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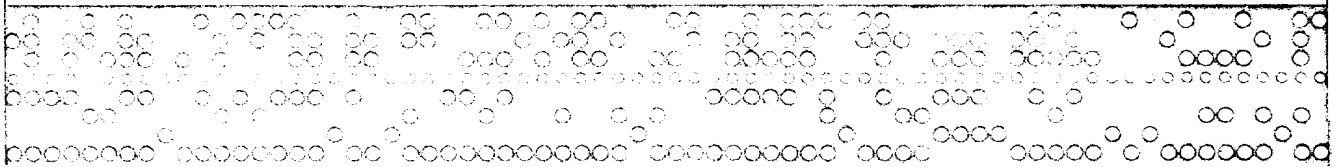
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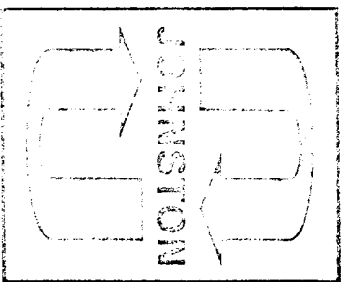
Schlumberger

computerized  
data  
analysis



F. R. # 20193 B

COMPANY JACK MC CLELLAN WELL FEDERAL B. J. #1 TEST NO. 3 COUNTY CHAVES STATE NEW MEXICO  
E 15-65-27



# PRESSURE LOG\*

Field Report No. 20193B

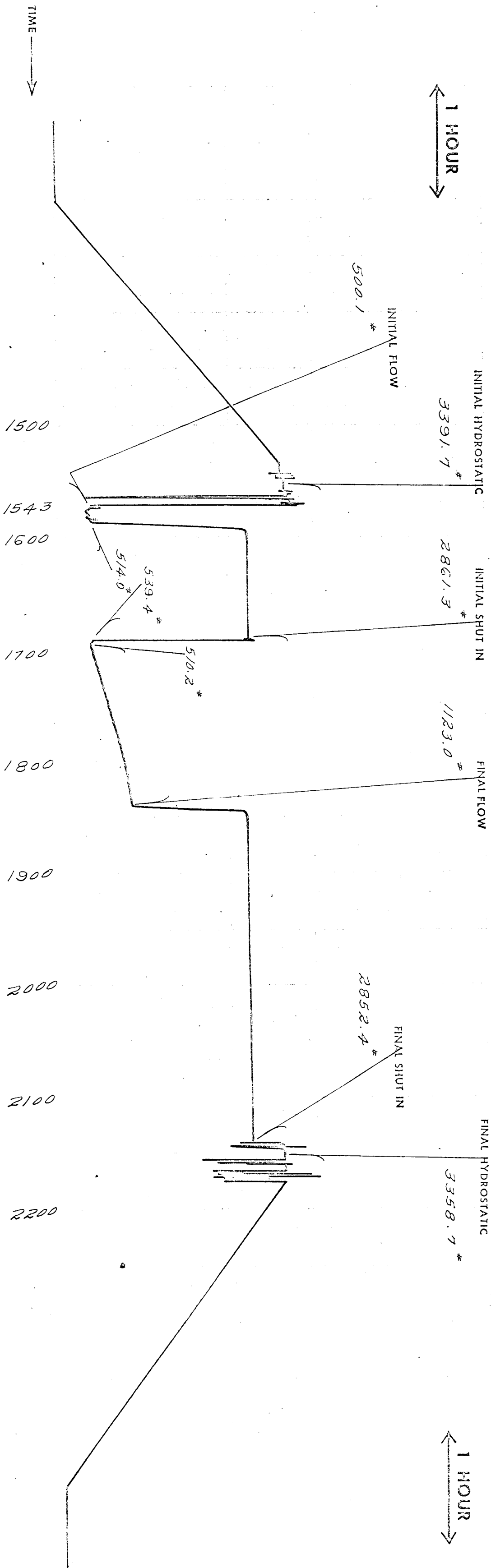
Instrument: J-028

Number: J-028

Capacity: 6400 p.s.i.

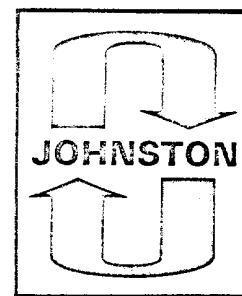
Depth: 6468 ft.

\*continuous tracing of the original chart



## COMPUTERIZED DATA ANALYSIS

JULY 21, 1971



GENTLEMEN:

THE ENCLOSED TEST APPEARS TO BE A GOOD MECHANICAL DRILL STEM TEST DURING WHICH THE TOOLS DID FUNCTION PROPERLY. THE FORMATION PRODUCED ENOUGH RESERVOIR FLUID FOR PROPER IDENTIFICATION. RESERVOIR PRESSURE DRAWDOWN WAS SUFFICIENT AND ADEQUATE SHUT-IN BUILD-UPS DID OCCUR FOR RELIABLE QUANTITATIVE ANALYSIS.

1. FLOW RATE: A FLOW RATE OF 582 BBLs/DAY OF OIL WAS NOTED DURING THIS TEST.
2. RESERVOIR PRESSURE: MECHANICAL STABILIZATION OF THE INITIAL SHUT-IN PRESSURE BUILD-UP INDICATES A MAXIMUM RESERVOIR PRESSURE OF 2861 P.S.I.G. AT RECORDER DEPTH. MECHANICAL STABILIZATION OF THE FINAL SHUT-IN PRESSURE BUILD-UP INDICATES A MAXIMUM RESERVOIR PRESSURE OF 2855 P.S.I.G. AT RECORDER DEPTH. THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE INITIAL AND FINAL SHUT-IN PRESSURE OF 6 P.S.I.G. IS INSIGNIFICANT.
3. PERMEABILITY: THE CALCULATED TRANSMISSIBILITY FACTOR OF 4302 MD.-FT./CP. INDICATES AN AVERAGE EFFECTIVE PERMEABILITY TO OIL OF 36.2 MD. FOR THE REPORTED 106 FOOT TEST INTERVAL. THE CALCULATIONS WERE BASED ON A SLOPE OF 22 P.S.I./LOG CYCLE OBTAINED FROM THE FINAL SHUT-IN BUILD-UP PLOT. IT WAS ASSUMED FOR THESE CALCULATIONS: (A) THE 39°API AT 60°F. OIL CONTAINED 840 CU.FT./BBL. OF ORIGINAL DISSOLVED GAS (B) VISCOSITY .62 CP., (C) FORMATION VOLUME FACTOR 1.44 BBL/BBL. THESE FIGURES WERE OBTAINED FROM THE AVAILABLE TECHNICAL LITERATURE.
4. WELL BORE DAMAGE: THE CALCULATED ESTIMATED DAMAGE RATIO OF 17 INDICATES THAT EXTENSIVE WELL BORE DAMAGE IS PRESENT AT THE TIME AND CONDITIONS OF THIS TEST. THIS VALUE INFERS THAT THE RATE OF PRODUCTION OBSERVED AT THE FORMATION FACE DURING THIS TEST MAY BE INCREASED 17 TIMES IF THE WELL BORE DAMAGE ALONE WERE REMOVED.
5. RADIUS OF INVESTIGATION: THE CALCULATED RADIUS OF INVESTIGATION OF THIS TEST IS 204 FEET BASED ON AN ASSUMED POROSITY OF 20%, COMPRESSIBILITY OF  $12.8 \times 10^{-6}$ , AND OTHER ASSUMPTIONS MADE IN NUMBER 3 ABOVE.
6. GENERAL COMMENTS: THE FORMATION EXHIBITS THE CHARACTERISTICS OF RELATIVELY HIGH PERMEABILITY EFFECTIVE TO THE RESERVOIR FLUID AND INDICATES THE PRESENCE OF WELL BORE DAMAGE.

THE WELL BORE DAMAGE SHOULD BE REMOVED BEFORE PUTTING THIS WELL ON PRODUCTION.

JACK MC CLELLAN  
FEDERAL B. J. #1; CHAVES COUNTY, NEW MEXICO  
TEST #3; 6374' TO 6480'

FIELD REPORT # 20193 B

# Reservoir Engineering Data



Recorder No. J-028

Field Report No. 20193 B

Estimated Damage Ratio	EDR	17		Effective Transmissibility	$\frac{Kh}{\mu B}$	4302	$\frac{Md-ft.}{Cp.}$
Maximum Reservoir Pressure	$P_o$	2861	P.S.I.G.	Effective Transmissibility	$\frac{Kh}{\mu B}$		$\frac{Md-ft.}{Cp.}$
INITIAL SHUT-IN							
Slope of Shut-in Curve	M	22	PSI/log cycle	Flow Rate	Q	582	Bbl./day
FINAL SHUT-IN							
Potentiometric Surface	PS		ft.	Pressure Gradient		.442	PSI/ft.
(Datum Plane, Sea Level)							
Productivity Index	PI	.335	Bbl./day/PSI	Gas Oil Ratio	GOR	840	CF/Bbl.
				FROM "MFE" SAMPLER			
Radius of Investigation		204	ft.	K (Effective to OIL)		36.2	Md.

$$SLOPE M = 2855 - 2833 = 22$$

## Assumptions made for Calculations for Liquid Recoveries

1. Q is averaged at a constant rate.
2.  $P_r$  is formation flowing pressure at a constant rate.
3. Formation flow is taken as single phase flow.  
If gas is produced at surface, phase separation is assumed to have occurred in drill pipe.
4. Radial flow is assumed.
5. For the purpose of calculating EDR where specific reservoir parameters are not available it is assumed that:

Effective permeability, K, will fall between .....	1 to 200 md
Formation porosity, $\phi$ , will fall between .....	0.1 to 0.3
Fluid compressibility, c, will fall between .....	$10^{-4}$ to $10^{-3}$
Fluid viscosity, $\mu$ , will fall between .....	0.05 to 50 cp.
Well bore radius, $r_w$ , will fall between .....	3" to 4"

Which gives an average value for the function  $\log \frac{K}{\phi \mu c r_w^2}$  of ..... 5.5

6. Other standard radial flow, equilibrium assumptions.

### Empirical Equations:

1.  $EDR = \frac{P_o - P_r}{M(\log T + 2.65)}$  where  $M = \frac{P_i - P_{10}}{\log Cycle}$
2. Transmissibility  $\frac{Kh}{\mu B} = \frac{162.6 Q}{M}$
3.  $DST J = \frac{Q}{P_o - P_r}$  Theoretical  $J = \frac{7.08 \times 10^{-3} Kh}{\mu B \ln(r_e/r_w)}$  Assumed  $\ln(r_e/r_w) = 7.60$
4. P.S. =  $[P_o \times 2.309 \text{ ft./PSI}] - [\text{Recorder depth to sea level.}]$
5. Radius of investigation,  $r_i = \sqrt{\frac{Kt}{40\phi\mu c}}$  where t = time in days

In making any interpretation, our employees will give Customer the benefit of their best judgment as to the correct interpretation. Nevertheless, since all interpretations are opinions based on inferences from electrical, mechanical or other measurements, we cannot, and do not guarantee the accuracy or correctness of any interpretations, and we shall not be liable or responsible, except in the case of gross or wilful negligence on our part, for any loss, costs, damages or expenses incurred or sustained by Customer resulting from any interpretation made by any of our agents or employees.

3000 ISI  
20193

PRESSURE (P.S.I.G.)

x

x

x

x

x

x

x

x

x

x

x

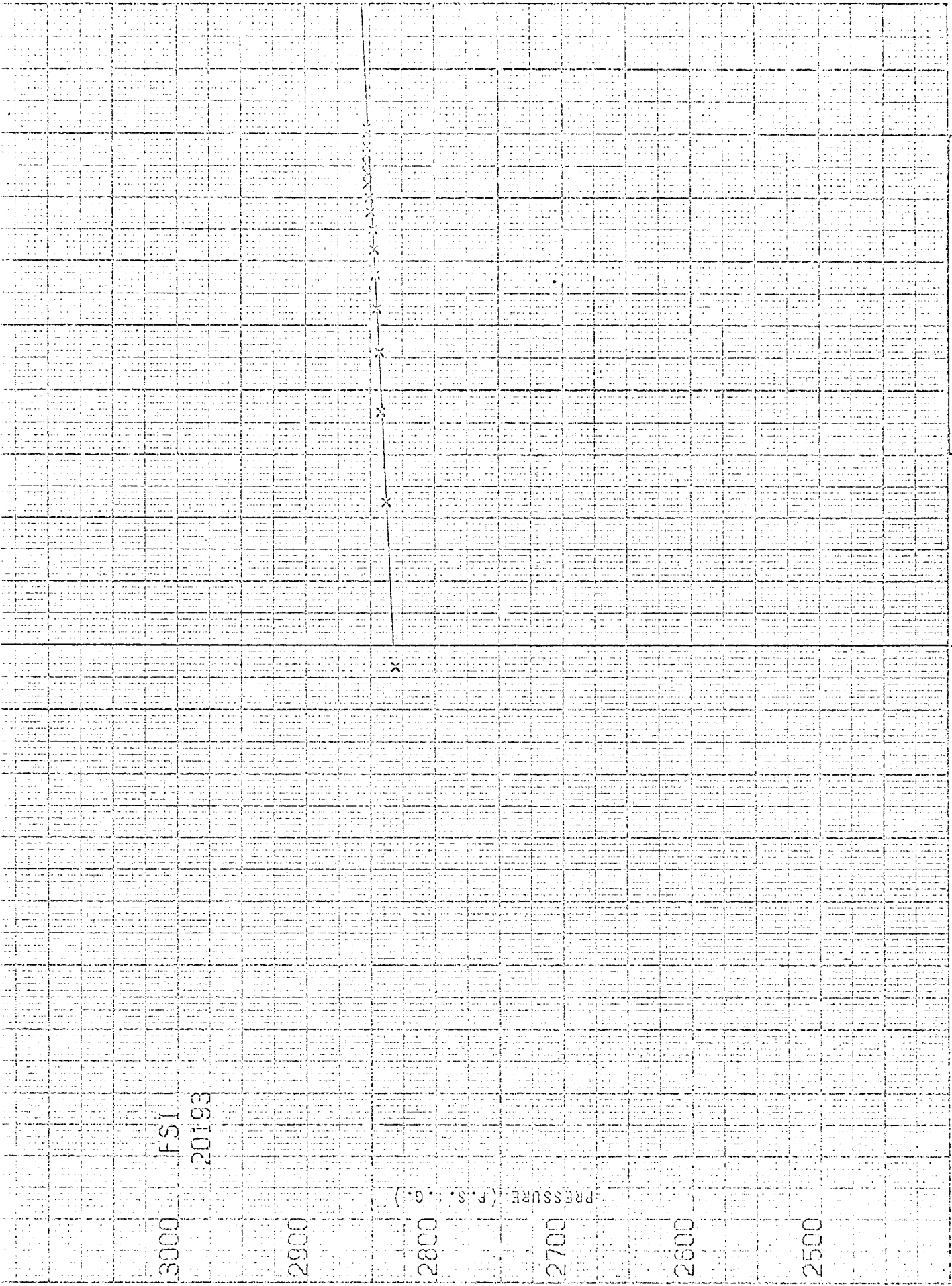
x

0.5

LOG OF  $\frac{T + \Delta T}{\Delta T}$

JOHNSTON  
COMPUTER  
PLOT

0



FSI  
20193

JOHNSTON  
COMPUTERIZED  
PLOT

2.0

LOG OF  $\frac{T + \Delta T}{\Delta T}$

SURFACE INFORMATION			
Description (Rate of Flow)	Time	Pressure (P.S.I.G.)	Surface Choke
Opened Tool	1543	0	1/8"
GOOD BLOW			
CLOSED FOR INITIAL SHUT-IN	1553	-	"
FINISHED SHUT-IN	1653	-	"
RE-OPENED TOOL	1654	-	"
STRONG BLOW			
GAS TO SURFACE	1655	0	"
	1715	6	1/2"
	1730	6	"
	1810	4	"
CLOSED FOR FINAL SHUT-IN	1824	-	"
FINISHED SHUT-IN	2124	-	"
PULLED PACKER LOOSE	2127	-	"
ESTIMATED GAS RATE, 120 MCF/DAY			

Cushion Type	Amount	Pressure	Bottom Choke Size
	-		5/8"

MUD DATA			
Mud Type	SALT WATER GEL	Wt.	9.7
Viscosity	41	Water Loss	18.6 C.C.
Resist: of Mud	.08 @ 85 °F.	of Filtrate	.08 @ 85 °F
Chloride Content	83000		PPM

RECOVERY DESCRIPTION	FEET	BARRELS	% OIL	% WATER	% OTHERS	API GRAVITY	RESISTIVITY	CHL. PPM
HEAVILY OIL CUT MUD	276	3.92				@ °F.	@ °F.	
FREE OIL	2379	33.05				38.6 @ 60 °F.	@ °F.	
MUD CUT OIL	529	3.23				@ °F.	@ °F.	
						@ °F.	@ °F.	
						@ °F.	@ °F.	
						@ °F.	@ °F.	
						@ °F.	@ °F.	

Remarks: \* THE SAMPLER PRESSURE INDICATES THE BOTTOM SEAL OF THE M.F.E. SAMPLER CHAMBER LEAKED. THE GAS-OIL RATIO SHOULD BE USED WITH CAUTION.

EQUIPMENT & HOLE DATA	
Type Test	M. F. E. OPEN HOLE
Formation Tested	DEVONIAN
Elevation	- Ft.
Net Productive Interval	- Ft.
Estimated Porosity	- %
All Depths Measured From	KELLY BUSHING
Total Depth	6480 Ft.
Main Hole/Casing Size	7 7/8"
Rat Hole/Liner Size	-
Drill Collar Length	619' I.D. 2.5"
Drill Pipe Length	5722' I.D. 3.8"
Packer Depth(s)	6368 & 6374 Ft.

MULTI-FLOW EVALUATOR FLUID SAMPLE DATA	
Sampler Pressure	* 1600 P.S.I.G. at Surface
Recovery: Cu. Ft. Gas	7
cc. Oil	1820
cc. Water	-
cc. Mud	-
Tot. Liquid cc.	1820
Gravity	39.1 °API @ 60 °F.
Gas/Oil Ratio	840 cu. ft./bbl.
RESISTIVITY	CHLORIDE CONTENT
Recovery Water	- @ - °F. - ppm
Recovery Mud	- @ - °F.
Recovery Mud Filtrate	- @ - °F. - ppm
Mud Pit Sample	.08 @ 85 °F.
Mud Pit Sample Filtrate	.08 @ 85 °F. 83000 ppm

Address

BOX 848; ROSWELL, NEW MEXICO 88201

Company

JACK MC CLELLAN

Well

FEDERAL B. J. #1

Test Interval

6374' TO 6480'

Location

-

Test #

3

Field

HAY STACK

Date

7-16-71

County

CHAVES

State

NEW MEXICO

Field Report No.

20193 B

Technician

ADKINS (HOBBS)

Test Approved By

MR. NOBERT D. MC INTIR

No. Reports Requested

5

### PRESSURE DATA

Instrument No.	J-028			Field Report No. 20193 B
Capacity (P.S.I.G.)	6400			
Instrument Depth	6468'			
Instrument Opening	INSIDE			
Pressure Gradient P.S.I./Ft.				
Well Temperature °F.	124			
TIME DATA				
Initial Hydrostatic Mud	A	3391.7		
Initial Shut-in	B	2861.3		
Initial Flow	C	500.1		
	C-1	514.0		
	C-2	539.4		
Final Flow	D	1123.0		
Final Shut-in	E	2852.4		
Final Hydrostatic Mud	F	3358.7		
Remarks:	C-3	510.2		

\*Shut in pressure did not reach static reservoir pressure.

Clock Travel 0.02054 inches per min.

### PRESSURE INCREMENTS

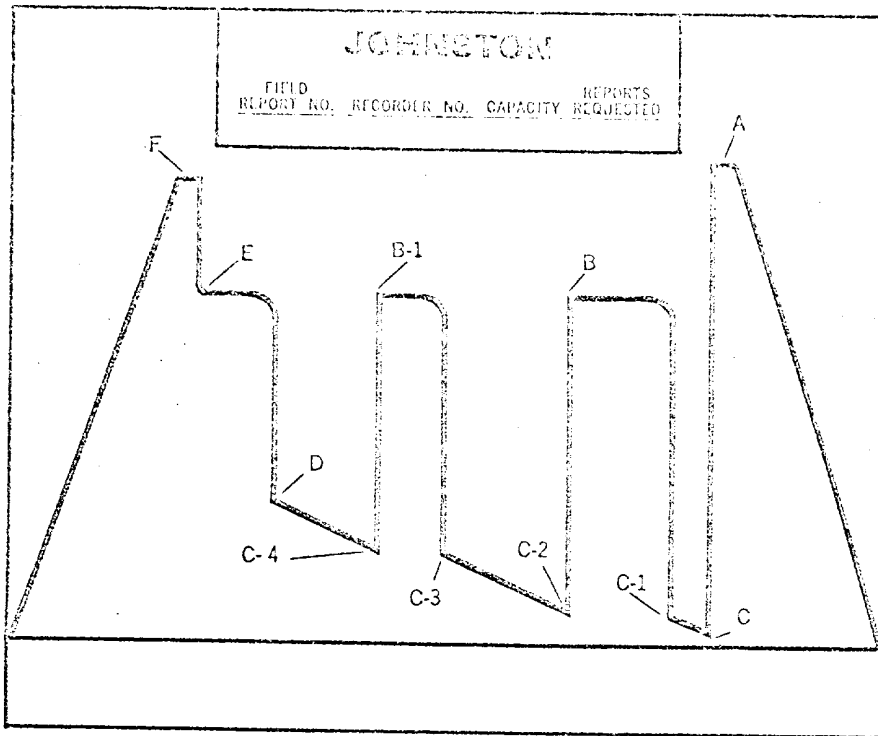
DT	PSI	LØG	DT	PSI	LØG
INITIAL SHUT IN BREAKDOWN					
C 1 0	514.0	0.000	35	2860.0	0.099
5	2837.2	0.447	40	2860.0	0.088
10	2852.4	0.279	45	2860.0	0.079
15	2856.2	0.204	50	2861.3	0.072
20	2858.8	0.161	55	2861.3	0.066
25	2858.8	0.134	60	2861.3	0.061
30	2860.0	0.114	B 62	2861.3	0.056
FINAL SHUT IN BREAKDOWN					
D 0	1123.0	0.000	100	2849.9	0.299
10	2829.6	1.037	110	2851.2	0.279
20	2837.2	0.775	120	2851.2	0.261
30	2841.0	0.633	130	2852.4	0.246
40	2842.3	0.541	140	2852.4	0.232
50	2843.5	0.474	150	2852.4	0.220
60	2844.8	0.423	160	2852.4	0.209
70	2846.1	0.383	170	2852.4	0.199
80	2847.3	0.350	E 180	2852.4	0.190
90	2848.6	0.322			





...found a better way

# GUIDE TO IDENTIFICATION OF DRILL STEM TEST PRESSURE CHARTS



- A. Initial Hyd. Mud
- B. Initial Shut-in
- C. Initial Flow
- D. Final Flow
- E. Final Shut-in
- F. Final Hyd. Mud

The following points are either fluctuating pressures or points indicating other packer settings, (testing different zones).

- A-1, A-2, A-3, etc. Initial Hyd. Pressures
- B-1, B-2, B-3, etc. Subsequent Shut-in Pressures
- C-1, C-2, C-3, etc. Flowing Pressures
- D-1, D-2, D-3, etc. Subsequent Final Flow Pressures
- E-1, E-2, E-3, etc. Subsequent Final Shut-in Pressures
- F-1, F-2, F-3, etc. Final Hyd. Mud Pressures
- Z— Special pressure points such as pumping pressure recorded for formation breakdown.

