District I
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
District II
811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210
District III
1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410
District IV
1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

State of New Mexico Energy Minerals and Natural Resources

MAY 3 1 2018

Form C-141 Revised April 3, 2017

Oil Conservation Division DISTRICT ISARTESIA D. G. Appropriate District Office in 1220 South St. Francis Dr.

Santa Fe, NM 87505

Release Notification and Corrective Action								
<u> 11AB 1815 1516105</u>		OPERA'	TOR		Initi	al Report	П	Final Repor
Name of Company: XTO Energy 538)		Contact: K			EN IIII	ar recport		i mai Repoi
Address: 3104 E. Greene St., Carlsbad, N.M. 88220		Telephone No: 432-221-7331						
Facility Name: Avalon Delaware Unit Central Tank Battery (API for Avalon Delaware Unit 520)		Facility Type: Exploration and Production						
Surface Owner: Federal Mineral Owner:		Federal			API No: 30-015-28664			
LOCATION OF RELEASE								
Unit Letter Section Township Range Feet from the G 31 20S 28E 1388		h/South Line Feet from the			West Line County Eddy			
Latitude 32.533746 Longitude -104.217270 NAD83								
NATURE OF RELEASE								
Type of Release	Volume of Release Volume Recovered							
Oil and produced water	7 bbl produced water, 1 bbl oil			3.5 bbl produced water, .5 bbl oil				
Source of Release	Date and Hour of Occurrence			Date and Hour of Discovery				
Flare Was Immediate Notice Given?	5/19/2018, AM			5/19/2018, 8:30 AM				
Yes No Not F	If YES, To Whom? Mike Bratcher and Crystal Weaver (NMOCD), Shelly Tucker and Jim Amos (BLM)							
By Whom? Kyle Littrell	Date and Hour: 5/21/2018, 3:20 PM							
Was a Watercourse Reached?  ☐ Yes ☒ No	If YES, Volume Impacting the Watercourse. N/A							
If a Watercourse was Impacted, Describe Fully.*  N/A  Describe Cause of Problem and Remedial Action Taken.*  A dump valve failed to open on the main separator, causing fluid dump valve was rebuilt, fluid pulled from the lines, and repairs n	l to escap	e the flare line ne flare.	and resulting in	a smail (	fire. The fi	re extinguish	ned itse	clf. The
Describe Area Affected and Cleanup Action Taken.*  The fluid mostly sprayed west from the flare, with a smaller amount of overspray to the cast. A vacuum truck was dispatched and recovered 3.5 bbl produced water and .5 bbl oil. An environmental contractor has been retained to assist with remediation efforts.								
I hereby certify that the information given above is true and compregulations all operators are required to report and/or file certain public health or the environment. The acceptance of a C-141 repshould their operations have failed to adequately investigate and or the environment. In addition, NMOCD acceptance of a C-141 federal, state, or local laws and/or regulations.	release no ort by the remediate	otifications an NMOCD ma contamination	d perform correct rked as "Final Re on that nose a thre	tive action eport" do	ons for rele ses not reli-	eases which cover the open	may er ator of	ndanger Fliability
Signature I for fitted		OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION						
Printed Name: Kyle Littrell	/	Approved by I	Signed By Environmental Sp	eclatist:	1/4 Killeralese_			
Title: Environmental Coordinator		Approval Date	4/5/18	E	xpiration [	Date: N/	A_	
E-mail Address: Kyle Littrell@xtoenergy.com		Conditions of	Approval:		. 1	Attached	_	10
Date: 5/30/2018 Phone: 432-221-7331		See Ut	TUUI	JEU	1	ベン・	41781	
Attach Additional Sheets If Necessary						. <u>''                                    </u>	//	

Operator/Responsible Party,

The OCD has received the form C-141 you provided on 5/31/2018 regarding an unauthorized release. The information contained on that form has been entered into our incident database and remediation case number 2RP-4718 has been assigned. Please refer to this case number in all future correspondence.

It is the Division's obligation under both the Oil & Gas Act and Water Quality Act to provide for the protection of public health and the environment. Our regulations (19.15.29.11 NMAC) state the following,

The responsible person shall complete <u>division-approved corrective action</u> for releases that endanger public health or the environment. The responsible person shall address releases in accordance with a remediation plan submitted to and approved by the division or with an abatement plan submitted in accordance with 19.15.30 NMAC. [emphasis added]

Release characterization is the first phase of corrective action unless the release is ongoing or is of limited volume and all impacts can be immediately addressed. Proper and cost-effective remediation typically cannot occur without adequate characterization of the impacts of any release. Furthermore, the Division has the ability to impose reasonable conditions upon the efforts it oversees. As such, the Division is requiring a workplan for the characterization of impacts associated with this release be submitted to the OCD District 2 office in ARTESIA on or before 7/01/2018. If and when the release characterization workplan is approved, there will be an associated deadline for submittal of the resultant investigation report. Modest extensions of time to these deadlines may be granted, but only with acceptable justification.

The goals of a characterization effort are: 1) determination of the lateral and vertical extents along with the magnitude of soil contamination. 2) determine if groundwater or surface waters have been impacted. 3) If groundwater or surface waters have been impacted, what are the extents and magnitude of that impact. 4) The characterization of any other adverse impacts that may have occurred (examples: impacts on vegetation, impacts on wildlife, air quality, loss of use of property, etc.). To meet these goals as quickly as possible, the following items must, at a minimum, be addressed in the release characterization workplan and subsequent reporting:

- Horizontal delineation of soil impacts in each of the four cardinal compass directions. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C<sub>6</sub> thru C<sub>36</sub>), and for chloride by Method 300. This is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants. Analyzed parameters should be modified based on the nature of the released substance(s). Soil sampling must be both within the impacted area and beyond.
- Vertical delineation of soil impacts. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C<sub>6</sub> thru C<sub>36</sub>), and for chloride by Method 300. As above, this is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants and can be modified. Vertical characterization samples should be taken at depth intervals no greater than five feet apart. Lithologic description of encountered soils must also be provided. At least ten vertical feet of soils with contaminant concentrations at or below these values must be demonstrated as existing above the water table.
- Nominal detection limits for field and laboratory analyses must be provided.
- Composite sampling is not generally allowed.
- Field screening and assessment techniques are acceptable (headspace, titration, EC [include algorithm for validation purposes], EM, etc.), but the sampling and assay procedures must be clearly defined. Copies of field notes are highly desirable. A statistically significant set of split samples must be submitted for confirmatory laboratory analysis, including the laterally farthest and vertically deepest sets of soil samples. Make sure there are at least two soil samples submitted

for laboratory analysis from each borehole or test pit (highest observed contamination and deepest depth investigated). Copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

- •Probable depth to shallowest protectable groundwater and lateral distance to nearest surface water. If there is an estimate of groundwater depth, the information used to arrive at that estimate must be provided. If there is a reasonable assumption that the depth to protectable water is 50 feet or less, the responsible party should anticipate the need for at least one groundwater monitoring well to be installed in the area of likely maximum contamination.
- If groundwater contamination is encountered, an additional investigation workplan may be required to determine the extents of that contamination. Groundwater and/or surface water samples, if any, must be analyzed by a competent laboratory for volatile organic hydrocarbons (typically Method 8260 full list), total dissolved solids, pH, major anions and cations including chloride and sulfate, dissolved iron, and dissolved manganese. The investigation workplan must provide the groundwater sampling method(s) and sample handling protocols. To the fullest extent possible, aqueous analyses must be undertaken using nominal method detection limits. As with the soil analyses, copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.
- Accurately scaled and well-drafted site maps must be provided providing the location of borings, test pits, monitoring wells, potentially impacted areas, and significant surface features including roads and site infrastructure that might limit either the release characterization or remedial efforts. Field sketches may be included in subsequent reporting, but should not be considered stand-alone documentation of the site's layout. Digital photographic documentation of the location and fieldwork is recommended, especially if unusual circumstances are encountered.

Nothing herein should be interpreted to preclude emergency response actions or to imply immediate remediation by removal cannot proceed as warranted. Nonetheless, characterization of impacts and confirmation of the effectiveness of remedial efforts must still be provided to the OCD before any release incident will be closed.

Jim Griswold
OCD Environmental Bureau Chief
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Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505
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