

HOBBS OCD

FEB 06 2018

F/F

Form 3160-3
(March 2012)

RECEIVED

FORM APPROVED
OMB No. 1004-0137
Expires October 31, 2014

UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DRILL OR REENTER

1a. Type of work: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DRILL <input type="checkbox"/> REENTER		7. If Unit or CA Agreement, Name and No.
1b. Type of Well: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Oil Well <input type="checkbox"/> Gas Well <input type="checkbox"/> Other <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Single Zone <input type="checkbox"/> Multiple Zone		8. Lease Name and Well No. (320706) MJ FEDERAL 222H
2. Name of Operator MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY (228937)		9. API Well No. 30-025-44432
3a. Address 5400 LBJ Freeway, Suite 1500 Dallas TX 7524	3b. Phone No. (include area code) (972)371-5200	10. Field and Pool, or Exploratory TONTON / WOLCAMP (58500)
4. Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance with any State requirements.)* At surface NENW / 186 FNL / 2249 FWL / LAT 32.6524533 / LONG -103.6350515 At proposed prod. zone SESW / 240 FSL / 1980 FWL / LAT 32.639099 / LONG -103.6359673		11. Sec., T. R. M. or Blk. and Survey or Area SEC 23 / T19S / R33E / NMP.
14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post office* 21 miles		12. County or Parish LEA
15. Distance from proposed* location to nearest property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any) 186 feet		13. State NM
16. No. of acres in lease 520	17. Spacing Unit dedicated to this well 160	
18. Distance from proposed location* to nearest well, drilling, completed, 545 feet applied for, on this lease, ft.	19. Proposed Depth 11350 feet / 15950 feet	20. BLM/BIA Bond No. on file FED: NMB001079
21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.) 3656 feet	22. Approximate date work will start* 10/01/2017	23. Estimated duration 90 days

24. Attachments

The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 1, must be attached to this form:

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. Well plat certified by a registered surveyor. | 4. Bond to cover the operations unless covered by an existing bond on file (see Item 20 above). |
| 2. A Drilling Plan. | 5. Operator certification |
| 3. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest System Lands, the SUPO must be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office). | 6. Such other site specific information and/or plans as may be required by the BLM. |

25. Signature (Electronic Submission)	Name (Printed/Typed) Brian Wood / Ph: (505)466-8120	Date 08/17/2017
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Title President		
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Approved by (Signature) (Electronic Submission)	Name (Printed/Typed) Cody Layton / Ph: (575)234-5959	Date 01/31/2018
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Title Supervisor Multiple Resources	Office CARLSBAD	
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Application approval does not warrant or certify that the applicant holds legal or equitable title to those rights in the subject lease which would entitle the applicant to conduct operations thereon.
Conditions of approval, if any, are attached.

Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a crime for any person knowingly and willfully to make to any department or agency of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as to any matter within its jurisdiction.

(Continued on page 2)

*(Instructions on page 2)

APPROVED WITH CONDITIONS
Approval Date: 01/31/2018

K
02/06/18

Double
order

INSTRUCTIONS

GENERAL: This form is designed for submitting proposals to perform certain well operations, as indicated on Federal and Indian lands and leases for action by appropriate Federal agencies, pursuant to applicable Federal laws and regulations. Any necessary special instructions concerning the use of this form and the number of copies to be submitted, particularly with regard to local, area, or regional procedures and practices, either are shown below or will be issued by, or may be obtained from local Federal offices.

ITEM 1: If the proposal is to redrill to the same reservoir at a different subsurface location or to a new reservoir, use this form with appropriate notations. Consult applicable Federal regulations concerning subsequent work proposals or reports on the well.

ITEM 4: Locations on Federal or Indian land should be described in accordance with Federal requirements. Consult local Federal offices for specific instructions.

ITEM 14: Needed only when location of well cannot readily be found by road from the land or lease description. A plat, or plats, separate or on the reverse side, showing the roads to, and the surveyed location of, the well, and any other required information, should be furnished when required by Federal agency offices.

ITEMS 15 AND 18: If well is to be, or has been directionally drilled, give distances for subsurface location of hole in any present or objective productive zone.

ITEM 22: Consult applicable Federal regulations, or appropriate officials, concerning approval of the proposal before operations are started.

NOTICES

The Privacy Act of 1974 and regulation in 43 CFR 2.48(d) provide that you be furnished the following information in connection with information required by this application.

AUTHORITY: 30 U.S.C. 181 et seq., 25 U.S.C. 396; 43 CFR 3160

PRINCIPAL PURPOSES: The information will be used to: (1) process and evaluate your application for a permit to drill a new oil, gas, or service well or to reenter a plugged and abandoned well; and (2) document, for administrative use, information for the management, disposal and use of National Resource Lands and resources including (a) analyzing your proposal to discover and extract the Federal or Indian resources encountered; (b) reviewing procedures and equipment and the projected impact on the land involved; and (c) evaluating the effects of the proposed operation on the surface and subsurface water and other environmental impacts.

ROUTINE USE: Information from the record and/or the record will be transferred to appropriate Federal, State, and local or foreign agencies, when relevant to civil, criminal or regulatory investigations or prosecution, in connection with congressional inquiries and for regulatory responsibilities.

EFFECT OF NOT PROVIDING INFORMATION: Filing of this application and disclosure of the information is mandatory only if you elect to initiate a drilling or reentry operation on an oil and gas lease.

The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 requires us to inform you that:

The BLM collects this information to allow evaluation of the technical, safety, and environmental factors involved with drilling for oil and/or gas on Federal and Indian oil and gas leases. This information will be used to analyze and approve applications. Response to this request is mandatory only if the operator elects to initiate drilling or reentry operations on an oil and gas lease. The BLM would like you to know that you do not have to respond to this or any other Federal agency-sponsored information collection unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

BURDEN HOURS STATEMENT: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 8 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this form to U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (1004-0137), Bureau Information Collection Clearance Officer (WO-630), 1849 C Street, N.W., Mail Stop 401 LS, Washington, D.C. 20240.

Additional Operator Remarks

Location of Well

- I. SHL: NENW / 186 FNL / 2249 FWL / TWSP: 19S / RANGE: 33E / SECTION: 23 / LAT: 32.6524533 / LONG: -103.6350515 (TVD: 0 feet, MD: 0 feet)
- PPP: NENW / 186 FNL / 2249 FWL / TWSP: 19S / RANGE: 33E / SECTION: 23 / LAT: 32.6524533 / LONG: -103.6350515 (TVD: 0 feet, MD: 0 feet)
- BHL: SESW / 240 FSL / 1980 FWL / TWSP: 19S / RANGE: 33E / SECTION: 23 / LAT: 32.639099 / LONG: -103.6359673 (TVD: 11350 feet, MD: 15950 feet)

BLM Point of Contact

Name: Priscilla Perez

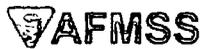
Title: Legal Instruments Examiner

Phone: 5752345934

Email: pperez@blm.gov

Review and Appeal Rights

A person contesting a decision shall request a State Director review. This request must be filed within 20 working days of receipt of the Notice with the appropriate State Director (see 43 CFR 3165.3). The State Director review decision may be appealed to the Interior Board of Land Appeals, 801 North Quincy Street, Suite 300, Arlington, VA 22203 (see 43 CFR 3165.4). Contact the above listed Bureau of Land Management office for further information.



U.S. Department of the Interior
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Application Data Report

02/01/2018

APD ID: 10400019316

Submission Date: 08/17/2017

Highlighted data reflects the most recent changes

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: MJ FEDERAL

Well Number: 222H

[Show Final Text](#)

Well Type: OIL WELL

Well Work Type: Drill

Section 1 - General

APD ID: 10400019316

Tie to previous NOS?

Submission Date: 08/17/2017

BLM Office: CARLSBAD

User: Brian Wood

Title: President

Federal/Indian APD: FED

Is the first lease penetrated for production Federal or Indian? FED

Lease number: NMNM63763

Lease Acres: 520

Surface access agreement in place?

Allotted?

Reservation:

Agreement in place? NO

Federal or Indian agreement:

Agreement number:

Agreement name:

Keep application confidential? NO

Permitting Agent? YES

APD Operator: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Operator letter of designation:

Operator Info

Operator Organization Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Operator Address: 5400 LBJ Freeway, Suite 1500

Zip: 75240

Operator PO Box:

Operator City: Dallas

State: TX

Operator Phone: (972)371-5200

Operator Internet Address: amonroe@matadorresources.com

Section 2 - Well Information

Well in Master Development Plan? NO

Master Development Plan name:

Well in Master SUPO? NO

Master SUPO name:

Well in Master Drilling Plan? NO

Master Drilling Plan name:

Well Name: MJ FEDERAL

Well Number: 222H

Well API Number:

Field/Pool or Exploratory? Field and Pool

Field Name: TONTO

Pool Name: WOLCAMP

Is the proposed well in an area containing other mineral resources? USEABLE WATER,POTASH

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: MJ FEDERAL

Well Number: 222H

Describe other minerals:

Is the proposed well in a Helium production area? N Use Existing Well Pad? NO New surface disturbance?

