

HOBBS 0

AUG 16 2018

Form 3160-3
(March 2012)

Carlsbad Field Office
OCD Hobbs

FORM APPROVED
OMB No. 1004-0137
Expires October 31, 2014

RECEIVED

UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DRILL OR REENTER

1a. Type of work: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DRILL <input type="checkbox"/> REENTER		5. Lease Serial No. NMNM115426
1b. Type of Well: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Oil Well <input type="checkbox"/> Gas Well <input type="checkbox"/> Other <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Single Zone <input type="checkbox"/> Multiple Zone		6. If Indian, Allottee or Tribe Name
2. Name of Operator MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY (228931)		7. If Unit or CA Agreement, Name and No.
3a. Address 5400 LBJ Freeway, Suite 1500 Dallas TX 7524	3b. Phone No. (include area code) (972)371-5200	8. Lease Name and Well No. (322263) DR-IRELAND FED COM 214H
4. Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance with any State requirements.) At surface SESE / 257 FSL / 399 FEL / LAT 32.2835925 / LONG -103.3994762 At proposed prod. zone NENE / 240 FNL / 330 FEL / LAT 32.296711 / LONG -103.3992676		9. API Well No. 30-025-45147
14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post office*		10. Field and Pool, or Exploratory (2200) BONE SPRING
15. Distance from proposed* location to nearest property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any) 570 feet	16. No. of acres in lease 279.45	11. Sec., T. R. M. or Blk. and Survey or Area SEC 19 / T23S / R35E / NMP
17. Spacing Unit dedicated to this well 319.89	18. Distance from proposed location* to nearest well, drilling, completed, 30 feet applied for, on this lease, ft. 11750 feet / 16496 feet	12. County or Parish LEA
19. Proposed Depth 11750 feet / 16496 feet	20. BLM/BIA Bond No. on file FED: NMB001079	13. State NM
21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.) 3394 feet	22. Approximate date work will start* 12/01/2018	23. Estimated duration 25 days

24. Attachments

The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No.1, must be attached to this form:

- Well plat certified by a registered surveyor.
- A Drilling Plan.
- A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest System Lands, the SUPO must be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office).
- Bond to cover the operations unless covered by an existing bond on file (see Item 20 above).
- Operator certification
- Such other site specific information and/or plans as may be required by the BLM.

25. Signature (Electronic Submission)	Name (Printed/Typed) Lara Thompson / Ph: (505)254-1115	Date 03/30/2018
Title Assistant Project Manager		
Approved by (Signature) (Electronic Submission)	Name (Printed/Typed) Cody Layton / Ph: (575)234-5959	Date 07/06/2018
Title Assistant Field Manager Lands & Minerals Office CARLSBAD		

Application approval does not warrant or certify that the applicant holds legal or equitable title to those rights in the subject lease which would entitle the applicant to conduct operations thereon.
Conditions of approval, if any, are attached.

Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a crime for any person knowingly and willfully to make to any department or agency of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as to any matter within its jurisdiction.

(Continued on page 2)

*(Instructions on page 2)

Requested GCP 08/17/18
GCP Rec 08/27/18

APPROVED WITH CONDITIONS
Approval Date: 07/06/2018

KA
08/27/18

Double sided

INSTRUCTIONS

GENERAL: This form is designed for submitting proposals to perform certain well operations, as indicated on Federal and Indian lands and leases for action by appropriate Federal agencies, pursuant to applicable Federal laws and regulations. Any necessary special instructions concerning the use of this form and the number of copies to be submitted, particularly with regard to local, area, or regional procedures and practices, either are shown below or will be issued by, or may be obtained from local Federal offices.

ITEM 1: If the proposal is to redrill to the same reservoir at a different subsurface location or to a new reservoir, use this form with appropriate notations. Consult applicable Federal regulations concerning subsequent work proposals or reports on the well.

ITEM 4: Locations on Federal or Indian land should be described in accordance with Federal requirements. Consult local Federal offices for specific instructions.

ITEM 14: Needed only when location of well cannot readily be found by road from the land or lease description. A plat, or plats, separate or on the reverse side, showing the roads to, and the surveyed location of, the well, and any other required information, should be furnished when required by Federal agency offices.

ITEMS 15 AND 18: If well is to be, or has been directionally drilled, give distances for subsurface location of hole in any present or objective productive zone.

ITEM 22: Consult applicable Federal regulations, or appropriate officials, concerning approval of the proposal before operations are started.

NOTICES

The Privacy Act of 1974 and regulation in 43 CFR 2.48(d) provide that you be furnished the following information in connection with information required by this application.

AUTHORITY: 30 U.S.C. 181 et seq., 25 U.S.C. 396; 43 CFR 3160

PRINCIPAL PURPOSES: The information will be used to: (1) process and evaluate your application for a permit to drill a new oil, gas, or service well or to reenter a plugged and abandoned well; and (2) document, for administrative use, information for the management, disposal and use of National Resource Lands and resources including (a) analyzing your proposal to discover and extract the Federal or Indian resources encountered; (b) reviewing procedures and equipment and the projected impact on the land involved; and (c) evaluating the effects of the proposed operation on the surface and subsurface water and other environmental impacts.

ROUTINE USE: Information from the record and/or the record will be transferred to appropriate Federal, State, and local or foreign agencies, when relevant to civil, criminal or regulatory investigations or prosecution, in connection with congressional inquiries and for regulatory responsibilities.

EFFECT OF NOT PROVIDING INFORMATION: Filing of this application and disclosure of the information is mandatory only if you elect to initiate a drilling or reentry operation on an oil and gas lease.

The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 requires us to inform you that:

The BLM collects this information to allow evaluation of the technical, safety, and environmental factors involved with drilling for oil and/or gas on Federal and Indian oil and gas leases. This information will be used to analyze and approve applications.

Response to this request is mandatory only if the operator elects to initiate drilling or reentry operations on an oil and gas lease.

The BLM would like you to know that you do not have to respond to this or any other Federal agency-sponsored information collection unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

BURDEN HOURS STATEMENT: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 8 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this form to U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (1004-0137), Bureau Information Collection Clearance Officer (WO-630), 1849 C Street, N.W., Mail Stop 401 LS, Washington, D.C. 20240.

Additional Operator Remarks

Location of Well

- 1. SHL: SESE / 257 FSL / 399 FEL / TWSP: 23S / RANGE: 35E / SECTION: 19 / LAT: 32.2835925 / LONG: -103.3994762 (TVD: 0 feet, MD: 0 feet)
- PPP: SESE / 330 FSL / 330 FEL / TWSP: 23S / RANGE: 35E / SECTION: 19 / LAT: 32.2837947 / LONG: -103.399252 (TVD: 11750 feet, MD: 12240 feet)
- BHL: NENE / 240 FNL / 330 FEL / TWSP: 23S / RANGE: 35E / SECTION: 19 / LAT: 32.296711 / LONG: -103.3992676 (TVD: 11750 feet, MD: 16496 feet)

BLM Point of Contact

Name: Judith Yeager
Title: Legal Instruments Examiner
Phone: 5752345936
Email: jyeager@blm.gov

CONFIDENTIAL

Review and Appeal Rights

A person contesting a decision shall request a State Director review. This request must be filed within 20 working days of receipt of the Notice with the appropriate State Director (see 43 CFR 3165.3). The State Director review decision may be appealed to the Interior Board of Land Appeals, 801 North Quincy Street, Suite 300, Arlington, VA 22203 (see 43 CFR 3165.4). Contact the above listed Bureau of Land Management office for further information.

CONFIDENTIAL



APD ID: 10400028893

Submission Date: 03/30/2018

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Highlighted data
reflects the most
recent changes

Well Name: DR IRELAND FED COM

Well Number: 214H

Show Final Text

Well Type: OIL WELL

Well Work Type: Drill

Section 1 - General

APD ID: 10400028893

Tie to previous NOS?

