N.M. Oil Cons. DiV-Dist. 2 1301 W. And Avenue Artesia, NM 88210 FORM APPROVED OCD - ARTESIA OMB No. 1004-0137 Expires March 31, 2007 ÚNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR Lease Serial No. LE OF STREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT NM NM 112258 If Indian, Allotee or Tribe Name APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DRILL OR REENTER 7. If Unit or CA Agreement, Name and No. DRILL REENTER la. Type of work: 8. Lease Name and Well No. ALYDAR 1426-34 FED COM #1 Oil Well Gas Well Single Zone lb. Type of Well: Multiple Zone 9\_API Well No. Name of Operator Parallel Petroleum Corporation No. (include area code) 10. Field and Pool, or Explorator 3a. Address 1004 North Big Spring, Suite 400 432/684-3727 Wolfcamp Midland, Texas Wilde GAS 4. Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance with any State requirements.\*) 11. Sec., T. R. M. or Blk. and Survey or Area 1880' FSL AND 300' FEL 34, T14S, R26E At proposed prod. zone 1880' FSL AND 660' FWL 12. County or Parish 13. State 14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post office\* 4 miles South of Hagerman, New Mexico Chaves NM 15. Distance from proposed\* 16. No. of acres in lease 17. Spacing Unit dedicated to this well location to nearest property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any) 120.00 3001 320 18. Distance from proposed location\* to nearest well, drilling, completed, applied for, on this lease, ft. 19. Proposed Depth 20. BLM/BIA Bond No. on file NONE 5500 NMB000265 Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.) 22. Approximate date work will start\* 23. Estimated duration GL 3437 10/15/2006 30 days 24. Attachments The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No.1, shall be attached to this 1. Well plat certified by a registered surveyor. Bond to cover the operations unless covered by an existing bond on file (see Item 20 above). 2. A Drilling Plan. 3. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest System Lands, the 5. Operator certification SUPO shall be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office). Such other site specific information and/or plans as may be required by the 25. Signature Name (Printed/Typed) Date Deane Durham 08/25/2006 Title **Engineer, Parallel Petroleum Corporation** Dat OCT 16 2006 Approved by (Signature) Larry D. Bray Title ROSWELL FIELD OFFICE Assistant Field Manager. Application approval and Min affal Spplicant holds legal or equitable title to those rights in the subject lease which would entitle the applicant to conduct operations thereon.

APPROVED FOR 1 YEAR

Conditions of approval, if any, are attached

Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a crime for any person knowingly and willfully to make to any department or agency of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as to any matter within its jurisdiction.

\*(Instructions on page 2)

DECLARED WATER BASIN

CEMBRIT BEHIND THE 98. CASING MUST BE CIRCULATED CEMENT BEHIND THE **WITNESS** 

APPROVAL SUBJECT TO GENERAL REQUIREMENTS AND SPECIAL STIPULATIONS ATTACHED

If earthen pits are used in association with the drilling of this well, an OCD pit permit must be obtained prior to pit construction.

DISTRICT I 1625 N. Frenca Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240

DISTRICT II

1301 W. Grand Avenue, Artesia. NM 88210

DISTRICT III 1000 Rio Brazos Rd., Aztec, NM 87410

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals & Natural Resources Department OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

Form C-102 Revised October 12, 2005 Submit to Appropriate District Office State Lease - 4 Copies Fee Lease - 3 Copies

1220 South St. Frances Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

□ AMENDED REPORT

#### DISTRICT IV 1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

# WELL LOCATION AND ACREAGE DEDICATION PLAT

API Number	97489	WILDCAT Wolfean	Pool Name	
Property Code	Prop ALYDAR 1426		Well Number	
OGRID No.	•	ator Name LEUM CORPORATION		Elevation 3437'

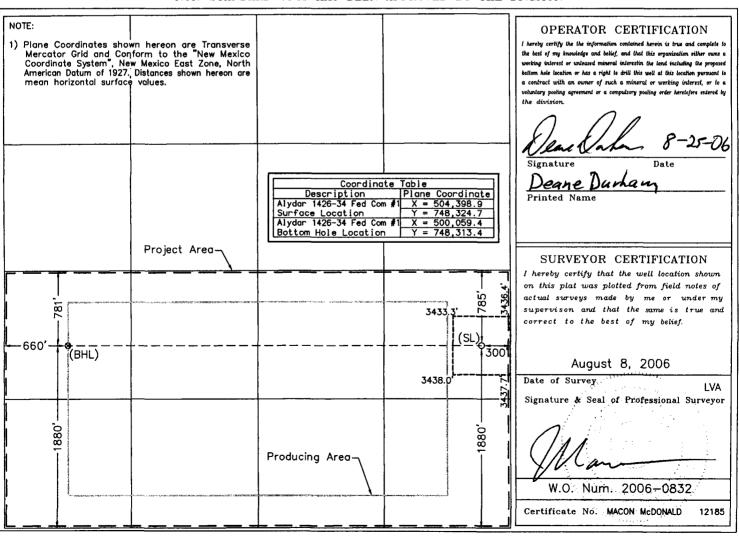
#### Surface Location

ļ	UL or lot No.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the	North/South line	Feet from the	East/West line	County
	1	34	14 S	26 E		1880	SOUTH	300	EAST	CHAVES

#### Bottom Hole Location If Different From Surface

UL or lot No.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the	North/South line	Feet from the	East/West line	County
L	34	14 S	26 E		1880	SOUTH	660	WEST	CHAVES
Dedicated Acres Joint or Infill Consolidation Code		Code Or	der No.				·		
320									

# NO ALLOWABLE WILL BE ASSIGNED TO THIS COMPLETION UNTIL ALL INTERESTS HAVE BEEN CONSOLIDATED OR A NON-STANDARD UNIT HAS BEEN APPROVED BY THE DIVISION



# ATTACHMENT TO FORM 3160-3 ALYDAR 1426-34 FED COM #1 Surface Hole Location 1880 FSL AND 300 FEL, SEC 34, 14S, 26E Bottom Hole Location 1880 FSL AND 660 FWL, SEC 34, 14S, 26E CHAVES COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

# **DRILLING PROGRAM**

This well is designed as a horizontal test in the Wolfcamp formation.

# 1. GEOLOGIC NAME OF SURFACE FORMATION

San Andres

# 2. ESTIMATED TOPS OF IMPORTANT GEOLOGIC MARKERS

Glorieta 2600'(+837')
Tubb 3610'(-173')
Abo Shale 4360' (-923')
Wolfcamp 5285' (-1848')
Wolfcamp Shale 5460'(-2023')

# 3. ESTIMATED DEPTHS OF ANTICIPATED FRESH WATER, OIL, OR GAS

Fresh water

80'

Oil and Gas

Wolfcamp 5285' (-1848') - 5460'(-2023')

No H<sub>2</sub>S gas should be encountered

# 4. <u>CASING AND CEMENTING PROGRAM</u>

Casing Size	From To	Weight	<u>Grade</u>	<u>Joint</u>
20" conductor	0'-120'			
9 5/8"	0' - 1,400'	36#	J-55	LTC
5 1/2"	0' - 9,424'	17#	N-80	LTC

Equivalent or adequate grades and weights of casing may be substituted at time casing is run, depending on availability.

# ALYDAR 1426-34 FED COM #1 Page 2

9-5/8" slurry: Lead: 125 sacks (50:50) Poz (Fly Ash): Class C + 5% bwow Sodium Chloride + 10% bwoc Bentonite + 151.7% fresh water. Tail: 200 sacks Class C + 1% bwoc Calcium Chloride + 56.3% fresh water

<u>Note</u>: If cement does not circulate to surface, notify BLM. A temperature survey will be required. Top out to surface with 1" pipe in the annulus.

Note: 5-1/2" Cement per completion procedure. Top of Cement should be tied-back to surface casing.

# **Drilling Procedure**

- a. Set 20" conductor pipe as deep as possible up to 120' with a rathole unit.
- b. Drill 12 ¼" surface hole to an approximate depth of 1400', using fresh water and viscous sweeps for hole cleaning. Set 9 5/8", 36# J-55 casing with 460 sx, Class C cement (lead will be 50/50 Poz, circulate to surface, 1" if necessary).
- c. Set slips on 9 5/8" CSG. Cut 9 5/8" CSG and NU & test BOP.
- d. Drill 8-3/4" production hole to 5500', using cut brine to an approximate depth of 4300' and a starch mud system to TD.
- e. Plug lower portion of the hole, per OCD/BLM specifications.
- f. Set kick-off cement plug to cover Wolfcamp zone +200'.
- g. Dress CMT to kick off point at approximately 4863'.
- h. Build angle at 13.6 degrees per 100' to 90 degrees and hold.
- i. Drill 7-7/8" horizontal drain hole to a terminus of 660' FWL.
- j. Run 5 ½" 17# N-80 long-string, cement with 500 sx 50:50 Poz, 500 sx Class C acid soluble cement.
- k. Rig Down Rotary Tools

# **ALYDAR 1426-34 FED COM #1 Page 3**

# 5. MINIMUM SPECIFICATIONS FOR PRESSURE CONTROL

The BOP stack will consist of a 3,000 psi working pressure, dual ram type preventer and annular.

A BOP sketch is attached.

# 6. TYPES AND CHARACTERS OF THE PROPOSED MUD SYSTEM

- a. Spud and drill to 1,400' with fresh water gel spud mud for surface string.
- b. The intermediate section from 0' to 1,400' will be 8.3 ppg Fresh Water system and viscous sweeps for hole cleaning.
- c. The production section from 1,400' to 4,300' will utilize a cut brine mud system.
- d. The remaining production section from 4,300' to TD will be a starch mud system with mud weight sufficient to control formation pressures.

# 7. AUXILIARY WELL CONTROL AND MONITORING EQUIPMENT

None required.

# 8. LOGGING, TESTING, AND CORING PROGRAM

Mud logs as well as DLL/CNL/LDT/CAL/GR logging is planned. Drill stem tests, cores and sidewall cores are possible.

# 9. <u>ABNORMAL CONDITIONS, PRESSURES, TEMPERATURES & POTENTIAL HAZARDS</u>

None anticipated.

BHP expected to be 1,100 psi.

# 10. <u>ANTICIPATED STARTING DATE:</u>

Is planned that operations will commence around third quarter of 2006 with drilling and completion operation lasting about 30 days.

# STATEMENT ACCEPTING RESPONSIBILITY FOR OPERATIONS

Parallel Petroleum Corporation 1004 N. Big Spring St. Suite 400 Midland, Texas 79701

The undersigned accepts all applicable terms, conditions, stipulations and restrictions covering operations conducted on the leased land or portion thereof, as described below:

Lease No:

NM NM 112258

Legal Description of Land:

Alydar 1426-34 Fed. Com #1

SHL: 1880' FSL and 300' FEL, Sec. 34, T14S, R26E BHL: 1880' FSL and 660' FWL, Sec. 34, T14S, R26E

Chaves County, New Mexico

Formation(s) (if applicable: Wolfcamp

8-25-06

Bond Coverage:

\$25,000 statewide bond of Parallel Petroleum Corporation

BLM Bond File No:

NMB000265

Date

Name: Deane Durham

Title: Engineer

# SURFACE AND OPERATIONS PLAN FOR DRILLING, COMPLETION, AND PRODUCING

# PARALLEL PETROLEUM CORPORATION ALYDAR 1426-34 FED. COM. #1 SHL: 1880' FSL AND 300' FEL, SEC 34, T14S, R26E CHAVES COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

# LOCATED:

4 miles South of Hagerman, New Mexico

# OIL & GAS LEASE:

NM NM 112258

# **RECORD LESSEE:**

Doug J. Schultz P.O. Box 973 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504

# **BOND COVERAGE:**

\$25,000 statewide bond # NMB000265 of Parallel Petroleum Corporation

# ACRES IN LEASE:

120.00

# FEE SURFACE OWNER:

Lois Stephens P.O. Box 91 Hagerman, New Mexico 88232

# POOL:

Wolfcamp (Gas)

# ALYDAR 1426-34 FED. COM. #1

# Page 2

# **EXHIBITS**:

- A. Area Road Map
- B. Drilling Rig Layout
- C. Pad Elevation Plat
- D. Vicinity Map
- E. Area Production Map
- F. Topographic & Location Verification Map
- G. Well Location & Acreage Dedication Map (NMOCD Form C-102)
- H. NMOCD Form C-144, Pit Registration
- I. Blow Out Preventer (BOP) Schematic
- J. Choke Manifold Schematic
- K. Estimated Horizontal Survey Calculation Program
- L. Estimated Wellbore Plot

# 1. EXISTING ROADS

- A. Exhibits A and D are area road maps showing existing roads in the vicinity of the site.
- B. Exhibit F is a topographic map of the location showing existing roads and the proposed new access road.

# 2. ACCESS ROADS

# A. Length and Width

At the intersection of Highway 2 and County Road 92 (4.2 mile south of Hagerman, NM) go east on CR 92 2.1 miles. Then turn north on improved caliche road 1320 feet to an existing gate. New access road will be constructed from this point. Go north from this gate 600 feet to location. The caliche road from the County Road to the gate and then on to the location will be surfaced with 4 to 6 inches of caliche and will be 16' to 24' wide with a total length of approximately .4 mile.

# B. Surface Material

Caliche from a commercial source.

# C. Maximum Grade

Less than five percent.

# **ALYDAR 1426-34 FED. COM. #1 Page 3**

# D. Turnouts

At least one turnouts will be constructed.

# E. Drainage Design

No Change.

# F. Culverts

None necessary.

# G. Gates and Cattle Guards

A cattle guard will be constructed were there currently is a gate, .25 mile north of the County Road.

# 3. LOCATION OF EXISTING WELLS

Existing wells in the immediate area are shown in Exhibit "E".

# 4. LOCATION OF EXISTING AND/OR PROPOSED FACILITIES

Necessary production facilities for this well will be located on the well pad.

# 5. LOCATION AND TYPE OF WATER SUPPLY

A water well drilled on property near the drill site belonging to Parallel Petroleum will be utilized for drilling and completion operations. A permit for drilling the well will be secured from the New Mexico Office of State Engineers prior to the start of drilling operations.

# 6. METHODS OF HANDLING WASTE DISPOSAL

- A. Drilling fluids will be allowed to dry in the drilling pits until the pits are closed.
- B. Water produced during tests will be disposed of in the drilling pits.
- C. Oil produced during tests will be stored in test tanks.
- D. Trash will be contained in a trash trailer and removed from well site.

# ALYDAR 1426-34 FED. COM. #1

# Page 4

- E. All trash and debris will be removed from the well site within 30 days after finishing drilling and/or completion operations.
- F. The reserve pit will be closed as per BLM and NMOCD regulations and guidelines.

# 7. <u>ANCILLARY FACILITIES</u>

None required.

# 8. WELL SITE LAYOUT

Exhibit B shows the relative location and dimensions of the well pad, mud pits, reserve pit, and the location of major rig components.

# 9. PLANS FOR RESTORATION OF THE SURFACE

- A. After completion of drilling and/or completion operations, all equipment and other material not needed for operations will be removed. The well site will be cleaned of all trash and junk to leave the site in as aesthetically pleasing condition as possible.
- B. After abandonment, all equipment, trash, and junk will be removed and the site will be clean.

# 10. OTHER INFORMATION

# A. Topography

The land surface at the well site is rolling native grass with a regional slope being to the north and east.

# B. Soil

The limited topsoil at the well site is rocky, sandy soil.

# C. Flora and Fauna

The location is in an area sparsely covered with mesquite and range grasses.

# **ALYDAR 1426-34 FED. COM. #1 Page 5**

# D. Ponds and Streams

Prichard Lake and several unnamed playa lakes are located .5 miles northeast of the site and an unnamed playa is located .4 mile north of the site. Drainage from the site will be to the north and east, toward the playa. No streams or creeks are located in the immediate vicinity of the wellsite.

# E. Residences and Other Structures

Occupied mobile home is located .25 mile west of the well site.

# F. Archaeological, Historical, and Cultural Sites

See archaeological report # SNMAS-06NM-2355

submitted by:

Southern New Mexico Archaeological Services, Inc.,

P.O. Box 1

Bent, New Mexico 88314

Phone 505-671-4797

# G. Land Use

Undeveloped

# H. Surface Ownership

Surface is owned by Lois Stevens, Hagerman, NM

# 11. OPERATOR'S REPRESENTATIVE

Deane Durham, Engineer Parallel Petroleum Corporation 1004 North Big Spring Street, Suite 400 Midland, Texas 79701 Office: (432) 684-3727

# **ALYDAR 1426-34 FED. COM. #1 Page 6**

# 12. <u>CERTIFICATION</u>

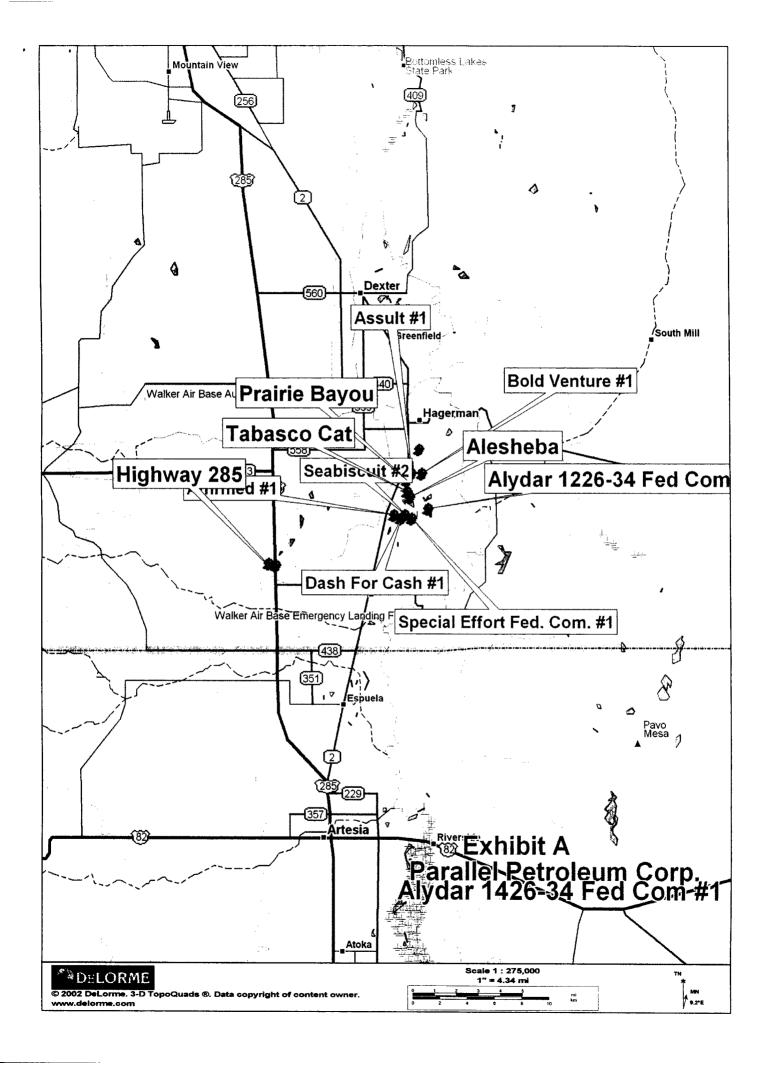
I hereby certify that I, or persons under my direct supervision, have inspected the proposed drill site and access route; that I am familiar with the conditions which presently exist; that the statements made in this plan are, to the best of my knowledge, true and correct; and, that the work associated with the operations proposed herein will be performed by Parallel Petroleum Corporation and its contractors and subcontractors in conformity with this plan and the terms and conditions under which it is approved.

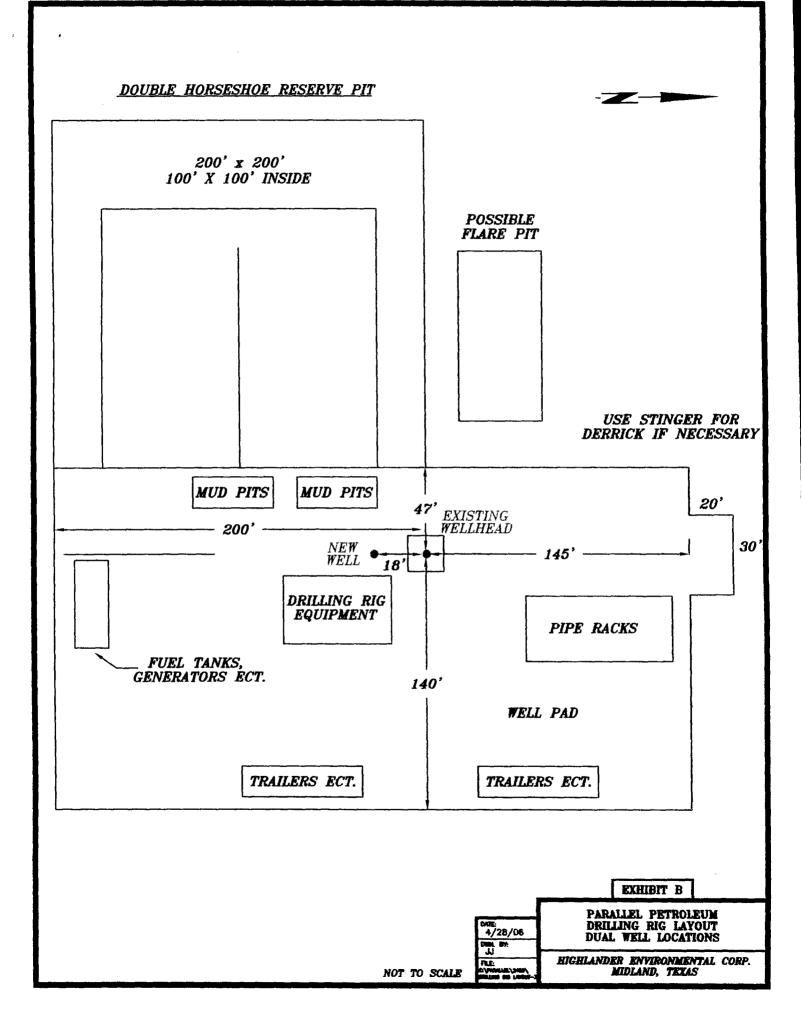
8-25-06

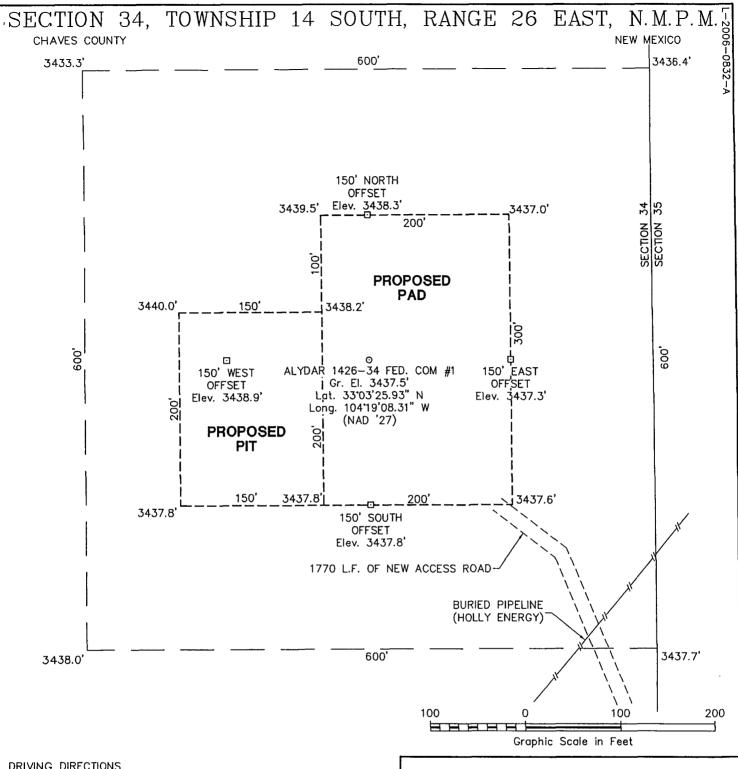
Date

Name: Deane Durham

Title: Engineer







#### DRIVING DIRECTIONS

FROM THE INTERSECTION OF STATE HIGHWAY 339 AND STATE HIGHWAY 2 IN HAGERMAN, NM GO SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST ON SAID STATE HIGHWAY 2, 4.2 MILES TO COUNTY ROAD 92, THEN GO EAST ON SAID COUNTY ROAD 92 2.1 MILES TO A POINT WHERE A PROPOSED ROAD WHICH RUNS NORTH BEGINS, THENCE NORTH ALONG SAID PROPOSED ROAD 0.3 MILE TO THE PROPOSED WELL PAD.

# WEST COMPANY of Midland, Inc.

110 W. LOUISIANA, STE. 110 MIDLAND TEXAS, 79701 (432) 687-0865 - (432) 687-0868 FAX

# PARALLEL PETROLEUM CORPORATION

# ALYDAR 1426-34 FED. COM. #1

Located 1880' FSL & 300' FEL, Section 34 Township 14 South, Range 26 East, N.M.P.M. Chaves County, New Mexico

Drawn By: LVA	Date: August 11, 2006				
Scale: 1"=100'	Field Book: 348 / 7-8				
Revision Date: 8-23-2006	Quadrangle: Hagerman				
W.O. No: 2006-0832-1	Dwg. No.: L-2006-0832-A				

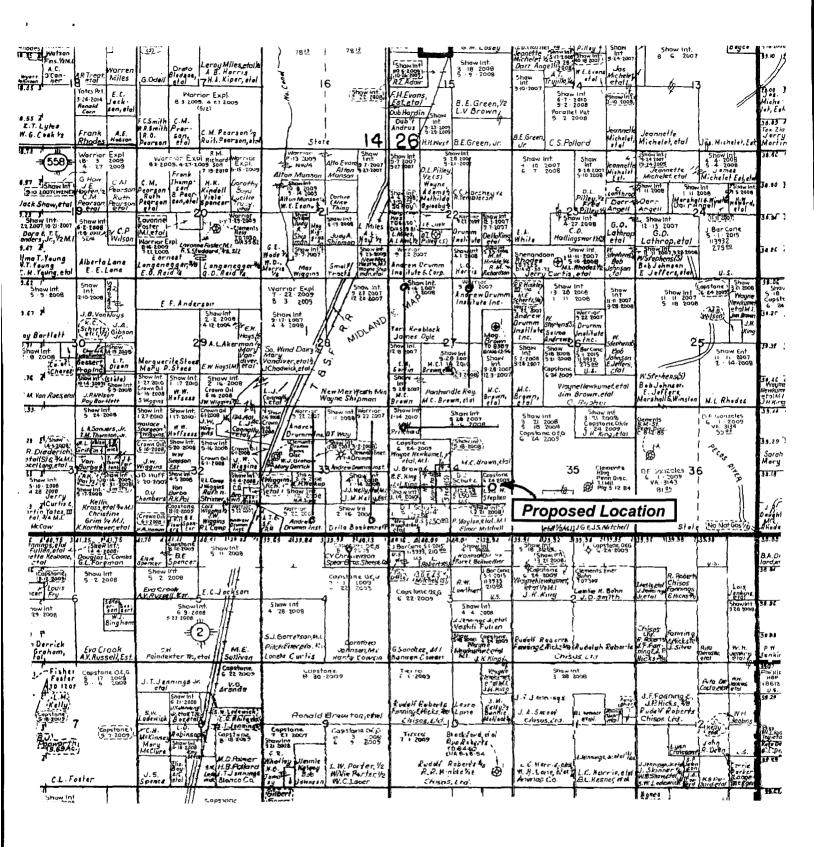


Exhibit "E"

AREA PRODUCTION MAP

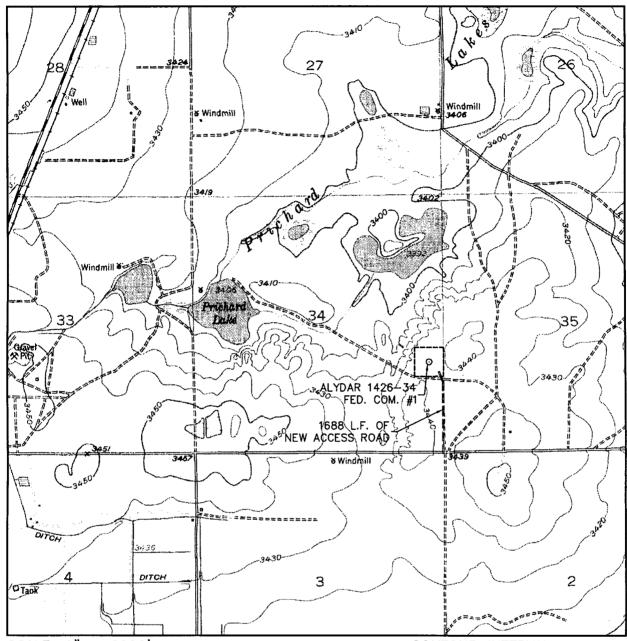
PARALLEL PETROLEUM CORPORATION

ALYDAR 1426-34 FED. COM. #1

SHL: 1880' FSL AND 300' FEL, SEC 34, T14S, R26E

CHAVES COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

# LOCATION VERIFICATION MAP



SCALE: 1" = 2000'

CONTOUR INTERVAL: HAGERMAN - 10'

SEC. 34 TWP. 14-S RGE. 26-E

SURVEY N.M.P.M.

COUNTY CHAVES

DESCRIPTION 1880' FSL & 300' FEL

ELEVATION 3437'

OPERATOR PARALLEL PETROLEUM CORPORATION

LEASE ALYDAR 1426-34 FED. COM.

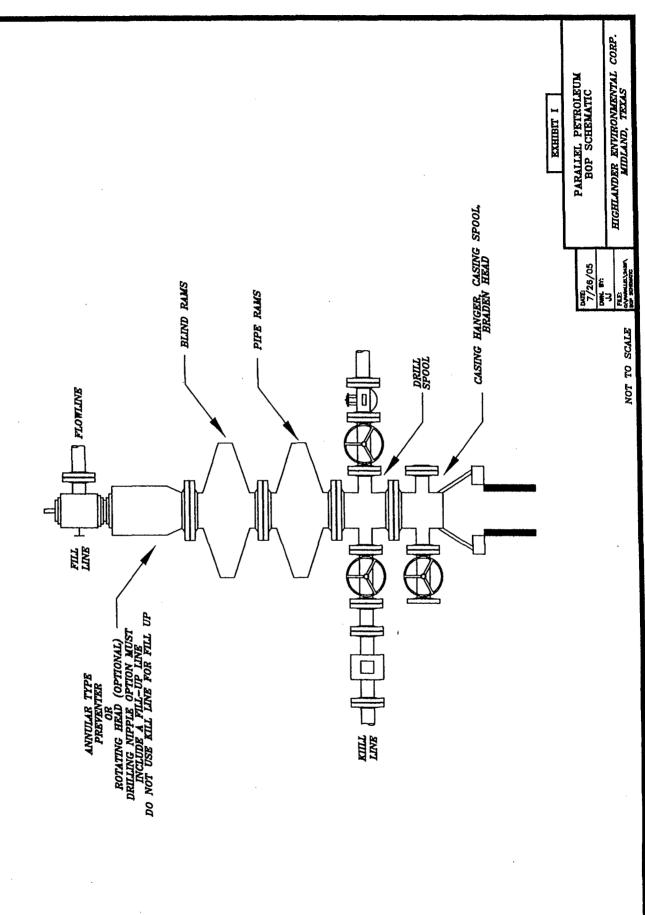
U.S.G.S. TOPOGRAPHIC MAP HAGERMAN, N.M.



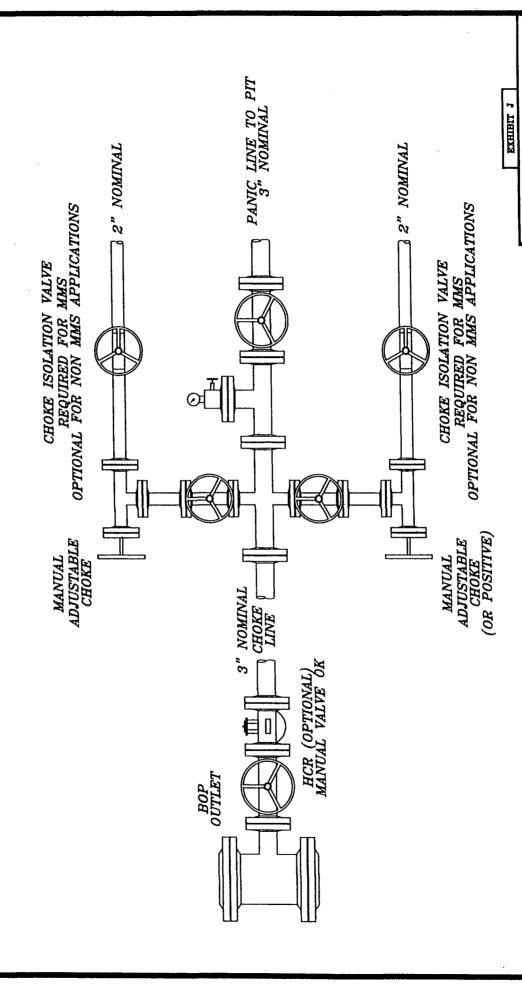
**Exhibit F** 

110 W. LOUISIANA, STE. 110 MIDLAND TEXAS, 79701 MIDLAND TEXAS, 79701 MIDLAND TEXAS, 79701 MIDLAND TEXAS, 79701

# MINIMUM BOP SCHEMATIC



# CHOKE MANIFOLD 5M SERVICE



HIGHLANDER ENVIRONMENTAL CORP. MIDLAND, TEXAS

DATE 8/17/05
DWK. 87:
JJ
FILE:
CV, WANTER (SAME)
COLORER MARRIED
COLORER MARRI

NOT TO SCALE

PARALLEL PETROLEUM CHOKE MANIFOLD

				<u></u>	N					
	RATOR:		Parallel P			<u>n</u>	Superviso			
WELL: LOCATION:			Alydar 14					<del></del>	1	
	UMBER		Sec. 34 T-	14-5 K-20	• <b>c</b> Recessions		<del> </del>			
O1 11	OINDCI-		COMM	ENTS:			<del>                                     </del>			
				,,,,-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				MAG D	EC.(-/+)	1
									ORR.(-/+)	
								TOTAL	CORR (-/+)	0.0
		DATE	: 08/21/06		TIME:	11:01 AM	TRUE TO GRI	D		▼
MINIM	JM CURV	ATURE (	CALCULATIO	NS(SPE-3362	e) PF	OPOSED I	DIRECTION	270.0	TARGET 1	RACKING NTER
SVY NUM	ΜD	INC	GRID AZM	TVD	VERT SECT	N-S	E-W	DLS/ 100	ABOVE(+) BELOW(-)	1
TIE	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
1	4863	0.0	0.0	4863.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	422.0	0.0
2	4873	1.3	270.0	4873.0	0.1	0.0	-0.1	13.0	412.0	0.0
2			070.0	4000 0	0.5	0.0	-0.5	13.0	402.0	0.0
3	4883	2.6	270.0	4883.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	10.0	402.0	0.0
_	4883 5525	2.6 90.0	270.0 270.0	4883.0 5284.8	420.9	0.0	-420.9	13.6	0.2	0.0

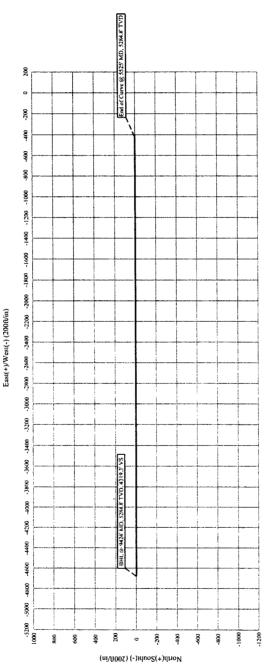
KOP @ 4863' MD BUR = 13.6 DEG per 100 FT End Curve @ 5525' MD, 5284.8' TVD BHL @ 9424' MD, 5284.8' TVD, 4319.9' VS

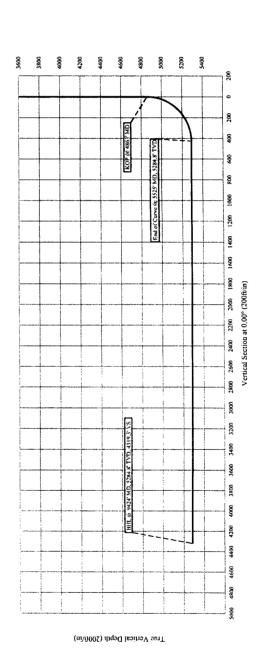
# Parallel Petroleum Corp.

Alydar 1426-34 Fed. Com. #1 Sec.34, T-14-S, R-26-E Chaves County, New Mexico

Parallel Petroleum Corp. 1004 N. Big Spring, Ste 400 Midland, Texas 79701

COMPANY DETAILS







1004 North Big Spring, Suite 400 • Midland, TX 79701 • Ph: 432-684-3727 • Fax: 432-685-6580

August 24, 2006

New Mexico Oil conservation Division 1301 W. Grand Ave. Artesia, New Mexico 88210

Re:

Hydrogen Sulfide Potential

Hagerman Area Wolfcamp Program

Chavez County, New Mexico



# Gentlemen:

Parallel Petroleum Corporation operates the Seabiscuit #1 and the Seabiscuit #2 wells located in Section 33, T-14-S, R-26-E and the Dash for Cash #1 in Section 4, T-15-S, R-26-E. These wells were tested in the Wolfcamp formation and did not have any indications of hydrogen sulfide from this formation. Please see the gas analysis attached to this letter. We believe the potential for H2S on locations in this area are negligible.

Should you need any additional information regarding this issue, please contact me at the address or phone number listed above.

Sincerely,

Deane Durham Drilling Engineer

# Wildcat Keasurement Service P.O. Box 1836

Artesia. New Mexico 88211-1836 TollFree #888-421-9453

Office #505-746-3481 "Quality and Service is our First Concern" PDS 06/25/00

Run No.

260728-01

Date Run

07/28/2006

State: NM

Pressure Base: 14.7300

Real BTU Dry: 1092.27 Real BTU Wet: 1073.26

Standard Pressure: 14.6960

BTU Dry: 1086.59

BTU Wet: 1067.68

I Pactor: 0.9971

M Value: 1.2913

Avg Nol Weight: 20.6848

Avg CuPt/Gal: 56.8397

26 Lb Product: 0.4422 Methane+ GPM: 17.0215

Rthane+ GPM: 3.3555 Propane+ GPM: 1.5531 Butane+ GPM: 0.7199

0.2953

Pentane+ GPM:

Real Calc. Specific Gravity: 0.7159 Field Specific Gravity: 0.0000

Date Sampled 07/27/2006

GPANGL.L62

Analysis for: PARALLEL PETROLEUM CORPORATION

Well Name: DASH FOR CASH #1

Field:

Sta. Number:

Purpose: SPOT

Sampling Temp: 60

Volume/day:

Pressure on Cylinder: 733

DEG F

PSIG

Producer: PARALLEL PETROLEUM CORP.

DRG F

County: CHAVES

Sampled By: DON NORMAN

Atmos Temp: 91

Pormation:

Line Pressure: 746.2 PSIA

GAS COMPONENT ANALYSIS

Mol % **GPM** 

Carbon Dioxide CO2 5.6514 N2 Mitrogen 1.8667

Hydrogen Sulfide H2S 0.0000

Methane 80.6277 C1 Ethane C2 6.7430

C3 3.0262 0.8332 Propane IC4 0.4434 0.1450 Iso-Butane Nor-Butane HC4 0.8870 0.2796 Iso-Pentane IC5 0.2361 0.0864 Nor-Pentane NC5 0.2341 0.0848

C6+ 0.2844 Hexanes Plus 0.1241

TOTAL

100.0000

3.3555

1.8023

REMARKS:

H2S IN GAS STREAM: NONE DETECTED

Approved by: DON NORMAN

Fri Jul 28 15:04:04 2006



# Wildcat Measurement Service

PDS 06/25/00

P.O. Rox 1836

Artesia. New Mexico 88211-1836 TollFree #888-421-9453

Office #505-746-3481

Run No. Date Run

260728-02 07/28/2006

"Quality and Service is our First Concern"

Date Sampled 07/27/2006

Analysis for: PARALLEL PETROLEUM CORPORATION

Well Name: SEABISCUIT #2

GPANGL, L62

Pield:

Producer: PARALLEL PETROLEUM CORP. County: CHAVES

State: NM

Sta. Number:

Sampled By: DOW NORMAN

Purpose: SPOT

Atmos Temp: 90

Sampling Temp: 60

DEG F

Pormation:

DEG F

Volume/day: Pressure on Cylinder: 576

PSIG

Line Pressure: 589.2 PSIA

GAS COMPONENT ANALYSIS

Pressure Base: 14.7300

Hol % GPM Real BTU Dry: 1098.66

Real BTU Wet: 1079.53

Real Calc. Specific Gravity: 0.6842

Field Specific Gravity:

0.0000

Carbon Dioxide CO2 3.8765

Mitrogen 1.1954 Hydrogen Sulfide H2S 0.0000

Standard Pressure: 14,6960

BTU Drv: 1093.16 BTU Wet: 1074.14

84.4558 Methane C1

C2 6.1856 1.6534 Ethane

Propane C3 2.4877 0.6850 Iso-Butane IC4 0.3548 0.1161 Nor-Rutane NC4 0.7054 0.2224

Iso-Pentane IC5 0.1941 0.0710 Nor-Pentane NC5 0.1929 0.0699

Hexanes Plus C6+ 0.3518 0.1535 Z Factor: 0.9973

N Value: 1,2930 Avg Hol Weight: 19.7705

· Avg CuPt/Gal: 56.9423 26 Lb Product: 0.4521 Methane+ GPM: 17.2860

Ethane+ GPM: 2.9711 Propane+ GPM: 1.3178

Butane+ GPM: 0.6328 Pentane+ GPM: 0.2944

TOTAL

100.0000

2.9711

REMARKS:

H2S IN GAS STREAM: NONE DETECTED

Approved by: DON NORMAN

Fri Jul 28 15:04:04 2006

RECEIVED AUG 09 2006



Legals:

Alydar 1426-34 Fed Com

Well #1

1880' FSL & 300' FEL

Section 34

Township 14 South, Range 26 East, N.MY.M. Survey

Chaves County, New Mexico

# H<sub>2</sub>S

# "Contingency Plan"

CALLAWAY SAFETY EQUIPMENT CO. INC. 1020 W. Hwy. 80 East 3229 Industrial Drive Odessa, Texas 79765 Hobbs, New Mexico 88240 (432) 561-5049 (877) 422-6345 (505) 392-2973

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# H<sub>2</sub>S CONTINGENCY PLAN SECTION

# Scope:

This contingency plan provides an organized plan of action for alerting and protecting the public within an area of exposure prior to an intentional release, or following the accidental release of a potentially hazardous volume of hydrogen sulfide. The plan establishes guidelines for all personnel whose work activity may involve exposure to Hydrogen Sulfide Gas (H<sub>2</sub>S).

# **Objective:**

Prevent any and all accidents, and prevent the uncontrolled release of H<sub>2</sub>S into the atmosphere.

Provide proper evacuation procedures to cope with emergencies.

Provide immediate and adequate medical attention should an injury occur.

#### Discussion of Plan:

# Suspected Problem Zones:

*Implementation:* This plan, with all details, is to be fully implemented 1000' before drilling into the first sour zone.

**Emergency Response Procedure:** This section outlines the conditions and denotes steps to be taken in the event of an emergency.

**Emergency Equipment and Procedure:** This section outlines the safety and emergency equipment that will be required for the drilling of this well.

**Training Provisions:** This section outlines the training provisions that must be adhered to 1000' before drilling into the first sour zone.

**Emergency call lists:** Included are the telephone numbers of all persons that would need to be contacted, should an H2S emergency occur.

**Briefing:** This section deals with the briefing of all persons involved with the drilling of this well.

**Public Safety:** Public Safety Personnel will be made aware of the drilling of this well.

**Check Lists:** Status check lists and procedural check lists have been included to ensure adherence to the plan.

**General Information:** A general information section has been included to supply support information.

# **EMERGECY PROCEDURES SECTION**

- I. In the event of any evidence of H<sub>2</sub>S level above 10 ppm, take the following steps immediately:
  - A. Secure breathing apparatus.
  - B. Order non-essential personnel out of the danger zone.
  - C. Take steps to determine if the H<sub>2</sub>S level can be corrected or suppressed, and if so, proceed with normal operations.
- II. If uncontrollable conditions occur, proceed with the following:
  - A. Take steps to protect and/or remove any public downwind of the rig, including partial evacuation or isolation. Notify necessary public safety personnel and the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division.
  - B. Remove all personnel to the Safe Briefing Area.
  - C. Notify public safety personnel for help with maintaining roadblocks and implementing evacuation.
  - D. Determine and proceed with the best possible plan to regain control of the well. Maintain tight security and safety measures.

# III. Responsibility:

- A. The Company Approved Supervisor shall be responsible for the total implementation of the plan.
- B. The Company Approved Supervisor shall be in complete command during any emergency.
- C. The Company Approved Supervisor shall designate a back up Supervisor in the event that he/she is not available.

EMERGENCY PROCEDURE IMPLEMENTATION

# I. Drilling or Tripping

# A. All Personnel

- 1. When alarm sounds, don escape unit and report to upwind Safe Briefing Area.
- 2. Check status of other personnel (buddy system).
- 3. Secure breathing apparatus.
- 4. Wait for orders from supervisor.

# B. Drilling Foreman

- 1. Report to the upwind Safe Briefing Area.
- 2. Don Breathing Apparatus and return to the point of release with the Tool Pusher or Driller (buddy system).
- 3. Determine the concentration of H<sub>2</sub>S.
- 4. Assess the situation and take appropriate control measures.

# C. Tool Pusher

- 1. Report to the upwind Safe Briefing Area.
- 2. Don breathing apparatus and return to the point of release with the Drilling Foreman or the Driller (buddy system).
- 3. Determine the concentration.
- 4. Assess the situation and take appropriate control measures.

#### D. Driller

- 1. Check the status of other personnel (in a rescue attempt, always use the buddy system).
- 2. Assign the least essential person to notify the Drilling Foreman and Tool Pusher, in the event of their absence.

3. Assume the responsibility of the Drilling Foreman and the Tool Pusher until they arrive, in the event of their absence.

# E. Derrick Man and Floor Hands

1. Remain in the upwind Safe Briefing Area until otherwise instructed by a supervisor.

# F. Mud Engineer

- 1. Report to the upwind Safe Briefing Area.
- 2. When instructed, begin check of mud for pH level and H<sub>2</sub>S level.

# G. Safety Personnel

- 1. Don Breathing Apparatus.
- 2. Check status of all personnel.
- 3. Wait for instructions from Drilling Foreman or Tool Pusher.

# II. Taking a Kick

- A. All personnel report to the upwind Safe Briefing Area.
- B. Follow standard BOP procedures.

# III. Open Hole Logging

- A. All unnecessary personnel should leave the rig floor.
- B. Drilling Foreman and Safety Personnel should monitor the conditions and make necessary safety equipment recommendations.

# IV. Running Casing or Plugging

- A. Follow "Drilling or Tripping" procedures.
- B. Assure that all personnel have access to protective equipment.

# SIMULATED BLOWOUT CONTROL DRILLS

All drills will be initiated by activating alarm devices (air horn). One long blast, on the air horn, for ACTUAL and SIMULATED Blowout Control Drills. This operation will be performed by the Drilling Foreman or Tool Pusher at least one time per week for each of the following conditions, with each crew:

Drill # 1 Bottom Drilling

Drill # 2 Tripping Drill Pipe

In each of these drills, the initial reaction time to shutting in the well shall be timed as well as the total time for the crew to complete its entire pit drill assignment. The times must be recorded on the IADC Driller's Log as "Blowout Control Drill".

Drill No.:

Reaction Time to Shut-In:

minutes.

seconds.

Total Time to Complete Assignment:

minutes,

seconds.

#### I. Drill Overviews

- A. Drill No. 1- Bottom Drilling
  - 1. Sound the alarm immediately.
  - 2. Stop the rotary and hoist kelly joint above the rotary table.
  - 3. Stop the circulatory pump.
  - 4. Close the drill pipe rams.
  - 5. Record casing and drill pipe shut-in pressures and pit volume increases.
- B. Drill No. 2 Tripping Drill Pipe
  - 1. Sound the alarm immediately.
  - 2. Position the upper tool joint just above the rotary table and set the slips.

- 3. Install a full opening valve or inside blowout preventor tool in order to close the drill pipe.
- 4. Close the drill pipe rams.
- 5. Record the shut-in annular pressure.

# II. Crew Assignments

# A. Drill No. 1 – Bottom Drilling

# 1. Driller

- a) Stop the rotary and hoist kelly joint above the rotary table.
- b) Stop the circulatory pump.
- c) Check flow.
- d) If flowing, sound the alarm immediately.
- e) Record the shut-in drill pipe pressure.
- Determine the mud weight increase needed or other courses of action.

# 2. Derrickman

- a) Open choke line valve at BOP.
- b) Signal Floor Man # 1 at accumulator that choke line is open.
- c) Close choke and upstream valve after pipe rams have been closed.
- d) Read the shut-in annular pressure and report readings to Driller.

# 3. Floor Man # 1

- a) Close the pipe rams after receiving the signal from the Derrickman.
- b) Report to Driller for further instructions.

# 4. Floor Man # 2

- a) Notify the Tool Pusher and Operator Representative of the H<sub>2</sub>S alarms.
- b) Check for open fires and, if safe to do so, extinguish them.
- c) Stop all welding operations.
- d) Turn-off all non-explosion proof lights and instruments.
- e) Report to Driller for further instructions.

# 5. Tool Pusher

- a) Report to the rig floor.
- b) Have a meeting with all crews.
- c) Compile and summarize all information.
- d) Calculate the proper kill weight.
- e) Ensure that proper well procedures are put into action.

# 6. Operator Representative

- a) Notify the Drilling Superintendent.
- b) Determine if an emergency exists and if so, activate the contingency plan.

# B. Drill No. 2 - Tripping Pipe

# 1. Driller

- a) Sound the alarm immediately when mud volume increase has been detected.
- b) Position the upper tool joint just above the rotary table and set slips.
- c) Install a full opening valve or inside blowout preventor tool to close the drill pipe.
- d) Check flow.
- e) Record all data reported by the crew.

f) Determine the course of action.

# 2. Derrickman

- a) Come down out of derrick.
- b) Notify Tool Pusher and Operator Representative.
- c) Check for open fires and, if safe to do so, extinguish them.
- d) Stop all welding operations.
- e) Report to Driller for further instructions.

#### 3. Floor Man # 1

- a) Pick up full opening valve or inside blowout preventor tool and stab into tool joint above rotary table (with Floor Man # 2).
- b) Tighten valve with back-up tongs.
- c) Close pipe rams after signal from Floor Man # 2.
- d) Read accumulator pressure and check for possible high pressure fluid leaks in valves or piping.
- e) Report to Driller for further instructions.

# 4. Floor Man # 2

- a) Pick-up full opening valve or inside blowout preventor tool and stab into tool joint above rotary table (with Floor Man # 1).
- b) Position back-up tongs on drill pipe.
- c) Open choke line valve at BOP.
- d) Signal Floor Man # 1 at accumulator that choke line is open.
- e) Close choke and upstream valve after pipe rams have been closed.
- f) Check for leaks on BOP stack and choke manifold.
- g) Read annular pressure.

h) Report readings to the Driller.

### 5. Tool Pusher

- a) Report to the rig floor.
- b) Have a meeting with all of the crews.
- c) Compile and summarize all information.
- d) See that proper well kill procedures are put into action.

### 6. Operator Representative

- a) Notify Drilling Superintendent
- b) Determine if an emergency exists, and if so, activate the contingency plan.

### **IGNITION PROCEDURES**

### Responsibility:

The decision to ignite the well is the responsibility of the DRILLING FOREMAN in concurrence with the STATE POLICE. In the event the Drilling Foreman is incapacitated, it becomes the responsibility of the RIG TOOL PUSHER. This decision should be made only as a last resort and in a situation where it is clear that:

- 1. Human life and property are endangered.
- 2. There is no hope of controlling the blowout under the prevailing conditions.

If time permits, notify the main office, but do not delay if human life is in danger. Initiate the first phase of the evacuation plan.

### Instructions for Igniting the Well:

- 1. Two people are required for the actual igniting operation. Both men must wear self-contained breathing apparatus and must use a full body harness and attach a retrievable safety line to the D-Ring in the back. One man must monitor the atmosphere for explosive gases with the LEL monitor, while the Drilling Foreman is responsible for igniting the well.
- 2. The primary method to ignite is a 25mm flare gun with a range of approximately 500 feet.
- 3. Ignite from upwind and do not approach any closer than is warranted.
- 4. Select the ignition site best suited for protection and which offers an easy escape route.
- 5. Before igniting, check for the presence of combustible gases.
- 6. After igniting, continue emergency actions and procedures as before.
- 7. All unassigned personnel will limit their actions to those directed by the Drilling Foreman.

NOTE: After the well is ignited, burning Hydrogen Sulfide will convert to Sulfur Dioxide, which is also highly toxic. Do not assume the area is safe after the well is ignited.

### TRAINING PROGRAM

When working in an area where Hydrogen Sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S) might be encountered, definite training requirements must be carried out. The Company Supervisor will ensure that all personnel, at the well site, have had adequate training in the following:

- 1. Hazards and Characteristics of Hydrogen Sulfide.
- 2. Physicals effects of Hydrogen Sulfide on the human body.
- 3. Toxicity of Hydrogen Sulfide and Sulfur Dioxide.
- 4. H<sub>2</sub>S detection, emergency alarm and sensor location.
- 5. Emergency rescue.
- 6. Resuscitators.
- 7. First aid and artificial resuscitation.
- 8. The effects of Hydrogen Sulfide on metals.
- 9. Location safety.

Service company personnel and visiting personnel must be notified if the zone contains  $H_2S$ , and each service company must provide adequate training and equipment for their employees before they arrive at the well site.

### **EMERGENCY EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS**

### Lease Entrance Sign:

Should be located at the lease entrance with the following information:

# CAUTION-POTENTIAL POISON GAS HYDROGEN SULFIDE NO ADMITTANCE WITHOUT AUTHORIZATION

### **Respiratory Equipment:**

- Fresh air breathing equipment should be placed at the safe briefing areas and should include the following:
- Two SCBA's at each briefing area.
- Enough air line units to operate safely, anytime the H<sub>2</sub>S concentration reaches the IDLH level (100 PPM).
- Cascade system with enough breathing air hose and manifolds to reach the rig floor, the derrickman and the other operation areas.

#### Windsocks or Wind Streamers:

- A minimum of two 10" windsocks located at strategic locations so that they may be seen from any point on location.
- Wind streamers (if preferred) should be placed at various locations on the well site to ensure wind consciousness at all times. (Corners of location).

### **Hydrogen Sulfide Detector and Alarms:**

- 1-Four channel H<sub>2</sub>S monitor with alarms.
- Four (4) sensors located as follows: # 1 Rig Floor, # 2 Bell Nipple, # 3
   Shale Shaker, # 4 Mud Pits.
- Gastec or Draeger pump with tubes.
- Sensor test gas.

### Well Condition Sign and Flags:

The Well Condition Sign w/flags should be placed a minimum of 150' before you enter the location. It should have three (3) color coded flags (green, yellow and red) that will be used to denote the following location conditions:

GREEN – Normal Operating Conditions YELLOW – Potential Danger RED – Danger, H2S Gas Present

### **Auxiliary Rescue Equipment:**

- Stretcher
- 2 100' Rescue lines
- First Aid Kit properly stocked.

### **Mud Inspection Equipment:**

Garret Gas Train or Hach Tester for inspection of Hydrogen Sulfide in the drilling mud system.

### Fire Extinguishers:

Adequate fire extinguishers shall be located at strategic locations.

### **Blowout Preventor:**

- The well shall have hydraulic BOP equipment for the anticipated BHP.
- The BOP should be tested upon installation.
- BOP, Choke Line and Kill Line will be tested as specified by Operator.

### **Confined Space Monitor:**

There should be a portable multi-gas monitor with at least 3 sensors (O<sub>2</sub>, LEL & H2S). This instrument should be used to test the atmosphere of any confined space before entering. It should also be used for atmospheric testing for LEL gas before beginning any type of Hot Work. Proper calibration documentation will need to be provided.

### **Communication Equipment:**

 Proper communication equipment such as cell phones or 2 – way radios should be available at the rig.

- Radio communication shall be available for communication between the company man's trailer, rig floor and the tool pusher's trailer.
- Communication equipment shall be available on the vehicles.

### **Special Control Equipment:**

- Hydraulic BOP equipment with remote control on the ground.
- Rotating head at the surface casing point.

### **Evacuation Plan:**

- Evacuation routes should be established prior to spudding the well.
- Should be discussed with all rig personnel.

### **Designated Areas:**

### Parking and Visitor area:

- All vehicles are to be parked at a pre-determined safe distance from the wellhead.
- · Designated smoking area.

### Safe Briefing Areas:

- Two Safe Briefing Areas shall be designated on either side of the location at the maximum allowable distance from the well bore so they offset prevailing winds or they are at a 180 degree angle if wind directions tend to shift in the area.
- Personal protective equipment should be stored at both briefing areas or if a moveable cascade trailer is used, it should be kept upwind of existing winds. When wind is from the prevailing direction, both briefing areas should be accessible.

### NOTE:

- Additional equipment will be available at the nearest Callaway Safety Office.
- Additional personal H<sub>2</sub>S monitors are available for all employees on location.

Automatic Flare Igniters are recommended for installation on the rig.

### **CHECK LISTS**

### **Status Check List**

Note: Date each item as they are implemented. 1. Sign at location entrance. 2. Two (2) wind socks (in required locations). 3. Wind Streamers (if required). 4. SCBA's on location for all rig personnel and mud loggers. 5. Air packs, inspected and ready for use. 6. Spare bottles for each air pack (if required). 7. Cascade system for refilling air bottles. 8. Cascade system and hose line hook up. 9. Choke manifold hooked-up and tested. (Before drilling out surface casing.) 10. Remote Hydraulic BOP control (hooked-up and tested before drilling out surface casing). 11. BOP tested (before drilling out surface casing). 12. Mud engineer on location with equipment to test mud for H<sub>2</sub>S. 13. Safe Briefing Areas set-up. 14. Well Condition sign and flags on location and ready. 15. Hydrogen Sulfide detection system hooked-up & tested. 16. Hydrogen Sulfide alarm system hooked-up & tested. 17. Stretcher on location at Safe Briefing Area.

18. 2-100' Life Lines on location.

19.	1-20# Fire Extinguisher in safety trailer.	
20.	Confined Space Monitor on location and tested.	
21.	All rig crews and supervisor trained (as required).	
22.	Access restricted for unauthorized personnel.	
23.	Drills on H <sub>2</sub> S and well control procedures.	
24.	All outside service contractors advised of potential H₂S on the well.	
25.	NO SMOKING sign posted.	
26.	H₂S Detector Pump w/tubes on location.	
27.	25mm Flare Gun on location w/flares.	
28.	Automatic Flare Ignitor installed on rig.	

#### Procedural Check List

### Perform the following on each tour:

- 1. Check fire extinguishers to see that they have the proper charge.
- 2. Check Breathing equipment to insure that they have not been tampered with.
- 3. Check pressure on the supply air bottles to make sure they are capable of recharging.
- 4. Make sure all of the Hydrogen Sulfide detection systems are operative.

### Perform the following each week:

- Check each piece of breathing equipment to make sure that they are fully charged and operational. This requires that the air cylinder be opened and the mask assembly be put on and tested to make sure that the regulators and masks are properly working. Negative and Positive pressure should be conducted on all masks.
- 2. BOP skills.
- 3. Check supply pressure on BOP accumulator stand-by source.
- 4. Check all breathing air mask assemblies to see that straps are loosened and turned back, ready to use.
- 5. Check pressure on cascade air cylinders to make sure they are fully charged and ready to use for refill purposes if necessary.
- 6. Check all cascade system regulators to make sure they work properly.
- 7. Perform breathing drills with on-site personnel.
- 8. Check the following supplies for availability:
  - Stretcher
  - Safety Belts and ropes.
  - Spare air bottles.
  - Spare oxygen bottles (if resuscitator required).
  - · Gas Detector Pump and tubes.
  - · Emergency telephone lists.

9. Test the Confined Space Monitor to verify the batteries are good.

### **BRIEFING PROCEDURES**

The following scheduled briefings will be held to ensure the effective drilling and operation of this project:

### **Pre-Spud Meeting**

Date: Prior to spudding the well. Attendance: Drilling Supervisor

Drilling Engineer Drilling Foreman Rig Tool Pushers Rig Drillers

Mud Engineer

All Safety Personnel

Key Service Company Personnel

Purpose: Review and discuss the well program, step-by-step, to insure

complete understanding of assignments and responsibilities.

### **EVACUATION PLAN**

### **General Plan**

The direct lines of action prepared by CALLAWAY SAFETY EQUIPMENT CO., INC., to protect the public from hazardous gas situations are as follows:

- 1. When the company approved supervisor (Drilling Foremen, Tool Pusher or Driller) determine that Hydrogen Sulfide gas cannot be limited to the well location, and the public will be involved, he will activate the evacuation plan. Escape routes are noted on the Area Map.
- 2. Company safety personnel or designee will notify the appropriate local government agency that a hazardous condition exists and evacuation need to be implemented.
- 3. Company approved safety personnel that have been trained in the use of the proper emergency equipment will be utilized.
- 4. Law enforcement personnel (State Police, Local Police Department, Fire Department, and the Sheriff's Department) will be called to aid in setting up and maintaining road blocks. Also, they will aid in evacuation of the public if necessary.

NOTE: Law enforcement personnel will not be asked to come into a contaminated area. Their assistance will be limited to uncontaminated areas. Constant radio contact will be maintained with them.

5. After the discharge of gas has been controlled, "Company" safety personnel will determine when the area is safe for re-entry.

See Emergency Action Plan

## **Emergency Assistance Telephone List**

PUBLIC SAFETY:		911 or
Chavez Co. Sheriff		(505) 624-6770
Fire Department		(505) 624-6800
Hospital/Roswell,N.M.		(505) 622-8170
Life Flight:		
Southwest Air-Med E Vac.		(800) 242-6199
Oddiiwest Ali-liica E. Vac.		(000) 242-0100
Lat: 33'01'17.73"N.		
Long: 104'26'42.18" W.		
_		
New Mexico D.O.T.		/EDE\ 927 E400
New Mexico D.O.T.		(505) 827-5100
Bureau of Land Management U. S. Dept. of Labor		(505) 393-3612 (505) 248-5302
New Mexico OCD		(505) 393-6161
New Mexico OCD New Mexico/After Hours		(505) 370-7106
New Mexico/After nours		(505) 370-7106
David II D. Gardanas Oranas and Cara		
Parallel Petroleum Corporation	010	(400) 004 0707
Parallel Petroleum Corporation/Midland, TX	Office	(432) 684-3727
Superintendent:		
Donnie Hill	Office	(432) 684-3727
	Cell	(432) 934-7164
Drilling Engineer:		
Deane Durham	Office	(432) 684-3727
	Cell	(432) 413-9701
		( ,
O-Harris O-fata Frantisma (		
Callaway Safety Equipment		
Odenes	0.55	//00/ 00/
Odessa		(432) 561-5049
Hobbs	Office	(877) 422-6345

### **Affected Notification List**

within a	' r	adius	of ex	posure	@100	(mag

The geologic zones that will be encountered during drilling are not known to contain hazardous quantities of  $H_2S$ . The accompanying map illustrates the affected areas of the community. The residents within this radius will be notified via a hand delivered written notice describing the activities, potential hazards, conditions of evacuation, evacuation drill siren alarms and other precautionary measures.

**Evacuee Description:** 

Residents: THERE ARE NO RESIDENTS WITHIN 3000' ROE.

**Notification Process:** 

A continuos siren audible to all residence will be activated, signaling evacuation of previously notified and informed residents.

**Evacuation Plan:** 

All evacuees will migrate lateral to the wind direction.

The Oil Company will identify all home bound or highly susceptible individuals and make special evacuation preparations, interfacing with the local and emergency medical service as necessary.

## MAPS AND PLATS (Maps & Plats Attached)

**GENERAL INFORMATION** 

### Toxic Effects of H<sub>2</sub>S Poisoning

Hydrogen Sulfide is extremely toxic. The acceptable ceiling concentration for eight-hour exposure is 10 PPM, which is .001% by volume. Hydrogen Sulfide is heavier than air (specific gravity-1.192) and is colorless and transparent. Hydrogen Sulfide is almost as toxic as Hydrogen Cyanide and is 5-6 times more toxic than Carbon Monoxide. Occupational exposure limits for Hydrogen sulfide and other gasses are compared below in Table !. Toxicity table for H<sub>2</sub>S and physical effects are shown in Table II.

**Table 1**Permissible Exposure Limits of Various Gasses

Common Name	Symbol	Sp. Gravity	TLV	STEL	IDLH
Hydrogen Cyanide	HCN	.94	4.7 ppm	С	
Hydrogen Sulfide	H₂S	1.192	10 ppm	15 ppm	100 ppm
Sulfur Dioxide	SO <sub>2</sub>	2.21	2 ppm	5 ppm	
Chlorine	CL	2.45	.5 ppm	1 ppm	
Carbon Monoxide	CO	0.97	25 ppm	200 ppm	
Carbon Dioxide	$CO_2$	1.52	5000 ppm	30,000 ppm	)
Methane	CH₄	0.55	4.7% LEL	14% UEL	

### **Definitions**

- A. TLV Threshold Limit Value is the concentration employees may be exposed to based on a TWA (time weighted average) for eight (8) hours in one day for 40 hours in one (1) week. This is set by ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Hygienists and regulated by OSHA.
- B. STEL Short Term Exposure Limit is the 15 minute average concentration an employee may be exposed to providing that the highest exposure never exceeds the OEL (Occupational Exposure Limit). The OEL for H<sub>2</sub>S is 19 PPM.
- C. IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health is the concentration that has been determined by the ACGIH to cause serious health problems or death if exposed to this level. The IDLH for H<sub>2</sub>S is 100 PPM.

D. TWA – Time Weighted Average is the average concentration of any chemical or gas for an eight (8) hour period. This is the concentration that any employee may be exposed to based on an TWA.

**TABLE II**Toxicity Table of H₂S

Percent %	PPM	Physical Effects
,0001	1	Can smell less than 1 ppm.
.001	10	TLV for 8 hours of exposure
.0015	15	STEL for 15 minutes of exposure
.01	100	Immediately Dangerous to Life & Health. Kills sense of smell in 3 to 5 minutes.
.02	200	Kills sense of smell quickly, may burn eyes and throat.
.05	500	Dizziness, cessation of breathing begins in a few minutes.
.07	700	Unconscious quickly, death will result if not rescued promptly.
.10	1000	Death will result unless rescued promptly. Artificial resuscitation may be necessary.

### PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF H2S

The properties of all gasses are usually described in the context of seven major categories:

COLOR
ODOR
VAPOR DENSITY
EXPLOSIVE LIMITS
FLAMMABILITY
SOLUBILITY (IN WATER)
BOILING POINT

Hydrogen Sulfide is no exception. Information from these categories should be considered in order to provide a fairly complete picture of the properties of the gas.

### **COLOR – TRANSPARENT**

Hydrogen Sulfide is colorless so it is invisible. This fact simply means that you can't rely on your eyes to detect its presence. a fact that makes the gas extremely dangerous to be around.

### **ODOR - ROTTEN EGGS**

Hydrogen Sulfide has a distinctive offensive smell, similar to "rotten eggs". For this reason it earned its common name "sour gas". However,  $H_2S$ , even in low concentrations, is so toxic that it attacks and quickly impairs a victim's sense of smell, so it could be fatal to rely on your nose as a detection device.

### **VAPOR DENSITY - SPECIFIC GRAVITY OF 1.192**

Hydrogen Sulfide is heavier than air so it tends to settle in low-lying areas like pits, cellars or tanks. If you find yourself in a location where  $H_2S$  is known to exist, protect yourself. Whenever possible, work in an area upwind and keep to higher ground.

### **EXPLOSIVE LIMITS - 4.3% TO 46%**

Mixed with the right proportion of air or oxygen, H<sub>2</sub>S will ignite and burn or explode, producing another alarming element of danger besides poisoning.

### **FLAMMABILITY**

Hydrogen Sulfide will burn readily with a distinctive clear blue flame, producing Sulfur Dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>), another hazardous gas that irritates the eyes and lungs.

### **SOLUBILITY – 4 TO 1 RATIO WITH WATER**

Hydrogen Sulfide can be dissolved in liquids, which means that it can be present in any container or vessel used to carry or hold well fluids including oil, water, emulsion and sludge. The solubility of  $H_2S$  is dependent on temperature and pressure, but if conditions are right, simply agitating a fluid containing  $H_2S$  may release the gas into the air.

### **BOILING POINT – (-76 degrees Fahrenheit)**

Liquefied Hydrogen Sulfide boils at a very low temperature, so it is usually found as a gas.

### **RESPIRATOR USE**

The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) regulates the use of respiratory protection to protect the health of employees. OSHA's requirements are written in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 29, Part 1910, Section 134, Respiratory Protection. This regulation requires that all employees who might be required to wear respirators, shall complete a OSHA mandated medical evaluation questionnaire. The employee then should be fit tested prior to wearing any respirator while being exposed to hazardous gasses.

Written procedures shall be prepared covering safe use of respirators in dangerous atmospheric situations, which might be encountered in normal operations or in emergencies. Personnel shall be familiar with these procedures and the available respirators.

Respirators shall be inspected prior to and after each use to make sure that the respirator has been properly cleaned, disinfected and that the respirator works properly. The unit should be fully charged prior to being used.

Anyone who may use respirators shall be properly trained in how to properly seal the face piece. They shall wear respirators in normal air and then in a test atmosphere. (Note: Such items as facial hair (beard or sideburns) and eyeglass temple pieces will not allow a proper seal.) Anyone that may be expected to wear respirators should have these items removed before entering a toxic atmosphere. A special mask must be obtained for anyone who must wear eyeglasses. Contact lenses should not be allowed.

Respirators shall be worn during the following conditions:

- A. Any employee who works near the top or on the top of any tank unless tests reveal less than 20 ppm of H2S.
- B. When breaking out any line where H2S can reasonably be expected.
- C. When sampling air in areas where H2S may be present.
- D. When working in areas where the concentration of H2S exceeds the Threshold Limit Value for H2S (10 ppm).
- E. At any time where there is a doubt as to the H2S level in the area to be entered.

### **EMERGENCY RESCUE PROCEDURES**

### **DO NOT PANIC!!!**

### Remain Calm - THINK

- 1. Before attempting any rescue you must first get out of the hazardous area yourself. Go to a safe briefing area.
- 2. Sound an alarm and activate the 911 system.
- 3. Put on breathing apparatus. At least two persons should do this, when available use the buddy system.
- 4. Rescue the victim and return them to a safe briefing area.
- 5. Perform an initial assessment and begin proper First Aid/CPR procedures.
- 6. Keep the victim lying down with a blanket or coat, etc..., under the shoulders to keep airway open. Conserve body heat and do not leave unattended.
- 7. If the eyes are affected by H2S, wash them thoroughly with potable water. For slight irritation, cold compresses are helpful.
- 8. In case a person has only minor exposure and does not lose consciousness totally, it's best if he doesn't return to work until the following day.
- 9. Any personnel overcome by H2S should always be examined by medical personnel. They should always be transported to a hospital or doctor.

## **EXHIBIT A**

OPERATORS NAME: Parallel Petroleum Corporation LEASE NO.: NM-112258

WELL NAME & NO: Alydar 1426-34 Federal Com. #1

QUARTER/QUARTER & FOOTAGE: Surface Location; NE1/4SE1/4 - 1880' FSL & 300' FEL

Bottom Hole Location; NW1/4SW1/4 - 1880' FSL & 660' FWL

LOCATION: Section 34, T. 14 S., R. 26 E., NMPM

COUNTY: Chaves County, New Mexico







## United States Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Roswell Field Office 2909 West Second Street Roswell, New Mexico 88201

### **EXHIBIT B**

### WELL DRILLING REQUIREMENTS

1 of 5 pages

OPERATORS NAME: Parallel Petroleum Corporation LEASE NO.: NM-112258

WELL NAME & NO: Alydar 1426-34 Federal Com. #1

QUARTER/QUARTER & FOOTAGE: Surface Location; NE1/4SE1/4 - 1880' FSL & 300' FEL

Bottom Hole Location; NW1/4SW1/4 - 1880' FSL & 660' FWL

LOCATION: Section 34, T. 14 S., R. 26 E., NMPM

COUNTY: Chaves County, New Mexico

### I. GENERAL PROVISIONS:

A. The operator has the right of administrative review of these requirements pursuant to 43 CFR 3165.1(a).

B. The operator shall hereafter be identified as the holder in these requirements. The Authorized Officer is the person who approves the Well Drilling Requirements.

### II. WELL PAD CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS:

- A. The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify **Richard G. Hill** at least <u>3</u> working days (72 Hours) prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad. Roswell Field Office number (505) 627-0247.
- B. Prior to commencing construction of the access road, well pad, or other associated developments, the holder shall provide the dirt contractor with a copy of the approved APD signature page, a copy of the location map (EXHIBIT A), a copy of pages 1 & 2 from the Well Drilling Requirements (EXHIBIT B), and a copy of the Permanent Resource Road Requirements (EXHIBIT D).
- C. The holder shall stockpile the topsoil from the surface of the well pad. The topsoil on the <u>Alydar 1426-34 Federal Com. #1</u> well pad is approximate <u>6</u> inches in depth. Approximately <u>800</u> cubic yards of topsoil shall be stockpiled on the **Northeast** corner of the well pad, opposite the reserve pit.

### D. Reserve Pit Requirements:

- 1. The reserve pit shall be constructed 150' X 200' on the southwest corner of the well pad.
- 2. The reserve pit shall be constructed to a minimum depth of four (4) feet below ground level. The reserve pit shall be constructed, so that the cuttings in the reserve pit can be buried a minimum depth of three (3) feet below ground level. See Exhibit F Surface Reclamation/Restoration Requirements.

### WELL DRILLING REQUIREMENTS

- 3. A synthetic or fabricated liner <u>12</u> mil in thickness shall be used to line the reserve pit. The liner shall meet ASTM standards that are designed to be resistant to the reserve pit contents.
- 4. The reserve pit shall be fenced on three (3) sides during drilling operations. The fourth side shall be fenced immediately upon rig release.
- 5. The reserve pit shall be constructed so as not to leak, break, or allow discharge of drilling muds. Under no circumstances will the reserve pit be cut to drain drilling muds on the well location.
- 6. The reserve pit shall not be located in any natural drainage.
- 7. The reserve pit shall be equipped to deter entry by birds, bats, other wildlife, and livestock, if the reserve pit contains any oil and/or toxic fluids.
- 8. Drilling muds shall be properly disposed of before the reserve pit is reclaimed. Drilling muds can be allowed to evaporate in the reserve pit or be removed and transported to an authorized disposal site. The reserve pit shall be backfilled when dry.
- 9. Dumping of junk or trash into the reserve pit is not allowed. Junk or trash shall be removed from within the reserve pit before the reserve pit is reclaimed. Junk or trash shall not be buried in the reserve pit.

### E. Federal Mineral Materials Pit Requirements:

- 1. Caliche, gravel, or other related materials from new or existing pits on Federal mineral estate shall not be taken without prior approval from the authorized officer. Contact Jerry Dutchover at (505) 627-0236.
- 2. Payment for any Federal mineral materials that will be used to surface the access road and the well pad is required prior to removal of the mineral materials.

### F. Well Pad Surfacing Requirement:

The well pad shall be surfaced with <u>6</u> inches of compacted caliche, gravel, or other approved surfacing material. The well pad shall be surfaced prior to drilling operations. See <u>Permanent Resource Road</u> Requirements - EXHIBIT D - requirement #4, for road surfacing.

### G. Cave Requirements:

- 1. If, during any construction activities any sinkholes or cave openings are discovered, all construction activities shall immediately cease. Contact <u>Bill Murry</u> at (505) 627-0220.
- 2. The BLM Authorized Officer will, within 24 hours of notification in "A" above, conduct an on-the-ground field inspection for karst. At the field inspection the authorized field inspector will authorize or suggest mitigating measures to lessen the damage to the karst environment. A verbal order to proceed or stop the operation will be issued at that time.

### III. WELL SUBSURFACE REQUIREMENTS:

### A. GENERAL DRILLING REQUIREMENTS:

- 1. The Bureau of Land Management (BLM) is to be notified at (505) 627-0272 in sufficient time for a representative to witness:
- a. Spudding
- b. Cementing casing: 9-5/8 inch 5-1/2 inch
- 2. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval.
- 3. Include the API No. assigned to well by NMOCD on the subsequent report of setting the first casing string.

### B. CASING:

- 1. <u>9-5/8</u> inch surface casing should be set <u>at approximately 1400 feet</u>, below usable water and circulate cement to the surface. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the Roswell Field Office shall be notified at (505) 627-0275 and a temperature survey or cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Remedial cementing shall be completed prior to drilling out that string.
- 2. Minimum required fill of cement behind the <u>5-1/2</u> inch production casing is <u>sufficient to tie back 500 feet</u> <u>above the uppermost perforation in the pay zone.</u>

### C. PRESSURE CONTROL:

- 1. Before drilling below the <u>9-5/8</u> inch surface casing, the blowout preventer assembly shall consist of a minimum of One Annular Preventer or Two Ram-Type Preventers and a Kelly Cock/Stabbing Valve.
- 2. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer and related equipment (BOPE) shall be 2000 psi.
- 3. The BOPE shall be installed before drilling below the <u>9-5/8</u> inch surface casing and shall be tested as described in Onshore Order No. 2. Any equipment failing to test satisfactorily shall be repaired or replaced.
- a. The results of the test will be reported to the BLM Roswell Field Office at 2909 West Second Street, Roswell, New Mexico 88201.
- b. Testing fluid must be water or an appropriate clear liquid suitable for sub-freezing temperatures. Use of drilling mud for testing is not permitted since it can mask small leaks.
- c. Testing must be done in a safe workman like manner. Hard line connections shall be required. mud returns from the well.