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District I 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 District II 811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 District III 1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 8741 Dist 1220

State of New Mexico **Energy Minerals and Natural Resources**  JUL 17 2018

Form C-141 Revised April 3, 2017

1220 Sou						ation Div St. France	151011	DISTEMETTIN IACTES DA Contract District Office in accordance with 19.15.29 NMAC.					
1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505 Santa Fe, NM 87505													
Release Notification and Corrective Action													
						<b>OPERA</b>	ror		🛛 Initial Report 🗌 Final Report				
Name of Company Devon Energy Production Company 6137						Contact Steve McGlasson, Production Foreman							
Address 6488 Seven Rivers Hwy Artesia, NM 88210 Facility Name Turkey 4 State 2						Telephone No. 575-748-3371 Facility Type Oil							
		4 State 2									 		
Surface Owner State Mineral Owner						tate			API No. 30-015-36433				
LOCATION OF RELEASE													
Unit Letter L	Section 04	Township 19S	Range 29E	Feet from the 1330'		South Line SL	Feet from the 670'	East/V FWL	Vest Line	County Eddy			
Latitude_32.6861992_ Longitude_104.0862122_ NAD83													
NATURE OF RELEASE													
Type of Release Oil, Produced Water (pw), Rainwater						Volume of Release Volume Recovered 40bbls oil, 10bbls pw, 145bbls rainwater					, 145b	bls rainwater	
Source of Release Tank Battery						Date and Hour of OccurrenceDate and Hour of DiscoveryJuly 2, 2018 @ 3:00 PM MSTJuly 2, 2018 @ 3:00 PM MST							
Was Immediate Notice Given?						If YES, To Whom?							
By Whom? Mike Shoemaker, EHS Professional						Date and Hour July 3, 2018 MST @ 1:06 PM MST							
Was a Watercourse Reached?						If YES, Volume Impacting the Watercourse. N/A							
If a Waterco N/A	urse was Im	pacted, Desci	ibe Fully.	*			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Describe Cause of Problem and Remedial Action Taken.* A lightning strike occurred at the facility and a tank was hit and caught on fire. The fire was extinguished by the fire department.													
Describe Area Affected and Cleanup Action Taken.* Approximately 40bbls oil and 10bbls of produced water was released into the lined SPCC containment ring. Approximately 195 bbls was recovered from the containment. (40bbls oil, 10bbls pw and 145 of fluids used to extinguish the fire mixed with rainwater from the storm).													
regulations a public health should their or the enviro	Il operators or the envi operations l onment. In a	are required ironment. The have failed to	to report a e acceptan adequately OCD accept	nd/or file certain t ce of a C-141 rep y investigate and t	release ne ort by the remediate	otifications a e NMOCD m e contaminat	knowledge and u nd perform correct parked as "Final R ion that pose a thr the operator of	ctive act leport" c reat to gr respons	ions for rel loes not rel round wate ibility for c	eases which ieve the ope r, surface we compliance w	may erator of ater, h with ar	endanger of liability uman health	
							<u>OIL CON</u>	SERV	ATION	DIVISIO	<u>NC</u>		
Signature: Dana DeLaRosa						Approved by Environmental Specialist:							
Printed Nam						Approval Da	1/1n/1a		Expiration	Date: N	'IA		
Title: Field Admin Support E-mail Address: dana.delarosa@dvn.com						Approval Date: 7/7/9/8 Expiration Date: 7/74 Conditions of Approval: Sel attached 5 Attached 5							
Date: 7-10	6-2018	Phone:	<u>575.746.5</u>	594			TTUCHED AP-4864						

\* Attach Additional Sheets If Necessary

## **Operator/Responsible Party,**

The OCD has received the form C-141 you provided on  $\underline{MH}/\underline{MB}$  regarding an unauthorized release. The information contained on that form has been entered into our incident database and remediation case number  $\underline{ABP}-\underline{48M}$  has been assigned. Please refer to this case number in all future correspondence.

It is the Division's obligation under both the Oil & Gas Act and Water Quality Act to provide for the protection of public health and the environment. Our regulations (19.15.29.11 NMAC) state the following,

The responsible person shall complete <u>division-approved corrective action</u> for releases that endanger public health or the environment. The responsible person shall address releases in accordance with a remediation plan submitted to and approved by the division or with an abatement plan submitted in accordance with 19.15.30 NMAC. [emphasis added]

Release characterization is the first phase of corrective action unless the release is ongoing or is of limited volume and all impacts can be immediately addressed. Proper and cost-effective remediation typically cannot occur without adequate characterization of the impacts of any release. Furthermore, the Division has the ability to impose reasonable conditions upon the efforts it oversees. As such, the Division is requiring a workplan for the characterization of impacts associated with this release be submitted to the OCD District 2 office in  $\frac{2}{2}$  office in  $\frac{2}{2}$  on or before  $\frac{2}{2}$  18. If and when the release characterization workplan is approved, there will be an associated deadline for submittal of the resultant investigation report. Modest extensions of time to these deadlines may be granted, but only with acceptable justification.

The goals of a characterization effort are: 1) determination of the lateral and vertical extents along with the magnitude of soil contamination. 2) determine if groundwater or surface waters have been impacted. 3) If groundwater or surface waters have been impacted, what are the extents and magnitude of that impact. 4) The characterization of any other adverse impacts that may have occurred (examples: impacts on vegetation, impacts on wildlife, air quality, loss of use of property, etc.). To meet these goals as quickly as possible, the following items must, at a minimum, be addressed in the release characterization workplan and subsequent reporting:

• Horizontal delineation of soil impacts in each of the four cardinal compass directions. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C<sub>6</sub> thru C<sub>36</sub>), and for chloride by Method 300. This is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants. Analyzed parameters should be modified based on the nature of the released substance(s). Soil sampling must be both within the impacted area and beyond.

• Vertical delineation of soil impacts. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C<sub>6</sub> thru C<sub>36</sub>), and for chloride by Method 300. As above, this is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants and can be modified. Vertical characterization samples should be taken at depth intervals no greater than five feet apart. Lithologic description of encountered soils must also be provided. At least ten vertical feet of soils with contaminant concentrations at or below these values must be demonstrated as existing above the water table.

• Nominal detection limits for field and laboratory analyses must be provided.

• Composite sampling is not generally allowed.

• Field screening and assessment techniques are acceptable (headspace, titration, EC [include algorithm for validation purposes], EM, etc.), but the sampling and assay procedures must be clearly defined. Copies of field notes are highly desirable. A statistically significant set of split samples must be submitted for confirmatory laboratory analysis, including the laterally farthest and vertically deepest sets of soil samples. Make sure there are at least two soil samples submitted

for laboratory analysis from each borehole or test pit (highest observed contamination and deepest depth investigated). Copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

•Probable depth to shallowest protectable groundwater and lateral distance to nearest surface water. If there is an estimate of groundwater depth, the information used to arrive at that estimate must be provided. If there is a reasonable assumption that the depth to protectable water is 50 feet or less, the responsible party should anticipate the need for at least one groundwater monitoring well to be installed in the area of likely maximum contamination.

• If groundwater contamination is encountered, an additional investigation workplan may be required to determine the extents of that contamination. Groundwater and/or surface water samples, if any, must be analyzed by a competent laboratory for volatile organic hydrocarbons (typically Method 8260 full list), total dissolved solids, pH, major anions and cations including chloride and sulfate, dissolved iron, and dissolved manganese. The investigation workplan must provide the groundwater sampling method(s) and sample handling protocols. To the fullest extent possible, aqueous analyses must be undertaken using nominal method detection limits. As with the soil analyses, copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

• Accurately scaled and well-drafted site maps must be provided providing the location of borings, test pits, monitoring wells, potentially impacted areas, and significant surface features including roads and site infrastructure that might limit either the release characterization or remedial efforts. Field sketches may be included in subsequent reporting, but should not be considered stand-alone documentation of the site's layout. Digital photographic documentation of the location and fieldwork is recommended, especially if unusual circumstances are encountered.

Nothing herein should be interpreted to preclude emergency response actions or to imply immediate remediation by removal cannot proceed as warranted. Nonetheless, characterization of impacts and confirmation of the effectiveness of remedial efforts must still be provided to the OCD before any release incident will be closed.

Jim Griswold OCD Environmental Bureau Chief 1220 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505 505-476-3465 jim.griswold@state.nm.us