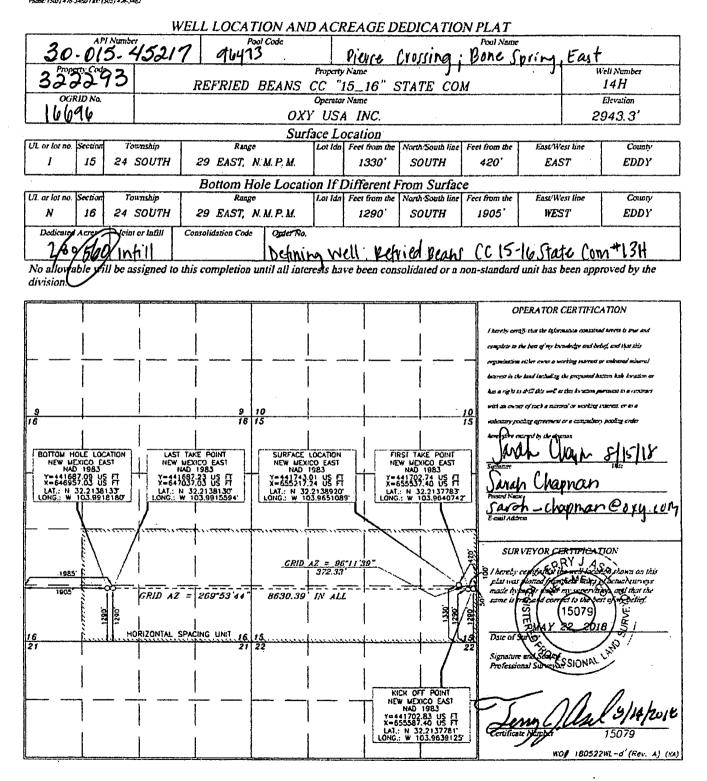
NM OIL CONSERVATION ARTESIA DISTRICT

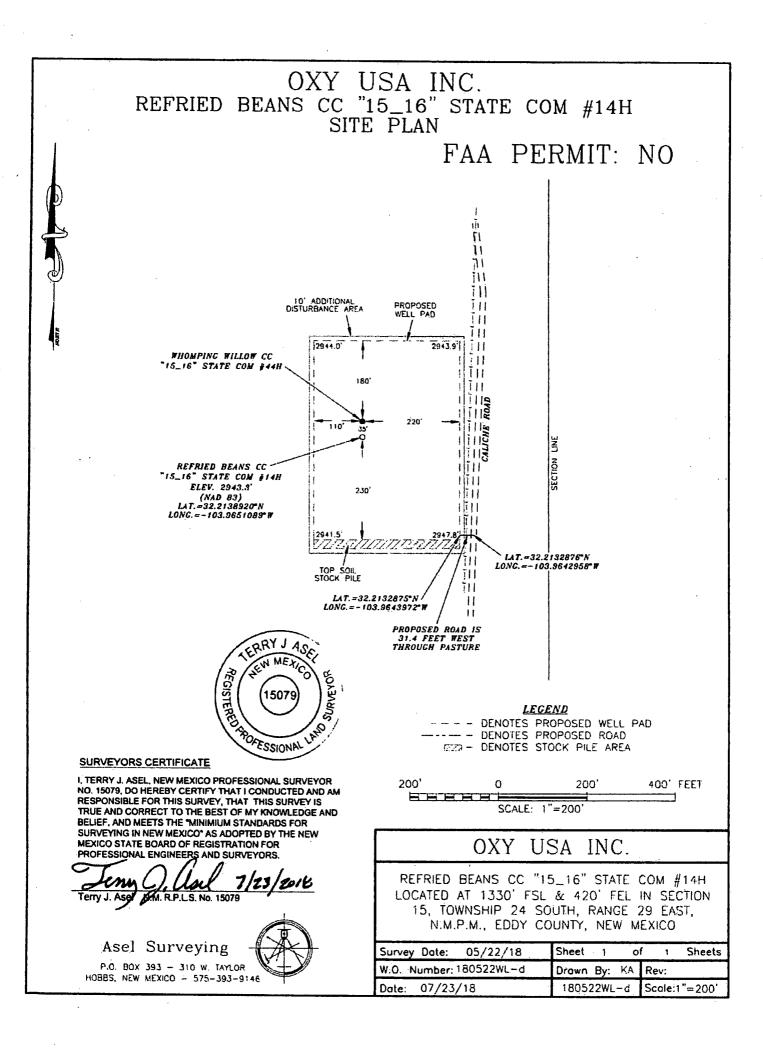
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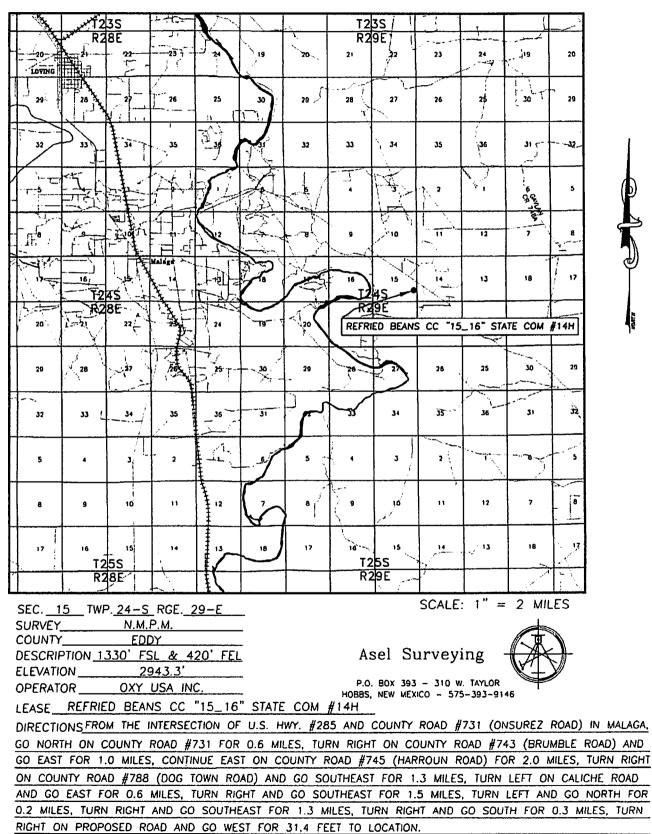
<u>Durrica 1</u> (621 N. French De., Hobba, NM 82740, Photo: (123) 291-4161 Fax: (373) 193-0720 <u>Diament II</u> 111.5. Fen SL, Arnenin, NN 88210 Photo: III 1000 Ruo Buston Road, Anton, NN 87410 Photo: (503) 314-6171 Fax: (504) 314-6170 <u>Diamin IV</u> T2205 SL, Frances De, Saeta Fe, NM 87505 Photo: (504) 470-440 Fax: (505) 478-460 State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals & Natural Resources Department OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505 Form C-102 Revised August 1, 2011 Submit one copy to appropriate District Office

AMENDED REPORT





VICINITY MAP



1. Geologic Formations

TVD of target	7899'	Pilot Hole Depth	N/A
MD at TD:	16316	Deepest Expected fresh	76
MB at 15.		water:	, v

Delaware Basin

Formation	TVD - RKB	Expected Fluids
Rustler	76	
Salado	576	Salt
Castile	1,089	Salt
Lamar/Delaware	3,009	Oil/Gas/Brine
Bell Canyon	3,059	Oil/Gas/Brine
Cherry Canyon	3,870	Oil/Gas/Brine
Brushy Canyon	5,129	Oil/Gas/Brine
Bone Spring	6,713	Oil/Gas
1st Bone Spring	7,737	Oil/Gas

*H2S, water flows, loss of circulation, abnormal pressures, etc.

2. Casing Program

									Buoyant	Buoyant
Hole Size	Casing	Interval	Cag. Size	Weight			SF		Body SP	Joint SP
(h)	From (ft)	To (ft)	(ii)		Grade	1	Collapse		Tension	Tension
14.75	0	400	10.75	40.5	J-55	BTC	1.125	1.2	1.4	1.4
9.875	0	7257	7.625	26.4	L-80	BTC	1.125	1.2	1.4	1.4
6.75	0	7807	5.5	20	P-110	DQX	1.125	1.2	1.4	1.4
6.75	7807	16316	4.5	13.5	P-110	DQX	1.125	1.2	1.4	1.4
							SF Va	bes will me	et or Exce	ed

*Oxy requests the option to set casing shallower yet still below the salts if losses or hole conditions require this. Cement volumes may be adjusted if casing is set shallower and a DV tool may be run in case hole conditions merit pumping a second stage cement job to comply with permitted top of cement. If cement circulated to surface during first stage we will drop a cancelation cone and not pump the second stage.

3. Cementing Program

Casing String :	# Ska	₩L (D/ga)	Yid (ft3/sack)	H20;	500# Comp. Strength (hours)	
Surface (Lead)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Surface (Tail)	326	14.8	1.33	6.365	5:26	Class C Cement, Accelerator
Intermediate 1st Stage (Lead)	586	10.2	2.58	11.568	6:59	Pozzolan Cement, Retarder
Intermediate 1st Stage (Tail)	167	13.2	1.61	7.804	7:11	Class H Cement, Retarder, Dispersant, Salt
DV/ECP Tool @ 3059 (We read	quest the optio	n to cancel the	e second stage operation		irculated to su	urface during the first stage of cement
Intermediate 2nd Stage (Lead)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Intermediate 2nd Stage (Tail)	1083	13.6	1.67	8.765	732	Class C Cement, Accelerator, Retarder
Production (Lead)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Production (Tail)	1103	13.2	1.38	6.686	3:39	Class H Cement, Retarder, Dispersant, Salt

Casing String	Top (ft)	Bottom (ft)	% Excess
Surface (Lead)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Surface (Tail)	0	400	100%
Intermediate 1st Stage (Lead)	2959	6257	20%
Intermediate 1st Stage (Tail)	6257	7257	20%
Intermediate 2nd Stage (Lead)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Intermediate 2nd Stage (Tail)	0	3059	200%
Production (Lead)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Production (Tail)	6757	16316	20%

•

4. Pressure Control Equipment

BOP installed and tested before drilling which hole?		Min: Required WP	Туре		~	Tested to:
			Annula	r	4	70% of working pressure
0.975% 11-1-	12 5/02	51	Blind Ra	am	1	70% of working
9.875" Hole	13-5/8"	5M	Pipe Ra	m		250/5000
			Double R	lam	1	70% of working pressure
			Other*			

*Specify if additional ram is utilized.

BOP/BOPE will be tested by an independent service company to 250 psi low and the high pressure indicated above per Onshore Order 2 requirements. The System may be upgraded to a higher pressure but still tested to the working pressure listed in the table above. If the system is upgraded all the components installed will be functional and tested.

Pipe rams will be operationally checked each 24 hour period. Blind rams will be operationally checked on each trip out of the hole. These checks will be noted on the daily tour sheets. Other

accessories to the BOP equipment will include a Kelly cock and floor safety valve (inside BOP) and choke lines and choke manifold. See attached schematics.

greater, a pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Will be tested in accordance with Onshore Oil and Gas Order #2 III.B.1.i.
A variance is requested for the use of a flexible choke line from the BOP to Choke Manifold. See attached for specs and hydrostatic test chart.
Y Are anchors required by manufacturer?
A multibowl or a unionized multibowl wellhead system will be employed. The wellhead and connection to the BOPE will meet all API 6A requirements. The BOP will be tested per Onshore Order #2 after installation on the surface casing which will cover testing requirements for a maximum of 30 days. If any seal subject to test pressure is broken the system must be tested. We will test the flange connection of the wellhead with a test port that is directly in the flange. We are proposing that we will run the wellhead through the rotary prior to cementing surface casing as discussed with the BLM on October 8, 2015.
See attached schematics.

5. Mud Program

De	pth	T	Weight		
From (ft)	To (ft)	Туре	(ppg)	viscosity	water Loss
0	400	Water-Based Mud	8.6-8.8	40-60	N/C
400	7257	Saturated Brine-Based or Oil-Based Mud	9.0-9.6	35-45	N/C
7257	16316	Water-Based or Oil- Based Mud	9.0-9.6	38-50	N/C

Sufficient mud materials to maintain mud properties and meet minimum lost circulation and weight increase requirements will be kept on location at all times. The following is a general list of products: Barite, Bentonite, Gypsum, Lime, Soda Ash, Caustic Soda, Nut Plug, Cedar Fiber, Cotton Seed Hulls, Drilling Paper, Salt Water Clay, CACL2. Oxy will use a closed mud system.

What will be used to monitor the loss or gain	PVT/MD Totco/Visual Monitoring	
of fluid?	_	

6. Logging and Testing Procedures

Loge	ing, Coring and Testing
Yes	Will run GR from TD to surface (horizontal well - vertical portion of hole). Stated logs
	run will be in the Completion Report and submitted to the BLM.
No	Logs are planned based on well control or offset log information.
No	Drill stem test? If yes, explain
No	Coring? If yes, explain

Add	tional logs planned	Interval
No	Resistivity	
No	Density	
No	CBL	
Yes	Mud log	ICP - TD
No	PEX	

7. Drilling Conditions

Condition	Specify what type and where?
BH Pressure at deepest TVD	3944 psi
Abnormal Temperature	No
BH Temperature at deepest TVD	144°F

Pump high viscosity sweeps as needed for hole cleaning. The mud system will be monitored visually/manually as well as with an electronic PVT. The necessary mud products for additional weight and fluid loss control will be on location at all times. Appropriately weighted mud will be used to isolate potential gas, oil, and water zones until such time as casing can be cemented into place for zonal isolation.

Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) monitors will be installed prior to drilling out the surface shoe. If H2S is detected in concentrations greater than 100 ppm, the operator will comply with the provisions of Onshore Oil and Gas Order #6. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, measured values and formations will be provided to the BLM.

N H2S is present

Y H2S Plan attached

8. Other facets of operation

	Yes/No
 Will the well be drilled with a walking/skidding operation? If yes, describe. We plan to drill the two well pad in batch by section: all surface sections, intermediate sections and production sections. The wellhead will be secured with a night cap whenever the rig is not over the well. 	Yes

Will more than one drilling rig be used for drilling operations? If yes, describe.	Yes
• Oxy requests the option to contract a Surface Rig to drill, set surface	
casing, and cement for this well. If the timing between rigs is such that	
Oxy would not be able to preset surface, the Primary Rig will MIRU and	
drill the well in its entirety per the APD. Please see the attached document	y
for information on the spudder rig.	I

Total estimated cuttings volume: 1135.1 bbls.

Attachments

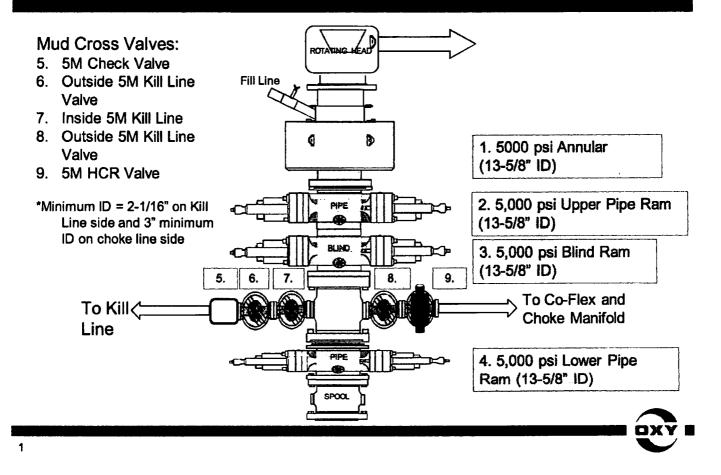
x Directional Plan

_x__ H2S Contingency Plan

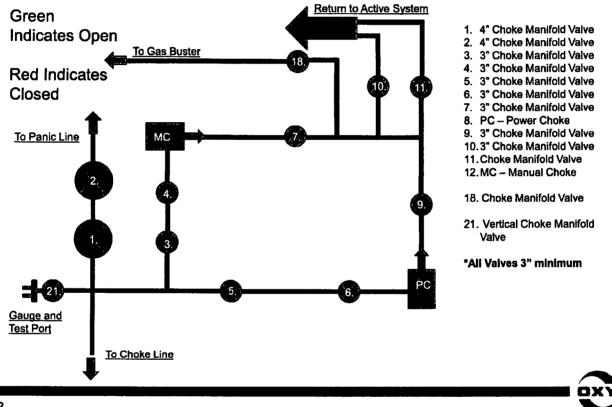
9. Company Personnel

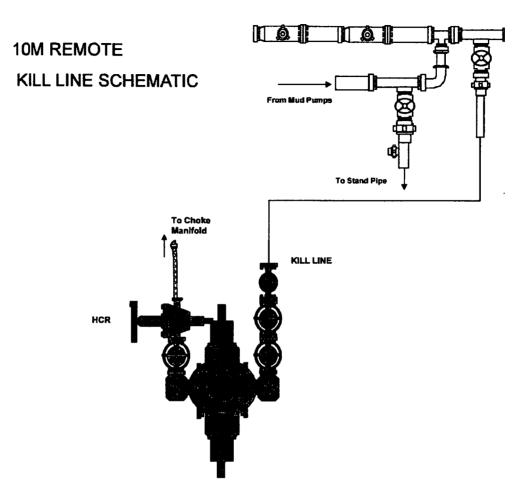
Name	Title	Office Phone	<u>Mobile Phone</u>
John Rodriguez	Drilling Engineer	713-513-6641	361-759-4650
Randy Neel	Drilling Engineer Supervisor	713-215-7987	713-517-5544
Simon Benavides	Drilling Superintendent	713-522-8652	281-684-6897
John Willis	Drilling Manager	713-366-5556	713-259-1417

