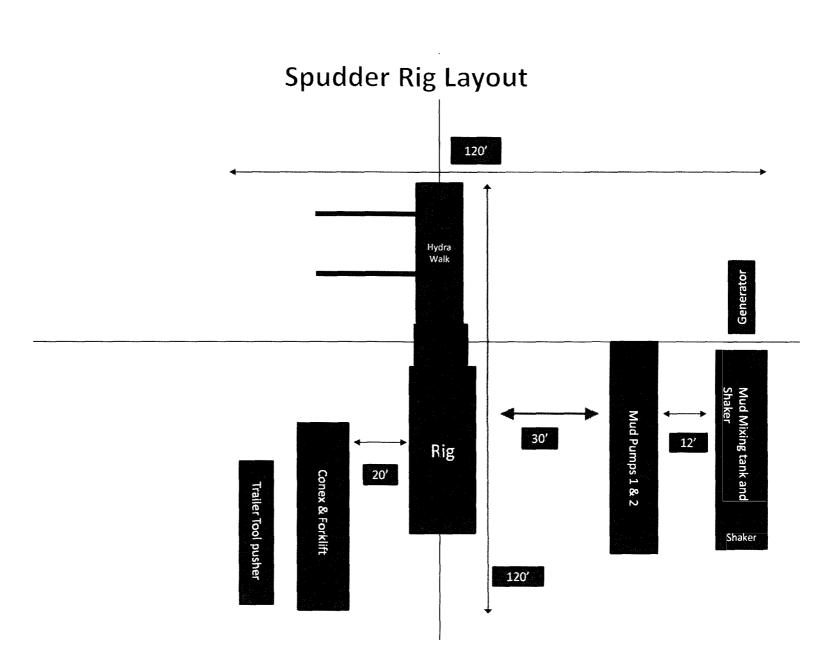
#### 1. SUMMARY OF REQUEST:

Oxy USA respectfully requests approval for the following operations for the surface hole in the drill plan:

1. Utilize a spudder rig to pre-set surface casing for time and cost savings.

#### 2. Description of Operations

- 1. Spudder rig will move in to drill the surface hole and pre-set surface casing on the well.
  - a. After drilling the surface hole section, the spudder rig will run casing and cement following all of the applicable rules and regulations (OnShore Order 2, all COAs and NMOCD regulations).
  - **b.** The spudder rig will utilize fresh water-based mud to drill the surface hole to TD. Solids control will be handled entirely on a closed loop basis. No earth pits will be used.
- 2. The wellhead will be installed and tested as soon as the surface casing is cut off and the WOC time has been reached.
- 3. A blind flange at the same pressure rating as the wellhead will be installed to seal the wellbore. Pressure will be monitored with needle valves installed on two wingvalves.
  - a. A means for intervention will be maintained while the drilling rig is not over the well.
- 4. Spudder rig operations are expected to take 2-3 days per well on the pad.
- 5. The BLM will be contacted and notified 24 hours prior to commencing spudder rig operations.
- 6. Drilling operations will begin with a larger rig and a BOP stack equal to or greater than the pressure rating that was permitted will be nippled up and tested on the wellhead before drilling operations resume on each well.
  - a. The larger rig will move back onto the location within 90 days from the point at which the wells are secured and the spudder rig is moved off location.
  - **b.** The BLM will be contacted / notified 24 hours before the larger rig moves back on the pre-set locations.
- 7. Oxy will have supervision on the rig to ensure compliance with all BLM and NMOCD regulations and to oversee operations.
- 8. Once the rig is removed, Oxy will secure the wellhead area by placing a guard rail around the cellar area.



### OXY USA Inc. - Corral Draw 14-13 Federal 25H

#### 1. Geologic Formations

TVD of target	9125'	Pilot Hole Depth	N/A
MD at TD:	16549'	Deepest Expected fresh water:	476'

#### **Delaware Basin**

Formation	TVD - RKB	<b>Expected</b> Fluids		
Rustler	476	Water/Oil/Gas		
Salado	1081			
Catile (Anhydrite)	1415			
Lamar/Delaware	3277			
Bell Canyon*	3320			
Cherry Canyon*	4030			
Brushy Canyon*	5391	Oil/Gas		
Bone Spring	7021	Oil/Gas		
1st Bone Spring	7979	Oil/Gas		
2nd Bone Spring	8294	Oil/Gas		

\*H2S, water flows, loss of circulation, abnormal pressures, etc.

#### 2. Casing Program

									Buoyant	Buoyant		
<b>H-1-0</b>	Casing Interval		Csg. Size	Csg. Size Weight		C.	SF	OTD	<b>Body SF</b>	Joint SF		
Hole Size (in)	From (ft)	To (ft)	(in)	(lbs) Grade Couli. Co		Grade Conn.		Graue Conn.		SF Burst	Tension	Tension
14.75	0	526	10.75	45.5	J55	BTC	8.91	1.75	3.51	3.56		
9.875	0	7500	7.625	29.7	L80	BTC	1.22	1.84	4.65	2.16		
9.875	7500	8399	7.625	29.7	HP L80	BTC	1.46	1.95	2.13	2.15		
6.75	8299	16549	4.5	11.6	P-110	DQX	1.68	1.20	2.25	2.28		

All casing strings will be tested in accordance with Onshore Oil and Gas Order #2 III.B.1.h \*Oxy requests the option to set casing shallower yet still below the salts if losses or hole conditions require this. Cement volumes may be adjusted if casing is set shallower and a DV tool will be run in case a contingency second stage is required for cement to reach surface. If cement circulated to surface during first stage we will drop a cancelation cone and not pump the second stage.

	Y or N
Is casing new? If used, attach certification as required in Onshore Order #1	- Y
Does casing meet API specifications? If no, attach casing specification sheet.	Y
Is premium or uncommon casing planned? If yes attach casing specification sheet.	Y
Does the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards? If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria).	Y
Will the intermediate pipe be kept at a minimum 1/3 fluid filled to avoid approaching the collapse pressure rating of the casing?	Y
Is well located within Capitan Reef?	N
If yes, does production casing cement tie back a minimum of 50' above the Reef? Is well within the designated 4 string boundary.	14

### OXY USA Inc. - Corral Draw 14-13 Federal 25H

Is well located in SOPA but not in R-111-P?	N
If yes, are the first 2 strings cemented to surface and 3 <sup>rd</sup> string cement tied back	+
500' into previous casing?	
Is well located in R-111-P and SOPA?	N
If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface?	
Is 2 <sup>nd</sup> string set 100' to 600' below the base of salt?	
Is well located in high Cave/Karst?	N
If yes, are there two strings cemented to surface?	
(For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs?	
	÷
Is well located in critical Cave/Karst?	N
If yes, are there three strings cemented to surface?	

### 3. Cementing Program

Casing	# Sks	Wt. lb/ gal	Yld ft3/ sack	H20 gal/sk	500# Comp. Strength (hours)	Slurry Description
Surface	342	14.8	1.35	6.53	6:50	Class C Cement, Accelerator
Production	886	10.2	3.05	15.63	15:07	Pozzolan Cement, Retarder
Casing	163	13.2	1.65	8.45	12:57	Class H Cement, Retarder, Dispersant, Salt
DV/ECP Tool @	3327' (We reque	est the option to	cancel the seco	ond stage if ceme	nt is circulated to s	surface during the first stage of cement operations)
2md Steepe	531	12.9	1.85	9.86	12:44	Class C Cement, Accelerator, Retarder
2nd Stage	182	14.8	1.33	6.34	6:31	Class C Cement
Production Liner	805	13.2	1.631	8.37	15:15	Class H Cement, Retarder, Dispersant, Salt

Casing String	Top of Lead (ft)	Bottom of Lead (ft)	Top of Tail (ft)	Bottom of Tail (ft)	% Excess Lead	% Excess Tail
Surface	N/A	N/A	0	526	N/A	50%
Production Casing	0	7399	7399	8399	75%	20%
2nd Stage Prodution Casing	0	2827	2827	3327	75%	125%
Production Liner	N/A	N/A	8299	16549	N/A	15%

### • <u>Cement Top and Liner Overlap</u>

- Oxy is requesting permission to have minimum fill of cement behind the 4-1/2" production liner to be 100 ft into previous casing string. The reason for this is so that we can come back and develop shallower benches from the same 7-5/8" mainbore in the future
- Our plan is to use a whipstock for our exit through the mainbore. Based on our lateral target, we are planning a whipstock cased/hole exit so that kick-off point will allow for roughly 10deg/100' doglegs needed for the curve
- Cement will be brought to the top of this liner hanger

BOP installed and tested before drilling which hole?	Size?	Min. Required WP	Туре		4	Tested to:
9.875" Production			Annular		✓	70% of working pressure
	13-5/8"	5M	Blind Ran	n	✓	250/5000;
	13-3/8	JIVI	Pipe Ram	1		
			Double Ram	✓	250/5000psi	
			Other*			

### 4. Pressure Control Equipment

\*Specify if additional ram is utilized.

BOP/BOPE will be tested by an independent service company to 250 psi low and the high pressure indicated above per Onshore Order 2 requirements. The System may be upgraded to a higher pressure but still tested to the working pressure listed in the table above. If the system is upgraded all the components installed will be functional and tested.

Pipe rams will be operationally checked each 24 hour period. Blind rams will be operationally checked on each trip out of the hole. These checks will be noted on the daily tour sheets. Other accessories to the BOP equipment will include a Kelly cock and floor safety valve (inside BOP) and choke lines and choke manifold. See attached schematics.

Or gre	Formation integrity test will be performed per Onshore Order #2. On Exploratory wells or on that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Will be tested in accordance with Onshore Oil and Gas Order #2 III.B.1.i.		
Ma	variance is requested for the use of a flexible choke line from the BOP to Choke anifold. See attached for specs and hydrostatic test chart.		
Y	Are anchors required by manufacturer?		
A multibowl wellhead is being used. The BOP will be tested per Onshore Order #2 after installation on the surface casing which will cover testing requirements for a maximum of 30 days. If any seal subject to test pressure is broken the system must be tested. We will test the flange connection of the wellhead with a test port that is directly in the flange. We are proposing that we will run the wellhead through the rotary prior to cementing surface casing as discussed with the BLM on October 8, 2015.			
Se	e attached schematic.		

### OXY USA Inc. - Corral Draw 14-13 Federal 25H

### 5. Mud Program

Depth		T		***	
From (ft)	To (ft)	Туре	Weight (ppg)	Viscosity	Water Loss
0	526	Water-Based Mud	8.4-8.6	40-60	N/C
526	3327	Brine	9.8-10.0	35-45	N/C
3327	8399	Water-Based Mud	8.8-9.6	38-50	N/C
8399	16549	Oil-Based Mud	8.8-9.6	35-50	N/C

Sufficient mud materials to maintain mud properties and meet minimum lost circulation and weight increase requirements will be kept on location at all times. The following is a general list of products: Barite, Bentonite, Gypsum, Lime, Soda Ash, Caustic Soda, Nut Plug, Cedar Fiber, Cotton Seed Hulls, Drilling Paper, Salt Water Clay, CACL2. Oxy will use a closed mud system.

Oxy proposes to drill out the 10-3/4" surface casing shoe with a saturated brine system from 526-3327', which is the base of the salt system. At this point we will swap fluid systems to a high viscosity mixed metal hydroxide system or a fully saturated direct emulsion system. We will drill with this system to the production casing TD @ 8399'.

What will be used to monitor the loss or gain	PVT/MD Totco/Visual Monitoring
of fluid?	

#### 6. Logging and Testing Procedures

Logg	ing, Coring and Testing.
Yes	Will run GR from TD to surface (horizontal well – vertical portion of hole). Stated logs
	run will be in the Completion Report and submitted to the BLM.
No	Logs are planned based on well control or offset log information.
No	Drill stem test? If yes, explain
No	Coring? If yes, explain

Additional logs planned		Interval
No	Resistivity	
No	Density	
No	CBL	
Yes	Mud log	6000' - TD
No	PEX	

### OXY USA Inc. - Corral Draw 14-13 Federal 25H

## 7. Drilling Conditions

Condition	Specify what type and where?
BH Pressure at deepest TVD	4556 psi
Abnormal Temperature	No
BH Temperature at deepest TVD	153°F

Pump high viscosity sweeps as needed for hole cleaning. The mud system will be monitored visually/manually as well as with an electronic PVT. The necessary mud products for additional weight and fluid loss control will be on location at all times. Appropriately weighted mud will be used to isolate potential gas, oil, and water zones until such time as casing can be cemented into place for zonal isolation.

Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) monitors will be installed prior to drilling out the surface shoe. If H2S is detected in concentrations greater than 100 ppm, the operator will comply with the provisions of Onshore Oil and Gas Order #6. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, measured values and formations will be provided to the BLM.

NH2S is presentYH2S Plan attached

### 8. Other facets of operation

	Yes/No
Will the well be drilled with a walking/skidding operation? If yes, describe.	Yes
• We plan to drill the two well pad in batch by section: all surface sections,	
intermediate sections and production sections. The wellhead will be	
secured with a night cap whenever the rig is not over the well.	
Will more than one drilling rig be used for drilling operations? If yes, describe.	Yes
• Oxy requests the option to contract a Surface Rig to drill, set surface	
casing, and cement for this well. If the timing between rigs is such that	
Oxy would not be able to preset surface, the Primary Rig will MIRU and	
drill the well in its entirety per the APD. Please see the attached document	
for information on the spudder rig.	

#### Total estimated cuttings volume: 1217.7 bbls.

#### 9. Company Personnel

Name	Title	Office Phone	Mobile Phone
Philippe Haffner	Drilling Engineer	713-985-6379	832-767-9047
Diego Tellez	Drilling Engineer Supervisor	713-350-4602	713-303-4932
Simon Benavides	Drilling Superintendent	713-522-8652	281-684-6897
John Willis	Drilling Manager	713-366-5556	713-259-1417

# **WAFMSS**

APD ID: 10400015891

Well Type: OIL WELL

U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT



Submission Date: 08/08/2017

Well Number: 25H Well Work Type: Drill Highlighted data reflects the most recent changes

Show Final Text

# Section 1 - Existing Roads

**Operator Name: OXY USA INCORPORATED** 

Well Name: CORRAL DRAW 14-13 FEDERAL

Will existing roads be used? YES

**Existing Road Map:** 

CorralDraw14\_13Fd25H\_ExistRoads\_07-10-2017.pdf

Existing Road Purpose: ACCESS, FLUID TRANSPORT

Row(s) Exist? NO

ROW ID(s)

ID:

Do the existing roads need to be improved? NO Existing Road Improvement Description:

Existing Road Improvement Attachment:

Section 2 - New or Reconstructed Access Roads

Will new roads be needed? YES

New Road Map:

CorralDraw14\_13Fd25H\_NewRoad\_07-10-2017.pdf

New road type: LOCAL

Length: 347 Feet Width (ft.): 30

Max slope (%): 0 Army Corp of Engineers (ACOE) permit required? NO

ACOE Permit Number(s):

New road travel width: 14

New road access erosion control: Watershed Diversion every 200' if needed.

New road access plan or profile prepared? YES

New road access plan attachment:

CorralDraw14\_13Fd25H\_NewRoad\_07-10-2017.pdf

Access road engineering design? NO

Well Name: CORRAL DRAW 14-13 FEDERAL

Well Number: 25H

Access road engineering design attachment:

Access surfacing type: OTHER

Access topsoil source: ONSITE

Access surfacing type description: Caliche

Access onsite topsoil source depth: 0

Offsite topsoil source description:

Onsite topsoil removal process: If available

Access other construction information: None

Access miscellaneous information: The proposed access road will run 297' northeast and 50' north through pasture to the southeast corner of the pad.

Number of access turnouts:

Access turnout map:

### **Drainage Control**

New road drainage crossing: CULVERT

Drainage Control comments: Watershed Diversion every 200' if needed.

Road Drainage Control Structures (DCS) description: Watershed Diversion every 200' if needed.

Road Drainage Control Structures (DCS) attachment:

#### Access Additional Attachments

Additional Attachment(s):

Section 3 - Location of Existing Wells

Existing Wells Map? YES

Attach Well map:

CorralDraw14\_13Fd25H\_ExistWells\_07-10-2017.pdf

Existing Wells description:

#### Section 4 - Location of Existing and/or Proposed Production Facilities

Submit or defer a Proposed Production Facilities plan? SUBMIT

**Production Facilities description:** a. In the event the well is found productive, the Corral Draw 14-13 Central Tank Battery would be utilized and the necessary production equipment will be installed at the well site. See proposed facilities layout diagram. b. All flow lines will adhere to API standards. They will consist of 2 – 4" composite flowlines operating 75% MAWP, surface and 2 – 8" gas lift supply line operating 1500 psig, buried, lines to follow surveyed route. Survey of a strip of land 30' wide and 3937.7' in length crossing USA Land in Section 14 T25S R29E, NMPM, Eddy County, NM and being 15' left and 15' right of the centerline survey, see attached. c. Electric line will follow a route approved by the BLM. Survey of a strip of land 30' wide and 2515.6' in length crossing USA Land in Section 14 T25S R29E NMPM, Eddy County, NM and being 25' left and

Well Name: CORRAL DRAW 14-13 FEDERAL

Well Number: 25H

15' right of the centerline survey, see attached. d. All of the Corral 14-13 federal wells will be routed to the Corral Draw 14-13 CTB located in Section 14 by two production flowlines per well laid on the surface, following attached surveyed route. Attached to the 500'x400' Corral Draw 14-13 CTB there is a compression station that will serve as high pressure gas sales and as gas lift for all of the wells. A 16" buried high pressure trunk line will connect the CTB/Compression station to all of the wells, with an 8" branch running to each well for gas lift. Branches for gas lift will following the same route as the flowlines. From the Corral Draw 14-13 CTB there will be two 16" buried produced water lines and three 16" buried hydrocarbon pipelines running to the north to connect to other developments, see attached. Production Facilities map:

CorralDraw14\_13Fd25H\_FacilityPLEL\_08-08-2017.pdf CorralDraw14\_13Fd25H\_MasterFacility1\_08-08-2017.pdf

#### Section 5 - Location and Types of Water Supply

Water Source Table

 Water source use type: INTERMEDIATE/PRODUCTION CASING,
 Water source type: GW WELL

 OTHER, SURFACE CASING
 Describe type:

 Source latitude:
 Source longitude:

Source latitude:

Source datum:

Water source permit type: WATER WELL

Source land ownership: COMMERCIAL

Water source transport method: PIPELINE, TRUCKING

Source transportation land ownership: COMMERCIAL

Water source volume (barrels): 2000

Source volume (gal): 84000

#### Water source and transportation map:

CorralDraw14\_13Fd25H\_GRRWtrSrc\_07-10-2017.pdf CorralDraw14\_13Fd25H\_MesqWtrSrc\_07-10-2017.pdf

Water source comments: This well will be drilled using a combination of water mud systems. It will be obtained from commercial water stations (Gregory Rockhouse, Mesquite, MMX) in the area and will be hauled to location by transport truck using existing and proposed roads. New water well? NO

New Water Well Info		
Well latitude:	Well Longitude:	Well datum:
Well target aquifer:		
Est. depth to top of aquifer(ft):	Est thickness of aquifer:	
Aquifer comments:		
Aquifer documentation:		
Well depth (ft):	Well casing type:	

Source volume (acre-feet): 0.25778618

Well Name: CORRAL DRAW 14-13 FEDERAL

Well Number: 25H

Well casing outside diameter (in.):	Well casing inside diameter (in.):
New water well casing?	Used casing source:
Drilling method:	Drill material:
Grout material:	Grout depth:
Casing length (ft.):	Casing top depth (ft.):
Well Production type:	Completion Method:
Water well additional information:	

State appropriation permit:

Additional information attachment:

# Section 6 - Construction Materials

**Construction Materials description:** Primary - All caliche utilized for the drilling pad and proposed access road will be obtained from an existing BLM/State/Fee approved pit or from prevailing deposits found on the location. Will use BLM recommended extra caliche from other locations close by for roads, if available. Secondary - The secondary way of obtaining caliche to build locations and roads will be by "turning over" the location. This means, caliche will be obtained from the actual well site. A caliche permit will be obtained from BLM prior to pushing up any caliche. 2400 cubic yards is max amount of caliche needed for pad and roads. Amount will vary for each pad. The procedure below has been approved by BLM personnel: a. The top 6" of topsoil is pushed off and stockpiled along the side of the location. b. An approximate 120' X 120' area is used within the proposed well site to remove caliche. c. Subsoil is removed and piled alongside the 120' X 120' within the pad site. d. When caliche is found, material will be stockpiled within the pad site to build the location and road. e. Then subsoil is pushed back in the hole and caliche is spread accordingly across entire location and road. f. Once the well is drilled the stockpiled top soil will be used for interim reclamation and spread along areas where caliche is picked up and the location size is reduced. Neither caliche nor subsoil will be stockpiled outside of the well pad. Topsoil will be stockpiled along the edge of the pad. Caliche will be provided from a pit located in Section 2, T25S R29E. Water will be provided from a frac pond located in Section 2, T25S R29E.

**Construction Materials source location attachment:** 

# Section 7 - Methods for Handling Waste

Waste type: DRILLING

Waste content description: Water-Based Cuttings, Water-Based Mud, Oil-Based Cuttings, Oil-Based Mud, Produced Water

Amount of waste: 1217.7 barrels

Waste disposal frequency : Daily

Safe containment description: Haul-Off Bins

Safe containmant attachment:

Waste disposal type: HAUL TO COMMERCIAL Disposal location ownership: COMMERCIAL FACILITY

**Disposal type description:** 

**Disposal location description:** An approved facility that can process drill cuttings, drill fluids, flowback water, produced water, contaminated soils, and other non-hazardous wastes.

Reserve Pit

Well Name: CORRAL DRAW 14-13 FEDERAL

Well Number: 25H

Reserve Pit being used? NO

Temporary disposal of produced water into reserve pit?

Reserve pit length (ft.) Reserve pit width (ft.)

Reserve pit depth (ft.)

Reserve pit volume (cu. yd.)

Is at least 50% of the reserve pit in cut?

Reserve pit liner

Reserve pit liner specifications and installation description

**Cuttings Area** 

Cuttings Area being used? NO

Are you storing cuttings on location? YES

Description of cuttings location A closed loop system will be utilized consisting of above ground steel tanks and haul-offbins. Disposal of liquids, drilling fluids and cuttings will be disposed of at an approved facility.Cuttings area length (ft.)Cuttings area width (ft.)

Cuttings area depth (ft.)

Cuttings area volume (cu. yd.)

Is at least 50% of the cuttings area in cut?

WCuttings area liner

Cuttings area liner specifications and installation description

**Section 8 - Ancillary Facilities** 

Are you requesting any Ancillary Facilities?: NO

Ancillary Facilities attachment:

Comments:

Section 9 - Well Site Layout

Well Site Layout Diagram:

CorralDraw14\_13Fd25H\_WellSiteCL\_07-10-2017.pdf

Comments: V-Door-North - CL Tanks-West - 330' X 440' - 2 Well Pad

Operator Name: OXY USA INCORPORATED Well Name: CORRAL DRAW 14-13 FEDERAL

#### Well Number: 25H

Section 10 - Plans for Surface Rec	lamation
Type of disturbance: New Surface Disturbance	Multiple Well Pad Name: CORRAL DRAW 14-13 FEDERAL
	Multiple Well Pad Number: 26H
Recontouring attachment:	
Drainage/Erosion control construction: Reclama	tion to be wind rowed as needed to control erosion
Drainage/Erosion control reclamation: Reclama	tion to be wind rowed as needed to control erosion
Wellpad long term disturbance (acres): 2.12	Wellpad short term disturbance (acres): 3.33
Access road long term disturbance (acres): 0.11	Access road short term disturbance (acres): 0.24
Pipeline long term disturbance (acres): 0.903971	155 <b>Pipeline short term disturbance (acres):</b> 2.7119145
Other long term disturbance (acres): 0	Other short term disturbance (acres): 1.73
Total long term disturbance: 3,1339715	Total short term disturbance: 8.011914

**Reconstruction method:** If the well is deemed commercially productive, caliche from the areas of the pad site not required for operations will be reclaimed. The original topsoil will be returned to the area of the drill pad not necessary to operate the well. These unused areas of the drill pad will be contoured, as close as possible, to match the original topography, and the area will be seeded with an approved BLM mixture to re-establish vegetation. After concluding the drilling and/or completion operations, if the well is found non-commercial, the caliche will be reclaimed as directed by the BLM. The original topsoil will again be returned to the pad and contoured, as close as possible, to the original topsoil will again be returned to the pad and contoured, as close as possible, to the original topography, and the area will be seeded with an approved BLM mixture to re-establish vegetation.

Topsoil redistribution: The original topsoil will be returned to the area of the drill pad not necessary to operate the well.

Soil treatment: To be determined by the BLM.

Existing Vegetation at the well pad: To be determined by the BLM at Onsite.

Existing Vegetation at the well pad attachment:

Existing Vegetation Community at the road: To be determined by the BLM at Onsite.

Existing Vegetation Community at the road attachment:

Existing Vegetation Community at the pipeline: To be determined by the BLM at Onsite.

Existing Vegetation Community at the pipeline attachment:

Existing Vegetation Community at other disturbances: To be determined by the BLM at Onsite.

