

30-005-29192

**Exhibit B  
PECOS DISTRICT - RFO  
CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL**

**HOBBS OCD**

**SEP 22 2011**

**August 26, 2011**

**RECEIVED**

**OPERATORS NAME: Celero Energy II L.P.  
LEASE NO.: NMLC-068288-A  
WELL NAME & NO: Rock Queen Unit No. 301  
SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE: 660' FNL & 860' FWL,  
LOCATION: Section 25, T. 13 S., R. 31 E., NMPPM  
COUNTY: Chaves**

**GENERAL PROVISIONS**

The approval of the Application For Permit To Drill (APD) is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations: 43 Code of Federal Regulations: 3160, the lease terms, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, Notices To Lessees, New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) Rules, National Historical Preservation Act As Amended, and instructions and orders of the Authorized Officer. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

If, during any phase of the construction, operation, maintenance, or termination of the authorization, any oil or other pollutant should be discharged, impacting Federal land, the control and total removal, disposal, and cleaning up of such oil or other pollutant, wherever found, shall be the responsibility of the operator, regardless of fault. Upon failure of the operator to control, dispose of, or clean up such discharge on or affecting Federal land, or to repair all damages to Federal land resulting therefrom, the authorized officer may take such measures as deemed necessary to control and cleanup the discharge and restore the area, including, where appropriate, the aquatic environment and fish and wildlife habitats, at the full expense of the operator. Such action by the authorized officer shall not relieve the holder of any liability or responsibility.

As stated in 43 CFR 3162.3-2, at no time does the issuance of this APD imply permission to conduct any associated activities off the approved pad area. All surface disturbing activities associated with the drilling of these wells will be restricted to the approved areas

**I. PERMIT EXPIRATION**

If the permit terminates prior to drilling and drilling cannot be commenced within 60 days after expiration, an operator is required to submit Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, requesting surface reclamation requirements for any surface disturbance. However, if the operator will be able to initiate drilling within 60 days after the expiration of the permit, the operator must have set the conductor pipe in order to allow for an extension of 60 days beyond the expiration date of the APD (Filing of a Sundry Notice is required for this 60 day extension).

**II. ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES**

**SEP 28 2011**

Any cultural and/or paleontological resource discovered by the operator or by any person working on the operator's behalf shall immediately report such findings to the Authorized Officer. The operator is fully accountable for the actions of their contractors and subcontractors. The operator shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery shall be made by the Authorized Officer to determine the appropriate actions that shall be required to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values of the discovery. The operator shall be held responsible for the cost of the proper mitigation measures that the Authorized Officer assesses after consultation with the operator on the evaluation and decisions of the discovery. Any unauthorized collection or disturbance of cultural or paleontological resources may result in a shutdown order by the Authorized Officer.

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### **III. NOXIOUS WEEDS**

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations (access road and/or well pad). Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

### **IV. CONSTRUCTION**

#### **A. NOTIFICATION:**

The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify the Roswell Field Office at (505) 627-0247 at least 3 working days prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad.

When construction operations are being conducted on this well, the operator shall have the approved Application for Permit to Drill and Conditions of Approval on the well site and they shall be made available upon request by the Authorized Officer.

#### **B. TOPSOIL:**

The topsoil will be stripped to approximately 6 inches in depth within the area designated for construction of the well pad. The operator shall stockpile the stripped topsoil in shallow rows adjacent to the constructed well pad. The topsoil will be used for interim and final reclamation of the surface disturbance created by the construction of the well pad. The topsoil will not be used to construct the containment structure or earthen dike that is constructed and maintained on the outside boundaries of the constructed well pad.

#### **C. CLOSED LOOP SYSTEMS:** No reserve pit will be used.

Steel tanks are required for drilling operations: No Pits Allowed.

The operator shall properly dispose of drilling contents at an authorized disposal site.

#### **D. FEDERAL MINERAL MATERIALS PIT:**

Payment shall be made to the BLM prior to removal of any federal mineral materials from any site. Call the Roswell Field Office at (505) 627-0236.

#### **E. WELL PAD SURFACING:**

Surfacing of the well pad is not required.

If the operator elects to surface the well pad, the surfacing material will be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

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The well pad shall be constructed in a manner which creates the smallest possible surface disturbance, consistent with safety and operational need.

#### **F. ON LEASE ACCESS ROADS:**

##### **Road Width**

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed fourteen (14) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed thirty (30) feet.

##### **Surfacing**

Surfacing material is not required on the new access road driving surface. If the operator elects to surface the new access road or pad, the surfacing material will be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

Where possible, no improvements should be made on the unsurfaced access road other than to remove vegetation as necessary, road irregularities, safety issues, or to fill low areas that may sustain standing water.

The Authorized Officer reserves the right to require surfacing of any portion of the access road at any time deemed necessary. Surfacing may be required in the event the road deteriorates, erodes, road traffic increases, or it is determined to be beneficial for future field development. The surfacing depth and type of material will be determined at the time of notification.

##### **Crowning**

Crowning shall be done on the access road driving surface. The road crown shall have a grade of approximately 2% (i.e., a 1" crown on a 14' wide road). The road shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

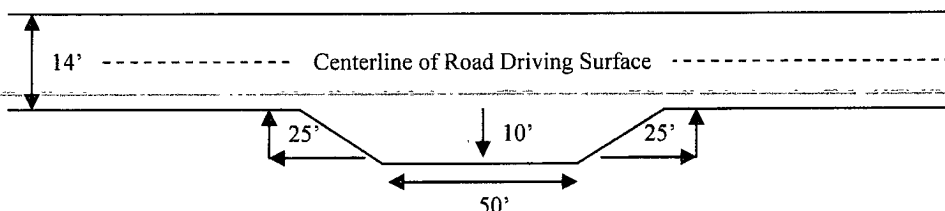
##### **Ditching**

Ditching shall be required on both sides of the road.

## Turnouts

Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall be constructed on all blind curves. Turnouts shall conform to the following diagram:

**Standard Turnout – Plan View**

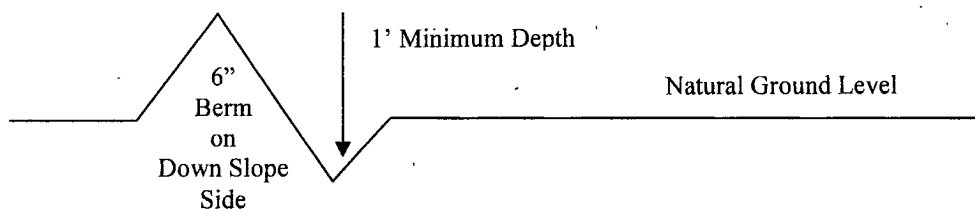


## Drainage

Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill outsloping and insloping, lead-off ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.

**Cross Section Of Typical Lead-off Ditch**



All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing interval are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

### Formula For Spacing Interval Of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

$$400 \text{ foot road with } 4\% \text{ road slope: } \frac{400'}{4\%} + 100' = 200' \text{ lead-off ditch interval}$$

### **Culvert Installations**

Appropriately sized culvert(s) shall be installed at any deep waterway channel flow crossing.

### **Cattleguards**

An appropriately sized cattleguard(s) sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence crossing(s).

Any existing cattleguard(s) on the access road shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattleguard(s) that are in place and are utilized during lease operations. Gates or cattleguards on public lands will not be locked or closed to public use unless closure is specifically determined to be necessary and is authorized in writing by the authorized officer.

A gate shall be constructed and fastened securely to H-braces.