Type of Well Pad: MULTIPLE WELL

Multiple Well Pad Name: MJ
FEDERAL

Number: SLOT 2

Well Class: HORIZONTAL

Number of Legs: 1

Well Work Type: Drill

Well Type: OIL WELL

Describe Well Type:

Well sub-Type: INFILL

Describe sub-type:

Distance to town: 21 Miles

Distance to nearest well: 545 FT

Distance to lease line: 186 FT

Reservoir well spacing assigned acres Measurement: 160 Acres

Well plat: MJ_222H_plat_08-10-2017.pdf

Well work start Date: 10/01/2017

Duration: 90 DAYS

Section 3 - Well Location Table

Survey Type: RECTANGULAR

Describe Survey Type:

Datum: NAD83

Vertical Datum: NAVD88

Survey number: 18329

	NS-Foot	NS Indicator	EW-Foot	EW Indicator	Twsp	Range	Section	Aliquot/Lot/Tract	Latitude	Longitude	County	State	Meridian	Lease Type	Lease Number	Elevation	MD	TVD
SHL Leg #1	186	FNL	224 9	FWL	19S	33E	23	Aliquot NENW	32.65245 33	- 103.6350 515	LEA	NEW MEXI CO	NEW MEXI CO	F	NMNM 63763	365 6	0	0
KOP Leg #1	186	FNL	224 9	FWL	19S	33E	23	Aliquot NENW	32.65245 33	- 103.6350 515	LEA	NEW MEXI CO	NEW MEXI CO	F	NMNM 63763	- 713 1	108 00	107 87
PPP Leg #1	186	FNL	224 9	FWL	19S	33E	23	Aliquot NENW	32.65245 33	- 103.6350 515	LEA	NEW MEXI CO	NEW MEXI CO	F	NMNM 63763	365 6	0	0



U.S. Department of the Interior
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

HOBBS OCD

FEB 06 2018

Drilling Plan Data Report

02/01/2018

APD ID: 10400019316

RECEIVED

Submission Date: 08/17/2017

Highlighted data reflects the most recent changes

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: MJ FEDERAL

Well Number: 222H

[Show Final Text](#)

Well Type: OIL WELL

Well Work Type: Drill

Section 1 - Geologic Formations

Formation ID	Formation Name	Elevation	True Vertical Depth	Measured Depth	Lithologies	Mineral Resources	Producing Formation
1	—	3656	0	0	OTHER : Quaternary	USEABLE WATER	No
2	RUSTLER ANHYDRITE	2186	1470	1473		NONE	No
3	TOP SALT	2081	1575	1578		NONE	No
4	BASE OF SALT	486	3170	3179		NONE	No
5	YATES	296	3360	3370	GYPSUM	NONE	No
6	SEVEN RIVERS	-94	3750	3761	DOLOMITE	NONE	No
7	QUEEN	-644	4300	4311	SANDSTONE	NONE	No
8	GRAYBURG	-1139	4795	4806	SANDSTONE	NONE	No
9	DELAWARE	-1864	5520	5531	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS,CO2,OIL	No
10	BRUSHY CANYON	-2464	6120	6131	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS,CO2,OIL	No
11	BONE SPRING LIME	-4294	7945	7956		NATURAL GAS,CO2,OIL	No
12	BONE SPRING 1ST	-5534	9190	9201	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS,CO2,OIL	No
13	BONE SPRING 2ND	-6039	9695	9706	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS,CO2,OIL	No
14	BONE SPRING 3RD	-6919	10575	10586	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS,CO2,OIL	No
15	WOLFCAMP	-7119	10775	10786	OTHER : Carbonates	NATURAL GAS,CO2,OIL	No
16	WOLFCAMP	-7334	10990	11006	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS,CO2,OIL	Yes

Section 2 - Blowout Prevention

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: MJ FEDERAL

Well Number: 222H

Pressure Rating (PSI): 5M

Rating Depth: 12000

Equipment: A 12,000' 5000-psi BOP stack consisting of 3 rams with 2 pipe rams, 1 blind ram, and 1 annular preventer will be used below surface casing to TD. See attached BOP, choke manifold, co-flex hose, and speed head diagrams. An accumulator complying with Onshore Order 2 for the BOP stack pressure rating will be present. Rotating head will be installed as needed.

Requesting Variance? YES

Variance request: Matador is requesting a variance to use a speed head. Speed head diameter range is 13.375" x 9.625" x 7.625" x 5.5". Matador requests a variance to drill this well using a co-flex line between the BOP and choke manifold. Certification for proposed co-flex hose is attached. Manufacturer does not require the hose to be anchored. If the specific hose is not available, then one of equal or higher rating will be used.

Testing Procedure: Pressure tests will be conducted before drilling out from under all casing strings. BOP will be inspected and operated as required in Onshore Order 2. Kelly cock and sub equipped with a full opening valve sized to fit the drill pipe and collars will be available on the rig floor in the open position. A third party company will test the BOPs. After surface casing is set and the BOP is nipped up, then BOP pressure tests will be made to 250 psi low and 2000 psi high. Intermediate 1 pressure tests will be made to 250 psi low and 3000 psi high. Intermediate 2 pressure tests will be made to 250 psi low and 7500 psi high. Annular preventer will be tested to 250 psi low and 2500 psi high on the surface casing, and 250 psi low and 2500 psi high on the intermediate 1 and 2 casing. In the case of running a speed head with landing mandrel for 9.625" and 7" casing, after surface casing is set, BOP test pressures will be 250 psi low and 3000 psi high. Wellhead seals will be tested to 5000 psi once the 9.625" casing has been landed and cemented. BOP will then be lifted to install the C-section of the wellhead. BOP will then be nipped back up and pressure tested to 250 psi low and 7500 psi high. Annular will be tested to 250 psi low and 2500 psi high.

Choke Diagram Attachment:

MJ_222H_Choke_20171023141051.pdf

BOP Diagram Attachment:

MJ_222H_BOP_08-11-2017.pdf

Section 3 - Casing

Casing ID	String Type	Hole Size	Csg Size	Condition	Standard	Tapered String	Top Set MD	Bottom Set MD	Top Set TVD	Bottom Set TVD	Top Set MSL	Bottom Set MSL	Calculated casing length MD	Grade	Weight	Joint Type	Collapse SF	Burst SF	Joint SF Type	Joint SF	Body SF Type	Body SF
1	SURFACE	20	13.375	NEW	API	N	0	1495	0	1492	3656	2161	1495	J-55	54.5	OTHER - BTC	1.125	1.125	DRY	1.8	DRY	1.8
2	INTERMEDIATE	8.75	4.0	NEW	API	Y	0	4900	0	4889	3656		4900	P-110	29.7	OTHER - BTC	1.125	1.125	DRY	1.8	DRY	1.8
3	INTERMEDIATE	12.25	9.625	NEW	API	N	0	5000	0	4989			5000	J-55	40	OTHER - BTC	1.125	1.125	DRY	1.8	DRY	1.8
4	PRODUCTION	6.125	5.5	NEW	API	Y	0	10636	0	10625	3656		10636	P-110	20	OTHER - Tenaris XP	1.125	1.125	DRY	1.8	DRY	1.8
5	INTERMEDIATE	8.75	7.625	NEW	API	Y	4900	10736	4889	10725			5836	P-110	29	OTHER - VAM HTF-NR	1.125	1.125	DRY	1.8	DRY	1.8

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: MJ FEDERAL

Well Number: 222H

Casing ID	String Type	Hole Size	Csg Size	Condition	Standard	Tapered String	Top Set MD	Bottom Set MD	Top Set TVD	Bottom Set TVD	Top Set MSL	Bottom Set MSL	Calculated casing length MD	Grade	Weight	Joint Type	Collapse SF	Burst SF	Joint SF Type	Joint SF	Body SF Type	Body SF
6	INTERMEDIATE	8.75	7.0	NEW	API	Y	10736	11600	10725	11343			864	P-110	29	OTHER - BTC	1.125	1.125	DRY	1.8	DRY	1.8
7	PRODUCTION	6.125	4.5	NEW	API	Y	10636	15950	10625	11350			5314	P-110	13.5	OTHER - Tenaris XP	1.125	1.125	DRY	1.8	DRY	1.8

Casing Attachments

Casing ID: 1 String Type: SURFACE

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Casing_Design_Assumptions_Surface_08-17-2017.docx

Casing ID: 2 String Type: INTERMEDIATE

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Casing_Design_Assumptions_Intermediate_08-17-2017.docx

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Casing_Design_Assumptions_Intermediate_08-17-2017.docx

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: MJ FEDERAL

Well Number: 222H

Casing Attachments

Casing ID: 3 **String Type:** INTERMEDIATE

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

MJ_222H_casing_sub_08-11-2017.pdf

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Casing_Design_Assumptions_Intermediate_08-17-2017.docx

Casing ID: 4 **String Type:** PRODUCTION

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

5.5_Inch_Casing_Spec_08-17-2017.pdf

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Casing_Design_Assumptions_Production_08-17-2017.docx

Casing ID: 5 **String Type:** INTERMEDIATE

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Casing_Design_Assumptions_Intermediate_08-17-2017.docx

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Casing_Design_Assumptions_Intermediate_08-17-2017.docx

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: MJ FEDERAL

Well Number: 222H

Casing Attachments

Casing ID: 6 String Type: INTERMEDIATE

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Casing_Design_Assumptions_Intermediate_08-17-2017.docx

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Casing_Design_Assumptions_Intermediate_08-17-2017.docx

Casing ID: 7 String Type: PRODUCTION

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

4.5_Inch_Casing_Spec_08-17-2017.pdf

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Casing_Design_Assumptions_Production_08-17-2017.docx

Section 4 - Cement

String Type	Lead/Tail	Stage Tool Depth	Top MD	Bottom MD	Quantity(sx)	Yield	Density	Cu Ft	Excess%	Cement type	Additives
SURFACE	Lead		0	1495	1647	1.38	13.5	2883	100	Class C	3% NaCl + LCM
SURFACE	Tail				524	1.38	14.8	723	100	Class C	5% NaCl + LCM
INTERMEDIATE	Lead		0	4900	836	2.36	11.5	1972	35	TXI	Fluid Loss + Dispersant + Retarder + LCM
INTERMEDIATE	Tail		0	4900	190	1.38	13.2	262	35	TXI	Fluid Loss + Dispersant + Retarder + LCM
INTERMEDIATE	Lead		0	5000	1166	1.81	13.5	2110	100	Class C	Bentonite + 1% CaCl2 + 8% NaCl + LCM

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: MJ FEDERAL

Well Number: 222H

String Type	Lead/Tail	Stage Tool Depth	Top MD	Bottom MD	Quantity(sx)	Yield	Density	Cu Ft	Excess%	Cement type	Additives
INTERMEDIATE	Tail		0	5000	454	1.38	14.8	626	100	Class C	5% NaCl + LCM
PRODUCTION	Lead		0	1063 6	402	1.38	15.8	554	10	Class H	Fluid Loss + Dispersant + Retarder + LCM
PRODUCTION	Tail		0	1063 6	402	1.38	15.8	554	10	Class H	Fluid Loss + Dispersant + Retarder + LCM
INTERMEDIATE	Lead		4900	1073 6	836	2.36	11.5	1972	35	TXI	Fluid Loss + Dispersant + Retarder + LCM
INTERMEDIATE	Tail		4900	1073 6	190	1.38	13.2	262	35	TXII	Fluid Loss + Dispersant + Retarder + LCM
INTERMEDIATE	Lead		1073 6	1160 0	836	2.36	11.5	1972	35	TXI	Fluid Loss + Dispersant + Retarder + LCM
INTERMEDIATE	Tail		1073 6	1160 0	190	1.38	13.2	262	35	TXI	Fluid Loss + Dispersant + Retarder + LCM
PRODUCTION	Lead		1063 6	1595 0	402	1.38	15.8	554	10	Class H	Fluid Loss + Dispersant + Retarder + LCM
PRODUCTION	Tail		1063 6	1595 0	402	1.38	15.8	554	10	Class H	Fluid Loss + Dispersant + Retarder + LCM

Section 5 - Circulating Medium

Mud System Type: Closed

Will an air or gas system be Used? NO

Description of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

Diagram of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

Describe what will be on location to control well or mitigate other conditions: All necessary mud products (barite, bentonite, LCM) for weight addition and fluid loss control will be on location at all times. Mud program is subject to change due to hole conditions.