Existing Vegetation Community at other disturbances attachment:

Non native seed used? NO

Non native seed description:

Seedling transplant description:

Well Name: CORRAL DRAW 14-13 FEDERAL

Well Number: 25H

Will seedlings be transplanted for this project? NO

Seedling transplant description attachment:

Will seed be harvested for use in site reclamation? NO

Seed harvest description:

Seed harvest description attachment:

Seed Management	
Seed Table	
Seed type:	Seed source:
Seed name:	
Source name:	Source address:
Source phone:	
Seed cultivar:	
Seed use location:	
PLS pounds per acre:	Proposed seeding season:
Seed Summary	Total pounds/Acre:

Seed reclamation attachment:

Seed Type

<b>Operator Contact/Responsible Official Contact Info</b>		
First Name: JIM	Last Name: WILSON	
<b>Phone:</b> (575)631-2442	Email: jim_wilson@oxy.com	
Seedbed prep:		
Seed BMP:		
Seed method:		
Existing invasive species? NO		
Existing invasive species treatment descripti	on:	
Existing invasive species treatment attachme	ent:	
Weed treatment plan description: To be deter	mined by the BLM.	
Weed treatment plan attachment:		

Pounds/Acre

Well Name: CORRAL DRAW 14-13 FEDERAL

Well Number: 25H

Monitoring plan description: To be determined by the BLM.

Monitoring plan attachment:

Success standards: To be determined by the BLM.

Pit closure description: Not applicable.

Pit closure attachment:

# Section 11 - Surface Ownership

Disturbance type: NEW ACCESS ROAD

Describe:

Surface Owner: BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Other surface owner description:

**BIA Local Office:** 

**BOR Local Office:** 

COE Local Office:

**DOD Local Office:** 

**NPS Local Office:** 

**State Local Office:** 

Military Local Office:

USFWS Local Office:

Other Local Office:

USFS Region:

USFS Forest/Grassland:

**USFS Ranger District:** 

Disturbance type: WELL PAD Describe: Surface Owner: BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT Other surface owner description: BIA Local Office: BOR Local Office: COE Local Office: DOD Local Office: Operator Name: OXY USA INCORPORATED Well Name: CORRAL DRAW 14-13 FEDERAL

Well Number: 25H

NPS Local Office:	
State Local Office:	
Military Local Office:	
USFWS Local Office:	
Other Local Office:	
USFS Region:	
USFS Forest/Grassland:	USFS Ranger District:

Disturbance type: PIPELINE		
Describe:		
Surface Owner: BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT		
Other surface owner description:		
BIA Local Office:		
BOR Local Office:		
COE Local Office:		
DOD Local Office:		
NPS Local Office:		
State Local Office:		
Military Local Office:		
USFWS Local Office:		
Other Local Office:		
USFS Region:		
USFS Forest/Grassland:	USFS Ranger District:	

Disturbance type: OTHER Describe: ELECTRIC LINE Surface Owner: BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT Other surface owner description: BIA Local Office:

Well Name: CORRAL DRAW 14-13 FEDERAL

Well Number: 25H

BOR Local Office:	
COE Local Office:	
DOD Local Office:	
NPS Local Office:	
State Local Office:	
Military Local Office:	
USFWS Local Office:	
Other Local Office:	
USFS Region:	
USFS Forest/Grassland:	USFS Ranger District:
	COE Local Office: DOD Local Office: NPS Local Office: State Local Office: Military Local Office: USFWS Local Office: Other Local Office: USFS Region:

### Section 12 - Other Information

Right of Way needed? YES

Use APD as ROW? YES

ROW Type(s): 281001 ROW - ROADS,285003 ROW - POWER TRANS,288100 ROW - O&G Pipeline,289001 ROW- O&G Well Pad

**ROW Applications** 

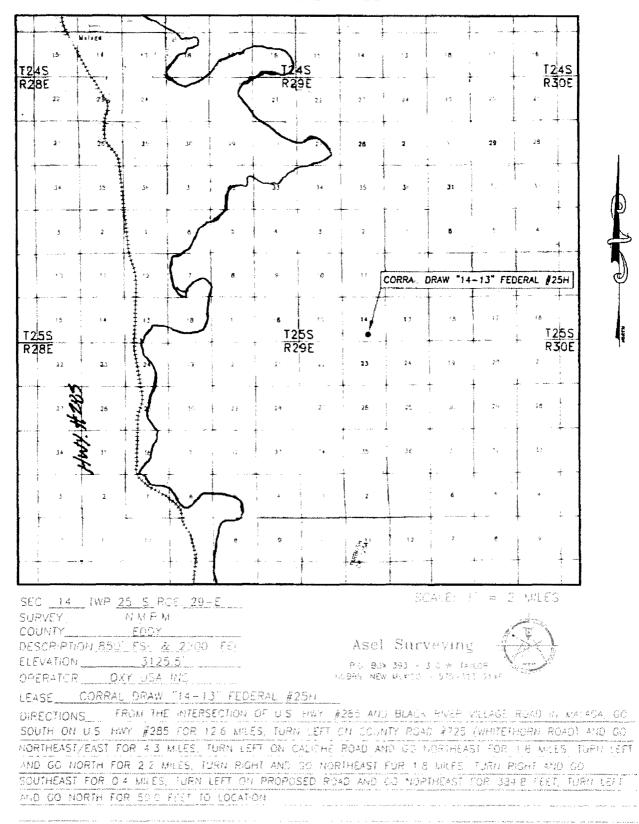
**SUPO Additional Information: \*Permian Basin MOA – see attached** SUPO and to be determined by BLM. GIS Shapefiles furnished after APD submittal. **Use a previously conducted onsite? NO** 

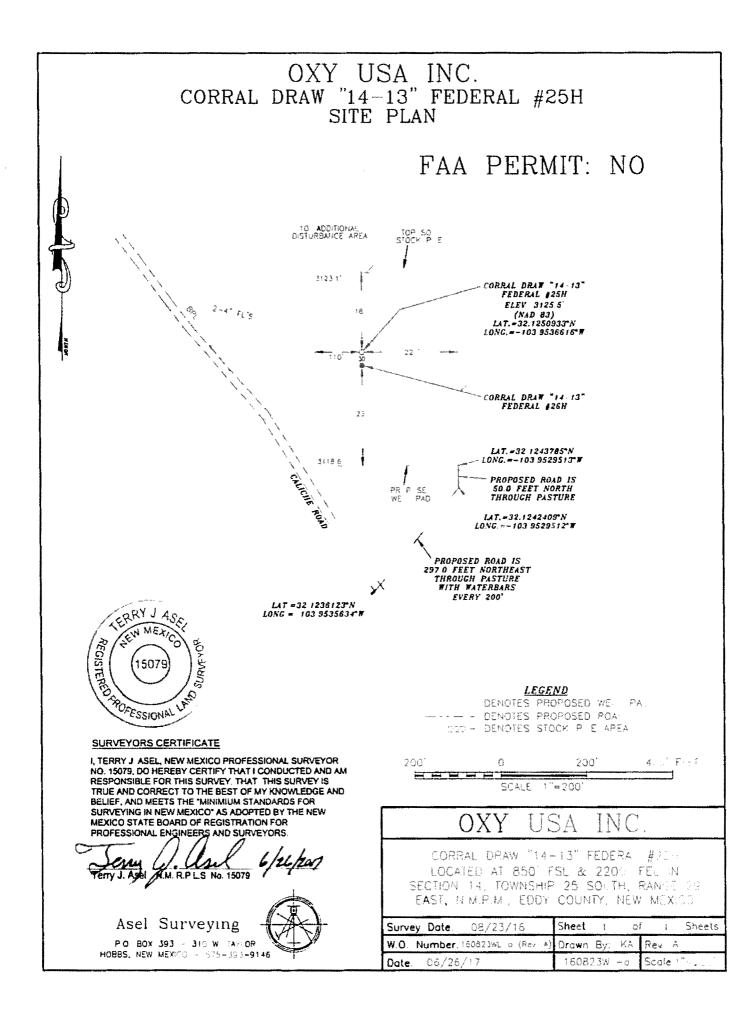
**Previous Onsite information:** 

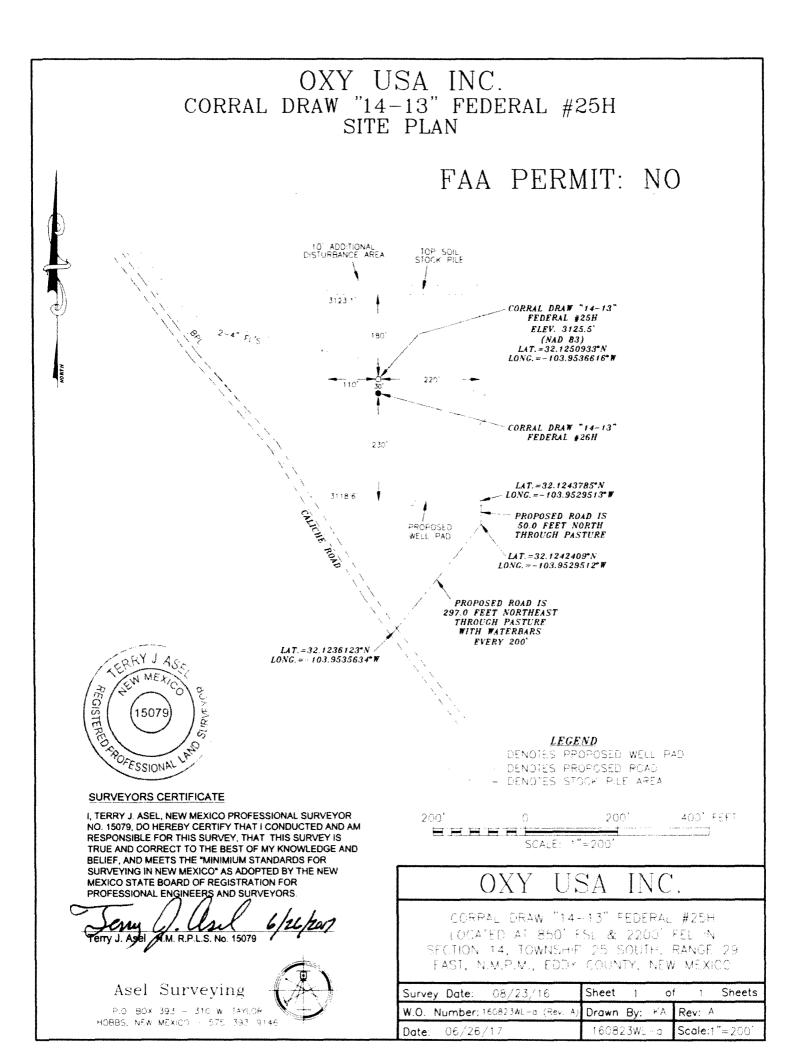
Other SUPO Attachment

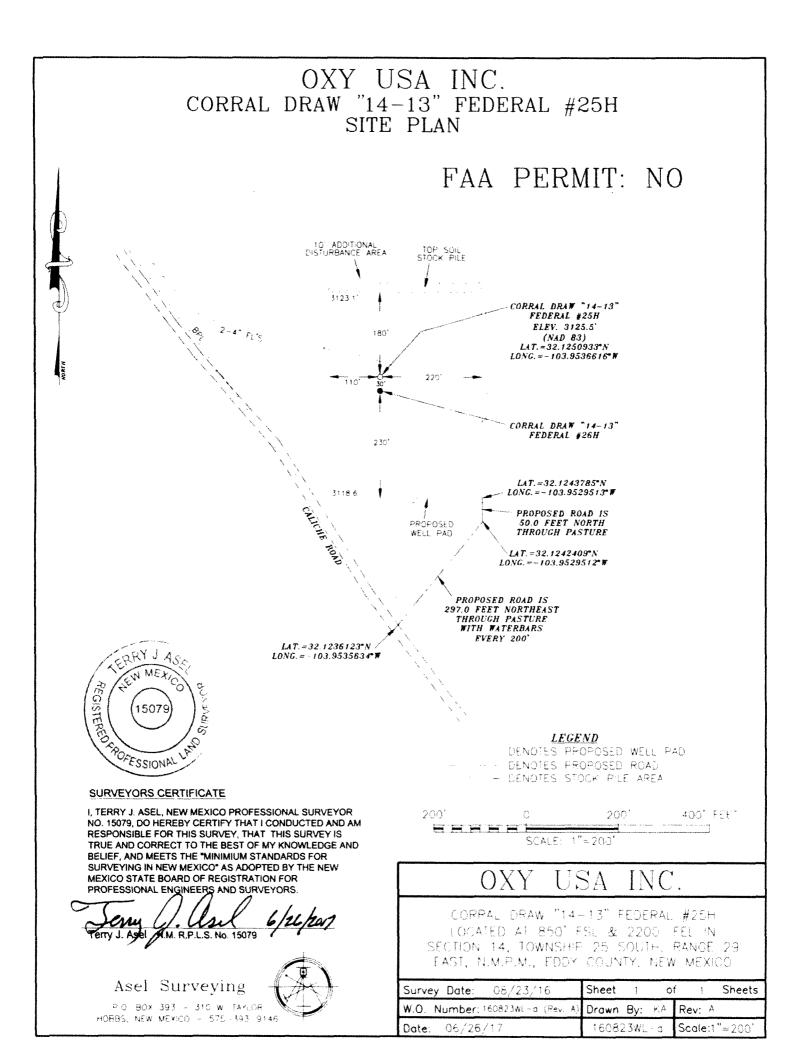
CorralDraw14\_13Fd25H\_GasCapPlan\_07-10-2017.pdf CorralDraw14\_13Fd25H\_MiscSvyPlats\_07-10-2017.pdf CorralDraw14\_13Fd25H\_StakeNotice\_07-10-2017.pdf CorralDraw14\_13Fd25H\_SUPO\_08-08-2017.pdf

VICINITY MAP

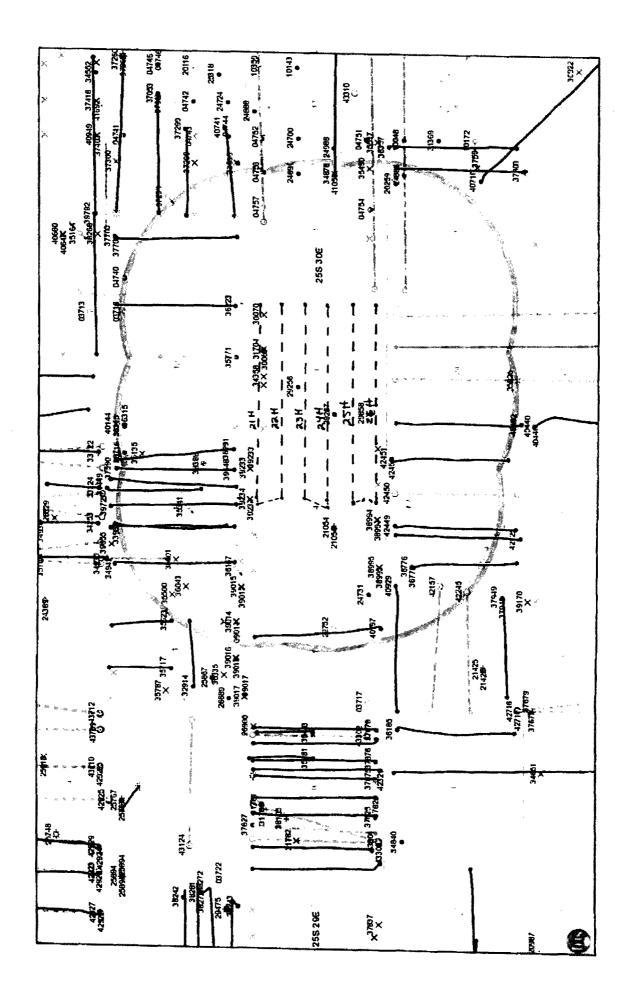


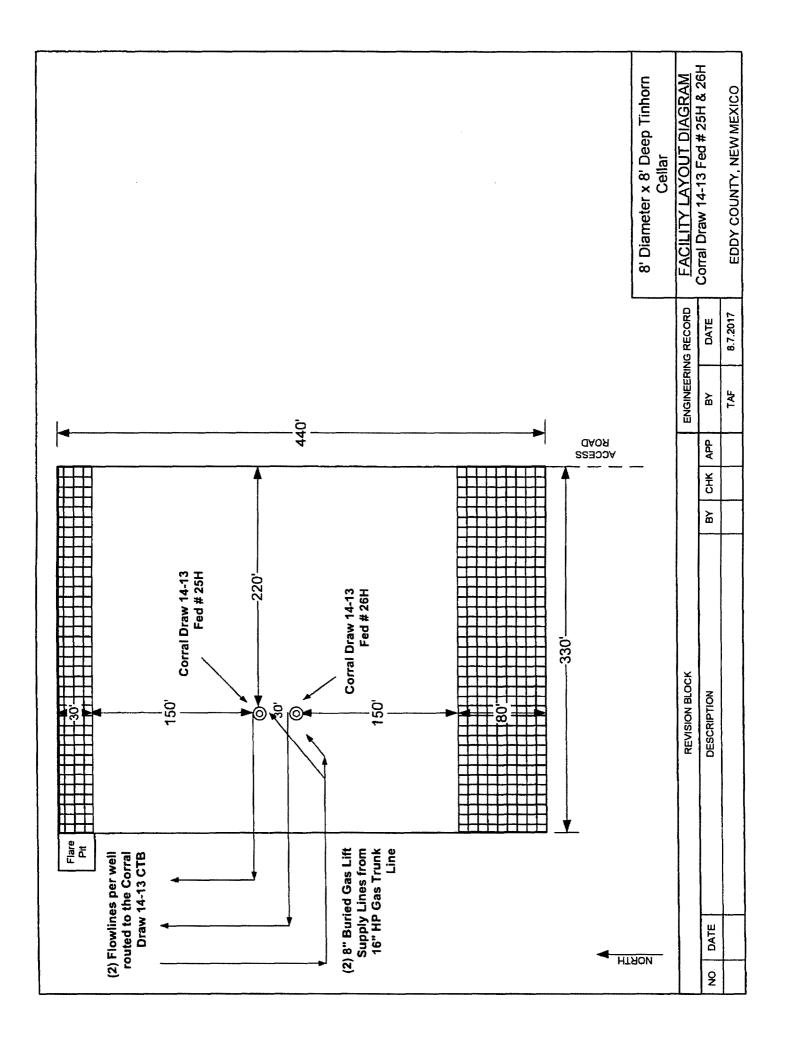


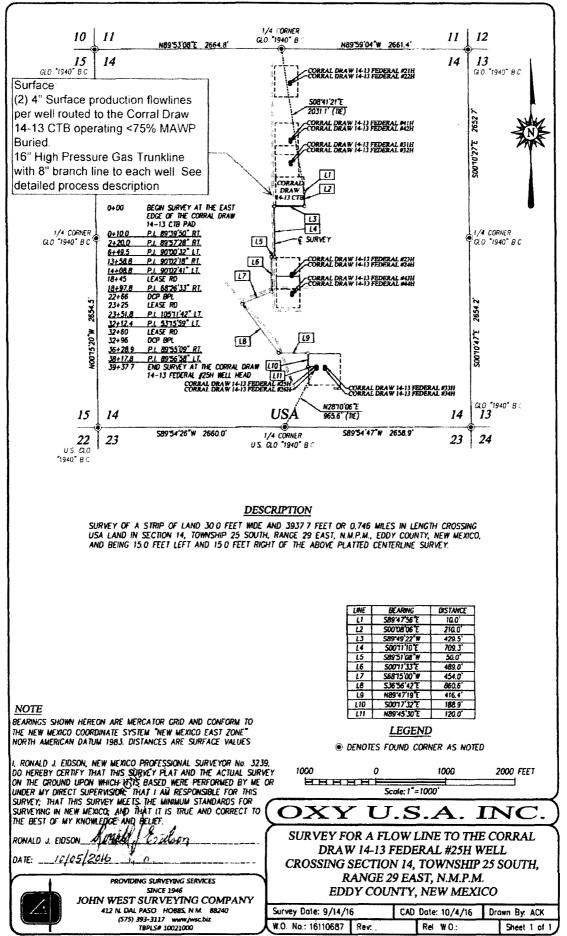




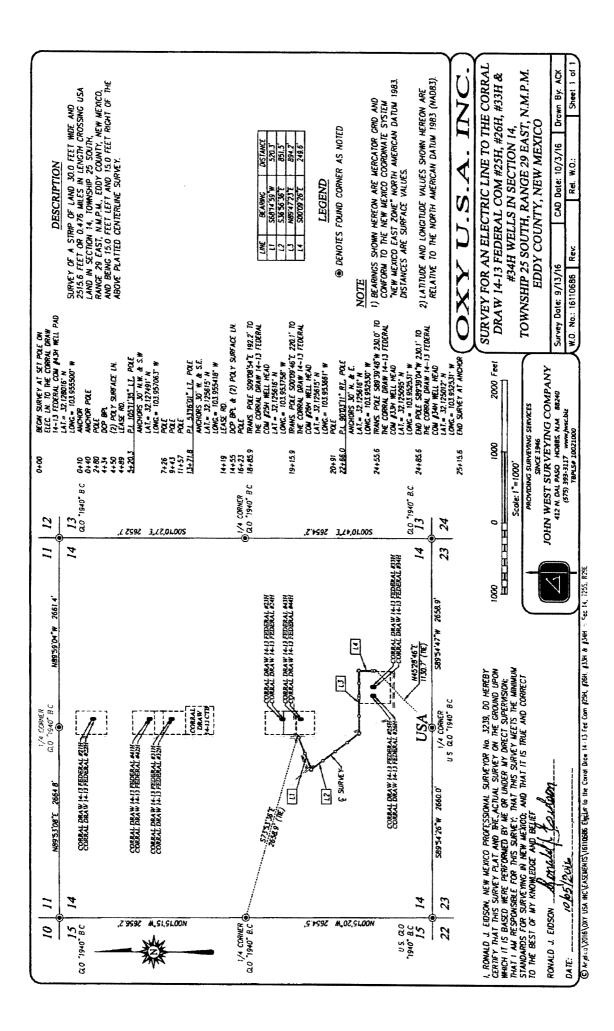








CAnjekca/2016/0XY USA INC/EASEVENTS/16110687 Flow time to the CD 14-13 Fed Com 125H, 126H, 133H & 134H in Sec12, 125S, R29H



#### OXY USA Inc

#### Corral Draw 14-13 Federal Wells

#### Section 14-13 T25S R29E Eddy County

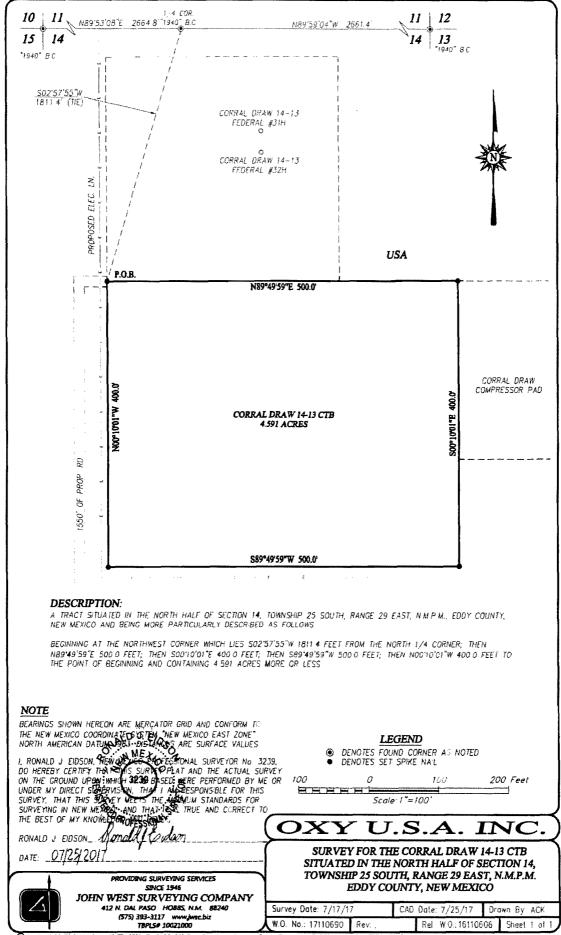
.

#### **Proposed Operating Description**

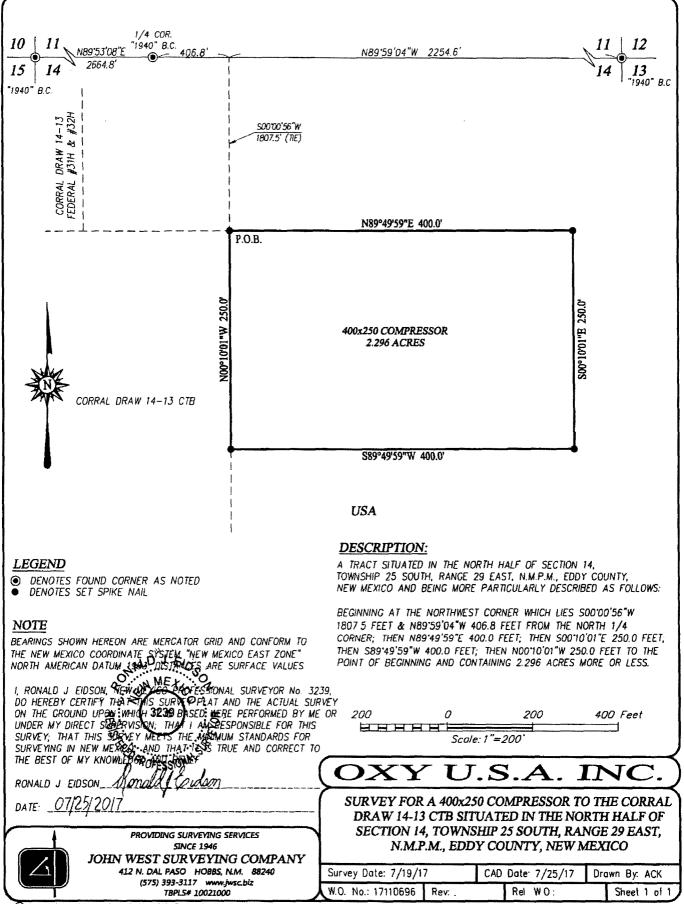
All of the Corral 14-13 federal wells will be routed to the Corral Draw 14-13 CTB located in Section 14 by two production flowlines per well laid on the surface, following attached surveyed route.