### **Fence Requirement**

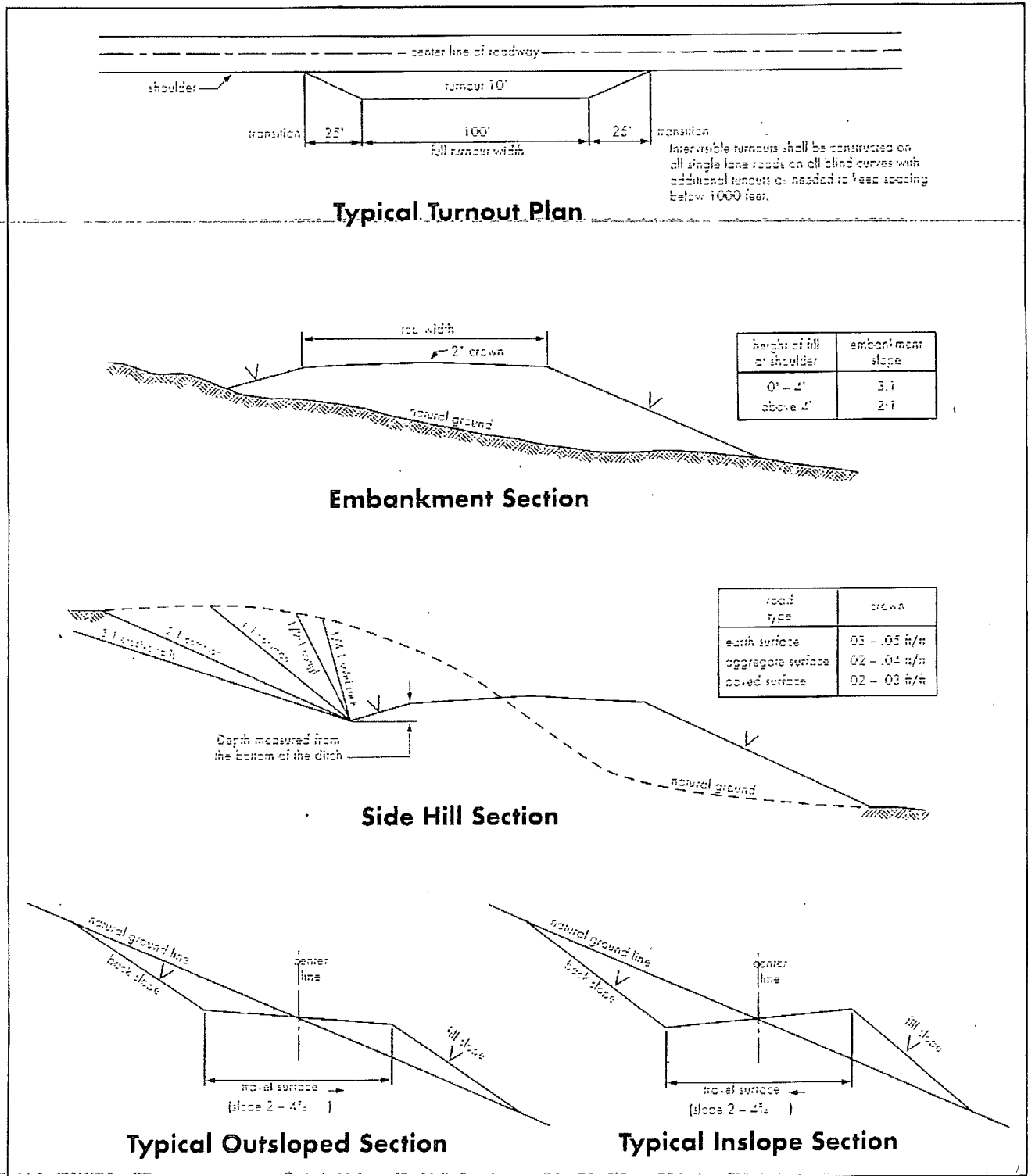
Where entry is required across a fence line, the fence shall be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting.

The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fence(s).

### **Public Access**

Public access along this road will not be restricted by the holder without specific written approval being granted by the authorized officer. Gates or cattleguards on public lands will not be locked or closed to public use unless closure is specifically determined to be necessary and is authorized in writing by the authorized officer.

Figure 1 – Cross Sections and Plans For Typical Road Sections



## V. DRILLING

### A. DRILLING OPERATIONS REQUIREMENTS:

1. Call the Roswell Field Office, 2909 West Second St., Roswell, NM 88201. During office hours call (575) 627-0205 or after office hours call (575) 420-2832. Engineer on call during office hours call (575) 627-0275 or after office hours call (575) 626-5749.
2. The BLM is to be notified a minimum of 24 hours in advance for a representative to witness:
  - a. Spudding well
  - b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings
  - c. BOPE Tests

A follow-up report on Form 3160-5 confirming the date and time of the actual spud shall be submitted to this office within 5 working days from the date of spud.

3. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval.
4. Include the API Number assigned to well by NMOCD on the subsequent report of setting the first casing string.
5. **The operator will accurately measure the drilling rate in ft/min to set the base of the usable water protection casing string(s) opposite competent rock. The record of the drilling rate along with the caliper-gamma ray-neutron well log run to surface will be submitted to this office as well as all other logs run on the borehole 30 days from completion.**
6. Fresh water will be used to drill to the base of the usable water protection casing string(s). Any polymers used will be water based and non-toxic.

### B. CASING:

1. The 8-5/8 inch usable water protection casing string(s) shall be set at a minimum of 380 feet to 500 feet in competent bedrock.

If competent bedrock is not encountered in the depth range, the operator will drill to the next thick competent bedrock (i.e. 15 to 25 ft or greater) encountered to set the surface casing and cement it to the surface. Surface casing can be set in the Rustler Anhydrite (1450 ft to 1470 ft), The base of the anhydrite is the absolute maximum for surface casing.

- a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the Roswell Field Office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with a surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement.
- b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum 18 hours for a water basin or 500 pounds compression strength, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement).

- c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 24 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compression strength, whichever is greater.
  - d. If cement falls back, remedial action will be done prior to drilling out that string.
  - 2. The BLM is to be notified a minimum of 24 hours in advance for a representative to witness:
    - a. Spudding well
    - b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings
    - c. BOPE Tests
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A follow-up report on Form 3160-5 confirming the date and time of the actual spud shall be submitted to this office within 5 working days from the date of spud.

- 3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 5-1/2 inch production casing is **sufficient to circulate to the surface.** If cement does not circulate, a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with a surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement.
- 4. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.
- 5. All casing shall be new or reconditioned and tested casing and meet API standards for new casing. The use of reconditioned and tested casing shall be subject to approval by the authorized officer. Approval will be contingent upon the wall thickness of any casing being verified to be at least 87-1/2 per cent of the nominal wall thickness of new casing.

#### **C. PRESSURE CONTROL:**

- 1. Before drilling below the 8-5/8 inch surface casing shoe, the blowout preventer assembly shall consist of a minimum of One Annular Preventer or Two Ram-Type Preventers and a Kelly Cock/Stabbing Valve.
- 2. Before drilling below the 8-5/8 inch surface casing shoe, minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer and related equipment (BOPE) shall be **2000** psi.
- 3. The BOPE shall be installed before drilling below the 8-5/8 inch surface casing shoe and shall be tested as described in Onshore Order No. 2. Any equipment failing to test satisfactorily shall be repaired or replaced.
  - a. The BLM Roswell Field office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
  - b. The tests shall be done by an independent service company.



- c. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug.
- d. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the BLM Roswell Field Office at 2909 West Second Street, Roswell, New Mexico 88201.
- e. Testing fluid must be water or an appropriate clear liquid suitable for sub-freezing temperatures. Use of drilling mud for testing is not permitted since it can mask small leaks.
- f. Testing must be done in a safe workman like manner. Hard line connections shall be required.

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#### **D. MUD PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS:**

The drilling operations of this well will be conducted in accordance with the Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 as provided in 43 CFR 3164.1. This includes well control equipment and its testing, mud system and associated equipment, and the casing and cementing.

- a. Sufficient quantities of mud materials shall be maintained at the well site, at all times, for the purpose of assuring well control.
- b. A mud test shall be performed at least every 24 hours after mudding up to determine, as applicable density, viscosity, gel strength, filtration, and PH.
- c. Visual mud monitoring equipment shall be in place to detect volume changes indicating loss or gain of circulating fluid volume.

#### **E. SPECIAL STIPULATION:**

If frac ponds are necessary submit for approval a right-of-way application or sundry notice (Form 3160-5) to the BLM, Roswell Field Office 2909 West Second, Roswell, NM 88201. If frac pond is located on private/State surface and support the enhanced production of federal minerals BLM approval is necessary.

The frac pond will only be authorized to contain freshwater and testing of water quality is required. Additives are not allowed without consent of the authorized officer. If at any time the water in the frac pond becomes polluted with salts or other contaminants, use of the frac pond will cease and desist, and all liquids will be removed from the frac pond and disposed of properly. Mineral materials extracted during construction of the frac pond will be stored on-location and/or used for constructing the frac pond.

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## **VI. PRODUCTION**

### **Placement of Production Facilities**

If production facilities are needed they should be placed close to the access point on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

### **Containment Structures**

The containment structure shall be constructed to hold the capacity of the entire contents of the largest tank, plus 24 hour production, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary by the Authorized Officer.

A containment structure or earthen dike shall be constructed and maintained on the east, south, and west sides of the outside boundary of the well pad in order to protect the nearby ephemeral drainage and playa. If the well pad is constructed into a cut on a slope then the uphill side of the well pad will not require the construction of the containment structure or earthen dike, but the construction of the containment structure or dike will be required on the remaining three sides of the well pad which will extend into the uphill portion of the well pad. The containment structure or earthen dike is required so that if oilfield waste contaminant or product contaminant were leaked, spilled, and or released upon the well pad the oilfield waste contaminant or product contaminant shall be contained on the well pad and not enter into the nearby ephemeral drainage and playa. The containment structure or earthen dike shall be constructed two (2) feet high (the containment structure or earthen dike can be constructed higher than the two (2) feet high minimum). The containment structure or earthen dike shall be constructed and maintained during the drilling phase, the injection phase and for the life of the injection well. During interim reclamation, if the surface area of the constructed well pad is reduced then the original constructed containment structure or earthen dike and a portion of the constructed well pad will be excavated and removed. During interim reclamation, the containment structure or earthen dike will then be re-constructed on the outside boundaries of the reduced in size constructed well pad.

### **Painting Requirement**

Any above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements shall be painted a flat non-reflective paint color, Juniper Green (Standard Environmental Color Chart June 2008).

### **VRM Facility Requirement**

If needed, Low-profile tanks not greater than eight-feet-high shall be used.

## **VII. INTERIM RECLAMATION**

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations should undergo "interim" reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses. Earthwork for interim and final reclamation must be completed within 6 months of well completion or well plugging (weather permitting). The operator shall submit a Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells (Notice of Intent), Form 3160-5, prior to conducting interim reclamation.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche is important to increasing the success of revegetating the site. Removed caliche may be used in road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In addition, in order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

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PECOS DISTRICT, BLM  
SEED MIX FOR

The following Soils or Soil associations may represent these ecological sites:

ECTOR VERY COBBLY LOAM, 3-15% SLOPE  
ECTOR VERY COBBLY LOAM, DRY, 3-15% SLOPE

Shallow SD-3 Ecological Site  
Very Shallow, CP-4 Ecological Site

APRIL 4, 2006

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<u>Common Name and Preferred Variety</u>	<u>Scientific Name</u>	<u>Pounds of Pure Live Seed Per Acre</u>
Blue grama Or Black grama	( <i>Bouteloua gracilis</i> ) ( <i>B. eriopoda</i> )	3.00
Sideoats grama	( <i>Bouteloua curtipendula</i> )	2.00
New Mexico Feathergrass Or Green sprangletop	( <i>Stipa neomexicana</i> ) ( <i>Leptochloa dubia</i> )	1.00
Desert or Scarlet Globemallow	( <i>Sphaeralcea ambigua</i> or <i>S. coccinea</i> )	1.00
Croton	( <i>Croton</i> spp.)	1.00
Buckwheat	( <i>Eriogonum</i> spp.)	<u>1.00</u>
TOTAL POUNDS PURE LIVE SEED (pls) PER ACRE Certified Weed Free Seed		9.00

If one species is not available  
Increase ALL other proportionately  
Use no less than four (4) species, including one (1) forb

No less than 9 pounds pls per acre shall be applied.

APPROVED, s. Douglas J. Burger  
District Manager, Pecos District

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**C. FINAL ABANDONMENT & REHABILITATION REQUIREMENTS**

### **VIII. FINAL ABANDONMENT & REHABILITATION REQUIREMENTS**

- e) Upon abandonment of the well and/or when the access road is no longer in service, a Notice of Intent for Final Abandonment with the proposed surface restoration procedure must be submitted for approval.
- f) On private surface/federal mineral estate land the reclamation procedures on the road and well pad shall be accomplished in accordance with the Private Surface Land Owner agreements and a copy of the release is to be submitted upon abandonment.
- g) Upon abandonment of the well, all casing shall be cut-off at the base of the cellar or 3-feet below final restored ground level (whichever is deeper). A 4-inch pipe, 10 feet in length, shall be installed 4 feet above ground and embedded in cement. The following information shall be permanently inscribed on the dry hole marker: Well name and number, the name of the operator, the lease serial number, the surveyed location (the quarter-quarter section, section, township and range or other authorized survey designation acceptable to the authorized officer; such as metes and bounds).
- h) d. Surface Reclamation must be completed within 6 months of well plugging. If the operator proposes to modify the plans for surface reclamation approved on the APD, the operator must attach these modifications to the Subsequent Report of Plug and Abandon using Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, Form 3160-5.

### **VIII. PIPELINE PROTECTION REQUIREMENT**

Precautionary measures shall be taken by the operator during construction of the access road to protect existing pipelines that the access road will cross over. An earthen berm; 2 feet high by 3 feet wide and 14 feet across the access road travelway (2' X 3' X 14'), shall be constructed over existing pipelines. The operator shall be held responsible for any damage to existing pipelines. If the pipeline is ruptured and/or damaged the operator shall immediately cease construction operations and repair the pipeline. The operator shall be held liable for any unsafe construction operations that threaten human life and/or cause the destruction of equipment.