Submission Date: 03/30/2018

BLM Office: CARLSBAD

User: Lara Thompson

Title: Assistant Project Manager

Federal/Indian APD: FED

Is the first lease penetrated for production Federal or Indian? FED

Lease number: NMNM115426

Lease Acres: 279.45

Surface access agreement in place?

Allotted?

Reservation:

Agreement in place? NO

Federal or Indian agreement:

Agreement number:

Agreement name:

Keep application confidential? YES

Permitting Agent? YES

APD Operator: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Operator letter of designation:

Operator Info

Operator Organization Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Operator Address: 5400 LBJ Freeway, Suite 1500

Zip: 75240

Operator PO Box:

Operator City: Dallas

State: TX

Operator Phone: (972)371-5200

Operator Internet Address: amonroe@matadorresources.com

Section 2 - Well Information

Well in Master Development Plan? NO

Mater Development Plan name:

Well in Master SUPO? NO

Master SUPO name:

Well in Master Drilling Plan? NO

Master Drilling Plan name:

Well Name: DR IRELAND FED COM

Well Number: 214H

Well API Number:

Field/Pool or Exploratory? Field and Pool

Field Name: BONE SPRING

Pool Name:

Is the proposed well in an area containing other mineral resources? NATURAL GAS,OIL

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: DR IRELAND FED COM

Well Number: 214H

Describe other minerals:

Is the proposed well in a Helium production area? **N** Use Existing Well Pad? **NO** New surface disturbance?

Type of Well Pad: **MULTIPLE WELL**

Multiple Well Pad Name: **DR** Number: **4**

IRELAND FEDERAL

Well Class: **HORIZONTAL**

Number of Legs: **1**

Well Work Type: **Drill**

Well Type: **OIL WELL**

Describe Well Type:

Well sub-Type: **APPRAISAL**

Describe sub-type:

Distance to town:

Distance to nearest well: **30 FT**

Distance to lease line: **570 FT**

Reservoir well spacing assigned acres Measurement: **319.89 Acres**

Well plat: **BO_DR_IRELAND_FED_COM_SLOT_4_SURFACE_PAD_SITE_S_20180329095352.pdf**

CD_DR_IRELAND_FED_COM_SLOT_4_SURFACE_PAD_PRO_S_20180329095352.pdf

1Mile_Radius_Map_20180329095411.docx

DrIrelandFederal214H_signed_20180425081437.pdf

Well work start Date: **12/01/2018**

Duration: **25 DAYS**

Section 3 - Well Location Table

Survey Type: **RECTANGULAR**

Describe Survey Type:

Datum: **NAD83**

Vertical Datum: **NAVD88**

Survey number:

	NS-Foot	NS Indicator	EW-Foot	EW Indicator	Twsp	Range	Section	Aliquot/Lot/Tract	Latitude	Longitude	County	State	Meridian	Lease Type	Lease Number	Elevation	MD	TVD
SHL Leg #1	257	FSL	399	FEL	23S	35E	19	Aliquot SESE	32.28359 25	- 103.3994 762	LEA	NEW MEXI CO	NEW MEXI CO	F	NMNM 115426	339 4	0	0
KOP Leg #1	257	FSL	399	FEL	23S	35E	19	Aliquot SESE	32.28359 25	- 103.3994 762	LEA	NEW MEXI CO	NEW MEXI CO	F	NMNM 115426	239 4	100 0	100 0