Attached to the 500'x400' Corral Draw 14-13 CTB there is a compression station that will serve as high pressure gas sales and as gas lift for all of the wells. A 16" buried high pressure trunk line will connect the CTB/Compression station to all of the wells, with an 8" branch running to each well for gas lift. Branches for gas lift will following the same route as the flowlines.

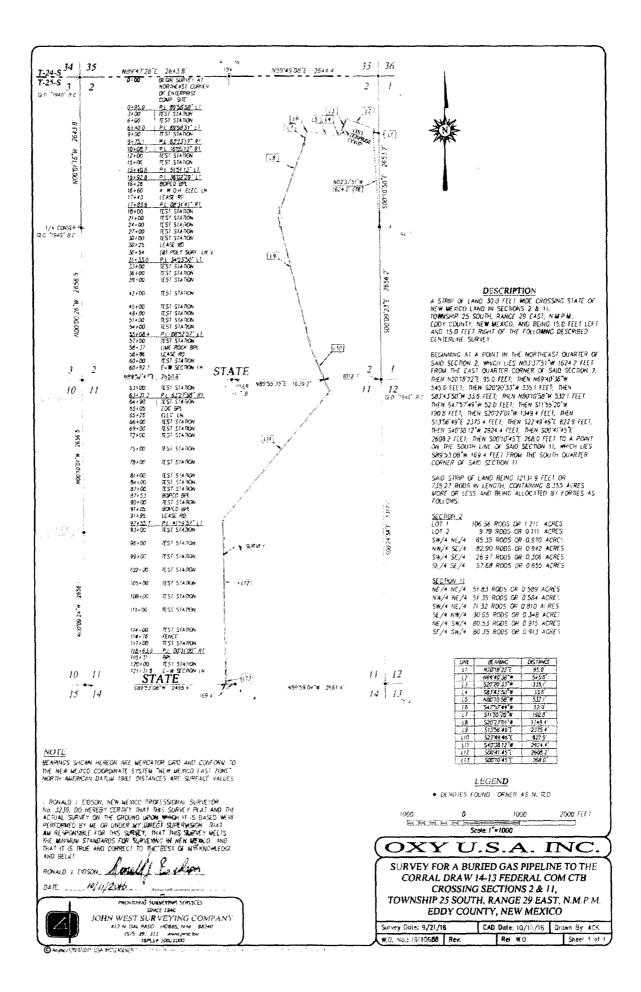
From the Corral Draw 14-13 CTB there will be two 16" buried produced water lines and three 16" buried hydrocarbon pipelines running to the north to connect to other developments, see attached.

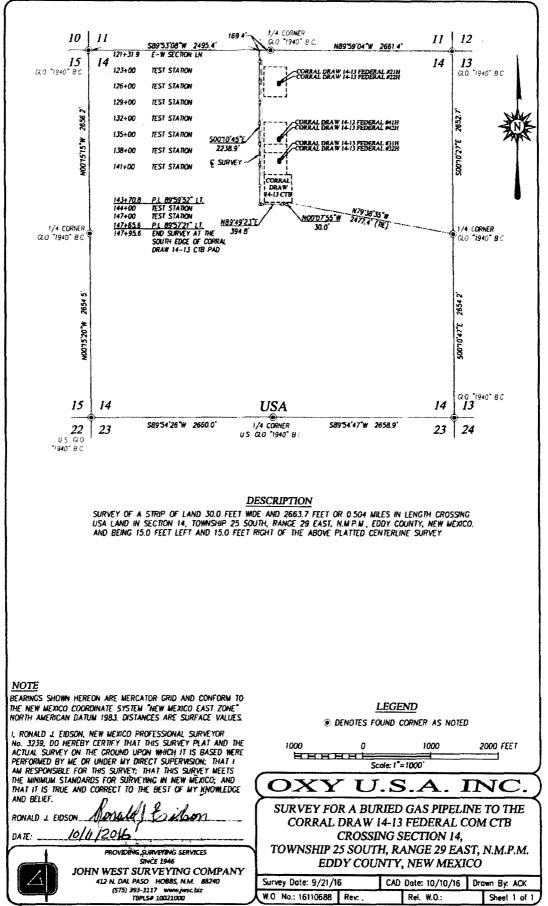


C Angelico 2017 VOXY USA INC/TRACTS/17110690 25' Pod Extension for the Corral Draw 14-13 CTB in Sec 14, 1255, P2

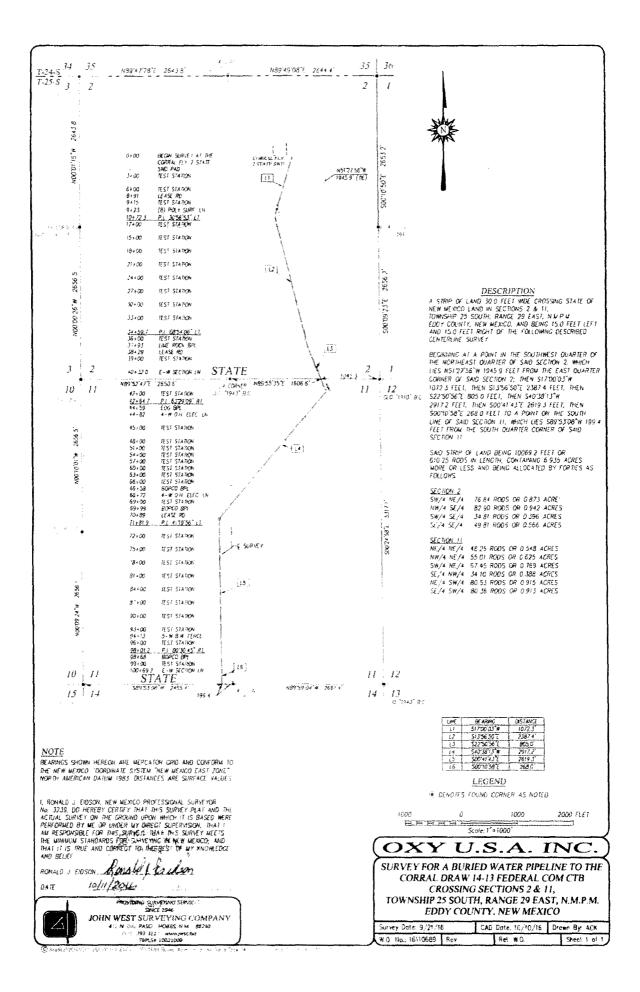


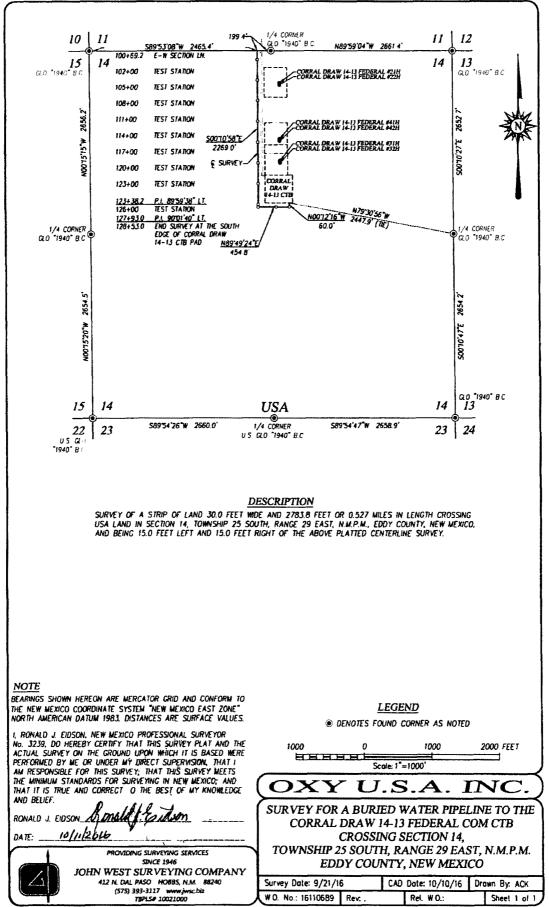
🖸 Anjekon/2017/024 USA UKCNIRACTS/17.10695 4004755 Compressor for the Cornal Crow 14-13 CTB at Sec. 14 17255 P295





@Anjesico/2016/0xr USA HC/EASEMENTS/16110688 Buried Cas in to the Carto Draw 14 13 Fed Com CTB in Secs 2.11 & 14, 1255, R29E





CAnjelica/2016/DXY USA INC/EASEMENTS/16110689 Bured Water in to the Corrol Draw 14-13 CTB in Secs 2,11 & 14, 1255, R29E

Prepared by: Dave Andersen GRR Land Department

Pond Name	Water Source1	Water Source2	Water Source3	Water Source4
Cedar Canyon	<u>Mine Industrial</u>	<u>C-3478</u>	<u>C-2772</u>	<u>C-1360</u>
Corral Fly	<u>C-1360</u>	<u>C-1361</u>	<u>C-3358</u>	<u>C-3836</u>
Cypress	<u>Mine Industrial</u>	<u>C-3478</u>	<u>C-2772</u>	<u>C-1361</u>
Mesa Verde	<u>C-2571</u>	<u>C-2574</u>	<u>J-27</u>	<u>J-5</u>
Peaches	<u>C-906</u>	<u>C-3200</u>	<u>SP-55 &amp; SP-1279</u> <u>A</u>	<u>C-100</u>

NMOSE WELL NUMBER	GRR In WELL COMMON NAME	NC. LAND OWNERSHIP	GPS LOCATION
C-100	Tres Rios - Next to well shack	PRIVATE	32.201921° -104.254317°
C-100-A	Tres Rios - Center of turnaround	PRIVATE	32.201856° -104.254443°
C-272-B	Tres Rios - Northwest	PRIVATE	32.202315° -104.254812°
C-906	Whites City Commercial	PRIVATE	32.176949°-104.374371°
C-1246-AC & C-1246-AC-S	Lackey	PRIVATE	32.266978°-104.271212°
C-1886	1886 Tank	BLM	32.229316° -104.312930°
C-1083	Petska	PRIVATE	32.30904° -104.16979°
C-1142	Winston West	BLM	32.507845-104.177410
C-1360	ENG#1	PRIVATE	32.064922° -103.908818°
C-1361	ENG#2	PRIVATE	32.064908° -103.906266°
C-1573	Cooksey	PRIVATE	32.113463° -104.108092°
C-1575	ROCKHOUSE Ranch Well - Wildcat	BLM	32.493190° -104.444163°
C-2270	CW#1 (Oliver Kiehne)	PRIVATE	32.021440° -103.559208°
C-2242	Walterscheid	PRIVATE	32.39199° -104.17694°
C-2492POD2	Stacy Mills	PRIVATE	32.324203° -103.812472°
C-2569	Paduca well #2	BLM	32.160588 -103.742051
C-2569POD2	Paduca well replacement	BLM	32.160588 -103.742051
C-2570	Paduca (tank) well #4	BLM	32.15668 -103.74114
C-2571	Paduca (road) well	BLM	32.163993° -103.745457°
C-2572	Paduca well #6	BLM	32.163985 -103.7412
C-2573	Paduca (in the bush) well	BLM	32.16229 -103.74363
C-2574	Paduca well (on grid power)	BLM	32.165777° -103.747590°
C-2701	401 Water Station	BLM	32.458767° -104.528097°
C-2772	Mobley Alternate	BLM	32.305220° -103.852360°
C-3011	ROCKY ARROYO - MIDDLE	BLM	32.409046° -104.452045°
C-3060	Max Vasquez	PRIVATE	32.31291° -104.17033°
C-3095	ROCKHOUSE Ranch Well - North of Rockcrusher	PRIVATE	32.486794° -104.426227°
C-3200	Beard East	PRIVATE	32.168720 -104.276600
C-3260	Hayhurst	PRIVATE	32.227110° -104.150925°
C-3350	Winston Barn	PRIVATE	32.511871° -104.139094°
C-3358	Branson	PRIVATE	32.19214° -104.06201°
C-3363	Watts#2	PRIVATE	32.444637° -103.931313°
C-3453	ROCKY ARROYO - FIELD	PRIVATE	32.458657° -104.460804°
C-3478	Mobley Private	PRIVATE	32.294937° -103.888656°
C-3483pod1	ENG#3	BLM	32.065556° -103.894722°
C-3483pod3	ENG#5	BLM	32.06614° -103.89231°
C-3483POD4	CW#4 (Oliver Kiehne)	PRIVATE	32.021803° -103.559030°
C-3483POD5	CW#5 (Oliver Kiehne)	PRIVATE	32.021692° -103.560158°
C-3554	Jesse Baker #1 well	PRIVATE	32.071937° -103.723030°
C-3577	CW#3 (Oliver Kiehne)	PRIVATE	32.021773° -103.559738°
C-3581	ENG#4	BLM	32.066083° -103.895024°
C-3595	Oliver Kiehne house well #2	PRIVATE	32.025484° -103.682529°
C-3596	CW#2 (Oliver Kiehne)		
0-0000		PRIVATE	32.021793° -103.559018°