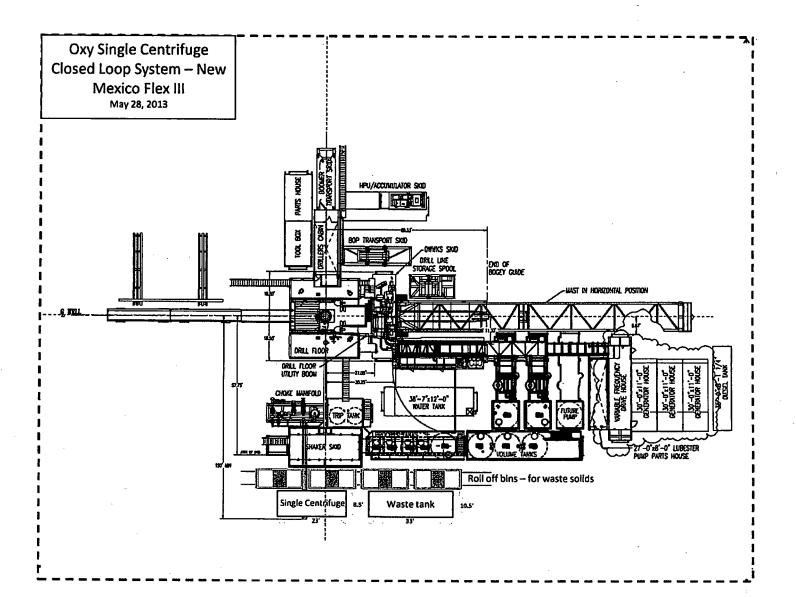
5M BOP Stack

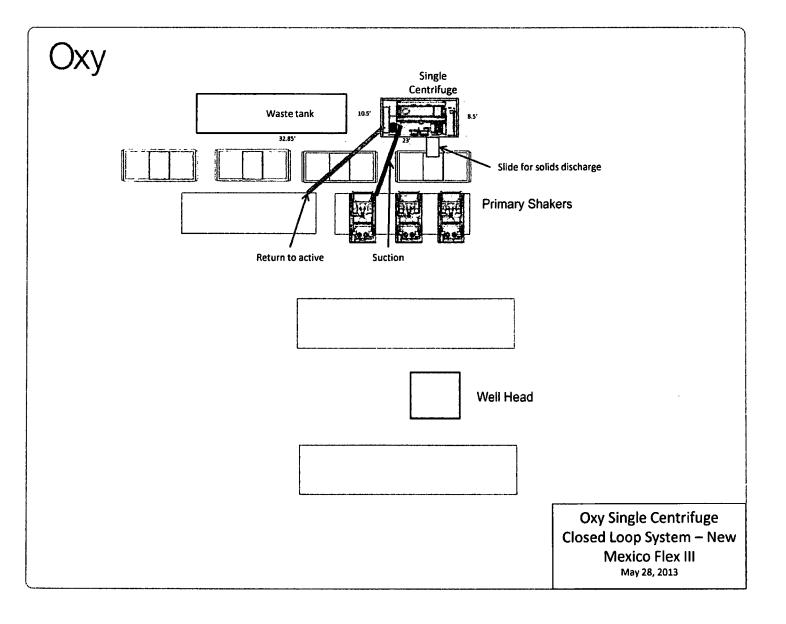


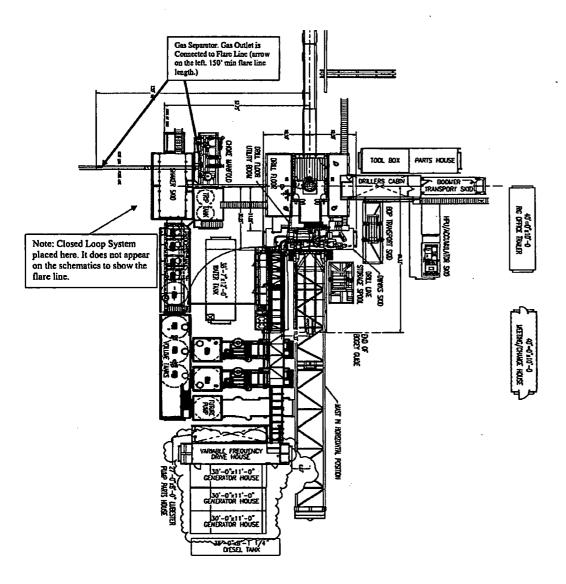
5M Choke Panel

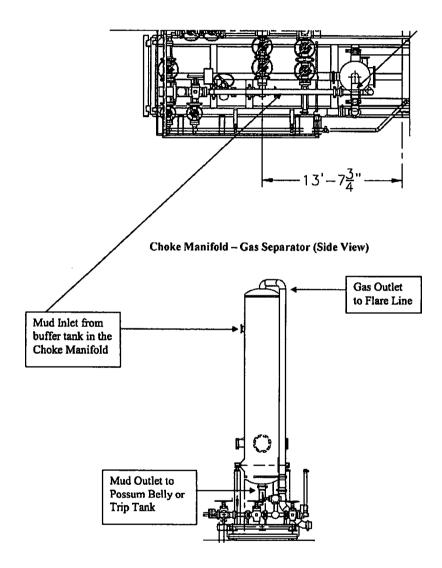


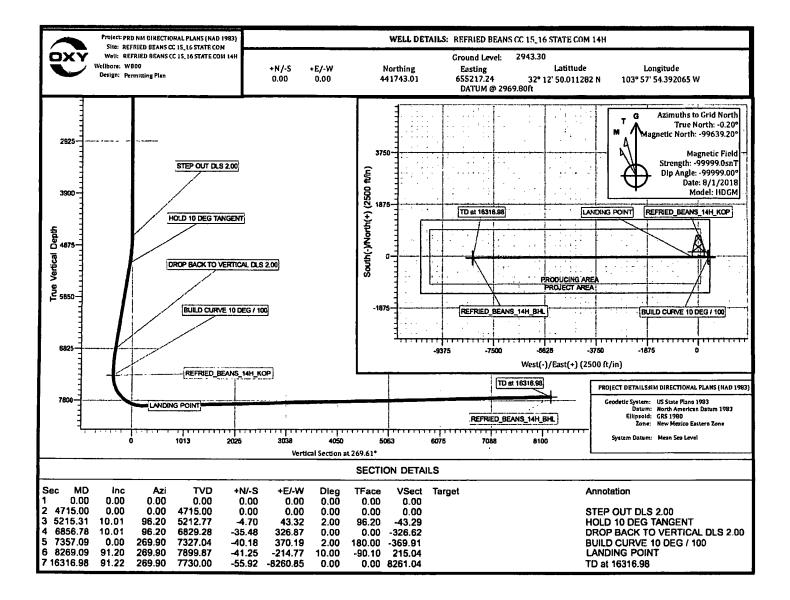












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OXY PRD NM DIRECTIONAL PLANS (NAD 1983) REFRIED BEANS CC 15_16 STATE COM REFRIED BEANS CC 15_16 STATE COM 14H

WB00

Plan: Permitting Plan

Standard Planning Report

, 01 August, 2018

Planning Report

Database:	HOPSPP			Local Co-ordina	te Reference:	Well REFRIED BEAN
Company: Project: Site:	ENGINEERING DESIGNS PRD NM DIRECTIONAL PLANS (NAD 1983) REFRIED BEANS CC 15_16 STATE COM			TVD Reference: MD Reference:		14H DATUM @ 2969.80ft DATUM @ 2969.80ft Grid
Well:		BEANS CC 15_16 STA		North Reference Survey Calculati		Minimum Curvature
Wellbore: Design:	WB00 Permitting	Plan		÷		
Project	PRD NM DIRECTION	AL PLANS (NAD 1983))			
Map System: Geo Datum: Map Zone:	US State Plane 1983 North American Datur New Mexico Eastern 2		System	Datum:	Mean S Using geodetic so	Sea Level
Site	REFRIED BEANS CO	15_16 STATE COM				
Site Position: From: Position Uncertain	Map ty:		sting: ot Radius:	•	isft Latitude: 5,350.95 usft Longit 13.200 ln Grid C	
Well	REFRIED BEANS CO	15_16 STATE COM 14	4H			
Well Position		,612.72 ft Northing: -133.72 ft Easting:			isft Latitude: isft Longitude:	32° 12' 50. 103° 57' 54.;
Position Uncertain		0.00 ft Weilhead El	evation:	000,211,240	0.00 ft Groun	
Weilbore	WB00					. •
Magnetics	Model Name	Sample Date		Declination (°)	Dip An (°)	igle Fin
	HDGM	8/1/2018		-99,639		-99,999.00
Design	Permitting Plan					
Audit Notes:						
Version:		Phase:	PROTOT	TYPE The On	Depth:	0.00
Vertical Section:	Dept	h From (TVD) (ft)		(ft)	+E/-W (ft)	Direction (°) 269.61
		0.00	. (0.00	0.00	209.01
Plan Sections Measured			Vertical Depth			Dogleg
Depth (ft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	(ft)	+N/-S (ft)	+E/-W (ft)	Rate (°/100ft)
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	o o	.00 0	0.00 0.00
4,715.00		0.00	4,715.0			0.00 0.00
5,215.31		96.20	5,212.7			2.00
6,856.78		96.20	6,829.2			5.87 0.00
7,357.09 8,269.09		269.90	7,327.0).19 2.00 J.77 10.00
6,209.09 16,316.98		269.90 269.90	7,899.8 7,730.0		.92 -8,260	
Planned Survey						
	sured pth Inclina	1-1		al Depth (ft)	•N/ 6	+E/-W Sec
	ft) (°		μı	(v)	+N/-S (ft)	(ft) (f
	0.00 100.00 200.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 100.00 200.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00

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300.00	0.00	0.00	300.00	0.00	0.00
400.00	0.00	0.00	400.00	0.00	0.00
500.00	0.00	0.00	500.00	0.00	0.00
600.00	0.00	0.00	600.00	0.00	0.00
700.00	0.00	0.00	700.00	0.00	0.00
800.00	0.00	0.00	800.00	0.00	0.00
900.00	0.00	0.00	900.00	0.00	0.00
1 000 00	0.00	0.00	1,000.00	0.00	0.00
1,000.00			•	0.00	0.00
1,100.00	0.00	0.00	1,100.00		
1,200.00	0.00	0.00	1,200.00	0.00	0.00
1,300.00	0.00	0.00	1,300.00	0.00	0.00
1,400.00	0.00	0.00	1,400.00	0.00	0.00
1,500.00	0.00	0.00	1,500.00	0.00	0.00
1,600.00	0.00	0.00	1,600.00	0.00	0.00
1,700.00	0.00	0.00	1,700.00	0.00	0.00
1,800.00	0.00	0.00	1,800.00	0.00	0.00
1,900.00	0.00	0.00	1,900.00	0.00	0.00
1,900.00	0.00	0.00	1,800.00	0.00	0.00
2,000.00	0.00	0.00	2,000.00	0.00	0.00
2,100.00	0.00	0.00	2,100.00	0.00	0.00
2,200.00	0.00	0.00	2,200.00	0.00	0.00
2,300.00	0.00	0.00	2,300.00	0.00	0.00
2,400.00	0.00	0.00	2,400.00	0.00	0.00
-					
2,500.00	0.00	0.00	2,500.00	0.00	0.00
2,600.00	0.00	0.00	2,600.00	0.00	0.00
2,700.00	0.00	0.00	2,700.00	0.00	0.00
2,800.00	0.00	0.00	2,800.00	0.00	0.00
2,900.00	0.00	0.00	2,900.00	0.00	0.00
2 000 00	0.00	0.00	3,000.00	0.00	0.00
3,000.00		0.00	•	0.00	0.00
3,100.00	0.00		3,100.00		0.00
3,200.00	0.00	0.00	3,200.00	0.00	
3,300.00	0.00	0.00	3,300.00	0.00	0.00
3,400.00	0.00	0.00	3,400.00	0.00	0.00
3,500.00	0.00	0.00	3,500.00	0.00	0.00
3,600.00	0.00	0.00	3,600.00	0.00	0.00
3,700.00	0.00	0.00	3,700.00	0.00	0.00
3,800.00	0.00	0.00	3,800.00	0.00	0.00
3,900.00	0.00	0.00	3,900.00	0.00	0.00
0,800.00	0.00		0,000.00		
4,000.00	0.00	0.00	4,000.00	0.00	0.00
4,100.00	0.00	0.00	4,100.00	0.00	0.00
4,200.00	0.00	0.00	4,200.00	0.00	0.00
4,300.00	0.00	0.00	4,300.00	0.00	0.00
4,400.00	0.00	0.00	4,400.00	0.00	0.00
					0.00
4,500.00	0.00	0.00	4,500.00	0.00	0.00
4,600.00	0.00	0.00	4,600.00	0.00	0.00
4,700.00	0.00	0.00	4,700.00	0.00	0.00
4,715.00	0.00	0.00	4,715.00	0.00	0.00
4,800.00	1.70	96.20	4,799.99	-0.14	1.25
4 000 00	2 70	06.00	4 900 97	-0.64	5.94
4,900.00	3.70	96.20	4,899.87		14.08
5,000.00	5.70	96.20	4,999.53	-1.53	14.00

Planned Survey

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Measured		N	ertical Depth			Vert
Depth (ft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	(ft)	+N/-S (ft)	+E/-W (ft)	Sec (f
5,100.00	7.70	96.20	5,098.84	-2.79	25.68	
5,200.00	9.70	96.20	5,197.69	-4.42	40.72	
5,215.31	10.01	96.20	5,212.77	-4.70	43.32	
5,300.00	10.01	96.20	5,296.17	-6.29	57.95	
5,400.00	10.01	96.20	5,394.65	-8.17	75.23	
5,500.00	10.01	96.20	5,493,13	-10.04	92.50	
5,600.00	10.01	96.20	5,591.61	-11.92	109.77	
5,700.00	10.01	96.20	5,690.09	-13.79	127.05	
5,800.00	10.01	96.20	5,788.57	-15.67	144.32	
5,900.00	10.01	96.20	5,887.05	-17.54	161.59	
6,000.00	10.01	96.20	5,985.53	-19.42	178.87	
6,100.00	10.01	96.20	6,084.00	-21.29	196.14	
6,200.00	10.01	96.20	6,182.48	-23.17	213.42	
6,300.00	10.01	96.20	6,280.96	-25.04	230.69	
6,400.00	10.01	96.20	6,379.44	-26.92	247.96	

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6,500.00	10.01	96.20	6.477.92	-28.79	265.24
6,600.00	10.01	96.20	6,576.40	-30.67	282.51
6,700.00	10.01	96.20	6,674.88	-32.54	299.79
6,800.00	10.01	96.20	6,773.36	-34.42	317.06
6,856.78	10.01	96.20	6,829.28	-35.48	326.87
6,900.00	9.14	96.20	6,871.89	-36.26	334.01
7.000.00	7.14	96.20	6.970.88	-37.78	348.09
7,100.00	5.14	96.20	7,070.30	-38.94	358.73
7,200.00	3.14	96.20	7,170.03	-39.72	365.91
7,300.00	1.14	96.20	7,269.96	-40.12	369.62
7,357.09	0.00	269.90	7,327.04	-40.18	370.19
7,400.00	4.29	269.90	7,369.91	-40.19	368.58
7,500.00	14.29	269.90	7,468.48	-40.22	352.46
7,600.00	24.29	269.90	7,562.74	-40.28	319.46
7,700.00	34.29	269.90	7,649.85	-40.36	270.60
7,800.00	44.29	269.90	7,727.14	-40.48	207.36
7,900.00	54.29	269.90	7,792.28	-40.62	131.65
8,000.00	64.29	269.90	7,843.28	-40.77	45.78
8,100.00	74.29	269.90	7,878.60	-40.95	-47.64
8,200.00	84.29	269.90	7,897.16	-41.12	-145.77
8,269.09	91.20	269.90	7,899.87	-41.25	-214.77
8,300.00	91.20	269.90	7,899.23	-41.31	-245.67
8,400.00	91.20	269.90	7,897.13	-41.49	-345.65
8,500.00	91.20	269.90	7,895.04	-41.67	-445.63
8,600.00	91.20	269.90	7,892.94	-41.85	-545.61
8,700.00	91.20	269.90	7,890.85	-42.04	-645.58
8,800.00	91.20	269.90	7,888.75	-42.22	-745.56
8,900.00	91.20	269.90	7,886.65	-42.40	-845.54
9,000.00	91.20	269.90	7,884.56	-42.58	-945.52
9,100.00	91.20	269.90	7,882.46	-42.77	-1,045.49
9,200.00	91.20	269.90	7,880.36	-42.95	-1,145.47
9,300.00	91.20	269.90	7,878.26	-43.13	-1,245.45
9,400.00	91.20	269.90	7,876.16	-43.31	-1,345.43
9,500.00	91.20	269.90	7,874.06	-43.49	-1,445.41
9,600.00	91.20	269.90	7,871.97	-43.68	-1,545.38
9,700.00	91.20	269.90	7,869.87	-43.86	-1,645.36
9,800.00	91.20	269.90	7,867.77	-44.04	-1,745.34

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Planned Survey

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Measured		v	ertical Depth			Verl
Depth	Inclination	Azimuth	(ft)	+N/-S	+E/-W	Sec
(ft)	(°)	(°)		(ft)	(ft)	(f
9,900.00	91.20	269.90	7,865.66	-44.22	-1,845.32	
10,000.00	91.20	269.90	7,863.56	-44.41	-1,945.29	
10,100.00	91.20	269.90	7,861.46	-44.5 9	-2,045.27	
10,200.00	91.20	269.90	7,859.36	-44.77	-2,145.25	
10,300.00	91.20	269.90	7,857.26	-44.95	-2,245.23	
10,400.00	91.21	269.90	7,855.15	-45.14	-2,345.21	
10,500.00	91.21	269.90	7,853.05	-45.32	-2,445.18	ί.
10,600.00	91.21	269.90	7,850.95	-45.50	-2,545.16	
10,700.00	91.21	269.90	7,848.84	-45.68	-2,645.14	
10,800.00	91.21	269.90	7,846.74	-45.86	-2,745.12	
10,900.00	91.21	269.90	7,844.63	-46.05	-2,845.09	
11,000.00	91.21	269.90	7,842.53	-46.23	-2,945.07	
11,100.00	91.21	269.90	7,840.42	-46.41	-3,045.05	
11,200.00	91.21	269.90	7,838.32	-46.59	-3,145.03	
11,300.00	91.21	269.90	7,836.21	-46.78	-3,245.00	
11,400.00	91.21	269.90	7,834.10	-46.96	-3,344.98	
11,500.00	91.21	269.90	7,832.00	-47.14	-3,444.96	
11,600.00	91.21	269.90	7,829.89	-47.32	-3,544.94	
11,700.00	91.21	269.90	7,827.78	-47.51	-3,644.92	
11,800.00	91.21	269.90	7,825.67	-47.69	-3,744.89	
11,900.00	91.21	269.90	7,823.56	-47.87	-3,844.87	
12,000.00	91.21	269.90	7,821.45	-48.05	-3,944.85	
12,100.00	91.21	269.90	7,819.34	-48.24	-4,044.83	
12,200.00	91.21	269.90	7,817.23	-48.42	-4,144.80	
12,300.00	91.21	269.90	7.815.12	-48.60	-4,244.78	
12,400.00	91.21	269.90	7,813.01	-48.78	-4,344.76	
12,500.00	91.21	269.90	7,810.90	-48.96	-4,444.74	

12,600.00	91.21	269.90	7,808.79	-49.15	-4,544.71
12,700.00	91.21	269.90	7,806.68	-49.33	-4,644.69
12,800.00	91.21	269.90	7,804.56	-49.51	-4,744.67
12,900.00	9 1.21	269.90	7,802.45	-49.69	-4,844.65
13,000.00	91.21	269.90	7,800.34	-49.88	-4,944.62
13,100.00	91.21	269.90	7,798.22	-50.06	-5,044.60
13,200.00	91.21	269.90	7,796.11	-50.24	-5,144.58
13,300.00	91.21	269.90	7,793.99	-50.42	-5,244.56
13,400.00	91.21	269.90	7,791.88	-50.61	-5,344.53
13,500.00	91.21	269.90	7,789.76	-50.79	-5,444.51
13,600.00	91.21	269.90	7,787.65	-50.97	-5,544.49
13,700.00	91.21	269.90	7,785.53	-51.15	-5,644.47
13,800.00	91.21	269.90	7,783.41	-51.33	-5,744.44
13,900.00	91.21	269.90	7,781.30	-51.52	-5,844.42
14,000.00	91.21	269.90	7,779.18	-51.70	-5,944.40
14,100.00	91.21	269.90	7,777.06	-51.88	-6,044.38
14,200.00	91.21	269.90	7,774.94	-52.06	-6,144.35
14,300.00	91.21	269.90	7,772.82	-52.25	-6,244.33
14,400.00	91.21	269.90	7,770.71	-52.43	-6,344.31
14,500.00	91.21	269.90	7,768.59	-52.61	-6,444.28
14,600.00	91.21	269.90	7,766.47	-52.7 9	-6,544.26
14,700.00	91.22	269.90	7,764.35	-52.98	-6,644.24
14,800.00	91.22	269.90	7,762.22	-53.16	-6,744.22
14,900.00	91.22	269.90	7,760.10	-53.34	-6,844.19
15,000.00	91.22	269.90	7,757.98	-53.52	-6,944.17

Planned Survey

Measured Vertical Depth				Vertical Depth		
Depth	Inclination	Azimuth	(ft)	+N/-S	+E/-W	Sec
(ft)	(°)	(°)		(ft)	(ft)	(f
15,100.00	91.22	269.90	7,755.86	-53.71	-7,044.15	
15,200.00	91.22	269.90	7,753.74	-53.89	-7,144.13	
15,300.00	91.22	269.90	7,751.61	-54.07	-7,244.10	
15,400.00	91.22	269.90	7,749.49	-54.25	-7,344.08	
15,500.00	91.22	269.90	7,747.37	-54.43	-7,444.06	
15,600.00	91.22	269.90	7,745.24	-54.62	-7,544.04	
15,700.00	91.22	269.90	7,743.12	-54.80	-7,644.01	
15,800.00	91.22	269.90	7,740.99	-54.98	-7,743.99	
15,900.00	91.22	269.90	7,738.87	-55.16	-7,843.97	
16.000.00	91.22	269.90	7,736.74	-55.35	-7,943.94	
16,100.00	91.22	269.90	7,734.62	-55.53	-8,043.92	
16,200.00	91.22	269.90	7,732.49	-55.71	-8,143.90	
16,300.00	91.22	269.90	7,730.36	-55.89	-8,243.88	
16,316.98	91.22	269.90	7,730.00	-55.92	-8,260.85	

Design Targets

Target Name - hit/miss target ` - Shape	Dip Angle (°)	Dip Dir. (°)	TVD (ft)	+N/-S (ft)	+E/-W (ft)	Northing (usft)	Eas (us
REFRIED_BEANS_14H_KOP - plan hits target center - Point	0.00	0.00	7,327.04	-40.18	370.19	441,702.83	6
REFRIED_BEANS_14H_BHL - plan hits target center	0.00	0.00	7,730.00	-55.92	-8,260.85	441,687.09	6

- Point

Plan Annotations

Measured	Vertical	Local C	oordinates	
Depth (ft)	Depth (ft)	+N/-S (ft)	+E/-W (ft)	Comment
4,71	5.00 4.71	5.00 0.0	0.00	STEP OUT DLS 2.00
5,21	5.31 5,21	2.77 -4.7	0 43.32	HOLD 10 DEG TANGENT
6,85	6.78 6.82	9.28 -35.4	8 326.87	DROP BACK TO VERTICAL DLS 2.00
7,35	57.09 7,32	7.04 -40.1	8 370.19	BUILD CURVE 10 DEG / 100
8,26	39.09 7,89	9.87 -41.2	5 -214.77	LANDING POINT
16,31	6.98 7,73	0.00 -55.9	2 -8,260.85	TD at 16316.98

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Page 6

NS CC 15_16 STATE COM

32° 13' 5.964730 N 103° 57' 52.771260 W 0.20 °

011282 N

392065 W

2,943.30 ft

eld Strength (nT)

-99,999

	Build Rate (°/100ft)	Turn Rate (°/100ft)	:	TFO (°)		Target
	0.00		0.00		0.00	
	0.00		0.00		0.00	
	2.00		0.00		96.20	
	0.00		0.00		0.00	
	-2.00		0.00		180.00 REF	RIED_BEANS_1
	10.00		0.00		-90.10	
	0.00		0.00		0.00 REF	RIED_BEANS_1
ical tion t)	Dog Ra (°/10	te	Build Rate (°/100ft)		Turn Rate (°/100ft)	
4	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00		0.00 0.00 0.00		0.00 0.00 0.00

0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	. 0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00		
		0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	
			0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00		0.00
		0.00	
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
-1.25	2.00	2.00	0.00
-5.93	2.00	2.00	0.00
-14.07	2.00	2.00	0.00
· ··· -·		2.00	

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:ical tion t)	Dogleg Rate (°/100ft)	Build Rate (°/100ft)	Turn Rate (°/100ft)
-25.66	2.00	2.00	0.00
-40.69	2.00	2.00	0.00
-43.29	2.00	2.00	0.00
-57.91	0.00	0.00	0.00
-75.17	0.00	0.00	0.00
-92.43	0.00	0.00	0.00
-109.69	0.00	0.00	0.00
-126.95	0.00	0.00	0.00
-144.21	0.00	0.00	0.00
-161.47	0.00	0.00	0.00
-178.73	0.00	0.00	0.00
-195.99	0.00	0.00	0.00
-213.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
-230.51	0.00	0.00	0.00
-247.78	. 0.00	0.00	0.00

-265.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	
-282.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	
-299.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	
-316.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	
-326.62	0.00	0.00	0.00	
-333.76	2.00	-2.00	0.00	
-347.83	2.00	-2.00	0.00	
-358.46	2.00	-2.00	0.00	
-365.63	2.00	-2.00	0.00	
-369.34	2.00	-2.00	0.00	
-369.91	2.00	-2.00	0.00	
-368.30	10.00	10.00	0.00	
-352.18	10.00	10.00	0.00	•
-319.18	10.00	10.00	0.00	
-270.32	10.00	10.00	0.00	
-207.08	10.00	10.00	0.00	
-131.37	10.00	10.00	0.00	
-45.50	10.00	10.00	0.00	
47.92	10.00	10.00	0.00	
146.05	10.00	10.00	0.00	·
215.04	10.00	10.00	0.00	
245.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	
345.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	
445.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	
545.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	
645.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	
745.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	
845.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	
945.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1,045.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1,145.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1,245.71	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1,345.69	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1,445.67	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1,545.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1,645.62	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1,745.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	
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dt		D.	-	

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t) 1,845.57 1,945.55 2,045.53 2,145.50 2,245.48 2,345.46	(°/100ft) 0.00	(°/100ft)	(°/100ft)
1,945.55 2,045.53 2,145.50 2,245.48	0.00		
2,045.53 2,145.50 2,245.48		0.00	0.00
2,045.53 2,145.50 2,245.48	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,145.50 2,245.48	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,245.48	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.00	0.00	0.00
LI010.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,445.43	0.00	0.00	0.0
2,545.41	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,645.39	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,745.36	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,845.34	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,945.32	0.00	0.00	0.0
3,045.29	0.00	0.00	0.0
3,145.27	0.00	0.00	0.0
3,245.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,345.22	0.00	0.00	0.0
0,040.22	. 0.00	0.00	0.
3,445.20	0.00	0.00	C
3,545.18	0.00	0.00	
3,645.15	0.00	0.00	,
3,745.13	0.00	0.00	
3,845.11	0.00	0.00	(
3,945.08	0.00	0.00	C
4,045.06	0.00	0.00	0.
4,145.04	0.00	0.00	0.0
4,245.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,344.99	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,444.97	0.00	0.00	0.00
	1.1	•	

4,544.94	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,644.92	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,744.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,844.87	0.00	0.00	0.00
4 044 95	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,944.85	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,044.82	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,144.80	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,244.78	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,344.75	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,444.73	0.00	0.00	0.00
5.544.71	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,644,68	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,744.66	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,844,64	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,044.04	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,944.61	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,044.59	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,144.56	0.00	0.00	0.00
6.244.54	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,344.52	0.00	0.00	0.00
-			
6,444.49	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,544.47	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,644.45	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,744.42	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,844.40	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.044.07	0.00		0.00
6,944.37	0.00	0.00	0.00

ical tion t)	Dogleg Rate (°/100ft)	Build Rate (°/100ft)	Turn Rate (°/100ft)
7,044.35	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,144.33	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,244.30	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,344.28	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,444.26	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,544.23	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,644.21	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,744.18	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,844.16	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,944.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,044.11	· 0.00	0.00	0.00
8,144.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,244.07	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,261.04	0.00	· 0.00	0.00

Longitude

ting sft)

sft) Latitude

55,587.40 32° 12' 49.601096 N 33° 57' 50.084932 W

46,957.03 32° 12' 49.727796 N 33° 59' 30.544919 W

COMPASS 5000.1 Build 74

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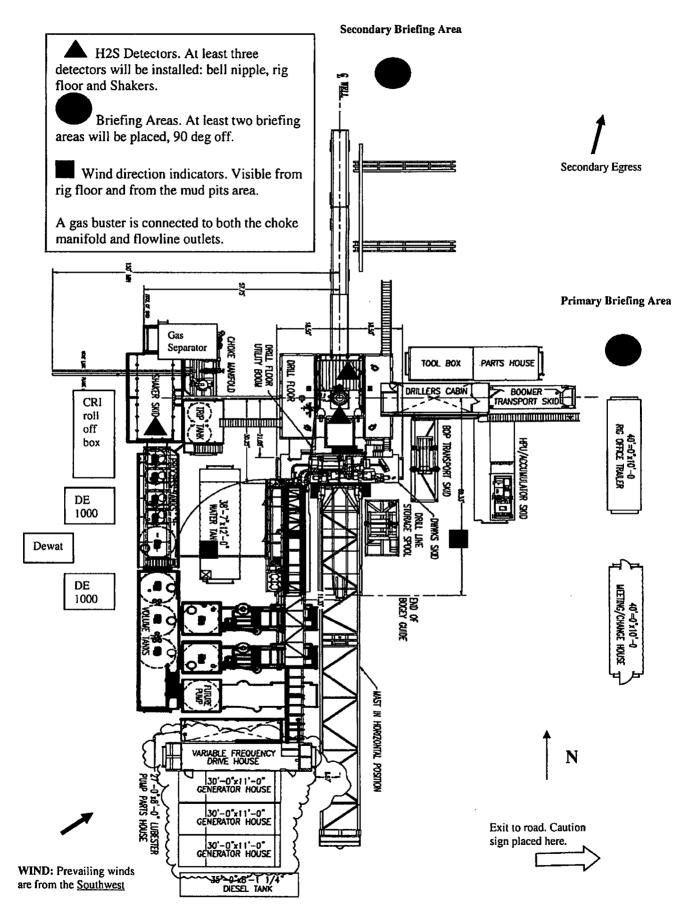
Permian Drilling Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling Operations Plan Refried Beans CC 15_16 State Com 14H

Open drill site. No homes or buildings are near the proposed location.

1. Escape

Personnel shall escape upwind of wellbore in the event of an emergency gas release. Escape can take place through the lease road on the Southeast side of the location. Personnel need to move to a safe distance and block the entrance to location. If the primary route is not an option due to the wind direction, then a secondary egress route should be taken.

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Permian Drilling Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling Operations Plan New Mexico

<u>Scope</u>

This contingency plan establishes guidelines for the public, all company employees, and contract employees who's work activities may involve exposure to hydrogen sulfide (H2S) gas.

While drilling this well, it is possible to encounter H2S bearing formations. At all times, the first barrier to control H2S emissions will be the drilling fluid, which will have a density high enough to control influx.

Objective

- 1. Provide an immediate and predetermined response plan to any condition when H2S is detected. All H2S detections in excess of 10 parts per million (ppm) concentration are considered an Emergency.
- 2. Prevent any and all accidents, and prevent the uncontrolled release of hydrogen sulfide into the atmosphere.
- 3. Provide proper evacuation procedures to cope with emergencies.
- 4. Provide immediate and adequate medical attention should an injury occur.

Discussion

Implementation:	This plan with all details is to be fully implemented before drilling to <u>commence</u> .
Emergency response Procedure:	This section outlines the conditions and denotes steps to be taken in the event of an emergency.
Emergency equipment Procedure:	This section outlines the safety and emergency equipment that will be required for the drilling of this well.
Training provisions:	This section outlines the training provisions that must be adhered to prior to drilling.
Drilling emergency call lists:	Included are the telephone numbers of all persons to be contacted should an emergency exist.
Briefing:	This section deals with the briefing of all people involved in the drilling operation.
Public safety:	Public safety personnel will be made aware of any potential evacuation and any additional support needed.
Check lists:	Status check lists and procedural check lists have been included to insure adherence to the plan.
General information:	A general information section has been included to supply support information.

Hydrogen Sulfide Training

All personnel, whether regularly assigned, contracted, or employed on an unscheduled basis, will receive training from a qualified instructor in the following areas prior to commencing drilling operations on the well:

- 1. The hazards and characteristics of H2S.
- 2. Proper use and maintenance of personal protective equipment and life support systems.
- 3. H2S detection.
- 4. Proper use of H2S detectors, alarms, warning systems, briefing areas, evacuation procedures and prevailing winds.
- 5. Proper techniques for first aid and rescue procedures.
- 6. Physical effects of hydrogen sulfide on the human body.
- 7. Toxicity of hydrogen sulfide and sulfur dioxide.
- 8. Use of SCBA and supplied air equipment.
- 9. First aid and artificial respiration.
- 10. Emergency rescue.

In addition, supervisory personnel will be trained in the following areas:

- 1. The effects of H2S on metal components. If high tensile strength tubular is to be used, personnel will be trained in their special maintenance requirements.
- 2. Corrective action and shut-in procedures when drilling a well, blowout prevention and well control procedures.
- 3. The contents and requirements of the H2S Drilling Operations Plan.

H2S training refresher must have been taken within one year prior to drilling the well. Specifics on the well to be drilled will be discussed during the pre-spud meeting. H2S and well control (choke) drills will be performed while drilling the well, at least on a weekly basis. This plan shall be available in the well site. All personnel will be required to carry the documentation proving that the H2S training has been taken.

Service company and visiting personnel

- A. Each service company that will be on this well will be notified if the zone contains H2S.
- B. Each service company must provide for the training and equipment of their employees before they arrive at the well site.
- C. Each service company will be expected to attend a well site briefing

Emergency Equipment Requirements

1. <u>Well control equipment</u>

The well shall have hydraulic BOP equipment for the anticipated pressures. Equipment is to be tested on installation and follow Oxy Well Control standard, as well as BLM Onshore Order #2.

Special control equipment:

- A. Hydraulic BOP equipment with remote control on ground. Remotely operated choke.
- B. Rotating head
- C. Gas buster equipment shall be installed before drilling out of surface pipe.
- 2. <u>Protective equipment for personnel</u>
 - A. Four (4) 30-minute positive pressure air packs (2 at each briefing area) on location.
 - B. Adequate fire extinguishers shall be located at strategic locations.
 - C. Radio / cell telephone communication will be available at the rig.
 - Rig floor and trailers.
 - Vehicle.
- 3. <u>Hydrogen sulfide sensors and alarms</u>
 - A. H2S sensor with alarms will be located on the rig floor, at the bell nipple, and at the flow line. These monitors will be set to alarm at 10 ppm with strobe light, and audible alarm.
 - B. Hand operated detectors with tubes.
 - C. H2S monitor tester (to be provided by contract Safety Company.)
 - D. There shall be one combustible gas detector on location at all times.

4. <u>Visual Warning Systems</u>

A. One sign located at each location entrance with the following language:

Caution – potential poison gas Hydrogen sulfide No admittance without authorization

Wind sock – wind streamers:

- A. One 36" (in length) wind sock located at protection center, at height visible from rig floor.
- B. One 36" (in length) wind sock located at height visible from pit areas.

Condition flags

A. One each condition flag to be displayed to denote conditions.

green – normal conditions yellow – potential danger red – danger, H2S present

B. Condition flag shall be posted at each location sign entrance.

5. <u>Mud Program</u>

The mud program is designed to minimize the risk of having H2S and other formation fluids at surface. Proper mud weight and safe drilling practices will be applied. H2S scavengers will be used to minimize the hazards while drilling. Below is a summary of the drilling program.

Mud inspection devices:

Garrett gas train or hatch tester for inspection of sulfide concentration in mud system.

- 6. <u>Metallurgy</u>
 - A. Drill string, casing, tubing, wellhead, blowout preventers, drilling spools or adapters, kill lines, choke manifold, lines and valves shall be suitable for the H2S service.
 - B. All the elastomers, packing, seals and ring gaskets shall be suitable for H2S service.

7. <u>Well Testing</u>

No drill stem test will be performed on this well.

8. <u>Evacuation plan</u>

Evacuation routes should be established prior to well spud for each well and discussed with all rig personnel.

- 9. Designated area
 - A. Parking and visitor area: all vehicles are to be parked at a predetermined safe distance from the wellhead.
 - B. There will be a designated smoking area.
 - C. Two briefing areas on either side of the location at the maximum allowable distance from the well bore so they offset prevailing winds perpendicularly, or at a 45-degree angle if wind direction tends to shift in the area.

Emergency procedures

- A. In the event of any evidence of H2S level above 10 ppm, take the following steps:
 - 1. The Driller will pick up off bottom, shut down the pumps, slow down the pipe rotation.
 - 2. Secure and don escape breathing equipment, report to the upwind designated safe briefing / muster area.
 - 3. All personnel on location will be accounted for and emergency search should begin for any missing, the Buddy System will be implemented.
 - 4. Order non-essential personnel to leave the well site, order all essential personnel out of the danger zone and upwind to the nearest designated safe briefing / muster area.
 - 5. Entrance to the location will be secured to a higher level than our usual "Meet and Greet" requirement, and the proper condition flag will be displayed at the entrance to the location.
 - 6. Take steps to determine if the H2S level can be corrected or suppressed and, if so, proceed as required.
- B. If uncontrollable conditions occur:
 - 1. Take steps to protect and/or remove any public in the down-wind area from the rig – partial evacuation and isolation. Notify necessary public safety personnel and appropriate regulatory entities (i.e. BLM) of the situation.

- 2. Remove all personnel to the nearest upwind designated safe briefing / muster area or off location.
- 3. Notify public safety personnel of safe briefing / muster area.
- 4. An assigned crew member will blockade the entrance to the location. No unauthorized personnel will be allowed entry to the location.

"

5. Proceed with best plan (at the time) to regain control of the well. Maintain tight security and safety procedures.

C. Responsibility:

- 1. Designated personnel.
 - a. Shall be responsible for the total implementation of this plan.
 - b. Shall be in complete command during any emergency.
 - c. Shall designate a back-up.

All personnel:	1.	On alarm, don escape unit and report to the nearest upwind designated safe briefing / muster area upw
	2.	Check status of personnel (buddy system).
	3.	Secure breathing equipment.
	4.	Await orders from supervisor.
Drill site manager:	1.	Don escape unit if necessary and report to nearest upwind designated safe briefing / muster area.
	2.	Coordinate preparations of individuals to return to point of release with tool pusher and driller (using the buddy system).
	3.	Determine H2S concentrations.
	4 .	Assess situation and take control measures.
Tool pusher:	1.	Don escape unit Report to up nearest upwind designated safe briefing / muster area.
	2.	Coordinate preparation of individuals to return to point of release with tool pusher drill site manager (using the buddy system).
	3.	Determine H2S concentration.
	4.	Assess situation and take control measures.
Driller:	1.	Don escape unit, shut down pumps, continue

	2. 3. 4. 5.	rotating DP. Check monitor for point of release. Report to nearest upwind designated safe briefing / muster area. Check status of personnel (in an attempt to rescue, use the buddy system). Assigns least essential person to notify Drill Site Manager and tool pusher by quickest means in case of their absence.
	6.	Assumes the responsibilities of the Drill Site Manager and tool pusher until they arrive should they be absent.
Derrick man Floor man #1 Floor man #2	1.	Will remain in briefing / muster area until instructed by supervisor.
Mud engineer:	1.	Report to nearest upwind designated safe briefing / muster area.
	2.	When instructed, begin check of mud for ph and H2S level. (Garett gas train.)
Safety personnel:	1.	Mask up and check status of all personnel and secure operations as instructed by drill site manager.

Taking a kick

When taking a kick during an H2S emergency, all personnel will follow standard Well control procedures after reporting to briefing area and masking up.

Open-hole logging

All unnecessary personnel off floor. Drill Site Manager and safety personnel should monitor condition, advise status and determine need for use of air equipment.

Running casing or plugging

Following the same "tripping" procedure as above. Drill Site Manager and safety personnel should determine if all personnel have access to protective equipment.

Ignition procedures

The decision to ignite the well is the responsibility of the operator (Oxy Drilling Management). The decision should be made only as a last resort and in a situation where it is clear that:

- 1. Human life and property are endangered.
- 2. There is no hope controlling the blowout under the prevailing conditions at the well.

Instructions for igniting the well

- 1. Two people are required for the actual igniting operation. They must wear self-contained breathing units and have a safety rope attached. One man (tool pusher or safety engineer) will check the atmosphere for explosive gases with the gas monitor. The other man is responsible for igniting the well.
- 2. Primary method to ignite: 25 mm flare gun with range of approximately 500 feet.
- 3. Ignite upwind and do not approach any closer than is warranted.
- 4. Select the ignition site best for protection, and which offers an easy escape route.
- 5. Before firing, check for presence of combustible gas.
- 6. After lighting, continue emergency action and procedure as before.
- 7. All unassigned personnel will remain in briefing area until instructed by supervisor or directed by the Drill Site Manager.

<u>Remember</u>: After well is ignited, burning hydrogen sulfide will convert to sulfur dioxide, which is also highly toxic. <u>Do not assume the area is safe after the well is ignited.</u>

Status check list

Note: All items on this list must be completed before drilling to production casing point.

- 1. H2S sign at location entrance.
- 2. Two (2) wind socks located as required.
- 3. Four (4) 30-minute positive pressure air packs (2 at each Briefing area) on location for all rig personnel and mud loggers.
- 4. Air packs inspected and ready for use.
- 5. Cascade system and hose line hook-up as needed.
- 6. Cascade system for refilling air bottles as needed.
- 7. Condition flag on location and ready for use.
- 8. H2S detection system hooked up and tested.
- 9. H2S alarm system hooked up and tested.
- 10. Hand operated H2S detector with tubes on location.
- 11. $1-100^{\circ}$ length of nylon rope on location.
- 12. All rig crew and supervisors trained as required.
- 13. All outside service contractors advised of potential H2S hazard on well.
- 14. No smoking sign posted and a designated smoking area identified.
- 15. Calibration of all H2S equipment shall be noted on the IADC report.

Checked by	: Date:

Procedural check list during H2S events

Perform each tour:

- 1. Check fire extinguishers to see that they have the proper charge.
- 2. Check breathing equipment to ensure that it in proper working order.
- 3. Make sure all the H2S detection system is operative.

Perform each week:

- 1. Check each piece of breathing equipment to make sure that demand or forced air regulator is working. This requires that the bottle be opened and the mask assembly be put on tight enough so that when you inhale, you receive air or feel air flow.
- 2. BOP skills (well control drills).
- 3. Check supply pressure on BOP accumulator stand by source.
- 4. Check breathing equipment mask assembly to see that straps are loosened and turned back, ready to put on.
- 5. Check pressure on breathing equipment air bottles to make sure they are charged to full volume. (Air quality checked for proper air grade "D" before bringing to location)
- 6. Confirm pressure on all supply air bottles.
- 7. Perform breathing equipment drills with on-site personnel.
- 8. Check the following supplies for availability.
 - A. Emergency telephone list.
 - B. Hand operated H2S detectors and tubes.

General evacuation plan

- 1. When the company approved supervisor (Drill Site Manager, consultant, rig pusher, or driller) determines the H2S gas cannot be limited to the well location and the public will be involved, he will activate the evacuation plan.
- 2. Drill Site Manager or designee will notify local government agency that a hazardous condition exists and evacuation needs to be implemented.
- 3. Company or contractor safety personnel that have been trained in the use of H2S detection equipment and self-contained breathing equipment will monitor H2S concentrations, wind directions, and area of exposure. They will delineate the outer perimeter of the hazardous gas area. Extension to the evacuation area will be determined from information gathered.
- 4. Law enforcement personnel (state police, police dept., fire dept., and sheriff's dept.) Will be called to aid in setting up and maintaining road blocks. Also, they will aid in evacuation of the public if necessary.
- 5. After the discharge of gas has been controlled, company safety personnel will determine when the area is safe for re-entry.

<u>Important:</u> Law enforcement personnel will not be asked to come into a contaminated area. Their assistance will be limited to uncontaminated areas. Constant radio contact will be maintained with them.

Emergency actions

<u>Well blowout – if emergency</u>

- 1. Evacuate all personnel to "Safe Briefing / Muster Areas" or off location if needed.
- 2. If sour gas evacuate rig personnel.
- 3. If sour gas evacuate public within 3000 ft radius of exposure.
- 4. Don SCBA and shut well in if possible using the buddy system.
- 5. Notify Drilling Superintendent and call 911 for emergency help (fire dept and ambulance) if needed.
- 6. Implement the Blowout Contingency Plan, and Drilling Emergency Action Plan.
- 6. Give first aid as needed.

Person down location/facility

- 1. If immediately possible, contact 911. Give location and wait for confirmation.
- 2. Don SCBA and perform rescue operation using buddy system.

Toxic effects of hydrogen sulfide

Hydrogen sulfide is extremely toxic. The acceptable ceiling concentration for eight-hour exposure is 10 ppm, which is .001% by volume. Hydrogen sulfide is heavier than air (specific gravity -1.192) and colorless. It forms an explosive mixture with air between 4.3 and 46.0 percent by volume. Hydrogen sulfide is almost as toxic as hydrogen cyanide and is between five and six times more toxic than carbon monoxide. Toxicity data for hydrogen sulfide and various other gases are compared in table i. Physical effects at various hydrogen sulfide exposure levels are shown in table ii.

Table i Toxicity of various gases

Common name	Chemical formula	Specific gravity (sc=1)	Threshold limit (1)	Hazardous limit (2)	Lethal concentration (3)	
Hydrogen Cyanide	Hcn	0.94	10 ppm	150 ppm/hr	300 ррш	
Hydrogen Sulfide	H2S	1.18	10 ppm	250 ppm/hr	600 ppm	
Sulfur Dioxide	So2	2.21	5 ppm	-	1000 ppm	
Chlorine	Cl2	2.45	l ppm	4 ppm/hr	1000 ppm	
Carbon Monoxide	Co	0.97	50 ppm	400 ppm/hr	1000 ppm	
Carbon Dioxide	Co2	1.52	5000 ppm	5%	10%	
Methane	Ch4	0.55	90,000 ppm	Combustib	le above 5% in air	

1) threshold limit – concentration at which it is believed that all workers may be repeatedly exposed day after day without adverse effects.

- 2) hazardous limit concentration that will cause death with short-term exposure.
- 3) lethal concentration concentration that will cause death with short-term exposure.

Toxic effects of hydrogen sulfide

Table ii Physical effects of hydrogen sulfide

		Concentration	Physical effects
Percent (%)	<u> Ppm</u>	Grains	
		100 std. Ft3*	
0.001	<10	00.65	Obvious and unpleasant odor.

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0.002	10	01.30	Safe for 8 hours of exposure.
0.010	100	06.48	Kill smell in $3 - 15$ minutes. May sting eyes and throat.
0.020	200	12.96	Kills smell shortly; stings eyes and throat.
0.050	500	32.96	Dizziness; breathing ceases in a few minutes; needs prompt artificial respiration.
0.070	700	45.36	Unconscious quickly; death will result if not rescued promptly.
0.100	1000	64.30	Unconscious at once; followed by death within minutes.

*at 15.00 psia and 60'f.

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Use of self-contained breathing equipment (SCBA)

- 1. Written procedures shall be prepared covering safe use of SCBA's in dangerous atmosphere, which might be encountered in normal operations or in emergencies. Personnel shall be familiar with these procedures and the available SCBA.
- 2 SCBA's shall be inspected frequently at random to insure that they are properly used, cleaned, and maintained.
- 3. Anyone who may use the SCBA's shall be trained in how to insure proper facepiece to face seal. They shall wear SCBA's in normal air and then wear them in a test atmosphere. (note: such items as facial hair {beard or sideburns} and eyeglasses will not allow proper seal.) Anyone that may be reasonably expected to wear SCBA's should have these items removed before entering a toxic atmosphere. A special mask must be obtained for anyone who must wear eyeglasses or contact lenses.
- 4. Maintenance and care of SCBA's:
 - a. A program for maintenance and care of SCBA's shall include the following:
 - 1. Inspection for defects, including leak checks.
 - 2. Cleaning and disinfecting.
 - 3. Repair.
 - 4. Storage.
 - b. Inspection, self-contained breathing apparatus for emergency use shall be inspected monthly.
 - 1. Fully charged cylinders.
 - 2. Regulator and warning device operation.
 - 3. Condition of face piece and connections.
 - 4. Rubber parts shall be maintained to keep them pliable and prevent deterioration.
 - c. Routinely used SCBA's shall be collected, cleaned and disinfected as frequently as necessary to insure proper protection is provided.
- 5. Persons assigned tasks that requires use of self-contained breathing equipment shall be certified physically fit (medically cleared) for breathing equipment usage at least annually.
- 6. SCBA's should be worn when:
 - A. Any employee works near the top or on top of any tank unless test reveals less than 10 ppm of H2S.

- B. When breaking out any line where H2S can reasonably be expected.
- C. When sampling air in areas to determine if toxic concentrations of H2S exists.
- D. When working in areas where over 10 ppm H2S has been detected.
- E. At any time there is a doubt as to the H2S level in the area to be entered.

<u>Rescue</u> <u>First aid for H2S poisoning</u>

Do not panic!

Remain calm – think!

- 1. Don SCBA breathing equipment.
- 2. Remove victim(s) utilizing buddy system to fresh air as quickly as possible. (go up-wind from source or at right angle to the wind. Not down wind.)
- 3. Briefly apply chest pressure arm lift method of artificial respiration to clean the victim's lungs and to avoid inhaling any toxic gas directly from the victim's lungs.
- 4. Provide for prompt transportation to the hospital, and continue giving artificial respiration if needed.
- 5. Hospital(s) or medical facilities need to be informed, before-hand, of the possibility of H2S gas poisoning no matter how remote the possibility is.
- 6. Notify emergency room personnel that the victim(s) has been exposed to H2S gas.

Besides basic first aid, everyone on location should have a good working knowledge of artificial respiration.

Revised CM 6/27/2012

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Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

GAS CAPTURE PLAN

Date: 8-10-2018

⊠ Original

Operator & OGRID No.: OXY USA INC. - 16696

Amended - Reason for Amendment:

This Gas Capture Plan outlines actions to be taken by the Operator to reduce well/production facility flaring/venting for new completion (new drill, recomplete to new zone, re-frac) activity.

Note: Form C-129 must be submitted and approved prior to exceeding 60 days allowed by Rule (Subsection A of 19.15.18.12 NMAC).

Well(s)/Production Facility - Name of facility

The well(s) that will be located at the production facility are shown in the table below.

Well Name	API	Well Location (ULSTR)	Footages	Expected MCF/D	Flared or Vented	Comments
Refried Beans CC 15-16 State Com 12H		H 15 24S 29E	2365'FNL 280'FEL	5,536	0	
Refried Beans CC 15-16 State Com 13H		H 15 24S 29E	2400'FNL 280'FEL	5,536	0	
Refried Beans CC 15-16 State Com 14H		I 15 24S 29E	1330'FSL 420'FEL	5,536	0	
Whomping Willow CC 15-16 State Com 44H		I 15 24S 29E	1365'FSL 420'FEL	8,717	0	

Gathering System and Pipeline Notification

Well(s) will be connected to a production facility after flowback operations are complete, where a gas transporter system is in place. The gas produced from production facility is dedicated to <u>Enterprise Field Services, LLC ("Enterprise"</u>) and is connected to <u>Enterprise</u> high pressure gathering system located in Eddy County, New Mexico. <u>OXY USA INC. ("OXY"</u>) provides (periodically) to <u>Enterprise</u> a drilling, completion and estimated first production date for wells that are scheduled to be drilled in the foreseeable future. In addition, <u>OXY</u> and <u>Enterprise</u> have periodic conference calls to discuss changes to drilling and completion schedules. Gas from these wells will be processed at Orla Plant Processing Plant located in Sec. 35, Block 57, T2, T&P RR CO, Reeves, County, Texas. The actual flow of the gas will be based on compression operating parameters and gathering system pressures.

Flowback Strategy

After the fracture treatment/completion operations, well(s) will be produced to temporary production tanks and gas will be flared or vented. During flowback, the fluids and sand content will be monitored. When the produced fluids contain minimal sand, the wells will be turned to production facilities. Gas sales should start as soon as the wells start flowing through the production facilities, unless there are operational issues on <u>Enterprise</u> system at that time. Based on current information, it is <u>OXY's</u> belief the system can take this gas upon completion of the well(s).

Safety requirements during cleanout operations from the use of underbalanced air cleanout systems may necessitate that sand and non-pipeline quality gas be vented and/or flared rather than sold on a temporary basis.

Alternatives to Reduce Flaring

Below are alternatives considered from a conceptual standpoint to reduce the amount of gas flared.

- Power Generation On lease
 - Only a portion of gas is consumed operating the generator, remainder of gas will be flared
- Compressed Natural Gas On lease
 - o Gas flared would be minimal, but might be uneconomical to operate when gas volume declines
- NGL Removal On lease
 - o Plants are expensive, residue gas is still flared, and uneconomical to operate when gas volume declines

OXY USA Inc APD ATTACHMENT: SPUDDER RIG DATA

OPERATOR NAME / NUMBER: <u>OXY USA Inc</u>

1. SUMMARY OF REQUEST:

Oxy USA respectfully requests approval for the following operations for the surface hole in the drill plan:

1. Utilize a spudder rig to pre-set surface casing for time and cost savings.

2. Description of Operations

1. Spudder rig will move in to drill the surface hole and pre-set surface casing on the well.

- a. After drilling the surface hole section, the spudder rig will run casing and cement following all of the applicable rules and regulations (OnShore Order 2, all COAs and NMOCD regulations).
- b. The spudder rig will utilize fresh water-based mud to drill the surface hole to TD. Solids control will be handled entirely on a closed loop basis. No earth pits will be used.
- 2. The wellhead will be installed and tested as soon as the surface casing is cut off and the WOC time has been reached.
- 3. A blind flange at the same pressure rating as the wellhead will be installed to seal the wellbore. Pressure will be monitored with needle valves installed on two wingvalves.
 - a. A means for intervention will be maintained while the drilling rig is not over the well.
- 4. Spudder rig operations are expected to take 2-3 days per well on the pad.
- 5. The BLM will be contacted and notified 24 hours prior to commencing spudder rig operations.
- 6. Drilling operations will begin with a larger rig and a BOP stack equal to or greater than the pressure rating that was permitted will be nippled up and tested on the wellhead before drilling operations resume on each well.
 - a. The larger rig will move back onto the location within 90 days from the point at which the wells are secured and the spudder rig is moved off location.
 - **b.** The BLM will be contacted / notified 24 hours before the larger rig moves back on the pre-set locations.
- 7. Oxy will have supervision on the rig to ensure compliance with all BLM and NMOCD regulations and to oversee operations.
- 8. Once the rig is removed, Oxy will secure the wellhead area by placing a guard rail around the cellar area.