Describe the mud monitoring system utilized: An electronic Pason mud monitoring system complying with Onshore Order 1 will be used.

Circulating Medium Table

Top Depth	Bottom Depth	Mud Type	Min Weight (lbs/gal)	Max Weight (lbs/gal)	Density (lbs/cu ft)	Gel Strength (lbs/100 sqft)	PH	Viscosity (CP)	Salinity (ppm)	Filtration (cc)	Additional Characteristics

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: MJ FEDERAL

Well Number: 222H

Top Depth	Bottom Depth	Mud Type	Min Weight (lbs/gal)	Max Weight (lbs/gal)	Density (lbs/cu ft)	Gel Strength (lbs/100 sqft)	PH	Viscosity (CP)	Salinity (ppm)	Filtration (cc)	Additional Characteristics
0	1495	WATER-BASED MUD	8.3	8.3							
1495	5000	SALT SATURATED	10	10							
5000	1160 0	OTHER : Fresh water & cut brine	9	9							
1160 0	1595 0	OIL-BASED MUD	12.5	12.5							

Section 6 - Test, Logging, Coring

List of production tests including testing procedures, equipment and safety measures:

A 2-person mud logging program will be used from 1475' to TD.

No electric log is planned at this time. GR will be collected through the MWD tools from intermediate casing to TD. CBL with CCL will be run as far as gravity will let it fall to TOC.

List of open and cased hole logs run in the well:

CBL,GR,OTH

Other log type(s):

CCL

Coring operation description for the well:

No core or drill stem test is planned.

Section 7 - Pressure

Anticipated Bottom Hole Pressure: 7945

Anticipated Surface Pressure: 5448

Anticipated Bottom Hole Temperature(F): 170

Anticipated abnormal pressures, temperatures, or potential geologic hazards? NO

Describe:

Contingency Plans geohazards description:

Contingency Plans geohazards attachment:

Hydrogen Sulfide drilling operations plan required? YES

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: MJ FEDERAL

Well Number: 222H

Hydrogen sulfide drilling operations plan:

MJ_222H_H2S_plan_08-11-2017.pdf

Section 8 - Other Information

Proposed horizontal/directional/multi-lateral plan submission:

MJ_222H_horiz_drill_plan_08-11-2017.pdf

Other proposed operations facets description:

Deficiency Letter dated 10/19/17 requested:

- 1) Revised Choke Diagram - see attached;
- 2) 7 5/8 in VAM and 5.5 Tenaris XP casing specs - see revised Speedhead Specs attachment;
- 3) DVT tool depth and stage cementing information - see Other Variance attachment.

Other proposed operations facets attachment:

MJ_222H_general_drill_plan_08-14-2017.pdf

MJ_222H_Speedhead_Specs_20171023141133.pdf

Other Variance attachment:

MJ222H_DV_Tool_Variance_Request_20171023141108.pdf



U.S. Department of the Interior
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

SUPO Data Report

02/01/2018

APD ID: 10400019316

Submission Date: 08/17/2017

Highlighted data reflects the most recent changes

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: MJ FEDERAL

Well Number: 222H

[Show Final Text](#)

Well Type: OIL WELL

Well Work Type: Drill

Section 1 - Existing Roads

Will existing roads be used? YES

Existing Road Map:

MJ_222H_road_map_08-11-2017.pdf

Existing Road Purpose: ACCESS

Row(s) Exist? NO

ROW ID(s)

ID:

Do the existing roads need to be improved? NO

Existing Road Improvement Description:

Existing Road Improvement Attachment:

Section 2 - New or Reconstructed Access Roads

Will new roads be needed? YES

New Road Map:

MJ_222H_New_Road_Map_08-17-2017.pdf

New road type: LOCAL

Length: 643 Feet **Width (ft.):** 30

Max slope (%): 0 **Max grade (%):** 1

Army Corp of Engineers (ACOE) permit required? NO

ACOE Permit Number(s):

New road travel width: 14

New road access erosion control: Will crown and ditch road

New road access plan or profile prepared? NO

New road access plan attachment:

Access road engineering design? NO

Access road engineering design attachment:

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: MJ FEDERAL

Well Number: 222H

Access surfacing type: OTHER

Access topsoil source: ONSITE

Access surfacing type description: Caliche

Access onsite topsoil source depth: 6

Offsite topsoil source description:

Onsite topsoil removal process: Grader

Access other construction information:

Access miscellaneous information:

Number of access turnouts:

Access turnout map:

Drainage Control

New road drainage crossing: OTHER

Drainage Control comments: Will crown and ditch road; no drainage crossed

Road Drainage Control Structures (DCS) description: None

Road Drainage Control Structures (DCS) attachment:

Access Additional Attachments

Additional Attachment(s):

Section 3 - Location of Existing Wells

Existing Wells Map? YES

Attach Well map:

MJ_222H_well_map_08-11-2017.pdf

Existing Wells description:

Section 4 - Location of Existing and/or Proposed Production Facilities

Submit or defer a Proposed Production Facilities plan? SUBMIT

Production Facilities description:

Production Facilities map:

MJ_222H_prod_diagram_08-11-2017.pdf

Section 5 - Location and Types of Water Supply

Water Source Table

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: MJ FEDERAL

Well Number: 222H

Water source use type: DUST CONTROL, STIMULATION, SURFACE CASING **Water source type:** GW WELL

Describe type:

Source latitude:

Source longitude:

Source datum:

Water source permit type: PRIVATE CONTRACT

Source land ownership: PRIVATE

Water source transport method: TRUCKING

Source transportation land ownership: PRIVATE

Water source volume (barrels): 20000

Source volume (acre-feet): 2.577862

Source volume (gal): 840000

Water source and transportation map:

MJ_222H_water_source_map_08-11-2017.pdf

Water source comments:

New water well? NO

New Water Well Info

Well latitude:

Well Longitude:

Well datum:

Well target aquifer:

Est. depth to top of aquifer(ft):

Est thickness of aquifer:

Aquifer comments:

Aquifer documentation:

Well depth (ft):

Well casing type:

Well casing outside diameter (in.):

Well casing inside diameter (in.):

New water well casing?

Used casing source:

Drilling method:

Drill material:

Grout material:

Grout depth:

Casing length (ft.):

Casing top depth (ft.):

Well Production type:

Completion Method:

Water well additional information:

State appropriation permit:

Additional information attachment:

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: MJ FEDERAL

Well Number: 222H

Section 6 - Construction Materials

Construction Materials description: NM One Call (811) will be notified before construction starts. Top 6" of soil and brush will be stockpiled south of the pad. V-door will face north. Closed loop drilling system will be used. Caliche will be hauled from existing caliche pits on private land. Caviness pit is in SWNE 9-18s-33e. Berry pit is in SENE 35-20s-34e.

Construction Materials source location attachment:

Section 7 - Methods for Handling Waste

Waste type: DRILLING

Waste content description: Cuttings, mud, salts, and other chemicals

Amount of waste: 1000 barrels

Waste disposal frequency : Daily

Safe containment description: Steel tanks

Safe containmant attachment:

Waste disposal type: HAUL TO COMMERCIAL FACILITY **Disposal location ownership:** PRIVATE

Disposal type description:

Disposal location description: Halfway NM

Reserve Pit

Reserve Pit being used? NO

Temporary disposal of produced water into reserve pit?

Reserve pit length (ft.) **Reserve pit width (ft.)**

Reserve pit depth (ft.) **Reserve pit volume (cu. yd.)**

Is at least 50% of the reserve pit in cut?

Reserve pit liner

Reserve pit liner specifications and installation description

Cuttings Area

Cuttings Area being used? NO

Are you storing cuttings on location? YES

Description of cuttings location Steel tanks

Cuttings area length (ft.) **Cuttings area width (ft.)**

Cuttings area depth (ft.) **Cuttings area volume (cu. yd.)**

Is at least 50% of the cuttings area in cut?

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: MJ FEDERAL

Well Number: 222H

WCuttings area liner

Cuttings area liner specifications and installation description

Section 8 - Ancillary Facilities

Are you requesting any Ancillary Facilities?: NO

Ancillary Facilities attachment:

Comments:

Section 9 - Well Site Layout

Well Site Layout Diagram:

MJ_222H_well_site_layout_08-11-2017.pdf

Comments:

Section 10 - Plans for Surface Reclamation

Type of disturbance: New Surface Disturbance

Multiple Well Pad Name: MJ FEDERAL

Multiple Well Pad Number: SLOT 2

Recontouring attachment:

MJ_222H_recontouring_plat_08-17-2017.pdf

Drainage/Erosion control construction: Will crown and ditch road and caliche pad

Drainage/Erosion control reclamation: Harrowed on the contour

Wellpad long term disturbance (acres): 3.41

Wellpad short term disturbance (acres): 3.65

Access road long term disturbance (acres): 0.44

Access road short term disturbance (acres): 0.44

Pipeline long term disturbance (acres): 0

Pipeline short term disturbance (acres): 0

Other long term disturbance (acres): 0

Other short term disturbance (acres): 0

Total long term disturbance: 3.85

Total short term disturbance: 4.09

Reconstruction method: Interim reclamation will be completed within 6 months of completing the well. Interim reclamation will consist of shrinking the pad 24% (0.87 acre) by removing caliche and reclaiming the southwest corner (100' x 380'). This will leave 2.78 acres for the production equipment (e. g., tank battery, heater-treaters, flare/CBU), pump jacks, and tractor-trailer turn around. Disturbed areas will be contoured to match pre-construction grades. Soil and brush will be evenly spread over disturbed areas and harrowed on the contour. Disturbed areas will be seeded in accordance with the surface owner's requirements.

Topsoil redistribution: Enough stockpiled topsoil will be retained to cover the remainder of the pad when the well is plugged. Once the well is plugged, then the rest of the pad and 643' of new road will be similarly reclaimed within 6 months of plugging. Noxious weeds will be controlled.

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: MJ FEDERAL

Well Number: 222H

Soil treatment: None

Existing Vegetation at the well pad:

Existing Vegetation at the well pad attachment:

Existing Vegetation Community at the road:

Existing Vegetation Community at the road attachment:

Existing Vegetation Community at the pipeline:

Existing Vegetation Community at the pipeline attachment:

Existing Vegetation Community at other disturbances:

Existing Vegetation Community at other disturbances attachment:

Non native seed used? NO

Non native seed description:

Seedling transplant description:

Will seedlings be transplanted for this project?

Seedling transplant description attachment:

Will seed be harvested for use in site reclamation?

Seed harvest description:

Seed harvest description attachment:

Seed Management

Seed Table

Seed type:

Seed source:

Seed name:

Source name:

Source address:

Source phone:

Seed cultivar:

Seed use location:

PLS pounds per acre:

Proposed seeding season:

Seed Summary

Total pounds/Acre:

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: MJ FEDERAL

Well Number: 222H

Seed Type

Pounds/Acre

Seed reclamation attachment:

Operator Contact/Responsible Official Contact Info

First Name:

Last Name:

Phone:

Email:

Seedbed prep:

Seed BMP:

Seed method:

Existing invasive species? NO

Existing invasive species treatment description:

Existing invasive species treatment attachment:

Weed treatment plan description: To BLM standards

Weed treatment plan attachment:

Monitoring plan description: To BLM standards

Monitoring plan attachment:

Success standards: To BLM satisfaction

Pit closure description: No pit

Pit closure attachment:

Section 11 - Surface Ownership

Disturbance type: WELL PAD

Describe:

Surface Owner: BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Other surface owner description:

BIA Local Office:

BOR Local Office:

COE Local Office:

DOD Local Office:

NPS Local Office:

State Local Office:

Military Local Office:

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: MJ FEDERAL

Well Number: 222H

USFWS Local Office:

Other Local Office:

USFS Region:

USFS Forest/Grassland:

USFS Ranger District:

Disturbance type: NEW ACCESS ROAD

Describe:

Surface Owner: BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Other surface owner description:

BIA Local Office:

BOR Local Office:

COE Local Office:

DOD Local Office:

NPS Local Office:

State Local Office:

Military Local Office:

USFWS Local Office:

Other Local Office:

USFS Region:

USFS Forest/Grassland:

USFS Ranger District:

Section 12 - Other Information

Right of Way needed? NO

Use APD as ROW?

ROW Type(s):

ROW Applications

SUPO Additional Information:

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: MJ FEDERAL

Well Number: 222H

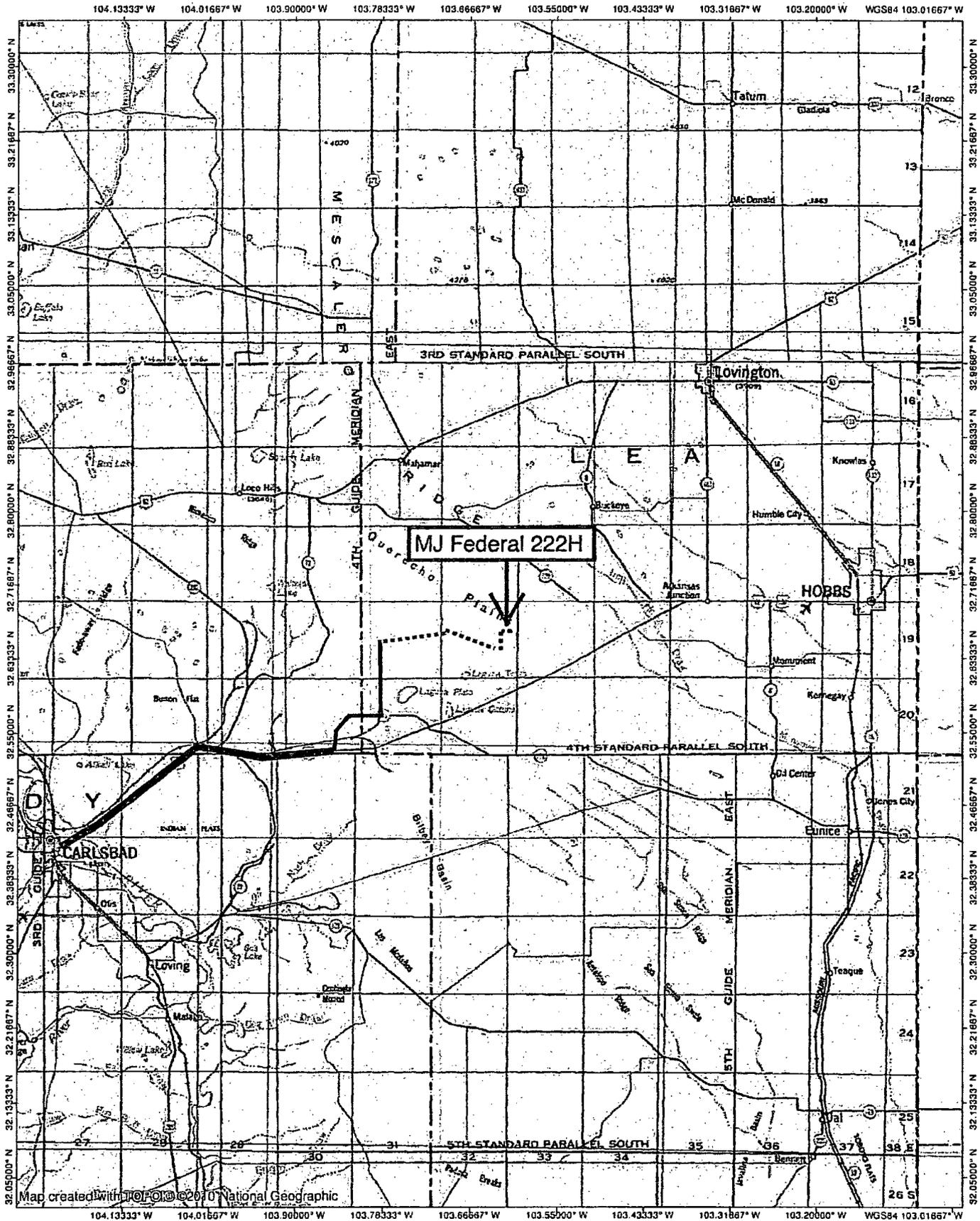
Use a previously conducted onsite? YES

Previous Onsite information: On site inspection was held with Vance Wolf (BLM) on April 20, 2017. Lone Mountain will inspect and file an archaeology report.

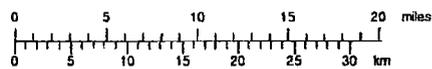
Other SUPO Attachment

MJ_222H_general_SUPO_08-11-2017.pdf

TOPO! map printed on 08/01/17 from "Untitled.tpo"



NATIONAL
GEOGRAPHIC



MAP 1

TN & MN

7°

08/01/17



U.S. Department of the Interior
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

PWD Data Report
02/01/2018

Section 1 - General

Would you like to address long-term produced water disposal? NO

Section 2 - Lined Pits

Would you like to utilize Lined Pit PWD options? NO

Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:

PWD surface owner:

PWD disturbance (acres):

Lined pit PWD on or off channel:

Lined pit PWD discharge volume (bbl/day):

Lined pit specifications:

Pit liner description:

Pit liner manufacturers information:

Precipitated solids disposal:

Describe precipitated solids disposal:

Precipitated solids disposal permit:

Lined pit precipitated solids disposal schedule:

Lined pit precipitated solids disposal schedule attachment:

Lined pit reclamation description:

Lined pit reclamation attachment:

Leak detection system description:

Leak detection system attachment:

Lined pit Monitor description:

Lined pit Monitor attachment:

Lined pit: do you have a reclamation bond for the pit?

Is the reclamation bond a rider under the BLM bond?

Lined pit bond number:

Lined pit bond amount:

Additional bond information attachment:

Section 3 - Unlined Pits

Would you like to utilize Unlined Pit PWD options? NO

Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:

PWD surface owner:

PWD disturbance (acres):

Unlined pit PWD on or off channel:

Unlined pit PWD discharge volume (bbl/day):

Unlined pit specifications:

Precipitated solids disposal:

Describe precipitated solids disposal:

Precipitated solids disposal permit:

Unlined pit precipitated solids disposal schedule:

Unlined pit precipitated solids disposal schedule attachment:

Unlined pit reclamation description:

Unlined pit reclamation attachment:

Unlined pit Monitor description:

Unlined pit Monitor attachment:

Do you propose to put the produced water to beneficial use?

Beneficial use user confirmation:

Estimated depth of the shallowest aquifer (feet):

Does the produced water have an annual average Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) concentration equal to or less than that of the existing water to be protected?

TDS lab results:

Geologic and hydrologic evidence:

State authorization:

Unlined Produced Water Pit Estimated percolation:

Unlined pit: do you have a reclamation bond for the pit?

Is the reclamation bond a rider under the BLM bond?

Unlined pit bond number:

Unlined pit bond amount:

Additional bond information attachment:

Section 4 - Injection

Would you like to utilize Injection PWD options? NO

Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:

PWD surface owner:

PWD disturbance (acres):

Injection PWD discharge volume (bbl/day):

Injection well mineral owner:

Injection well type:

Injection well number:

Injection well name:

Assigned injection well API number?

Injection well API number:

Injection well new surface disturbance (acres):

Minerals protection information:

Mineral protection attachment:

Underground Injection Control (UIC) Permit?

UIC Permit attachment:

Section 5 - Surface Discharge

Would you like to utilize Surface Discharge PWD options? NO

Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:

PWD surface owner:

PWD disturbance (acres):

Surface discharge PWD discharge volume (bbl/day):

Surface Discharge NPDES Permit?

Surface Discharge NPDES Permit attachment:

Surface Discharge site facilities information:

Surface discharge site facilities map:

Section 6 - Other

Would you like to utilize Other PWD options? NO

Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:

PWD surface owner:

PWD disturbance (acres):

Other PWD discharge volume (bbl/day):

Other PWD type description:

Other PWD type attachment:

Have other regulatory requirements been met?

Other regulatory requirements attachment:



U.S. Department of the Interior
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Bond Info Data Report

02/01/2018

Bond Information

Federal/Indian APD: FED

BLM Bond number: NMB001079

BIA Bond number:

Do you have a reclamation bond? NO

Is the reclamation bond a rider under the BLM bond?

Is the reclamation bond BLM or Forest Service?

BLM reclamation bond number:

Forest Service reclamation bond number:

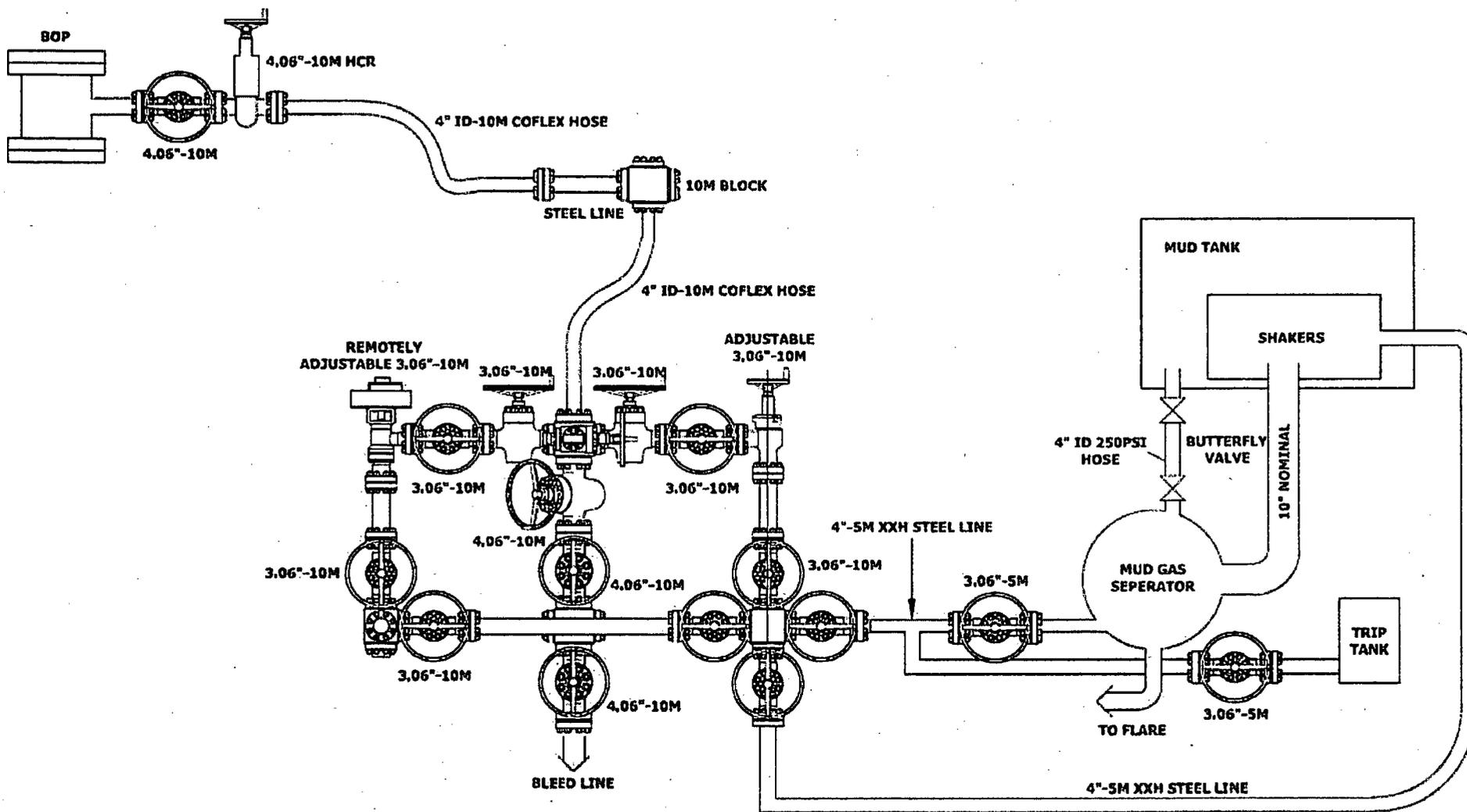
Forest Service reclamation bond attachment:

Reclamation bond number:

Reclamation bond amount:

Reclamation bond rider amount:

Additional reclamation bond information attachment:



WELDING NOTE: ALL BRANCHED LINES TO BE WELDED OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

GENERAL NOTES:
 1. ALL CONNECTIONS TO BE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH COMPANY POLICY AND APPLICABLE STANDARDS.
 2. ALL CONNECTIONS TO BE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH COMPANY POLICY AND APPLICABLE STANDARDS.
 3. ALL CONNECTIONS TO BE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH COMPANY POLICY AND APPLICABLE STANDARDS.
 4. ALL CONNECTIONS TO BE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH COMPANY POLICY AND APPLICABLE STANDARDS.
 5. ALL CONNECTIONS TO BE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH COMPANY POLICY AND APPLICABLE STANDARDS.

REV	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY	CHK	APPV	ENR
01	02-08	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION				
02	02-08	ISSUED FOR INFORMATION				

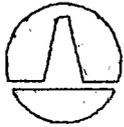
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PATTERSON-UTI
 DETAILING COMPANY LLC

CHOKE MANIFOLD

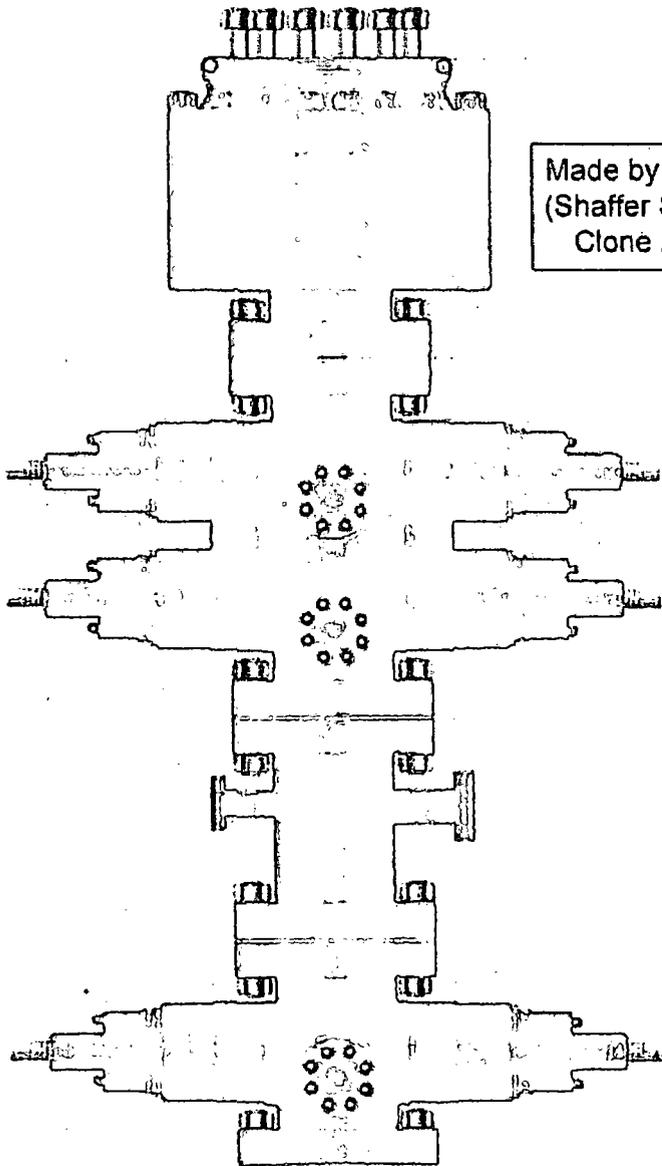
10M CHOKE ARRANGEMENT
 RIG 237

DATE: **R0297-D.001.LAY.00**



PATTERSON-UTI
Well Control

RIG: 809



Made by Cameron
(Shaffer Spherical)
Clone Annular

PATTERSON-UTI # PS2-628
STYLE: New Shaffer Spherical
BORE 13 5/8" PRESSURE 5,000
HEIGHT: 48 1/2" WEIGHT: 13,800 lbs

PATTERSON-UTI # PC2-128
STYLE: New Cameron Type U
BORE 13 5/8" PRESSURE 10,000
RAMS: TOP 5" Pipe BTM Blinds
HEIGHT: 66 5/8" WEIGHT: 24,000 lbs

Length 40" Outlets 4" 10M
DSA 4" 10M x 2" 10M

PATTERSON-UTI # PC2-228
STYLE: New Cameron Type U
BORE 13 5/8" PRESSURE 10,000
RAMS: 5" Pipe
HEIGHT: 41 5/8" WEIGHT: 13,000 lbs

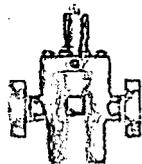
2" Minimum Kill Line

WING VALVES

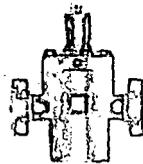
3" Minimum Choke Line



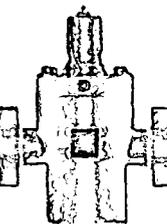
2" Check Valve



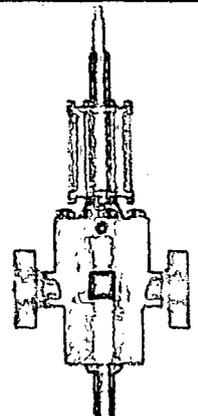
2" Manual Valve



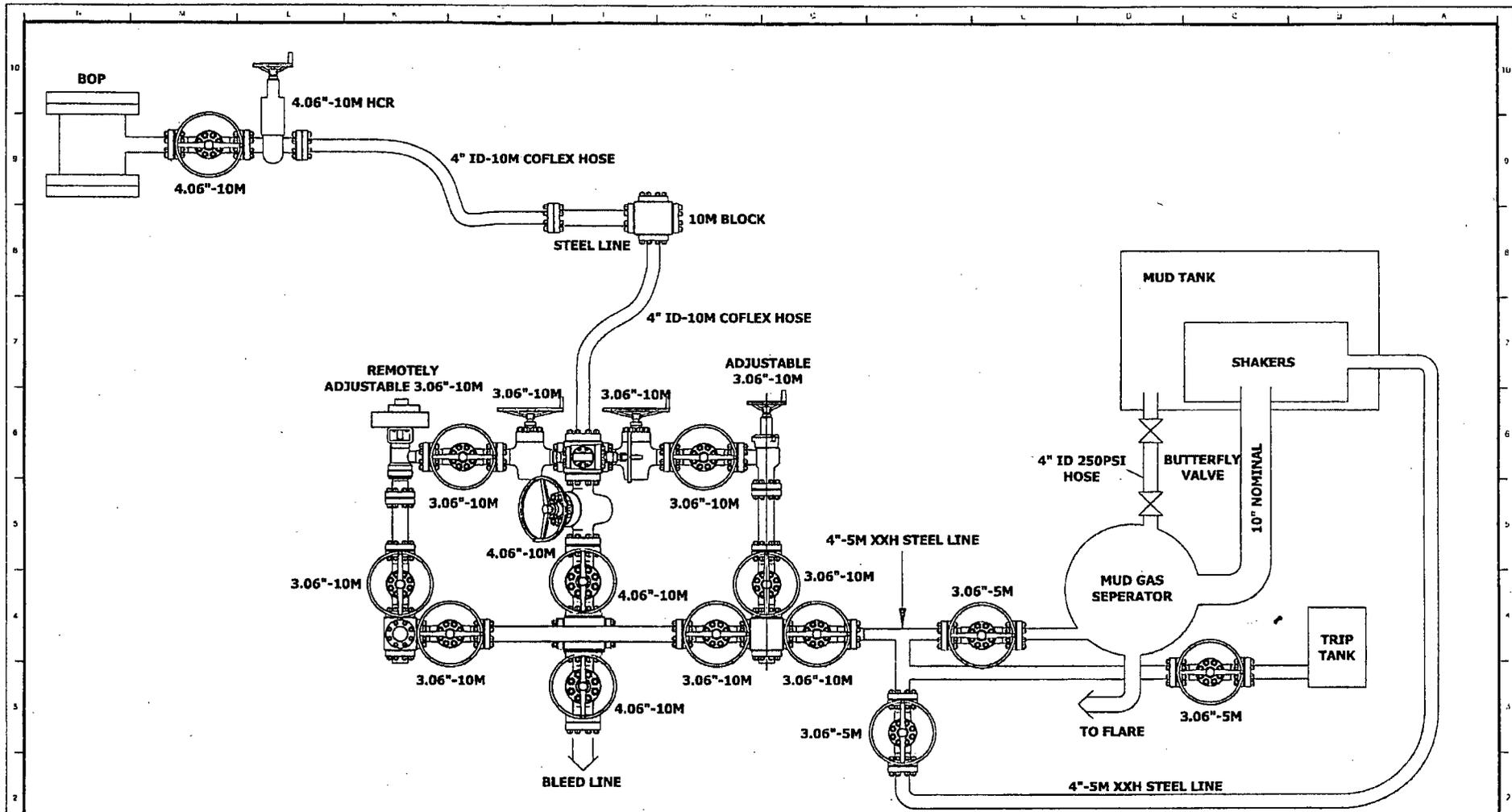
2" Manual Valve



4" Manual Valve



4" Hydraulic Valve



WELDING NOTE & TOLERANCES UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

GENERAL WELDING NOTE:
 ALL ACCESSIBLE CONTACT SURFACES SHALL BE JOINED WITH CONTINUOUS 45 DEGREE FILLET WELDS. WELD SIZE TO BE 1/16 INCH SMALLER THAN THINNER MEMBER JOINED UP TO 5/16 INCH THICKNESS AND 1/8 INCH SMALLER THAN THINNER MEMBER JOINED UP TO 3/4 INCH THICKNESS. WELDMENT TOLERANCES = ± 1/16

MACHINING TOLERANCES
 1 PLACE DECIMAL = ± .1
 2 PLACE DECIMAL = ± .03
 3 PLACE DECIMAL = ± 0.015
 FRACTIONAL TOLERANCES = 1/64
 INSIDE MACHINED CORNER RADIUS = ± .031
 CHAMFER OUTSIDE CORNERS .03 X 45 DEG
 ANGLE TOLERANCES = ± 1 DEGREE
 MACHINED SURFACE FINISH 125 RMS
 ALL UNSPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES

REV	DATE	DESCRIPTION	DRWN BY	CHK BY	APRVD EN3.
02	8-3-15	ISSUED FOR INFORMATION	CP	CSL	
01	7-8-15	ISSUED FOR INFORMATION	CSL		

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 DRILLING COMPANY LLC
CHOKE MANIFOLD
 10M CHOKE ARRANGEMENT
 RIG 809
 DWG# R0809-D.001.LAY.09
 SHEET 1 OF 1
 REV. 02



Midwest Hose
& Specialty, Inc.

Internal Hydrostatic Test Graph

R809
March 10, 2015

Customer: Patterson B&E

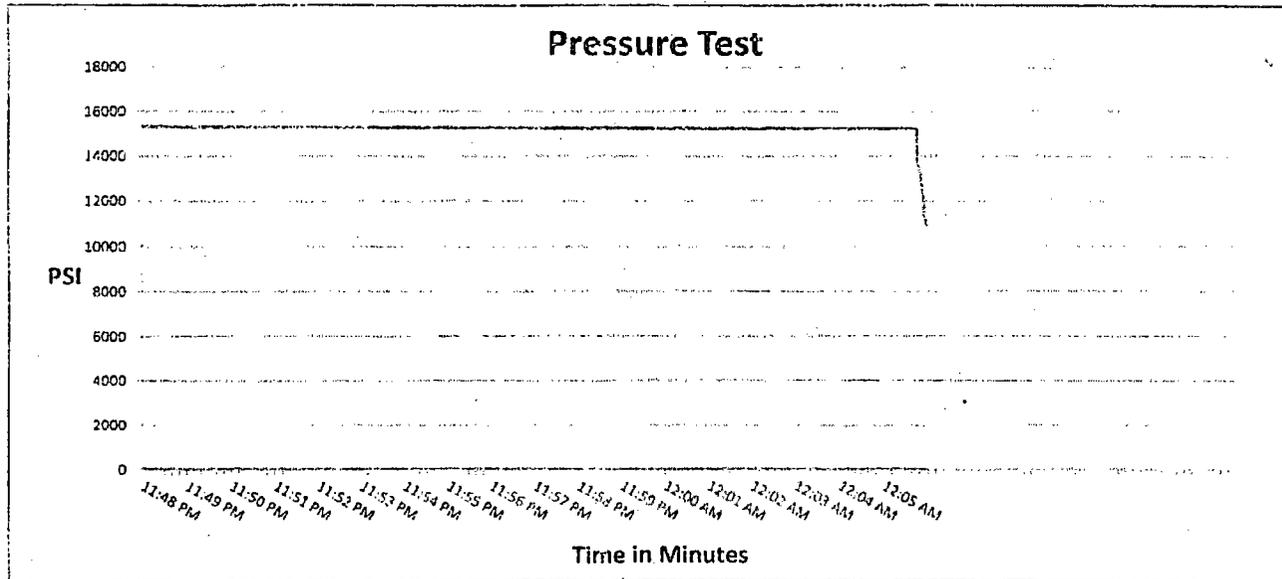
Pick Ticket #: 296283

Hose Specifications

<u>Hose Type</u>	<u>Length</u>
Mud	50'
<u>I.D.</u>	<u>O.D.</u>
2"	3.47"
<u>Working Pressure</u>	<u>Burst Pressure</u>
10000 PSI	Standard Safety Multiplier Applies

Verification

<u>Type of Fitting</u>	<u>Coupling Method</u>
2"1502	Swage
<u>Die Size</u>	<u>Final O.D.</u>
97MM	4.03"
<u>Hose Serial #</u>	<u>Hose Assembly Serial #</u>
11839	296283



Test Pressure
15000 PSI

Time Held at Test Pressure
17 3/4 Minutes

Actual Burst Pressure

Peak Pressure
15361 PSI

Comments: Hose assembly pressure tested with water at ambient temperature.

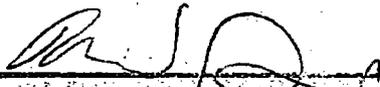
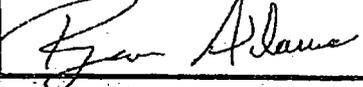
Tested By: Richard Davis

Approved By: Ryan Adams



Midwest Hose
& Specialty, Inc.

Internal Hydrostatic Test Certificate

General Information		Hose Specifications	
Customer	PATTERSON B&E	Hose Assembly Type	Choke & Kill
MWH Sales Representative	AMY WHITE	Certification	API 7K/FSL Level 2
Date Assembled	3/10/2015	Hose Grade	MUD
Location Assembled	OKC	Hose Working Pressure	10000
Sales Order #	245805	Hose Lot # and Date Code	11839-11/14
Customer Purchase Order #	270590	Hose I.D. (Inches)	2"
Assembly Serial # (Pick Ticket #)	296283	Hose O.D. (Inches)	3.99"
Hose Assembly Length	50'	Armor (yes/no)	YES
Fittings			
End A		End B	
Stem (Part and Revision #)	R2.0X32M1502	Stem (Part and Revision #)	RF2.0 32F1502
Stem (Heat #)	14104546	Stem (Heat #)	A144853
Ferrule (Part and Revision #)	RF2.0 10K	Ferrule (Part and Revision #)	RF2.0 10K
Ferrule (Heat #)	41044	Ferrule (Heat #)	41044
Connection (Flange Hammer Union Part)		Connection (Part #)	
Connection (Heat #)		Connection (Heat #)	
Nut (Part #)	2" 1502 H2S	Nut (Part #)	
Nut (Heat #)		Nut (Heat #)	
Dies Used	97MM	Dies Used	97MM
Hydrostatic Test Requirements			
Test Pressure (psi)	15,000	Hose assembly was tested with ambient water temperature.	
Test Pressure Hold Time (minutes)	17 3/4		
Date Tested	Tested By.		Approved By
3/10/2015			



Midwest Hose
& Specialty, Inc.

Certificate of Conformity

Customer: PATTERSON B&E	Customer P.O.# 270590
Sales Order # 245805	Date Assembled: 3/10/2015

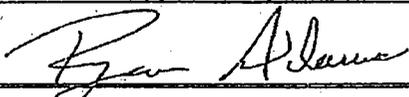
Specifications

Hose Assembly Type: Choke & Kill	
Assembly Serial # 296283	Hose Lot # and Date Code 11839-11/14
Hose Working Pressure (psi) 10000	Test Pressure (psi) 15000

We hereby certify that the above material supplied for the referenced purchase order to be true according to the requirements of the purchase order and current industry standards.

Supplier:
Midwest Hose & Specialty, Inc.
3312 S I-35 Service Rd
Oklahoma City, OK 73129

Comments:

Approved By 	Date 3/19/2015
--	--------------------------



Midwest Hose & Specialty, Inc.

Internal Hydrostatic Test Graph

R 809 Check & Sell Hoses
December 24, 2014

Customer: Patterson

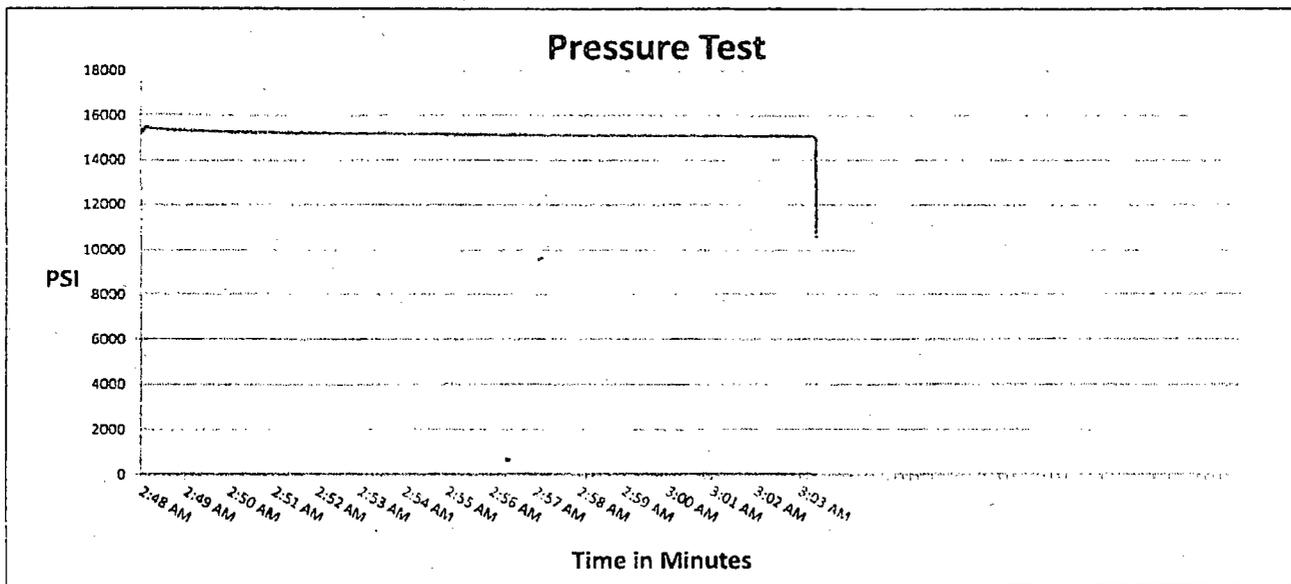
Pick Ticket #: 286159

Hose Specifications

Hose Type	Length
CK	50'
I.D.	O.D.
2"	3.55"
Working Pressure	Burst Pressure
10000 PSI	Standard Safety Multiplier Applies

Verification

Type of Fitting	Coupling Method
2" 1502	Swage
Die Size	Final O.D.
97MM	3.98"
Hose Serial #	Hose Assembly Serial #
11784	286159



Test Pressure
15000 PSI

Time Held at Test Pressure
15 1/4 Minutes

Actual Burst Pressure

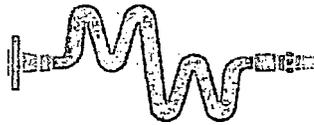
Peak Pressure
15410 PSI

Comments: Hose assembly pressure tested with water at ambient temperature.

Tested By: Tyler Hill

Approved By: Ryan Adams

(Handwritten signatures of Tyler Hill and Ryan Adams)



Midwest Hose
& Specialty, Inc.

Internal Hydrostatic Test Certificate

General Information		Hose Specifications	
Customer	PATTERSON B&E	Hose Assembly Type	Choke & Kill
MWH Sales Representative	AMY WHITE	Certification	API 7K/FSL Level 2
Date Assembled	12/23/2014	Hose Grade	MUD
Location Assembled	OKC	Hose Working Pressure	10000
Sales Order #	237566	Hose Lot # and Date Code	11784-10/14
Customer Purchase Order #	261581	Hose I.D. (Inches)	2"
Assembly Serial # (Pick Ticket #)	286159	Hose O.D. (Inches)	4.00"
Hose Assembly Length	50'	Armor (yes/no)	YES
Fittings			
End A		End B	
Stem (Part and Revision #)	R2.0X32M1502	Stem (Part and Revision #)	R2.0X32M1502
Stem (Heat #)	M14104546	Stem (Heat #)	M14101226
Ferrule (Part and Revision #)	RF2.0 10K	Ferrule (Part and Revision #)	RF2.0 10K
Ferrule (Heat #)	41044	Ferrule (Heat #)	41044
Connection - Flange Hammer Union Part	2"1502	Connection (Part #)	
Connection (Heat #)	2866	Connection (Heat #)	
Nut (Part #)		Nut (Part #)	
Nut (Heat #)		Nut (Heat #)	
Dies Used	97MM	Dies Used	97MM
Hydrostatic Test Requirements			
Test Pressure (psi)	15,000	Hose assembly was tested with ambient water temperature.	
Test Pressure Hold Time (minutes)	15 1/4		
Date Tested	Tested By	Approved By	
12/24/2014	Tyler Hill	Gar Adams	



Midwest Hose
& Specialty, Inc.

Certificate of Conformity

<i>Customer:</i> PATTERSON B&E	<i>Customer P.O.#</i> 261581
<i>Sales Order #</i> 237566	<i>Date Assembled:</i> 12/23/2014

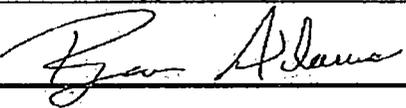
Specifications

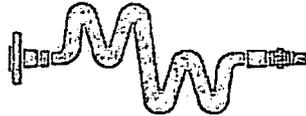
<i>Hose Assembly Type:</i> Choke & Kill	
<i>Assembly Serial #</i> 286159	<i>Hose Lot # and Date Code</i> 11784-10/14
<i>Hose Working Pressure (psi)</i> 10000	<i>Test Pressure (psi)</i> 15000

We hereby certify that the above material supplied for the referenced purchase order to be true according to the requirements of the purchase order and current industry standards.

Supplier:
Midwest Hose & Specialty, Inc.
3312 S I-35 Service Rd
Oklahoma City, OK 73129

Comments:

<i>Approved By</i>	<i>Date</i>
	12/29/2014



Midwest Hose
& Specialty, Inc.

Internal Hydrostatic Test Certificate

General Information		Hose Specifications	
Customer	PATTERSON B&E	Hose Assembly Type	Choke & Kill
MWH Sales Representative	AMY WHITE	Certification	API 7K/FSL Level 2
Date Assembled	3/10/2015	Hose Grade	MUD
Location Assembled	OKC	Hose Working Pressure	10000
Sales Order #	245805	Hose Lot # and Date Code	11839-11/14
Customer Purchase Order #	270590	Hose I.D. (inches)	2"
Assembly Serial # (Pick Ticket #)	296283	Hose O.D. (inches)	3.99"
Hose Assembly Length	50'	Armor (yes/no)	YES

FITTINGS

End A		End B	
Stem (Part and Revision #)	R2.0X32M1502	Stem (Part and Revision #)	RF2.0 32F1502
Stem (Heat #)	14104546	Stem (Heat #)	A144853
Ferrule (Part and Revision #)	RF2.0 10K	Ferrule (Part and Revision #)	RF2.0 10K
Ferrule (Heat #)	41044	Ferrule (Heat #)	41044
Connection - Flange Hammer Union Part		Connection (Part #)	
Connection (Heat #)		Connection (Heat #)	
Nut (Part #)	2" 1502 H2S	Nut (Part #)	
Nut (Heat #)		Nut (Heat #)	
Dies Used	97MM	Dies Used	97MM

Hydrostatic Test Requirements

Test Pressure (psi)	15,000	Hose assembly was tested with ambient water temperature.
Test Pressure Hold Time (minutes)	17 3/4	

Date Tested	Tested By	Approved By
3/10/2015		

Casing Design Criteria and Load Case Assumptions

Intermediate #1 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 50 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (10.0 ppg).

Intermediate #2 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Partial Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered. Internal force equal to gas gradient over half of setting depth and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run below that (0.65 psi/ft).
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 100 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.65 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting

depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (9.0 ppg).

See previous attachment for casing design, including tapered string and speed head specifications

Technical Specifications

Connection Type: DWC/C-IS PLUS Casing standard	Size(O.D.): 5-1/2 in	Weight (Wall): 20.00 lb/ft (0.361 in)	Grade: VST P110 EC
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VST P110 EC
125,000
135,000

Material
Grade

Minimum Yield Strength (psi)
Minimum Ultimate Strength (psi)



VAM USA
4424 W. Sam Houston Pkwy. Suite 150
Houston, TX 77041
Phone: 713-479-3200
Fax: 713-479-3234
E-mail: VAMUSAsales@vam-usa.com

Pipe Dimensions

5.500	Nominal Pipe Body O.D. (in)
4.778	Nominal Pipe Body I.D.(in)
0.361	Nominal Wall Thickness (in)
20.00	Nominal Weight (lbs/ft)
19.83	Plain End Weight (lbs/ft)
5.828	Nominal Pipe Body Area (sq in)

Pipe Body Performance Properties

729,000	Minimum Pipe Body Yield Strength (lbs)
12,090	Minimum Collapse Pressure (psi)
14,360	Minimum Internal Yield Pressure (psi)
13,100	Hydrostatic Test Pressure (psi)

Connection Dimensions

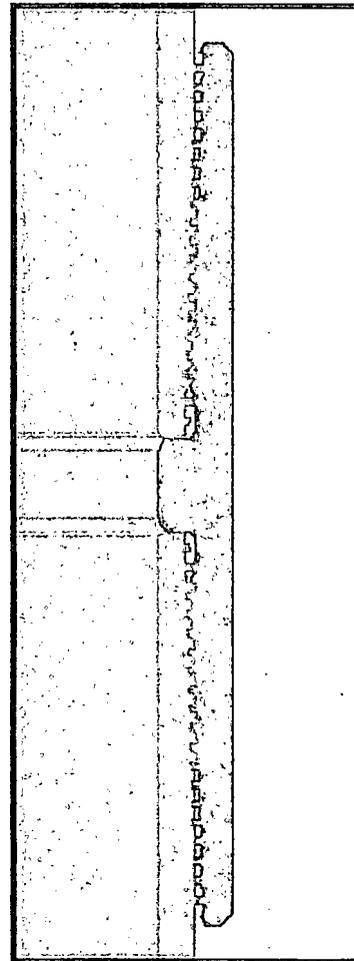
6.300	Connection O.D. (in)
4.778	Connection I.D. (in)
4.653	Connection Drift Diameter (in)
4.13	Make-up Loss (in)
5.828	Critical Area (sq in)
100.0	Joint Efficiency (%)

Connection Performance Properties

729,000	Joint Strength (lbs)
26,040	Reference String Length (ft) 1.4 Design Factor
728,000	API Joint Strength (lbs)
729,000	Compression Rating (lbs)
12,090	API Collapse Pressure Rating (psi)
14,360	API Internal Pressure Resistance (psi)
104.2	Maximum Uniaxial Bend Rating [degrees/100 ft]

Appoximated Field End Torque Values

16,600	Minimum Final Torque (ft-lbs)
19,100	Maximum Final Torque (ft-lbs)
21,600	Connection Yield Torque (ft-lbs)



For detailed information on performance properties, refer to DWC Connection Data Notes on following page(s).

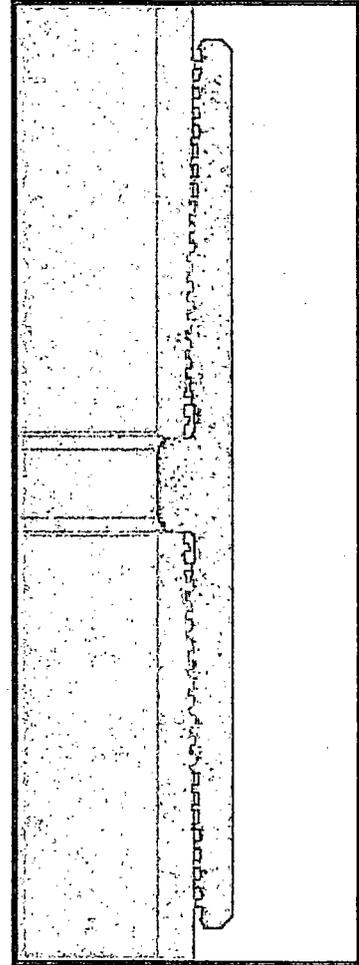
Connection specifications within the control of VAM USA were correct as of the date printed. Specifications are subject to change without notice. Certain connection specifications are dependent on the mechanical properties of the pipe. Mechanical properties of mill proprietary pipe grades were obtained from mill publications and are subject to change. Properties of mill proprietary grades should be confirmed with the mill. Users are advised to obtain current connection specifications and verify pipe mechanical properties for each application.

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DWC Connection Data Notes:

1. DWC connections are available with a seal ring (SR) option.
2. All standard DWC/C connections are interchangeable for a give pipe OD. DWC connections are interchangeable with DWC/C-SR connections of the same OD and wall.
3. Connection performance properties are based on nominal pipe body and connection dimensions.
4. DWC connection internal and external pressure resistance is calculated using the API rating for buttress connections. API Internal pressure resistance is calculated from formulas 31, 32, and 35 in the API Bulletin 5C3.
5. DWC joint strength is the minimum pipe body yield strength multiplied by the connection critical area.
6. API joint strength is for reference only. It is calculated from formulas 42 and 43 in the API Bulletin 5C3.
7. Bending efficiency is equal to the compression efficiency.
8. The torque values listed are recommended. The actual torque required may be affected by field conditions such as temperature, thread compound, speed of make-up, weather conditions, etc.
9. Connection yield torque is not to be exceeded.
10. Reference string length is calculated by dividing the joint strength by both the nominal weight in air and a design factor (DF) of 1.4. These values are offered for reference only and do not include load factors such as bending, buoyancy, temperature, load dynamics, etc.
11. DWC connections will accommodate API standard drift diameters.



Connection specifications within the control of VAM USA were correct as of the date printed. Specifications are subject to change without notice. Certain connection specifications are dependent on the mechanical properties of the pipe. Mechanical properties of mill proprietary pipe grades were obtained from mill publications and are subject to change. Properties of mill proprietary grades should be confirmed with the mill. Users are advised to obtain current connection specifications and verify pipe mechanical properties for each application.

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4/14/2015

Casing Design Criteria and Load Case Assumptions

Intermediate #1 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 50 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (10.0 ppg).

Intermediate #2 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Partial Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered. Internal force equal to gas gradient over half of setting depth and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run below that (0.65 psi/ft).
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 100 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.65 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting

depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_i=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (9.0 ppg).

Casing Design Criteria and Load Case Assumptions

Intermediate #1 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 50 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (10.0 ppg).

Intermediate #2 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Partial Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered. Internal force equal to gas gradient over half of setting depth and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run below that (0.65 psi/ft).
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 100 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.65 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting

depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_1=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (9.0 ppg).

For the latest performance data, always visit our website: www.tenaris.com

December 31 2015



Connection: TenarisXP® BTC
 Casing/Tubing: CAS
 Coupling Option: REGULAR

Size: 4.500 in.
 Wall: 0.290 in.
 Weight: 13.50 lbs/ft
 Grade: P110-ICY
 Min. Wall Thickness: 87.5 %

Nominal OD	4.500 in.	Nominal Weight	13.50 lbs/ft	Standard Drift Diameter	3.795 in.
Nominal ID	3.920 in.	Wall Thickness	0.290 in.	Special Drift Diameter	N/A
Plain End Weight	13.05 lbs/ft				
Body Yield Strength	479 x 1000 lbs	Internal Yield	14100 psi	SMYS	125000 psi
Collapse	11620 psi				
Connection OD	5.000 in.	Coupling Length	9.075 in.	Connection ID	3.908 in.
Critical Section Area	3.836 sq. in.	Threads per in.	5.00	Make-Up Loss	4.016 in.
Tension Efficiency	100 %	Joint Yield Strength	479 x 1000 lbs	Internal Pressure Capacity ⁽¹⁾	14100 psi
Structural Compression Efficiency	100 %	Structural Compression Strength	479 x 1000 lbs	Structural Bending ⁽²⁾	127 °/100 ft
External Pressure Capacity	11620 psi				
Minimum	6950 ft-lbs	Optimum	7720 ft-lbs	Maximum	8490 ft-lbs
Operating Torque	10500 ft-lbs	Yield Torque	12200 ft-lbs		
Blanking Dimensions					

Casing Design Criteria and Load Case Assumptions

Surface Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.52 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (8.3 ppg).

Intermediate #1 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 50 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (10.0 ppg).

Intermediate #2 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Partial Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered. Internal force equal to gas gradient over half of setting depth and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run below that (0.65 psi/ft).

- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 100 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.65 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (9.0 ppg).

Production Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.65 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: 8000 psi casing test with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Injection Down Casing: 9500 psi surface injection pressure plus an internal pressure gradient of 0.65 psi/ft with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (12.5 ppg).

Casing Design Criteria and Load Case Assumptions

Surface Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.52 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (8.3 ppg).

Casing Design Criteria and Load Case Assumptions

Intermediate #1 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 50 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (10.0 ppg).

Intermediate #2 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Partial Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered. Internal force equal to gas gradient over half of setting depth and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run below that (0.65 psi/ft).
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 100 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.65 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting

depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (9.0 ppg).

Casing Design Criteria and Load Case Assumptions

Intermediate #1 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 50 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (10.0 ppg).

Intermediate #2 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Partial Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered. Internal force equal to gas gradient over half of setting depth and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run below that (0.65 psi/ft).
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 100 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.65 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting

depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (9.0 ppg).

Casing Design Criteria and Load Case Assumptions

Production Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.65 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: 8000 psi casing test with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Injection Down Casing: 9500 psi surface injection pressure plus an internal pressure gradient of 0.65 psi/ft with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (12.5 ppg).

Casing Design Criteria and Load Case Assumptions

Intermediate #1 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 50 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (10.0 ppg).

Intermediate #2 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Partial Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered. Internal force equal to gas gradient over half of setting depth and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run below that (0.65 psi/ft).
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 100 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.65 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting

depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (9.0 ppg).

Casing Design Criteria and Load Case Assumptions

Intermediate #1 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 50 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (10.0 ppg).

Intermediate #2 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Partial Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered. Internal force equal to gas gradient over half of setting depth and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run below that (0.65 psi/ft).
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 100 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.65 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting

depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_1=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (9.0 ppg).

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Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: MJ FEDERAL

Well Number: 222H

	NS-Foot	NS Indicator	EW-Foot	EW Indicator	Twsp	Range	Section	Aliquot/Lot/Tract	Latitude	Longitude	County	State	Meridian	Lease Type	Lease Number	Elevation	MD	TVD
EXIT Leg #1	240	FSL	198 0	FWL	19S	33E	23	Aliquot SESW	32.63909 9	- 103.6359 673	LEA	NEW MEXI CO	NEW MEXI CO	F	NMNM 63763	- 769 4	159 50	113 50
BHL Leg #1	240	FSL	198 0	FWL	19S	33E	23	Aliquot SESW	32.63909 9	- 103.6359 673	LEA	NEW MEXI CO	NEW MEXI CO	F	NMNM 63763	- 769 4	159 50	113 50