Form, 3160-3 (September 2001) UNITED STATE	OCD-ARTESI	A	OMB No	PPROVED 1004-0136 uary 31, 2004
DEPARTMENT OF THI BUREAU OF LAND MA	E INTERIOR /	1092	5 Lease Serial No. NM-62171	·
APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO	DRILL OR REENTE	R	6 If Indian, Allottee	or Tribe Name
la Type of Work: DRILL REE	NTER		7 If Unit or CA Agree	ement, Name and No
1b. Type of Well Oil Well Gas Well Other	☑ Single Zone	e Multiple Zoi	8 Lease Name and We	3/00
2 Name of Operator	0	_	9 API Well No	
Marbob Energy Corporation /40	99		30-015-	36122
3a Address	3b Phone No (include	area code)	10 Field and Pool, or E	. 14900
P O. Box 227, Artesia, NM 88211-0227	505-748-3303	-	Chosa Draw; Morrov	w (Gas)
4 Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance v	vith any State requirements. '	*)	11 Sec, T., R., M, or	Blk and Survey or Area
At surface 800' FSL & 1980' FWL		DEC 1 1 2007		
At proposed prod zone		OD ADTECL	Section 3, T25S - R2	25E
14 Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post office	·* U	CD-AK I ESI	12 County or Parish	13 State
About 1.5 miles from White City, NM			Eddy County	NM
15. Distance from proposed* location to nearest property or lease line, ft (Also to nearest drig unit line, if any) 520'	16. No of Acres in le	ase 17 S	pacing Unit dedicated to this v	vell
18 Distance from proposed location*	19 Proposed Depth		BLM/BIA Bond No on file	
to nearest well, drilling, completed, applied for, on this lease, ft	11900		000412	
21 Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.)	22 Approximate dat	e work will start*	23 Estimated duration	n
3555'	December 6, 2007		45 Days	
	24. Attachments	3		
The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of O	nshore Oil and Gas Order No	1, shall be attached	to this form	
 Well plat certified by a registered surveyor A Drilling Plan A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest Sys SUPO shall be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office) 	stem Lands, the 5. Ope	em 20 above) erator certification	rations unless covered by an e	-
25 Signature	Name (Printed)	Typed)		Date
Daniel Canell	Nancy Agnew	1		11/6/07
Title		***		
Land Department			<u> </u>	
Approved by (Signature) /s/ Don Peterson	Name (Printed	Type ISI. Don P	eterson	Date DEC 0 7 2007
Title FOR FIELD MANAGER	Office		AD FIELD OFFIC	
Application approval does not warrant or certify that the applicant hoperations thereon Conditions of approval of	olds legal or equitable title to	_	ubject lease which would entitle ROVAL FOR TWO	

Title 18 U S C Section 1001 and Title 43 U S.C. Section 1212, make it a crime for any person knowingly and willfully to make to any department or agency of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as to any matter within its jurisdiction

Conditions of approval, if any, are attached

Carlsbad Controlled Water Basin

SEE ATTACHED FOR **CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL**

APPROVAL SUBJECT TO GENERAL REQUIREMENTS AND SPECIAL STIPULATIONS ATTACHED

ATS-08-152

STATEMENT ACCEPTING RESPONSIBILITY FOR OPERATIONS

The undersigned accepts all applicable terms, conditions, stipulations, and restrictions concerning operations conducted on the leased land or portion thereof, as described below:

Date:

November 6, 2007

Lease #:

NM-62171

Crackajack Federal Com #1

Legal Description: 800' FSL & 1980' FWL, Sec. 3-T25S-R25E

Eddy County, New Mexico

Formation(s): Permian

Bond Coverage: Statewide

BLM Bond File #: NMB000412

Marbob Energy Corporation

Land Department

State of New Mexico

DISTRICT I 1625 N. FRENCH DR., HOBBS, NM 88240

Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department

Revised October 12, 2005

Submit to Appropriate District Office

State Lease - 4 Copies Fee Lease - 3 Copies

DISTRICT II 1301 W. GRAND AVENUE, ARTESIA, NM 88210

DISTRICT III 1000 Rio Brazos Rd., Aztec, NM 87410

OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION 1220 SOUTH ST. FRANCIS DR. Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505

DISTRICT IV WELL LOCATION AND ACREAGE DEDICATION PLAT ☐ AMENDED REPORT 1220 S. ST. FRANCIS DR., SANTA FE, NM 87505 API Number Pool Code Pool Name 74900 CHOSA DRAW: MORROW (GAS) Property Name Well Number Property Code CRACKAJACK FEDERAL COM 1 OGRID No. Operator Name Elevation MARBOB ENERGY CORPORATION 3555 14049

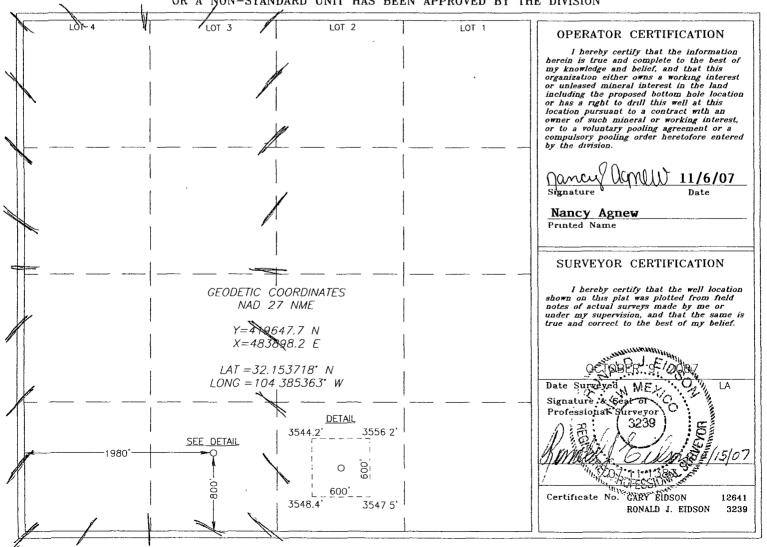
Surface Location

UL or lot No.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the	North/South line	Feet from the	East/West line	County
Ν	3	25-S	25-E		800	SOUTH	1980	WEST	EDDY

Bottom Hole Location If Different From Surface

UL or lot No.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the	North/South line	Feet from the	East/West line	County
Dedicated Acre	s Joint	or Infill	Consolidation	Code Or	der No.				
320									

NO ALLOWABLE WILL BE ASSIGNED TO THIS COMPLETION UNTIL ALL INTERESTS HAVE BEEN CONSOLIDATED OR A NON-STANDARD UNIT HAS BEEN APPROVED BY THE DIVISION



MARBOB ENERGY CORPORATION DRILLING AND OPERATIONS PROGRAM

Crackajack Federal Com #1 800' FSL & 1980' FWL Section 3, T25S, R25E Eddy County, New Mexico

In conjunction with Form 3160-3, Application for Permit to Drill subject well, Marbob Energy Corporation submits the following ten items of pertinent information in accordance with BLM requirements.