GRR Inc.			
NMOSE WELL NUMBER	WELL COMMON NAME	LAND OWNERSHIP	GPS LOCATION
C-3614	Dale Hood #2 well	PRIVATE	32.449290° -104.214500°
C-3639	Jesse Baker #2 well	PRIVATE	32.073692° -103.727121°
C-3679	McCloy-Batty	PRIVATE	32.215790° -103.537690°
C-3689	Winston Barn_South	PRIVATE	32.511504° -104.139073°
C-3731	Ballard Construction	PRIVATE	32.458551° -104.144219°
C-3764	Watts#4	PRIVATE	32.443360° -103.942890°
C-3795	Beckham#6	BLM	32.023434°-103.321968°
C-3821	Three River Trucking	PRIVATE	32.34636° -104.21355
C-3824	Collins	PRIVATE	32.224053° -104.090129°
C-3829	Jesse Baker #3 well	PRIVATE	32.072545°-103.722258°
C-3830	Paduca	BLM	32.156400° -103.742060°
C-3836	Granger	PRIVATE	32.10073° -104.10284°
C-384	ROCKHOUSE Ranch Well - Rockcrusher	PRIVATE	32.481275° -104.420706°
C-459	Walker	PRIVATE	32.3379° -104.1498°
C-496pod2	Munoz #3 Trash Pit Well	PRIVATE	32.34224° -104.15365°
C-496pod3&4	Munoz #2 Corner of Porter & Derrick	PRIVATE	32.34182° -104.15272°
C-552	Dale Hood #1 well	PRIVATE	32.448720° -104.214330°
C-764	Mike Vasquez	PRIVATE	32.230553° -104.083518°
C-766(old)	Grandi	PRIVATE	32.32352° -104.16941°
C-93-S	Don Kidd well	PRIVATE	32.344876 -104.151793
C-987	ROCKY ARROYO - HOUSE	PRIVATE	32.457049° -104.461506°
C-98-A	Bindel well	PRIVATE	32.335125° -104.187255°
CP-1170POD1	Beckham#1	PRIVATE	32.065889° -103.312583°
CP-1201	Winston Ballard	BLM	32.580380° -104.115980°
CP-1202	Winston Ballard	BLM	32.538178° -104.046024°
CP-1231	Winston Ballard	PRIVATE	32.618968° -104.122690°
CP-1263POD5	Beckham#5	PRIVATE	32.065670° -103.307530°
CP-1414	Crawford #1	PRIVATE	32.238380° -103.260890°
CP-1414 POD 1	RRR	PRIVATE	32.23911° -103.25988°
CP-1414 POD 2	RRR	PRIVATE	32.23914° -103.25981°
CP-519	Bond_Private	PRIVATE	32.485546 -104.117583
CP-556	Jimmy Mills (Stacy)	STATE	32.317170° -103.495080°
CP-626	OI Loco (W)	STATE	32.692660° -104.068064°
CP-626-S	Beach Exploration/ OI Loco (E)	STATE	32.694229° -104.064759°
CP-73	Laguna #1	BLM	32.615015°-103.747615°
CP-74	Laguna #2	BLM	32.615255°-103.747688°
CP-741	Jimmy Richardson	BLM	32.61913° -104.06101°
CP-742	Jimmy Richardson	BLM	32.614061° -104.017211°
CP-742	Hidden Well	BLM	32.614061 -104.017211
CP-745	Leaning Tower of Pisa	BLM	32.584619° -104.037179°
CP-75	Laguna #3	BLM	32.615499°-103.747715°
CP-924	Winston Ballard	BLM	32.545888° -104.110114°
CP-926	Winchester well (Winston)	BLM	32.601125° -104.128358°

GRR Inc.			
NMOSE WELL NUMBER	WELL COMMON NAME	LAND OWNERSHIP	GPS LOCATION
J-27	Beckham	PRIVATE	32.020403° -103.299333°
J-5	EPNG Jal Well	PRIVATE	32.050232° -103.313117°
J-33	Beckham	PRIVATE	32.016443° -103.297714°
J-34	Beckham	PRIVATE	32.016443° -103.297714°
J-35	Beckham	PRIVATE	32.016443° -103.297714°
L-10167	Angeli Ranch well	PRIVATE	32.785847° -103.644705°
L-10613	Northcutt3 (2nd House well)	PRIVATE	32.687922°-103.472452°
L-11281	Northcutt4	PRIVATE	32.687675°-103.471512°
L-12459	Northcutt1 (House well)	PRIVATE	32.689498°-103.472697°
L-12462	Northcutt8 Private Well	PRIVATE	32.686238°-103.435409°
L-13049	EPNG Maljamar well	PRIVATE	32.81274° -103.67730°
L-13129	Pearce State	STATE	32.726305°-103.553172°
L-13179	Pearce Trust	STATE	32.731304°-103.548461°
L-13384	Northcutt7 (State) CAZA	STATE	32.694651°-103.434997°
L-1880S-2	HB Intrepid well #7	PRIVATE	32.842212° -103.621299°
L-1880S-3	HB Intrepid well #8	PRIVATE	32.852415° -103.620405°
L-1881	HB Intrepid well #1	PRIVATE	32.829124° -103.624139°
L-1883	HB Intrepid well #4	PRIVATE	32.828041° -103.607654°
L-3887	Northcutt2 (Tower or Pond well)	PRIVATE	32.689036°-103.472437°
L-5434	Northcutt5 (State)	STATE	32.694074°-103.405111°
L-5434-S	Northcutt6 (State)	STATE	32.693355°-103.407004°
RA-14	Horner Can	PRIVATE	32.89348° -104.37208°
RA-1474	Irvin Smith	PRIVATE	32.705773° -104.393043°
RA-1474-B	NLake WS / Jack Clayton	PRIVATE	32.561221°-104.293095°
RA-9193	Angell Ranch North Hummingbird	PRIVATE	32.885162° -103.676376°
SP-55 & SP-1279-A	Blue Springs Surface POD	PRIVATE	32.181358° -104.294009°
SP-55 & SP-1279 (Bounds)	Bounds Surface POD	PRIVATE	32.203875° -104.247076°
SP-55 & SP-1279 (Wilson)	Wilson Surface POD	PRIVATE	32.243010° -104.052197°
City Treated Effluent	City of Carlsbad Waste Treatment Plant	PRIVATE	32.411122° -104.177030°
Mine Industrial	Mosaic Industrial Water	PRIVATE	32.370286° -103.947839°
Mobley State Well (NO OSE)	Mobley Ranch	STATE	32.308859° -103.891806°
EPNG Industrial	Monument Water Well Pipeline (Oil Center, Eunice)	PRIVATE	32.512943° -103.290300°
MCOX Commercial	Matt Cox Commercial	PRIVATE	32.529431° -104.188017°
AMAX Mine Industrial	Mosaic Industrial Water	N/A	VARIOUS TAPS
WAG Mine Industrial	Mosaic Industrial Water	N/A	VARIOUS TAPS
HB Mine Industrial	Intrepid Industrial Water	N/A	VARIOUS TAPS

#### Mesquite

#### Cedar Canyon

Major Source: C464 (McDonald) Sec. 13 T24S R28E Secondary Source: C-00738 (McDonald/Faulk) Sec. 12 T24S R28E

#### Corral Fly - South of Cedar Canyon

Major Source: C464 (McDonald) Sec. 13 T24S R28E Secondary Source: C-00738 (McDonald/Faulk) Sec. 12 T24S R28E

#### Cypress - North of Cedar Canyon

Major Source: Caviness B: C-501-AS2 Sec 23 T28S R15E Secondary Source: George Arnis; C-1303

Sand Dunes - new frac pond

Major Source: 128 Fresh Water Pond (Mesquite/Mosaic) – located at MM 4 on 128; 240,000 bbl pond

Secondary Source: George Arnis; C-1303

#### Mesa Verde – east of Sand Dunes

Major Source: 128 Fresh Water Pond (Mesquite/Mosaic) – located at MM 4 on 128; 240,000 bbl pond

Secondary Source: Unknown at this time; needs coordinates to determine secondary source

#### Smokey Bits/Ivore/Misty - had posiden tanks before

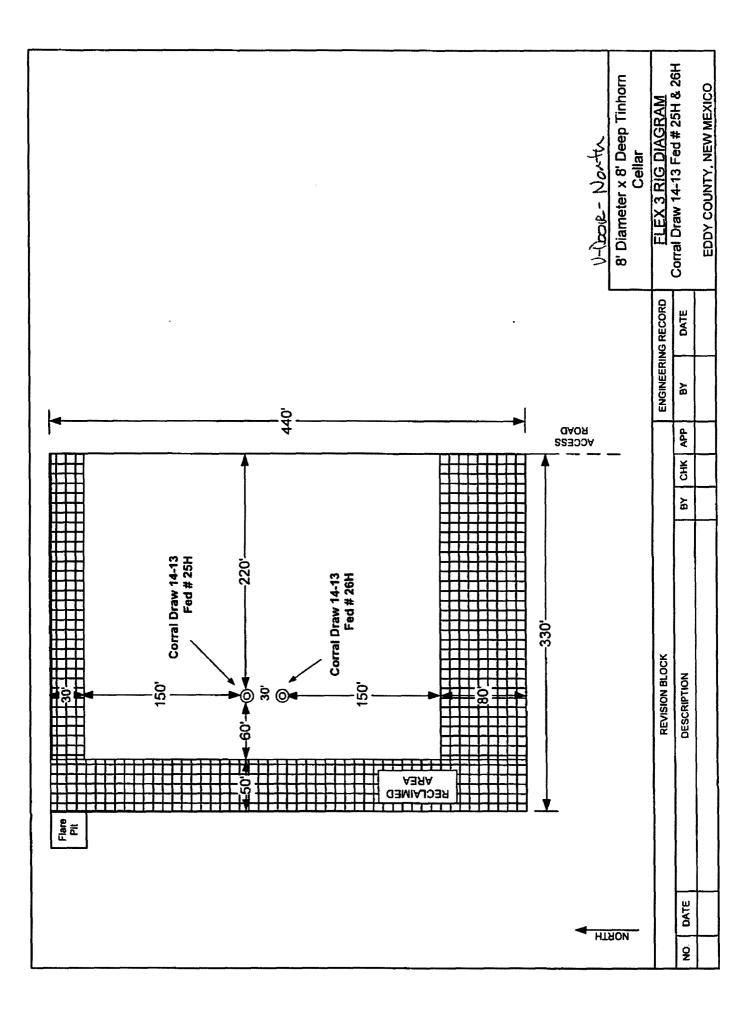
Major Source: Unknown at this time; need coordinates to determine major source Secondary Source: Unknown at this time; needs coordinates to determine secondary source

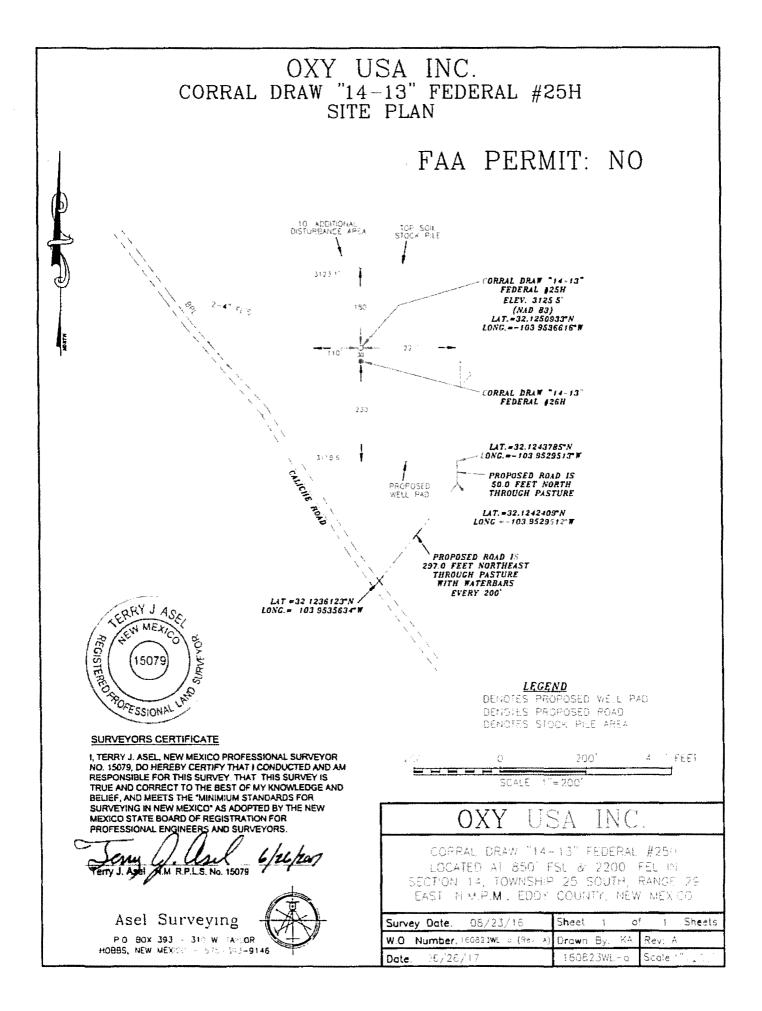
#### Red Tank/Lost Tank

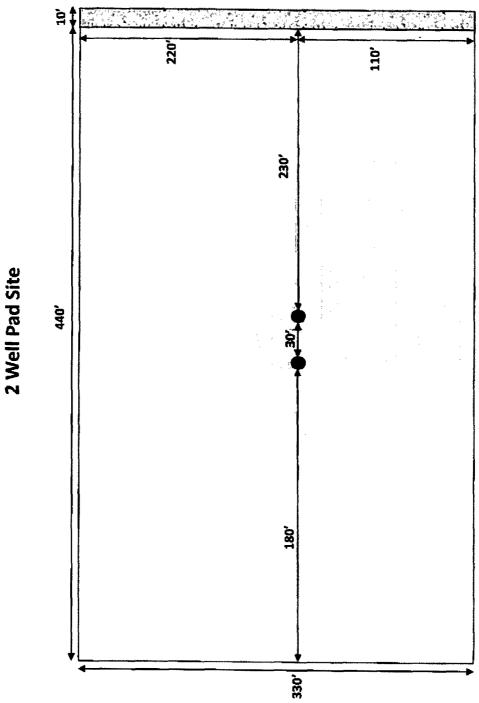
Major Source: Unknown at this time; need coordinates to determine major source Secondary Source: Unknown at this time; needs coordinates to determine secondary source

#### Peaches

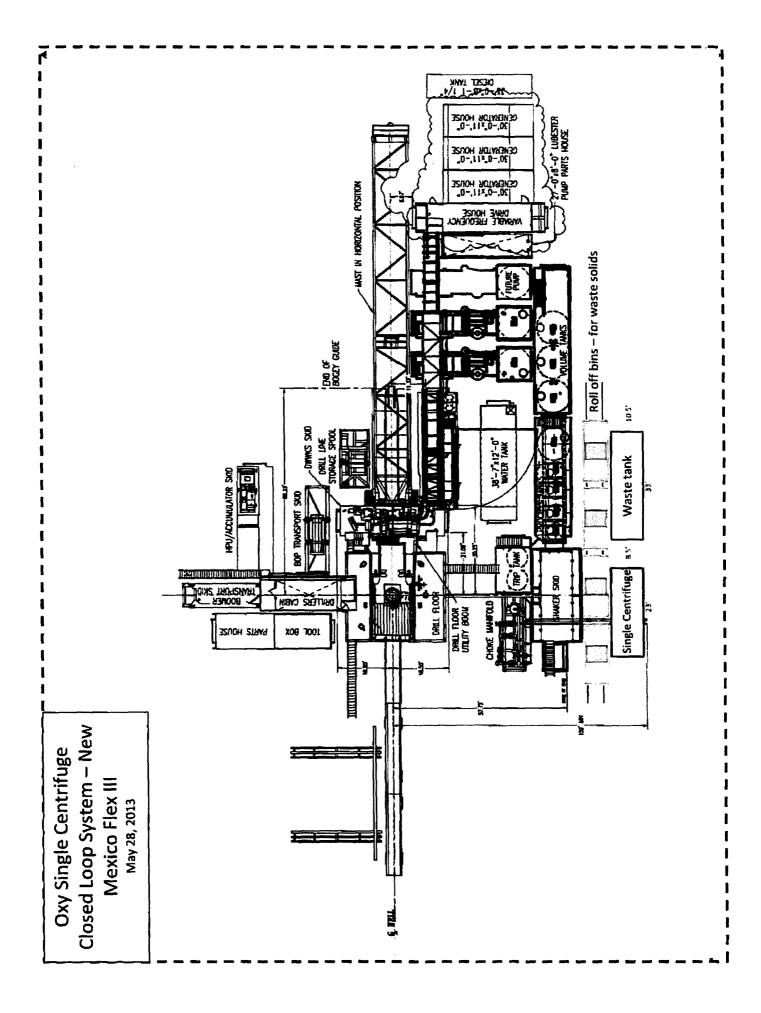
Major Source: Unknown at this time; need coordinates to determine major source Secondary Source: Unknown at this time; needs coordinates to determine secondary source

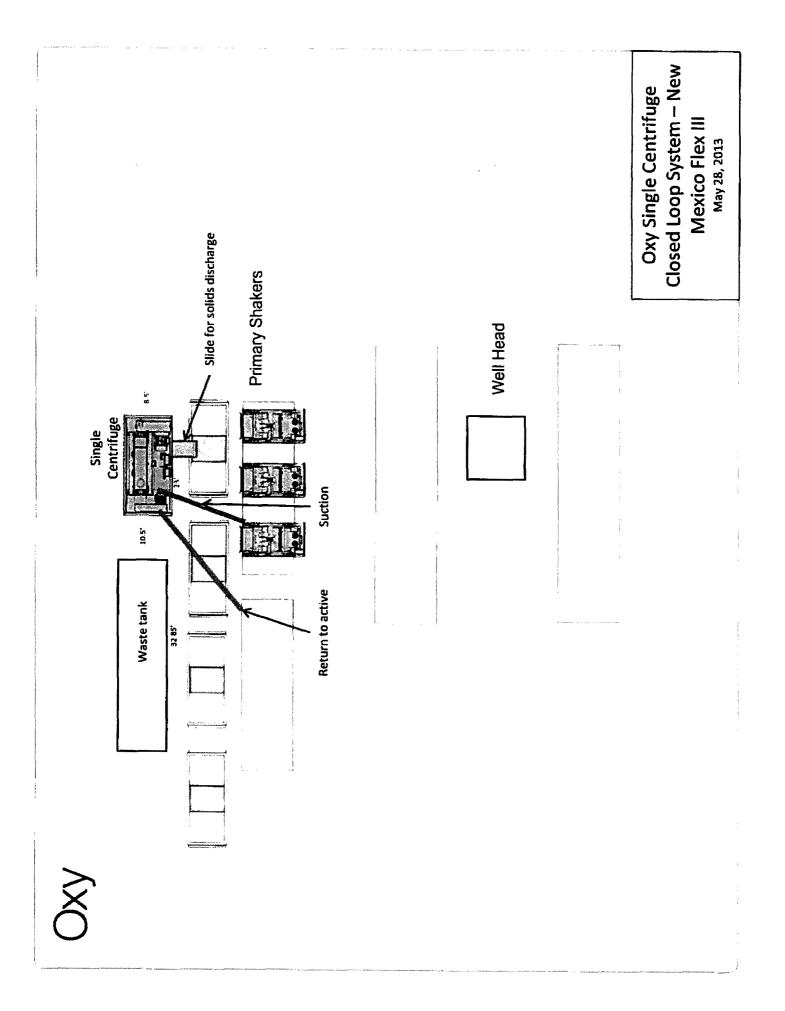


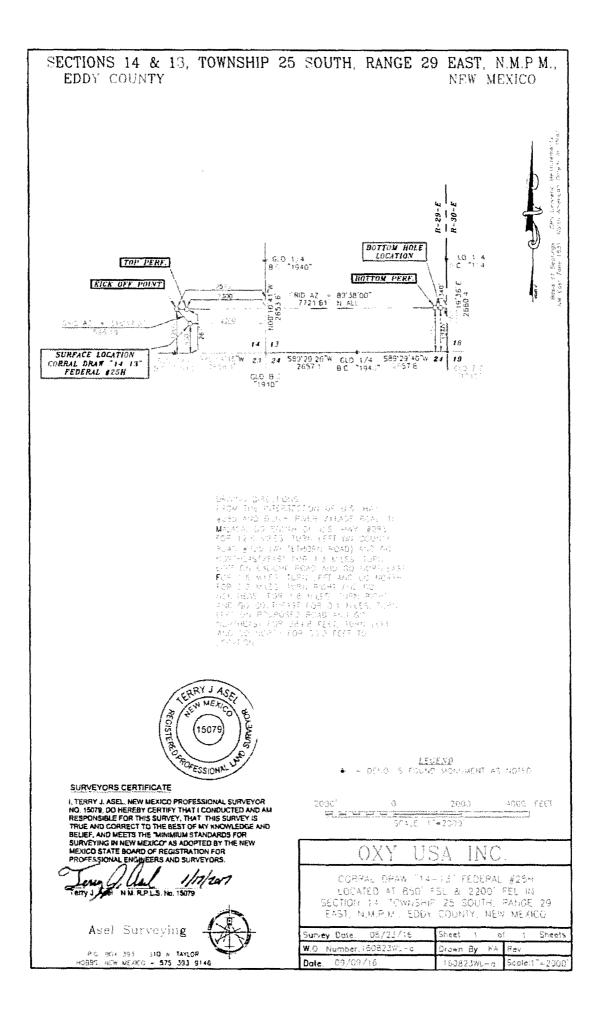




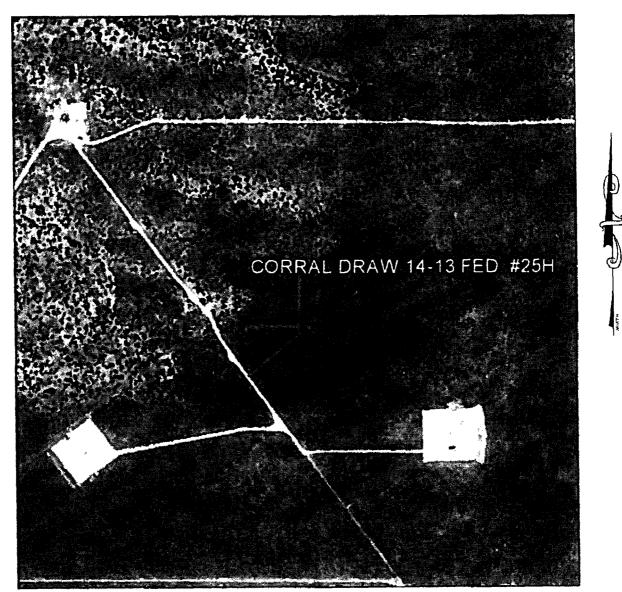
Pad Site Overall Rig Layout 2 Well Pad Site



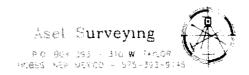




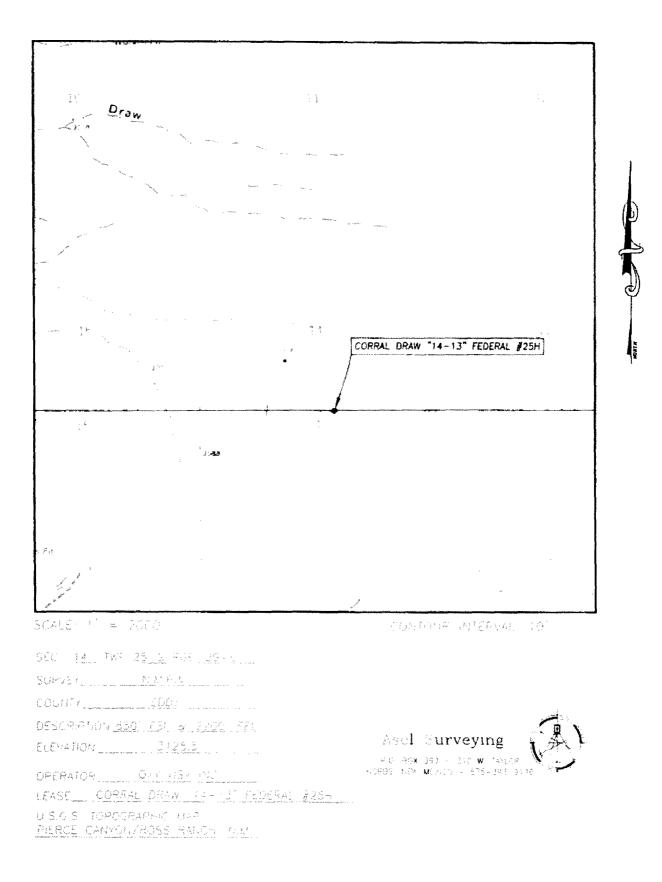
# AERIAL MAP



SCALE. NOT TO SCALE



# LOCATION VERIFICATION MAP



## Oxy U.S.A Inc.

# New Mexico Staking Form

Date Staked:	5-2-16
iease/Well Name:	Corrige Drigue 14-13 Fed #25H
Legal Description:	850' FSL 2200' FEL Sec 14 T255 R29E
Latitude:	32° 07' 30 34'' AND 83
Foulgarge:	-103° 37' 13.18"
Nove information:	
County:	Eddy
Surface Owner/Tenantz	Bem
Herrest Residence:	?
Nearest Water Well:	
V-Deor:	NorTh
Road Description:	Read Into SE corner from SOUTH
New Road:	
Upgrade Existing Road:	
Interim Reclamation:	30' NorTH
Source of Caliche:	
Top Solit	SOUTH 5-16
Onsite Date Performed:	Brock-Wilson-BLM Jim Wilson-Cry
Onsile Attendees;	SWCH Herel Survey
Special Notes:	

#### Surface Use Plan of Operations

Operator Name/Number:	<u>OXY USA Inc. – 16696</u>	
Lease Name/Number:	Corral Draw 14-13 Federal #25H	
Pool Name/Number:	Pierce Crossing Bone Spring, East	96473
Surface Location:	850 FSL 2200 FEL SWSE (O) Sec 14 T25S R29E -	- NMNM15303
Bottom Hole Location:	1260 FSL 180 FEL SESE (P) Sec 13 T25S R29E -	NMNM15303

#### 1. Existing Roads

- a. A copy of the USGS "Pierce Canyon, NM" quadrangle map is attached showing the proposed location. The well location is spotted on the map, which shows the existing road system.
- b. The well was staked by Terry J. Asel, Certificate No. 15079 on 8/23/16, certified 1/17/17.
- c. Directions to Location: From the intersection of USH 285 and Black River Village Road in Malaga, go south on USH 285 for 12.6 miles. Turn left on CR 725 (Whitethorn Rd) and go northeast/east for 4.3 miles. Turn left on caliche road and go northeast for 1.8 miles. Turn left and go north for 2.2 miles. Turn right and go northeast for 1.8 miles. Turn left and go north for 2.2 miles. Turn right and go northeast for 2.97', turn left and go north for 50' to location.

#### 2. New or Reconstructed Access Roads:

- a. A new access road will be built. The access road will run 297' northeast and 50' north through pasture to the southeast corner of the pad.
- b. The maximum width of the road will be 14'. It will be crowned and made up of 6" of rolled and compacted caliche. Water will be deflected, as necessary, to avoid accumulation and prevent surface erosion.
- c. Surface material will be native caliche. This material will be obtained from a BLM approved pit nearest in proximity to the location. The average grade will be approximately 1%.
- d. No cattle guards, grates or fence cuts will be required. Turnouts every 1000' as needed.
- e. Blade, water and repair existing caliche roads as needed.
- f. Water Bars will be incorporated every 200' during the construction of the road.

#### 3. Location of Existing Wells:

Existing wells within a one mile radius of the proposed well are shown on attached plat.

#### 4. Location of Existing and/or Proposed Facilities:

- a. In the event the well is found productive, the Corral Draw 14-13 Central Tank Battery would be utilized and the necessary production equipment will be installed at the well site. See proposed facilities layout diagram.
- b. All flow lines will adhere to API standards. They will consist of 2 4" composite flowlines operating < 75% MAWP, surface and 2 8" gas lift supply line operating <1500 psig, buried, lines to follow surveyed route. Survey of a strip of land 30' wide and 3937.7' in length crossing USA Land in Section 14 T25S R29E, NMPM, Eddy County, NM and being 15' left and 15' right of the centerline survey, see attached.</p>
- c. Electric line will follow a route approved by the BLM. Survey of a strip of land 30' wide and 2515.6' in length crossing USA Land in Section 14 T25S R29E NMPM, Eddy County, NM and being 25' left and 15' right of the centerline survey, see attached.

d. All of the Corral 14-13 federal wells will be routed to the Corral Draw 14-13 CTB located in Section 14 by two production flowlines per well laid on the surface, following attached surveyed route. Attached to the 500'x400' Corral Draw 14-13 CTB there is a compression station that will serve as high pressure gas sales and as gas lift for all of the wells. A 16" buried high pressure trunk line will connect the CTB/Compression station to all of the wells, with an 8" branch running to each well for gas lift. Branches for gas lift will following the same route as the flowlines. From the Corral Draw 14-13 CTB there will be two 16" buried produced water lines and three 16" buried hydrocarbon pipelines running to the north to connect to other developments, see attached.

#### 5. Location and types of Water Supply

This well will be drilled using a combination of water mud systems. It will be obtained from commercial water stations in the area and will be hauled to location by transport truck using existing and proposed roads.

#### 6. Construction Materials:

#### Primary

All caliche utilized for the drilling pad and proposed access road will be obtained from an existing BLM/State/Fee approved pit or from prevailing deposits found on the location. Will use BLM recommended extra caliche from other locations close by for roads, if available.

#### Secondary

The secondary way of obtaining caliche to build locations and roads will be by "turning over" the location. This means, caliche will be obtained from the actual well site. A caliche permit will be obtained from BLM prior to pushing up any caliche. 2400 cubic yards is max amount of caliche needed for pad and roads. Amount will vary for each pad. The procedure below has been approved by BLM personnel:

- a. The top 6" of topsoil is pushed off and stockpiled along the side of the location.
- b. An approximate 120' X 120' area is used within the proposed well site to remove caliche.
- c. Subsoil is removed and piled alongside the 120' X 120' within the pad site.
- d. When caliche is found, material will be stockpiled within the pad site to build the location and road.
- e. Then subsoil is pushed back in the hole and caliche is spread accordingly across entire location and road.
- f. Once the well is drilled the stockpiled top soil will be used for interim reclamation and spread along areas where caliche is picked up and the location size is reduced. Neither caliche nor subsoil will be stockpiled outside of the well pad. Topsoil will be stockpiled along the edge of the pad as depicted in the attached plat.

#### 7. Methods of Handling Waste Material:

- a. A closed loop system will be utilized consisting of above ground steel tanks and haul-off bins. Disposal of liquids, drilling fluids and cuttings will be disposed of at an approved facility. Solids-CRI, Liquids-Laguna
- b. All trash, junk and other waste material will be contained in trash cages or bins to prevent scattering. When the job is completed, all contents will be removed and disposed of in an approved sanitary landfill.
- c. The supplier, including broken sacks, will pickup slats remaining after completion of well.
- d. A Porto-john will be provided for the rig crews. This equipment will be properly maintained during the drilling and completion operations and will be removed when all operations are complete.
- e. Disposal of fluids to be transported will be by the following companies. TFH Ltd, Laguna SWD Facility

#### 8. Ancillary Facilities: None needed.

#### 9. Well Site Layout:

The proposed well site layout with dimensions of the pad layout and equipment location.

V-Door – <u>North</u>

Pad - 330' X 440' - 2 Well Pad

#### 10. Plans for Surface Reclamation:

- a. After concluding the drilling and/or completion operations, if the well is found non-commercial, the caliche will be removed from the pad and transported to the original caliche pit or used for other drilling locations. The road will be reclaimed as directed by the BLM. The original topsoil will again be returned to the pad and contoured, as close as possible, to the original topography, and the area will be seeded with an approved BLM mixture to re-establish vegetation.
- b. If the well is deemed commercially productive, caliche from the areas of the pad site not required for operations will be reclaimed. The original topsoil will be returned to the area of the drill pad not necessary to operate the well. These unused areas of the drill pad will be contoured, as close as possible, to match the original topography, and the area will be seeded with an approved BLM mixture to re-establish vegetation.

#### 11. Surface Ownership:

The surface is owned by the U.S. Government and is administered by the BLM. The surface is multiple use with the primary uses of the region for the grazing of livestock and the production of oil and gas. The surface is leased to: Henry McDonald and John D. Brantley, P.O. Box 597, Loving, NM 88256. They will be notified of our intention to drill prior to any activity.

#### 12. Other Information:

- a. The vegetation cover is generally sparse consisting of mesquite, yucca, shinnery oak, sandsage and perennial native range grass. The topsoil is sandy in nature. Wildlife in the area is also sparse consisting of deer, coyotes, rabbits, rodents, reptiles, dove and quail.
- b. There is no permanent or live water in the general proximity of the location.
- c. There are no dwellings within one mile of the proposed well site.
- d. Cultural Resources Examination–This well is located in the Permian Basin PA. Payment to be determined by BLM. This well shares the same pad as the Corral Draw 14-13 Federal #26H.

Pad + ¼ mile road	<u>\$1550.00</u>	\$.24/ft over ¼ mile <u>\$ 0.00</u>	<u>\$1550.00</u>
Pipeline-up to 1 mile	<u>\$1431.00</u>	\$.27/ft over 1 mile <u>\$ 0.00</u>	<u>\$1431.00</u>
Electric Line-up to 1 mile	<u>\$ 717.00</u>	\$.11/ft over 1 mile <u>\$0.00</u>	<u>\$ 717.00</u>
Total	<u>\$3698.00</u>	<u>\$0.00</u>	<u>\$3698.00</u>

e. Copy of this application has been mailed to SWCA Environmental Consultants, 5647 Jefferson St. NE, Albuquerque, NM 87109. No Potash leases within one mile of surface location.

#### 13. Bond Coverage:

Bond coverage is Individual-NMB000862, Nationwide-ESB00226.

#### 14. Operators Representatives:

Cellular - 575-631-2442

The OXY Permian representatives responsible for ensuring compliance of the surface use plan are listed below:

Office – 713-513-6645 Cellular – 281-832-0978

Van Barton	Corrie Hartman
Supt. Operations	Manager Asset
1502 West Commerce Dr.	P.O. Box 4294
Carlsbad, NM 88220	Houston, TX Carlsbad, NM 88220
Office – 575-628-4111	Office - 713-215-7084
Cellular – 575-706-7671	Cellular – 832-541-3190
Jim Wilson	Cuong Q. Phan
Operation Specialist	RMT Leader
P.O. Box 50250	P.O. Box 4294
Midland, TX 79710	Houston, TX 77210



U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT



Section 1 - General

Would you like to address long-term produced water disposal? NO

### Section 2 - Lined Pits

Would you like to utilize Lined Pit PWD options? NO **Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location: PWD surface owner:** Lined pit PWD on or off channel: Lined pit PWD discharge volume (bbl/day): Lined pit specifications: Pit liner description: Pit liner manufacturers information: Precipitated solids disposal: Decribe precipitated solids disposal: Precipitated solids disposal permit: Lined pit precipitated solids disposal schedule: Lined pit precipitated solids disposal schedule attachment: Lined pit reclamation description: Lined pit reclamation attachment: Leak detection system description: Leak detection system attachment: Lined pit Monitor description: Lined pit Monitor attachment: Lined pit: do you have a reclamation bond for the pit? Is the reclamation bond a rider under the BLM bond? Lined pit bond number: Lined pit bond amount: Additional bond information attachment:

**PWD disturbance (acres):** 

### Section 3 - Unlined Pits

#### Would you like to utilize Unlined Pit PWD options? NO

Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:

**PWD surface owner:** 

Unlined pit PWD on or off channel:

Unlined pit PWD discharge volume (bbl/day):

Unlined pit specifications:

Precipitated solids disposal:

Decribe precipitated solids disposal:

Precipitated solids disposal permit:

Unlined pit precipitated solids disposal schedule:

Unlined pit precipitated solids disposal schedule attachment:

Unlined pit reclamation description:

Unlined pit reclamation attachment:

Unlined pit Monitor description:

Unlined pit Monitor attachment:

Do you propose to put the produced water to beneficial use?

Beneficial use user confirmation:

Estimated depth of the shallowest aquifer (feet):

Does the produced water have an annual average Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) concentration equal to or less than that of the existing water to be protected?

TDS lab results:

Geologic and hydrologic evidence:

State authorization:

**Unlined Produced Water Pit Estimated percolation:** 

Unlined pit: do you have a reclamation bond for the pit?

Is the reclamation bond a rider under the BLM bond?

Unlined pit bond number:

Unlined pit bond amount:

Additional bond information attachment:

Section 4 - Injection

Would you like to utilize Injection PWD options? NO

Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:

PWD surface owner:

Injection PWD discharge volume (bbl/day):

Injection well mineral owner:

PWD disturbance (acres):

PWD disturbance (acres):

Injection well type: Injection well number: Assigned injection well API number? Injection well new surface disturbance (acres): Minerals protection information: Mineral protection attachment: Underground Injection Control (UIC) Permit?

**UIC Permit attachment:** 

### Section 5 - Surface Discharge

#### Would you like to utilize Surface Discharge PWD options? NO

Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location: PWD surface owner: Surface discharge PWD discharge volume (bbl/day): Surface Discharge NPDES Permit? Surface Discharge NPDES Permit attachment: Surface Discharge site facilities information: Surface discharge site facilities map:

### Section 6 - Other

Would you like to utilize Other PWD options? NO

Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location: PWD surface owner: Other PWD discharge volume (bbl/day): Other PWD type description: Other PWD type attachment: Have other regulatory requirements been met? Other regulatory requirements attachment: Injection well name: Injection well API number:

PWD disturbance (acres):

**PWD** disturbance (acres):

### WAFMSS

U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

**Bond Information** 



Federal/Indian APD: FED

BLM Bond number: ESB000226

**BIA Bond number:** 

Do you have a reclamation bond? NO

Is the reclamation bond a rider under the BLM bond?

Is the reclamation bond BLM or Forest Service?

**BLM reclamation bond number:** 

Forest Service reclamation bond number:

Forest Service reclamation bond attachment:

Reclamation bond number:

**Reclamation bond amount:** 

**Reclamation bond rider amount:** 

Additional reclamation bond information attachment: