			Expires (	October 31, 2	37 2014
ANACEN	UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR			5. Lease Serial No. NMNM117120	
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DRILL OR F				6. If Indian, Allotee or Tribe N	
be of work:			7 If Unit or CA Agro	eement, Na	ame and No. <b>32/4</b>
	Single Zone	ultiple Zone	OXBOW CC 17-8		-
			30-0		
				•	-
4. Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance with any State requirements.*) At surface SESE / 601 FSL / 1236 FEL / LAT 32.2119364 / LONG -104.0019652			11. Sec., T. R. M. or E	3lk.and Su	rvey or Area
LAT 32.23	389868 / LONG -104.0	025229	12. County or Parish EDDY		13. State NM
16. N 520		17. Spacin 640	L. ng Unit dedicated to this	well	L
		start*	23. Estimated duration 25 days	on	
inshore Oil a	und Gas Order No.1, must t	ic attached to the	iis form:		
			ins unless covered by an	i existing l	ond on file (see
stem Lands, e).			`ormation and/or plans a	s may be r	equired by the
	Name (Printed/Typed) David Stewart / Ph: (713)366-5716		6	Date 02/08/	2018
	Name (Printed/Typed) Cody Layton / Ph: (575)234-5959			Date 06/22/	/2018
Title         Office           Supervisor Multiple Resources         CARLSBAD					
	ENTER 3b. Pl (713 ith any State 19364 / LC LAT 32.2 * 16. 1 520 19. 1 995 22. / 10/ 24. Inshore Oil a stem Lands.	ENTER  Single Zone Mu  Mu  Mu  Mu  Single Zone Mu  Mu  Mu  Mu  Mu  Mu  Mu  Mu  Mu  Mu	ENTER  Single Zone Multiple Zone  Mu	ENTER       7. If Unit or CA Agr.         8. Lease Name and OXBOW CC 17-8       8. Lease Name and OXBOW CC 17-8         9. API Well No.       9. API Well No.         770       3b. Phone No. (include area code)       10. Field and Pool, or PURPLE SAGE W         11. Sec., T. R. M. or E       11. Sec., T. R. M. or E         11. Sec., T. R. M. or J       11. Sec., T. R. M. or E         11. AT 32.2389868 / LONG -104.0025229       12. County or Parish EDDY         16. No. of acres in lease       17. Spacing Unit dedicated to this 640         19. Proposed Depth       20. BLM/BIA Bond No. on file         9953 feet / 20156 feet       FED: ESB000226         22. Approximate date work will start*       23. Estimated duratic         10/21/2019       24. Attachments         24. Attachments       5. Operator certification         6. Such other site specific information and/or plans a BLM.         Name (Printed/Typed)         David Stewart / Ph: (713)366-5716         Name (Printed/Typed)         Cody Layton / Ph: (575)234-5959         Office	ENTER       7       If Unit or CA Agreement, Na         Single Zone       Multiple Zone       8. Lease Name and Well No. OXBOW CC 17-8 FEDERA         10. Field and Pool, or Explorator       9. API Well No.         10. Field and Pool, or Explorator       9. API Well No.         11. Sec., T. R. M. or Blk. and Sur       11. Sec., T. R. M. or Blk. and Sur         19364 / LONG -104.0019652       12. County or Parish         LAT 32.2389868 / LONG -104.0025229       12. County or Parish         16. No. of acres in lease       17. Spacing Unit dedicated to this well         520       640         19. Proposed Depth       20. BLM/BIA Bond No. on file         9953 feet / 20156 feet       FED: ESB000226         22. Approximate date work will start*       23. Estimated duration         10/21/2019       23 days         24. Attachments       4. Bond to cover the operations unless covered by an existing b         Item 20 above).       5. Operator certification         5. Such other site specific information and/or plans as may be r         BLM.       Date         02/08/c       Name (Printed/Typed)       Date         02/08/c       Office

(Continued on page 2)

.....



\*(Instructions on page 2)

Pup 7-3-18

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

GENERAL: This form is designed for submitting proposals to perform certain well operations, as indicated on Federal and Indian lands and leases for action by appropriate Federal agencies, pursuant to applicable Federal laws and regulations. Any necessary special instructions concerning the use of this form and the number of copies to be submitted, particularly with regard to local, area, or regional procedures and practices, either are shown below or will be issued by, or may be obtained from local Federal offices.

ITEM 1: If the proposal is to redrill to the same reservoir at a different subsurface location or to a new reservoir, use this form with appropriate notations. Consult applicable Federal regulations concerning subsequent work proposals or reports on the well.

ITEM 4: Locations on Federal or Indian land should be described in accordance with Federal requirements. Consult local Federal offices for specific instructions.

ITEM 14: Needed only when location of well cannot readily be found by road from the land or lease description. A plat, or plats, separate or on the reverse side, showing the roads to, and the surveyed location of, the well, and any other required information, should be furnished when required by Federal agency offices.

ITEMS 15 AND 18: If well is to be, or has been directionally drilled, give distances for subsurface location of hole in any present or objective productive zone.

ITEM 22: Consult applicable Federal regulations, or appropriate officials, concerning approval of the proposal before operations are started.

#### NOTICES

The Privacy Act of 1974 and regulation in 43 CFR 2.48(d) provide that you be furnished the following information in connection with information required by this application.

AUTHORITY: 30 U.S.C. 181 et seq., 25 U.S.C. 396; 43 CFR 3160

PRINCIPAL PURPOSES: The information will be used to: (1) process and evaluate your application for a permit to drill a new oil, gas, or service well or to reenter a plugged and abandoned well; and (2) document, for administrative use, information for the management, disposal and use of National Resource Lands and resources including (a) analyzing your proposal to discover and extract the Federal or Indian resources encountered; (b) reviewing procedures and equipment and the projected impact on the land involved; and (c) evaluating the effects of the proposed operation on the surface and subsurface water and other environmental impacts. ROUTINE USE: Information from the record and/or the record will be transferred to appropriate Federal, State, and local or foreign agencies, when relevant to civil, criminal or regulatory investigations or prosecution, in connection with congressional inquiries and for regulatory responsibilities.

EFFECT OF NOT PROVIDING INFORMATION: Filing of this application and disclosure of the information is mandatory only if you elect to initiate a drilling or reentry operation on an oil and gas lease.

The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 requires us to inform you that:

The BLM collects this information to allow evaluation of the technical, safety, and environmental factors involved with drilling for oil and/or gas on Federal and Indian oil and gas leases. This information will be used to analyze and approve applications. Response to this request is mandatory only if the operator elects to initiate drilling or reentry operations on an oil and gas lease. The BLM would like you to know that you do not have to respond to this or any other Federal agency-sponsored information collection unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

**BURDEN HOURS STATEMENT:** Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 8 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this form to U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (1004-0137), Bureau Information Collection Clearance Officer (WO-630), 1849 C Street, N.W., Mail Stop 401 LS, Washington, D.C. 20240.

(Continued on page 3)

(Form 3160-3, page 2)

۴...

## **Additional Operator Remarks**

#### **Location of Well**

SHL: SESE / 601 FSL / 1236 FEL / TWSP: 24S / RANGE: 29E / SECTION: 17 / LAT: 32.2119364 / LONG: -104.0019652 (TVD: 0 feet, MD: 0 feet)
 PPP: NWNE / 1319 FNL / 1378 FEL / TWSP: 24S / RANGE: 29E / SECTION: 8 / LAT: 32.235854 / LONG: -104.002511 (TVD: 9954 feet, MD: 19556 feet)
 PPP: NWSE / 1337 FSL / 1374 FEL / TWSP: 24S / RANGE: 29E / SECTION: 8 / LAT: 32.228555 / LONG: -104.002486 (TVD: 9959 feet, MD: 16932 feet)
 PPP: SWSE / 340 FSL / 1380 FEL / TWSP: 24S / RANGE: 29E / SECTION: 17 / LAT: 32.2112222 / LONG: -104.0024263 (TVD: 9963 feet, MD: 10338 feet)
 BHL: NWNE / 180 FNL / 1380 FEL / TWSP: 24S / RANGE: 29E / SECTION: 8 / LAT: 32.2389868 / LONG: -104.0025229 (TVD: 9953 feet, MD: 20156 feet)

## **BLM Point of Contact**

Name: Sipra Dahal Title: Legal Instruments Examiner Phone: 5752345983 Email: sdahal@blm.gov

## **Review and Appeal Rights**

A person contesting a decision shall request a State Director review. This request must be filed within 20 working days of receipt of the Notice with the appropriate State Director (see 43 CFR 3165.3). The State Director review decision may be appealed to the Interior Board of Land Appeals, 801 North Quincy Street, Suite 300, Arlington, VA 22203 (see 43 CFR 3165.4). Contact the above listed Bureau of Land Management office for further information.

# PECOS DISTRICT DRILLING CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

<b>OPERATOR'S NAME:</b>	OXY USA INC.
LEASE NO.:	NMNM-117120
WELL NAME & NO.:	Oxbow CC 17-8 Federal Com 35H
SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:	0601' FSL & 1236' FEL
<b>BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE</b>	0180' FNL & 1380' FEL Sec. 08, T. 24 S., R 29 E.
LOCATION:	Section 17, T. 24 S., R 29 E., NMPM
COUNTY:	County, New Mexico

## Submit NMOCD Gas Capture plan via sundry notice.

## **Communitization Agreement**

The operator will submit a Communitization Agreement to the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 E Greene St. Carlsbad, New Mexico 88220, at least 90 days before the anticipated date of first production from a well subject to a spacing order issued by the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division. The Communitization Agreement will include the signatures of all working interest owners in all Federal and Indian leases subject to the Communitization Agreement (i.e., operating rights owners and lessees of record), or certification that the operator has obtained the written signatures of all such owners and will make those signatures available to the BLM immediately upon request.

If the operator does not comply with this condition of approval, the BLM may take enforcement actions that include, but are not limited to, those specified in 43 CFR 3163.1.

• In addition, the well sign shall include the surface and bottom hole lease numbers. <u>When the Communitization Agreement number is known, it shall also be</u> on the sign.

## A. DRILLING OPERATIONS REQUIREMENTS

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well (minimum of 24 hours)
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)

## □ Eddy County

Call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220, (575) 361-2822

1. Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) monitors shall be installed prior to drilling out the surface shoe. If H2S is detected in concentrations greater than 100 ppm, the

Page 1 of 7

Hydrogen Sulfide area shall meet Onshore Order 6 requirements, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, provide measured values and formations to the BLM.

- 2. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval. If the drilling rig is removed without approval an Incident of Non-Compliance will be written and will be a "Major" violation.
- 3. Alternative when using skid/walking rig The operator has proposed to drill multiple wells utilizing a skid/walking rig. Operator shall secure the wellbore on the current well, after installing and testing the wellhead, by installing a blind flange of like pressure rating to the wellhead and a pressure gauge that can be monitored while drilling is performed on the other wells.
- 4. Option Setting surface casing with Spudder Rig
  - a. Notify the BLM when removing the Spudder Rig.
  - b. Notify the BLM when moving in the H&P Flex Rig. Rig to be moved in within 60 days of notification that the Spudder Rig has left the location. Failure to notify or have rig on location within 60 days will result in an Incident of Non-Compliance.
  - c. Once the H&P Flex Rig is on location, it shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged. If the drilling rig is removed without approval an Incident of Non-Compliance will be written and will be a "Major" violation.
  - d. BOP/BOPE test to be conducted per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 as soon as H&P Flex Rig is rigged up on well. CIT for the surface casing shall be performed and results recorded on subsequent sundry pressure to be 1200 psi.
- 5. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works is located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
- 6. The record of the drilling rate along with the GR/N well log run from TD to surface (horizontal well vertical portion of hole) shall be submitted to the BLM office as well as all other logs run on the borehole 30 days from completion. If

Page 2 of 7

available, a digital copy of the logs is to be submitted in addition to the paper copies. The Rustler top and top and bottom of Salt are to be recorded on the Completion Report.

#### B. CASING

Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size or are Non-API. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.). The initial wellhead installed on the well will remain on the well with spools used as needed.

Centralizers required on surface casing per Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.f.

#### Wait on cement (WOC) for Water Basin:

After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi at the shoe, 2) until cement has been in place at least <u>8 hours</u>. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements.

Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. Have well specific cement details onsite prior to pumping the cement for each casing string.

No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.

#### Medium Cave/Karst

Possibility of water flows in the Castile and Salado. Possibility of lost circulation in the Rustler, Red Beds, and Delaware. Abnormal pressures maybe encountered when penetrating the 3<sup>rd</sup> Bone Spring Sandstone and all subsequent Formations.

1. The 13-3/8 inch surface casing shall be set at approximately 400 feet (in a competent bed below the Magenta Dolomite, which is a Member of the Rustler, and if salt is encountered, set casing at least 25 feet above the salt) and cemented to the surface.

- a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
- b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry.
- c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
- d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.

Formation below the 13-3/8" shoe to be tested according to Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.i. Test to be done as a mud equivalency test using the mud weight necessary for the pore pressure of the formation below the shoe and the mud weight for the bottom of the hole. Report results to BLM office.

Intermediate casing shall be kept fluid filled while running into hole to meet BLM minimum collapse requirements.

- 2. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 9-5/8 inch intermediate casing is:
  - ☐ Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to cave/karst or potash. Excess calculates to 22% Additional cement may be required.

Operator has proposed a contingency DV tool at 2838'. If operator circulates cement on the first stage, operator is approved to run the DV tool cancellation plug and cancel the second stage of the proposed cement plan. If cement does not circulate, operator will proceed with the second stage.

Second stage above DV tool:

 $\Box$  Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate, contact the appropriate BLM

office.\_Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to cave/karst or potash.

If cement does not circulate to surface on the intermediate casing, the cement on the production casing must come to surface.

Formation below the 9-5/8" shoe to be tested according to Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.i. Test to be done as a mud equivalency test using the mud weight necessary for the pore pressure of the formation below the shoe (not the mud weight required to prevent dissolving the salt formation) and the mud weight for the bottom of the hole. Report results to BLM office.

Centralizers required on horizontal leg, must be type for horizontal service and a minimum of one every other joint.

- 3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 5-1/2 inch production casing is:
  - ☐ Cement as proposed by operator. Operator shall provide method of verification. Excess calculates to 16% Additional cement may be required.

4. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.

## C. PRESSURE CONTROL

- 1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and API 53.
- 2. Variance approved to use flex line from BOP to choke manifold. Check condition of flexible line from BOP to choke manifold, replace if exterior is damaged or if line fails test. Line to be as straight as possible with no hard bends and is to be anchored according to Manufacturer's requirements. The flexible hose can be exchanged with a hose of equal size and equal or greater pressure rating. Anchor requirements, specification sheet and hydrostatic pressure test certification matching the hose in service, to be onsite for review. These documents shall be posted in the company man's trailer and on the rig floor. If the BLM inspector questions the straightness of the hose, a BLM engineer will be contacted and will review in the field or via picture supplied by inspector to determine if changes are required (operator shall expect delays if this occurs).
- 3. Operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly. This assembly will only be tested when installed on the surface casing. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be psi.

- a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
- b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
- c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
- d. Operator shall perform the intermediate casing integrity test to 70% of the casing burst. This will test the multi-bowl seals.
- e. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.

5M system requires an HCR valve, remote kill line and annular to match. The remote kill line is to be installed prior to testing the system and tested to stack pressure.

- 4. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
  - a. In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).
  - a. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug **not a cup or J-packer**.
  - b. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2 hour clock. If a twelve hour or twenty-four hour chart is used, tester shall make a notation that it is run with a two hour clock.
  - c. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
  - d. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.

- e. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.
- f. BOP/BOPE must be tested by an independent service company within 500 feet of the top of the **Wolfcamp** formation if the time between the setting of the intermediate casing and reaching this depth exceeds 20 days. This test does not exclude the test prior to drilling out the casing shoe as per Onshore Order No. 2.

## D. **DRILLING MUD**

Mud system monitoring equipment, with derrick floor indicators and visual and audio alarms, shall be operating before drilling into the **Wolfcamp** formation, and shall be used until production casing is run and cemented.

## E. DRILL STEM TEST

If drill stem tests are performed, Onshore Order 2.III.D shall be followed.

## F. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area.

Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

### JAM 062018

Page 7 of 7

# PECOS DISTRICT SURFACE USE CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME:	OXY USA INCORPORATED
LEASE NO.:	NMNM 117120
WELL NAME & NO.:	35H-OXBOW CC 17-08 FED COM
SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:	601'/S & 1236'/E
BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE	180'/N & 1380'/E
LOCATION:	T-24S, R-29E, S-17. NMPM
COUNTY:	EDDY, NM

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

Standard Conditions of Approval (COA) apply to this APD. If any deviations to these standards exist or special COAs are required, the section with the deviation or requirement will be checked below.

General Provisions
Permit Expiration
Archaeology, Paleontology, and Historical Sites
Noxious Weeds
Special Requirements
Watershed
Range
Ground-level Abandoned Well Marker
Cave/Karst
Cultural
Construction
Notification
Topsoil
Closed Loop System
Federal Mineral Material Pits
Well Pads
Roads
Road Section Diagram
Production (Post Drilling)
Well Structures & Facilities
Pipelines
Electric Lines
Interim Reclamation
Final Abandonment & Reclamation

## I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The approval of the Application For Permit To Drill (APD) is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations: 43 Code of Federal Regulations 3160, the lease terms, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, Notices To Lessees, New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) Rules, National Historical Preservation Act As Amended, and instructions and orders of the Authorized Officer. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

# **II. PERMIT EXPIRATION**

If the permit terminates prior to drilling and drilling cannot be commenced within 60 days after expiration, an operator is required to submit Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, requesting surface reclamation requirements for any surface disturbance. However, if the operator will be able to initiate drilling within 60 days after the expiration of the permit, the operator must have set the conductor pipe in order to allow for an extension of 60 days beyond the expiration date of the APD. (Filing of a Sundry Notice is required for this 60 day extension.)

# **III. ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES**

Any cultural and/or paleontological resource discovered by the operator or by any person working on the operator's behalf shall immediately report such findings to the Authorized Officer. The operator is fully accountable for the actions of their contractors and subcontractors. The operator shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery shall be made by the Authorized Officer to determine the appropriate actions that shall be required to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values of the discovery. The operator shall be held responsible for the cost of the proper mitigation measures that the Authorized Officer assesses after consultation with the operator on the evaluation and decisions of the discovery. Any unauthorized collection or disturbance of cultural or paleontological resources may result in a shutdown order by the Authorized Officer.

## **IV. NOXIOUS WEEDS**

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

# V. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)

Activities from development could impact the functionality of the floodplain. In an event of a flood, there is an increased potential that these wells will be severely damaged. Any damage caused by flooding could have a localized and/or downstream impact on water quality of the Pecos River.

#### FLOODPLAIN:

The proposed project is within the Pecos River 100-year FEMA Floodplain. To mitigate the impacts for occupying space within a floodplain the height of the pads for wells Salt Ridge 31-36H and Oxbow 31-36H will need to have a local surveyed elevation of 2950' or greater. The entire well pad will be bermed 3 feet. Tanks and storage facilities are not permitted on this pad location to prevent oil, salt, and other chemical contaminants from entering the Pecos River. Topsoil should not be used to construct the berm or pad. For interim reclamation; the north and south edges of the pad will be brought in 30 feet and the east and west edges will be reclaimed back 50 feet to minimize impacts to the 100-year FEMA Floodplain. The berm should be maintained through the life of the wells and after interim reclamation has been completed. Any water erosion that may occur during the life of the project would be quickly corrected and proper measures would be taken to prevent future erosion.

- In the event that any underground voids are encountered during construction, construction activities would be halted, and the BLM would be notified immediately.
- No blasting would be utilized for pad construction. The pad would be constructed and leveled by adding the necessary fill and caliche.
- The entire perimeter of the well pad would be bermed to prevent oil, salt, and other chemical contaminants from leaving the well pad.
  - The compacted berm shall be constructed at a minimum of 12 inches high with impermeable mineral material (e.g. caliche).
  - No water flow from the uphill side(s) of the pad shall be allowed to enter the well pad.
  - o The topsoil stockpile shall be located outside the bermed well pad.
  - Topsoil, either from the well pad or surrounding area, shall not be used to construct the berm.
  - o No storm drains, tubing or openings shall be placed in the berm.
  - If fluid collects within the bermed area, the fluid must be vacuumed into a safe container and disposed of properly at a state approved facility.
  - The integrity of the berm shall be maintained around the surfaced pad throughout the life of the well and around the downsized pad after interim reclamation has been completed.
  - Any access road entering the well pad shall be constructed so that the integrity of the berm height surrounding the well pad is not compromised. (Any access road crossing the berm cannot be lower than the berm height.)
- To prevent cave and karst resource contamination, the following would be required:
  - Closed mud systems using steel tanks with all fluids and cuttings would be hauled off.
  - Rotary drilling with fresh water where cave or karst features are expected to prevent contamination of freshwater aquifers.
  - Directional drilling would be allowed after at least 100 feet below the cave or karst occurrence zone to prevent additional impacts resulting from directional drilling.

- Lost circulation zones would be logged and reported in the drilling report for the BLM to assess the situation and work with the operator on corrective action.
- Additional drilling, casing and cementing procedures to protect cave zones and fresh water aquifers could be required.
- To prevent cave and karst resource impacts from production activities due to the nature of karst terrain, the following would be required:
  - Tank battery locations would be lined and bermed to minimize the impact resulting from potential leaks.
  - A leak detection system would be required to provide an early alert to operators when a leak has occurred.
  - Automatic shut-off, check values, or similar systems would be installed for pipelines and tanks to minimize the effects of line failures used in production drilling.
- To prevent residual and cumulative impacts from production activities to karst and cave resources, the following would be required:
  - Annual pressure monitoring would be preformed by the operator. If the test results indicate a casing failure has occurred, remedial action would be undertaken to correct the problem to the BLM's approval.



EXHIBIT NO. 1

Date of Issue: 5/21/2018

**Bureau of Land Management, Carlsbad Field Office** 620 E. Greene Street Carlsbad, NM 88220

Cultural and Archaeological Resources

BLM Report No.

18-5172, 18-5173

#### NOTICE OF STIPULATIONS s in the vicinity of this project are protected by federal law.

<u>Historic properties</u> in the vicinity of this project are protected by federal law. In order to ensure that they are not damaged or destroyed by construction activities, the project proponent and construction supervisors shall ensure that the following stipulations are implemented.

	Oxy USA Inc.,
	Oxbow CC 17-8 Federal Com 31H-36H and Salt Flat CC 20-29
	Federal Com 31H-36H
Duciont	Oil Wells Project in
<u>Project</u> <u>Name</u> :	Eddy County, New Mexico
	BLM Lease Numbers: NMNM-117120, NMNM-94651, NMNM-017224, NMNM-10294
	1). A 3-day preconstruction call-in notification. Contact BLM Inspection and Enforcement at
Required	2. Professional archaeological monitoring. Contact your BLM project archaeologist at (575) 234-5917 for assistance.
<b>A</b> . 🛛	These stipulations must be given to your monitor at least 5 days prior to the start of construction.
B. 🖂	No construction, including vegetation removal or other site prep may begin prior to the arrival of the monitor.

Page 4 of 27

	3. Cultural site barrier fencing. (Your monitor will assist you).
<b>A</b> . 🗋	A temporary site protection barrier(s) shall be erected prior to all ground-disturbing activities. The minimum barrier(s) shall consist of upright wooden survey lath spaced no more than ten (10) feet apart and marked with blue ribbon flagging or blue paint. There shall be no construction activities or vehicular traffic past the barrier(s) at any time.
B. 🗌	A permanent, 4-strand barbed wire fence strung on standard "T-posts" shall be erected prior to all ground-disturbing activities. No construction activities or vehicle traffic are allowed past the fence.
Required	4. The archaeological monitor shall:
A. 🗌	
B. 🗌	Observe all ground-disturbing activities within 100 feet of cultural site LA.
<b>c</b> . 🛛	Ensure that the proposed pipeline is bored beneath/below HCPI 40429 in two different locations.
D. 🗌	Ensure the proposed reroute for LA is adhered to.
E. 🛛	Submit a brief monitoring report within 30 days of completion of monitoring.
<b>•</b>	If subsurface cultural resources are encountered during the monitoring, all activities shall cease and a BLM-CFO archaeologist shall be notified immediately. IF THE CONTRACT ARCHAEOLOGIST DOES NOT KNOW WHERE THE SITE(S) ARE LOCATED AT PLEASE COME
Other:	BY THE CARLSBAD BLM AND MAPS AND OTHER DATA WILL BE PROVIDED UPON REQUEST TO THE CONTRACT ARCHAEOLOGIST

<u>Site Protection and Employee Education</u>: It is the responsibility of the project proponent and his construction supervisor to inform all employees and subcontractors that cultural and archaeological sites are to be avoided by all personnel, vehicles, and equipment; and that it is illegal to collect, damage, or disturb cultural resources on Public Lands.

For assistance contact:

Bruce Boeke (575) 234-5917

#### **Cattleguards**

An appropriately sized cattleguard(s) sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence crossing(s). Any existing cattleguard(s) on the access road shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattleguard(s) that are in place and are utilized during lease operations. A gate shall be constructed on one side of the cattleguard and fastened securely to H-braces.

#### **Fence Requirement**

Where entry granted across a fence line, the fence must be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting. Once the work is completed, the fence will be restored to its prior condition, or better. The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fence(s).

Any damage to structures that provide water to livestock throughout the life of the well, caused by operations from the well site, must be immediately corrected by the operator. The operator must notify the BLM office (575-234-5972) and the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder if any damage occurs to structures that provide water to livestock.

Page 5 of 27

Page 6 of 27

• <u>·</u> •

# Approval Date: 06/22/2018

,

٠

•

# **VI. CONSTRUCTION**

## A. NOTIFICATION

The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5909 at least 3 working days prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad.

When construction operations are being conducted on this well, the operator shall have the approved APD and Conditions of Approval (COA) on the well site and they shall be made available upon request by the Authorized Officer.

## **B.** TOPSOIL

The operator shall strip the top portion of the soil (root zone) from the entire well pad area and stockpile the topsoil along the edge of the well pad as depicted in the APD. The root zone is typically six (6) inches in depth. All the stockpiled topsoil will be redistributed over the interim reclamation areas. Topsoil shall not be used for berming the pad or facilities. For final reclamation, the topsoil shall be spread over the entire pad area for seeding preparation.

Other subsoil (below six inches) stockpiles must be completely segregated from the topsoil stockpile. Large rocks or subsoil clods (not evident in the surrounding terrain) must be buried within the approved area for interim and final reclamation.

## C. CLOSED LOOP SYSTEM

Tanks are required for drilling operations: No Pits.

The operator shall properly dispose of drilling contents at an authorized disposal site.

## D. FEDERAL MINERAL MATERIALS PIT

Payment shall be made to the BLM prior to removal of any federal mineral materials. Call the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5972.

## E. WELL PAD SURFACING

Surfacing of the well pad is not required.

If the operator elects to surface the well pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation. The well pad shall be constructed in a manner which creates the smallest possible surface disturbance, consistent with safety and operational needs.

## F. EXCLOSURE FENCING (CELLARS & PITS)

Page 7 of 27

#### **Exclosure Fencing**

The operator will install and maintain exclosure fencing for all open well cellars to prevent access to public, livestock, and large forms of wildlife before and after drilling operations until the pit is free of fluids and the operator initiates backfilling. (For examples of exclosure fencing design, refer to BLM's Oil and Gas Gold Book, Exclosure Fence Illustrations, Figure 1, Page 18.)

## G. ON LEASE ACCESS ROADS

#### **Road Width**

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed fourteen (14) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed twenty-five (25) feet.

#### Surfacing

Surfacing material is not required on the new access road driving surface. If the operator elects to surface the new access road or pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

Where possible, no improvements should be made on the unsurfaced access road other than to remove vegetation as necessary, road irregularities, safety issues, or to fill low areas that may sustain standing water.

The Authorized Officer reserves the right to require surfacing of any portion of the access road at any time deemed necessary. Surfacing may be required in the event the road deteriorates, erodes, road traffic increases, or it is determined to be beneficial for future field development. The surfacing depth and type of material will be determined at the time of notification.

#### Crowning

Crowning shall be done on the access road driving surface. The road crown shall have a grade of approximately 2% (i.e., a 1" crown on a 14' wide road). The road shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

#### Ditching

Ditching shall be required on both sides of the road.

#### Turnouts

Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

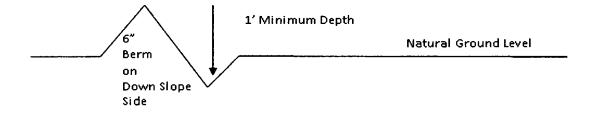
#### Drainage

Page 8 of 27

Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill outsloping and insloping, lead-off ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.

#### **Cross Section of a Typical Lead-off Ditch**



All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing interval are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

#### Formula for Spacing Interval of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

400 foot road with 4% road slope: 400' + 100' = 200' lead-off ditch interval 4%

#### **Cattle guards**

An appropriately sized cattle guard sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence/road crossings. Any existing cattle guards on the access road route shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattle guards that are in place and are utilized during lease operations.

#### **Fence Requirement**

Where entry is granted across a fence line, the fence shall be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting. The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fences.

#### **Public Access**

Public access on this road shall not be restricted by the operator without specific written approval granted by the Authorized Officer.

Page 9 of 27

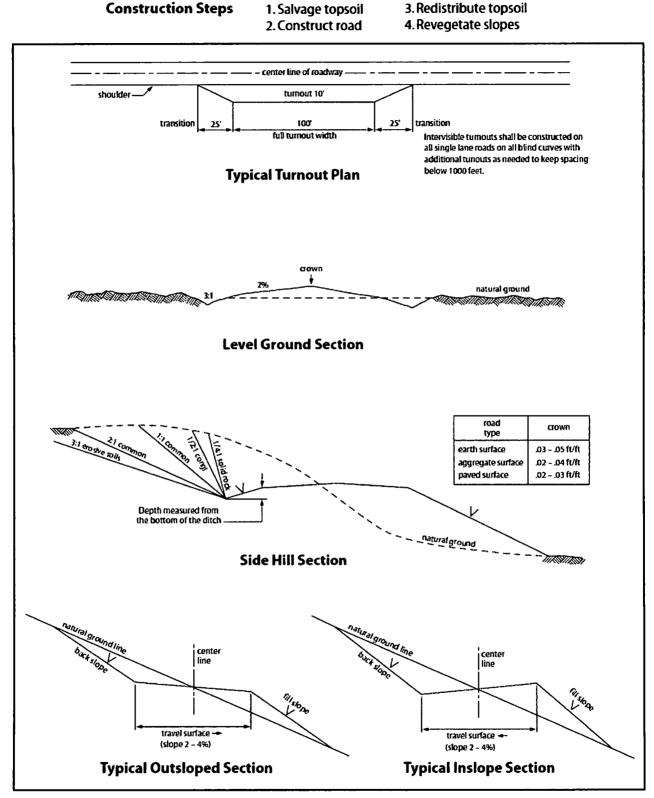


Figure 1. Cross-sections and plans for typical road sections representative of BLM resource or FS local and higher-class roads.

Page 10 of 27

# VII. PRODUCTION (POST DRILLING)

## A. WELL STRUCTURES & FACILITIES

## **Placement of Production Facilities**

Production facilities should be placed on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

## **Exclosure Netting (Open-top Tanks)**

Immediately following active drilling or completion operations, the operator will take actions necessary to prevent wildlife and livestock access, including avian wildlife, to all open-topped tanks that contain or have the potential to contain salinity sufficient to cause harm to wildlife or livestock, hydrocarbons, or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976-exempt hazardous substances. At a minimum, the operator will net, screen, or cover open-topped tanks to exclude wildlife and livestock and prevent mortality. If the operator uses netting, the operator will cover and secure the open portion of the tank to prevent wildlife entry. The operator will net, screen, or cover the tanks until the operator removes the tanks from the location or the tanks no longer contain substances that could be harmful to wildlife or livestock. Use a maximum netting mesh size of  $1 \frac{1}{2}$  inches. The netting must not be in contact with fluids and must not have holes or gaps.

## Chemical and Fuel Secondary Containment and Exclosure Screening

The operator will prevent all hazardous, poisonous, flammable, and toxic substances from coming into contact with soil and water. At a minimum, the operator will install and maintain an impervious secondary containment system for any tank or barrel containing hazardous, poisonous, flammable, or toxic substances sufficient to contain the contents of the tank or barrel and any drips, leaks, and anticipated precipitation. The operator will dispose of fluids within the containment system that do not meet applicable state or U. S. Environmental Protection Agency livestock water standards in accordance with state law; the operator must not drain the fluids to the soil or ground. The operator will design, construct, and maintain all secondary containment systems to prevent wildlife and livestock exposure to harmful substances. At a minimum, the operator will install effective wildlife and livestock exclosure systems such as fencing, netting, expanded metal mesh, lids, and grate covers. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches.

## **Open-Vent Exhaust Stack Exclosures**

The operator will construct, modify, equip, and maintain all open-vent exhaust stacks on production equipment to prevent birds and bats from entering, and to discourage perching, roosting, and nesting. (*Recommended exclosure structures on open-vent exhaust stacks are in the shape of a cone.*) Production equipment includes, but may not be limited to, tanks, heater-treaters, separators, dehydrators, flare stacks, in-line units, and compressor mufflers.

## **Containment Structures**

Proposed production facilities such as storage tanks and other vessels will have a secondary containment structure that is constructed to hold the capacity of 1.5 times the largest tank, plus

Page 11 of 27

freeboard to account for precipitation, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary.

## **Painting Requirement**

All above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements shall be painted a flat non-reflective paint color, <u>Shale Green</u> from the BLM Standard Environmental Color Chart (CC-001: June 2008).

STANDARD STIPULATIONS FOR OIL AND GAS RELATED SITES

A copy of the application (Grant/Sundry Notice) and attachments, including stipulations and map, will be on location during construction. BLM personnel may request to view a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

The holder agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer, BLM.

1. The holder shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this grant and for all response costs, penalties, damages, claims, and other costs arising from the provisions of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), 42 U.S.C. Chap. 82, Section 6901 et. seq., from the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA), 42 U.S.C. Chap. 109, Section 9601 et. seq., and from other applicable environmental statues.

2. The holder shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, the holder shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976, as amended (15 U.S.C. 2601, et. seq.) with regard to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the right-of-way or on facilities authorized by this grant. (See 40 CFR, Part 702-799 and especially, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193.) Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR, Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act, Section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the Authorized Officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.

3. The holder agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, et. seq. or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 6901, et. seq.) on the right-of-way (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to the right-of-way holder's activity on the right-of-way). This agreement applies without regard to whether a release is caused by the holder, its agent, or unrelated third parties.

Page 12 of 27

4. If, during any phase of the construction, operation, maintenance, or termination of the site or related pipeline(s), any oil or other pollutant should be discharged from site facilities, the pipeline(s) or from containers or vehicles impacting Federal lands, the control and total removal, disposal, and cleanup of such oil of other pollutant, wherever found, shall be the responsibility of the holder, regardless of fault. Upon failure of the holder to control, dispose of, or clean up such discharge on or affecting Federal lands, or to repair all damages to Federal lands resulting therefrom, the Authorized Officer may take such measures as deemed necessary to control and cleanup the discharge and restore the area, including, where appropriate, the aquatic environment and fish and wildlife habitats, at the full expense of the holder. Such action by the Authorized Officer shall not relieve the holder of any liability or responsibility.

;

5. Sites shall be maintained in an orderly, sanitary condition at all times. Waste materials, both liquid and solid, shall be disposed of promptly at an appropriate, authorized waste disposal facility in accordance with all applicable State and Federal laws. "Waste" means all discarded matter including, but not limited to, human waste, trash, garbage, refuse, petroleum products, brines, chemicals, oil drums, ashes, and equipment.

6. The operator will notify the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) authorized officer and nearest Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS) Law Enforcement office within 24 hours, if the operator discovers a dead or injured federally protected species (i.e., migratory bird species, bald or golden eagle, or species listed by the FWS as threatened or endangered) in or adjacent to a pit, trench, tank, exhaust stack, or fence. (If the operator is unable to contact the FWS Law Enforcement office, the operator must contact the nearest FWS Ecological Services office.)

7. All above-ground structures not subject to safety requirements shall be painted by the holder to blend with the natural color of the landscape. The paint used shall be a color which simulates "Standard Environmental Colors" designated by the Rocky Mountain Five-State Interagency Committee. The color selected for this project is **Shale Green**, Munsell Soil Color Chart Number 5Y 4/2.

8. Any cultural and/or paleontological resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on the holder's behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. The holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the Authorized Officer to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to the proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the holder.

9. A sales contract for removal of mineral material (caliche, sand, gravel, fill dirt) from an authorized pit, site, or on location must be obtained from the BLM prior to commencing construction. There are several options available for purchasing mineral material: contact the BLM office (575-234-5972).

Page 13 of 27

10. The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

٠

11. Once the site is no longer in service or use, the site must undergo final abandonment. At final abandonment, the site and access roads must undergo "final" reclamation so that the character and productivity of the land are restored. Earthwork for final reclamation must be completed within six (6) months of the abandonment of the site. All pads and facility locations and roads must be reclaimed to a satisfactory revegetated, safe, and stable condition, unless an agreement is made with the landowner or BLM to keep the road and/or pad intact. After all disturbed areas have been satisfactorily prepared, these areas need to be revegetated with the seed mixture provided. Seeding should be accomplished by drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other approved methods. Seeding may need to be repeated until revegetation is successful, as determined by the BLM.

Operators shall contact a BLM surface protection specialist prior to surface abandonment operations for site specific objectives (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909).

12. The holder shall stockpile an adequate amount of topsoil where blading occurs. The topsoil to be stripped is approximately  $6_{---}$  inches in depth. The topsoil will be segregated from other spoil piles. The topsoil will be used for final reclamation.

13. The holder will reseed all disturbed areas. Seeding will be done according to the attached seeding requirements, using the following seed mix.

(X) seed mixture 1	() seed mixture 3
() seed mixture 2	() seed mixture 4
() seed mixture 2/LPC	( ) Aplomado Falcon Mixture

14. In those areas where erosion control structures are required to stabilize soil conditions, the holder shall install such structures as are suitable for the specific soil conditions being encountered and which are in accordance with sound management practices. Any earth work will require prior approval by the Authorized Officer.

15. Open-topped Tanks - The operator will take actions necessary to prevent wildlife and livestock access, including avian wildlife, to all open-topped tanks that contain or have the potential to contain salinity sufficient to cause harm to wildlife or livestock, hydrocarbons, or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976-exempt hazardous substances. At a minimum, the operator will net, screen, or cover open-topped tanks to exclude wildlife and livestock and prevent mortality. If the operator uses netting, the operator will cover and secure the open portion of the tank to prevent wildlife entry. The operator will net, screen, or cover the tanks until the operator removes the tanks from the location or the tanks no longer contain substances that could be harmful to wildlife or livestock. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1  $\frac{1}{2}$  inches. The netting must not be in contact with fluids and must not have holes or gaps

Page 15 of 27

16. The operator will prevent all hazardous, poisonous, flammable, and toxic substances from coming into contact with soil and water. At a minimum, the operator will install and maintain an

impervious secondary containment system for any tank or barrel containing hazardous, poisonous, flammable, or toxic substances sufficient to contain the contents of the tank or barrel and any drips, leaks, and anticipated precipitation. The operator will dispose of fluids within the containment system that do not meet applicable state or U. S. Environmental Protection Agency livestock water standards in accordance with state law; the operator must not drain the fluids to the soil or ground. The operator will design, construct, and maintain all secondary containment systems to prevent wildlife and livestock exposure to harmful substances. At a minimum, the operator will install effective wildlife and livestock exclosure systems such as fencing, netting, expanded metal mesh, lids, and grate covers. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches.

17. Open-Vent Exhaust Stack Exclosures – The operator will construct, modify, equip, and maintain all open-vent exhaust stacks on production equipment to prevent birds and bats from entering, and to discourage perching, roosting, and nesting. (Recommended exclosure structures on open-vent exhaust stacks are in the shape of a cone.) Production equipment includes, but may not be limited to, tanks, heater-treaters, separators, dehydrators, flare stacks, in-line units, and compressor mufflers.

18. Containment Structures - Proposed production facilities such as storage tanks and other vessels will have a secondary containment structure that is constructed to hold the capacity of 1.5 times the largest tank, plus freeboard to account for precipitation, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary.

19. Special Stipulations:

- The entire well pad will be bermed to prevent oil, salt, and other chemical contaminants from leaving the well pad. Topsoil shall not be used to construct the berm. No water flow from the uphill side(s) of the pad shall be allowed to enter the well pad. The berm shall be maintained through the life of the well and after interim reclamation has been completed.
- Any water erosion that may occur due to the construction of the well pad during the life of the well will be corrected within two weeks and proper measures will be taken to prevent future erosion.

#### **B. PIPELINES**

#### BURIED PIPELINE STIPULATIONS

A copy of the application (Grant, APD, or Sundry Notice) and attachments, including conditions of approval, survey plat and/or map, will be on location during construction. BLM personnel may

Page 16 of 27

request to you a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

Holder agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer:

1. The Holder shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this grant.

2. The Holder shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, the holder shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC 2601 et seq. (1982) with regards to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the right-of-way or on facilities authorized under this right-of-way grant. (See 40 CFR Part 702-799 and especially, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193.) Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the authorized officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.

3. The holder agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, <u>et seq</u>. or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C.6901, <u>et seq</u>.) on the Right-of-Way (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to the Right-of-Way holder's activity on the Right-of-Way), or resulting from the activity of the Right-of-Way holder on the Right-of-Way. This agreement applies without regard to whether a release is caused by the holder, its agent, or unrelated third parties.

4. If, during any phase of the construction, operation, maintenance, or termination of the pipeline, any oil or other pollutant should be discharged from the pipeline system, impacting Federal lands, the control and total removal, disposal, and cleaning up of such oil or other pollutant, wherever found, shall be the responsibility of holder, regardless of fault. Upon failure of holder to control, dispose of, or clean up such discharge on or affecting Federal lands, or to repair all damages resulting therefrom, on the Federal lands, the Authorized Officer may take such measures as he deems necessary to control and clean up the discharge and restore the area, including where appropriate, the aquatic environment and fish and wildlife habitats, at the full expense of the holder. Such action by the Authorized Officer shall not relieve holder of any responsibility as provided herein.

Page 17 of 27

5. All construction and maintenance activity will be confined to the authorized right-of-way.

6. The pipeline will be buried with a minimum cover of  $\underline{36}$  inches between the top of the pipe and ground level.

- 7. The maximum allowable disturbance for construction in this right-of-way will be  $\underline{30}$  feet:
  - Blading of vegetation within the right-of-way will be allowed: maximum width of blading operations will not exceed **20** feet. The trench is included in this area. (*Blading is defined as the complete removal of brush and ground vegetation.*)
  - Clearing of brush species within the right-of-way will be allowed: maximum width of clearing operations will not exceed <u>30</u> feet. The trench and bladed area are included in this area. (Clearing is defined as the removal of brush while leaving ground vegetation (grasses, weeds, etc.) intact. Clearing is best accomplished by holding the blade 4 to 6 inches above the ground surface.)
  - The remaining area of the right-of-way (if any) shall only be disturbed by compressing the vegetation. (*Compressing can be caused by vehicle tires, placement of equipment, etc.*)

8. The holder shall stockpile an adequate amount of topsoil where blading is allowed. The topsoil to be stripped is approximately  $\_______6\____$  inches in depth. The topsoil will be segregated from other spoil piles from trench construction. The topsoil will be evenly distributed over the bladed area for the preparation of seeding.

9. The holder shall minimize disturbance to existing fences and other improvements on public lands. The holder is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The holder will contact the owner of any improvements prior to disturbing them. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting of the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.

10. Vegetation, soil, and rocks left as a result of construction or maintenance activity will be randomly scattered on this right-of-way and will not be left in rows, piles, or berms, unless otherwise approved by the Authorized Officer. The entire right-of-way shall be recontoured to match the surrounding landscape. The backfilled soil shall be compacted and a 6 inch berm will be left over the ditch line to allow for settling back to grade.

11. In those areas where erosion control structures are required to stabilize soil conditions, the holder will install such structures as are suitable for the specific soil conditions being encountered and which are in accordance with sound resource management practices.

Page 18 of 27

12. The holder will reseed all disturbed areas. Seeding will be done according to the attached seeding requirements, using the following seed mix.

(X) seed mixture 1	() seed mixture 3
() seed mixture 2	() seed mixture 4
() seed mixture 2/LPC	() Aplomado Falcon Mixture

13. All above-ground structures not subject to safety requirements shall be painted by the holder to blend with the natural color of the landscape. The paint used shall be color which simulates "Standard Environmental Colors" – Shale Green, Munsell Soil Color No. 5Y 4/2.

14. The pipeline will be identified by signs at the point of origin and completion of the right-ofway and at all road crossings. At a minimum, signs will state the holder's name, BLM serial number, and the product being transported. All signs and information thereon will be posted in a permanent, conspicuous manner, and will be maintained in a legible condition for the life of the pipeline.

15. The holder shall not use the pipeline route as a road for purposes other than routine maintenance as determined necessary by the Authorized Officer in consultation with the holder before maintenance begins. The holder will take whatever steps are necessary to ensure that the pipeline route is not used as a roadway. As determined necessary during the life of the pipeline, the Authorized Officer may ask the holder to construct temporary deterrence structures.

16. Any cultural and/or paleontological resources (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on his behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. Holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the Authorized Officer to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the holder.

17. The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes associated roads, pipeline corridor and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

18. <u>Escape Ramps</u> - The operator will construct and maintain pipeline/utility trenches that are not otherwise fenced, screened, or netted to prevent livestock, wildlife, and humans from becoming entrapped. At a minimum, the operator will construct and maintain escape ramps, ladders, or

Page 19 of 27

other methods of avian and terrestrial wildlife escape in the trenches according to the following criteria:

- a. Any trench left open for eight (8) hours or less is not required to have escape ramps; however, before the trench is backfilled, the contractor/operator shall inspect the trench for wildlife, remove all trapped wildlife, and release them at least 100 yards from the trench.
- b. For trenches left open for eight (8) hours or more, earthen escape ramps (built at no more than a 30 degree slope and spaced no more than 500 feet apart) shall be placed in the trench.

#### STANDARD STIPULATIONS FOR SURFACE INSTALLED PIPELINES

A copy of the application (Grant, Sundry Notice, APD) and attachments, including stipulations, survey plat and/or map, will be on location during construction. BLM personnel may request to you a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

Holder agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer:

1. The holder shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this grant.

2. The holder shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, the holder shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC 2601 <u>et seq</u>. (1982) with regards to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the right-of-way or on facilities authorized under this right-of-way grant. (See 40 CFR, Part 702-799 and especially, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193.) Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR, Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the authorized officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.

3. The holder agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, <u>et seq</u>. or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 6901, <u>et seq</u>.) on the Right-of-Way (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to activity of the Right-of-Way holder's activity on the Right-of-Way), or resulting from the activity of the Right-of-Way holder on the Right-of-Way. This agreement applies without regard to whether a release is caused by the holder, its agent, or unrelated third parties.

Page 20 of 27

4. The holder shall be liable for damage or injury to the United States to the extent provided by 43 CFR Sec. 2883.1-4. The holder shall be held to a standard of strict liability for damage or injury to the United States resulting from pipe rupture, fire, or spills caused or substantially aggravated by any of the following within the right-of-way or permit area:

- a. Activities of the holder including, but not limited to construction, operation, maintenance, and termination of the facility.
- b. Activities of other parties including, but not limited to:
  - (1) Land clearing.
  - (2) Earth-disturbing and earth-moving work.
  - (3) Blasting.
  - (4) Vandalism and sabotage.
- c. Acts of God.

The maximum limitation for such strict liability damages shall not exceed one million dollars (\$1,000,000) for any one event, and any liability in excess of such amount shall be determined by the ordinary rules of negligence of the jurisdiction in which the damage or injury occurred.

This section shall not impose strict liability for damage or injury resulting primarily from an act of war or from the negligent acts or omissions of the United States.

5. If, during any phase of the construction, operation, maintenance, or termination of the pipeline, any oil, salt water, or other pollutant should be discharged from the pipeline system, impacting Federal lands, the control and total removal, disposal, and cleaning up of such oil, salt water, or other pollutant, wherever found, shall be the responsibility of the holder, regardless of fault. Upon failure of the holder to control, dispose of, or clean up such discharge on or affecting Federal lands, or to repair all damages resulting therefrom, on the Federal lands, the Authorized Officer may take such measures as he deems necessary to control and clean up the discharge and restore the area, including, where appropriate, the aquatic environment and fish and wildlife habitats, at the full expense of the holder. Such action by the Authorized Officer shall not relieve the holder of any responsibility as provided herein.

6. All construction and maintenance activity will be confined to the authorized right-ofway width of 20 feet. If the pipeline route follows an existing road or buried pipeline right-of-way, the surface pipeline must be installed no farther than 10 feet from the edge of the road or buried pipeline right-of-way. If existing surface pipelines prevent this distance, the proposed surface pipeline must be installed immediately adjacent to the outer surface pipeline. All construction and maintenance activity will be confined to existing roads or right-of-ways.

7. No blading or clearing of any vegetation will be allowed unless approved in writing by the Authorized Officer.

8. The holder shall install the pipeline on the surface in such a manner that will minimize suspension of the pipeline across low areas in the terrain. In hummocky of duney areas, the pipeline will be "snaked" around hummocks and dunes rather then suspended across these features.

9. The pipeline shall be buried with a minimum of <u>24</u> inches under all roads, "two-tracks," and trails. Burial of the pipe will continue for 20 feet on each side of each crossing. The condition of the road, upon completion of construction, shall be returned to at least its former state with no bumps or dips remaining in the road surface.

10. The holder shall minimize disturbance to existing fences and other improvements on public lands. The holder is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The holder will contact the owner of any improvements prior to disturbing them. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting of the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.

11. In those areas where erosion control structures are required to stabilize soil conditions, the holder will install such structures as are suitable for the specific soil conditions being encountered and which are in accordance with sound resource management practices.

12. Excluding the pipe, all above-ground structures not subject to safety requirement shall be painted by the holder to blend with the natural color of the landscape. The paint used shall be a color which simulates "Standard Environmental Colors" – Shale Green, Munsell Soil Color No. 5Y 4/2; designated by the Rocky Mountain Five State Interagency Committee.

13. The pipeline will be identified by signs at the point of origin and completion of the right-of-way and at all road crossings. At a minimum, signs will state the holder's name, BLM serial number, and the product being transported. Signs will be maintained in a legible condition for the life of the pipeline.

14. The holder shall not use the pipeline route as a road for purposes other than routine maintenance as determined necessary by the Authorized Officer in consultation with the holder. The holder will take whatever steps are necessary to ensure that the pipeline route is not used as a roadway.

15. Any cultural and/or paleontological resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on his behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the authorized officer. Holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the authorized officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the authorized officer to determine appropriate cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to proper mitigation

Page 22 of 27

measures will be made by the authorized officer after consulting with the holder.

16. The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, powerline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

17. Surface pipelines must be less than or equal to 4 inches and a working pressure below 125 psi.

## C. ELECTRIC LINES STANDARD STIPULATIONS FOR OVERHEAD ELECTRIC DISTRIBUTION LINES

A copy of the grant and attachments, including stipulations, survey plat and/or map, will be on location during construction. BLM personnel may request to you a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

Holder agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer:

1. The holder shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this grant.

2. The holder shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, the holder shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC 2601 <u>et seq</u>. (1982) with regards to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the right-of-way or on facilities authorized under this right-of-way grant. (See 40 CFR, Part 702-799 and especially, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193.) Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR, Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the authorized officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.

3. The holder agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, et seq. or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 6901, et

Page 23 of 27

<u>seq</u>.) on the Right-of-Way (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to the Right-of-Way holder's activity on the Right-of-Way), or resulting from the activity of the Right-of-Way holder on the Right-of-Way. This agreement applies without regard to whether a release is caused by the holder, its agent, or unrelated third parties.

4. There will be no clearing or blading of the right-of-way unless otherwise agreed to in writing by the Authorized Officer.

5. Power lines shall be constructed and designed in accordance to standards outlined in "Suggested Practices for Avian Protection on Power lines: The State of the Art in 2006" Edison Electric Institute, APLIC, and the California Energy Commission 2006. The holder shall assume the burden and expense of proving that pole designs not shown in the above publication deter raptor perching, roosting, and nesting. Such proof shall be provided by a raptor expert approved by the Authorized Officer. The BLM reserves the right to require modification or additions to all powerline structures placed on this right-of-way, should they be necessary to ensure the safety of large perching birds. Such modifications and/or additions shall be made by the holder without liability or expense to the United States.

Raptor deterrence will consist of but not limited to the following: triangle perch discouragers shall be placed on each side of the cross arms and a nonconductive perching deterrence shall be placed on all vertical poles that extend past the cross arms.

6. The holder shall minimize disturbance to existing fences and other improvements on public lands. The holder is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The holder will contact the owner of any improvements prior to disturbing them. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.

7. The BLM serial number assigned to this authorization shall be posted in a permanent, conspicuous manner where the power line crosses roads and at all serviced facilities. Numbers will be at least two inches high and will be affixed to the pole nearest the road crossing and at the facilities served.

8. Upon cancellation, relinquishment, or expiration of this grant, the holder shall comply with those abandonment procedures as prescribed by the Authorized Officer.

9. All surface structures (poles, lines, transformers, etc.) shall be removed within 180 days of abandonment, relinquishment, or termination of use of the serviced facility or facilities or within 180 days of abandonment, relinquishment, cancellation, or expiration of this grant, whichever comes first. This will not apply where the power line extends service to an active, adjoining facility or facilities.

10. Any cultural and/or paleontological resource (historic or prehistoric site or object)

discovered by the holder, or any person working on his behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. Holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the Authorized Officer to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the holder.

- 11. Special Stipulations:
  - For reclamation remove poles, lines, transformer, etc. and dispose of properly.
  - Fill in any holes from the poles removed.

# VIII. INTERIM RECLAMATION

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations should undergo interim reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses.

Within six (6) months of well completion, operators should work with BLM surface management specialists (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909) to devise the best strategies to reduce the size of the location. Interim reclamation should allow for remedial well operations, as well as safe and efficient removal of oil and gas.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche is important to increasing the success of revegetating the site. Removed caliche that is free of contaminants may be used for road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

All disturbed areas after they have been satisfactorily prepared need to be reseeded with the seed mixture provided below.

Upon completion of interim reclamation, the operator shall submit a Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, Subsequent Report of Reclamation (Form 3160-5).

## IX. FINAL ABANDONMENT & RECLAMATION

At final abandonment, well locations, production facilities, and access roads must undergo "final" reclamation so that the character and productivity of the land are restored.

Page 25 of 27

Earthwork for final reclamation must be completed within six (6) months of well plugging. All pads, pits, facility locations and roads must be reclaimed to a satisfactory revegetated, safe, and stable condition, unless an agreement is made with the landowner or BLM to keep the road and/or pad intact.

After all disturbed areas have been satisfactorily prepared, these areas need to be revegetated with the seed mixture provided below. Seeding should be accomplished by drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other approved methods. Seeding may need to be repeated until revegetation is successful, as determined by the BLM.

Operators shall contact a BLM surface protection specialist prior to surface abandonment operations for site specific objectives (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909).

Ground-level Abandoned Well Marker to avoid raptor perching: Upon the plugging and subsequent abandonment of the well, the well marker will be installed at ground level on a plate containing the pertinent information for the plugged well.

Page 26 of 27

## Seed Mixture 1 for Loamy Sites

Holder shall seed all disturbed areas with the seed mixture listed below. The seed mixture shall be planted in the amounts specified in pounds of pure live seed (PLS)\* per acre. There shall be no primary or secondary noxious weeds in the seed mixture. Seed shall be tested and the viability testing of seed will be done in accordance with State law(s) and within nine (9) months prior to purchase. Commercial seed shall be either certified or registered seed. The seed container shall be tagged in accordance with State law(s) and available for inspection by the Authorized Officer.

Seed shall be planted using a drill equipped with a depth regulator to ensure proper depth regulator to ensure proper depth of planting where drilling is possible. The seed mixture shall be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area (small/heavier seeds have a tendency to drop the bottom of the drill and are planted first). Holder shall take appropriate measures to ensure this does not occur. Where drilling is not possible, seed shall be broadcast and the area shall be raked or chained to cover the seed. When broadcasting the seed, the pounds per acre shall be doubled. The seeding shall be repeated until a satisfactory stand is established as determined by the Authorized Officer. Evaluation of growth may not be made before completion of at least one full growing season after seeding.

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed\* per acre:

Species	lb/acre
Plains lovegrass (Eragrostis intermedia)	0.5
Sand dropseed (Sporobolus cryptandrus)	1.0
Sideoats grama (Bouteloua curtipendula)	5.0
Plains bristlegrass (Setaria macrostachya)	2.0

\*Pounds of pure live seed:

Pounds of seed x percent purity x percent germination = pounds pure live seed

# PECOS DISTRICT SURFACE USE CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME:	OXY USA INCORPORATED
LEASE NO.:	NMNM 117120
WELL NAME & NO.:	35H-OXBOW CC 17-08 FED COM
SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:	601'/S & 1236'/E
BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE	180'/N & 1380'/E
LOCATION:	T-24S, R-29E, S-17. NMPM
COUNTY:	EDDY, NM

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

Standard Conditions of Approval (COA) apply to this APD. If any deviations to these standards exist or special COAs are required, the section with the deviation or requirement will be checked below.

General Provisions
Permit Expiration
Archaeology, Paleontology, and Historical Sites
Noxious Weeds
Special Requirements
Watershed
Range
Ground-level Abandoned Well Marker
Cave/Karst
Cultural
Construction
Notification
Topsoil
Closed Loop System
Federal Mineral Material Pits
Well Pads
Roads
Road Section Diagram
Production (Post Drilling)
Well Structures & Facilities
Pipelines
Electric Lines
Interim Reclamation
Final Abandonment & Reclamation

Page 1 of 27

## I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The approval of the Application For Permit To Drill (APD) is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations: 43 Code of Federal Regulations 3160, the lease terms, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, Notices To Lessees, New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) Rules, National Historical Preservation Act As Amended, and instructions and orders of the Authorized Officer. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

## **II. PERMIT EXPIRATION**

If the permit terminates prior to drilling and drilling cannot be commenced within 60 days after expiration, an operator is required to submit Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, requesting surface reclamation requirements for any surface disturbance. However, if the operator will be able to initiate drilling within 60 days after the expiration of the permit, the operator must have set the conductor pipe in order to allow for an extension of 60 days beyond the expiration date of the APD. (Filing of a Sundry Notice is required for this 60 day extension.)

# **III. ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES**

Any cultural and/or paleontological resource discovered by the operator or by any person working on the operator's behalf shall immediately report such findings to the Authorized Officer. The operator is fully accountable for the actions of their contractors and subcontractors. The operator shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery shall be made by the Authorized Officer to determine the appropriate actions that shall be required to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values of the discovery. The operator shall be held responsible for the cost of the proper mitigation measures that the Authorized Officer assesses after consultation with the operator on the evaluation and decisions of the discovery. Any unauthorized collection or disturbance of cultural or paleontological resources may result in a shutdown order by the Authorized Officer.

## **IV. NOXIOUS WEEDS**

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

## V. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)

Activities from development could impact the functionality of the floodplain. In an event of a flood, there is an increased potential that these wells will be severely damaged. Any damage caused by flooding could have a localized and/or downstream impact on water quality of the Pecos River.

#### FLOODPLAIN:

The proposed project is within the Pecos River 100-year FEMA Floodplain. To mitigate the impacts for occupying space within a floodplain the height of the pads for wells Salt Ridge 31-36H and Oxbow 31-36H will need to have a local surveyed elevation of 2950' or greater. The entire well pad will be bermed 3 feet. Tanks and storage facilities are not permitted on this pad location to prevent oil, salt, and other chemical contaminants from entering the Pecos River. Topsoil should not be used to construct the berm or pad. For interim reclamation; the north and south edges of the pad will be brought in 30 feet and the east and west edges will be reclaimed back 50 feet to minimize impacts to the 100-year FEMA Floodplain. The berm should be maintained through the life of the wells and after interim reclamation has been completed. Any water erosion that may occur during the life of the project would be quickly corrected and proper measures would be taken to prevent future erosion.

- In the event that any underground voids are encountered during construction, construction activities would be halted, and the BLM would be notified immediately.
- No blasting would be utilized for pad construction. The pad would be constructed and leveled by adding the necessary fill and caliche.
- The entire perimeter of the well pad would be bermed to prevent oil, salt, and other chemical contaminants from leaving the well pad.
  - The compacted berm shall be constructed at a minimum of 12 inches high with impermeable mineral material (e.g. caliche).
  - No water flow from the uphill side(s) of the pad shall be allowed to enter the well pad.
  - o The topsoil stockpile shall be located outside the bermed well pad.
  - Topsoil, either from the well pad or surrounding area, shall not be used to construct the berm.
  - No storm drains, tubing or openings shall be placed in the berm.
  - If fluid collects within the bermed area, the fluid must be vacuumed into a safe container and disposed of properly at a state approved facility.
  - The integrity of the berm shall be maintained around the surfaced pad throughout the life of the well and around the downsized pad after interim reclamation has been completed.
  - Any access road entering the well pad shall be constructed so that the integrity of the berm height surrounding the well pad is not compromised. (Any access road crossing the berm cannot be lower than the berm height.)
- To prevent cave and karst resource contamination, the following would be required:
  - Closed mud systems using steel tanks with all fluids and cuttings would be hauled off.
  - Rotary drilling with fresh water where cave or karst features are expected to prevent contamination of freshwater aquifers.
  - Directional drilling would be allowed after at least 100 feet below the cave or karst occurrence zone to prevent additional impacts resulting from directional drilling.

- Lost circulation zones would be logged and reported in the drilling report for the BLM to assess the situation and work with the operator on corrective action.
- Additional drilling, casing and cementing procedures to protect cave zones and fresh water aquifers could be required.
- To prevent cave and karst resource impacts from production activities due to the nature of karst terrain, the following would be required:
  - Tank battery locations would be lined and bermed to minimize the impact resulting from potential leaks.
  - A leak detection system would be required to provide an early alert to operators when a leak has occurred.
  - Automatic shut-off, check values, or similar systems would be installed for pipelines and tanks to minimize the effects of line failures used in production drilling.
- To prevent residual and cumulative impacts from production activities to karst and cave resources, the following would be required:
  - Annual pressure monitoring would be preformed by the operator. If the test results indicate a casing failure has occurred, remedial action would be undertaken to correct the problem to the BLM's approval.



EXHIBIT NO. 1

Date of Issue: 5/21/2018

**Bureau of Land Management, Carlsbad Field Office** 620 E. Greene Street Carlsbad, NM 88220

Cultural and Archaeological Resources

BLM Report No. 18-5172, 18-5173

# NOTICE OF STIPULATIONS

<u>Historic properties</u> in the vicinity of this project are protected by federal law. In order to ensure that they are not damaged or destroyed by construction activities, the project proponent and construction supervisors shall ensure that the following stipulations are implemented.

	Oxy USA Inc.,			
	Oxbow CC 17-8 Federal Com 31H-36H and Salt Flat CC 20-29			
	Federal Com 31H-36H			
Ductost	Oil Wells Project in			
<u>Project</u> <u>Name</u> :	Eddy County, New Mexico			
	BLM Lease Numbers: NMNM-117120, NMNM-94651, NMNM-017224,			
NMNM-10294				
	1). A 3-day preconstruction call-in notification. Contact BLM Inspection and Enforcement at			
Required	2. Professional archaeological monitoring. Contact your BLM project archaeologist at (575) 234-5917 for assistance.			
<b>A</b> . 🖂	These stipulations must be given to your monitor at least 5 days prior to the start of construction.			
<b>B</b> . 🛛	No construction, including vegetation removal or other site prep may begin prior to the arrival of the monitor.			

Page 4 of 27

1	
	3. Cultural site barrier fencing. (Your monitor will assist you).
<b>A.</b> 🗌	<u>A temporary site protection barrier(s)</u> shall be erected prior to all ground-disturbing activities. The minimum barrier(s) shall consist of upright wooden survey lath spaced no more than ten (10) feet apart and marked with blue ribbon flagging or blue paint. There shall be no construction activities or vehicular traffic past the barrier(s) at any time.
B. 🗌	<u>A permanent, 4-strand barbed wire fence</u> strung on standard "T-posts" shall be erected prior to all ground-disturbing activities. No construction activities or vehicle traffic are allowed past the fence.
Required	4. The archaeological monitor shall:
A. 🗌	
B. 🗌	Observe all ground-disturbing activities within 100 feet of cultural site LA.
<b>C</b> . 🛛	Ensure that the proposed pipeline is bored beneath/below HCPI 40429 in two different locations.
D. 🗌	Ensure the proposed reroute for LA is adhered to.
E. 🛛	Submit a brief monitoring report within 30 days of completion of monitoring.
	If subsurface cultural resources are encountered during the monitoring, all activities shall cease and a BLM-CFO archaeologist shall be notified immediately.
Other:	IF THE CONTRACT ARCHAEOLOGIST DOES NOT KNOW WHERE THE SITE(S) ARE LOCATED AT PLEASE COME BY THE CARLSBAD BLM AND MAPS AND OTHER DATA WILL BE PROVIDED UPON REQUEST TO THE CONTRACT ARCHAEOLOGIST

<u>Site Protection and Employee Education</u>: It is the responsibility of the project proponent and his construction supervisor to inform all employees and subcontractors that cultural and archaeological sites are to be avoided by all personnel, vehicles, and equipment; and that it is illegal to collect, damage, or disturb cultural resources on Public Lands.

For assistance contact:

Bruce Boeke (575) 234-5917

#### **Cattleguards**

An appropriately sized cattleguard(s) sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence crossing(s). Any existing cattleguard(s) on the access road shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattleguard(s) that are in place and are utilized during lease operations. A gate shall be constructed on one side of the cattleguard and fastened securely to H-braces.

#### **Fence Requirement**

Where entry granted across a fence line, the fence must be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting. Once the work is completed, the fence will be restored to its prior condition, or better. The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fence(s).

Any damage to structures that provide water to livestock throughout the life of the well, caused by operations from the well site, must be immediately corrected by the operator. The operator must notify the BLM office (575-234-5972) and the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder if any damage occurs to structures that provide water to livestock.

Page 5 of 27

Page 6 of 27

.

.

.

# Approval Date: 06/22/2018

1

•

# **VI. CONSTRUCTION**

## A. NOTIFICATION

The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5909 at least 3 working days prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad.

When construction operations are being conducted on this well, the operator shall have the approved APD and Conditions of Approval (COA) on the well site and they shall be made available upon request by the Authorized Officer.

## **B.** TOPSOIL

The operator shall strip the top portion of the soil (root zone) from the entire well pad area and stockpile the topsoil along the edge of the well pad as depicted in the APD. The root zone is typically six (6) inches in depth. All the stockpiled topsoil will be redistributed over the interim reclamation areas. Topsoil shall not be used for berming the pad or facilities. For final reclamation, the topsoil shall be spread over the entire pad area for seeding preparation.

Other subsoil (below six inches) stockpiles must be completely segregated from the topsoil stockpile. Large rocks or subsoil clods (not evident in the surrounding terrain) must be buried within the approved area for interim and final reclamation.

## C. CLOSED LOOP SYSTEM

Tanks are required for drilling operations: No Pits.

The operator shall properly dispose of drilling contents at an authorized disposal site.

## D. FEDERAL MINERAL MATERIALS PIT

Payment shall be made to the BLM prior to removal of any federal mineral materials. Call the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5972.

## E. WELL PAD SURFACING

Surfacing of the well pad is not required.

If the operator elects to surface the well pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation. The well pad shall be constructed in a manner which creates the smallest possible surface disturbance, consistent with safety and operational needs.

## F. EXCLOSURE FENCING (CELLARS & PITS)

Page 7 of 27

## **Exclosure Fencing**

The operator will install and maintain exclosure fencing for all open well cellars to prevent access to public, livestock, and large forms of wildlife before and after drilling operations until the pit is free of fluids and the operator initiates backfilling. (For examples of exclosure fencing design, refer to BLM's Oil and Gas Gold Book, Exclosure Fence Illustrations, Figure 1, Page 18.)

## G. ON LEASE ACCESS ROADS

## **Road Width**

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed fourteen (14) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed twenty-five (25) feet.

## Surfacing

Surfacing material is not required on the new access road driving surface. If the operator elects to surface the new access road or pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

Where possible, no improvements should be made on the unsurfaced access road other than to remove vegetation as necessary, road irregularities, safety issues, or to fill low areas that may sustain standing water.

The Authorized Officer reserves the right to require surfacing of any portion of the access road at any time deemed necessary. Surfacing may be required in the event the road deteriorates, erodes, road traffic increases, or it is determined to be beneficial for future field development. The surfacing depth and type of material will be determined at the time of notification.

## Crowning

Crowning shall be done on the access road driving surface. The road crown shall have a grade of approximately 2% (i.e., a 1" crown on a 14' wide road). The road shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

## Ditching

Ditching shall be required on both sides of the road.

## Turnouts

Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

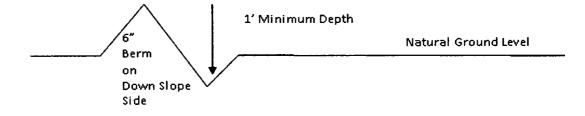
## Drainage

Page 8 of 27

Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill outsloping and insloping, lead-off ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.

#### **Cross Section of a Typical Lead-off Ditch**



All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing interval are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

#### Formula for Spacing Interval of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

400 foot road with 4% road slope: 400' + 100' = 200' lead-off ditch interval 4%

#### Cattle guards

An appropriately sized cattle guard sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence/road crossings. Any existing cattle guards on the access road route shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattle guards that are in place and are utilized during lease operations.

#### **Fence Requirement**

Where entry is granted across a fence line, the fence shall be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting. The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fences.

#### **Public Access**

Public access on this road shall not be restricted by the operator without specific written approval granted by the Authorized Officer.

Page 9 of 27

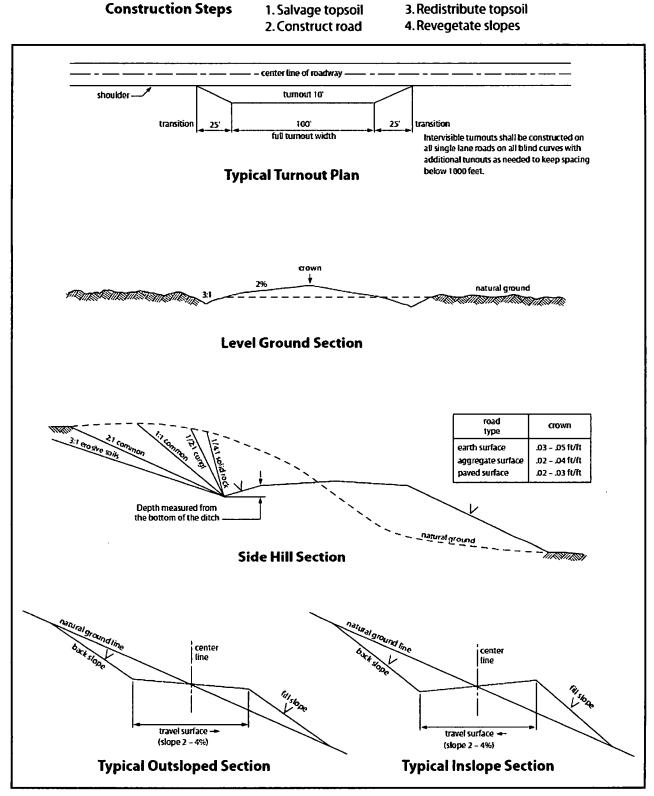


Figure 1. Cross-sections and plans for typical road sections representative of BLM resource or FS local and higher-class roads.

# VII. PRODUCTION (POST DRILLING)

## A. WELL STRUCTURES & FACILITIES

## **Placement of Production Facilities**

Production facilities should be placed on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

## **Exclosure Netting (Open-top Tanks)**

Immediately following active drilling or completion operations, the operator will take actions necessary to prevent wildlife and livestock access, including avian wildlife, to all open-topped tanks that contain or have the potential to contain salinity sufficient to cause harm to wildlife or livestock, hydrocarbons, or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976-exempt hazardous substances. At a minimum, the operator will net, screen, or cover open-topped tanks to exclude wildlife and livestock and prevent mortality. If the operator uses netting, the operator will cover and secure the open portion of the tank to prevent wildlife entry. The operator will net, screen, or cover the tanks until the operator removes the tanks from the location or the tanks no longer contain substances that could be harmful to wildlife or livestock. Use a maximum netting mesh size of  $1 \frac{1}{2}$  inches. The netting must not be in contact with fluids and must not have holes or gaps.

## Chemical and Fuel Secondary Containment and Exclosure Screening

The operator will prevent all hazardous, poisonous, flammable, and toxic substances from coming into contact with soil and water. At a minimum, the operator will install and maintain an impervious secondary containment system for any tank or barrel containing hazardous, poisonous, flammable, or toxic substances sufficient to contain the contents of the tank or barrel and any drips, leaks, and anticipated precipitation. The operator will dispose of fluids within the containment system that do not meet applicable state or U. S. Environmental Protection Agency livestock water standards in accordance with state law; the operator must not drain the fluids to the soil or ground. The operator will design, construct, and maintain all secondary containment systems to prevent wildlife and livestock exposure to harmful substances. At a minimum, the operator will install effective wildlife and livestock exclosure systems such as fencing, netting, expanded metal mesh, lids, and grate covers. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches.

## **Open-Vent Exhaust Stack Exclosures**

The operator will construct, modify, equip, and maintain all open-vent exhaust stacks on production equipment to prevent birds and bats from entering, and to discourage perching, roosting, and nesting. (*Recommended exclosure structures on open-vent exhaust stacks are in the shape of a cone.*) Production equipment includes, but may not be limited to, tanks, heater-treaters, separators, dehydrators, flare stacks, in-line units, and compressor mufflers.

## **Containment Structures**

Proposed production facilities such as storage tanks and other vessels will have a secondary containment structure that is constructed to hold the capacity of 1.5 times the largest tank, plus

Page 11 of 27

freeboard to account for precipitation, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary.

## **Painting Requirement**

All above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements shall be painted a flat non-reflective paint color, <u>Shale Green</u> from the BLM Standard Environmental Color Chart (CC-001: June 2008).

STANDARD STIPULATIONS FOR OIL AND GAS RELATED SITES

A copy of the application (Grant/Sundry Notice) and attachments, including stipulations and map, will be on location during construction. BLM personnel may request to view a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

The holder agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer, BLM.

1. The holder shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this grant and for all response costs, penalties, damages, claims, and other costs arising from the provisions of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), 42 U.S.C. Chap. 82, Section 6901 et. seq., from the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA), 42 U.S.C. Chap. 109, Section 9601 et. seq., and from other applicable environmental statues.

2. The holder shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, the holder shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976, as amended (15 U.S.C. 2601, et. seq.) with regard to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the right-of-way or on facilities authorized by this grant. (See 40 CFR, Part 702-799 and especially, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193.) Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR, Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act, Section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the Authorized Officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.

3. The holder agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, et. seq. or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 6901, et. seq.) on the right-of-way (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to the right-of-way holder's activity on the right-of-way). This agreement applies without regard to whether a release is caused by the holder, its agent, or unrelated third parties.

Page 12 of 27

4. If, during any phase of the construction, operation, maintenance, or termination of the site or related pipeline(s), any oil or other pollutant should be discharged from site facilities, the pipeline(s) or from containers or vehicles impacting Federal lands, the control and total removal, disposal, and cleanup of such oil of other pollutant, wherever found, shall be the responsibility of the holder, regardless of fault. Upon failure of the holder to control, dispose of, or clean up such discharge on or affecting Federal lands, or to repair all damages to Federal lands resulting therefrom, the Authorized Officer may take such measures as deemed necessary to control and cleanup the discharge and restore the area, including, where appropriate, the aquatic environment and fish and wildlife habitats, at the full expense of the holder. Such action by the Authorized Officer shall not relieve the holder of any liability or responsibility.

5. Sites shall be maintained in an orderly, sanitary condition at all times. Waste materials, both liquid and solid, shall be disposed of promptly at an appropriate, authorized waste disposal facility in accordance with all applicable State and Federal laws. "Waste" means all discarded matter including, but not limited to, human waste, trash, garbage, refuse, petroleum products, brines, chemicals, oil drums, ashes, and equipment.

6. The operator will notify the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) authorized officer and nearest Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS) Law Enforcement office within 24 hours, if the operator discovers a dead or injured federally protected species (i.e., migratory bird species, bald or golden eagle, or species listed by the FWS as threatened or endangered) in or adjacent to a pit, trench, tank, exhaust stack, or fence. (If the operator is unable to contact the FWS Law Enforcement office, the operator must contact the nearest FWS Ecological Services office.)

7. All above-ground structures not subject to safety requirements shall be painted by the holder to blend with the natural color of the landscape. The paint used shall be a color which simulates "Standard Environmental Colors" designated by the Rocky Mountain Five-State Interagency Committee. The color selected for this project is **Shale Green**, Munsell Soil Color Chart Number 5Y 4/2.

8. Any cultural and/or paleontological resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on the holder's behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. The holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the Authorized Officer to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to the proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the holder.

9. A sales contract for removal of mineral material (caliche, sand, gravel, fill dirt) from an authorized pit, site, or on location must be obtained from the BLM prior to commencing construction. There are several options available for purchasing mineral material: contact the BLM office (575-234-5972).

Page 13 of 27

10. The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

Page 14 of 27

11. Once the site is no longer in service or use, the site must undergo final abandonment. At final abandonment, the site and access roads must undergo "final" reclamation so that the character and productivity of the land are restored. Earthwork for final reclamation must be completed within six (6) months of the abandonment of the site. All pads and facility locations and roads must be reclaimed to a satisfactory revegetated, safe, and stable condition, unless an agreement is made with the landowner or BLM to keep the road and/or pad intact. After all disturbed areas have been satisfactorily prepared, these areas need to be revegetated with the seed mixture provided. Seeding should be accomplished by drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other approved methods. Seeding may need to be repeated until revegetation is successful, as determined by the BLM.

Operators shall contact a BLM surface protection specialist prior to surface abandonment operations for site specific objectives (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909).

12. The holder shall stockpile an adequate amount of topsoil where blading occurs. The topsoil to be stripped is approximately 6 inches in depth. The topsoil will be segregated from other spoil piles. The topsoil will be used for final reclamation.

13. The holder will reseed all disturbed areas. Seeding will be done according to the attached seeding requirements, using the following seed mix.

(X) seed mixture 1	() seed mixture 3
() seed mixture 2	() seed mixture 4
() seed mixture 2/LPC	( ) Aplomado Falcon Mixture

14. In those areas where erosion control structures are required to stabilize soil conditions, the holder shall install such structures as are suitable for the specific soil conditions being encountered and which are in accordance with sound management practices. Any earth work will require prior approval by the Authorized Officer.

15. Open-topped Tanks - The operator will take actions necessary to prevent wildlife and livestock access, including avian wildlife, to all open-topped tanks that contain or have the potential to contain salinity sufficient to cause harm to wildlife or livestock, hydrocarbons, or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976-exempt hazardous substances. At a minimum, the operator will net, screen, or cover open-topped tanks to exclude wildlife and livestock and prevent mortality. If the operator uses netting, the operator will cover and secure the open portion of the tank to prevent wildlife entry. The operator will net, screen, or cover the tanks until the operator removes the tanks from the location or the tanks no longer contain substances that could be harmful to wildlife or livestock. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1  $\frac{1}{2}$  inches. The netting must not be in contact with fluids and must not have holes or gaps

Page 15 of 27

16. The operator will prevent all hazardous, poisonous, flammable, and toxic substances from coming into contact with soil and water. At a minimum, the operator will install and maintain an

impervious secondary containment system for any tank or barrel containing hazardous, poisonous, flammable, or toxic substances sufficient to contain the contents of the tank or barrel and any drips, leaks, and anticipated precipitation. The operator will dispose of fluids within the containment system that do not meet applicable state or U. S. Environmental Protection Agency livestock water standards in accordance with state law; the operator must not drain the fluids to the soil or ground. The operator will design, construct, and maintain all secondary containment systems to prevent wildlife and livestock exposure to harmful substances. At a minimum, the operator will install effective wildlife and livestock exclosure systems such as fencing, netting, expanded metal mesh, lids, and grate covers. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches.

17. Open-Vent Exhaust Stack Exclosures – The operator will construct, modify, equip, and maintain all open-vent exhaust stacks on production equipment to prevent birds and bats from entering, and to discourage perching, roosting, and nesting. (Recommended exclosure structures on open-vent exhaust stacks are in the shape of a cone.) Production equipment includes, but may not be limited to, tanks, heater-treaters, separators, dehydrators, flare stacks, in-line units, and compressor mufflers.

18. Containment Structures - Proposed production facilities such as storage tanks and other vessels will have a secondary containment structure that is constructed to hold the capacity of 1.5 times the largest tank, plus freeboard to account for precipitation, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary.

19. Special Stipulations:

- The entire well pad will be bermed to prevent oil, salt, and other chemical contaminants from leaving the well pad. Topsoil shall not be used to construct the berm. No water flow from the uphill side(s) of the pad shall be allowed to enter the well pad. The berm shall be maintained through the life of the well and after interim reclamation has been completed.
- Any water erosion that may occur due to the construction of the well pad during the life of the well will be corrected within two weeks and proper measures will be taken to prevent future erosion.

## **B. PIPELINES**

## **BURIED PIPELINE STIPULATIONS**

A copy of the application (Grant, APD, or Sundry Notice) and attachments, including conditions of approval, survey plat and/or map, will be on location during construction. BLM personnel may

Page 16 of 27

request to you a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

Holder agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer:

1. The Holder shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this grant.

2. The Holder shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, the holder shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC 2601 et seq. (1982) with regards to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the right-of-way or on facilities authorized under this right-of-way grant. (See 40 CFR Part 702-799 and especially, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193.) Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the authorized officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.

3. The holder agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, <u>et seq</u>. or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C.6901, <u>et seq</u>.) on the Right-of-Way (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to the Right-of-Way holder's activity on the Right-of-Way), or resulting from the activity of the Right-of-Way holder on the Right-of-Way. This agreement applies without regard to whether a release is caused by the holder, its agent, or unrelated third parties.

4. If, during any phase of the construction, operation, maintenance, or termination of the pipeline, any oil or other pollutant should be discharged from the pipeline system, impacting Federal lands, the control and total removal, disposal, and cleaning up of such oil or other pollutant, wherever found, shall be the responsibility of holder, regardless of fault. Upon failure of holder to control, dispose of, or clean up such discharge on or affecting Federal lands, or to repair all damages resulting therefrom, on the Federal lands, the Authorized Officer may take such measures as he deems necessary to control and clean up the discharge and restore the area, including where appropriate, the aquatic environment and fish and wildlife habitats, at the full expense of the holder. Such action by the Authorized Officer shall not relieve holder of any responsibility as provided herein.

Page 17 of 27

5. All construction and maintenance activity will be confined to the authorized right-of-way.

6. The pipeline will be buried with a minimum cover of  $\underline{36}$  inches between the top of the pipe and ground level.

- 7. The maximum allowable disturbance for construction in this right-of-way will be  $\underline{30}$  feet:
  - Blading of vegetation within the right-of-way will be allowed: maximum width of blading operations will not exceed **20** feet. The trench is included in this area. (*Blading is defined as the complete removal of brush and ground vegetation.*)
  - Clearing of brush species within the right-of-way will be allowed: maximum width of clearing operations will not exceed <u>30</u> feet. The trench and bladed area are included in this area. (*Clearing is defined as the removal of brush while leaving ground vegetation (grasses, weeds, etc.) intact. Clearing is best accomplished by holding the blade 4 to 6 inches above the ground surface.*)
  - The remaining area of the right-of-way (if any) shall only be disturbed by compressing the vegetation. (*Compressing can be caused by vehicle tires, placement of equipment, etc.*)

9. The holder shall minimize disturbance to existing fences and other improvements on public lands. The holder is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The holder will contact the owner of any improvements prior to disturbing them. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting of the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.

10. Vegetation, soil, and rocks left as a result of construction or maintenance activity will be randomly scattered on this right-of-way and will not be left in rows, piles, or berms, unless otherwise approved by the Authorized Officer. The entire right-of-way shall be recontoured to match the surrounding landscape. The backfilled soil shall be compacted and a 6 inch berm will be left over the ditch line to allow for settling back to grade.

11. In those areas where erosion control structures are required to stabilize soil conditions, the holder will install such structures as are suitable for the specific soil conditions being encountered and which are in accordance with sound resource management practices.

Page 18 of 27

12. The holder will reseed all disturbed areas. Seeding will be done according to the attached seeding requirements, using the following seed mix.

(X) seed mixture 1	() seed mixture 3
() seed mixture 2	() seed mixture 4
() seed mixture 2/LPC	() Aplomado Falcon Mixture

13. All above-ground structures not subject to safety requirements shall be painted by the holder to blend with the natural color of the landscape. The paint used shall be color which simulates "Standard Environmental Colors" – Shale Green, Munsell Soil Color No. 5Y 4/2.

14. The pipeline will be identified by signs at the point of origin and completion of the right-ofway and at all road crossings. At a minimum, signs will state the holder's name, BLM serial number, and the product being transported. All signs and information thereon will be posted in a permanent, conspicuous manner, and will be maintained in a legible condition for the life of the pipeline.

15. The holder shall not use the pipeline route as a road for purposes other than routine maintenance as determined necessary by the Authorized Officer in consultation with the holder before maintenance begins. The holder will take whatever steps are necessary to ensure that the pipeline route is not used as a roadway. As determined necessary during the life of the pipeline, the Authorized Officer may ask the holder to construct temporary deterrence structures.

16. Any cultural and/or paleontological resources (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on his behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. Holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the Authorized Officer to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the holder.

17. The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes associated roads, pipeline corridor and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

18. <u>Escape Ramps</u> - The operator will construct and maintain pipeline/utility trenches that are not otherwise fenced, screened, or netted to prevent livestock, wildlife, and humans from becoming entrapped. At a minimum, the operator will construct and maintain escape ramps, ladders, or

Page 19 of 27

other methods of avian and terrestrial wildlife escape in the trenches according to the following criteria:

- a. Any trench left open for eight (8) hours or less is not required to have escape ramps; however, before the trench is backfilled, the contractor/operator shall inspect the trench for wildlife, remove all trapped wildlife, and release them at least 100 yards from the trench.
- b. For trenches left open for eight (8) hours or more, earthen escape ramps (built at no more than a 30 degree slope and spaced no more than 500 feet apart) shall be placed in the trench.

## STANDARD STIPULATIONS FOR SURFACE INSTALLED PIPELINES

A copy of the application (Grant, Sundry Notice, APD) and attachments, including stipulations, survey plat and/or map, will be on location during construction. BLM personnel may request to you a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

Holder agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer:

1. The holder shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this grant.

2. The holder shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, the holder shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC 2601 <u>et seq</u>. (1982) with regards to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the right-of-way or on facilities authorized under this right-of-way grant. (See 40 CFR, Part 702-799 and especially, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193.) Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR, Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the authorized officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.

3. The holder agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, <u>et seq</u>. or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 6901, <u>et seq</u>.) on the Right-of-Way (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to activity of the Right-of-Way holder's activity on the Right-of-Way), or resulting from the activity of the Right-of-Way holder on the Right-of-Way. This agreement applies without regard to whether a release is caused by the holder, its agent, or unrelated third parties.

Page 20 of 27

4. The holder shall be liable for damage or injury to the United States to the extent provided by 43 CFR Sec. 2883.1-4. The holder shall be held to a standard of strict liability for damage or injury to the United States resulting from pipe rupture, fire, or spills caused or substantially aggravated by any of the following within the right-of-way or permit area:

- a. Activities of the holder including, but not limited to construction, operation, maintenance, and termination of the facility.
- b. Activities of other parties including, but not limited to:
  - (1) Land clearing.
  - (2) Earth-disturbing and earth-moving work.
  - (3) Blasting.
  - (4) Vandalism and sabotage.
- c. Acts of God.

The maximum limitation for such strict liability damages shall not exceed one million dollars (\$1,000,000) for any one event, and any liability in excess of such amount shall be determined by the ordinary rules of negligence of the jurisdiction in which the damage or injury occurred.

This section shall not impose strict liability for damage or injury resulting primarily from an act of war or from the negligent acts or omissions of the United States.

5. If, during any phase of the construction, operation, maintenance, or termination of the pipeline, any oil, salt water, or other pollutant should be discharged from the pipeline system, impacting Federal lands, the control and total removal, disposal, and cleaning up of such oil, salt water, or other pollutant, wherever found, shall be the responsibility of the holder, regardless of fault. Upon failure of the holder to control, dispose of, or clean up such discharge on or affecting Federal lands, or to repair all damages resulting therefrom, on the Federal lands, the Authorized Officer may take such measures as he deems necessary to control and clean up the discharge and restore the area, including, where appropriate, the aquatic environment and fish and wildlife habitats, at the full expense of the holder. Such action by the Authorized Officer shall not relieve the holder of any responsibility as provided herein.

6. All construction and maintenance activity will be confined to the authorized right-ofway width of <u>20</u> feet. If the pipeline route follows an existing road or buried pipeline right-of-way, the surface pipeline must be installed no farther than 10 feet from the edge of the road or buried pipeline right-of-way. If existing surface pipelines prevent this distance, the proposed surface pipeline must be installed immediately adjacent to the outer surface pipeline. All construction and maintenance activity will be confined to existing roads or right-of-ways.

7. No blading or clearing of any vegetation will be allowed unless approved in writing by the Authorized Officer.

8. The holder shall install the pipeline on the surface in such a manner that will minimize suspension of the pipeline across low areas in the terrain. In hummocky of duney areas, the pipeline will be "snaked" around hummocks and dunes rather then suspended across these features.

9. The pipeline shall be buried with a minimum of 24 inches under all roads, "two-tracks," and trails. Burial of the pipe will continue for 20 feet on each side of each crossing. The condition of the road, upon completion of construction, shall be returned to at least its former state with no bumps or dips remaining in the road surface.

10. The holder shall minimize disturbance to existing fences and other improvements on public lands. The holder is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The holder will contact the owner of any improvements prior to disturbing them. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting of the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.

11. In those areas where erosion control structures are required to stabilize soil conditions, the holder will install such structures as are suitable for the specific soil conditions being encountered and which are in accordance with sound resource management practices.

12. Excluding the pipe, all above-ground structures not subject to safety requirement shall be painted by the holder to blend with the natural color of the landscape. The paint used shall be a color which simulates "Standard Environmental Colors" – Shale Green, Munsell Soil Color No. 5Y 4/2; designated by the Rocky Mountain Five State Interagency Committee.

13. The pipeline will be identified by signs at the point of origin and completion of the right-of-way and at all road crossings. At a minimum, signs will state the holder's name, BLM serial number, and the product being transported. Signs will be maintained in a legible condition for the life of the pipeline.

14. The holder shall not use the pipeline route as a road for purposes other than routine maintenance as determined necessary by the Authorized Officer in consultation with the holder. The holder will take whatever steps are necessary to ensure that the pipeline route is not used as a roadway.

15. Any cultural and/or paleontological resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on his behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the authorized officer. Holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the authorized officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the authorized officer to determine appropriate cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to proper mitigation

Page 22 of 27

measures will be made by the authorized officer after consulting with the holder.

16. The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, powerline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

17. Surface pipelines must be less than or equal to 4 inches and a working pressure below 125 psi.

## C. ELECTRIC LINES STANDARD STIPULATIONS FOR OVERHEAD ELECTRIC DISTRIBUTION LINES

A copy of the grant and attachments, including stipulations, survey plat and/or map, will be on location during construction. BLM personnel may request to you a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

Holder agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer:

1. The holder shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this grant.

2. The holder shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, the holder shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC 2601 <u>et seq</u>. (1982) with regards to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the right-of-way or on facilities authorized under this right-of-way grant. (See 40 CFR, Part 702-799 and especially, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193.) Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR, Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the authorized officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.

3. The holder agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, et seq. or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 6901, et

Page 23 of 27

<u>seq.</u>) on the Right-of-Way (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to the Right-of-Way holder's activity on the Right-of-Way), or resulting from the activity of the Right-of-Way holder on the Right-of-Way. This agreement applies without regard to whether a release is caused by the holder, its agent, or unrelated third parties.

4. There will be no clearing or blading of the right-of-way unless otherwise agreed to in writing by the Authorized Officer.

5. Power lines shall be constructed and designed in accordance to standards outlined in "Suggested Practices for Avian Protection on Power lines: The State of the Art in 2006" Edison Electric Institute, APLIC, and the California Energy Commission 2006. The holder shall assume the burden and expense of proving that pole designs not shown in the above publication deter raptor perching, roosting, and nesting. Such proof shall be provided by a raptor expert approved by the Authorized Officer. The BLM reserves the right to require modification or additions to all powerline structures placed on this right-of-way, should they be necessary to ensure the safety of large perching birds. Such modifications and/or additions shall be made by the holder without liability or expense to the United States.

Raptor deterrence will consist of but not limited to the following: triangle perch discouragers shall be placed on each side of the cross arms and a nonconductive perching deterrence shall be placed on all vertical poles that extend past the cross arms.

6. The holder shall minimize disturbance to existing fences and other improvements on public lands. The holder is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The holder will contact the owner of any improvements prior to disturbing them. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.

7. The BLM serial number assigned to this authorization shall be posted in a permanent, conspicuous manner where the power line crosses roads and at all serviced facilities. Numbers will be at least two inches high and will be affixed to the pole nearest the road crossing and at the facilities served.

8. Upon cancellation, relinquishment, or expiration of this grant, the holder shall comply with those abandonment procedures as prescribed by the Authorized Officer.

9. All surface structures (poles, lines, transformers, etc.) shall be removed within 180 days of abandonment, relinquishment, or termination of use of the serviced facility or facilities or within 180 days of abandonment, relinquishment, cancellation, or expiration of this grant, whichever comes first. This will not apply where the power line extends service to an active, adjoining facility or facilities.

10. Any cultural and/or paleontological resource (historic or prehistoric site or object)

Page 24 of 27

discovered by the holder, or any person working on his behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. Holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the Authorized Officer to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the holder.

- 11. Special Stipulations:
  - For reclamation remove poles, lines, transformer, etc. and dispose of properly.
  - Fill in any holes from the poles removed.

# VIII. INTERIM RECLAMATION

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations should undergo interim reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses.

Within six (6) months of well completion, operators should work with BLM surface management specialists (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909) to devise the best strategies to reduce the size of the location. Interim reclamation should allow for remedial well operations, as well as safe and efficient removal of oil and gas.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche is important to increasing the success of revegetating the site. Removed caliche that is free of contaminants may be used for road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

All disturbed areas after they have been satisfactorily prepared need to be reseeded with the seed mixture provided below.

Upon completion of interim reclamation, the operator shall submit a Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, Subsequent Report of Reclamation (Form 3160-5).

# IX. FINAL ABANDONMENT & RECLAMATION

At final abandonment, well locations, production facilities, and access roads must undergo "final" reclamation so that the character and productivity of the land are restored.

Page 25 of 27

Earthwork for final reclamation must be completed within six (6) months of well plugging. All pads, pits, facility locations and roads must be reclaimed to a satisfactory revegetated, safe, and stable condition, unless an agreement is made with the landowner or BLM to keep the road and/or pad intact.

After all disturbed areas have been satisfactorily prepared, these areas need to be revegetated with the seed mixture provided below. Seeding should be accomplished by drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other approved methods. Seeding may need to be repeated until revegetation is successful, as determined by the BLM.

Operators shall contact a BLM surface protection specialist prior to surface abandonment operations for site specific objectives (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909).

Ground-level Abandoned Well Marker to avoid raptor perching: Upon the plugging and subsequent abandonment of the well, the well marker will be installed at ground level on a plate containing the pertinent information for the plugged well.

Page 26 of 27

## Seed Mixture 1 for Loamy Sites

Holder shall seed all disturbed areas with the seed mixture listed below. The seed mixture shall be planted in the amounts specified in pounds of pure live seed (PLS)\* per acre. There shall be no primary or secondary noxious weeds in the seed mixture. Seed shall be tested and the viability testing of seed will be done in accordance with State law(s) and within nine (9) months prior to purchase. Commercial seed shall be either certified or registered seed. The seed container shall be tagged in accordance with State law(s) and available for inspection by the Authorized Officer.

Seed shall be planted using a drill equipped with a depth regulator to ensure proper depth regulator to ensure proper depth of planting where drilling is possible. The seed mixture shall be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area (small/heavier seeds have a tendency to drop the bottom of the drill and are planted first). Holder shall take appropriate measures to ensure this does not occur. Where drilling is not possible, seed shall be broadcast and the area shall be raked or chained to cover the seed. When broadcasting the seed, the pounds per acre shall be doubled. The seeding shall be repeated until a satisfactory stand is established as determined by the Authorized Officer. Evaluation of growth may not be made before completion of at least one full growing season after seeding.

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed\* per acre:

## **Species**

	<u>lb/acre</u>
Plains lovegrass (Eragrostis intermedia)	0.5
Sand dropseed (Sporobolus cryptandrus)	1.0
Sideoats grama (Bouteloua curtipendula)	5.0
Plains bristlegrass (Setaria macrostachya)	2.0

\*Pounds of pure live seed:

Pounds of seed x percent purity x percent germination = pounds pure live seed



U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT



## **Operator Certification**

I hereby certify that I, or someone under my direct supervision, have inspected the drill site and access route proposed herein; that I am familiar with the conditions which currently exist; that I have full knowledge of state and Federal laws applicable to this operation; that the statements made in this APD package are, to the best of my knowledge, true and correct; and that the work associated with the operations proposed herein will be performed in conformity with this APD package and the terms and conditions under which it is approved. I also certify that I, or the company I represent, am responsible for the operations conducted under this application. These statements are subject to the provisions of 18 U.S.C. 1001 for the filing of false statements.

NAME: David Stewart		Signed on: 02/08/2018
Title: Sr. Regulatory Advi	sor	
Street Address: 5 Green	way Plaza, Suite 110	
City: Houston State: TX		<b>Zip:</b> 77046
Phone: (713)366-5716		
Email address: David_st	ewart@oxy.com	
Field Represe	ntative	
Representative Name:	Jim Wilson	
Street Address: 6001	Deauville	
City: Midland	State: TX	<b>Zip</b> : 79706
Phone: (575)631-2442		
Email address: jim_wil	son@oxy.com	

# AFMSS

#### U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT



#### APD ID: 10400027031

**Operator Name: OXY USA INCORPORATED** Well Name: OXBOW CC 17-8 FEDERAL COM

#### Submission Date: 02/08/2018

Well Number: 35H Well Work Type: Drill

and the second s

බලුත් ලෝක්සේ වෙස්ස raliea's.(he most രങ്ങൻ ശിരന്ത്രാട

Show Final Text

Well Type: OIL WELL

Section 1 - General					
APD ID: 10400027031	Tie to previous NOS?	Submission Date: 02/08/2018			
BLM Office: CARLSBAD	User: David Stewart	Title: Sr. Regulatory Advisor			
Federal/Indian APD: FED	Is the first lease penetrate	Is the first lease penetrated for production Federal or Indian? FED			
Lease number: NMNM117120	Lease Acres: 520	Lease Acres: 520			
Surface access agreement in place?	Allotted?	Reservation:			
Agreement in place? NO	Federal or Indian agreeme	ent:			
Agreement number:					
Agreement name:					
Keep application confidential? NO					
Permitting Agent? NO	APD Operator: OXY USA I	NCORPORATED			
Operator letter of designation:					
Operator Info					
Operator Organization Name: OXY USA					
Operator Address: 5 Greenway Plaza, St					
Operator PO Box:		<b>Zip:</b> 77046			
•	e: TX				
Operator Phone: (713)366-5716					
Operator Internet Address:					
-Fernier menter manager					

## **Section 2 - Well Information**

Mater Development Plan name:	
Master SUPO name:	
Master Drilling Plan name:	
Well Number: 35H	Well API Number:
Field Name: PURPLE SAGE WOLFCAMP	Pool Name: WOLFCAMP
	Master SUPO name: Master Drilling Plan name: Well Number: 35H Field Name: PURPLE SAGE

Is the proposed well in an area containing other mineral resources? USEABLE WATER

#### Well Number: 35H

Describe oth	er minerals:				
Is the propos	sed well in a Helium producti	ion area? N	Use Existing Well Pad?	NO	New surface disturbance?
Type of Well Pad: MULTIPLE WELL Well Class: HORIZONTAL			Multiple Well Pad Name:		Number: 34H
			OXBOW CC 17-8 FEDERAL COM Number of Legs:		
Well Work Ty	<b>/pe:</b> Drill				
Well Type: O					
Describe We	II Туре:				
Well sub-Typ	e: INFILL				
Describe sub	o-type:				
Distance to town: 8 Miles Distance		istance to nea	arest well: 35 FT	Distanc	e to lease line: 50 FT
Reservoir we	ell spacing assigned acres M	leasurement:	640 Acres		
Well plat:	OxbowCC17_8FdCom35H_C102_20180206161612.pdf				
	OxbowCC17_8FdCom35H_SitePlan_20180523143958.pdf				
Well work sta	art Date: 10/21/2019		Duration: 25 DAYS		

## **Section 3 - Well Location Table**

Survey Type: RECTANGULAR

Describe Survey Type:

Datum: NAD83

#### Vertical Datum: NAVD88

Survey number:

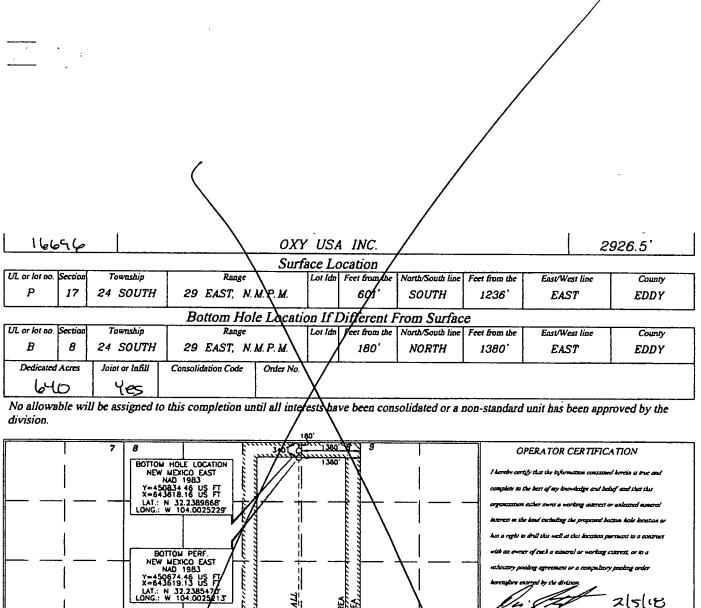
	NS-Foot	NS Indicator	EW-Foot	EW Indicator	Twsp	Range	Section	Aliquot/Lot/Tract	Latitude	Longitude	County	State	Meridian	Lease Type	Lease Number	Elevation	MD	DVT
SHL Leg #1	601	FSL	123 6	FEL	24S	29E	17	Aliquot SESE	32.21193 64	- 104.0019 652	EDD Y		NEW MEXI CO	F	FEE	262 7	0	0
KOP Leg #1	50	FSL	138 0	FEL	24S	29E	17	Aliquot SWSE	32.21042 5	- 104.0024 235	EDD Y	1	NEW MEXI CO	F	FEE	- 676 3	943 8	939 0

**Operator Name: OXY USA INCORPORATED** 

## Well Name: OXBOW CC 17-8 FEDERAL COM

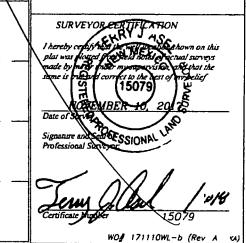
#### Well Number: 35H

	NS-Foot	NS Indicator	EW-Foot	EW Indicator	Twsp	Range	Section	Aliquot/Lot/Tract	Latitude	Longitude	County	State	Meridian	Lease Type	Lease Number	Elevation	QW	TVD
PPP Leg #1	340	FSL	138 0	FEL	24S	29E	17	Aliquot SWSE	32.21122 22	- 104.0024 263	EDD Y	NEW MEXI CO	NEW MEXI CO	F	FEE	- 733 6	103 38	996 3
PPP Leg #1	133 7	FSL	137 4	FEL	24S	29E	8	Aliquot NWSE	32.22855 5	- 104.0024 86	EDD Y		NEW MEXI CO	F	NMNM 117120	- 733 2	169 32	995 9
PPP Leg #1	131 9	FNL	137 8	FEL	24S	29E	8	Aliquot NWNE	32.23585 4	- 104.0025 11	EDD Y	NEW MEXI CO		F	NMNM 102913	- 732 7	195 56	995 4
EXIT Leg #1	340	FNL	138 0	FEL	24S	29E	8	Aliquot NWNE	32.23854 7	- 104.0025 213	EDD Y	NEW MEXI CO		F	NMNM 102913	- 732 6	199 96	995 3
BHL Leg #1	180	FNL	138 0	FEL	24S	29E	8	Aliquot NWNE	32.23898 68	- 104.0025 229	EDD Y	NEW MEXI CO	NEW MEXI CO	F	NMNM 102913	- 732 6	201 56	995 3



2/5/18 Stewart

طدت: stewanteday. Ca E-mail Address



<u>452</u>

340

붛

≷

10380.44

329-39'15"

h

AZ

CRID

E

7

18 117

<u>GRID</u>

18 17

SURFACE LOCATION NEW MEXICO EAST NAD 1983 Y=446994.48 US FT X=640820.93 US FT LAT. N 32.2119364' .0NG. W 104.0019652

TOP PERF. NEW MEXICO EAST NOD 1983 Y=440734.23 US FT X=643679.14 US FT

LAT.: N 32.2112222 ONG.: W 104.0024263

I KICK OFF POINT NEW MEXICO EAST NAD 1983 Y=440444.22 US FT X=643680.89 US FT LAT.: N 32.2104250' LONG.: W 104.0024235'

<u>AZ = 194°16'43'</u> 567.81'

AREA

PRODUCING PROJECT

8

77 16

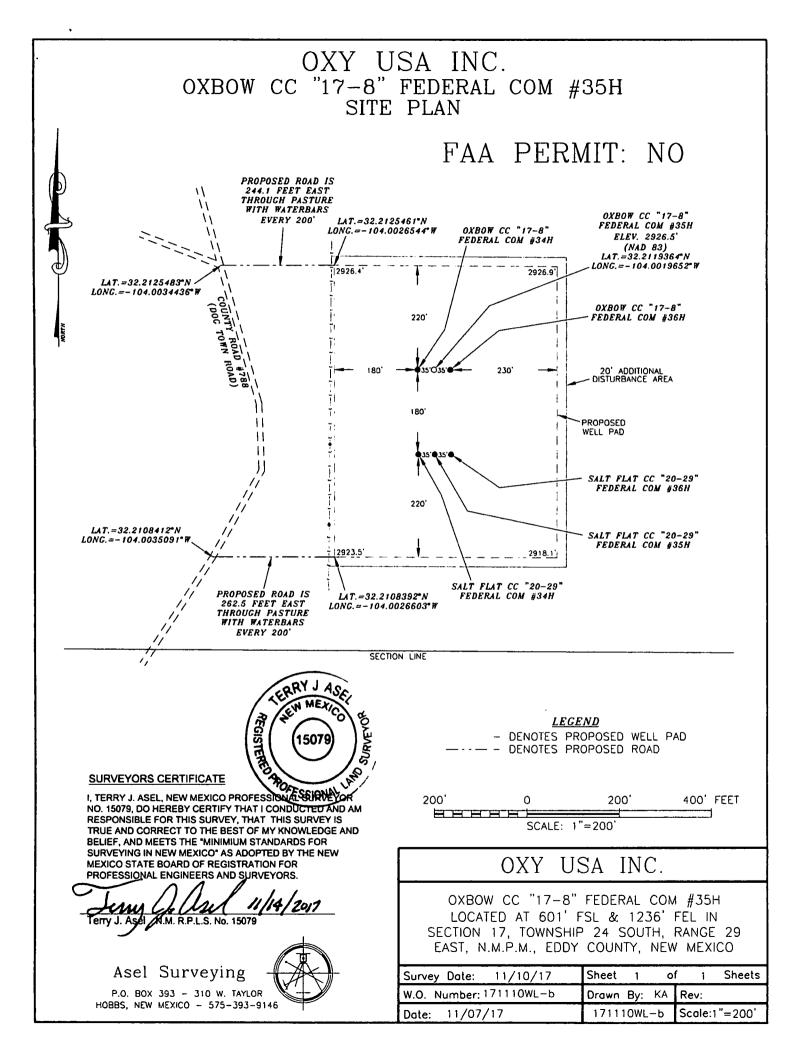
Š

ARE

1360' È 1360' I Z 801

1236

16



# **FMSS**

#### U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Difilling Plan Data Report

06/25/2018

APD ID: 10400027031

Operator Name: OXY USA INCORPORATED Well Name: OXBOW CC 17-8 FEDERAL COM Submission Date: 02/08/2018

Highlighted data reflects the most recent changes

Show Final Text

Well Number: 35H

Well Type: OIL WELL

Well Work Type: Drill

# Section 1 - Geologic Formations

Formation			True Vertical	Measured			Producing
ID	Formation Name	Elevation	Depth	Depth	Lithologies	Mineral Resources	Formation
1	RUSTLER	2927 90		90	SHALE,DOLOMITE,ANH YDRITE	USEABLE WATER	No
2	SALADO	2622	305	305	SHALE, DOLOMITE, HAL ITE, ANHYDRITE	OTHER : SALT	No
3	CASTILE	1712	1215	1215	ANHYDRITE	OTHER : salt	No
- 4	LAMAR	139	2788	2788	LIMESTONE,SANDSTO NE,SILTSTONE	NATURAL GAS,OIL,OTHER : BRINE	No
5	BELL CANYON	84	2843	2843	SANDSTONE,SILTSTO NE	NATURAL GAS,OIL,OTHER : BRINE	No
6	CHERRY CANYON	-826	3753	3753	SANDSTONE,SILTSTO NE	NATURAL GAS,OIL,OTHER : BRINE	No
7	BRUSHY CANYON	-2036	4963	4963	LIMESTONE,SANDSTO NE,SILTSTONE	NATURAL GAS,OIL,OTHER : BRINE	No
8	BONE SPRING	-3590	6517	6526	LIMESTONE,SANDSTO NE,SILTSTONE	NATURAL GAS,OIL	No
9	BONE SPRING 1ST	-4588	7515	7539	LIMESTONE,SANDSTO NE,SILTSTONE	NATURAL GAS,OIL	No
10	BONE SPRING 2ND	-4886	7813	7842	LIMESTONE,SANDSTO NE,SILTSTONE	NATURAL GAS,OIL	No
11	BONE SPRING 3RD	-5808	8735	8777	LIMESTONE,SANDSTO NE,SILTSTONE	NATURAL GAS,OIL	No
12	WOLFCAMP	-6851	9778	9849	SANDSTONE,SILTSTO NE	NATURAL GAS,OIL	Yes

# Section 2 - Blowout Prevention

Pressure Rating (PSI): 5M

Rating Depth: 9963

Equipment: 13-5/8" 5M Annular, Blind Ram, Double Ram

Requesting Variance? YES

Variance request: Request for the use of a flexible choke line from the BOP to Choke Manifold.

**Testing Procedure:** BOP/BOPE will be tested by an independent service company to 250 psi low and the high pressure indicated above per Onshore Order 2 requirements. The System may be upgraded to a higher pressure but still tested to the working pressure listed in the table above. If the system is upgraded all the components installed will be functional and

Well Name: OXBOW CC 17-8 FEDERAL COM

tested. Pipe rams will be operationally checked each 24 hour period. Blind rams will be operationally checked on each trip out of the hole. These checks will be noted on the daily tour sheets. Other accessories to the BOP equipment will include a Kelly cock and floor safety valve (inside BOP) and choke lines and choke manifold. A multibowl wellhead or a unionized multibowl wellhead system will be employed. The wellhead and connection to the BOPE will meet all API 6A requirements. The BOP will be tested per Onshore Order #2 after installation on the surface casing which will cover testing requirements for a maximum of 30 days. If any seal subject to test pressure is broken the system will be tested. We will test the flange connection of the wellhead with a test port that is directly in the flange.

#### **Choke Diagram Attachment:**

OxbowCC17\_8FdCom35H\_ChkManifold\_20180208142515.pdf

#### **BOP Diagram Attachment:**

OxbowCC17\_8FdCom35H\_BOP\_20180208142559.pdf

OxbowCC17\_8FdCom35H\_FlexHoseCert\_20180208142716.pdf

Section	3	- Casing
---------	---	----------

Casing ID	String Type	Hole Size	Csg Size	Condition	Standard	Tapered String	Top Set MD	Bottom Set MD	Top Set TVD	Bottom Set TVD	Top Set MSL	Bottom Set MSL	Calculated casing length MD	Grade	Weight	Joint Type	Collapse SF	Burst SF	Joint SF Type	Joint SF	Body SF Type	Body SF
1	SURFACE	17.5	13.375	NEW	ΑΡί	N	0	400	0	400			400	J-55	54.5	BUTT	1.12 5	1.2	BUOY	1.4	BUOY	1.4
_	INTERMED IATE	12.2 5	9.625	NEW	API	N	0	9337	0	9290			9337	L-80	43.5	BUTT	1.12 5	1.2	BUOY	1.4	BUOY	1.4
-	PRODUCTI ON	8.5	5.5	NEW	API	N	0	20156	0	9953			20156	P- 110		OTHER - DQX	1.12 5	1.2	BUOY	1.4	BUOY	1.4

#### **Casing Attachments**

Well Name: OXBOW CC 17-8 FEDERAL COM

Well Number: 35H

#### **Casing Attachments**

Casing ID: 1 String Type: SURFACE Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

#### **Tapered String Spec:**

#### Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

OxbowCC17\_8FdCom35H\_CsgCriteria\_20180208142859.pdf

Casing ID: 2 String Type: INTERMEDIATE

Inspection Document:

**Spec Document:** 

**Tapered String Spec:** 

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

OxbowCC17\_8FdCom35H\_CsgCriteria\_20180208143040.pdf

Casing ID: 3 String Type: PRODUCTION

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

#### Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

OxbowCC17\_8FdCom35H\_CsgCriteria\_20180208143017.pdf

OxbowCC17\_8FdCom35H\_5.5\_20\_P110\_DQXCsg\_20180208143212.pdf

Section 4 - Cement

#### Well Name: OXBOW CC 17-8 FEDERAL COM

Well Number: 35H

String Type	Lead/Tail	Stage Tool Depth	Top MD	Bottom MD	Quantity(sx)	Yield	Density	Cu Ft	Excess%	Cement type	Additives
SURFACE	Lead		0	400	368	1.68	14.2	618	100	CIC	Accelerator

INTERMEDIATE	Lead	2838	0	2338	732	1.85	12.9	1345	75	CIC	Accelerator, Retarder
INTERMEDIATE	Tail		2338	2838	142	1.33	14.8	189	20	СІС	none
INTERMEDIATE	Lead		2738	8337	690	3.05	10.2	2105	20	Pozzolan/C	Retarder
INTERMEDIATE	Tail		8337	9337	239	1.65	13.2	394	20	CL H	Retarder, Dispersant, Salt
PRODUCTION	Lead		8837	2015 6	1844	1.63	13.2	3006	15	СІН	Retarder, Dispersant, Salt

# Section 5 - Circulating Medium

Mud System Type: Closed

Will an air or gas system be Used? NO

Description of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

Diagram of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

**Describe what will be on location to control well or mitigate other conditions:** Sufficient mud materials to maintain mud properties and meet minimum lost circulation and weight increase requirements. The following is a general list of products: Barite, Bentonite, Gypsum, Lime, Soda Ash, Caustic Soda, Nut Plug, Cedar Fiber, Cotton Seed Hulls, Drilling Paper, Salt Water Clay, CaCl2. Oxy proposes to drill out the 13.375" surface casing shoe with a saturated brine system from 400-2838', which is the base of the salt system. At this point we will swap fluid systems to a high viscosity mixed metal hydroxide system or a fully saturated brine direct emulsion system. We will drill with this system to the intermediate TD @ 9337'. Describe the mud monitoring system utilized: PVT/MD Totco/Visual Monitoring

**Circulating Medium Table** 

#### Well Name: OXBOW CC 17-8 FEDERAL COM

#### Well Number: 35H

Top Depth	Bottom Depth	Mud Type	Min Weight (Ibs/gal)	Max Weight (Ibs/gal)	Density (Ibs/cu ft)	Gel Strength (lbs/100 sqft)	Н	Viscosity (CP)	Salinity (ppm)	Filtration (cc)	Additional Characteristics
400	2838	WATER-BASED MUD	9.8	10							
2838	9337	WATER-BASED MUD	8.8	9.6							
9337	2015 6	OIL-BASED MUD	9.6	11							
0	400	WATER-BASED MUD	8.4	8.6							

# Section 6 - Test, Logging, Coring

#### List of production tests including testing procedures, equipment and safety measures:

GR from TD to surface (horizontal well - vertical portion of hole). Mud Log from intermediate shoe to TD.

### List of open and cased hole logs run in the well: GR,MUDLOG

#### Coring operation description for the well:

No coring is planned at this time.

## **Section 7 - Pressure**

Anticipated Bottom Hole Pressure: 5699

Anticipated Surface Pressure: 3507.14

Anticipated Bottom Hole Temperature(F): 160

#### Anticipated abnormal pressures, temperatures, or potential geologic hazards? NO

#### Describe:

Contingency Plans geoharzards description:

Contingency Plans geohazards attachment:

#### Hydrogen Sulfide drilling operations plan required? YES

#### Hydrogen sulfide drilling operations plan:

OxbowCC17\_8FdCom35H\_H2S1\_20180207160646.pdf OxbowCC17\_8FdCom35H\_H2S2\_20180207160658.pdf

Well Name: OXBOW CC 17-8 FEDERAL COM

Well Number: 35H

# **Section 8 - Other Information**

#### Proposed horizontal/directional/multi-lateral plan submission:

OxbowCC17\_8FdCom35H\_DirectPlan\_20180207160530.pdf

OxbowCC17\_8FdCom35H\_DirectPlot\_20180207160541.pdf

#### Other proposed operations facets description:

OXY requests the option to set casing shallower yet still below the salts if losses or hole conditions require this. Cement volumes may be adjusted if casing is set shallower and a DV tool will be run in case a contingency second stage is required for cement to reach surface. If cement circulated to surface during first stage we will drop a cancelation cone and not pump the second stage.

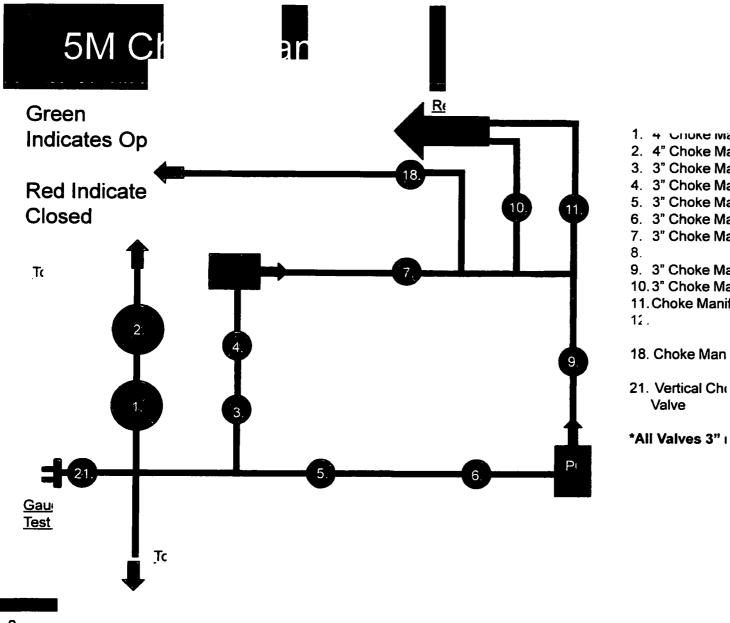
Well will be drilled with a walking/skidding operation. Plan to drill the three well pad in batch by section: all surface sections, intermediate sections and production sections. The wellhead will be secured with a night cap whenever the rig is not over the well.

OXY requests the option to contract a Surface Rig to drill, set surface casing, and cement for this well. If the timing between rigs is such that OXY would not be able to preset surface, the Primary Rig will MIRU and drill the well in its entirety per the APD. Please see the attached document for information on the spudder rig.

#### Other proposed operations facets attachment:

OxbowCC17\_8FdCom35H\_SpudRigData\_20180207160554.pdf OxbowCC17\_8FdCom35H\_DrillPlan\_20180208145556.pdf

#### **Other Variance attachment:**

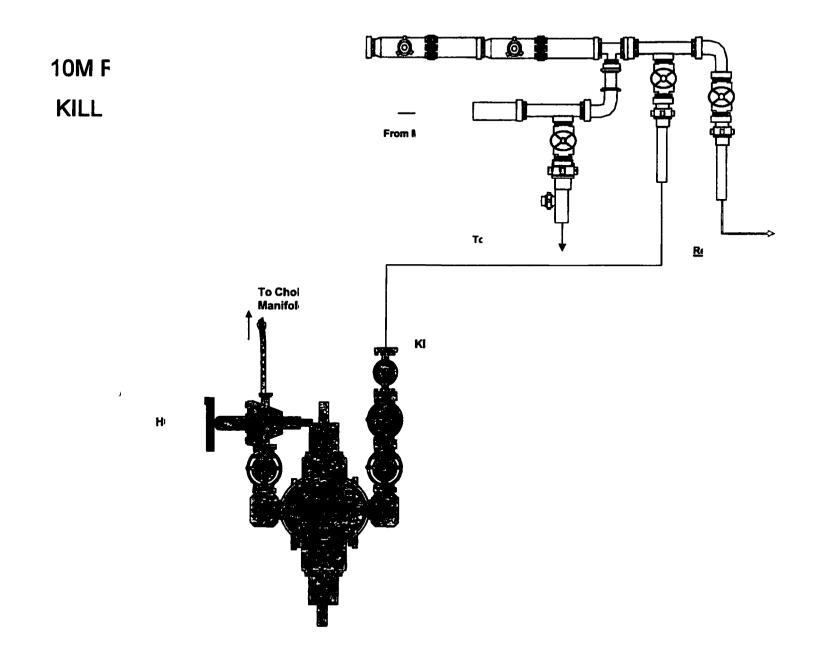


1. 4 CHURE MIAIHIOID VAIVE 2. 4" Choke Manifold Valve 3. 3" Choke Manifold Valve 4. 3" Choke Manifold Valve 5. 3" Choke Manifold Valve 6. 3" Choke Manifold Valve 7. 3" Choke Manifold Valve 9. 3" Choke Manifold Valve 10.3" Choke Manifold Valve 11. Choke Manifold Valve 18. Choke Man

6

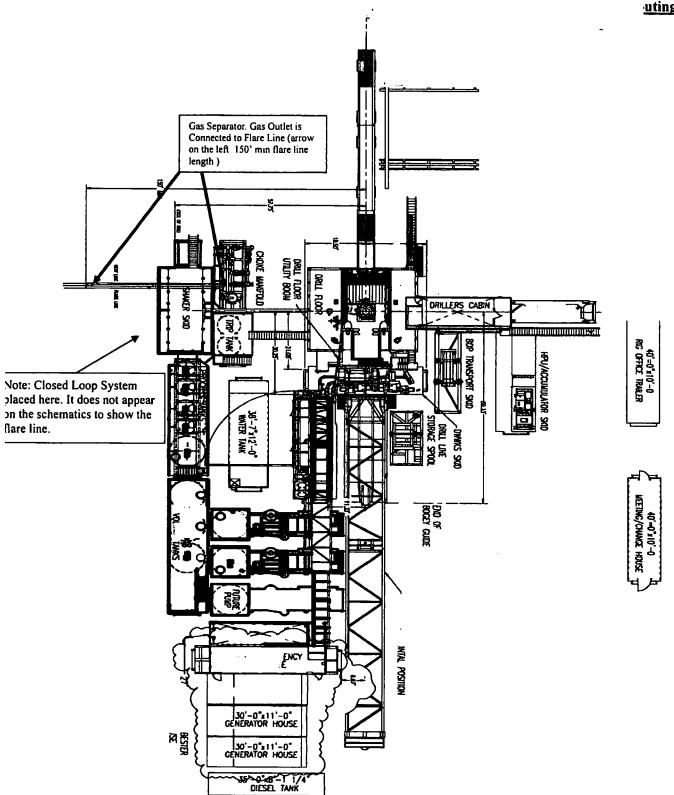
\*All Valves 3" (

2

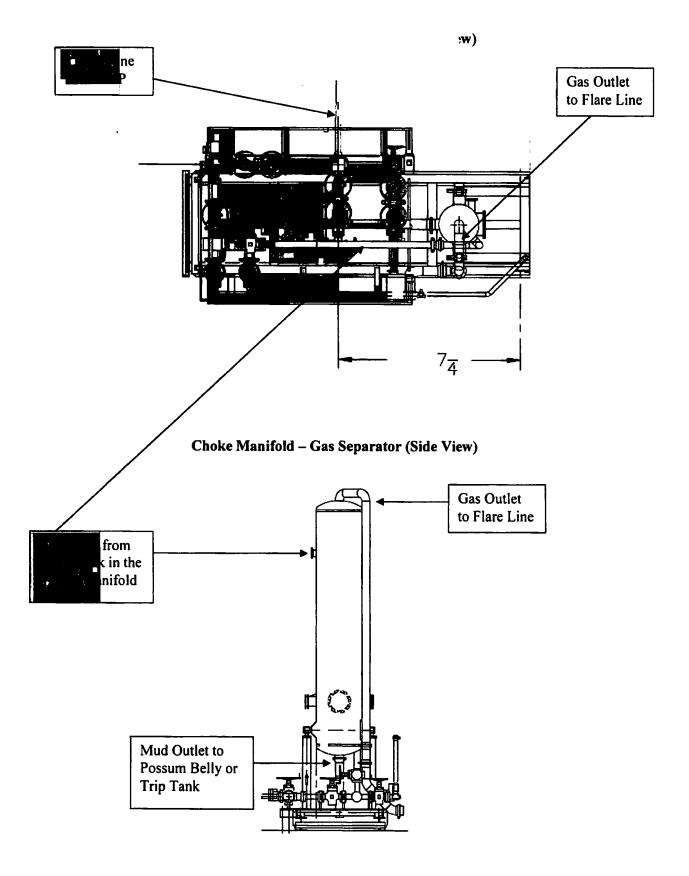


.

4



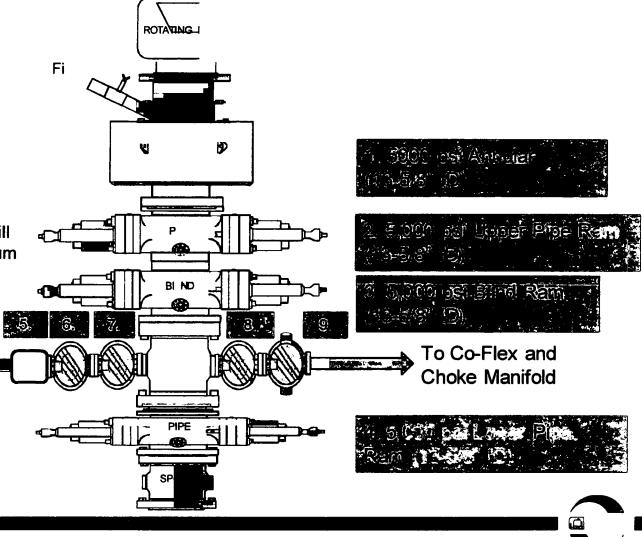
uting



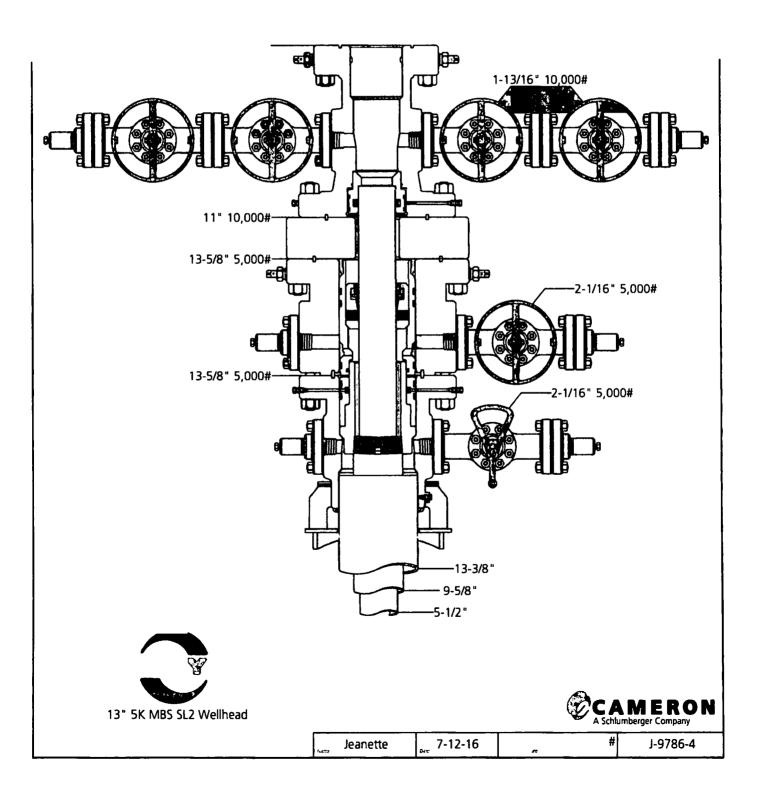
# 5M BOP Stack

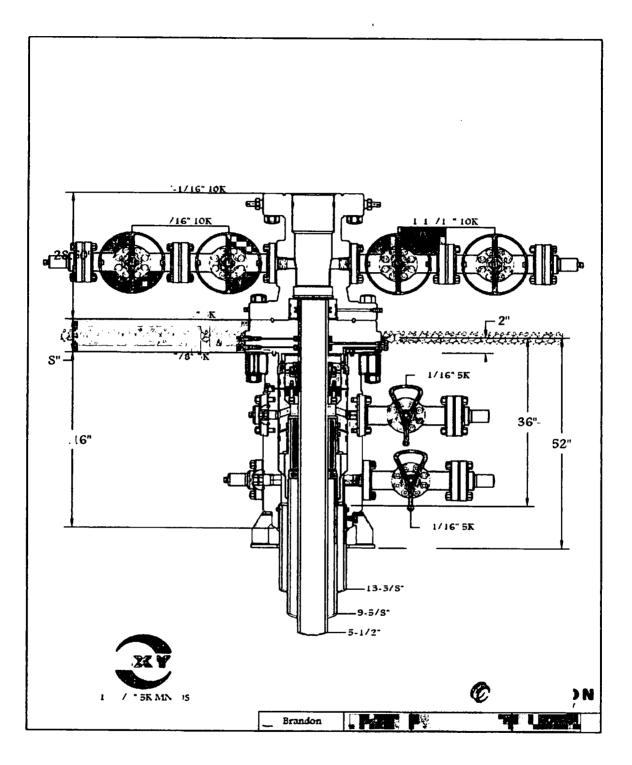
- J. JIVI CHEUR VAIVE
- 6. Outside 5M Kill Line Valve
- 7. Inside 5M Kill Line
- 8. Outside 5M Kill Line Valve
- 9. 5M HCR Valve
- \*Minimum ID = 2-1/16" on Kill Line side and 3" minimum ID on choke line side

To K Line



1









.

•

Fluid Technology

Quality Document

INSPECTION A	AND TEST (	CERTIFI	CATE						
PURCHASER;	Phoenix Beatti	e Co.			P,O. Nº:	: (	002491		
CONTITECH ORDER Nº:	412638 H	OSE TYPE:	3″	Ð	Ch	oke and K	(III Hose	;	
HOBE SERIAL Nº:	52777 N	IOMINAL / AC	TUAL LI	ENGTH:		10,67 m	}		
W.P. 68,96 MPa 1	0000 ры Т	.P. 103,4	MPa	15000	psi	Duration:	60	~~	min.
	See a	ttachment	. (1 pa	ge)					
î 10 mm = 10 Mm. → 10 mm = 25 MPa									-
		COUF	PLINGS						-
	a	COUF riai Nº	PLINGS		uality		H	eat N°	-
→ 10 mm = 25 MP; Type 3° coupling with	a		PLINGS		uslity 4130			eat N° 998A	-
-→ 10 mm = 25 MP; Type	a Se	riai Nº	PLINGS	AISI			קו		
→ 10 mm = 25 MP; Type 3° coupling with	917	riai Nº	PLINGS	AISI	4130		קו	998A 3984 ec 16 (	
→ 10 mm = 25 MPa Type 3° coupling with 4 1/16° Flange end INFOCHIP INSTALLI	a Se 917 ED ED	rial N° 913 MANUFACTI	RED IN A	AISI AISI	4130 4130	Tei	T7 26 API Spi mperat	998A 3984 ec 16 ( ure rat	C e:"B"
→ 10 mm = 25 MPa Type 3° coupling with 4 1/16° Flange end INFOCHIP INSTALLI JI metal parts are flawless VE CERTIFY THAT THE ABOVE	a Se 917 ED ED	rial N° 913 MANUFACTI		AISI AISI	4130 4130	Tei	T7 26 API Spi mperat	998A 3984 ec 16 ( ure rat	C e:"B"

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
میں میں اور میں کر میں اور میں میں اور میں اور اور میں اور میں	
:	
-	
• • • • • • • • • •	
)	
•	
•	
Creation Dept.	

٣

.

.

I/T :e6eJ

٠

Coffex Hose Certification

·

٠

. . . . . . ....

Form No 100/12

Phoenix Beattle Corp 11535 Brittmore Park Drive Houston, TX 77041 Tel: (832) 327-0141 For: (832) 327-0145 E-soft set18phoenixbeattle.com wer.phoenixbeattle.com

# **Delivery Note**

- PHOENIX Beattie

Customer Order Number 37	0-369-001	Delivery Note Number	003078	Page	1
Customer / Invoice Address HELMERICH & PAYNE INT'L DRIL 1437 SOUTH BOULDER TULSA, OK 74119	LING CO	Delivery / Address Helmerich & Payne IDC Attn: Joe Stephenson - Ri 13609 Industrial Road Houstun, Tx 77015	G 370		

Customer Acc No	Phoenix Beattie Contract Manager	Phoenix Beattle Reference	Date
HOI	JJL	006330	05/23/2008

item No	Beattle Part Number / Description	Qty Ordered	Oty Sent	Qty To Follow
1	HP10CK3A-35-4F1 3" 10K 16C C&K HOSE x 35ft OAL CW 4.1/16" API SPEC FLANGE E/ End 1: 4.1/16" 10Kps1 API Spec 6A Type 6BX Flange End 2: 4.1/16" 10Kps1 API Spec 6A Type 6BX Flange C/W BX155 Standard ring groove at each end Suitable for H2S Service Working pressure: 10.000psi Test pressure: 15.000psi Standard: API 16C Full specification Armor Guarding: Included Fire Rating: Not Included Temperature rating: -20 Deg C to +100 Deg C	1	1	0
	SECK3-HPF3 LIFTING & SAFETY EQUIPMENT TO SUIT HP10CK3-35-F1 2 x 160mm ID Safety Clamps 2 x 244mm ID Lifting Collars & element C's 2 x 7ft Stainless Steel wire rope 3/4" OD 4 x 7.75t Shackles	1	1	0
- 1	SC725-200CS SAFETY CLAMP 200MM 7.25T C/S GALVANISED	1	1	0

Continued...

All goods remain the property of Phoenix Beattle until paid for in full. Any damage or shortage on this delivery must be advised within 5 days. Returns may be subject to a handling charge.

.

Form No 100/12

# - PHOENIX Beattie

Phoenix Beattle Corp 11535 Brittocore Park Drive Houston, TX 77041 Tel: (832) 327-0148 Fex: (832) 327-0148 E-safl actigeneonizbeattle.com www.phoenizbeattle.com

# **Delivery Note**

Customer Order Number	370-369-001	Delivery Note Number	003078	Page	2
Customer / Invoice Addres HELMERICH & PAYNE INT'L I 1437 SOUTH BOULDER TULSA, OK 74119		Delivery / Address Helherich & Payne IDC Attn: Joe Stephenson - Ri 13609 Industrial Road Houston. Tx 77015	G 370	<b></b>	

Customer Acc No	Phoenix Beattie Contract Manager	Phoenix Beattle Reference	Date
KO1	JJL	006330	05/23/2008

tem No	Beattle Part Number / Description	Qty Ordered	Oty Sent	Qty To Follow
	SC725-132CS SAFETY CLAMP 132MM 7.25T C/S GALVANIZED C/W BOLTS	1	1	0
	OUCERT-HYDRO HYDROSTATIC PRESSURE TEST CERTIFICATE	1	1	0
6	OOCERT-LOAD LOAD TEST CERTIFICATES	1	1	0
	OOFREIGHT INBOUND / OUTBOUND FREIGHT PRE-PAY & ADD TO FINAL INVOICE NOTE: MATERIAL MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY PAPERWORK INCLUDING THE PURCHASE ORDER, RIG NUMBER TO ENSURE PROPER PAYMENT	1	1	0
			0	
		Pag		
	Phoenix Beattle Inspection Signature :	MANA	MICK	
	Received In Good Condition : Signature			
	Print Name	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	

Date

All goods remain the property of Phoenix Baattle until paid for in full. Any damage or shortage on this delivery must be advised within 5 days. Returns may be subject to a handling charge.

FH-4

	🕶 PHOENIX Beattie			Material Identification Certificate						
PA No 006330 Client HELMERICH & PA			YNE INT'L DRILLING	COent	Ref 3	70-369-001			Page	1
Part Not	Description	Material Desc	Material Spec	Qty	WO No	Batch No	Test Cert No	Bin No	5 N	T
HP10CK3A-35-4F1	3" 10K 16C CBK HOSE x 35TE DAL			1	2491	52777/H884	1001 0011110	WATER	Drg No	Issue No
SECKJ-HIPFJ	LIFTING & SAFETY EQUIPHENT TO		(	1	2440	002440		W/STK		<u> </u>
SC725-200CS	SAFETY CLAMP 200HN 7.25T	CARBON STEEL		1	2519	H665		#/SIK 22C		l
SC725-13205	SAFETY CLAMP 132H 7.25T	CARBON STEEL		1	2242	1139		22		<u> </u>
			1		I			- 46		<u> </u>
					1					╋━━━━━
						T	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			<u> </u>
				1						
<u> </u>					1				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Į				1						
			:		[					<u> </u>
k				1						<u> </u>
[						1				ł
ł			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·····					<u> </u>
<u> </u>				1	I					
1			:	1	1					i
1				<u> </u>	<u> </u>					<u> </u>
1				<b>-</b>		<u>+</u>			·	<u> </u>
1			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	†					
ŀ			<del></del>		l	<del> </del>				L
-			······································		<b>†</b>					ļ
1			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u>├───</u>	<u> </u>			····	
					<u> </u>		······			L
ŧ			:	t	<u> </u>	<del> </del>				
1				<u> </u>	<u>├</u>	·				<b></b>
										Ļ
ł				+	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				ļ
1					t	+			L	· · ·
È			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<b></b>			
1			1		<u> </u>	<u> </u>				
		L	<u></u>	1	L	J	I			

We hereby certify that these goods have been inspected by our Quality Management System, and to the bast of our knowledge are found to conform to relevant industry standards within the requirements of the purchase order as issued to Phoenix Beattle Corporation.

.

**Coflex Hose Certification** 

**Coflex Hose Certification** 

# Ontinental & CONTITECH

Fluid Technology

Quality Document

# CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMITY

Supplier : CONTITECH RUBBER INDUSTRIAL KFT. Equipment : 6 pcs. Choke and Kill Hose with installed couplings Type : 3" x 10,67 m WP: 10000 psi Supplier File Number : 412638 Date of Shipment : April. 2008 Customer : Phoenix Beattle Co. Customer P.o. : 002491 Referenced Standards / Codes / Specifications : API Spec 16 C Serial No.: 52754,52755,52776,52777,52778,52782

### STATEMENT OF CONFORMITY

We hereby certify that the above items/equipment supplied by us are in conformity with the terms, conditions and specifications of the above Purchaser Order and that these items/equipment were fabricated inspected and tested in accordance with the referenced standards, codes and specifications and meet the relevant acceptance criteria and design requirements.

COUNTRY OF ORIGIN HUNGARY/EU

Signed

Position: Q.C. Manager

\_ontiTech Bubber Industrial Rft. Quality Control Dept. (1)

Date: 04. April. 2008

# OXY's Minimum Design Criteria

Burst, Collapse, and Tensile SF are calculated using Landmark's Stress Check (Casing Design) software. A sundry will be requested if any lesser grade or different size casing is substituted.

- **1)** Casing Design Assumptions
  - a) Burst Loads

CSG Test (Surface)

- Internal: Displacement fluid + pressure required to comply with regulatory casing test pressures. This will comply with both Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and 19.15.16 of the OCD Rules.
- o External: Pore pressure in open hole.

CSG Test (Intermediate)

- Internal: Displacement fluid + pressure required to comply with regulatory casing test pressures. This will comply with both Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and 19.15.16 of the OCD Rules.
- External: Mud Weight to TOC, cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC, and pore pressure in open hole.

CSG Test (Production)

- o Internal:
  - For Drilling: Displacement fluid + pressure required to comply with regulatory casing test pressures. This will comply with both Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and 19.15.16 of the OCD Rules.
  - For Production: The design pressure test should be the greater of (1) the planned test pressure prior to stimulation down the casing. (2) the regulatory test pressure, and (3) the expected gas lift system pressure. The design test fluid should be the fluid associated with pressure test having the greatest pressure.
- o External:
  - For Drilling: Mud Weight to TOC, cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC, and pore pressure in open hole.
  - For Production: Mud base-fluid density to TOC, cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC, and pore pressure in open hole.

Gas Column (Surface)

- Internal: Assumes a full column of gas in the casing with a Gas/Oil Gradient of 0.1 psi/ft in the absence of better information. It is limited to the controlling pressure based on the fracture pressure at the shoe or the maximum expected pore pressure within the next drilling interval, whichever results in a lower surface pressure.
- External: Fluid gradient below TOC, pore pressure from the TOC to the Intermediate CSG shoe (if applicable), and MW of the drilling mud that was in the hole when the CSG was run from Intermediate CSG shoe to surface.

Bullheading (Surface / Intermediate)

- Internal: The string must be designed to withstand a pressure profile based on the fracture pressure at the casing shoe with a column of water above the shoe plus an additional surface pressure (in psi) of 0.02 X MD of the shoe to account for pumping friction pressure.
- External: Mud weight to TOC, cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC, and pore pressure in open hole.

Gas Kick (Intermediate)

 The string must be designed to at least a gas kick load case unless the rig is unable to detect a kick. For the gas kick load case, the internal pressure profile must be based on a minimum volume of 50 bbl or the minimum kick detection capability of the rig, whichever is greater, and a kick intensity of 2.0 ppg for Class 1, 1.0 ppg of Class 2, and 0.5 ppg for Class 3 and 4 wells. 4

- Internal: Influx depth of the maximum pore pressure of 0.55 "gas kick gravity" of gas to surface while drilling the next hole section.
- External: Mud weight to the TOC, cement mix water gradient below TOC, and pore pressure in open hole.

Tubing Leak Near Surface While Producing (Production)

- o Internal: SITP plus a packer fluid gradient to the shoe or top of packer.
- External: Mud base-fluid density to TOC, cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC, and pore pressure in open hole.

Tubing Leak Near Surface While Stimulating (Production)

- Internal: Surface pressure or pressure-relief system pressure, whichever is lower plus packer fluid gradient.
- External: Mud base-fluid density to TOC, cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC, and pore pressure in open hole.

Injection / Stimulation Down Casing (Production)

- o Internal: Surface pressure plus injection fluid gradient.
- External: Mud base-fluid density to TOC, cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC, and pore pressure in open hole.
- **b)** Collapse Loads

Lost Circulation (Surface / Intermediate)

- Internal: Lost circulation at the TD of the next hole section, and the fluid level falls to a depth where the hydrostatic of the mud equals pore pressure at the depth of the lost circulation zone.
- o External: MW of the drilling mud that was in the hole when the casing was run.

Cementing (Surface / Intermediate / Production)

- o Internal: Displacement fluid density.
- External: Mud weight from TOC to surface and cement slurry weight from TOC to casing shoe.

Full Evacuation (Production)

- Internal: Full void pipe.
- External: MW of drilling mud in the hole when the casing was run.
- c) Tension Loads

Running Casing (Surface / Intermediate / Production)

• Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus the lesser of 100,000 lb or the string weight in air.

Green Cement (Surface / Intermediate / Production)

• Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus cement plug bump pressure load.

# OXY's Minimum Design Criteria

Burst, Collapse, and Tensile SF are calculated using Landmark's Stress Check (Casing Design) software. A sundry will be requested if any lesser grade or different size casing is substituted.

- **1)** Casing Design Assumptions
  - a) Burst Loads

.

CSG Test (Surface)

- Internal: Displacement fluid + pressure required to comply with regulatory casing test pressures. This will comply with both Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and 19.15.16 of the OCD Rules.
- External: Pore pressure in open hole.

CSG Test (Intermediate)

- Internal: Displacement fluid + pressure required to comply with regulatory casing test pressures. This will comply with both Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and 19.15.16 of the OCD Rules.
- External: Mud Weight to TOC, cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC, and pore pressure in open hole.

CSG Test (Production)

- o Internal:
  - For Drilling: Displacement fluid + pressure required to comply with regulatory casing test pressures. This will comply with both Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and 19.15.16 of the OCD Rules.
  - For Production: The design pressure test should be the greater of (1) the planned test pressure prior to stimulation down the casing. (2) the regulatory test pressure, and (3) the expected gas lift system pressure. The design test fluid should be the fluid associated with pressure test having the greatest pressure.
- o External:
  - For Drilling: Mud Weight to TOC, cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC, and pore pressure in open hole.
  - For Production: Mud base-fluid density to TOC, cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC, and pore pressure in open hole.

Gas Column (Surface)

- Internal: Assumes a full column of gas in the casing with a Gas/Oil Gradient of 0.1 psi/ft in the absence of better information. It is limited to the controlling pressure based on the fracture pressure at the shoe or the maximum expected pore pressure within the next drilling interval, whichever results in a lower surface pressure.
- External: Fluid gradient below TOC, pore pressure from the TOC to the Intermediate CSG shoe (if applicable), and MW of the drilling mud that was in the hole when the CSG was run from Intermediate CSG shoe to surface.

Bullheading (Surface / Intermediate)

- Internal: The string must be designed to withstand a pressure profile based on the fracture pressure at the casing shoe with a column of water above the shoe plus an additional surface pressure (in psi) of 0.02 X MD of the shoe to account for pumping friction pressure.
- External: Mud weight to TOC, cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC, and pore pressure in open hole.

Gas Kick (Intermediate)

- The string must be designed to at least a gas kick load case unless the rig is unable to detect a kick. For the gas kick load case, the internal pressure profile must be based on a minimum volume of 50 bbl or the minimum kick detection capability of the rig, whichever is greater, and a kick intensity of 2.0 ppg for Class 1, 1.0 ppg of Class 2, and 0.5 ppg for Class 3 and 4 wells.
- Internal: Influx depth of the maximum pore pressure of 0.55 "gas kick gravity" of gas to surface while drilling the next hole section.
- External: Mud weight to the TOC, cement mix water gradient below TOC, and pore pressure in open hole.

Tubing Leak Near Surface While Producing (Production)

- o Internal: SITP plus a packer fluid gradient to the shoe or top of packer.
- External: Mud base-fluid density to TOC, cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC, and pore pressure in open hole.

Tubing Leak Near Surface While Stimulating (Production)

- Internal: Surface pressure or pressure-relief system pressure, whichever is lower plus packer fluid gradient.
- External: Mud base-fluid density to TOC, cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC, and pore pressure in open hole.

Injection / Stimulation Down Casing (Production)

- o Internal: Surface pressure plus injection fluid gradient.
- External: Mud base-fluid density to TOC, cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC, and pore pressure in open hole.

### b) Collapse Loads

Lost Circulation (Surface / Intermediate)

- Internal: Lost circulation at the TD of the next hole section, and the fluid level falls to a depth where the hydrostatic of the mud equals pore pressure at the depth of the lost circulation zone.
- o External: MW of the drilling mud that was in the hole when the casing was run.

Cementing (Surface / Intermediate / Production)

- o Internal: Displacement fluid density.
- External: Mud weight from TOC to surface and cement slurry weight from TOC to casing shoe.

Full Evacuation (Production)

- Internal: Full void pipe.
- External: MW of drilling mud in the hole when the casing was run.

## c) Tension Loads

Running Casing (Surface / Intermediate / Production)

• Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus the lesser of 100,000 lb or the string weight in air.

Green Cement (Surface / Intermediate / Production)

• Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus cement plug bump pressure load.

# OXY's Minimum Design Criteria

Burst, Collapse, and Tensile SF are calculated using Landmark's Stress Check (Casing Design) software. A sundry will be requested if any lesser grade or different size casing is substituted.

- **1)** Casing Design Assumptions
  - a) Burst Loads

CSG Test (Surface)

- Internal: Displacement fluid + pressure required to comply with regulatory casing test pressures. This will comply with both Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and 19.15.16 of the OCD Rules.
- o External: Pore pressure in open hole.

CSG Test (Intermediate)

- Internal: Displacement fluid + pressure required to comply with regulatory casing test pressures. This will comply with both Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and 19.15.16 of the OCD Rules.
- External: Mud Weight to TOC, cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC, and pore pressure in open hole.

CSG Test (Production)

- o Internal:
  - For Drilling: Displacement fluid + pressure required to comply with regulatory casing test pressures. This will comply with both Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and 19.15.16 of the OCD Rules.
  - For Production: The design pressure test should be the greater of (1) the planned test pressure prior to stimulation down the casing. (2) the regulatory test pressure, and (3) the expected gas lift system pressure. The design test fluid should be the fluid associated with pressure test having the greatest pressure.
- o External:
  - For Drilling: Mud Weight to TOC, cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC, and pore pressure in open hole.
  - For Production: Mud base-fluid density to TOC, cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC, and pore pressure in open hole.

Gas Column (Surface)

- Internal: Assumes a full column of gas in the casing with a Gas/Oil Gradient of 0.1 psi/ft in the absence of better information. It is limited to the controlling pressure based on the fracture pressure at the shoe or the maximum expected pore pressure within the next drilling interval, whichever results in a lower surface pressure.
- External: Fluid gradient below TOC, pore pressure from the TOC to the Intermediate CSG shoe (if applicable), and MW of the drilling mud that was in the hole when the CSG was run from Intermediate CSG shoe to surface.

Bullheading (Surface / Intermediate)

- Internal: The string must be designed to withstand a pressure profile based on the fracture pressure at the casing shoe with a column of water above the shoe plus an additional surface pressure (in psi) of 0.02 X MD of the shoe to account for pumping friction pressure.
- External: Mud weight to TOC, cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC, and pore pressure in open hole.

Gas Kick (Intermediate)

- The string must be designed to at least a gas kick load case unless the rig is unable to detect a kick. For the gas kick load case, the internal pressure profile must be based on a minimum volume of 50 bbl or the minimum kick detection capability of the rig, whichever is greater, and a kick intensity of 2.0 ppg for Class 1, 1.0 ppg of Class 2, and 0.5 ppg for Class 3 and 4 wells.
- Internal: Influx depth of the maximum pore pressure of 0.55 "gas kick gravity" of gas to surface while drilling the next hole section.
- External: Mud weight to the TOC, cement mix water gradient below TOC, and pore pressure in open hole.

Tubing Leak Near Surface While Producing (Production)

- o Internal: SITP plus a packer fluid gradient to the shoe or top of packer.
- External: Mud base-fluid density to TOC, cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC, and pore pressure in open hole.

Tubing Leak Near Surface While Stimulating (Production)

- Internal: Surface pressure or pressure-relief system pressure, whichever is lower plus packer fluid gradient.
- External: Mud base-fluid density to TOC, cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC, and pore pressure in open hole.

Injection / Stimulation Down Casing (Production)

- o Internal: Surface pressure plus injection fluid gradient.
- External: Mud base-fluid density to TOC, cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC, and pore pressure in open hole.
- **b)** Collapse Loads

Lost Circulation (Surface / Intermediate)

- Internal: Lost circulation at the TD of the next hole section, and the fluid level falls to a depth where the hydrostatic of the mud equals pore pressure at the depth of the lost circulation zone.
- o External: MW of the drilling mud that was in the hole when the casing was run.

Cementing (Surface / Intermediate / Production)

- o Internal: Displacement fluid density.
- External: Mud weight from TOC to surface and cement slurry weight from TOC to casing shoe.

Full Evacuation (Production)

- o Internal: Full void pipe.
- External: MW of drilling mud in the hole when the casing was run.
- c) Tension Loads

Running Casing (Surface / Intermediate / Production)

• Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus the lesser of 100,000 lb or the string weight in air.

Green Cement (Surface / Intermediate / Production)

o Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus cement plug bump pressure load.

# PERFORMANCE DATA

TMK UP DQX Technical Data Sheet

# 5.500 in

20.00 lbs/ft

Min. Internal Yield Pressure

Minimum Yield

Yield Load

**Tensile Load** 

**Minimum Tensile** 

**Collapse Pressure** 

P-110

110,000

125,000

641,000

729,000

12,600

11,100

psi

psi

lbs

lbs

psi

psi

# Tubular Parameters

Size	5.500	in
Nominal Weight	20.00	lbs/ft
Grade	P-110	
PE Weight	19.81	lbs/ft
Wall Thickness	0.361	in
Nominal ID	4.778	in
Drift Diameter	4.653	in
Nom. Pipe Body Area	5.828	in²
	•	•

#### **Connection Parameters**

Connection OD	6.050	in
Connection ID	4.778	in
Make-Up Loss	4.122	in
Critical Section Area	5.828	in²
Tension Efficiency	100.0	%
Compression Efficiency	100.0	%
Yield Load In Tension	641,000	lbs
Min. Internal Yield Pressure	12,600	psi
Collapse Pressure	11,100	psi

#### Make-Up Torques

Min. Make-Up Torque	11,600	ft-lbs
Opt. Make-Up Torque	12,900	ft-Ibs
Max. Make-Up Torque	14,100	ft-lbs
Yield Torque	20,600	ft-lbs

#### Printed on: July-29-2014

#### NOTE:

The content of this Technical Data Sheet is for general information only and does not guarantee performance or imply fitness for a particular purpose, which only a competent drilling professional can determine considering the specific installation and operation parameters. Information that is printed or downloaded is no longer controlled by TMK IPSCO and might not be the latest information. Anyone using the information herein does so at their own risk. To verify that you have the latest TMK IPSCO technical information, please contact TMK IPSCO Technical Sales toll-free at 1-888-258-2000.



•	1	i

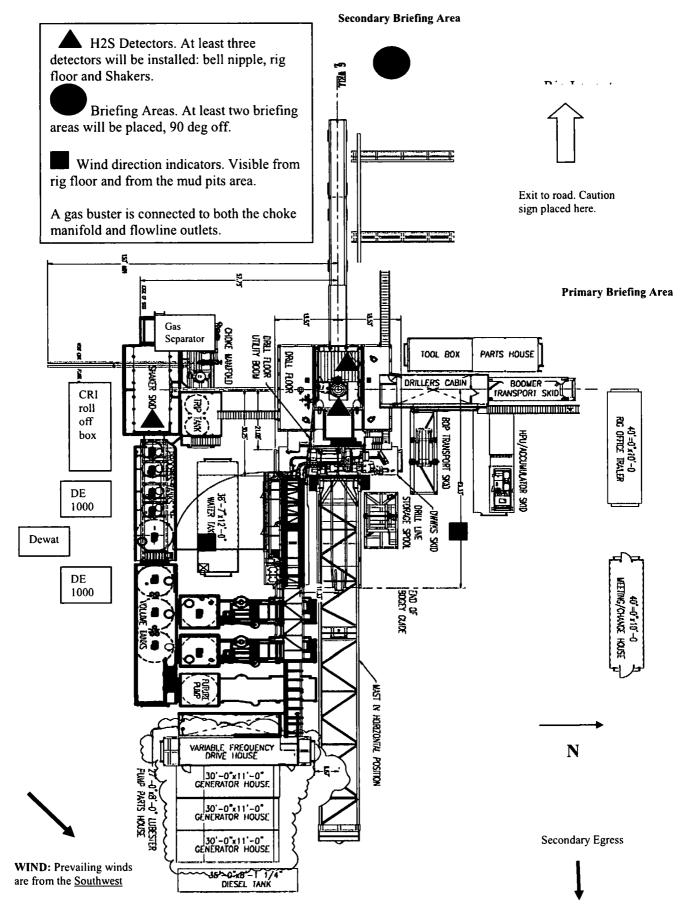


# Permian Drilling Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling Operations Plan Oxbow CC 17-8 Federal Com 35H

Open drill site. No homes or buildings are near the proposed location.

1. Escape

Personnel shall escape upwind of wellbore in the event of an emergency gas release. Escape can take place through the lease road on the Southeast side of the location. Personnel need to move to a safe distance and block the entrance to location. If the primary route is not an option due to the wind direction, then a secondary egress route should be taken.





# Permian Drilling Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling Operations Plan New Mexico

## <u>Scope</u>

This contingency plan establishes guidelines for the public, all company employees, and contract employees who's work activities may involve exposure to hydrogen sulfide (H2S) gas.

While drilling this well, it is possible to encounter H2S bearing formations. At all times, the first barrier to control H2S emissions will be the drilling fluid, which will have a density high enough to control influx.

# **Objective**

- 1. Provide an immediate and predetermined response plan to any condition when H2S is detected. All H2S detections in excess of 10 parts per million (ppm) concentration are considered an Emergency.
- 2. Prevent any and all accidents, and prevent the uncontrolled release of hydrogen sulfide into the atmosphere.
- 3. Provide proper evacuation procedures to cope with emergencies.
- 4. Provide immediate and adequate medical attention should an injury occur.

# **Discussion**

•

•

Implementation:	This plan with all details is to be fully implemented before drilling to <u>commence</u> .
Emergency response Procedure:	This section outlines the conditions and denotes steps to be taken in the event of an emergency.
Emergency equipment Procedure:	This section outlines the safety and emergency equipment that will be required for the drilling of this well.
Training provisions:	This section outlines the training provisions that must be adhered to prior to drilling.
Drilling emergency call lists:	Included are the telephone numbers of all persons to be contacted should an emergency exist.
Briefing:	This section deals with the briefing of all people involved in the drilling operation.
Public safety:	Public safety personnel will be made aware of any potential evacuation and any additional support needed.
Check lists:	Status check lists and procedural check lists have been included to insure adherence to the plan.
General information:	A general information section has been included to supply support information.

# Hydrogen Sulfide Training

All personnel, whether regularly assigned, contracted, or employed on an unscheduled basis, will receive training from a qualified instructor in the following areas prior to commencing drilling operations on the well:

- 1. The hazards and characteristics of H2S.
- 2. Proper use and maintenance of personal protective equipment and life support systems.
- 3. H2S detection.
- 4. Proper use of H2S detectors, alarms, warning systems, briefing areas, evacuation procedures and prevailing winds.
- 5. Proper techniques for first aid and rescue procedures.
- 6. Physical effects of hydrogen sulfide on the human body.
- 7. Toxicity of hydrogen sulfide and sulfur dioxide.
- 8. Use of SCBA and supplied air equipment.
- 9. First aid and artificial respiration.
- 10. Emergency rescue.

In addition, supervisory personnel will be trained in the following areas:

- 1. The effects of H2S on metal components. If high tensile strength tubular is to be used, personnel will be trained in their special maintenance requirements.
- 2. Corrective action and shut-in procedures when drilling a well, blowout prevention and well control procedures.
- 3. The contents and requirements of the H2S Drilling Operations Plan.

H2S training refresher must have been taken within one year prior to drilling the well. Specifics on the well to be drilled will be discussed during the pre-spud meeting. H2S and well control (choke) drills will be performed while drilling the well, at least on a weekly basis. This plan shall be available in the well site. All personnel will be required to carry the documentation proving that the H2S training has been taken.

Service company and visiting personnel

- A. Each service company that will be on this well will be notified if the zone contains H2S.
- B. Each service company must provide for the training and equipment of their employees before they arrive at the well site.
- C. Each service company will be expected to attend a well site briefing

# **Emergency Equipment Requirements**

## 1. <u>Well control equipment</u>

The well shall have hydraulic BOP equipment for the anticipated pressures. Equipment is to be tested on installation and follow Oxy Well Control standard, as well as BLM Onshore Order #2.

Special control equipment:

- A. Hydraulic BOP equipment with remote control on ground. Remotely operated choke.
- B. Rotating head
- C. Gas buster equipment shall be installed before drilling out of surface pipe.
- 2. <u>Protective equipment for personnel</u>
  - A. Four (4) 30-minute positive pressure air packs (2 at each briefing area) on location.
  - B. Adequate fire extinguishers shall be located at strategic locations.
  - C. Radio / cell telephone communication will be available at the rig.
    - Rig floor and trailers.
      - Vehicle.

#### 3. <u>Hydrogen sulfide sensors and alarms</u>

- A. H2S sensor with alarms will be located on the rig floor, at the bell nipple, and at the flow line. These monitors will be set to alarm at 10 ppm with strobe light, and audible alarm.
- B. Hand operated detectors with tubes.
- C. H2S monitor tester (to be provided by contract Safety Company.)
- D. There shall be one combustible gas detector on location at all times.

#### 4. Visual Warning Systems

\_

A. One sign located at each location entrance with the following language:

Caution – potential poison gas Hydrogen sulfide No admittance without authorization

## Wind sock – wind streamers:

- A. One 36" (in length) wind sock located at protection center, at height visible from rig floor.
- B. One 36" (in length) wind sock located at height visible from pit areas.

# Condition flags

A. One each condition flag to be displayed to denote conditions.

green – normal conditions yellow – potential danger red – danger, H2S present

B. Condition flag shall be posted at each location sign entrance.

## 5. <u>Mud Program</u>

The mud program is designed to minimize the risk of having H2S and other formation fluids at surface. Proper mud weight and safe drilling practices will be applied. H2S scavengers will be used to minimize the hazards while drilling. Below is a summary of the drilling program.

## Mud inspection devices:

Garrett gas train or hatch tester for inspection of sulfide concentration in mud system.

- 6. <u>Metallurgy</u>
  - A. Drill string, casing, tubing, wellhead, blowout preventers, drilling spools or adapters, kill lines, choke manifold, lines and valves shall be suitable for the H2S service.
  - B. All the elastomers, packing, seals and ring gaskets shall be suitable for H2S service.

# 7. <u>Well Testing</u>

No drill stem test will be performed on this well.

8. <u>Evacuation plan</u>

Evacuation routes should be established prior to well spud for each well and discussed with all rig personnel.

- 9. <u>Designated area</u>
  - A. Parking and visitor area: all vehicles are to be parked at a predetermined safe distance from the wellhead.
  - B. There will be a designated smoking area.
  - C. Two briefing areas on either side of the location at the maximum allowable distance from the well bore so they offset prevailing winds perpendicularly, or at a 45-degree angle if wind direction tends to shift in the area.

## **Emergency procedures**

- A. In the event of any evidence of H2S level above 10 ppm, take the following steps:
  - 1. The Driller will pick up off bottom, shut down the pumps, slow down the pipe rotation.
  - 2. Secure and don escape breathing equipment, report to the upwind designated safe briefing / muster area.
  - 3. All personnel on location will be accounted for and emergency search should begin for any missing, the Buddy System will be implemented.
  - 4. Order non-essential personnel to leave the well site, order all essential personnel out of the danger zone and upwind to the nearest designated safe briefing / muster area.
  - 5. Entrance to the location will be secured to a higher level than our usual "Meet and Greet" requirement, and the proper condition flag will be displayed at the entrance to the location.
  - 6. Take steps to determine if the H2S level can be corrected or suppressed and, if so, proceed as required.
- B. If uncontrollable conditions occur:
  - 1. Take steps to protect and/or remove any public in the down-wind area from the rig – partial evacuation and isolation. Notify necessary public safety personnel and appropriate regulatory entities (i.e. BLM) of the situation.

- 2. Remove all personnel to the nearest upwind designated safe briefing / muster area or off location.
- 3. Notify public safety personnel of safe briefing / muster area.
- 4. An assigned crew member will blockade the entrance to the location. No unauthorized personnel will be allowed entry to the location.
- 5. Proceed with best plan (at the time) to regain control of the well. Maintain tight security and safety procedures.
- C. Responsibility:
  - 1. Designated personnel.
    - a. Shall be responsible for the total implementation of this plan.
    - b. Shall be in complete command during any emergency.
    - c. Shall designate a back-up.

All personnel:	1.	On alarm, don escape unit and report to the nearest upwind designated safe briefing / muster area upw
	2.	Check status of personnel (buddy system).
	3.	Secure breathing equipment.
	4.	Await orders from supervisor.
Drill site manager:	1.	Don escape unit if necessary and report to nearest upwind designated safe briefing / muster area.
	2.	Coordinate preparations of individuals to return to point of release with tool pusher and driller (using
	2	the buddy system).
	3.	Determine H2S concentrations.
	4.	Assess situation and take control measures.
Tool pusher:	1.	Don escape unit Report to up nearest upwind
		designated safe briefing / muster area.
	2.	Coordinate preparation of individuals to return to point of release with tool pusher drill site manager (using the buddy system).
	3.	Determine H2S concentration.
	4.	Assess situation and take control measures.
Driller:	1.	Don escape unit, shut down pumps, continue

		rotating DP.
	2.	Check monitor for point of release.
	3.	Report to nearest upwind designated safe briefing / muster area.
	4.	Check status of personnel (in an attempt to rescue, use the buddy system).
	5.	Assigns least essential person to notify Drill Site Manager and tool pusher by quickest means in case of their absence.
	6.	Assumes the responsibilities of the Drill Site
		Manager and tool pusher until they arrive should they be absent.
Derrick man Floor man #1 Floor man #2	1.	Will remain in briefing / muster area until instructed by supervisor.
Mud engineer:	1.	Report to nearest upwind designated safe briefing / muster area.
	2.	When instructed, begin check of mud for ph and H2S level. (Garett gas train.)
Safety personnel:	1.	Mask up and check status of all personnel and secure operations as instructed by drill site manager.

# Taking a kick

۰,

.

When taking a kick during an H2S emergency, all personnel will follow standard Well control procedures after reporting to briefing area and masking up.

## **Open-hole logging**

All unnecessary personnel off floor. Drill Site Manager and safety personnel should monitor condition, advise status and determine need for use of air equipment.

# Running casing or plugging

Following the same "tripping" procedure as above. Drill Site Manager and safety personnel should determine if all personnel have access to protective equipment.

# **Ignition procedures**

The decision to ignite the well is the responsibility of the operator (Oxy Drilling Management). The decision should be made only as a last resort and in a situation where it is clear that:

- 1. Human life and property are endangered.
- 2. There is no hope controlling the blowout under the prevailing conditions at the well.

Instructions for igniting the well

- 1. Two people are required for the actual igniting operation. They must wear self-contained breathing units and have a safety rope attached. One man (tool pusher or safety engineer) will check the atmosphere for explosive gases with the gas monitor. The other man is responsible for igniting the well.
- 2. Primary method to ignite: 25 mm flare gun with range of approximately 500 feet.
- 3. Ignite upwind and do not approach any closer than is warranted.
- 4. Select the ignition site best for protection, and which offers an easy escape route.
- 5. Before firing, check for presence of combustible gas.
- 6. After lighting, continue emergency action and procedure as before.
- 7. All unassigned personnel will remain in briefing area until instructed by supervisor or directed by the Drill Site Manager.

**<u>Remember</u>**: After well is ignited, burning hydrogen sulfide will convert to sulfur dioxide, which is also highly toxic. **<u>Do not assume the area is safe after the well is ignited.</u>** 

#### Status check list

Note: All items on this list must be completed before drilling to production casing point.

- 1. H2S sign at location entrance.
- 2. Two (2) wind socks located as required.
- 3. Four (4) 30-minute positive pressure air packs (2 at each Briefing area) on location for all rig personnel and mud loggers.
- 4. Air packs inspected and ready for use.
- 5. Cascade system and hose line hook-up as needed.
- 6. Cascade system for refilling air bottles as needed.
- 7. Condition flag on location and ready for use.
- 8. H2S detection system hooked up and tested.
- 9. H2S alarm system hooked up and tested.
- 10. Hand operated H2S detector with tubes on location.
- 11. 1 100' length of nylon rope on location.
- 12. All rig crew and supervisors trained as required.
- 13. All outside service contractors advised of potential H2S hazard on well.
- 14. No smoking sign posted and a designated smoking area identified.
- 15. Calibration of all H2S equipment shall be noted on the IADC report.

Checked by:	Date:

## Procedural check list during H2S events

#### Perform each tour:

- 1. Check fire extinguishers to see that they have the proper charge.
- 2. Check breathing equipment to ensure that it in proper working order.
- 3. Make sure all the H2S detection system is operative.

#### Perform each week:

- 1. Check each piece of breathing equipment to make sure that demand or forced air regulator is working. This requires that the bottle be opened and the mask assembly be put on tight enough so that when you inhale, you receive air or feel air flow.
- 2. BOP skills (well control drills).
- 3. Check supply pressure on BOP accumulator stand by source.
- 4. Check breathing equipment mask assembly to see that straps are loosened and turned back, ready to put on.
- 5. Check pressure on breathing equipment air bottles to make sure they are charged to full volume. ( Air quality checked for proper air grade "D" before bringing to location)
- 6. Confirm pressure on all supply air bottles.
- 7. Perform breathing equipment drills with on-site personnel.
- 8. Check the following supplies for availability.
  - A. Emergency telephone list.
  - B. Hand operated H2S detectors and tubes.

#### General evacuation plan

- 1. When the company approved supervisor (Drill Site Manager, consultant, rig pusher, or driller) determines the H2S gas cannot be limited to the well location and the public will be involved, he will activate the evacuation plan.
- 2. Drill Site Manager or designee will notify local government agency that a hazardous condition exists and evacuation needs to be implemented.
- 3. Company or contractor safety personnel that have been trained in the use of H2S detection equipment and self-contained breathing equipment will monitor H2S concentrations, wind directions, and area of exposure. They will delineate the outer perimeter of the hazardous gas area. Extension to the evacuation area will be determined from information gathered.
- 4. Law enforcement personnel (state police, police dept., fire dept., and sheriff's dept.) Will be called to aid in setting up and maintaining road blocks. Also, they will aid in evacuation of the public if necessary.
- 5. After the discharge of gas has been controlled, company safety personnel will determine when the area is safe for re-entry.

<u>Important:</u> Law enforcement personnel will not be asked to come into a contaminated area. Their assistance will be limited to uncontaminated areas. Constant radio contact will be maintained with them.

## **Emergency actions**

## Well blowout – if emergency

- 1. Evacuate all personnel to "Safe Briefing / Muster Areas" or off location if needed.
- 2. If sour gas evacuate rig personnel.
- 3. If sour gas evacuate public within 3000 ft radius of exposure.
- 4. Don SCBA and shut well in if possible using the buddy system.
- 5. Notify Drilling Superintendent and call 911 for emergency help (fire dept and ambulance) if needed.
- 6. Implement the Blowout Contingency Plan, and Drilling Emergency Action Plan.
- 6. Give first aid as needed.

#### Person down location/facility

- 1. If immediately possible, contact 911. Give location and wait for confirmation.
- 2. Don SCBA and perform rescue operation using buddy system.

#### Toxic effects of hydrogen sulfide

Hydrogen sulfide is extremely toxic. The acceptable ceiling concentration for eight-hour exposure is 10 ppm, which is .001% by volume. Hydrogen sulfide is heavier than air (specific gravity -1.192) and colorless. It forms an explosive mixture with air between 4.3 and 46.0 percent by volume. Hydrogen sulfide is almost as toxic as hydrogen cyanide and is between five and six times more toxic than carbon monoxide. Toxicity data for hydrogen sulfide and various other gases are compared in table i. Physical effects at various hydrogen sulfide exposure levels are shown in table ii.

## Table i

Common name	Chemical formula	Specific gravity (sc=1)	Threshold limit (1)	Hazardous limit (2)	Lethal concentration (3)
Hydrogen Cyanide	Hcn	0.94	10 ppm	150 ppm/hr	300 ppm
Hydrogen Sulfide	H2S	1.18	10 ppm	250 ppm/hr	600 ppm
Sulfur Dioxide	So2	2.21	5 ppm	-	1000 ppm
Chlorine	C12	2.45	l ppm	4 ppm/hr	1000 ppm
Carbon Monoxide	Co	0.97	50 ppm	400 ppm/hr	1000 ppm
Carbon Dioxide	Co2	1.52	5000 ppm	5%	10%
Methane	Ch4	0.55	90,000 ppm	Combustibl	e above 5% in air

## Toxicity of various gases

1) threshold limit – concentration at which it is believed that all workers may be repeatedly exposed day after day without adverse effects.

- 2) hazardous limit concentration that will cause death with short-term exposure.
- 3) lethal concentration concentration that will cause death with short-term exposure.

#### Toxic effects of hydrogen sulfide

#### Table ii Physical effects of hydrogen sulfide

		<b>Concentration</b>	Physical effects
Percent (%)	<u> Ppm</u>	Grains	
		100 std. Ft3*	
0.001	<10	00.65	Obvious and unpleasant odor.

0.002	10	01.30	Safe for 8 hours of exposure.
0.010	100	06.48	Kill smell in 3 – 15 minutes. May sting eyes and throat.
0.020	200	12.96	Kills smell shortly; stings eyes and throat.
0.050	500	32.96	Dizziness; breathing ceases in a few minutes; needs prompt artificial respiration.
0.070	700	45.36	Unconscious quickly; death will result if not rescued promptly.
0.100	1000	64.30	Unconscious at once; followed by death within minutes.

.

.

.

\*at 15.00 psia and 60'f.

## Use of self-contained breathing equipment (SCBA)

- 1. Written procedures shall be prepared covering safe use of SCBA's in dangerous atmosphere, which might be encountered in normal operations or in emergencies. Personnel shall be familiar with these procedures and the available SCBA.
- 2 SCBA's shall be inspected frequently at random to insure that they are properly used, cleaned, and maintained.
- 3. Anyone who may use the SCBA's shall be trained in how to insure proper facepiece to face seal. They shall wear SCBA's in normal air and then wear them in a test atmosphere. (note: such items as facial hair {beard or sideburns} and eyeglasses will not allow proper seal.) Anyone that may be reasonably expected to wear SCBA's should have these items removed before entering a toxic atmosphere. A special mask must be obtained for anyone who must wear eyeglasses or contact lenses.
- 4. Maintenance and care of SCBA's:
  - a. A program for maintenance and care of SCBA's shall include the following:
    - 1. Inspection for defects, including leak checks.
    - 2. Cleaning and disinfecting.
    - 3. Repair.
    - 4. Storage.
  - b. Inspection, self-contained breathing apparatus for emergency use shall be inspected monthly.
    - 1. Fully charged cylinders.
    - 2. Regulator and warning device operation.
    - 3. Condition of face piece and connections.
    - 4. Rubber parts shall be maintained to keep them pliable and prevent deterioration.
  - c. Routinely used SCBA's shall be collected, cleaned and disinfected as frequently as necessary to insure proper protection is provided.
- 5. Persons assigned tasks that requires use of self-contained breathing equipment shall be certified physically fit (medically cleared) for breathing equipment usage at least annually.
- 6. SCBA's should be worn when:
  - A. Any employee works near the top or on top of any tank unless test reveals less than 10 ppm of H2S.

- B. When breaking out any line where H2S can reasonably be expected.
- C. When sampling air in areas to determine if toxic concentrations of H2S exists.
- D. When working in areas where over 10 ppm H2S has been detected.
- E. At any time there is a doubt as to the H2S level in the area to be entered.

#### <u>Rescue</u> <u>First aid for H2S poisoning</u>

Do not panic!

Remain calm – think!

- 1. Don SCBA breathing equipment.
- 2. Remove victim(s) utilizing buddy system to fresh air as quickly as possible. (go up-wind from source or at right angle to the wind. Not down wind.)
- 3. Briefly apply chest pressure arm lift method of artificial respiration to clean the victim's lungs and to avoid inhaling any toxic gas directly from the victim's lungs.
- 4. Provide for prompt transportation to the hospital, and continue giving artificial respiration if needed.
- 5. Hospital(s) or medical facilities need to be informed, before-hand, of the possibility of H2S gas poisoning no matter how remote the possibility is.
- 6. Notify emergency room personnel that the victim(s) has been exposed to H2S gas.

Besides basic first aid, everyone on location should have a good working knowledge of artificial respiration.

Revised CM 6/27/2012

## OXY

PRD NM DIRECTIONAL PLANS (NAD 1983) OXBOW CC 17-08 FED COM OXBOW CC 17-08 FED COM 35H

**WB00** 

**Plan: Permitting Design** 

# **Standard Planning Report**

06 December, 2017

Database: Company: Project: Site: Well: Wellbore: Design:	PRD N OXBC OXBC WB00	NEERING DES NM DIRECTIO NW CC 17-08 F NW CC 17-08 F	NAL PLANS (I ED COM		TVD Refer MD Refere North Refe	ence:	D D G	/ell OXBOW C0 atum @ 2951. atum @ 2951. rid linimum Curvat	50ft 50ft	COM 35H
Project	PRD N	M DIRECTION	IAL PLANS (N	AD 1983)						
Map System: Geo Datum: Map Zone:	North An	US State Plane 1983 North American Datum 1983 New Mexico Eastern Zone				tum:		an Sea Level	ale factor	
Site	OXBO	W CC 17-08 F	ED COM							
Site Position: From: Position Unce	Map rtainty:		Northi Eastin .00 ft Slot R	-	-	785.93 usft	Latitude: Longitude: Grid Converg	ence:		32° 12' 42.973882 N 104° 0' 7.482139 W 0.18 °
Well	OXBOV	V CC 17-08 FI	ED COM 35H							
Well Position	+N/-S +E/-W					32° 12' 42.970934 N 104° 0' 7.074745 W				
Position Unce	rtainty	(	0.00 ft 🛛 🕊 🕻	Ilhead Eleva	ation:	0.0	00 ft Gro	ound Level:		2,925.00 ft
Wellbore	WB00									
Magnetics	Mo	del Name	Sample	Date	Declina (°)	tion	Dip A (°)			Strength nT)
		HDGM		12/6/2017		7.12		60.00		48,073
Design Audit Notes: Version:	Permit	ting Design	Phas	e: f	PROTOTYPE	Tie	On Depth:		0.00	
Vertical Section	on:	D	epth From (T (ft)	/D)	+N/-S (ft)	+E/ (f			ction (°)	
			0.00		0.00	0.0	00	35	8.82	
Plan Sections										
Measured Depth (ft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (ft)	+N/-S (ft)	+E/-W (ft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100ft)	Build Rate (°/100ft)	Turn Rate (°/100ft)	TFO (°)	Target
0.00 5,665.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 5,665.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	
6,164.33 8,938.17 9,437.50	9.99 9.99 0.00	194.28 194.28 359.65	6,161.81 8,893.61 9,390.42	-42.07 -508.24 -550.30	-10.71 -129.35 -140.05	2.00 0.00 2.00	2.00 0.00 -2.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	194.28 0.00 180.00	OXBOW_35H_KOP
10,337.50 20,155.82	90.00 90.12	359.65 359.65	9,963.38 9,953.00	22.64 9,840.78	-143.51 -202.79	10.00 0.00	10.00 0.00	0.00	-0.35	OXBOW_35H_BHL

.

HOPSPP Local Co-ordinate Reference: Database: ENGINEERING DESIGNS Company: TVD Reference: Project: PRD NM DIRECTIONAL PLANS (NAD 1983) MD Reference: OXBOW CC 17-08 FED COM Grid Site: North Reference: OXBOW CC 17-08 FED COM 35H Survey Calculation Method: Well: Wellbore: WB00 Permitting Design Design:

Well OXBOW CC 17-08 FED COM 35H Datum @ 2951.50ft Datum @ 2951.50ft Grid Minimum Curvature

Planned Survey									
Measured Depth (ft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (ft)	+N/-S (ft)	+E/-W (ft)	Vertical Section (ft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100ft)	Build Rate (°/100ft)	Turn Rate (°/100ft)
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
100.00	0.00	0.00	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
200.00	0.00	0.00	200.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00
300.00 400.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	300.00 400.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00 0.00
500.00	0.00	0.00	500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
600.00	0.00	0.00	600.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
700.00	0.00	0.00	700.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
800.00	0.00	0.00	800.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
900.00	0.00	0.00	900.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,000.00	0.00	0.00	1,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,100.00	0.00	0.00	1,100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,200.00	0.00	0.00	1,200.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,300.00	0.00	0.00	1,300.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,400.00	0.00	0.00	1,400.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,500.00	0.00	0.00	1,500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,600.00	0.00	0.00	1,600.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,700.00	0.00	0.00	1,700.00	0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
1,800.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	1,800.00 1,900.00	0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,000.00 2,100.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	2,000.00 2,100.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
2,100.00	0.00	0.00	2,200.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,200.00	0.00	0.00	2,300.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,300.00	0.00	0.00	2,400.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,500.00	0.00	0.00	2,500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,600.00	0.00	0.00	2,600.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,700.00	0.00	0.00	2,700.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,800.00	0.00	0.00	2,800.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,900.00	0.00	0.00	2,900.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,000.00	0.00	0.00	3,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,100.00	0.00	0.00	3,100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,200.00	0.00	0.00	3,200.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,300.00	0.00	0.00	3,300.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
3,400.00	0.00	0.00	3,400.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
3,500.00	0.00	0.00	3,500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,600.00 3,700.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	3,600.00 3,700.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
3,700.00	0.00	0.00	3,700.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,900.00	0.00	0.00	3,900.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,000.00	0.00	0.00	4,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,000.00	0.00	0.00	4,100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,100.00	0.00	0.00	4,200.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,300.00	0.00	0.00	4,300.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,400.00	0.00	0.00	4,400.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,500.00	0.00	0.00	4,500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,600.00	0.00	0.00	4,600.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,700.00	0.00	0.00	4,700.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,800.00	0.00	0.00	4,800.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,900.00	0.00	0.00	4,900.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,000.00	0.00	0.00	5,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,100.00	0.00	0.00	5,100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,200.00	0.00	0.00	5,200.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,300.00	0.00	0.00	5,300.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

.

.

COMPASS 5000.1 Build 74

Measured			Vertical			Vertical	Dogleg	Build	Turn
Depth (ft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Depth (ft)	+N/-S (ft)	+E/-W (ft)	Section (ft)	Rate (°/100ft)	Rate (°/100ft)	Rate (°/100ft)
5,400.00	0.00	0.00	5,400.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,500.00	0.00	0.00	5,500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,600.00	0.00	0.00	5,600.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,665.00	0.00	0.00	5,665.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,700.00	0.70	194.28	5,700.00	-0.21	-0.05	-0.21	2.00	2.00	0.00
5,800.00	2.70	194.28	5,799.95	-3.08	-0.78	-3.07	2.00	2.00	0.00
5,900.00	4.70	194.28	5,899.74	-9.34	-2.38	-9.28	2.00	2.00	0.00
6,000.00	6.70	194.28	5,999.24	-18.96	-4.83	-18.86	2.00	2.00	0.00
6,100.00	8.70	194.28	6,098.33	-31.94	-8.13	-31.77	2.00	2.00	0.00
6,164.33	9.99	194.28	6,161.81	-42.07	-10.71	-41.84	2.00	2.00	0.00
6,200.00	9.99	194.28	6,196.94	-48.06	-12.23	-47.80	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,300.00	9.99	194.28	6,295.42	-64.87	-16.51	-64.51	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,400.00	9.99	194.28	6,393.90	-81.67	-20.79	-81.23	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,500.00	9.99	194.28	6,492.39	-98.48	-25.06	-97.94	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,600.00	9.99	194.28	6,590.87	-115.28	-29.34	-114.66	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,700.00	9.99	194.28	6,689.36	-132.09	-33.62	-131.37	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,800.00	9.99	194.28	6,787.84	-148.90	-37.89	-148.08	0.00	ر 0.00	0.00
6,900.00	9.99	194.28	6,886.33	-165.70	-42.17	-164.80	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,000.00	9.99	194.28	6,984.81	-182.51	-46.45	-181.51	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,100.00	9.99	194.28	7,083.30	-199.31	-50.73	-198.23	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,200.00	9.99	194.28	7,181.78	-216.12	-55.00	-214.94	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,300.00	9.99	194.28	7,280.27	-232.93	-59.28	-231.66	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,400.00	9.99	194.28	7,378.75	-249.73	-63.56	-248.37	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,500.00	9.99	194.28	7,477.24	-266.54	-67.83	-265.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,600.00	9.99	194.28	7,575.72	-283.35	-72.11	-281.80	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,700.00	9.99	194.28	7,674.21	-300.15	-76.39	-298.51	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,800.00	9.99	194.28	7,772.69	-316.96	-80.67	-315.23	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,900.00	9.99	194.28	7,871.18	-333.76	-84.94	-331.94	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,000.00	9.99	194.28	7,969.66	-350.57	-89.22	-348.66	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,100.00	9.99	194.28	8,068.15	-367.38	-93.50	-365.37	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,200.00	9.99	194.28	8,166.63	-384.18	-97.77	-382.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,300.00	9.99	194.28	8,265.12	-400.99	-102.05	-398.80	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,400.00	9.99	194.28	8,363.60	-417.79	-106.33	-415.51	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,500.00	9.99	194.28	8,462.09	-434.60	-110.60	-432.23	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,600.00	9.99	194.28	8,560.57	-451.41	-114.88	-448.94	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,700.00	9.99	194.28	8,659.06	-468.21	-119.16	-465.66	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,800.00	9.99	194.28	8,757.54	-485.02	-123.44	-482.37	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,900.00	9.99	194.28	8,856.03	-501.82	-127.71	-499.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,938.17	9.99	194.28	8,893.61	-508.24	-129.35	-505.47	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,000.00	8.75	194.28	8,954.62	-517.99	-131.83	-515.17	2.00	-2.00	0.00
9,100.00	6.75	194.28	9,053.70	-531.06	-135.15	-528.16	2.00	-2.00	0.00
9,200.00	4.75	194.28	9,153.19	-540.77	-137.62	-537.82	2.00	-2.00	0.00
9,300.00	2.75	194.28	9,252.98	-547.11	-139.24	-544.12	2.00	-2.00	0.00
9,400.00	0.75	194.28	9,352.92	-550.07	-139.99	-547.07	2.00	-2.00	0.00
9,437.50	0.00	359.65	9,390.42	-550.30	-140.05	-547.30	2.00	-2.00	0.00
9,500.00	6.25	359.65	9,452.80	-546.90	-140.07	-543.90	10.00	10.00	0.00
9,600.00	16.25	359.65	9,550.75	-527.41	-140.19	-524.41	10.00	10.00	0.00
9,700.00	26.25	359.65	9,643.84	-491.22	-140.41	-488.22	10.00	10.00	0.00
9,800.00	36.25	359.65	9,729.22	-439.41	-140.72	-436.41	10.00	10.00	0.00
9,900.00	46.25	359.65	9,804.31	-373.56	-141.12	-370.57	10.00	10.00	0.00
10,000.00	56.25	359.65	9,866.82	-295.67	-141.59	-292.69	10.00	10.00	0.00
10,100.00	66.25	359.65	9,914.86	-208.11	-142.12	-205.14	10.00	10.00	0.00
10,200.00	76.25	359.65	9,946.96	-113.54	-142.69	-110.57	10.00	10.00	0.00

.

HOPSPP Well OXBOW CC 17-08 FED COM 35H Database: Local Co-ordinate Reference: ENGINEERING DESIGNS Company: **TVD Reference:** Datum @ 2951.50ft **Project:** PRD NM DIRECTIONAL PLANS (NAD 1983) **MD Reference:** Datum @ 2951,50ft OXBOW CC 17-08 FED COM Site: North Reference: Grid OXBOW CC 17-08 FED COM 35H Minimum Curvature Well: **Survey Calculation Method:** WB00 Wellbore: Permitting Design Design:

ed Survey									
Measured Depth (ft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (ft)	+N/-S (ft)	+E/-W (ft)	Vertical Section (ft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100ft)	Build Rate (°/100ft)	Turn Rate (°/100f
10,337.50 10,400.00	90.00 90.00	359.65 359.65	9,963.38 9,963.38	22.64 85.14	-143.51 -143.89	25.59 88.09	10.00 0.00	10.00 0.00	(
10,500.00 10,600.00	90.00 90.00	359.65 359.65	9,963.38 9,963.37	185.14 285.14	-144.49 -145.10	188.08 288.07	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	1
10,700.00	90.00 90.01	359.65 359.65	9,963.36 9,963.35	385.14 485.14	-145.70 -146.30	388.06 488.05	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	
10,900.00 11,000.00	90.01 90.01	359.65 359.65	9,963.34 9,963.33	585.14 685.13	-146.91 -147.51	588.04 688.03	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	
11,100.00 11,200.00 11,300.00	90.01 90.01 90.01	359.65 359.65	9,963.32 9,963.30	785.13 885.13	-148.11 -148.72 -149.32	788.02 888.01	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	
11,400.00	90.01	359.65 359.65	9,963.28 9,963.26	985.13 1,085.13	-149.93	988.00 1,087.98	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	
11,500.00 11,600.00	90.01 90.02 90.02	359.65 359.65 359.65	9,963.23 9,963.21 9,963,18	1,185.12 1,285.12	-150.53 -151.13 -151.74	1,187.97 1,287.96 1,387.95	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	
11,700.00 11,800.00 11,900.00	90.02 90.02 90.02	359.65 359.65 359.65	9,963.18 9,963.15 9,963.12	1,385.12 1,485.12 1,585,12	-151.74 -152.34 -152.94	1,387.95 1,487.94 1,587.93	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	
12,000.00	90.02 90.02	359.65 359.65	9,963.08 9,963.04	1,685.12 1,785.11	-153.55 -154.15	1,687.92 1,787.91	0.00 0.00	0.00	
12,200.00	90.02 90.02	359.65 359.65	9,963.00 9,963.00 9,962.96	1,885.11 1,985.11	-154.75 -155.36	1,887.90	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00	
12,400.00	90.03 90.03	359.65 359.65	9,962.92 9,962.87	2,085.11	-155.96	2,087.88	0.00	0.00	
12,600.00	90.03 90.03	359.65 359.65	9,962.83 9,962.78	2,285.10 2,285.10 2,385.10	-157.17 -157.77	2,287.86 2,387.85	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00	
12,800.00 12,900.00	90.03 90.03	359.65 359.65	9,962.73 9,962.67	2,485.10 2,585.10	-158.38 -158.98	2,487.84 2,587.83	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	
13,000.00 13,100.00 13,200.00	90.03 90.03 90.04	359.65 359.65 359.65	9,962.61 9,962.56 9,962.50	2,685.10 2,785.10 2,885.09	-159.58 -160.19 -160.79	2,687.81 2,787.80 2,887.79	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	
13,300.00 13,400.00	90.04 90.04	359.65 359.65	9,962.43 9,962.37	2,985.09 3,085.09	-161.40 -162.00	2,987.78 3,087.77	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	
13,500.00	90.04	359.65	9,962.30	3,185.09	-162.60	3,187.76	0.00	0.00	

3,285.09

3,385.08

3,485.08

3.585.08

3.685.08

3,785.08

3,885.07

3,985.07

4,085.07

4,185.07

4,285.07

4,385.07

4,485.06

4,585.06

4,685.06

4.785.06

4,885.06

4,985.05

5,085.05

5.185.05

-163.21

-163.81

-164.41

-165.02

-165.62

-166.23

-166.83

-167.43

-168.04

-168.64

-169.24

-169.85

-170.45

-171.06

-171.66

-172.26

-172.87

-173.47

-174.07

-174.68

-175.28

3,287.75

3,387.74

3,487.73

3.587.72

3 687 71

3,787.70

3,887.69

3.987.68

4,087.67

4,187.66

4,287.64

4.387.63

4,487.62

4,587.61

4,687.60

4.787.59

4,887.58

4,987.57

5,087.56

5 187 55

5,287.54

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

13,600.00

13,700.00

13,800.00

13.900.00

14.000.00

14,100.00

14,200.00

14,300.00

14.400.00

14,500.00

14,600.00

14,700.00

14,800.00

14,900.00

15,000.00

15.100.00

15,200.00

15,300.00

15,400.00

90.04

90.04

90.04

90.04

90.05

90.05

90.05

90.05

90.05

90.05

90.05

90.05

90.06

90.06

90.06

90.06

90.06

90.06

90.06

359.65

359.65

359.65

359.65

359.65

359,65

359.65

359.65

359.65

359.65

359.65

359.65

359.65

359.65

359.65

359.65

359.65

359.65

359.65

9,962.23

9,962.16

9,962.09

9.962.01

9.961.93

9,961.85

9,961.77

9,961.69

9,961.60

9.961.51

9,961.42

9,961.33

9,961.23

9,961.14

9,961.04

9.960.94

9,960.83

9,960.73

9,960.62

9 960 51

9,960.40

0 0.00 COMPASS 5000.1 Build 74

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

a

Database:	HOPSPP	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Well OXBOW CC 17-08 FED COM 35H
Company:	ENGINEERING DESIGNS	TVD Reference:	Datum @ 2951.50ft
Project:	PRD NM DIRECTIONAL PLANS (NAD 1983)	MD Reference:	Datum @ 2951.50ft
Site:	OXBOW CC 17-08 FED COM	North Reference:	Grid
Well:	OXBOW CC 17-08 FED COM 35H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore:	WB00		
Design:	Permitting Design		

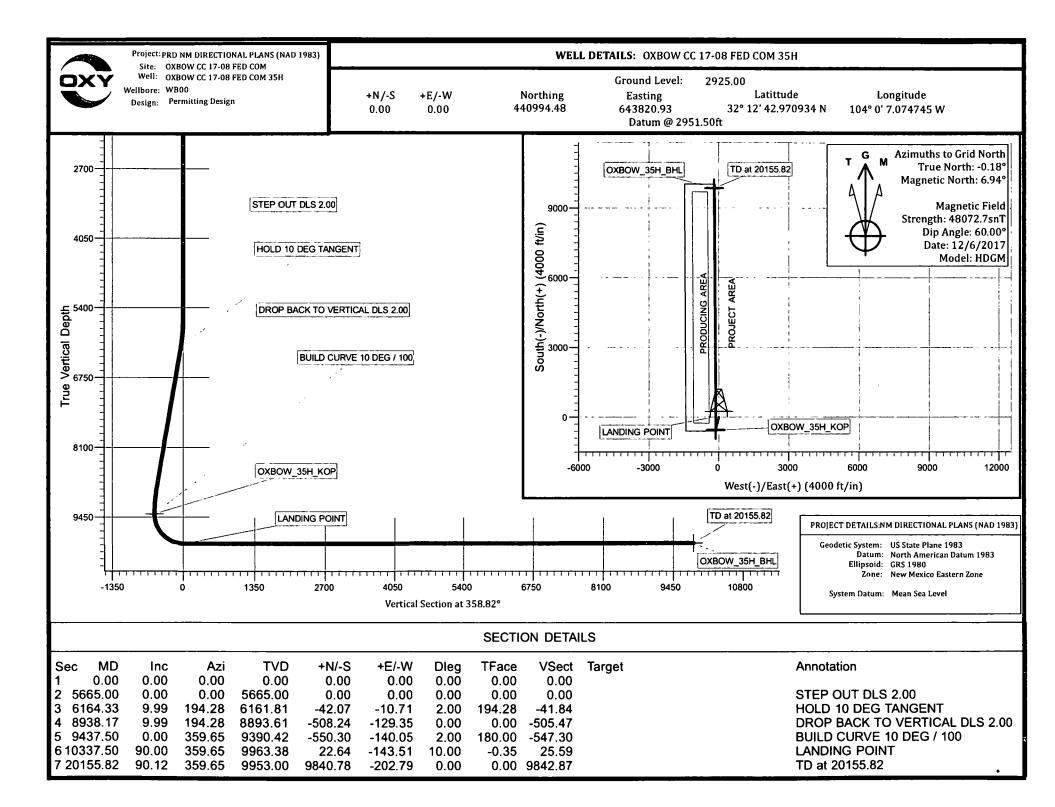
Measured Depth (ft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (ft)	+N/-S (ft)	+E/-W (ft)	Vertical Section (ft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100ft)	Build Rate (°/100ft)	Turn Rate (°/100ft)
15,700.00	90.07	359.65	9,960.28	5,385.05	-175.89	5.387.53	0.00	0.00	0.0
15,800.00	90.07	359.65	9,960,17	5,485.04	-176.49	5,487.52	0.00	0.00	0.0
15,900.00	90.07	359.65	9,960.05	5,585.04	-177.09	5,587.51	0.00	0.00	0.0
16,000.00	90.07	359.65	9,959.93	5,685.04	-177.70	5,687.50	0.00	0.00	0.0
16,100,00	90.07	359.65	9,959.80	5,785.04	-178.30	5,787.48	0.00	0.00	0.0
16,200.00	90.07	359.65	9,959.68	5,885.04	-178.90	5,887.47	0.00	0.00	0.0
16,300.00	90.07	359.65	9.959.55	5,985.04	-179.51	5,987.46	0.00	0.00	0.0
16,400.00	90.07	359.65	9,959.42	6,085.03	-180.11	6,087.45	0.00	0.00	0.0
16,500.00	90.08	359.65	9,959.29	6,185.03	-180.72	6,187.44	0.00	0.00	0.0
16,600.00	90.08	359.65	9,959.16	6,285.03	-181.32	6,287.43	0.00	0.00	0.0
16,700.00	90.08	359.65	9,959.02	6,385.03	-181.92	6,387.42	0.00	0.00	0.0
16,800.00	90.08	359.65	9,958.88	6,485.03	-182.53	6,487.41	0.00	0.00	0.0
16,900.00	90.08	359.65	9,958.74	6,585.02	-183.13	6,587.40	0.00	0.00	0.0
17,000.00	90.08	359.65	9,958.60	6,685.02	-183.73	6,687.39	0.00	0.00	0.0
17,100.00	90.08	359.65	9,958.45	6,785.02	-184.34	6,787.38	0.00	0.00	0.0
17,200.00	90.08	359,65	9,958.31	6,885.02	-184.94	6,887.37	0.00	0.00	0.0
17,300.00	90.09	359.65	9,958.16	6,985.02	-185.55	6,987.36	0.00	0.00	0.0
17,400.00	90.09	359.65	9,958.01	7,085.01	-186.15	7,087.35	0.00	0.00	0.0
17,500.00	90.09	359.65	9,957.86	7,185.01	-186.75	7,187.33	0.00	0.00	0.0
17,600.00	90.09	359.65	9,957.70	7,285.01	-187.36	7,287.32	0.00	0.00	0.0
17,700.00	90.09	359.65	9,957.54	7,385.01	-187.96	7,387.31	0.00	0.00	0.0
17,800.00	90.09	359.65	9,957.38	7,485.01	-188.56	7,487.30	0.00	0.00	0.0
17,900.00	90.09	359.65	9,957.22	7,585.00	-189.17	7,587.29	0.00	0.00	0.0
18,000.00	90.09	359.65	9,957.06	7,685.00	-189.77	7,687.28	0.00	0.00	0.0
18,100.00	90.10	359,65	9,956.89	7,785.00	-190.37	7,787.27	0.00	0.00	0.0
18,200.00	90.10	359.65	9,956.72	7,885.00	-190.98	7,887.26	0.00	0.00	0.0
18,300.00	90.10	359.65	9,956.55	7,985.00	-191.58	7,987.25	0.00	0.00	0.0
18,400.00	90.10	359.65	9,956.38	8,084.99	-192.19	8,087.24	0.00	0.00	0.0
18,500.00	90,10	359.65	9,956.21	8,184.99	-192.79	8,187.23	0.00	0.00	0.0 0.0
18,600.00	90.10	359.65	9,956.03	8,284.99	-193.39	8,287.22	0.00	0.00	
18,700.00	90.10	359.65	9,955.85	8,384.99	-194.00	8,387.21	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.0 0.0
18,800.00 18,900.00	90.10 90.11	359.65 359.65	9,955.67 9,955.49	8,484.99 8,584.98	-194.60 -195.20	8,487.20 8,587.18	0.00	0.00	0.0
	90.11	359.65	9,955.30	8.684.98	-195.81	8,687.17	0.00	0.00	0.0
19,000.00	90.11	359.65	9,955.30 9,955.11	8,784.98	-195.61	8,787.16	0.00	0.00	0.0
19,100.00 19,200.00	90.11	359.65	9,955.11	8,884.98	-196.41	8,887.15	0.00	0.00	0.0
19,200.00	90.11	359.65	9,954,92	8.984.98	-197.62	8.987.14	0.00	0.00	0.0
19,300.00	90.11	359.65	9,954.54	9,084.97	-198.22	9,087.13	0.00	0.00	0.0
19,500.00	90.11	359.65	9.954.34	9,184.97	-198.83	9,187.12	0.00	0.00	0.0
19,600.00	90.11	359.65	9,954,14	9.284.97	-199.43	9.287.11	0.00	0.00	0.0
19,800.00	90.11	359.65	9,953,94	9,384.97	-200.03	9,387,10	0.00	0.00	0.0
19,700.00	90.12	359.65	9,953.94	9,484.97	-200.03	9,487.09	0.00	0.00	0.0
19,800.00	90.12	359.65	9,953.74	9,584.96	-200.04	9,587.08	0.00	0.00	0.0
20,000.00	90.12	359.65	9,953.33	9,684.96	-201.85	9,687.07	0.00	0.00	0.0
20,000.00	90.12	359.65	9,953.12	9,784.96	-201.85	9,787.05	0.00	0.00	0.0
20,100.00	90.12	359.65	9,953.00	9,840.78	-202.43	9,842.87	0.00	0.00	0.0

a,

Database: Company: Project: Site: Well: Wellbore: Design:	ENGINEERING DESIGNS TVC PRD NM DIRECTIONAL PLANS (NAD 1983) MD OXBOW CC 17-08 FED COM Nor		TVD Refer MD Refer North Ref	ence:	<ul> <li>Well OXBOW CC 17-08 FED COM 35H</li> <li>Datum @ 2951.50ft</li> <li>Datum @ 2951.50ft</li> <li>Grid</li> <li>Minimum Curvature</li> </ul>				
Design Targets	<u></u>								
Target Name - hit/miss target - Shape	Dip Angle (°)	Dip Dir. (°)	TVD (ft)	+N/-S (ft)	+E/-W (ft)	Northing (usft)	Easting (usft)	Latitude	Longitude
OXBOW_35H_KOP - plan hits target o - Point	0.00 enter	0.00	9,390.42	-550.30	-140.05	440,444.22	643,680.89 32	' 12' 37.529875 N	104° 0' 8.724531 V
OXBOW_35H_BHL - plan hits target of - Point	0.00 enter	0.00	9,953.00	9,840.78	-202.79	450,834.46	643,618.16 32	' 14' 20.352546 N	104° 0' 9,082342 V
Plan Annotations	<u></u>					<u> </u>			
Meas Dep (ft	th D	rtical epth (ft)	Local +N/-S (ft)	Coordinate +	es E/-W (ft)	Comment			
6,1 8,9 9,4 10,3	64.33 6 38.17 8 37.50 9 37.50 9	665.00 ,161.81 ,893.61 ,390.42 ,963.38 ,953.00	0.00 -42.0 -508.2 -550.3 22.6 9,840,7	7 4 0 4	0.00 -10.71 -129.35 -140.05 -143.51 -202.79	STEP OUT DLS 2.0 HOLD 10 DEG TAM DROP BACK TO V BUILD CURVE 10 LANDING POINT TD at 20155.82	NGENT ERTICAL DLS 2.0	00	

٠

٠



## OXY USA Inc APD ATTACHMENT: SPUDDER RIG DATA

#### **OPERATOR NAME / NUMBER:** OXY USA Inc

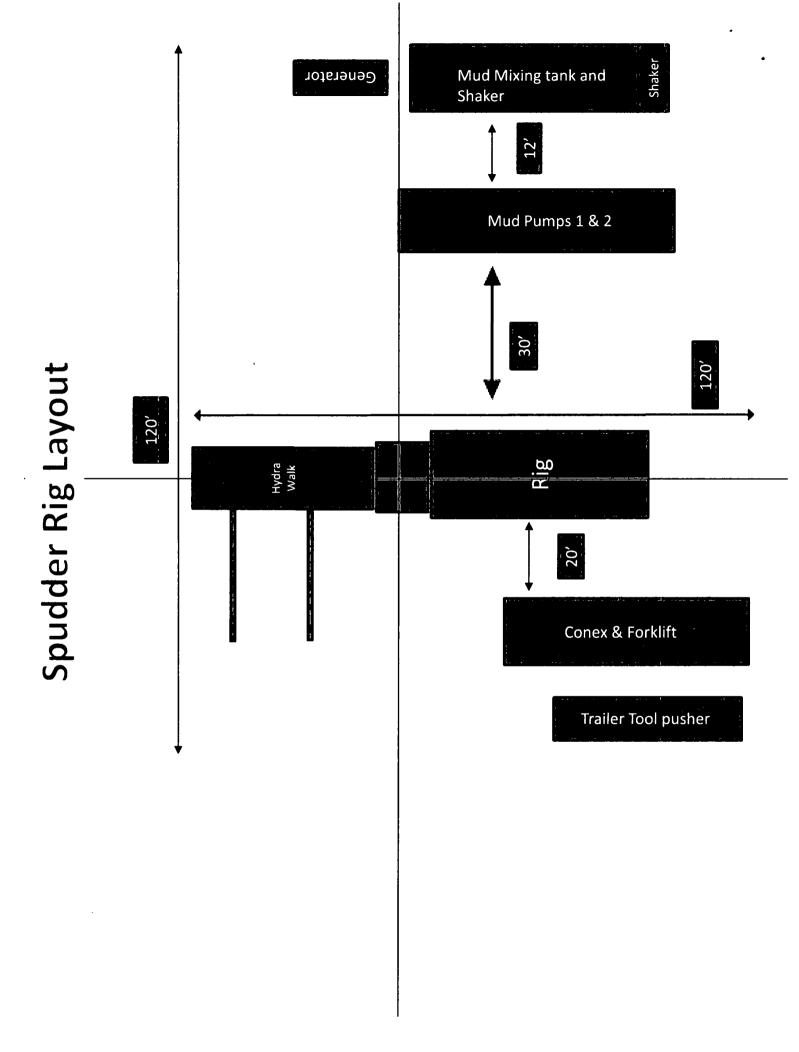
#### 1. SUMMARY OF REQUEST:

Oxy USA respectfully requests approval for the following operations for the surface hole in the drill plan:

1. Utilize a spudder rig to pre-set surface casing for time and cost savings.

#### 2. Description of Operations

- 1. Spudder rig will move in to drill the surface hole and pre-set surface casing on the well.
  - **a.** After drilling the surface hole section, the spudder rig will run casing and cement following all of the applicable rules and regulations (OnShore Order 2, all COAs and NMOCD regulations).
  - **b.** The spudder rig will utilize fresh water-based mud to drill the surface hole to TD. Solids control will be handled entirely on a closed loop basis. No earth pits will be used.
- 2. The wellhead will be installed and tested as soon as the surface casing is cut off and the WOC time has been reached.
- 3. A blind flange at the same pressure rating as the wellhead will be installed to seal the wellbore. Pressure will be monitored with needle valves installed on two wingvalves.
  - **a.** A means for intervention will be maintained while the drilling rig is not over the well.
- 4. Spudder rig operations are expected to take 2-3 days per well on the pad.
- 5. The BLM will be contacted and notified 24 hours prior to commencing spudder rig operations.
- 6. Drilling operations will begin with a larger rig and a BOP stack equal to or greater than the pressure rating that was permitted will be nippled up and tested on the wellhead before drilling operations resume on each well.
  - **a.** The larger rig will move back onto the location within 90 days from the point at which the wells are secured and the spudder rig is moved off location.
  - **b.** The BLM will be contacted / notified 24 hours before the larger rig moves back on the pre-set locations.
- 7. Oxy will have supervision on the rig to ensure compliance with all BLM and NMOCD regulations and to oversee operations.
- 8. Once the rig is removed, Oxy will secure the wellhead area by placing a guard rail around the cellar area.



#### 1. Geologic Formations

TVD of target	9963'	Pilot Hole Depth	N/A
MD at TD:	20156'	Deepest Expected fresh water:	90'

#### **Delaware Basin**

Formation	TVD - RKB	Expected Fluids
Rustler	90	Brine
Salado	305	Losses
Castile	1215	
Lamar/Delaware	2788	
Bell Canyon	2843	Water
Cherry Canyon	3753	Oil/Gas
Brushy Canyon	4963	Oil/Gas/Losses
Bone Spring	6517	Oil/Gas
1st Bone Spring	7515	Oil/Gas
2nd Bone Spring	7813	Oil/Gas
3rd Bone Spring	8735	Oil/Gas
Wolfcamp	9778	Oil/Gas

\*H2S, water flows, loss of circulation, abnormal pressures, etc.

#### 2. Casing Program

Hole Size	Casing Interval		Csg. Size	Weight	<b>C</b>		SF	SE Duna	<b>Body SF</b>	Joint SF
(in)	From (ft)	To (ft)	(in)	(lbs)	Grade	Conn.	Collapse	SF Burst	Tension	Tension
17.5	0	400	13.375	54.5	J55	BTC	1.125	1.2	1.4	1.4
12.25	0	9337	9.625	43.5	L-80	BTC	1.125	1.2	1.4	1.4
8.5	0	20156	5.5	20	P-110	DQX	1.125	1.2	1.4	1.4
		-					SF V	Values will	meet or Ex	ceed

All casing strings will be tested in accordance with Onshore Oil and Gas Order #2 III.B.1.h \*Oxy requests the option to set casing shallower yet still below the salts if losses or hole conditions require this. Cement volumes may be adjusted if casing is set shallower and a DV tool may be run in case hole conditions merit pumping a second stage cement job to comply with permitted top of cement. If cement circulated to surface during first stage we will drop a cancelation cone and not pump the second stage.

	Y or N
Is casing new? If used, attach certification as required in Onshore Order #1	Y
Does casing meet API specifications? If no, attach casing specification sheet.	Y
Is premium or uncommon casing planned? If yes attach casing specification sheet.	Y
Does the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards? If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria).	Y
Will the intermediate pipe be kept at a minimum 1/3 fluid filled to avoid approaching the collapse pressure rating of the casing?	Y

## OXY USA Inc. - Oxbow CC 17-08 Federal Com 35H – Drill Plan

Is well located within Capitan Reef?	N
If yes, does production casing cement tie back a minimum of 50' above the Reef?	
Is well within the designated 4 string boundary.	
Is well located in SOPA but not in R-111-P?	N
If yes, are the first 2 strings cemented to surface and 3 <sup>rd</sup> string cement tied back 500' into previous casing?	
Is well located in R-111-P and SOPA?	N
If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface?	
Is 2 <sup>nd</sup> string set 100' to 600' below the base of salt?	-
Is well located in high Cave/Karst?	N
If yes, are there two strings cemented to surface?	
(For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs?	
Is well located in critical Cave/Karst?	N
If yes, are there three strings cemented to surface?	

## 3. Cementing Program

Casing	# Sks	Wt. (ib/gal)	Yld (ft3/sack)	H20 (gal/sk)	500# Comp. Strength (hours)	Slurry Description	
Surface	368	14.2	1.68	6.53	6:50	Class C Cement, Accelerator	
1st Stage	690	10.2	3.05	15.63	15:07	Pozzolan Cement, Retarder	
Intermediate	239	13.2	1.65	8.45	12:57	Class H Cement, Retarder, Dispersant, Sali	
DV/ECP Tool	DV/ECP Tool @ 2838' (We request the option to cancel the second stage if cement is circulated to surface during th first stage of cement operations)					ement is circulated to surface during the	
2nd Stage Int	732	12.9	1.85	9.86	12:44	Class C Cement, Accelerator, Retarder	
Casing	142	14.8	1.33	6.34	6:31	Class C Cement	
Production Casing	1844	13.2	1.631	8.37	15:15	Class H Cement, Retarder, Dispersant, Salt	

Casing String	Top of Lead (ft)	Bottom of Lead (ft)	Top of Tail (ft)	Bottom of Tail (ft)	% Excess Lead	% Excess Tail
Surface	N/A	N/A	0	400	N/A	100%
1st Stage Intermediate Casing	2738	8337	8337	9337	20%	20%
2nd Stage Intermediate Casing	0	2338	2338	2838	75%	20%
Production Casing	N/A	N/A	8837	20156	N/A	15%

## 4. Pressure Control Equipment

BOP installed and tested before drilling which hole?	Size?	Min. Required WP	Туре	;	~	Tested to:		
			Annul	ar	~	70% of working pressure		
12.25" Hole	13-5/8"	514	Blind R	am	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>			
	13-5/8 514	13-3/8	12.23 Hole 13-5/8	5M	Pipe R	am		250/5000
		Double I	Ram	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	250/5000psi			
	1		Other*					

\*Specify if additional ram is utilized.

BOP/BOPE will be tested by an independent service company to 250 psi low and the high pressure indicated above per Onshore Order 2 requirements. The System may be upgraded to a higher pressure but still tested to the working pressure listed in the table above. If the system is upgraded all the components installed will be functional and tested.

Pipe rams will be operationally checked each 24 hour period. Blind rams will be operationally checked on each trip out of the hole. These checks will be noted on the daily tour sheets. Other accessories to the BOP equipment will include a Kelly cock and floor safety valve (inside BOP) and choke lines and choke manifold. See attached schematics.

Formation integrity test will be performed per Onshore Order #2. On Exploratory wells or on that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Will be tested in accordance with Onshore Oil and Gas Order #2 III.B.1.i.
A variance is requested for the use of a flexible choke line from the BOP to Choke Manifold. See attached for specs and hydrostatic test chart.
Y Are anchors required by manufacturer?
A multibowl or a unionized multibowl wellhead system will be employed. The wellhead and connection to the BOPE will meet all API 6A requirements. The BOP will be tested per Onshore Order #2 after installation on the surface casing which will cover testing requirements for a maximum of 30 days. If any seal subject to test pressure is broken the system must be tested. We will test the flange connection of the wellhead with a test port that is directly in the flange. We are proposing that we will run the wellhead through the rotary prior to cementing surface casing as discussed with the BLM on October 8, 2015.
See attached schematics.

#### 5. Mud Program

D	epth		Weight		
From (ft)	To (ft)	Туре	(ppg)	Viscosity	Water Loss
0	400	Water-Based Mud	8.4-8.6	40-60	N/C
400	2838	Water-Based Mud	9.8-10.0	35-45	N/C
2838	9337	Water-Based Mud	8.8-9.6	38-50	N/C
9337	20156	Oil Based Mud	9.6-11	35-50	N/C

Sufficient mud materials to maintain mud properties and meet minimum lost circulation and weight increase requirements will be kept on location at all times. The following is a general list of products: Barite, Bentonite, Gypsum, Lime, Soda Ash, Caustic Soda, Nut Plug, Cedar Fiber, Cotton Seed Hulls, Drilling Paper, Salt Water Clay, CACL2. Oxy will use a closed mud system.

Oxy proposes to drill out the 13.375" surface casing shoe with a saturated brine system from 400-2838', which is the base of the salt system. At this point we will swap fluid systems to a high viscosity mixed metal hydroxide system or a fully saturated brine direct emulsion system. We will drill with this system to the intermediate TD @ 9337'.

What will be used to monitor the loss or gain	PVT/MD Totco/Visual Monitoring
of fluid?	

## 6. Logging and Testing Procedures

Logg	Logging, Coring and Testing.					
Yes	Will run GR from TD to surface (horizontal well – vertical portion of hole). Stated logs					
	run will be in the Completion Report and submitted to the BLM.					
No	Logs are planned based on well control or offset log information.					
No	Drill stem test? If yes, explain					
No	Coring? If yes, explain					

Addi	tional logs planned	Interval
No	Resistivity	
No	Density	
No	CBL	
Yes	Mud log	ICP - TD
No	PEX	

## 7. Drilling Conditions

Condition	Specify what type and where?
BH Pressure at deepest TVD	5699 psi
Abnormal Temperature	No
BH Temperature at deepest TVD	160°F

Pump high viscosity sweeps as needed for hole cleaning. The mud system will be monitored visually/manually as well as with an electronic PVT. The necessary mud products for additional weight and fluid loss control will be on location at all times. Appropriately weighted mud will be used to isolate potential gas, oil, and water zones until such time as casing can be cemented into place for zonal isolation.

Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) monitors will be installed prior to drilling out the surface shoe. If H2S is detected in concentrations greater than 100 ppm, the operator will comply with the provisions of Onshore Oil and Gas Order #6. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, measured values and formations will be provided to the BLM.

N H2S is present

Y H2S Plan attached

#### 8. Other facets of operation

•	Yes/No
<ul> <li>Will the well be drilled with a walking/skidding operation? If yes, describe.</li> <li>We plan to drill the three well pad in batch by section: all surface sections, intermediate sections and production sections. The wellhead will be secured with a night cap whenever the rig is not over the well.</li> </ul>	Yes
<ul> <li>Will more than one drilling rig be used for drilling operations? If yes, describe.</li> <li>OXY requests the option to contract a Surface Rig to drill, set surface casing, and cement for this well. If the timing between rigs is such that OXY would not be able to preset surface, the Primary Rig will MIRU and drill the well in its entirety per the APD. Please see the attached document for information on the spudder rig.</li> </ul>	

## Total estimated cuttings volume: 2181.2 bbls.

#### 9. Company Personnel

Name	Title	Office Phone	Mobile Phone
Philippe Haffner	Drilling Engineer	713-985-6379	832-767-9047
Diego Tellez	Drilling Engineer Supervisor	713-350-4602	713-303-4932
Simon Benavides	Drilling Superintendent	713-522-8652	281-684-6897
John Willis	Drilling Manager	713-366-5556	713-259-1417

## 

U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

APD ID: 10400027031

**Operator Name: OXY USA INCORPORATED** 

Well Name: OXBOW CC 17-8 FEDERAL COM

Well Type: OIL WELL

## Section 1 - Existing Roads

Will existing roads be used? YES

**Existing Road Map:** 

OxbowCC17\_8FdCom35H\_ExistRoads\_20180206163710.pdf

Existing Road Purpose: FLUID TRANSPORT

ROW ID(s)

ID:

Do the existing roads need to be improved? NO

**Existing Road Improvement Description:** 

**Existing Road Improvement Attachment:** 

Section 2	- New or Recons	structed Access Roads
Will new roads be nee	ded? YES	
New Road Map:		
OxbowCC17_8FdCom3	5H_NewRoad_201802	206163728.pdf
New road type: LOCAL	-	
Length: 244.1	Feet	Width (ft.): 25
Max slope (%): 0		<b>Max grade (%)</b> : 0
Army Corp of Enginee	rs (ACOE) permit req	uired? NO
ACOE Permit Number	(s):	
New road travel width:	: 14	
New road access eros	ion control: Watershe	d Diversion every 200' if needed.
New road access plan	or profile prepared?	YES
New road access plan	attachment:	
OxbowCC17_8FdCom3	5H_NewRoad_201802	206163743.pdf
Access road engineer	i <b>ng design?</b> NO	

-----

-----

SUPO Data Report

Submission Date: 02/08/2018

Well Number: 35H Well Work Type: Drill Highlighted data reflects the most recent changes

Show Final Text

Row(s) Exist? NO

Page 1 of 11

Well Name: OXBOW CC 17-8 FEDERAL COM

Well Number: 35H

Access road engineering design attachment:

Access surfacing type: OTHER

Access topsoil source: ONSITE

Access surfacing type description: Caliche

Access onsite topsoil source depth: 0

Offsite topsoil source description:

Onsite topsoil removal process: If available

Access other construction information: None

Access miscellaneous information: The access road will begin at an existing caliche road and will go east for 244.1' through a pasture to the northwest corner of pad.

Number of access turnouts:

Access turnout map:

#### Drainage Control

New road drainage crossing: CULVERT

Drainage Control comments: Watershed Diversion every 200' if needed.

Road Drainage Control Structures (DCS) description: Watershed Diversion every 200' if needed.

Road Drainage Control Structures (DCS) attachment:

#### Access Additional Attachments

Additional Attachment(s):

#### Section 3 - Location of Existing Wells

Existing Wells Map? YES

Attach Well map:

OxbowCC17\_8FdCom35H\_ExistWells\_20180206163809.pdf

Existing Wells description:

#### Section 4 - Location of Existing and/or Proposed Production Facilities

#### Submit or defer a Proposed Production Facilities plan? SUBMIT

**Production Facilities description:** a. In the event the well is found productive, the Salt Flat CC 20 Federal Central Tank Battery would be utilized and the necessary production equipment will be installed at the well site. See proposed facilities layout diagram. b. All flow lines will adhere to API standards. They will consist of 2 – 4" composite flowlines operating 75% MAWP, surface lines to follow surveyed route. Survey of a strip of land 30' wide and 4377' in length crossing in Section 17 and 20, T24S R29E, NMPM, Eddy County, NM and being 15' left and 15' right of the centerline survey, see attached. c. Electric line will follow a route approved by the BLM. Survey of a strip of land 30' wide and 862.7' in length crossing Section 17 T24S R29E NMPM, Eddy County, NM and being 15' left and 15' right of the centerline survey, see attached.

#### Operator Name: OXY USA INCORPORATED

Well Name: OXBOW CC 17-8 FEDERAL COM

Well Number: 35H

Source longitude:

Source volume (acre-feet): 0.25778618

#### Production Facilities map:

OxbowCC17\_8FdCom35H\_FacilityPLEL\_20180206163827.pdf

## Section 5 - Location and Types of Water Supply

#### Water Source Table

 Water source use type:
 INTERMEDIATE/PRODUCTION CASING,
 Water source type:
 GW WELL

 OTHER, SURFACE CASING
 Describe type:
 Intermediate
 Intermediat
 Intermediate
 Intermediate</

Source latitude:

Source datum:

Water source permit type: WATER WELL

Source land ownership: COMMERCIAL

Water source transport method: PIPELINE, TRUCKING

Source transportation land ownership: COMMERCIAL

Water source volume (barrels): 2000

Source volume (gal): 84000

#### Water source and transportation map:

OxbowCC17 8FdCom35H GRRWtrSrc\_20180207155224.pdf

#### OxbowCC17\_8FdCom35H\_MesqWtrSrc\_20180207155235.pdf

Water source comments: This well will be drilled using a combination of water mud systems. It will be obtained from commercial water stations (Gregory Rockhouse, Mesquite) in the area and will be hauled to location by transport truck using existing and proposed roads. New water well? NO

New Water Well II	nfo	
Well latitude:	Well Longitude:	Well datum:
Well target aquifer:		
Est. depth to top of aquifer(ft):	Est thickness o	f aquifer:
Aquifer comments:		
Aquifer documentation:		
Well depth (ft):	Well casing type:	
Well casing outside diameter (in.):	Well casing inside	e diameter (in.):
New water well casing?	Used casing sour	ce:
Drilling method:	Drill material:	
Grout material:	Grout depth:	
Casing length (ft.):	Casing top depth	(ft.):

Operator Name: OXY USA INCORPORATED

Well Name: OXBOW CC 17-8 FEDERAL COM

Well Number: 35H

Well Production type:

**Completion Method:** 

Water well additional information:

State appropriation permit:

Additional information attachment:

## Section 6 - Construction Materials

**Construction Materials description:** Primary - All caliche utilized for the drilling pad and proposed access road will be obtained from an existing BLM/State/Fee approved pit or from prevailing deposits found on the location. Will use BLM recommended extra caliche from other locations close by for roads, if available. Secondary - The secondary way of obtaining caliche to build locations and roads will be by "turning over" the location. This means, caliche will be obtained from the actual well site. A caliche permit will be obtained from BLM prior to pushing up any caliche. 2400 cubic yards is max amount of caliche needed for pad and roads. Amount will vary for each pad. The procedure below has been approved by BLM personnel: a. The top 6" of topsoil is pushed off and stockpiled along the side of the location. b. An approximate 120' X 120' area is used within the proposed well site to remove caliche. c. Subsoil is removed and piled alongside the 120' X 120' within the pad site. d. When caliche is found, material will be stockpiled within the pad site to build the location and road. e. Then subsoil is pushed back in the hole and caliche is spread accordingly across entire location and road. f. Once the well is drilled the stockpiled top soil will be used for interim reclamation and spread along areas where caliche is picked up and the location size is reduced. Neither caliche nor subsoil will be stockpiled outside of the well pad. Topsoil will be stockpiled along the edge of the pad. Caliche will be provided from on of the following three pits located in Section 6, 20, 22 T24S R29E. Water will be provided from on of the following three pits located in Section 6, 20, 22 T24S R29E.

Construction Materials source location attachment:

## Section 7 - Methods for Handling Waste

Waste type: DRILLING

Waste content description: Water-Based Cuttings, Water-Based Mud, Oil-Based Cuttings, Oil-Based Mud, Produced Water

Amount of waste: 2181.2 barrels

Waste disposal frequency : Daily

Safe containment description: Haul-Off Bins

Safe containmant attachment:

Waste disposal type: HAUL TO COMMERCIAL Disposal location ownership: COMMERCIAL FACILITY Disposal type description:

**Disposal location description:** An approved facility that can process drill cuttings, drill fluids, flowback water, produced water, contaminated soils, and other non-hazardous wastes.

Reserve Pit

Reserve Pit being used? NO

Temporary disposal of produced water into reserve pit?

Reserve pit length (ft.) Reserve pit width (ft.)

Reserve pit depth (ft.)

Reserve pit volume (cu. yd.)

Is at least 50% of the reserve pit in cut?

**Operator Name: OXY USA INCORPORATED** 

Well Name: OXBOW CC 17-8 FEDERAL COM

Well Number: 35H

#### **Reserve pit liner**

Reserve pit liner specifications and installation description

**Cuttings Area** 

Cuttings Area being used? NO

Are you storing cuttings on location? YES

Description of cuttings location A closed loop system will be utilized consisting of above ground steel tanks and haul-off bins. Disposal of liquids, drilling fluids and cuttings will be disposed of at an approved facility. Cuttings area length (ft.)

Cuttings area depth (ft.)

Cuttings area width (ft.)

Cuttings area volume (cu. yd.)

Is at least 50% of the cuttings area in cut?

WCuttings area liner

Cuttings area liner specifications and installation description

Section 8 - Ancillary Facilities

Are you requesting any Ancillary Facilities?: NO

**Ancillary Facilities attachment:** 

Comments:

Section 9 - Well Site Layout

Well Site Layout Diagram:

OxbowCC17\_8FdCom35H\_WellSiteCL\_20180206164528.pdf

Comments: V-Door-West - CL Tanks-South - 480' X 620' - 6 Well Pad

## **Section 10 - Plans for Surface Reclamation**

Type of disturbance: New Surface Disturbance

Multiple Well Pad Name: OXBOW CC 17-8 FEDERAL COM Multiple Well Pad Number: 34H

**Recontouring attachment:** 

Drainage/Erosion control construction: Reclamation to be wind rowed as needed to control erosion

Drainage/Erosion control reclamation: Reclamation to be wind rowed as needed to control erosion

Well Name: OXBOW CC 17-8 FEDERA	L COM Well Number: 35H	
Well pad proposed disturbance (acres): 6.83	Well pad interim reclamation (acres): 1.99	Well pad long term disturbance (acres): 4.84
Road proposed disturbance (acres): 0.35 Powerline proposed disturbance (acres): 0.59 Pipeline proposed disturbance (acres): 3.01 Other proposed disturbance (acres): 0	Road interim reclamation (acres): 0.19 Powerline interim reclamation (acres): 0.59 Pipeline interim reclamation (acres): 2.01 Other interim reclamation (acres): 0.33	0.16 Powerline long term disturbance (acres): 0 Pipeline long term disturbance (acres): 1
Total proposed disturbance: 10.78	Total interim reclamation: 5.11	Total long term disturbance: 6

#### Disturbance Comments: See Below

**Reconstruction method:** If the well is deemed commercially productive, caliche from the areas of the pad site not required for operations will be reclaimed. The original topsoil will be returned to the area of the drill pad not necessary to operate the well. These unused areas of the drill pad will be contoured, as close as possible, to match the original topography, and the area will be seeded with an approved BLM mixture to re-establish vegetation. After concluding the drilling and/or completion operations, if the well is found non-commercial, the caliche will be reclaimed as directed by the BLM. The original topsoil will again be returned to the pad and contoured, as close as possible, to the original topography, and the area will be seeded with an approved BLM mixture to re-establish vegetation.

Topsoil redistribution: The original topsoil will be returned to the area of the drill pad not necessary to operate the well.

Soil treatment: To be determined by the BLM.

Existing Vegetation at the well pad: To be determined by the BLM at Onsite.

Existing Vegetation at the well pad attachment:

Existing Vegetation Community at the road: To be determined by the BLM at Onsite.

Existing Vegetation Community at the road attachment:

Existing Vegetation Community at the pipeline: To be determined by the BLM at Onsite.

Existing Vegetation Community at the pipeline attachment:

Existing Vegetation Community at other disturbances: To be determined by the BLM at Onsite.

Existing Vegetation Community at other disturbances attachment:

Non native seed used? NO

Non native seed description:

Seedling transplant description:

Will seedlings be transplanted for this project? NO

Seedling transplant description attachment:

Will seed be harvested for use in site reclamation? NO Seed harvest description:

<b>Operator Name:</b>	OXY	USA	INCORF	ORATED
-----------------------	-----	-----	--------	--------

Well Name: OXBOW CC 17-8 FEDERAL COM

Well Number: 35H

#### Seed harvest description attachment:

Seed Management		
Seed Table		
Seed type:		Seed source:
Seed name:		
Source name:		Source address:
Source phone:		
Seed cultivar:		
Seed use location:		
PLS pounds per acre:		Proposed seeding season:
Seed Sun	nmary	Total pounds/Acre:
Seed Type	Pounds/Acre	i ± <del></del>
Seed reclamation attachment: Operator Contact/Re	sponsible Offic	cial Contact Info
First Name: JIM	•	Last Name: WILSON
Phone: (575)631-2442		Email: jim_wilson@oxy.com
Seedbed prep: Seed BMP:		
Seed method:		
Existing invasive species? NO		
Existing invasive species treat	ment description:	
Existing invasive species treat	-	
Weed treatment plan description		by the BLM.
Weed treatment plan attachme		
Monitoring plan description: To	be determined by th	ne BLM.
Monitoring plan attachment:		
Success standards: To be deter	rmined by the BLM.	
Pit closure description: NA		
Pit closure attachment:		

٠

Well Number: 35H

## Section 11 - Surface Ownership

Disturbance type: WELL PAD **Describe:** Surface Owner: OTHER Other surface owner description: Fee - Private Surface Agreement will be provided upon request. **BIA Local Office: BOR Local Office: COE Local Office: DOD Local Office:** NPS Local Office: State Local Office: Military Local Office: **USFWS Local Office: Other Local Office: USFS Region: USFS Forest/Grassland: USFS Ranger District:** 

Disturbance type: PIPELINE
Describe:
Surface Owner: OTHER
Other surface owner description: Fee – Private Surface Agreement will be provided upon request.
BIA Local Office:
BOR Local Office:
COE Local Office:
DOD Local Office:
NPS Local Office:
State Local Office:
Military Local Office:

Well Number: 35H

## USFWS Local Office:

**Other Local Office:** 

USFS Region:

USFS Forest/Grassland:

**USFS Ranger District:** 

Disturbance type: OTHER	
Describe: Electric Line	
Surface Owner: OTHER	
Other surface owner description: Fee – Private Surface Ag	reement will be provided upon request
BIA Local Office:	
BOR Local Office:	
COE Local Office:	
DOD Local Office:	
NPS Local Office:	1
State Local Office:	
Military Local Office:	
USFWS Local Office:	
Other Local Office:	
USFS Region:	
USFS Forest/Grassland:	USFS Ranger District:

Disturbance type: NEW ACCESS ROAD Describe: Surface Owner: OTHER Other surface owner description: Fee – Private Surface Agreement will be provided upon request. BIA Local Office: BOR Local Office: COE Local Office: DOD Local Office: Operator Name: OXY USA INCORPORATED Well Name: OXBOW CC 17-8 FEDERAL COM

Well Number: 35H

NPS Local Office:	
State Local Office:	
Military Local Office:	
USFWS Local Office:	
Other Local Office:	
USFS Region:	
USFS Forest/Grassland:	USFS Ranger District:

Section 12 - Other Information

Right of Way needed? NO

Use APD as ROW?

ROW Type(s):

**ROW Applications** 

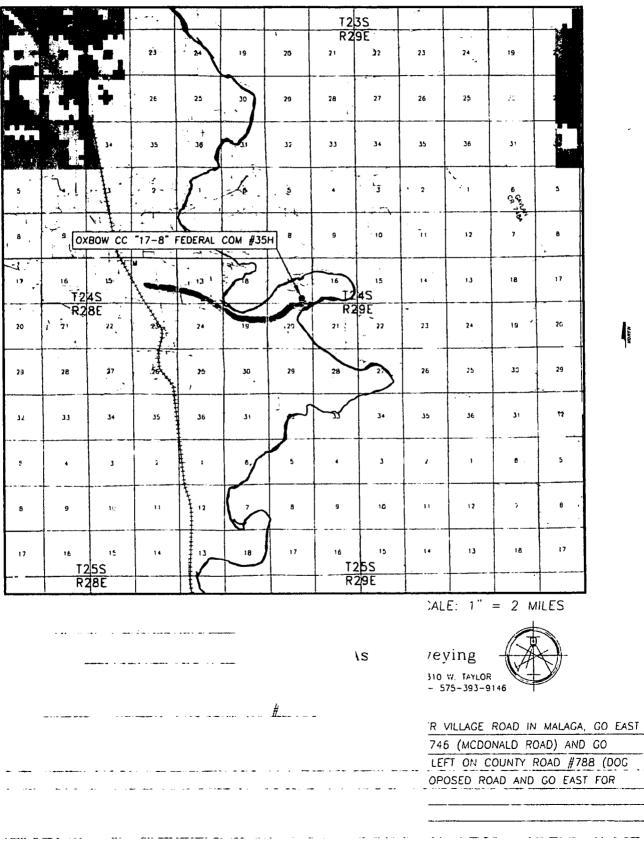
**SUPO Additional Information:** Permian Basin MOA - see attached SUPO and to be submitted after APD acceptance. GIS Shapefiles available for BLM download from shared FTP site after APD submittal. **Use a previously conducted onsite?** NO

**Previous Onsite information:** 

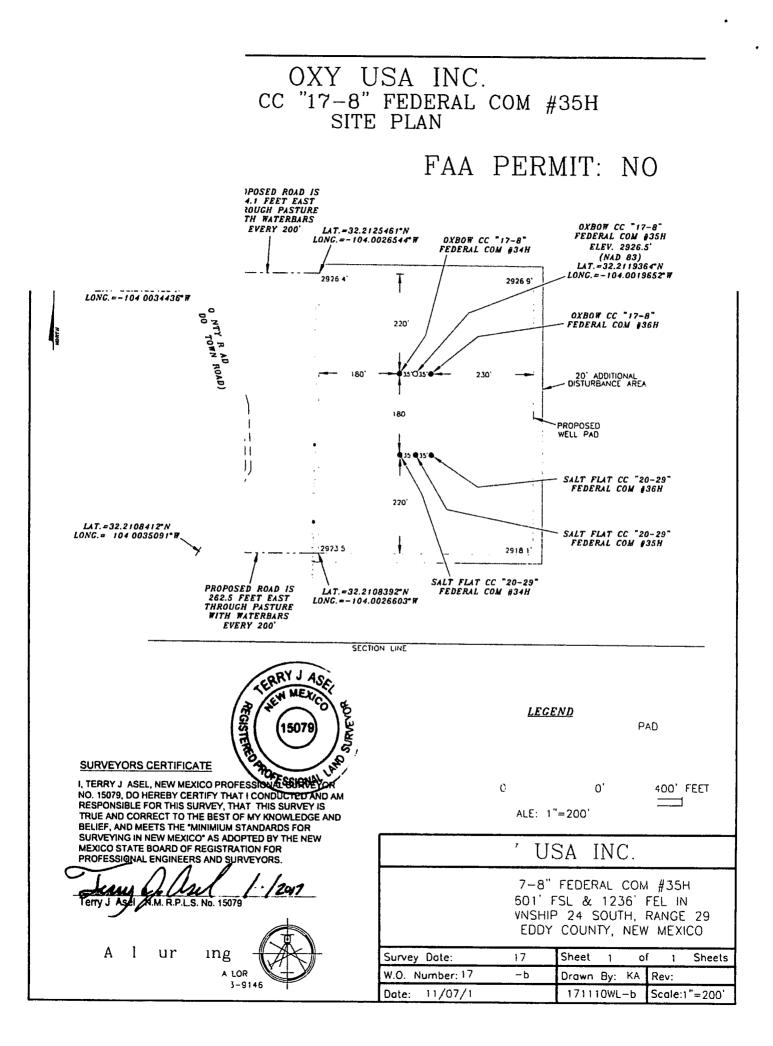
**Other SUPO Attachment** 

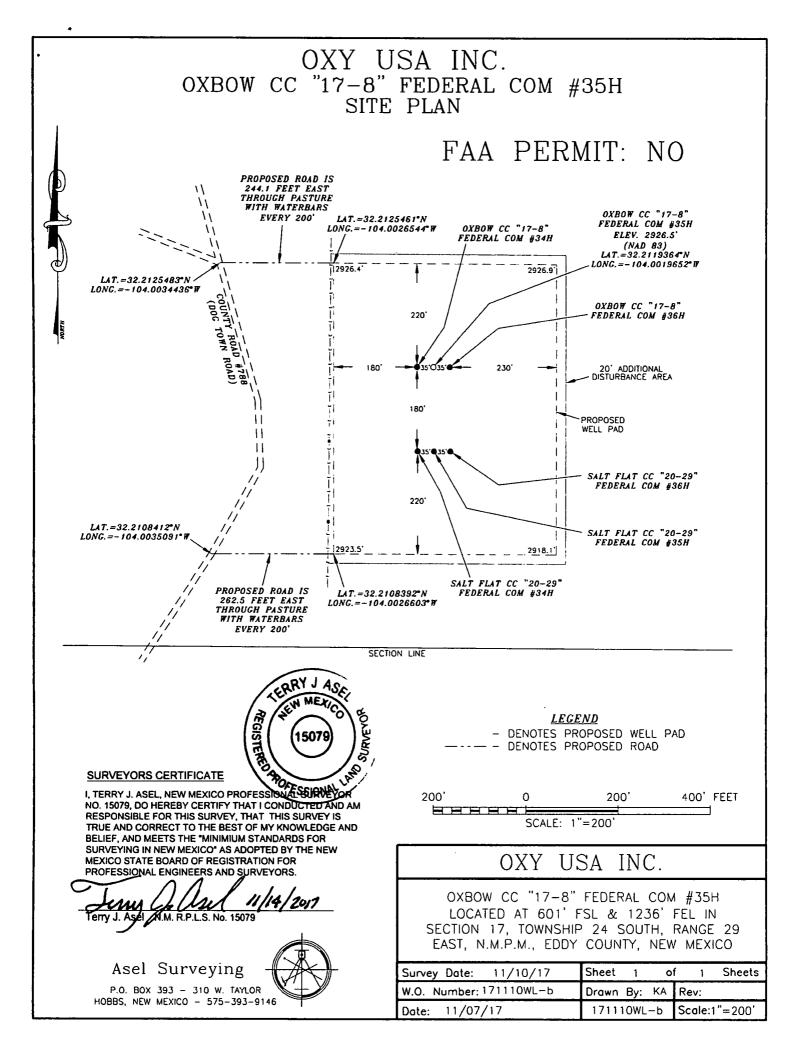
OxbowCC17\_8FdCom35H\_GasCapPlan\_20180207160205.pdf OxbowCC17\_8FdCom35H\_MiscSvyPlats\_20180207160219.pdf OxbowCC17\_8FdCom35H\_StakeForm\_20180207160233.pdf OxbowCC17\_8FdCom35H\_SUPO\_20180207160409.pdf

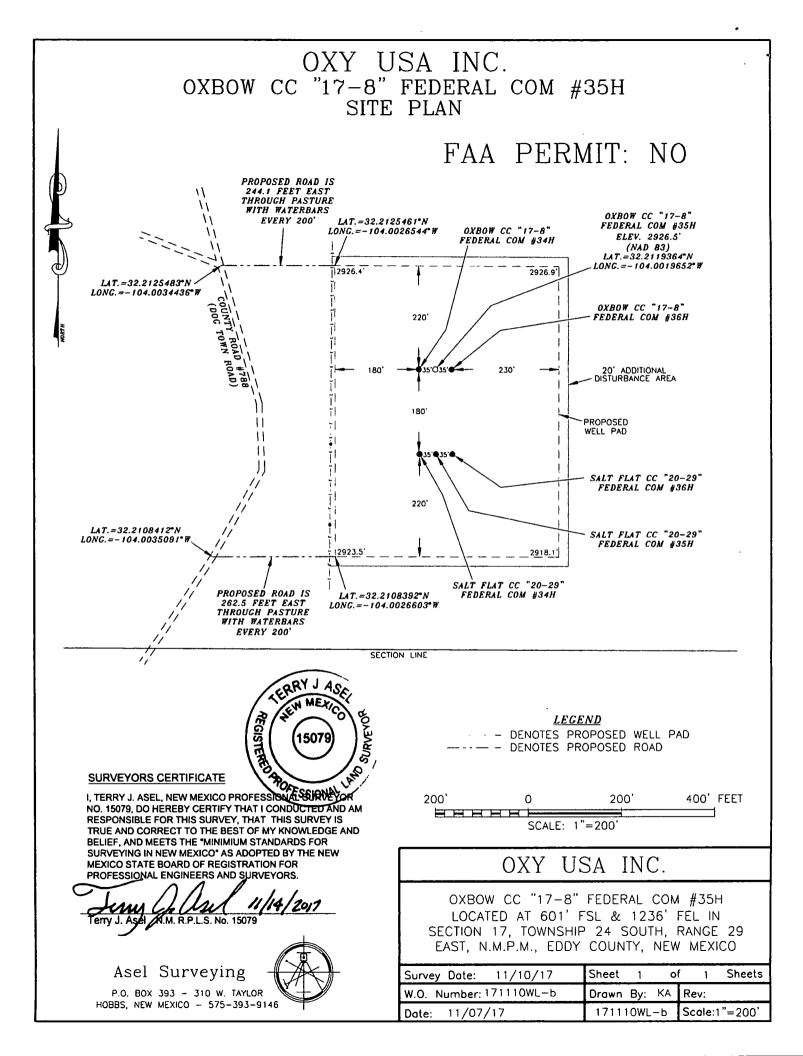
VICINITY MAP



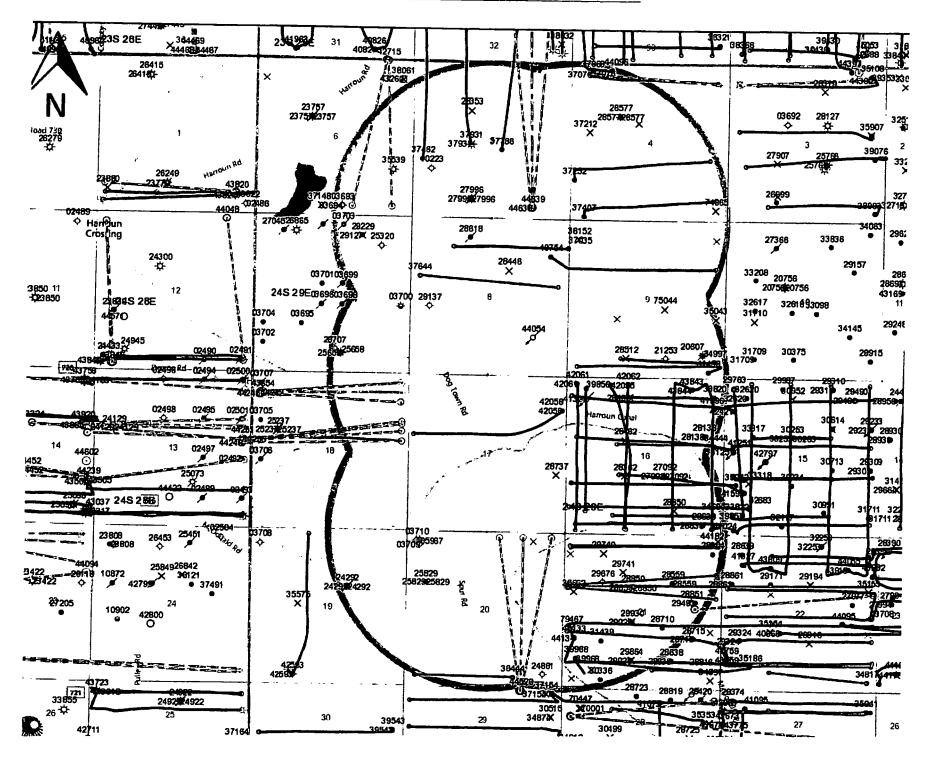
NUMEN

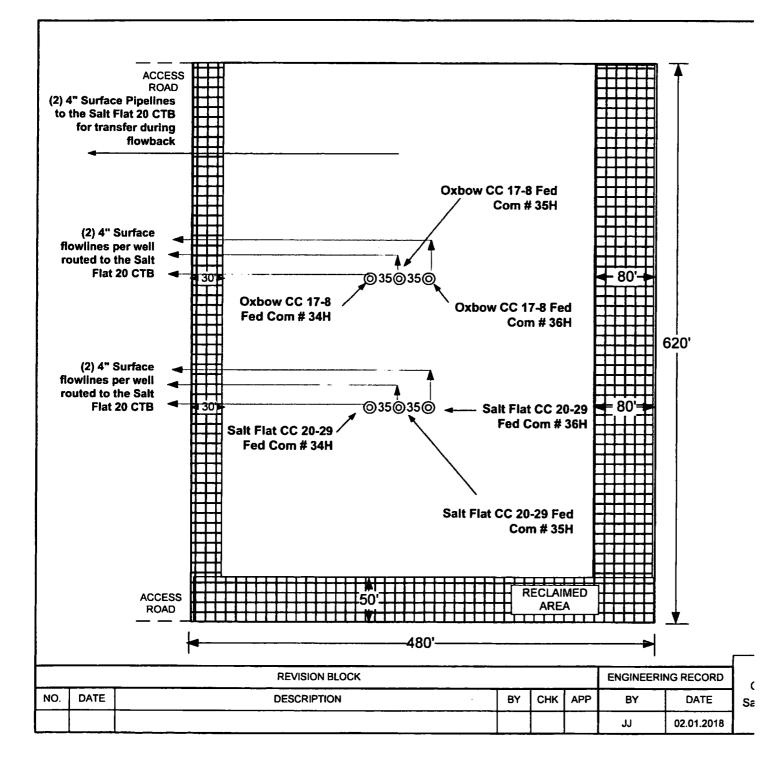


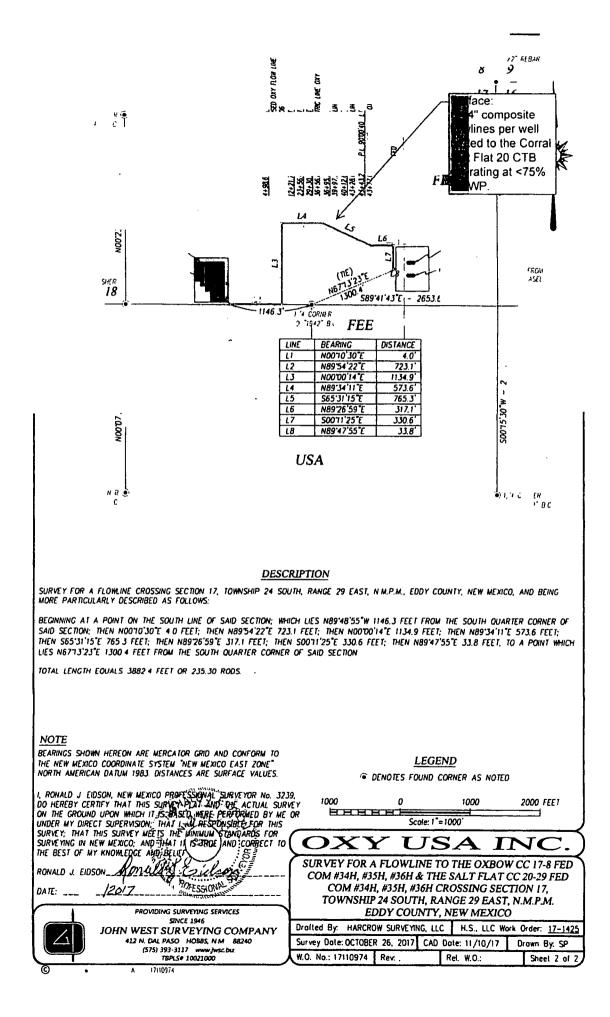


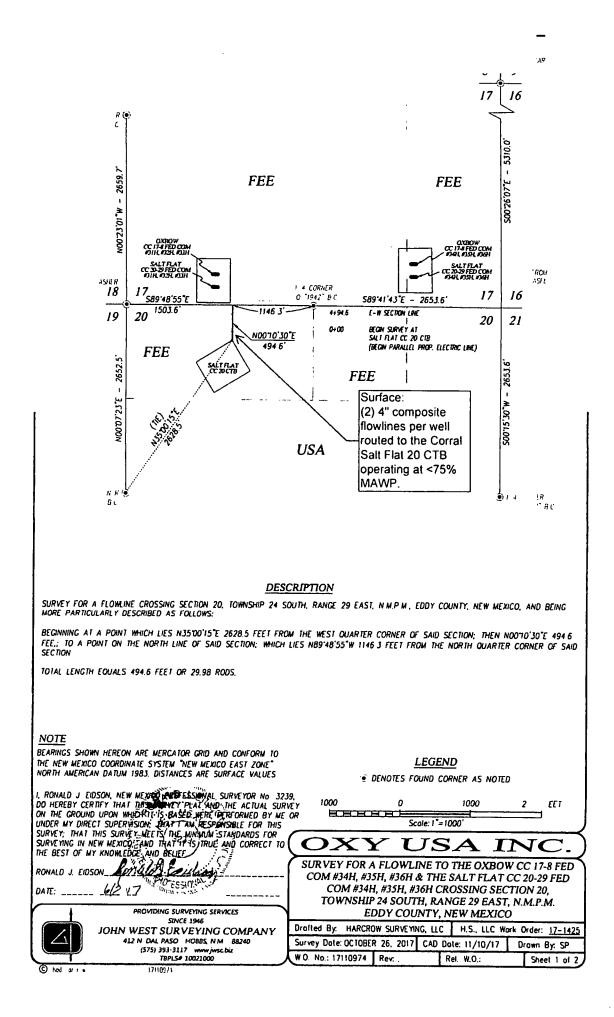


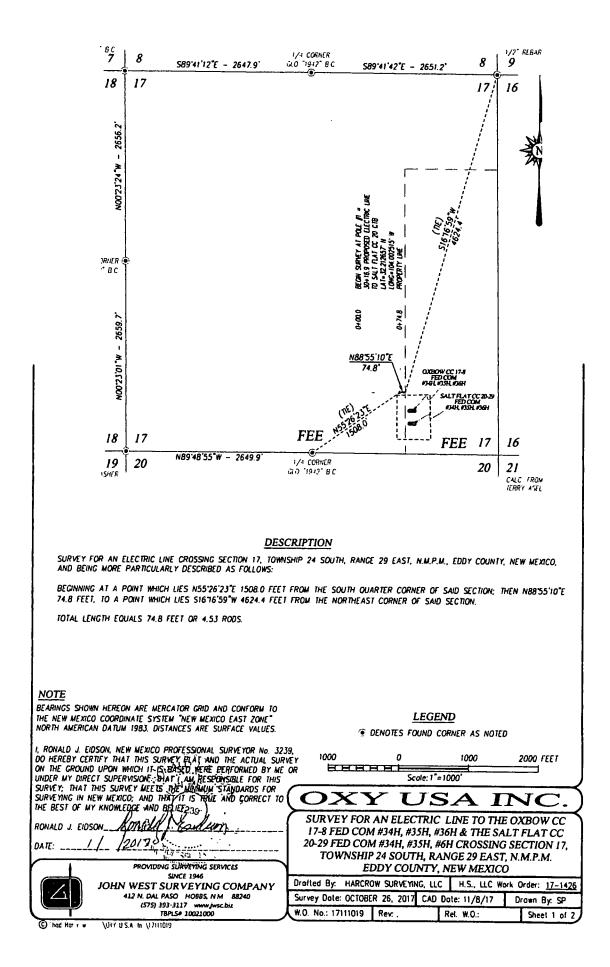
# Oxbow CC 17-8 Federal Com - 1 Mile AOR

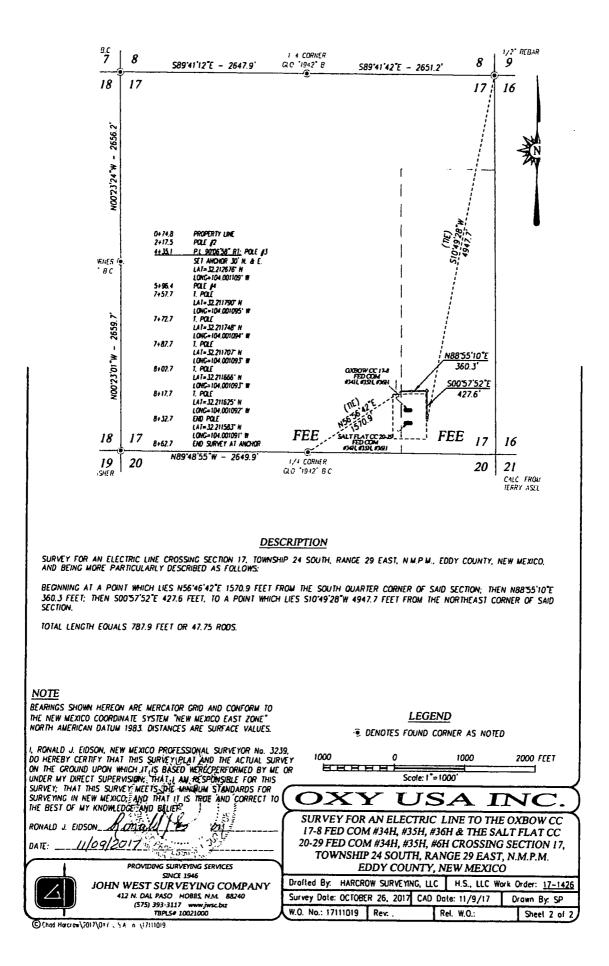












# **FRR, INC. WATER SOURCES** XY CERTAIN POND LOCATIONS

iter Source2	Water Source3	Water Source4
0.0470	1 0 0770	
<u>C-3478</u>	<u>C-2772</u>	
<u>C-1361</u>	<u>C-3358</u>	
<u>C-3478</u>	<u>C-2772</u>	
<u>C-2574</u>	<u>J-27</u>	—
<u>C-3200</u>	<u>SP-55 &amp; SP-1279</u> <u>A</u>	<u>C-100</u>

.

.

GRF

ME

٠

٠

	Il shack		104.254317°
	n		1856° -104.254443°
			2315° -104.254812°
			5949°-104.374371°
° C-1246			3978°-104.271212°
			5010 104,271212
			<del>)</del> 316° -104.312930°
			304° -104.16979°
		<b>—</b> —	7845-104.177410
U-1360	ENG#1	PRIVATE	32.064922° -103.908818°
C-1361	ENG#2	PRIVATE	32.064908° -103.906266°
C-1573	Cooksey	PRIVATE	32.113463° -104.108092°
C-1575	ROCKHOUSE Ranch Well - Wildcat	BLM	32.493190° -104.444163°
C-2270	CW#1 (Oliver Kiehne)	PRIVATE	32.021440° -103.559208°
C-2242	Walterscheid	PRIVATE	32.39199° -104.17694°
C-2492POD2	Stacy Mills	PRIVATE	32.324203° -103.812472°
C-2569	Paduca well #2	BLM	32.160588 -103.742051
C-2569POD2	Paduca well replacement	BLM	32.160588 -103.742051
C-2570	Paduca (tank) well #4	BLM	32.15668 -103.74114
C-2571	Paduca (road) well	BLM	32.163993° -103.745457°
C-2572	Paduca well #6	BLM	32.163985 -103.7412
C-2573	Paduca (in the bush) well	BLM	32.16229 -103.74363
C-2574	Paduca well (on grid power)	BLM	32.165777° -103.747590°
C-2701	401 Water Station	8LM	32.458767° -104.528097°
C-2772	Mobley Alternate	BLM	32.305220° -103.852360°
C-3011	ROCKY ARROYO - MIDDLE	BLM	32.409046° -104.452045°
C-3060	Max Vasquez	PRIVATE	32.31291° -104.17033°
C-3095	ROCKHOUSE Ranch Well - North of Rockcrusher	PRIVATE	32.486794° -104.426227°
C-3200	Beard East	PRIVATE	32.168720 -104.276600
C-3260	Hayhurst	PRIVATE	32.227110° -104.150925
C-3350	Winston Barn	PRIVATE	32.511871° -104.139094
C-3358	Branson	PRIVATE	32.19214° -104.06201
C-3363	Watts#2	PRIVATE	32.444637° -103.931313
C-3453	ROCKY ARROYO - FIELD	PRIVATE	32.458657° -104.460804
C-3478	Mobley Private	PRIVATE	32.294937° -103.888656
C-3483pod1	ENG#3	BLM	32.065556° -103.894722
C-3483pod3	ENG#5	BLM	32.06614° -103.89231
C-3483POD4	CW#4 (Oliver Kiehne)	PRIVATE	32.021803° -103.559030
C-3483POD5	CW#5 (Oliver Kiehne)	PRIVATE	32.021692° -103.560158
C-3554	Jesse Baker #1 well	PRIVATE	32.071937° -103.723030
C-3577	CW#3 (Oliver Kiehne)	PRIVATE	32.021773° -103.559738
C-3581	ENG#4	BLM	32.066083° -103.895024
C-3595	Oliver Kiehne house well #2	PRIVATE	32.025484° -103.682529
C-3596	CW#2 (Oliver Kiehne)	PRIVATE	32.021793° -103.559018°
		· ·· · · · · · · · ·	

•	GRR		
•	AME	LAND OWNERSHIP	GPS LOCATION
		PRIVATE	32.449290° -104.214500°
	II	PRIVATE	32.073692° -103.727121°
		PRIVATE	32.215790° -103.537690°
	_ th	PRIVATE	32.511504° -104.139073°
	n	PRIVATE	32.458551° -104.144219°
		PRIVATE	32.443360° -103.942890°
		BLM	32.023434°-103.321968°
	νg	PRIVATE	32.34636° -104.21355
		PRIVATE	32.224053° -104.090129°
U-3023	Jesse daker #J well	PRIVATE	32.072545°-103.722258°
C-3830	Paduca	BLM	32.156400° -103.742060°
C-3836	Granger	PRIVATE	32.10073° -104.10284°
C-384	ROCKHOUSE Ranch Well - Rockcrusher	PRIVATE	32.481275° -104.420706°
C-459	Walker	PRIVATE	32.3379° -104.1498°
C-496pod2	Munoz #3 Trash Pit Well	PRIVATE	32.34224° -104.15365°
C-496pod3&4	Munoz #2 Corner of Porter & Derrick	PRIVATE	32.34182° -104.15272°
C-552	Dale Hood #1 well	PRIVATE	32.448720° -104.214330°
C-764	Mike Vasquez	PRIVATE	32.230553° -104.083518°
C-766(old)	Grandi	PRIVATE	32.32352° -104.16941°
C-93-S	Don Kidd well	PRIVATE	32.344876 -104.151793
C-987	ROCKY ARROYO - HOUSE	PRIVATE	32.457049° -104.461506°
C-98-A	Bindel well	PRIVATE	32.335125° -104.187255°
CP-1170POD1	Beckham#1	PRIVATE	32.065889° -103.312583°
CP-1201	Winston Ballard	BLM	32.580380° -104.115980°
CP-1202	Winston Ballard	BLM	32.538178° -104.046024°
CP-1231	Winston Ballard	PRIVATE	32.618968° -104.122690°
CP-1263POD5	Beckham#5	PRIVATE	32.065670° -103.307530°
CP-1414	Crawford #1	PRIVATE	32.238380° -103.260890°
CP-1414 POD 1	RRR	PRIVATE	32.23911° -103.25988°
CP-1414 POD 2	RRR	PRIVATE	32.23914° -103.25981°
CP-519	Bond_Private	PRIVATE	32.485546 -104.117583
CP-556	Jimmy Mills (Stacy)	STATE	32.317170° -103.495080°
CP-626	OI Loco (W)	STATE	32.692660° -104.068064°
CP-626-S	Beach Exploration/ OI Loco (E)	STATE	32.694229° -104.064759°
CP-73	Laguna #1	BLM	32.615015°-103.747615°
CP-74	Laguna #2	BLM	32.615255°-103.747688°
CP-741	Jimmy Richardson	BLM	32.61913° -104.06101°
CP-742	Jimmy Richardson	BLM	32.614061° -104.017211°
CP-742	Hidden Well	BLM	32.614061 -104.017211
CP-745	Leaning Tower of Pisa	BLM	32.584619° -104.037179°
CP-75	Laguna #3	BLM	32.615499°-103.747715°
CP-924	Winston Ballard	BLM	32.545888° -104.110114°
CP-926	Winchester well (Winston)	BLM	32.601125° -104.128358°

		GRR I	nc.	•
:	WELL NUMBER	WELL COMMON NAME	LAND OWNERSHIP	GPS LOCATION
_		Beckham	PRIVATE	32.020403° -103.299333°
		EPNG Jal Well	PRIVATE	32.050232° -103.313117°
		Beckham	PRIVATE	32.016443° -103.297714°
		Beckham	PRIVATE	32.016443° -103.297714°
		Beckham	PRIVATE	32.016443° -103.297714°
		Angell Ranch well	PRIVATE	32.785847° -103.644705
L-10613		Northcutt3 (2nd House well)	PRIVATE	32.687922°-103.472452
L-11281		Northcutt4	PRIVATE	32.687675°-103.471512
L-12459		Northcutt1 (House well)	PRIVATE	32.689498°-103.472697
L-12462		Northcutt8 Private Well	PRIVATE	32.686238°-103.435409
L-13049		EPNG Maljamar well	PRIVATE	32.81274° -103.67730
L-13129		Pearce State	STATE	32.726305°-103.553172
L-13179		Pearce Trust	STATE	32.731304°-103.548461
L-13384		Northcutt7 (State) CAZA	STATE	32.694651°-103.434997
L-1880S-2	2	HB Intrepid well #7	PRIVATE	32.842212° -103.621299°
L-1880S-3	3	HB Intrepid well #8	PRIVATE	32.852415° -103.620405°
L-1881		HB Intrepid well #1	PRIVATE	32.829124° -103.624139°
L-1883		HB Intrepid well #4	PRIVATE	32.828041° -103.607654°
L-3887		Northcutt2 (Tower or Pond well)	PRIVATE	32.689036°-103.472437°
L-5434		Northcutt5 (State)	STATE	32.694074°-103.405111°
L-5434-S		Northcutt6 (State)	STATE	32.693355°-103.407004°
RA-14		Horner Can	PRIVATE	32.89348° -104.37208°
RA-1474		Irvin Smith	PRIVATE	32.705773° -104.393043°
RA-1474-	В	NLake WS / Jack Clayton	PRIVATE	32.561221°-104.293095°
RA-9193		Angell Ranch North Hummingbird	PRIVATE	32.885162° -103.676376°
SP-55 & 5	SP-1279-A	Blue Springs Surface POD	PRIVATE	32.181358° -104.294009°
SP-55 & S	SP-1279 (Bounds)	Bounds Surface POD	PRIVATE	32.203875° -104.247076°
SP-55 & S	SP-1279 (Wilson)	Wilson Surface POD	PRIVATE	32.243010° -104.052197°
City Treat	ed Effluent	City of Carlsbad Waste Treatment Plant	PRIVATE	32.411122° -104.177030°
Mine Indu	strial	Mosaic Industrial Water	PRIVATE	32.370286° -103.947839°
Mobley St OSE)	ate Well (NO	Mobley Ranch	STATE	32.308859° -103.891806°
EPNG Ind	lustrial	Monument Water Well Pipeline (Oil Center, Eunice)	PRIVATE	32.512943° -103.290300°
MCOX Co	mmercial	Matt Cox Commercial	PRIVATE	32.529431° -104.188017°
AMAX Mir	ne Industrial	Mosaic Industrial Water	N/A	VARIOUS TAPS
WAG Min	e Industrial	Mosaic Industrial Water	N/A	VARIOUS TAPS
HB Mine I	ndustrial	Intrepid Industrial Water	N/A	VARIOUS TAPS

#### Mesquite

#### Cedar Canyon

Major Source: C464 (McDonald) Sec. 13 T24S R28E Secondary Source: C-00738 (McDonald/Faulk) Sec. 12 T24S R28E

#### Corral Fly – South of Cedar Canyon

Major Source: C464 (McDonald) Sec. 13 T24S R28E Secondary Source: C-00738 (McDonald/Faulk) Sec. 12 T24S R28E

#### Cypress – North of Cedar Canyon

Major Source: Caviness B: C-501-AS2 Sec 23 T28S R15E Secondary Source: George Arnis; C-1303

#### Sand Dunes – new frac pond

Major Source: 128 Fresh Water Pond (Mesquite/Mosaic) – located at MM 4 on 128; 240,000 bbl pond Secondary Source: George Arnis; C-1303

# Mesa Verde – east of Sand Dunes

Major Source: 128 Fresh Water Pond (Mesquite/Mosaic) – located at MM 4 on 128; 240,000 bbl pond

Secondary Source: Unknown at this time; needs coordinates to determine secondary source

#### Smokey Bits/Ivore/Misty – had posiden tanks before

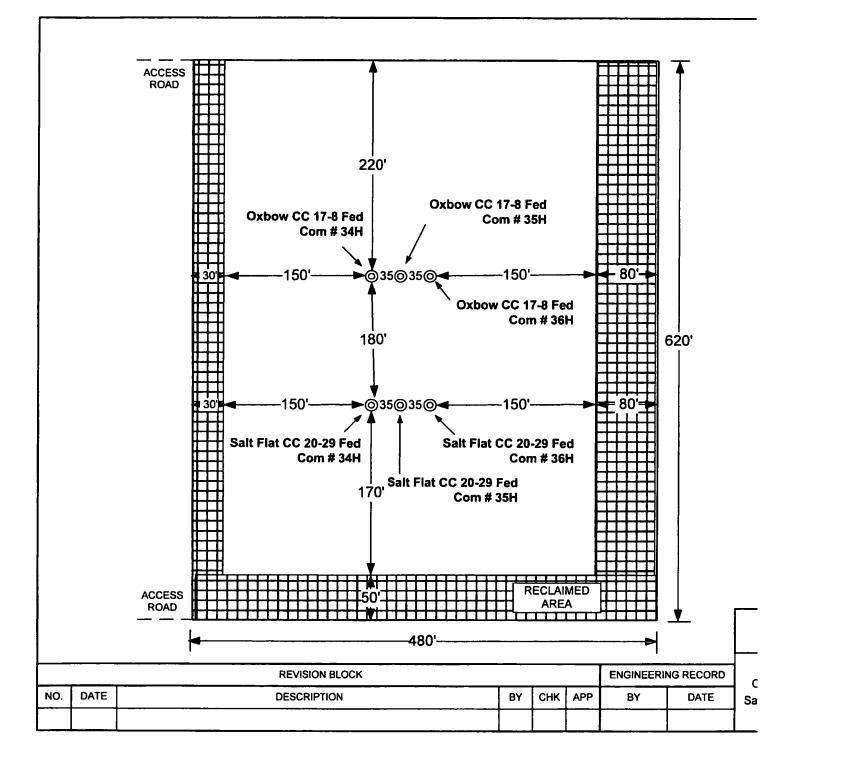
Major Source: Unknown at this time; need coordinates to determine major source Secondary Source: Unknown at this time; needs coordinates to determine secondary source

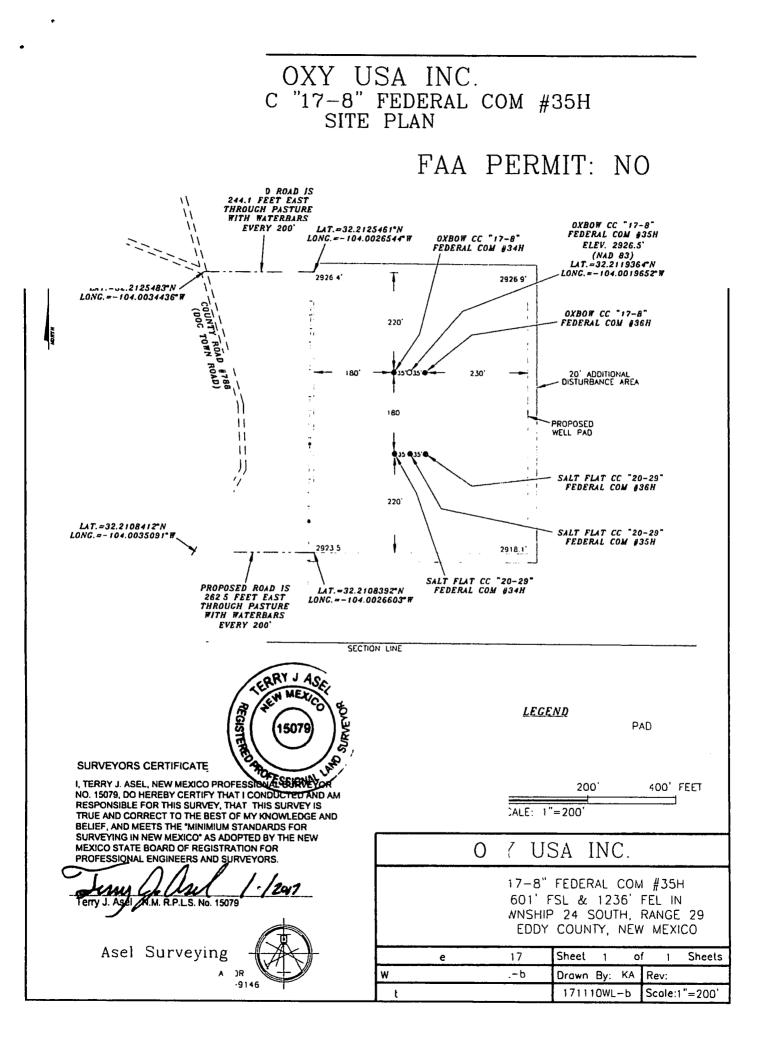
#### Red Tank/Lost Tank

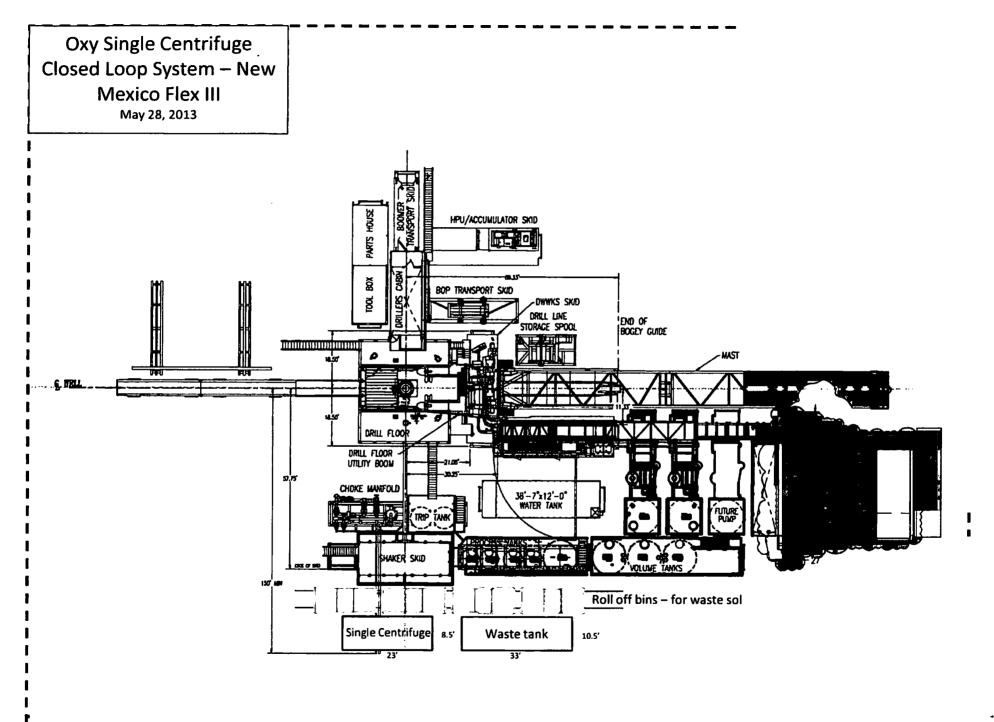
Major Source: Unknown at this time; need coordinates to determine major source Secondary Source: Unknown at this time; needs coordinates to determine secondary source

#### Peaches

Major Source: Unknown at this time; need coordinates to determine major source Secondary Source: Unknown at this time; needs coordinates to determine secondary source

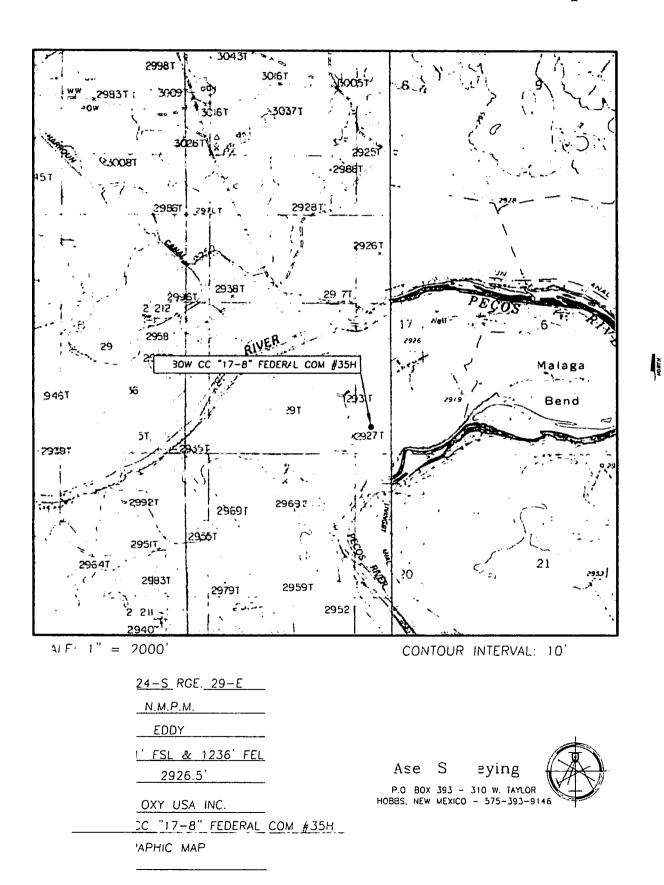






CTIONS TERSECTION OF U.S. HWY ACK RNER VILLAGE ROAD IN EAST ON COUNTY ROAD #720 IS, TURN RIGHT ON COUNTY MCDONALD ROAD) AND CO J.8 MILES, CONTINUE AST FOR 2 J MILES, TURN INTY ROAD #788 (DOG TOWN IO NORTHEASTERLY FOR 0 8 RIGHT ON PROPOSED ROAD IF FOR 244 1 FEET TO	SURFACE LOCATION OXBOW CC "17-8" FEDERAL COM #35H       01         GRID AZ = 194'16'43"       1230         Store FEDINT       1230         Image: Store FEDINT       1380         Store FEDINT       1380         Store FEDINT       1380         Store FEDINT       1234         Store FEDINT       1380         Store FEDINT       1234         Store FEDINT	
SURVEYORS CERTIFICATE I, TERRY J. ASEL, NEW MEXICO PROFESSIONAL SURVEYOR NO. 15079. DO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT I CONDUCTED AND AM RESPONSIBLE FOR THIS SURVEY. THAT THIS SURVEY IS TRUE AND CORRECT TO THIS BURVEY. THAT THIS SURVEY IS TRUE AND CORRECT TO THIS BURVEY. THAT THIS SURVEY IS TRUE AND MEETS THE "MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR SURVEYING IN NEW MEXICO' AS ADOPTED BY THE NEW MEXICO STATE BOARD OF REGISTRATION FOR	DENOTES FOUND     DENOTES CALCU     0     SCALE 1	2000' 4 00' FEET
PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS AND SURVEYORS	CC "17-8"	FEDERAL COM #35.
Terry J Jeel NM. R.P.L.S. No. 15079	7, TOWNSHIF	SL & 1236' FEL IN 24 SOUTH, RANCE 29 COUNTY, NEW MEXICO
Asel Surveying	urvey Date: 11/10/17	Sheet 1 of 1 Sheets
W JR	W.U. Number: 171110WL-b	Drown By: KA Rev:
B -9146	Date: 11/07/17	171110WL-b Scale:1"=2000"
		••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••

GLO 1/4

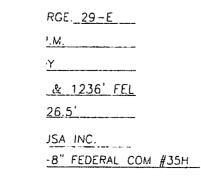


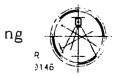
P

P



ALE





-

	OXY U.S.A. INC. NEW MEXICO STAKING FORM	em.
Date Staked:	10-10-17	
-	Oxbow CC 17-8 Fed Com # 35H	
Legal Description:	601'FSL 1236'FEL Sec 17 T245 R2	95
Latitude:	320 12 42.97"	NAD 83
Longitude:	-104° 00' 07.07''	NAD 83
X:	643820.93	NAD 83
Y: _	440 994.48	NAD 83
Elevation:	2925,6	NAD 83
Move information:		
County:	Eddy	
	B&D Holdings	
Nearest Residence:	2 miles	
Nearest Water Well:		
V-Door:	West	
Top soil:	ÉAST	
Road Description:		
New Road:	NE COR FROM NONTH	. <u></u>
Upgrade Existing Road:		
Interim Reclamation:	0	
Source of Caliche:		
Onsite Attendees:	Bob BALLARD - BLM Jim Wilson - Oxy Asel Survey Berm PAO	,

## Surface Use Plan of Operations

Operator Name/Number:	<u> OXY USA Inc. – 16696</u>	
Lease Name/Number:	Oxbow CC 17-8 Federal Com #35	<u>5H</u>
Pool Name/Number:	Purple Sage Wolfcamp	98220
Surface Location:	601 FSL 1236 FEL SWSW (P) Sec	<u> 17 T24S R29E – Fee</u>
<b>Bottom Hole Location:</b>	180 FNL 1380 FEL NWNE (B) Sec	2 8 T24S R29E - NMNM102913

## 1. Existing Roads

а

- a. A copy of the USGS "Malaga, NM" quadrangle map is attached showing the proposed location. The well location is spotted on the map, which shows the existing road system.
- b. The well was staked by Terry J. Asel, Certificate No. 15079 on 11/10/17, certified 1/17/18.
- c. Directions to Location: From the intersection of US 285 and Black River Village Rd in Malaga, go east on CR 720 for 1.3 miles. Turn right on CR 746 and go south for 0.8 miles, continue southeast/east for 2.3 miles. Turn left on CR #788 and go northeasterly for 0.8 miles. Turn right on proposed road and go east for 244.1' to location.

## 2. New or Reconstructed Access Roads:

- a. A new access road will be built. The access road will run 244.1' through pasture to the northwest corner of the pad.
- b. The maximum width of the road will be 14'. It will be crowned and made up of 6" of rolled and compacted caliche. Water will be deflected, as necessary, to avoid accumulation and prevent surface erosion.
- c. Surface material will be native caliche. This material will be obtained from a BLM approved pit nearest in proximity to the location. The average grade will be approximately 1%.
- d. No cattle guards, grates or fence cuts will be required. Turnouts every 1000' as needed.
- e. Blade, water and repair existing caliche roads as needed.
- f. Water Bars will be incorporated every 200' during the construction of the road.

#### 3. Location of Existing Wells:

Existing wells within a one mile radius of the proposed well are shown on attached plat.

#### 4. Location of Existing and/or Proposed Facilities:

- a. In the event the well is found productive, the Salt Flat CC 20 Federal Central Tank Battery would be utilized and the necessary production equipment will be installed at the well site. See proposed facilities layout diagram.
- b. All flow lines will adhere to API standards. They will consist of 2 4" composite flowlines operating < 75% MAWP, surface lines to follow surveyed route. Survey of a strip of land 30' wide and 4377' in length crossing in Section 17 and 20, T24S R29E, NMPM, Eddy County, NM and being 15' left and 15' right of the centerline survey, see attached.</p>
- c. Electric line will follow a route approved by the BLM. Survey of a strip of land 30' wide and 862.7' in length crossing Section 17 T24S R29E NMPM, Eddy County, NM and being 15' left and 15' right of the centerline survey, see attached.

# 5. Location and types of Water Supply

This well will be drilled using a combination of water mud systems. It will be obtained from commercial water stations in the area and will be hauled to location by transport truck using existing and proposed roads.

## 6. Construction Materials:

#### Primary

All caliche utilized for the drilling pad and proposed access road will be obtained from an existing BLM/State/Fee approved pit or from prevailing deposits found on the location. Will use BLM recommended extra caliche from other locations close by for roads, if available.

#### Secondary

The secondary way of obtaining caliche to build locations and roads will be by "turning over" the location. This means, caliche will be obtained from the actual well site. A caliche permit will be obtained from BLM prior to pushing up any caliche. 2400 cubic yards is max amount of caliche needed for pad and roads. Amount will vary for each pad. The procedure below has been approved by BLM personnel:

- a. The top 6" of topsoil is pushed off and stockpiled along the side of the location.
- b. An approximate 120' X 120' area is used within the proposed well site to remove caliche.
- c. Subsoil is removed and piled alongside the 120' X 120' within the pad site.
- d. When caliche is found, material will be stockpiled within the pad site to build the location and road.
- e. Then subsoil is pushed back in the hole and caliche is spread accordingly across entire location and road.
- f. Once the well is drilled the stockpiled top soil will be used for interim reclamation and spread along areas where caliche is picked up and the location size is reduced. Neither caliche nor subsoil will be stockpiled outside of the well pad. Topsoil will be stockpiled along the edge of the pad as depicted in the attached plat.

### 7. Methods of Handling Waste Material:

- a. A closed loop system will be utilized consisting of above ground steel tanks and haul-off bins. Disposal of liquids, drilling fluids and cuttings will be disposed of at an approved facility. Solids-CRI, Liquids-Laguna
- b. All trash, junk and other waste material will be contained in trash cages or bins to prevent scattering. When the job is completed, all contents will be removed and disposed of in an approved sanitary landfill.
- c. The supplier, including broken sacks, will pick up slats remaining after completion of well.
- d. A Porto-john will be provided for the rig crews. This equipment will be properly maintained during the drilling and completion operations and will be removed when all operations are complete.
- e. Disposal of fluids to be transported will be by the following companies. TFH Ltd, Laguna SWD Facility

#### 8. Ancillary Facilities: None needed.

#### 9. Well Site Layout:

The proposed well site layout with dimensions of the pad layout and equipment location.

V-Door – West CL Tanks – South Pad – 480' X 620' – 6 Well Pad

#### **10.** Plans for Surface Reclamation:

a. After concluding the drilling and/or completion operations, if the well is found non-commercial, the caliche will be removed from the pad and transported to the original caliche pit or used for other drilling locations. The road will be reclaimed as directed by the BLM. The original topsoil will again be returned to the pad and contoured, as close as possible, to the original topography, and the area will be seeded with an approved BLM mixture to re-establish vegetation.

 b. If the well is deemed commercially productive, caliche from the areas of the pad site not required for operations will be reclaimed. The original topsoil will be returned to the area of the drill pad not necessary to operate the well. These unused areas of the drill pad will be contoured, as close as possible, to match the original topography, and the area will be seeded with an approved BLM mixture to re-establish vegetation.

#### 11. Surface Ownership:

2

The surface is owned by the B&D Holding LLC, P.O. Box 445, Paola, Kansas, 66071. Surface Use and Compensation Agreement between OXY USA Inc. and B&D Holding LLC, copy provided upon request. They will be notified of our intention to drill prior to any activity. The surface is of limited use except for the grazing of livestock and the production of oil and gas.

#### **12.** Other Information:

- a. The vegetation cover is generally sparse consisting of mesquite, yucca, shinnery oak, sandsage and perennial native range grass. The topsoil is sandy in nature. Wildlife in the area is also sparse consisting of deer, coyotes, rabbits, rodents, reptiles, dove and quail.
- b. There is no permanent or live water in the general proximity of the location.
- c. There are no dwellings within one mile of the proposed well site.
- d. Cultural Resources Examination– This well is located in the Permian Basin MOA. Payment to be determined by BLM. This well shares the same pad as the Oxbow CC 17-8 Federal Com #34H, 36H and Salt Flat CC 20-29 Federal Com #34H, 35H, 36H.

Pad + ¼ mile road	<u>\$1550.00</u>	\$.24/ft over ¼ mile	<u>\$ 0.00</u>	<u>\$1550.00</u>
Pipeline-up to 1 mile	<u>\$1431.00</u>	\$.27/ft over 1 mile	<u>\$ 0.00</u>	<u>\$1431.00</u>
Electric Line-up to 1 mile	<u>\$717.00</u>	\$.11/ft over 1 mile	<u>\$_0.00</u>	<u>\$ 717.00</u>
Total	<u>\$3698.00</u>		<u>\$0.00</u>	<u>\$3698.00</u>

e. Copy of this application has been mailed to SWCA Environmental Consultants, 5647 Jefferson St. NE, Albuquerque, NM 87109. No Potash leases within one mile of surface location.

### 13. Bond Coverage:

Bond coverage is Individual-NMB000862, Nationwide-ESB00226.

#### 14. Operators Representatives:

The OXY Permian representatives responsible for ensuring compliance of the surface use plan are listed below:

Van Barton	Corrie Hartman
Supt. Operations	Manager Asset
1502 West Commerce Dr.	P.O. Box 4294
Carlsbad, NM 88220	Houston, TX Carlsbad, NM 88220
Office – 575-628-4111	Office 713-215-7084
Cellular – 575-706-7671	Cellular – 832-541-3190
Jim Wilson	Cuong Q. Phan
Jim Wilson Operation Specialist	Cuong Q. Phan RMT Leader
Operation Specialist	RMT Leader
Operation Specialist P.O. Box 50250	RMT Leader P.O. Box 4294



U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT



## Section 1 - General

Would you like to address long-term produced water disposal? NO

# Section 2 - Lined Pits

Would you like to utilize Lined Pit PWD options? NO Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location: **PWD surface owner:** Lined pit PWD on or off channel: Lined pit PWD discharge volume (bbl/day): Lined pit specifications: **Pit liner description:** Pit liner manufacturers information: **Precipitated solids disposal:** Decribe precipitated solids disposal: Precipitated solids disposal permit: Lined pit precipitated solids disposal schedule: Lined pit precipitated solids disposal schedule attachment: Lined pit reclamation description: Lined pit reclamation attachment: Leak detection system description: Leak detection system attachment: Lined pit Monitor description: Lined pit Monitor attachment: Lined pit: do you have a reclamation bond for the pit? Is the reclamation bond a rider under the BLM bond? Lined pit bond number: Lined pit bond amount: Additional bond information attachment:

**PWD disturbance (acres):** 

# Section 3 - Unlined Pits

## Would you like to utilize Unlined Pit PWD options? NO

**Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:** 

PWD surface owner:

Unlined pit PWD on or off channel:

Unlined pit PWD discharge volume (bbl/day):

Unlined pit specifications:

Precipitated solids disposal:

Decribe precipitated solids disposal:

Precipitated solids disposal permit:

Unlined pit precipitated solids disposal schedule:

Unlined pit precipitated solids disposal schedule attachment:

Unlined pit reclamation description:

Unlined pit reclamation attachment:

**Unlined pit Monitor description:** 

**Unlined pit Monitor attachment:** 

Do you propose to put the produced water to beneficial use?

Beneficial use user confirmation:

Estimated depth of the shallowest aquifer (feet):

Does the produced water have an annual average Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) concentration equal to or less than that of the existing water to be protected?

**TDS lab results:** 

Geologic and hydrologic evidence:

State authorization:

**Unlined Produced Water Pit Estimated percolation:** 

Unlined pit: do you have a reclamation bond for the pit?

Is the reclamation bond a rider under the BLM bond?

Unlined pit bond number:

Unlined pit bond amount:

Additional bond information attachment:

## **Section 4 - Injection**

Would you like to utilize Injection PWD options? NO

Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:

PWD surface owner:

Injection PWD discharge volume (bbl/day):

Injection well mineral owner:

PWD disturbance (acres):

PWD disturbance (acres):

Injection well type: Injection well number: Assigned injection well API number? Injection well new surface disturbance (acres): Minerals protection information: **Mineral protection attachment: Underground Injection Control (UIC) Permit? UIC Permit attachment:** 

# Section 5 - Surface Discharge

Would you like to utilize Surface Discharge PWD options? NO

**Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location: PWD surface owner:** Surface discharge PWD discharge volume (bbl/day): Surface Discharge NPDES Permit? Surface Discharge NPDES Permit attachment: Surface Discharge site facilities information: Surface discharge site facilities map:

# Section 6 - Other

Would you like to utilize Other PWD options? NO

**Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:** PWD surface owner: Other PWD discharge volume (bbl/day): Other PWD type description: Other PWD type attachment: Have other regulatory requirements been met? Other regulatory requirements attachment:

Injection well name:

## Injection well API number:

۰

**PWD disturbance (acres):** 

**PWD disturbance (acres):** 



ł

U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

# **Bond Information**

Federal/Indian APD: FED

BLM Bond number: ESB000226

**BIA Bond number:** 

Do you have a reclamation bond? NO

Is the reclamation bond a rider under the BLM bond?

Bond Info Data Report

A CONTRACT OF A

06/25/2018

Is the reclamation bond BLM or Forest Service?

**BLM reclamation bond number:** 

Forest Service reclamation bond number:

Forest Service reclamation bond attachment:

**Reclamation bond number:** 

**Reclamation bond amount:** 

**Reclamation bond rider amount:** 

Additional reclamation bond information attachment: