OCD-ARTESIA

UNITED STATES

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Form 3160-3 (August 1999) Month - Year APR 2 6 2007, OCD - ARTESIA, NM

RESUBMITTAL

OMB No. 1004-0136 Expires November 30, 2000

5. Lease Serial No.

BUREAU OF LAND MAN.	NM-0557142			
APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO	6. If Indian, Allottee or T	ribe Name		
1a. Type of Work: X DRILL	REENTER		7. If Unit or CA Agreeme	
			12695	
b. Type of Well: Oil Well Gas Other	Single	Multiple Zone	8. Lease Name and Well	
Well	Zone	Wullipie Zolie	Ross EG Federal	Com #11
2. Name of Operator		"	9. API Well No.	
Yates Petroleum Corporation 25575			36-015-3	
3A. Address 105 South Fourth Street	3b. Phone No. (include area code	e)	10. Field and Pool, or Exp	
Artesia, New Mexico 88210	(505) 748-147	′1	N. Dagger Draw Up	oper Penn (/3 4
4. Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance with	• •		11. Sec., T., R., M., or Bl	k, and Survey or Area
At surface Roswell Controlled Water Basin At proposed prod. Zone 1980' FSL & '	l980' FEL, Unit J same		Section 20, T19	S-R25E
14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post office*			12. County or Parish	13. State
Approximately 20 miles southwest of Artesia, No	ew Mexico.		Eddy County	NM
15. Distance from proposed* location to nearest	16. No. of Acres in lease	17. Spacing Un	it dedicated to this well	
property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any)			160	
18. Distance from proposed location* to nearest well, drilling, completed,	19. Proposed Depth	20. BLM/BIA	Bond No. on file	
applied for, on this lease, ft.	8300'	8300' NMB000434		
21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.)	22. Approximate date work will	ate work will start* 23. Estimated duration		
3542' GL	ASAP	ASAP 30 days		ıys
	24. Attachments	4. Attachments		
The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of Onsi	nore Oil and Gas Order No. 1, shall be	e attached to this	form:	
Well plat certified by a registered surveyor.	4. Bond to cove	er the operations	unless covered by an existing	ng bond on file (see
2. A Drilling Plan.	Item 20 abov	re).		
3. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest System La	nds, the 5. Operator certi	ification.		
SUPO shall be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office.	6. Such other sit authorized of	•	ation and/or plans as may be	e required by the
25. Signature	Name (Printed/Typed)		Date	
- Covar	Cy Cowan			12/13/2006
Regulatory Agent				
Regulatory Agent /	Nome (Drived d/Torod)		Date	
Approved by (Signature) /s/ James Stovall	Name (Printed/Typed)	Charoff	, Dan	APR 2 4 200°
Title FIELD MANAGER	Office CARLSB.		OFFICE	<u> ALIV ≈ ± Zuu</u>
Application appre If earthen pits are used in equitable title to those rights in the subject lease which would entitle the applicant			e applicant to conduct	
operations thereon association with the drilling of this				OD I VEAD
Conditions of app Title 18 U.S.C. Se Obtained prior to pit construction.			APPKOVALI	UKITEAK
Title 18 U.S.C. Se States any false, fi	or any person knowingly at ttter within its jurisdiction	•	ike to any department or age	ency of the United
*(Instructions on reverse) Previously Approved	C-144 attached	A DDI	OVAL SHRIF	CTTO

SEE ATTACHED FOR
CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

APPROVAL SUBJECT TO GENERAL REQUIREMENTS AND SPECIAL STIPULATIONS ATTACHED Submit la Appropriate District Office State Lease - A conies Fee Lease - 3 copies

DISTRICT 1 P.O. Box 1980, Hobbs, NM 88240

P.O. Drawer DD, Artesia, NM 88210

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources D.

Form C-102 Revised 1-1-89

OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

P.O. Box 2088 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2088

WELL LOCATION AND ACREAGE DEDICATION PLAT 1000 Rio Brazos Rd., Aztec, NM 87410 All Distances must be from the outer boundaries of the section Well No. Operator Lease YATES PETROLEUM CORPORATION ROSS EG FEDERAL COM Unit Letter County Section Township EDDY COUNTY, NM 19 SOUTH 25 BAST **NMPM** Actual Footage Location of Well: feet from the line SOUTH Ground level Elev. Producing Formation Dedicated Acreage: 160 Acres N. Dagger Draw Upper Penn 3542 Cisco Canyon 1. Outline the acreage dedicated to the subject well by colored pencil or hachure marks on the plat below. 2. If more than one lease is dedicated to the well, outline each and identify the ownership thereof (both as to working interest and royalty). 3. If more than one lease of different ownership is dedicated to the well, have the interest of all owners been consolidated by communitization, If answer unitization, force-pooling, etc.? If answer is "yes" type of consolidation Communitization ☐ No er is "no" list the owners and tract descriptions which have actually been consolidated. (Use reverse side of this form if neccessary. No allowable will be assigned to the well until all interests have been consolidated (by communitization, unitization, forced-pooling, or otherwise) or until a non-standard unit, eliminating such interest, has been approved by the Division. OPERATOR CERTIFICATION I hereby certify that the informati contained herein in true and complete to t best of my knowledge and belief. KOM Printed Name Ken Beardemphl Position Landman Company
YATES PETROLEUM CORPORAT April 15, 1992 SURVEYOR CERTIFICATION NM-055742 I hereby certify that the well location sho on this plat was plotted from field notes actual surveys made by me or under i 1980 supervison, and that the same is true a correct to the best of my knowledge a belief. Date Surveyed APRIL 10 1992 Signature a Stallbe DO Professional Surveyor EN MEXIC IÉÉ 330 660 990 1320 1500 1000 1650 1980 2310 2640 2000 500

YATES PETROLEUM CORPORATION Ross "EG" Federal #11

1980' FSL and 1980' FEL Sec.20-T19S-R25E Eddy County, New Mexico

1. The estimated tops of geologic markers are as follows:

San Andres	704'
Glorietta	2209'
Bone Spring Lime	3419'
Bone Spring Lime 3 rd Bone Spring Lime	4742'
Wolfcamp Lime	5509'
Canyon Lime	7602'
Canyon Dolomite Top	7683'
Base Canyon Dolomite	7943'
TD	8300'

2. The estimated depths at which anticipated water, oil or gas formations are expected to be encountered:

Water:

Approximately 275'

Oil or Gas: Canyon

3. Pressure Control Equipment: BOPE will be installed on the 9 5/8" casing and rated for 3000 BOP systems will be consistent with API RP 53. Pressure tests will be conducted before drilling out from under all casing strings which are set and cemented in place. Blowout Preventor controls will be installed prior to drilling the surface plug and will remain in use until the well is completed or abandoned. Preventors will be inspected and operated at least daily to ensure good mechanical working order, and this inspection recorded on the daily drilling report. See Exhibit B.

Auxiliary Equipment:

- A. Auxiliary Equipment: Kelly cock, pit level indicators, flow sensor equipment and a sub with full opening valve to fit the drill pipe and collars will be available on the rig floor in the open position at all times for use when kelly is not in use.
- 4. THE PROPOSED CASING AND CEMENTING PROGRAM:
 - A. Casing Program: (All New)

Hole Size	Casing Size	Wt./Ft	<u>Grade</u>	Coupling	<u>Interval</u>
14 3/4"	9 5/8"	36#	J-55	ST&C	1100'
8 3/4"	7"	23-26#	J-55 & -N-80	ST&C	0-8150'

Minimum Casing Design Factors: Collapse 1.125, Burst 1.0, Tensile Strength 1.8

Ross "EG" Federal #11 Page 2

B. CEMENTING PROGRAM:

Surface casing: 700 sx 'H', w/12% thicksad, 10# Gilsonite, ½# Cellosal 2% CaCl2 Tail with 200sacks, 2% CaCl2.

Production Casing: 500 sx Class H w/5# CSE, 5 # Gilsonite, 1/4# celloseal. DV tool @ 5900.

2nd Stage: 750 sx Lite, 5# salt, 5# Gilsonite, ½# celloseal. Tailed with 100 sacks 'H'.

5. Mud Program and Auxiliary Equipment:

<u>Interval</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Weight</u>	<u>Viscosity</u>	Fluid Loss
0-1100'	FW Gel/LCM	8.3 - 8.6	30	N/C
1100'-7600'	Cut Brine	8.8 - 9.2	29	N/C
7600'-TD	Cut Brine/Starch	9.0 - 9.2	30 - 34	<10cc

Sufficient mud material(s) to maintain mud properties, control lost circulation and contain a blow out will be available at the well site during drilling operations. Mud will be checked hourly by rig personnel.

6. EVALUATION PROGRAM:

Samples: 10' samples from 400' to TD.

Logging: CNL/LTD from TD to casing, with GR/CNL up to surface;

DLL with RXO from TD to casing.
Coring: None anticipated.
DST's: As warranted.

7. Abnormal Conditions, Bottom hole pressure and potential hazards:

Anticipated BHP:

From: 0 TO: 1500' Anticipated Max. BHP: 450 PSI From: 1500' TO: 8300' Anticipated Max. BHP: 2300 PSI

Abnormal Pressures Anticipated: None

Lost Circulation Zones Anticipated: 0-1100'

H2S Zones Anticipated: Canyon

Maximum Bottom Hole Temperature: 127 F

8. ANTICIPATED STARTING DATE:

Plans are to drill this well as soon as possible after receiving approval. It should take approximately 30 days to drill the well with completion taking another 30 days.

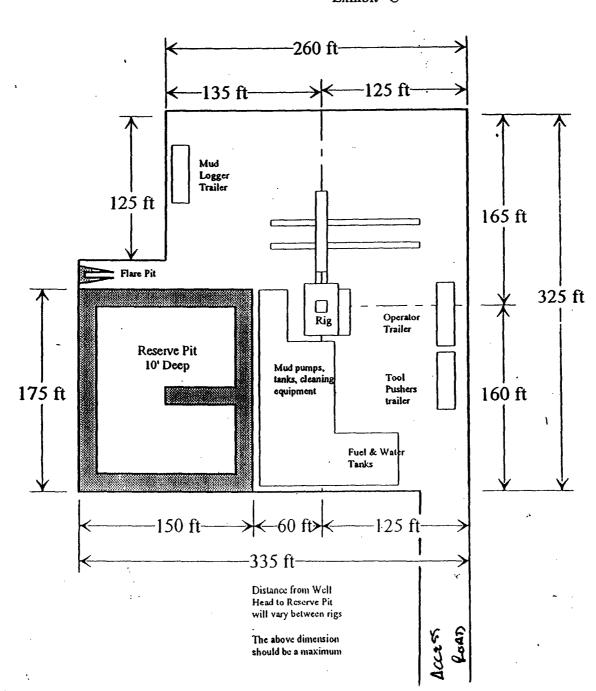
Yates Petroleum Corporation

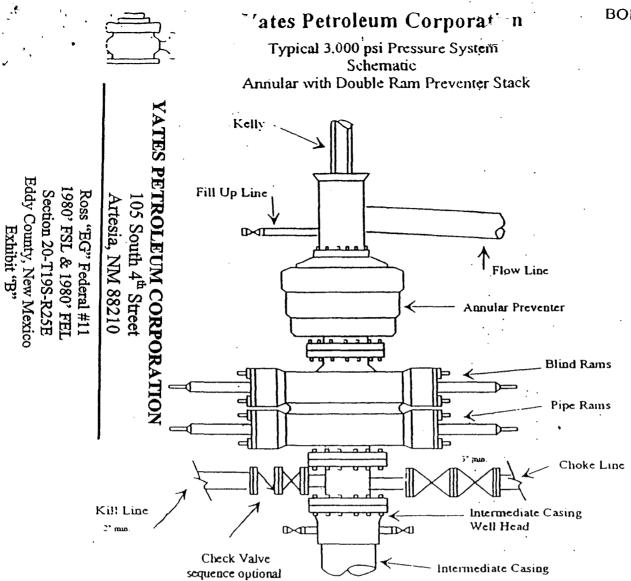
Location Layout for Permian Basin Up to 12,000'



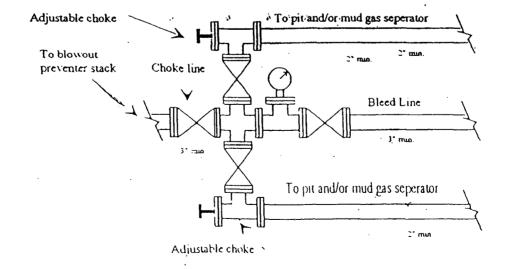
105 South 4th Street Artesia, NM 88210

Ross "EG" Federal #11 1980' FSL & 1980' FEL Section 20-T19S-R25E Eddy County, New Mexico Exhibit "C"





Typical 3,000 psi choke manifold assembly with at least these minimum features



Yates Petroleum Corporation

105 S. Fourth Street Artesia, NM 88210

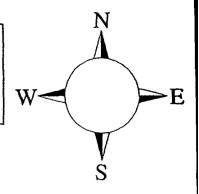
Hydrogen Sulfide (H₂S) Contingency Plan

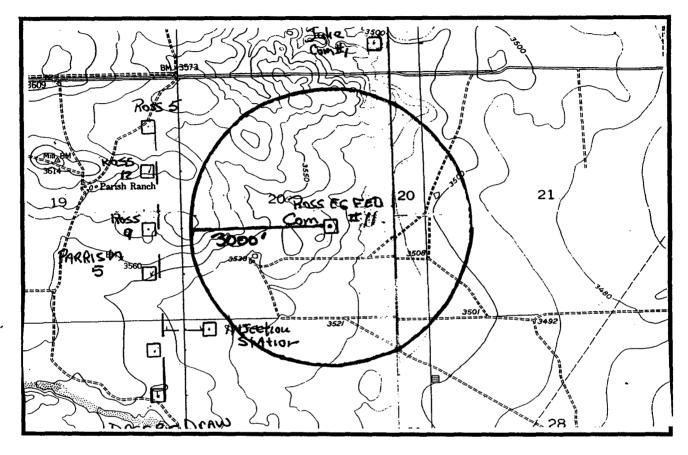
For

Ross EG Federal Com. #11 1980' FSL, 1980' FEL Section 20, T-19S, R-25E Eddy County NM

Ross Federal Com. #11 Location

This is an open drilling site. H₂S monitoring equipment and emergency response equipment will be used within 500' of zones known to contain H₂S, including warning signs, wind indicators and H₂S monitor.





Emergency Procedures

In the case of a release of gas containing H₂S, the first responder(s) must isolate the area and prevent entry by other persons into the 100 ppm ROE. Additionally the first responder(s) must evacuate any public places encompassed by the 100 ppm ROE. First responder(s) must take care not to injure themselves during this operation. Company and/or local officials must be contacted to aid in this operation. Evacuation of the public should be beyond the 100 ppm ROE.

All responders must have training in the detection of H_2S , measures for protection against the gas, equipment used for protection and emergency response. Additionally, responders must be equipped with H_2S monitors and air packs in order to control the release. Use the "buddy system" to ensure no injuries during the response.

Ignition of Gas Source

Should control of the well be considered lost and ignition considered, take care to protect against exposure to Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂). Intentional ignition must be coordinated with the NMOCD and local officials. Additionally the NM State Police may become involved. NM State Police shall be the Incident Command on scene of any major release. Take care to protect downwind whenever there is an ignition of the gas

Characteristics of H₂S and SO₂

Common Name	Chemical Formula	Specific Gravity	Threshold Limit	Hazardous Limit	Lethal Concentr- ation
Hydrogen Sulfide	H ₂ S	1.189 Air = 1	10 ppm	100 ppm/hr	600 ppm
Sulfur Dioxide	SO ₂	2.21 Air = 1	2 ppm	N/A	1000 ppm

Contacting Authorities

YPC personnel must liaison with local and state agencies to ensure a proper response to a major release. Additionally, the OCD must be notified of the release as soon as possible but no later than 4 hours. Agencies will ask for information such as type and volume of release, wind direction, location of release, etc. Be prepared with all information available. The following call list of essential and potential responders has been prepared for use during a release. YPC Company response must be in coordination with the State of New Mexico's 'Hazardous Materials Emergency Response Plan' (HMER)

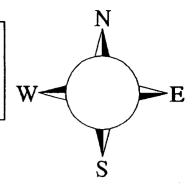
Yates Petroleum Corporation Phone Numbers

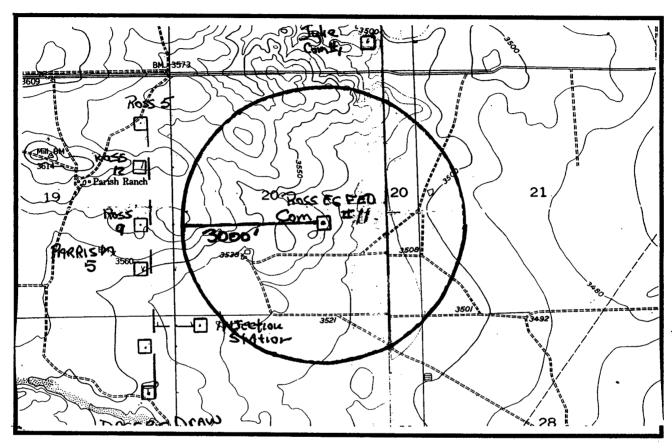
YPC Office	(505) 748-1471
Pinson McWhorter/Operations Manager	(505) 748-4189
Darrel Atkins/Production Manager	(505) 748-4204
Darrel Atkins/Production Manager Ron Beasley/Prod Superintendent	(505) 740-1204
A1 Coming and Desiling	(505) 740-4210
Al Springer/Drilling Paul Hanes/Prod. Foreman/Roswell	
Jim Krogman/Drilling Superintendent	
Artesia Answering Service	(505) 748-4302
(During non-office hours)	
Agency Call List	
Eddy County (505)	
Artesia	
State Police	746-2703
City Police	746-2703
Sheriff's Office	746-9888
Ambulance	
Fire Department	
LEPC (Local Emergency Planning Committee)	
NMOCD.	
Carlsbad	
State Police	885-3137
City Police	885-2111
Sheriff's Office	
Ambulance	
Fire Department	
LEPC (Local Emergency Planning Committee)	
US Bureau of Land Management	
Ob Bureau of Bana Hanagomone	007-0544
New Mexico Emergency Response Commission (Santa Fe)	(505)476-9600
<u> </u>	` '
New Mexico State Emergency Operations Center	
National Emergency Response Center (Washington, DC)	(800) 424-8802
Other	
Boots & Coots IWC1-800-256-9688 or (281) 931-8884	
Cudd Pressure Control(915) 699-0139 or (915) 563-3356	
Halliburton(505) 746-2757	
, , ,	
B. J. Services(505) 746-3569	
Elight For Life 4000 24th St. Lubbook TV	206) 742 0011
Flight For Life -4000 24th St, Lubbock, TX	
Aerocare -Rr 3 Box 49f, Lubbock, TX	000) /4/-0723

Med Flight Air Amb 2301 Yale Blvd SE #D3, Albuq, NM(505) 842-4433 S B Air Med Svc 2505 Clark Carr Loop SE, Albuq, NM(505) 842-4949

Ross E- Federal Com. #11 Location

This is an open drilling site. H_2S monitoring equipment and emergency response equipment will be used within 500' of zones known to contain H_2S , including warning signs, wind indicators and H_2S monitor.





MULTI-POINT SURFACE USE AND OPERATIONS PLAN Yates Petroleum Corporation

Ross "EG" Federal #11 1980' FSL and 1980' FEL Sec.20-T19S-R25E Eddy County, New Mexico

This plan is submitted with Form 3160-3, Application for Permit to Drill, covering the above described well. The purpose of this plan is to describe the location of the proposed well, the proposed construction activities and operations plan, the magnitude of the surface disturbance involved and the procedures to be followed in rehabilitating the surface after completion of the operations, so that a complete appraisal can be made of the environmental effect associated with the operations.

EXISTING ROADS:

Exhibit A is a portion of the BLM map showing the well and roads in the vicinity of the proposed location. The proposed well site is located approximately 20 miles southwest of Artesia, New Mexico and the access route to the location is indicated in red and green on Exhibit A.

DIRECTIONS:

Go south of Artesia, NM on Highway 285 for approximately 13 miles to Rockin R Red Road. Turn west and go approximately 6.5 miles. Turn south on caliche road for approximately 0.7 miles. New road starts here going east.

2. PLANNED ACCESS ROAD

- A. The proposed new access will be approximately 1300' in length from point of origin to the southwest edge of drilling pad. The road will lie in a west to east direction.
- B. The new road will be 14 feet in width (driving surface) and will be adequately drained to control runoff and erosion.
- C. The new road will be bladed with drainage on one side. No traffic turnout will be built.

LOCATION OF EXISTING WELL

- A. There is drilling activity within a one-mile radius of the well site.
- B. Exhibit D shows existing wells within a one-mile radius of the proposed well site.

4. LOCATION OF EXISTING AND/OR PROPOSED FACILITIES

- A. There are production facilities on this lease at the present time.
- B. In the event that the well is productive, the necessary production facilities will be installed on the drilling pad. If the well is productive oil, a gas or diesel self-contained unit will be used to provide the necessary power. No power will be required if the well is productive of gas.

5. LOCATION AND TYPE OF WATER SUPPLY:

A. It is planned to drill the proposed well with a fresh water system. The water will be obtained from commercial sources and will be hauled to the location by truck over the existing and proposed roads shown in Exhibit A.

6. SOURCE OF CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS:

Federal pit located in Section 18, T19S-R25E.

METHODS OF HANDLING WASTE DISPOSAL:

Drill cuttings will be disposed of in the reserve pits.

B. Drilling fluids will be allowed to evaporate in the reserve pits until the pits are dry.

C. Water produced during operations will be collected in tanks until hauled to an approved disposal system, or separate disposal application will be submitted.

D. Oil produced during operations will be stored in tanks until sold.

E. Current laws and regulations pertaining to the disposal of human waste will be complied with.

F. All trash, junk, and other waste materials will be contained in trash cages or bins to prevent scattering and will be removed and deposited in an approved sanitary landfill. Burial on site is not approved.

8. ANCILLARY FACILITIES:

A. A 3" steel buried flow line to the Ross #3 battery, approximately 3300' in length (on topo) being 30' wide right-of-way.

B. A 3" phase, 480 volt, rupture proof power line, 25' wide and approximately 1300' in length next to the new road right-of-way.

9. WELLSITE LAYOUT:

A. Exhibit C shows the relative location and dimensions of the well pad, the reserve pits, the location of the drilling equipment, rig orientation and access road approach.

B. The reserve pits will be plastic lined.

C. A 400' x 400' area has been staked and flagged.

10. PLANS FOR RESTORATION

A. After finishing drilling and/or completion operations, all equipment and other material not needed for further operations will be removed. The location will be cleaned of all trash and junk to leave the well site in as aesthetically pleasing a condition as possible.

B. Unguarded pits, if any, containing fluids will be fenced until they have dried and

been leveled.

C. If the proposed well is non-productive, all rehabilitation and/or vegetation requirements of the Bureau of Land Management will be complied with and will be accomplished as expeditiously as possible. All pits will be filled level after they have evaporated and dried.

Ross "EG" Federal #11 Page 3

Per Phone call to Cy Cawan H-16-07 Ross - Yates Petroleum Corporation and Mr. Ross

Lakewood NM 88254

11. SURFACE OWNERSHIP: Mr. Carl Ross - Yates Petroleum Corporation and Mr. Ross have made an agreement on surface damages.

12. OTHER INFORMATION:

A. Topography: Refer to the existing archaeological report for a description of the topography, flora, fauna, soil characteristics, dwellings, historical and cultural sites.

B. The primary surface use is for grazing.

13. OPERATOR'S REPRESENTATIVE

A. Through A.P.D. Approval:

B. Through Drilling Operations, Completions and Production:

Cy Cowan, Regulatory Agent Yates Petroleum Corporation 105 South Fourth Street Artesia, New Mexico 88210 Phone (505) 748-1471 Pinson McWhorter, Operations Manager Yates Petroleum Corporation 105 South Fourth Street Artesia, New Mexico 88210 Phone (505) 748-1471

14. CERTIFICATION:

I hereby certify that I, or persons under my direct supervision, have inspected the proposed drill site and access route, that I am familiar with the conditions which presently exist; that the statements made in this plan are to the best of my knowledge, true and correct; and, that the work associated with the operations proposed herein will be performed by Yates Petroleum Corporation and its contractors and subcontractors in conformity with this plan and the terms and conditions under which it is approved. This statement is subject to the provisions of 18 U.S.C. 1001 for the filing of a false statement.

12/13/2006

Redulatory Agent

CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL - DRILLING

Operator's Name: Yat

Yates Petroleum Corporation 11-Ross EG Federal Com

Well Name & No.

1980FSL, 1980FEL, Section 20, T-19-S, R-25-E, Eddy County, NM

Location: Lease:

NM-0557142

I. DRILLING OPERATIONS REQUIREMENTS:

- **A.** The Bureau of Land Management (BLM) is to be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness:
 - 1. Spudding well
 - 2. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings
 - 3. BOPE tests
 - Eddy County call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220, (505) 361-2822
- B. A Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) Drilling Plan should be activated 500 feet prior to drilling into the <u>Canyon</u> formation. Hydrogen Sulfide reported in Sections 11 and 14 from the Canyon formation and in Section 17 from the Upper Penn. Measurements in Section 18 and 19 from the North Dagger Draw Penn and Upper Penn were 10+ in STVs. Also reported in Penasco Draw San Andres in Section 6 measuring 10,000+ ppm in the gas stream and 14 ppm in STVs.
- C. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval.
- **D.** If floor controls are required, (3M or Greater) controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works are located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.

II. CASING:

- A. The <u>9-5/8</u> inch surface casing shall be set at <u>approximately 1100 feet (possible usable water to 1100 feet)</u> and cemented to the surface.
 - 1. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with a surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement.
 - 2. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum of 12 hours for a non-water basin, 18 hours for a water basin, 24 hours in the potash area, or 500 pounds compression strength, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement)

- 3. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compression strength, whichever is greater.
- 4. If cement falls back, remedial action will be done prior to drilling out that string.

Possible lost circulation in the Grayburg and San Andres formations. Medium potential for karst features.

- B. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 7 inch production casing is cement to circulate to surface. Cement for first stage to circulate to DVT. Cement for second stage to circulate to surface. If cement does not circulate see A.1 thru 4.
- C. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing; returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.

III. PRESSURE CONTROL:

- A. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and API RP 53.
- **B.** Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be 3000 (3M) PSI.
- C. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
 - 1. The tests shall be done by an independent service company.
 - 2. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
 - 3. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
 - 4. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi in accordance with API RP 53. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug.
 - 5. BOP/BOPE must be tested by an independent service company within 500 feet of the top of the **Wolfcamp** formation. This test does not exclude the test prior to drilling out the casing shoe as per Onshore Order No. 2.

IV. DRILLING MUD:

Mud system monitoring equipment, with derrick floor indicators and visual and audio alarms, shall be operating before drilling into the **Wolfcamp** formation, and shall be used until production casing is run and cemented.

Engineer on call phone: 505-706-2779

WWI 122706

The Well Condition Sign w/flags should be placed a minimum of 150' before you enter the location. It should have three (3) color coded flags (green, yellow and red) that will be used to denote the following location conditions:

GREEN – Normal Operating Conditions YELLOW – Potential Danger RED – Danger, H2S Gas Present

Auxiliary Rescue Equipment:

- Stretcher
- 2 100' Rescue lines
- First Aid Kit properly stocked.

Mud Inspection Equipment:

Garret Gas Train or Hach Tester for inspection of Hydrogen Sulfide in the drilling mud system.

Fire Extinguishers:

Adequate fire extinguishers shall be located at strategic locations.

Blowout Preventor:

- The well shall have hydraulic BOP equipment for the anticipated BHP.
- The BOP should be tested upon installation.
- BOP, Choke Line and Kill Line will be tested as specified by Operator.

Confined Space Monitor:

There should be a portable multi-gas monitor with at least 3 sensors (O₂, LEL & H2S). This instrument should be used to test the atmosphere of any confined space before entering. It should also be used for atmospheric testing for LEL gas before beginning any type of Hot Work. Proper calibration documentation will need to be provided.

Communication Equipment:

 Proper communication equipment such as cell phones or 2 – way radios should be available at the rig.

- Radio communication shall be available for communication between the company man's trailer, rig floor and the tool pusher's trailer.
- Communication equipment shall be available on the vehicles.

Special Control Equipment:

- Hydraulic BOP equipment with remote control on the ground.
- Rotating head at the surface casing point.

Evacuation Plan:

- Evacuation routes should be established prior to spudding the well.
- Should be discussed with all rig personnel.

Designated Areas:

Parking and Visitor area:

- All vehicles are to be parked at a pre-determined safe distance from the wellhead.
- Designated smoking area.

Safe Briefing Areas:

- Two Safe Briefing Areas shall be designated on either side of the location at the maximum allowable distance from the well bore so they offset prevailing winds or they are at a 180 degree angle if wind directions tend to shift in the area.
- Personal protective equipment should be stored at both briefing areas or if a moveable cascade trailer is used, it should be kept upwind of existing winds. When wind is from the prevailing direction, both briefing areas should be accessible.

NOTE:

- Additional equipment will be available at the nearest Callaway Safety Office.
- Additional personal H₂S monitors are available for all employees on location.

Automatic Flare Igniters are recommended for installation on the rig.		

CHECK LISTS

Status Check List

Note: Date each item as they are implemented. 1. Sign at location entrance. 2. Two (2) wind socks (in required locations). 3. Wind Streamers (if required). 4. SCBA's on location for all rig personnel and mud loggers. 5. Air packs, inspected and ready for use. 6. Spare bottles for each air pack (if required). 7. Cascade system for refilling air bottles. 8. Cascade system and hose line hook up. 9. Choke manifold hooked-up and tested. (Before drilling out surface casing.) 10. Remote Hydraulic BOP control (hooked-up and tested before drilling out surface casing). 11. BOP tested (before drilling out surface casing). Mud engineer on location with equipment to test mud for H₂S. 13. Safe Briefing Areas set-up. 14. Well Condition sign and flags on location and ready. Hydrogen Sulfide detection system hooked-up & tested. Hydrogen Sulfide alarm system hooked-up & tested. 17. Stretcher on location at Safe Briefing Area. 18. 2-100' Life Lines on location.

19.	1-20# Fire Extinguisher in safety trailer.	
20.	Confined Space Monitor on location and tested.	
21.	All rig crews and supervisor trained (as required).	
22.	Access restricted for unauthorized personnel.	1
23.	Drills on H ₂ S and well control procedures.	
24.	All outside service contractors advised of potential H_2S on the well.	
25.	NO SMOKING sign posted.	
26.	H₂S Detector Pump w/tubes on location.	
27.	25mm Flare Gun on location w/flares.	
28.	Automatic Flare Ignitor installed on rig.	

Procedural Check List

Perform the following on each tour:

- 1. Check fire extinguishers to see that they have the proper charge.
- 2. Check Breathing equipment to insure that they have not been tampered with.
- 3. Check pressure on the supply air bottles to make sure they are capable of recharging.
- 4. Make sure all of the Hydrogen Sulfide detection systems are operative.

Perform the following each week:

- Check each piece of breathing equipment to make sure that they are fully charged and operational. This requires that the air cylinder be opened and the mask assembly be put on and tested to make sure that the regulators and masks are properly working. Negative and Positive pressure should be conducted on all masks.
- 2. BOP skills.
- 3. Check supply pressure on BOP accumulator stand-by source.
- 4. Check all breathing air mask assemblies to see that straps are loosened and turned back, ready to use.
- 5. Check pressure on cascade air cylinders to make sure they are fully charged and ready to use for refill purposes if necessary.
- 6. Check all cascade system regulators to make sure they work properly.
- 7. Perform breathing drills with on-site personnel.
- 8. Check the following supplies for availability:
 - Stretcher
 - Safety Belts and ropes.
 - Spare air bottles.
 - Spare oxygen bottles (if resuscitator required).
 - Gas Detector Pump and tubes.
 - Emergency telephone lists.

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9. Test the Confined Space Monitor to verify the batteries are good.

BRIEFING PROCEDURES

The following scheduled briefings will be held to ensure the effective drilling and operation of this project:

Pre-Spud Meeting

Date: Prior to spudding the well. Attendance: Drilling Supervisor

Drilling Engineer Drilling Foreman Rig Tool Pushers Rig Drillers

Mud Engineer

All Safety Personnel

Key Service Company Personnel

Purpose: Review and discuss the well program, step-by-step, to insure

complete understanding of assignments and responsibilities.

EVACUATION PLAN

General Plan

The direct lines of action prepared by CALLAWAY SAFETY EQUIPMENT CO., INC., to protect the public from hazardous gas situations are as follows:

- 1. When the company approved supervisor (Drilling Foremen, Tool Pusher or Driller) determine that Hydrogen Sulfide gas cannot be limited to the well location, and the public will be involved, he will activate the evacuation plan. Escape routes are noted on the Area Map.
- Company safety personnel or designee will notify the appropriate local government agency that a hazardous condition exists and evacuation need to be implemented.
- 3. Company approved safety personnel that have been trained in the use of the proper emergency equipment will be utilized.
- 4. Law enforcement personnel (State Police, Local Police Department, Fire Department, and the Sheriff's Department) will be called to aid in setting up and maintaining road blocks. Also, they will aid in evacuation of the public if necessary.

NOTE: Law enforcement personnel will not be asked to come into a contaminated area. Their assistance will be limited to uncontaminated areas. Constant radio contact will be maintained with them.

5. After the discharge of gas has been controlled, "Company" safety personnel will determine when the area is safe for re-entry.

See Emergency Action Plan

Emergency Assistance Telephone List

PUBLIC SAFETY:		911 or
Chavez Co. Sheriff		(505) 624-6770
Fire Department		(505) 624-6800
Hospital/Roswell,N.M.		(505) 622-8170
Life Flight:		
Southwest Air-Med E Vac.		(800) 242-6199
Lat: 33'01'17.73"N. Long: 104'26'42.18" W.		
New Mexico D.O.T.		(505) 827-5100
Bureau of Land Management		(505) 393-3612
U. S. Dept. of Labor		(505) 248-5302
New Mexico OCD		(505) 393-6161
New Mexico/After Hours		(505) 370-7106
Parallel Petroleum Corporation Parallel Petroleum Corporation/Midland, TX	Office	(432) 684-3727
Superintendent:		
Donnie Hill	Office Cell	(432) 684-3727 (432) 934-7164
Drilling Engineer:		
Deane Durham	Office Cell	(432) 684-3727 (432) 413-9701
Callaway Safety Equipment		
Odessa	O#:	(422) 564 5040
		(432) 561-5049
Hobbs	Office	(877) 422-6345

Affected Notification List

(within a	radius of exposure	@100ppm)

The geologic zones that will be encountered during drilling are not known to contain hazardous quantities of H_2S . The accompanying map illustrates the affected areas of the community. The residents within this radius will be notified via a hand delivered written notice describing the activities, potential hazards, conditions of evacuation, evacuation drill siren alarms and other precautionary measures.

Evacuee Description:

Residents: THERE ARE NO RESIDENTS WITHIN 3000' ROE.

Notification Process:

A continuos siren audible to all residence will be activated, signaling evacuation of previously notified and informed residents.

Evacuation Plan:

All evacuees will migrate lateral to the wind direction.

The Oil Company will identify all home bound or highly susceptible individuals and make special evacuation preparations, interfacing with the local and emergency medical service as necessary.

MAPS AND PLATS (Maps & Plats Attached)

GENERAL INFORMATION

Toxic Effects of H₂S Poisoning

Hydrogen Sulfide is extremely toxic. The acceptable ceiling concentration for eight-hour exposure is 10 PPM, which is .001% by volume. Hydrogen Sulfide is heavier than air (specific gravity-1.192) and is colorless and transparent. Hydrogen Sulfide is almost as toxic as Hydrogen Cyanide and is 5-6 times more toxic than Carbon Monoxide. Occupational exposure limits for Hydrogen sulfide and other gasses are compared below in Table I. Toxicity table for H₂S and physical effects are shown in Table II.

Table 1Permissible Exposure Limits of Various Gasses

Common Name	Symbol	Sp. Gravity	TLV	STEL	IDLH
Hydrogen Cyanide	HCN	.94	4.7 ppm	С	
Hydrogen Sulfide	H₂S	1.192	10 ppm	15 ppm	100 ppm
Sulfur Dioxide	SO ₂	2.21	2 ppm	5 ppm	
Chlorine	CL	2.45	.5 ppm	1 ppm	
Carbon Monoxide	со	0.97	25 ppm	200 ppm	
Carbon Dioxide	CO ₂	1.52	5000 ppm	30,000 ppm	
Methane	CH₄	0.55	4.7% LEL	14% UEL	

Definitions

- A. TLV Threshold Limit Value is the concentration employees may be exposed to based on a TWA (time weighted average) for eight (8) hours in one day for 40 hours in one (1) week. This is set by ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Hygienists and regulated by OSHA.
- B. STEL Short Term Exposure Limit is the 15 minute average concentration an employee may be exposed to providing that the highest exposure never exceeds the OEL (Occupational Exposure Limit). The OEL for H_2S is 19 PPM.
- C. IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health is the concentration that has been determined by the ACGIH to cause serious health problems or death if exposed to this level. The IDLH for H₂S is 100 PPM.

D. TWA — Time Weighted Average is the average concentration of any chemical or gas for an eight (8) hour period. This is the concentration that any employee may be exposed to based on an TWA.

TABLE IIToxicity Table of H₂S

Percent %	PPM	Physical Effects
,0001	1	Can smell less than 1 ppm.
.001	10	TLV for 8 hours of exposure
.0015	15	STEL for 15 minutes of exposure
.01	100	Immediately Dangerous to Life & Health. Kills sense of smell in 3 to 5 minutes.
.02	200	Kills sense of smell quickly, may burn eyes and throat.
.05	500	Dizziness, cessation of breathing begins in a few minutes.
.07	700	Unconscious quickly, death will result if not rescued promptly.
.10	1000	Death will result unless rescued promptly. Artificial resuscitation may be necessary.

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF H2S

The properties of all gasses are usually described in the context of seven major categories:

COLOR
ODOR
VAPOR DENSITY
EXPLOSIVE LIMITS
FLAMMABILITY
SOLUBILITY (IN WATER)
BOILING POINT

Hydrogen Sulfide is no exception. Information from these categories should be considered in order to provide a fairly complete picture of the properties of the gas.

COLOR - TRANSPARENT

Hydrogen Sulfide is colorless so it is invisible. This fact simply means that you can't rely on your eyes to detect its presence. a fact that makes the gas extremely dangerous to be around.

ODOR - ROTTEN EGGS

Hydrogen Sulfide has a distinctive offensive smell, similar to "rotten eggs". For this reason it earned its common name "sour gas". However, H₂S, even in low concentrations, is so toxic that it attacks and quickly impairs a victim's sense of smell, so it could be fatal to rely on your nose as a detection device.

VAPOR DENSITY - SPECIFIC GRAVITY OF 1.192

Hydrogen Sulfide is heavier than air so it tends to settle in low-lying areas like pits, cellars or tanks. If you find yourself in a location where H₂S is known to exist, protect yourself. Whenever possible, work in an area upwind and keep to higher ground.

EXPLOSIVE LIMITS - 4.3% TO 46%

Mixed with the right proportion of air or oxygen, H₂S will ignite and burn or explode, producing another alarming element of danger besides poisoning.

FLAMMABILITY

Hydrogen Sulfide will burn readily with a distinctive clear blue flame, producing Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂), another hazardous gas that irritates the eyes and lungs.

SOLUBILITY - 4 TO 1 RATIO WITH WATER

Hydrogen Sulfide can be dissolved in liquids, which means that it can be present in any container or vessel used to carry or hold well fluids including oil, water, emulsion and sludge. The solubility of H_2S is dependent on temperature and pressure, but if conditions are right, simply agitating a fluid containing H_2S may release the gas into the air.

BOILING POINT – (-76 degrees Fahrenheit)

Liquefied Hydrogen Sulfide boils at a very low temperature, so it is usually found as a gas.

RESPIRATOR USE

The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) regulates the use of respiratory protection to protect the health of employees. OSHA's requirements are written in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 29, Part 1910, Section 134, Respiratory Protection. This regulation requires that all employees who might be required to wear respirators, shall complete a OSHA mandated medical evaluation questionnaire. The employee then should be fit tested prior to wearing any respirator while being exposed to hazardous gasses.

Written procedures shall be prepared covering safe use of respirators in dangerous atmospheric situations, which might be encountered in normal operations or in emergencies. Personnel shall be familiar with these procedures and the available respirators.

Respirators shall be inspected prior to and after each use to make sure that the respirator has been properly cleaned, disinfected and that the respirator works properly. The unit should be fully charged prior to being used.

Anyone who may use respirators shall be properly trained in how to properly seal the face piece. They shall wear respirators in normal air and then in a test atmosphere. (Note: Such items as facial hair (beard or sideburns) and eyeglass temple pieces will not allow a proper seal.) Anyone that may be expected to wear respirators should have these items removed before entering a toxic atmosphere. A special mask must be obtained for anyone who must wear eyeglasses. Contact lenses should not be allowed.

Respirators shall be worn during the following conditions:

- A. Any employee who works near the top or on the top of any tank unless tests reveal less than 20 ppm of H2S.
- B. When breaking out any line where H2S can reasonably be expected.
- C. When sampling air in areas where H2S may be present.
- D. When working in areas where the concentration of H2S exceeds the Threshold Limit Value for H2S (10 ppm).
- E. At any time where there is a doubt as to the H2S level in the area to be entered.

EMERGENCY RESCUE PROCEDURES

DO NOT PANIC!!!

Remain Calm - THINK

- 1. Before attempting any rescue you must first get out of the hazardous area yourself. Go to a safe briefing area.
- 2. Sound an alarm and activate the 911 system.
- 3. Put on breathing apparatus. At least two persons should do this, when available use the buddy system.
- 4. Rescue the victim and return them to a safe briefing area.
- 5. Perform an initial assessment and begin proper First Aid/CPR procedures.
- 6. Keep the victim lying down with a blanket or coat, etc..., under the shoulders to keep airway open. Conserve body heat and do not leave unattended.
- 7. If the eyes are affected by H2S, wash them thoroughly with potable water. For slight irritation, cold compresses are helpful.
- 8. In case a person has only minor exposure and does not lose consciousness totally, it's best if he doesn't return to work until the following day.
- 9. Any personnel overcome by H2S should always be examined by medical personnel. They should always be transported to a hospital or doctor.