1. Geological surface formation: Permian

2. The estimated tops of geologic markers are as follows:

Top of Salt	400'	Wolfcamp	8100'
Base of Salt	1300′	Strawn	10050′
Delaware	1450'	Atoka	10300′
Bone Spring	5250'	Morrow	11000′
		TD	11900′

3. The estimated depths at which anticipated water, oil or gas formations are expected to be encountered:

Delaware	1450′	Oil
Wolfcamp	8100'	Gas
Atoka	10300'	Gas
Morrow	11000'	Gas

No other formations are expected to give up oil, gas, or fresh water in measurable quantities. The surface fresh water sands will be protected by setting 13 3/8" casing at 300' and circulating cement back to surface. Potash / fresh water sands will be protected by setting 9 5/8" casing at 1400' and circulating cement back to surface. The Morrow intervals will be isolated by setting 4 1/2" casing to total depth and circulating cement above the base of the 9.5/8" casing.

4. Proposed Casing Program:

Hole	Interval	OD	New	Wt	Collar	Grade	Collapse	Burst	Tension
Size		Casing	or]	Design	Design	Design
		,	Used	<u> </u>		j	Factor	Factor	Factor
17 1/2"	0' - 300'	13 3/8"	New	48#	STC	H-40	1.125	1.125	1.6
12 1/4"	300′ – 1400′	9 5/8"	New	36#	STC	J-55	1.125	1.125	1.6
8 3/4"	1400′ – 7000′	7"	New	23#	LTC	N-80	1.125	1.125	1.6
8 3/4"	7000′ – 8100′	7"	New	23#	LTC	P110	1.125	1.125	1.6
6 1/8"	8100' - 11900'	4 1/2"	New	11.6#	LTC	P110	1.125	1.125	1.6

5. Proposed Cement Program:

a. 13 3/8" Surface	Cement to surface with 300 sk, class "C", 2% calc, wt 14.8 ppg, yield 1.34
b. 9 5/8" Int	Cement to surface with 300 sk, class "C" lite w/ 12.7 ppg yield 1.99, tail in with 100 sk "c" wt 14.8 yield 1.34
c. 7" Int	Cement 1 st Stage , with 250 sk "H" Lite wt 12.6 yield 1.91 Tail in with 100 sk "H" wt 13.0 yield 1.67 2 nd stage , with 425 sk "H" Lite wt 12.6 yield 1.91 Tail in with 100 sk "c" wt 14.8 ppg yield 1.34 TOC 1000' DV Tool @ 5250'
d. 4 1/2" Prod	Cement with 275 sk "H" wt 13.0 ppg yield 1.67 TOC 7900'

The above cement volumes could be revised pending the caliper measurement from the open hole logs. The top of cement is designed to reach approximately 200' above the 9 5/8" casing shoe. **All casing is new and API approved.**

6. Minimum Specifications for Pressure Control:

Nipple up on 13 3/8 with 2M system (Hydril) testing to 1000 psi with rig pumps. Nipple up on 9 5/8" with 3M system testing to 1000 psi with rig pumps. Nipple up on 7" with 5M system testing to 5000# with independent tester.

Pipe rams will be operationally checked each 24 hour period. Blind rams will be operationally checked on each trip out of the hole. These checks will be noted on the daily tour sheets. A 2"kill line and a 3" choke line will be included in the drilling spool located below the ram-type BOP. Other accessories to the BOP equipment will include a Kelly cock and floor safety valve (inside BOP) and choke lines and choke manifold with 5000 psi WP rating.

7. Estimated BHP: 4950.4 psi

8. Mud Program: The applicable depths and properties of this system are as follows:

		Mud	Viscosity	Waterloss
Depth	Type System	Weight	(sec)	(cc)
0' - 300'	Fresh Water	8.4 – 8.6	29 - 31	N.C.
300' - 1400'	Brine ,	9.9 – 10.1	29 - 31	N.C.
1400' - 8100'	Cut Brine	8.9 - 9.1	29 - 31	N.C.
8100' - 11900'	Cut Brine	9.2 - 10.0	29 - 31	N.C./ 6 C.C.

The necessary mud products for weight addition and fluid loss control will be on location at all times.

9. Auxiliary Well Control and Monitoring Equipment:

- a. A Kelly cock will be in the drill string at all times.
- b. A full opening drill pipe stabbing valve having the appropriate connections will be on the rig floor at all times.
- c. Hydrogen Sulfide detection equipment will be in operation after drilling out the 13 3/8" casing shoe until the 4 1/2" casing is cemented. Breathing equipment will be on location upon drilling the 13 3/8" shoe until total depth is reached.

10. Testing, Logging and Coring Program:

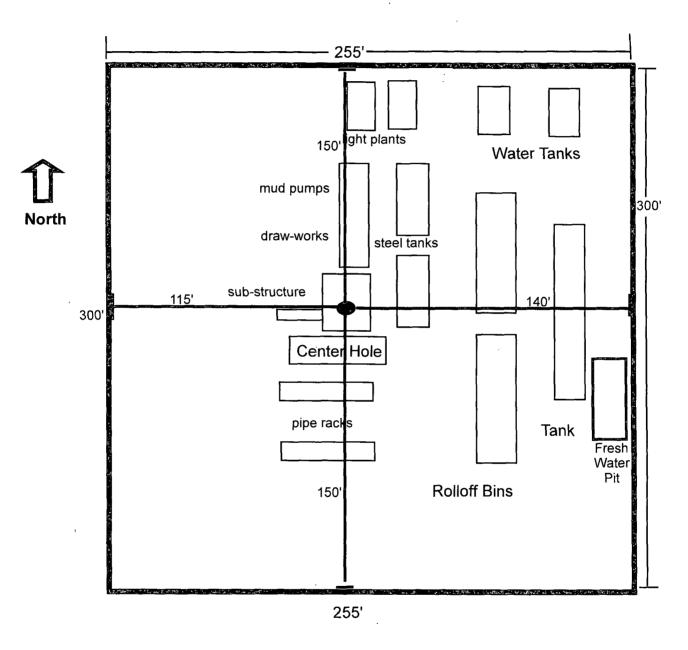
- a. Drill stem tests will be based on geological sample shows.
- b. The open hole electrical logging program will be:
 - Total Depth to Intermediate Casing: Dual Laterolog-Micro Laterolog and Gamma Ray. Compensated Neutron – Z Density log with Gamma Ray and Caliper.
 - ii. Total Depth to Surface: Compensated Neutron with Gamma Ray
 - iii. No coring program is planned
 - iv. Additional testing will be initiated subsequent to setting the 4 ½" production casing. Specific intervals will be targeted based on log evaluation, geological sample shows and drill stem tests.

11. Potential Hazards:

a. No abnormal pressures or temperatures are expected. There is no known presence of H2S in this area. If H2S is encountered the operator will comply with the provisions of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 6. No lost circulation is expected to occur. All personnel will be familiar with all aspects of safe operation of equipment being used to drill this well. Estimated BHP: 4950.4 psi. Estimated BHT: 200°. No H2S is anticipated to be encountered.

12. Anticipated starting date and Duration of Operations:

a. Road and location construction will begin after the BLM has approved the APD. Anticipated spud date will be as possible after BLM approval and as soon as a rig will be available. Move in operations and drilling is expected to take 45 days.

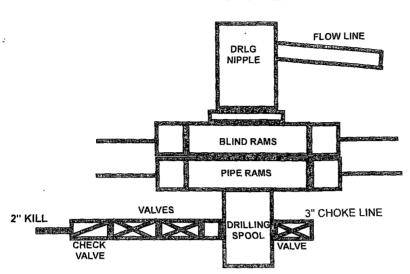


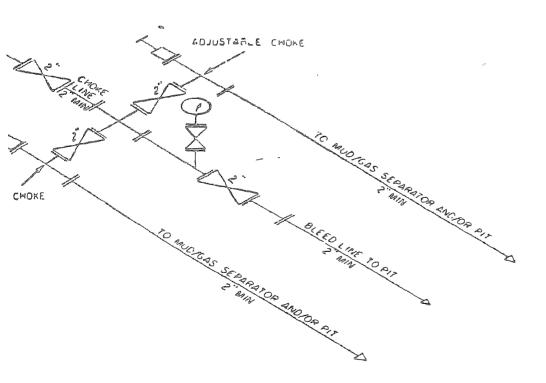
See COA's.

Crackajack Federal Com #1 800' FSL & 1980' FWL Section 3, T25S, R25E Eddy County, New Mexico

EXHIBIT THREE

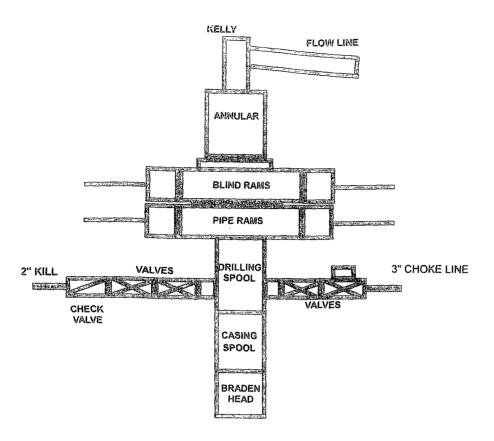
2M SYSTEM

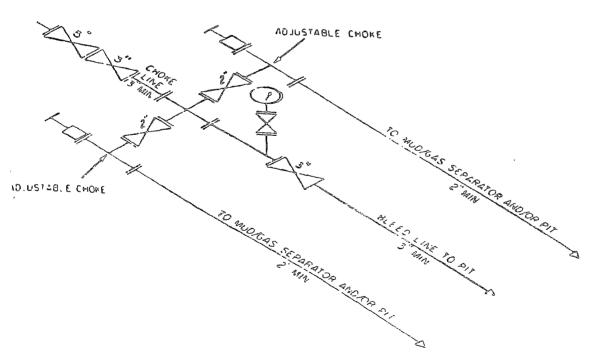




CHOKE MANIFOLD EQUIPMENT — CONFIGURATION OF . CHOKES

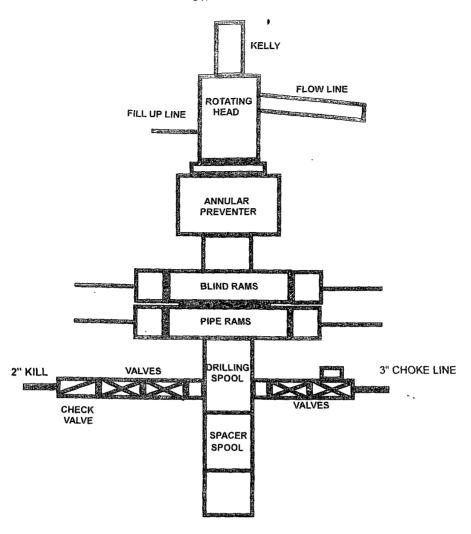
3M SYSTEM.





3M CHOKE MANIFOLD EQUIPMENT - CONFIGURATION OF CHOKES

5M SYSTEM



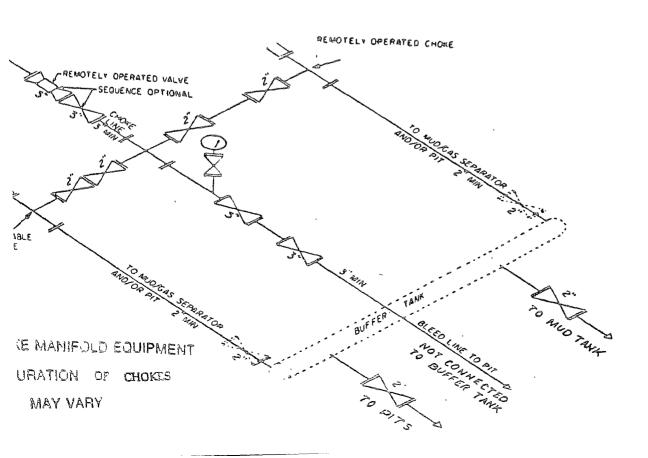


Exhibit
One

MARBOB ENERGY CORPORATION

HYDROGEN SULFIDE DRILLING OPERATIONS PLAN

I. HYDROGEN SULFIDE TRAINING

All personnel, whether regularly assigned, contracted, or employed on an unscheduled basis, will receive training from a qualified instructor in the following areas prior to commencing drilling operations on this well:

- A. The hazards and characteristics of hydrogen sulfide (H_2S) .
- B. The proper use and maintenance of personal protective equipment and life support systems.
- C. The proper use of H₂S detectors, alarms, warning systems, briefing areas, evacuation procedures, and prevailing winds.
- D. The proper techniques for first aid and rescue procedures.

In addition, supervisory personnel will be trained in the following areas:

- A. The effects of H₂S on metal components. If high tensile tubulars are to be used, personnel will be trained in their special maintenance requirements.
- B. Corrective action and shut-in procedures when drilling or reworking a well and blowout prevention and well control procedures.
- C. The contents and requirements of the H₂S Drilling Operations Plan and the Public Protection Plan.

There will be an initial training session just prior to encountering a known or probable H₂S zone (within 3 days or 500 feet) and weekly H₂S and well control drills for all personnel in each crew. The initial training session shall include a review of the site specific H₂S Drilling Operations Plan and the Public Protection Plan. This plan shall be available at the well site. All personnel will be required to carry documentation that they have received the proper training.

II. H2S SAFETY EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS

Note: All H₂S safety equipment and systems will be installed, tested, and operational when drilling reaches a depth of 500 feet above, or three days prior to penetrating the first zone containing or reasonably expected to contain H₂S.

A. Well Control Equipment:

Flare line.

Choke manifold.

Blind rams and pipe rams to accommodate all pipe sizes with properly sized closing unit.

Auxiliary equipment to include: annular preventer, mud-gas separator, rotating head.

B. Protective equipment for essential personnel:

Mark II Surviveair 30-minute units located in the dog house and at briefing areas.

C. H₂S detection and monitoring equipment:

2 - portable H₂S monitor positioned on location for best coverage and response. These units have warning lights and audible sirens when H₂S levels of 20 ppm are reached.

D. Visual warning systems:

Caution/Danger signs shall be posted on roads providing direct access to location. Signs will be painted a high visibility yellow with black lettering of sufficient size to be readable at a reasonable distance from the immediate location. Bilingual signs will be used, when appropriate. See example attached.

E. Mud Program:

The mud program has been designed to minimize the volume of H_2S circulated to the surface.

F. Metallurgy:

All drill strings, casings, tubing, wellhead, blowout preventers, drilling spool, kill lines, choke manifold and lines, and valves shall be suitable for H₂S service.

G. Communication:

Company vehicles equipped with cellular telephone and 2-way radio.

WARNING

YOU ARE ENTERING AN H₂S AREA AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL ONLY

- 1. BEARDS OR CONTACT LENSES NOT ALLOWED
- 2. HARD HATS REQUIRED
- 3. SMOKING IN DESIGNATED AREAS ONLY
- 4. BE WIND CONSCIOUS AT ALL TIMES
- 5. CK WITH MARBOB FOREMAN AT MAIN OFFICE

MARBOB ENERGY CORPORATION

1-505-748-3303

MARBOB ENERGY CORPORATION MULTI-POINT SURFACE USE AND OPERATIONS PLAN

Crackajack Federal Com #1 800' FSL & 1980' FWL Section 3, T25S, R25E Eddy County, New Mexico

This plan is submitted with Form 3160-3, Application for Permit to Drill, covering the above described well. The purpose of this plan is to describe the location of the proposed well, the proposed construction activities and operations plan, the magnitude of the surface disturbance involved and the procedures to be followed in rehabilitating the surface after completion of the operations, so that a complete appraisal can be made of the environmental effect associated with the operations.

1. EXISTING ROADS:

- a. The well site and elevation plat for the proposed well are reflected on the well site layout; Form C-102. The well was staked by John West Surveying Company.
- b. Exhibit 2 is a portion of a topo map showing the well and roads in the vicinity of the proposed location. The proposed wellsite and the access route to the location are indicated in red on Exhibit 2.
- c. Routine grading and maintenance of existing roads will be conducted as necessary to maintain their condition as long as any operations continue on this lease.

DIRECTIONS:

From the intersection of U.S. Hwy. 62-180 and Co. Rd. #724 (White City Rd.), go East on Co. Rd. #724 for approx. 0.4 miles to a proposed road survey. Follow road survey approx. 698 feet to this location.

2. PLANNED ACCESS ROAD:

The proposed access road begins on paved County Road #724 and trends East 698' feet, ending on the southeastern side of the proposed well pad.

The new road will be constructed as follows:

- A. The maximum width of the road will be 15'. It will be crowned and made of 6" of rolled and compacted caliche. Water will be deflected, as necessary, to avoid accumulation and prevent surface erosion.
- B. Surface material will be native caliche. This material will be obtained from a BLM approved pit nearest in proximity to the location. Any additional materials that are required will be purchased from the dirt contractor. The average grade will be approximately 1%.

- C. No turnouts are planned.
- D. No culverts, cattleguard, gates, low-water crossings, or fence cuts are necessary.
- E. The proposed access road as shown in Exhibit 2 has been centerline flagged by John West Engineering.

3. LOCATION OF EXISTING AND/OR PROPOSED FACILITIES:

- A. In the event the well is found productive, the Crackajack Federal Com #1 tank battery would be utilized and the necessary production equipment will be installed at the well site. A Site Facilities Diagram will be submitted upon completion of facility.
- B. All flowlines will adhere to API standards
- C. If electricity is needed, power will be obtained from Central Valley Electric. Central Valley Electric will apply for ROW for their power lines.
- D. If the well is productive, rehabilitation plans are as follows:
 - i. The original topsoil from the well site will be returned to the location. The drill site will then be contoured as close as possible to the original state.

4. LOCATION AND TYPES OF WATER SUPPLY:

This location will be drilled using a combination of water mud systems (outlined in the Drilling Program). The water will be obtained from commercial water stations in the area and hauled to location by transport truck using the existing and proposed roads shown in Exhibit #2. On occasion, water will be obtained form a pre-existing water well, running a pump directly to the drill rig. In these cases where a poly pipeline is used to transport water for drilling purposes, the existing and proposed road shown in Exhibit "2" will be utilized.

5. CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS:

All Caliche utilized for the drilling pad and proposed access road will be obtained from an existing BLM approved pit or from prevailing deposits found under the location. All roads will be constructed of 6" rolled and compacted caliche. Will use BLM recommended use of extra caliche from other locations close by for roads, if available.

6. METHODS OF HANDLING WASTE MATERIAL:

- a. All trash, junk and other waste material will be removed from the wellsite within 30 days after finishing drilling and/or completion operations. All waste material will be contained in trash cages or trash bins to prevent scattering. When the job is completed, all contents will be removed and disposed of in an approved sanitary landfill.
- b. The supplier, including broken sacks, will pick up slats remaining after completion of well.

- c. A porto-john will be provided for the rig crews. This equipment will be properly maintained during the drilling and completion operations and will be removed when all operations are complete.
- d. Disposal of fluids to be transported by an approved disposal company.

7. ANCILLARY FACILITIES:

No campsite or other facilities will be constructed as a result of this well.

8. WELLSITE LAYOUT:

- a. Exhibit 3 shows the proposed well site layout with dimensions of the pad layout.
- b. This exhibit indicates proposed location of reserve and sump pits if utilized and living facilities.
- c. Mud pits in the active circulating system will be steel pits and a closed loop system will be utilized.

9. PLANS FOR SURFACE RECLAMATION:

- a. After finishing drilling and/or completion operations, if the well is found non-commercial, the caliche will be removed from the pad and transported to the original caliche pit or used for other drilling locations. The road will be reclaimed as directed by the BLM. The original top soil will again be returned to the pad and contoured, as close as possible, to the original state.
- b. The location and road will be rehabilitated as recommended by the BLM.
- c. If the well is deemed commercially productive, the reserve pit will be restored as described in 10(A) within 120 days subsequent to the completion date. Caliche from areas of the pad site not required for operations will be reclaimed. The original top soil will be returned to the area of the drill pad not necessary to operate the well. These unused areas of the drill pad will be contoured, as close as possible, to match the original topography.

10. SURFACE OWNERSHIP:

The surface is owned by the US Government and is administered by the Bureau of Land Management. The surface is multiple use with the primary uses of the region for the grazing of livestock and the production of oil and gas. The proposed road routes and the surface location will be restored as directed by the BLM.

11.OTHER INFORMATION:

a. The area surrounding the well site is grassland. The topsoil is very sandy in nature. The vegetation is moderately sparse with native prairie grass, some mesquite bushes and shinnery oak. No wildlife was observed but it is likely that deer, rabbits, coyotes, and rodents traverse the area.

- b. There is no permanent or live water in the general proximity of the location.
- c. There are no dwellings within 2 miles of location.
- d. A Cultural Resources Examination will be completed by Boone Archeological and forwarded to the BLM office in Carlsbad, New Mexico.

12.OPERATOR'S REPRESENTATIVE:

A. Through A.P.D. Approval:

Dean Chumbley, Landman Marbob Energy Corporation P. O. Box 227 Artesia, NM 88211-0227 Phone (505)748-5988 Cell (505)513-2544 B. Through Drilling Operations

Sheryl Baker, Drilling Supervisor Marbob Energy Corporation P. O. Box 227 Artesia, NM 88211-0227 Phone (505)748-3303 Cell (505)748-5489

CERTIFICATION:

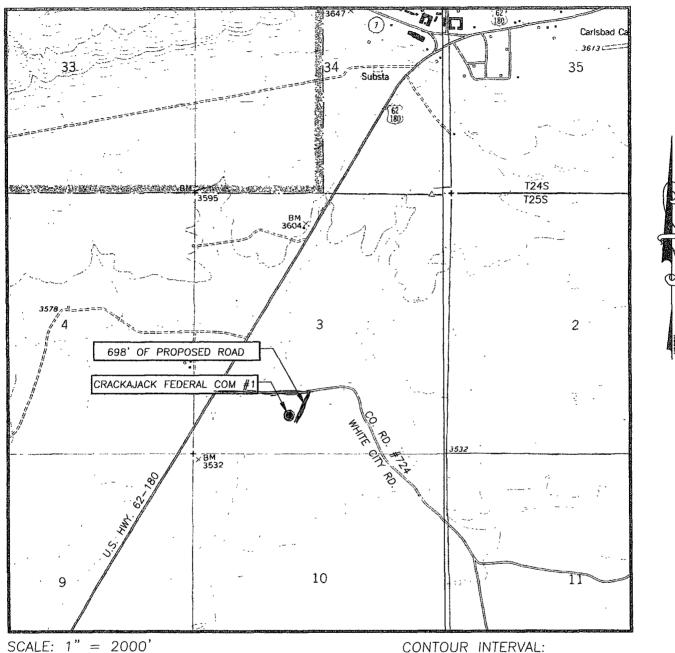
I hereby certify that I, or persons under my direct supervision, have inspected the proposed drillsite and access route, that I am familiar with the conditions which presently exist; that the statements made in this plan are to the best of my knowledge, true and correct; and that the work associated with the operations proposed herein will be performed by Marbob Energy Corporation and its contractors and subcontractors in conformity with this plan and the terms and conditions under which it is approved. This statement is subject to the provisions of 18 U.S.C. 1001 for the filing of a false statement.

Marbob Energy Corporation

Ross Duncan

Land Department

LOCATION VERIFICATION MAP



SCALE: 1" = 2000'

SEC. 3 TWP. 25-S RGE. 25-E SURVEY N.M.P.M. COUNTY EDDY STATE NEW MEXICO DESCRIPTION 800' FSL & 1980' FWL 3555' ELEVATION MARBOB ENERGY CORPORATION OPERATOR_ LEASE CRACKAJACK FEDERAL COM

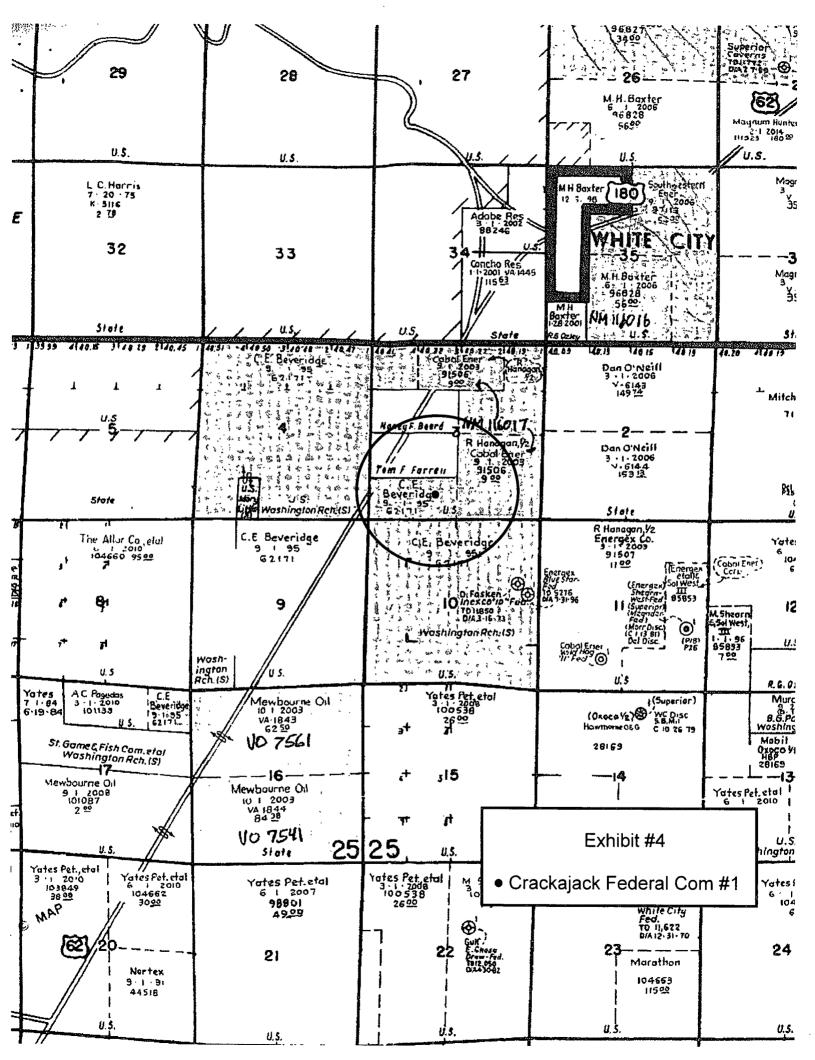
U.S.G.S. TOPOGRAPHIC MAP

CARLSBAD CAVERNS, N.M.

Existing Roads



CARLSBAD CAVERNS, N.M. - 40' BLACK RIVER VILLAGE, N.M. - 20'



PECOS DISTRICT CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

	Marbob Energy Corporation
LEASE NO.:	NM62171
WELL NAME & NO.:	Crackajack Federal Com No. 1
SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:	800' FSL & 1980' FWL
BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE	'FL&'FL
LOCATION:	Section 3, T. 25 S., R 25 E., NMPM
COUNTY:	Eddy County, New Mexico

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Standard Conditions of Approval (COA) apply to this APD. If any deviations to these standards exist or special COAs are required, the section with the deviation or requirement will be checked below.

☐ General Provisions
Permit Expiration
Archaeology, Paleontology, and Historical Site
Noxious Weeds
Special Requirements
Cave/Karst
VRM
☐ Construction
Notification
Topsoil
Reserve Pit
Federal Mineral Material Pits
Well Pads
Roads
☐ Road Section Diagram
☑ Drilling
☐ Production (Post Drilling)
Well Structures & Facilities
Pipelines
Electric Lines
Reserve Pit Closure/Interim Reclamation
Final Abandonment/Reclamation

I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The approval of the Application For Permit To Drill (APD) is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations: 43 Code of Federal Regulations 3160, the lease terms, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, Notices To Lessees, New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) Rules, National Historical Preservation Act As Amended, and instructions and orders of the Authorized Officer. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

II. PERMIT EXPIRATION

If the permit terminates prior to drilling and drilling cannot be commenced within 60 days after expiration, an operator is required to submit Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, requesting surface reclamation requirements for any surface disturbance. However, if the operator will be able to initiate drilling within 60 days after the expiration of the permit, the operator must have set the conductor pipe in order to allow for an extension of 60 days beyond the expiration date of the APD. (Filing of a Sundry Notice is required for this 60 day extension.)

III. ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES

Any cultural and/or paleontological resource discovered by the operator or by any person working on the operator's behalf shall immediately report such findings to the Authorized Officer. The operator is fully accountable for the actions of their contractors and subcontractors. The operator shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery shall be made by the Authorized Officer to determine the appropriate actions that shall be required to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values of the discovery. The operator shall be held responsible for the cost of the proper mitigation measures that the Authorized Officer assesses after consultation with the operator on the evaluation and decisions of the discovery. Any unauthorized collection or disturbance of cultural or paleontological resources may result in a shutdown order by the Authorized Officer.

IV. NOXIOUS WEEDS

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

V. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)

Cave and Karst

Cave/Karst Surface Mitigation

The following stipulations will be applied to minimize impacts during construction, drilling and production.

Closed Mud System Using Steel Tanks with All Fluids and Cuttings Hauled Off.

Cave/Karst Subsurface Mitigation

The following stipulations will be applied to protect cave/karst and ground water concerns:

Rotary Drilling with Fresh Water:

Rotary drilling techniques in cave or karst areas will include the use of fresh water as a circulating medium in zones where caves or karst features are expected. Use depth to the deepest expected fresh water as listed in the geologist report.

Casing:

All casing will meet or exceed National Association of Corrosion Engineers specifications pertaining to the geology of the location and be run to American Petroleum Institute and BLM standards.

Lost Circulation:

ALL lost circulation zones from the surface to the base of the cave occurrence zone will be logged and reported.

Regardless of the type of drilling machinery used, if a void (bit drops) of four feet or more and circulation losses greater then 75 percent occur simultaneously while drilling in any cave-bearing zone, drilling operations will immediately stop and the BLM will be notified by the operator. The BLM will assess the consequences of the situation and work with operator on corrective actions to resolve the problem.

Delayed Blasting:

Any blasting will be a phased and time delayed.

Abandonment Cementing:

Upon well abandonment the well bore will be cemented completely from 100 feet below the bottom of the cave bearing zone to the surface.

Record Keeping:

The Operator will track customary drilling activities, including the rate of penetration, pump pressure, weight on bit, bit drops, percent of mud returns, and presence of absence of cuttings returning to the surface. As part of customary record keeping, each detectable

void or sudden increase in the rate of penetration not attributable to a change in the formation type should be documented and evaluated as it is encountered.

Visual Resources Management (VRM)

1. PAINTING REQUIREMENT- IN ACCORDANCE WITH NOTICE TO LESSEES (NTL) 87-1 NEW MEXICO, "Painting of Oil Field Facilities to Minimize Visual Impacts": ALL permanent surface production facilities, including the well-drive control system, treatment, storage, transformers, power (except specifically approved electrical transmission lines and poles, or other permanent above-ground facilities not otherwise specifically subject to safety coloring requirements), shall be painted by the holder to blend with the dominant natural color of the surrounding landscape. The paint used shall be one of the "Standard Environmental Colors" designated by the Rocky Mountain Five-State Interagency Committee, and shall be a flat, non-reflective finish. The color specified for this location is:

Standard Environmental Color: Shale Green Munsell Soil Color Chart Number: 5Y 4/2 (# 657)

Any exception to this Painting Requirement must be approved by the BLM Authorized Officer in writing prior to implementation.

- 2. <u>LOW PROFILE FACILITIES</u> All permanent surface production facilities, including the well-drive control system, treatment, storage, transformers, power (except specifically approved electrical transmission lines and poles), or other permanent above-ground facilities shall be "low profile", not to exceed 10 feet in height. Any exception to on, Low Profile Facilities must be approved in writing by the BLM Authorized Officer prior to implementation.
- 3. <u>EARLY RECLAMATION</u> The proposed project is located within a Class Three Visual Resource Area. The project will be built in a manner to minimize visibility. The proposed project will be a linear feature for the life of the project, impacting visual resources.
 - 1. The proposed construction and scenic impacts will be limited to the approved pad size. Do not bring pad edge past the hill's break (past the old highway road bed.)
 - 2. Place facilities onto east side of the pad to hide them from Highway 62/180.
 - 3. Upon completion of the well and installation of the production facilities (if the well is a producer) the pad will be reclaimed back to a minimal size needed for production operations. The pads edges will be recontoured and the extra caliche and pad material will be hauled off-site. After one year, the BLM may require additional site reclamation.
 - 4. The reclaimed areas will be grid rolled and reseeded with seed mix as indicated in the Special Drilling Stipulations.

VI. CONSTRUCTION

A. NOTIFICATION

The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify the Carlsbad Field Office at (505) 234-5972 at least 3 working days prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad.

When construction operations are being conducted on this well, the operator shall have the approved APD and Conditions of Approval (COA) on the well site and they shall be made available upon request by the Authorized Officer.

B. TOPSOIL

The operator shall stockpile the topsoil of the well pad. The topsoil to be stripped is approximately 6 inches in depth. The topsoil shall not be used to backfill the reserve pit and will be used for interim and final reclamation.

C. RESERVE PITS

Tanks are required for drilling operations: No Pits.

The operator shall properly dispose of drilling contents at an authorized disposal site.

D. FEDERAL MINERAL MATERIALS PIT

If the operator elects to surface the access road and/or well pad, mineral materials extracted during construction of the reserve pit may be used for surfacing the well pad and access road and other facilities on the lease.

Payment shall be made to the BLM prior to removal of any additional federal mineral materials from any site other than the reserve pit. Call the Carlsbad Field Office at (505) 234-5972.

E. WELL PAD SURFACING

Surfacing of the well pad is not required.

If the operator elects to surface the well pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

The well pad shall be constructed in a manner which creates the smallest possible surface disturbance, consistent with safety and operational needs.

F. ON LEASE ACCESS ROADS

Road Width

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed fourteen (14) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed thirty (30) feet.

Surfacing

Surfacing material is not required on the new access road driving surface. If the operator elects to surface the new access road or pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

Where possible, no improvements should be made on the unsurfaced access road other than to remove vegetation as necessary, road irregularities, safety issues, or to fill low areas that may sustain standing water.

The Authorized Officer reserves the right to require surfacing of any portion of the access road at any time deemed necessary. Surfacing may be required in the event the road deteriorates, erodes, road traffic increases, or it is determined to be beneficial for future field development. The surfacing depth and type of material will be determined at the time of notification.

Crowning

Crowning shall be done on the access road driving surface. The road crown shall have a grade of approximately 2% (i.e., a 1" crown on a 14' wide road). The road shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

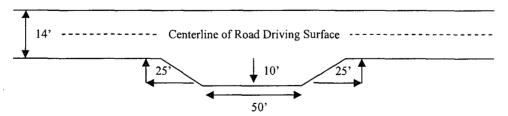
Ditching

Ditching shall be required on both sides of the road.

Turnouts

Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall be constructed on all blind curves. Turnouts shall conform to the following diagram:

Standard Turnout - Plan View

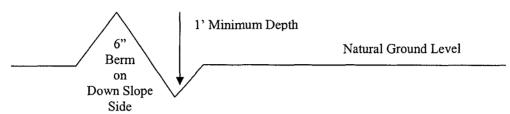


Drainage

Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill outsloping and insloping, lead-off ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.

Cross Section of a Typical Lead-off Ditch



All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing interval are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

Formula for Spacing Interval of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

400 foot road with 4% road slope:
$$\frac{400'}{4\%}$$
 + 100' = 200' lead-off ditch interval

Culvert Installations

Appropriately sized culvert(s) shall be installed at the deep waterway channel flow crossing.

Cattleguards

An appropriately sized cattleguard(s) sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence crossing(s).

Any existing cattleguard(s) on the access road shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattleguard(s) that are in place and are utilized during lease operations.

A gate shall be constructed and fastened securely to H-braces.

Fence Requirement

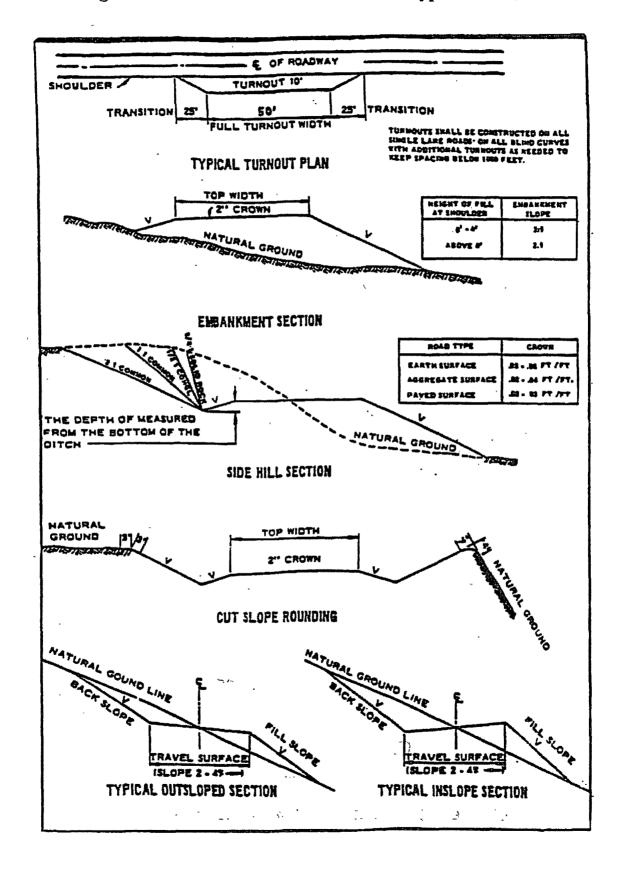
Where entry is required across a fence line, the fence shall be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting.

