Submit 1 Copy To Appropriate District Office	State of New Me	exico	Form C-103			
<u>District I</u> – (575) 393-6161	Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources		Revised August 1, 2011			
1625 N. French Dr , Hobbs, NM 88240 <u>District II</u> – (575) 748-1283 HOBBS OCD	1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240		WELL API NO. 30-025-32498			
811 S. First St , Artesia, NM 88210	811 S. First St , Artesia, NM 88210 OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION		5. Indicate Type of Lease			
District III – (505) 334-6178 1000 R10 Brazos Rd., Aztec, MM 87215 2012	District III – (505) 334-6178 1220 South St. Francis Dr.		STATE 🗌 FEE 🛛			
$\frac{District IV}{10} = (505) 476-3460$			6. State Oil & Gas Lease No.			
1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505						
SUNDREGEMEDES	S AND REPORTS ON WELLS	•	7. Lease Name or Unit Agreement Name			
(DO NOT USE THIS FORM FOR PROPOSALS TO DRILL OR TO DEEPEN OR PLUG BACK TO A DIFFERENT RESERVOIR. USE "APPLICATION FOR PERMIT" (FORM C-101) FOR SUCH			B.F. HARRISON "B"			
PROPOSALS) 1. Type of Well: Oil Well 🖾 Gas Well 🗌 Other			8. Well Number 23			
2. Name of Operator			9. OGRID Number 4323			
CHEVRON U.S.A. INC.						
3. Address of Operator 15 SMITH ROAD, MIDLAND, TEXAS 79705			10. Pool name or Wildcat N.TEAGUE;BLN,DRNK-ABO			
4. Well Location		·				
Unit Letter F: 1815 feet from	the NORTH line and 1815 f	feet from the WEST	line			
	Township 23-S Range		MPM County LEA			
11. Elevation (Show whether DR, RKB, RT, GR, etc.)						
12. Check Appropriate Box to Indicate Nature of Notice, Report or Other Data						
NOTICE OF INTENTION TO: SUBSEQUENT REPORT OF: PERFORM REMEDIAL WORK DULUG AND ABANDON DREMEDIAL WORK DATERING CASING D						
TEMPORARILY ABANDON CHANGE PLANS COMMENCE DRI			—			
PULL OR ALTER CASING						
DOWNHOLE COMMINGLE						
OTHER: INTENT TO ACIDIZE, SCAL						
13. Describe proposed or completed operations. (Clearly state all pertinent details, and						
		C. For Multiple Con	pletions: Attach wellbore diagram of			
proposed completion or recomp	letion.					
CHEVRON U.S.A. INC. INTENDS TO ACIDIZE, SONIC HAMMER, & SCALE SQUEEZE THE SUBJECT WELL.						
PLEASE FIND ATTACHED, THE INT	ENDED PROCEDURE WELL	BORE DIAGRAM	& C-144 INFORMATION			
TELASE FIND ATTACHED, THE INT	ENDED I ROCEDORE, WELL	BORE DIAGRAM	, $\&$ C-144 INFORMATION.			
		F				
Spud Daté:	Rig Release Da	te:				
I hereby certify that the information above	ve is true and complete to the be	est of my knowledge	and belief.			
SIGNATURE STATES MAKE	title: REGU	JLATORY SPECIA	LIST DATE: 10-24-2012			
Type or print name DENISE PINKERTO	DN E-mail address: <u>leakejd@</u>	@chevron.com	PHONE: 432-687-7375			
For State Use Only	Λ /					
APPROVED BY	TITLE D	set Ma	DATE 0-30-2012			
Conditions of Approval (jf any):						
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10.16.2012

B.F. Harrison B #23 North Teague, Blinebry, Drinkard/Abo T22S, R37E, Sec. 9 N 32° 19' 16.104'', W -103° 10' 12.648'' (NAD27) Job: Sonic Hammer, Acidize & Scale Squeeze

PREWORK:

- 1. Utilize the rig move check list.
- 2. Check anchors and verify that pull test has been completed in the last 24 months.
- 3. Ensure location of & distance to power lines is in accordance with MCA SWP. Complete and electrical variance and electrical variance RUMS if necessary.
- 4. Ensure that location is of adequate build and construction.
- 5. Ensure that elevators and other lifting equipment are inspected. Caliper all lifting equipment at the beginning of each day or when sizes change.
- 6. When NU anything over and open wellhead (EPA, etc.) ensure the hole is covered to avoid dropping anything downhole.
- 7. For wells to be worked on or drilled in an H₂S field/area, include the anticipated maximum amount of H₂S that an individual could be exposed to along with the ROE calculations for 100 ppm and 500 ppm.
- 8. If the possibility of trapped pressure exists, check for possible obstructions by:
 - Pumping through the fish/tubular this is not guaranteed with an old fish as the possibility of a hole above the obstruction could yield inconclusive results
 - Dummy run make a dummy run through the fish/tubular with sandline, slickline, eline or rods to verify no obstruction. Prior to making any dummy run contact RE and discuss.

If unable to verify that there is no obstruction above the connection to be broken, or if there is an obstruction:

Hot Tap at the connection to check for pressure and bleed off

Observe and watch for signs / indicators of pressure as connection is being broken. Use mud bucket (with seals removed) and clear all non-essential personnel from the floor.

Procedure:

This procedure is meant to be followed. It is up to the WSM, Remedial Engineer and Production Engineer to make the decisions necessary to do SAFELY what is best for the well. In the extent that this procedure does not reflect actual operations, please contact RE, PE and Superintendent for MOC

WELL RECORDS SHOW THE LAST WELL PULL 2001, SOME OF THE DATA IN THE WELL FILES MAY NOT BE THE MOST CURRENT. VERIFY TUBING OD BEFORE PULLING AND USE CAUTION WHEN NEARING TAC AS DEPTH MIGHT BE OFF.

- Prior to moving on location, verify that anchors have been set and tested within the past two years, check that powerline distances are the appropriate length for derrick height. Verify that well does not have pressure or flow. If well has pressure, note tubing and casing pressures on Wellview report. Bleed down well; if necessary, kill with cut brine fluid (8.6 ppg).
- 2. MI & RU workover unit.
- 3. Unseat pump, POOH with rods and pump. Examine rods for wear/pitting/paraffin. Do not hot water unless necessary. Tally rod length to verify SN depth on provided wellbore diagram. Monitor well for flow and verify that it is static. ND wellhead and verify tbg OD, unset TAC, NU BOP. POOH and LD 1 jt, PU 7" packer and set ~ @ 25', test BOP pipe rams to 250 psi/1000 psi. Note testing pressures on Wellview report. Release and LD packer.

- 4. PU 1 jts of tubing and tag for fill (TAC 5,554', Top Perf 5,606', EOT 7,057', PBTD 7,083'). Do not push TAC into perfs. POOH while scanning 2-3/8" prod tubing. LD all non-yellow band joints. If fill is tagged:
 - A. Above 7,077' continue with foam/air clean out per step 5.
 - B. Below 7,077' clean out not needed, skip step 5.

Note: Strap pipe out of the hole to verify depths and note them on Wellview report. Send scan log report to <u>LGBI@chevron.com</u>.

- If no fill is tagged, skip this step. Close blind rams on BOP, switch BOP's pipe rams and elevators to 2-7/8". P/U PKR for 7" casing on one joint of 2 7/8", set and test rams to 250/500 psi. Caliper elevators. PU and RIH with 6 1/8" MT bit, 4 (3-1/2") drill collars on 2-7/8" 6.5# L-80 WS. RU power swivel and clean out to 7,083' with foam/air unit (continue to supplemental procedure and in accordance with attached SOG). POOH with 2-7/8" WS and bit. LD bit & BHA.
- 6. Contact sonic tool rep to be on site during job. Verify that WS is clean, inspect for excessive rust. PU and RIH with Sonic Hammer tool and 2-7/8" work string to 7.005' or enough to cover the bottom perforations with a whole stand. Hydrotest tubing to 6,000 psi. Stand back tubing to top perforations. Install stripper head and stand pipe with sufficient treating line to move tools vertically ~ 65'. Rig up pressure gauges to allow monitoring of tubing and casing pressures.
- 7. MI & RU Acid Stim trucks and equipment. Titrate acids and verify concentration (HCI ±1.5%) report results in daily work summary. Treat all intervals from 5,602'-7,005' with 20 bbls of 2% KCL brine water per interval (refer to Table A). Pump down Sonic Hammer tool at 5 BPM while reciprocating tool across intervals. Do not exceed 5,000 psi tubing pressure. Leave annulus open in circulation mode while treating intervals with 2% KCL brine.
- 8. Follow the brine water wash with 6,000 gals 15% NEFE HCI pumped in 12 stages. Spot 3 (~126 gal) bbls of acid outside tubing, shut casing valve, install stripper head, pump 500 gallons of acid @ 5 BPM over first treating interval from 5,602-5,615', monitor casing pressure not exceeding 500 psi. Strip pipe through stripper head while acid washing the interval up and down until the 500 gal has been pumped. Flush tubing with 2% KCL brine after every acidized interval, make a connection and continue with remaining interval. Repeat process for the remaining 11 intervals. Refer to Table A.

Table A. Penoration intervals for actu.							
Interval	Depth	Interval (Ft.)	Acid Volume (gal)				
1	5602' - 5615'	13	500				
2	5678' - 5738'	60	500				
3	5738' - 5765'	27	500				
4	5805' - 5820'	15	500				
5	6385' - 6445'	60	500				
6	6445' - 6505'	60	500				
7	6505' - 6550'	45	500				
8	6608' - 6630'	22	500				
9	6680' - 6725'	45	500				
10	6804' - 6865'	61	500				
11	6865' - 6930'	65	500				
12	6955' - 7005'	50	500				
			6,000				

Table A: Perforation Intervals for acid.

9. Shut in well for 1 hr for the acid to spend. Monitor casing pressure to keep it below 500 psi. Bleed off excess pressure if necessary.

10. Scale squeeze well with a total of 150 bbls 2% KCL brine water and 3 drums (165 gallons) Baker SCW-358 Scale Inhibitor Chemical. For each stage, close casing valve, install stripper head, pump chemical as a concentrated pill of 55 gals of SCW-358 with 13 bbl of 2% KCL then displaced with 37 bbls of 2% KCL per interval. Continue moving uphole with Sonic Hammer. Pump at max rate of 5 BPM per pump schedule. Ensure top of tubing is flushed with brine water before making a connection. Ensure Sonic Hammer is above all perforations. Do not exceed 500 psi casing pressure or 5 BPM while pumping scale squeeze or casing flush. Refer to Table B.

Stage	Depth	SCW-358 Volume (gal)	Brine Volume (bbl)
1	6,612'	55	13
2	6,612'		37
3	6,389'	55	13
4	6,389'		37
5	5,600′	55	13
6	5,600'		37
		165	150

Table B: Scale Squeeze Pump Sch	hedule.
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- 11. RD and release pump truck.
- 12. Run back in the hole and tag for fill. If fill entry was indentified above 7,077', clean-out to PBTD following step 5.
- 13. POOH & LD 2-7/8" WS and Sonic Hammer tool.
- Close blind rams on BOP, switch BOP's pipe rams and elevators to 2-3/8". RIH with 2-3/8" production tubing hydrotesting to 6,000 psi. Set TAC per ALCR recommendation. Monitor well for flow & ND BOP. NU WH. RIH with rods and pump per ALCR. Hang well on. RD and release workover unit.
- 15. Turn well over to production.

FOAM / AIR CLEANOUT PROCEDURE

- This procedure is an addition to the original procedure.
 - 1. Install flowback manifold with two chokes. All components on flowback manifold must be rated to at least 5,000 psi. If possible, flowback manifold components should be hydrotested before delivery. Hardline pipes from 2" casing valve to manifold to half pit with gas buster.
 - 2. Install flowback tank downwind from rig.
 - 3. Position Air unit upwind from Rig next to water tanks. Have vacuum truck on standby to empty halfpit. (if needed)
 - 4. RIH with 6" MT bit, 4 (3-1/2") drill collars on 2-7/8" 6.5# L-80 WS.
 - NU stripper head with <u>NO Outlets</u> (Check stripper cap for thread type course threads preferred). Stripper head to be stump tested to 1,000 psi before being delivered to rig. Check chart or test at rig.
 - 6. RU foam air unit. Make quality foam on surface before going down hole with foam/air. Install flapper float at surface before beginning to pump. Break circulation with foam/air. Evacuate fluid from well.

Pump high quality foam at all times. Do not pump dry air at any time. Fluid injection rates will generally be above 12 gallons per minute

Whenever there is pressure on the stripper head, have a dedicated person continuously monitor pressure at choke manifold and have a dedicated person at accumulator ready to close annular BOP in case stripper leaks. Do not allow pressure on stripper head to exceed 500 psi. If pressure cannot be controlled below 500 psi, stop pumping, close BOP and bleed off pressure.

- 7. Clean out fill to 7,083' with low RPM's rotation and circulation, always keep pipe moving. Short trips can be beneficial to hole cleaning. Circulate well clean for at least 1 hour at the end of the day and pull up above the perforations before shut down for night. If the foam/air unit goes down, pull above the perforations.
- 8. When tripping out of hole, have special float bleed off tool available to relieve trapped pressure below float.

Ensure that high quality, stiff foam is pumped while circulating the fill. Stiff foam is required to prevent segregation while circulating. Monitor flow and pressures carefully when cleaning out.

Before rigging up power swivel to rotate, carefully inspect Kelly hose to ensure that it is in good condition. Ensure that swivel packing is in good condition.

Continue on with original procedure for completion.



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