The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fence(s).

Public Access

Public access on this road shall not be restricted by the operator without specific written approval granted by the Authorized Officer.

Figure 1 – Cross Sections and Plans For Typical Road Sections



VII. DRILLING

A. DRILLING OPERATIONS REQUIREMENTS

The BLM is to be notified a minimum of 2 hours in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings
- c. BOPE tests

Eddy County

Call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220, (575) 361-2822

- 1. Although Hydrogen Sulfide has not been reported in this section, it is always a possible hazard. It has been reported in the Township to the east. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, please report measured amounts to the BLM.
- 2. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval.
- 3. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works are located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.

B. CASING

- 1. The 13-3/8 inch surface casing shall be set a minimum of 25 feet into the Rustler Anhydrite and above the salt at approximately 300 feet and cemented to the surface.
 - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with a surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement.
 - b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum 18 hours for a water basin, 24 hours in the potash area, or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement).

- c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
- d. If cement falls back, remedial action will be done prior to drilling out that string.

High cave/karst.

Possible lost circulation in the Delaware Possible abnormal pressures in the Wolfcamp and through the Pennsylvanian section.

2. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 9-5/8 inch intermediate casing is:

⊠ Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a-d above. Set at approximately 1400' within the Lamar Limestone.

If 75% or greater lost circulation occurs while drilling the 9-5/8" intermediate casing hole, the cement on the 7" intermediate casing must come to surface.

- 3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 7 inch second intermediate casing is:
 - Cement should tie-back at least 200 feet into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification. Set casing at approximately 8110' at the base of the Bone Spring formation before entering the Wolfcamp. First stage to circulate.

Formation below the 7" shoe to be tested according to Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.i.

- 4. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 4-1/2 inch production casing is:
 - Cement should tie-back at least 200 feet into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.
- 5. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.

C. PRESSURE CONTROL

1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and API RP 53 Sec. 17.

- 2. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be 2000 (2M) psi.
- 3. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the 9-5/8 intermediate casing shoe shall be 3000 (3M) psi.
- 4. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the 7" intermediate casing shoe shall be 5000 (5M) psi.
- 5. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 2 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
 - a. The tests shall be done by an independent service company.
 - b. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
 - c. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
 - d. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug.
 - e. BOP/BOPE must be tested by an independent service company within 500 feet of the top of the Wolfcamp formation if the time between the setting of the intermediate casing and reaching this depth exceeds 20 days. This test does not exclude the test prior to drilling out the casing shoe as per Onshore Order No. 2.
 - f. A variance to test the 13-3/8" surface casing and BOP/BOPE to the reduced pressure of 1000 psi with the rig pumps is approved.

D. DRILLING MUD

Mud system monitoring equipment, with derrick floor indicators and visual and audio alarms, shall be operating before drilling into the **Wolfcamp** formation, and shall be used until production casing is run and cemented.

E. DRILL STEM TEST

If drill stem tests are performed, Onshore Order 2.III.D shall be followed.

Engineer on call phone (after hours): Carlsbad: (575) 706-2779

WWI 120407

VIII. PRODUCTION (POST DRILLING)

A. WELL STRUCTURES & FACILITIES

Placement of Production Facilities

Production facilities should be placed on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

Containment Structures

The containment structure shall be constructed to hold the capacity of the entire contents of the largest tank, plus 24 hour production, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary by the Authorized Officer.

Painting Requirement

All above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements shall be painted a flat non-reflective paint color Shale Green, Munsell Soil Color Chart # 5Y 4/2

VRM Facility Requirement

Low-profile tanks not greater than eight-feet-high shall be used.

IX. INTERIM RECLAMATION & RESERVE PIT CLOSURE

A. INTERIM RECLAMATION

If the well is a producer, interim reclamation shall be conducted on the well site in accordance with the orders of the Authorized Officer. The operator shall submit a Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells (Notice of Intent), Form 3160-5, prior to conducting interim reclamation.

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations should undergo interim reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche is important to increasing the success of revegetating the site. Removed caliche may be used for road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

Seed Mixture 3, for Shallow Sites

The holder shall seed all disturbed areas with the seed mixture listed below. The seed mixture shall be planted in the amounts specified in pounds of pure live seed (PLS)* per acre. There shall be <u>no</u> primary or secondary noxious weeds in the seed mixture. Seed will be tested and the viability testing of seed will be done in accordance with State law(s) and within nine (9) months prior to purchase. Commercial seed will be either certified or registered seed. The seed container will be tagged in accordance with State law(s) and available for inspection by the authorised officer.

Seed will be planted using a drill equipped with a depth regulator to ensure proper depth of planting where drilling is possible. The seed mixture will be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area (smaller/heavier seeds have a tendency to drop the bottom of the drill and are planted first). The holder shall take appropriate measures to ensure this does not occur. Where drilling is not possible, seed will be broadcast and the area shall be raked or chained to cover the seed. When broadcasting the seed, the pounds per acre are to be doubled. The seeding will be repeated until a satisfactory stand is established as determined by the authorized officer. Evaluation of growth will not be made before completion of at least one full growing season after seeding.

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed* per acre:

Species lb/acre

Plains Bristlegrass (Setaria magrostachya)

Green Spangletop (Leptochloa

dubia) 2.0

Side oats Grama (Bouteloua

curtipendula) 5.0

Pounds of seed x percent purity x percent germination = pounds pure live seed

^{*}Pounds of pure live seed:

X. FINAL ABANDONMENT & REHABILITATION REQUIREMENTS

Upon abandonment of the well and/or when the access road is no longer in service the Authorized Officer shall issue instructions and/or orders for surface reclamation and restoration of all disturbed areas.

On private surface/federal mineral estate land the reclamation procedures on the road and well pad shall be accomplished in accordance with the private surface land owner agreement.



NOV 07 2007 OCD-ARTESIA

November 6, 2007

Oil Conservation Division 1301 W. Grand Ave. Artesia, NM 88210

Attention: Bryan Arrant

Re: Crackajack Federal Com #1 800' FSL & 1980' FWL Section 3, T25S, R25E Eddy County, New Mexico

Dear Bryan:

We plan to complete this well in the Morrow which is sweet and <u>we don't</u> <u>anticipate cutting any formations that contain H2S gas</u> during the drilling of the above referenced well. Therefore, we do not believe that an H2S contingency plan is necessary.

If you have questions or need further information, please call.

Sincerely,

Nancy Agnew Land Department

pancy Cionew

/na