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: DR IRELAND FED COM

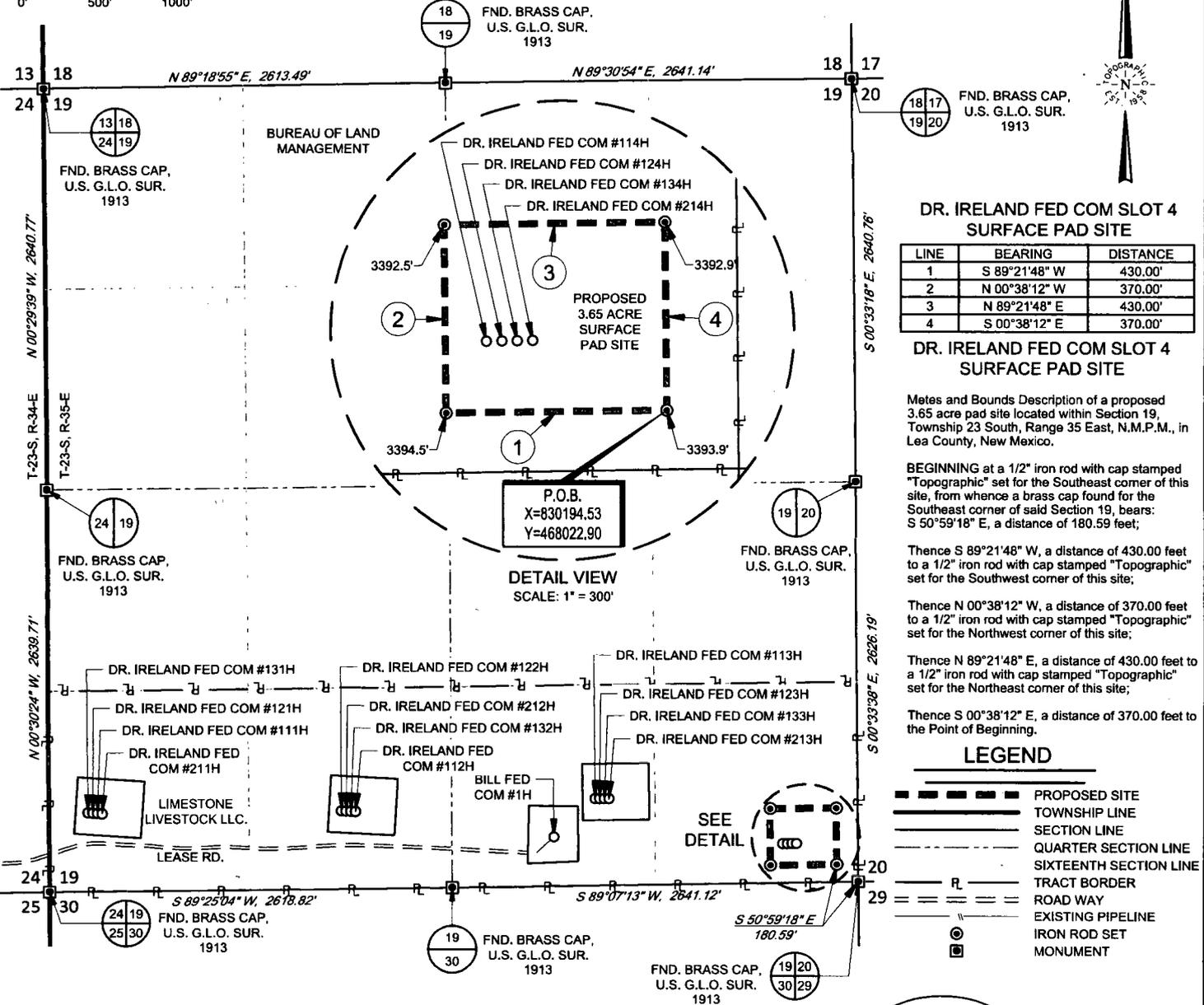
Well Number: 214H

	NS-Foot	NS Indicator	EW-Foot	EW Indicator	Twsp	Range	Section	Aliquot/Lot/Tract	Latitude	Longitude	County	State	Meridian	Lease Type	Lease Number	Elevation	MD	TVD
PPP Leg #1	330	FSL	330	FEL	23S	35E	19	Aliquot SESE 47	32.28379 47	- 103.3992 52	LEA	NEW MEXI CO	NEW MEXI CO	F	NMNM 115426	- 835 6	122 40	117 50
EXIT Leg #1	330	FNL	330	FEL	23S	35E	19	Aliquot NENE 37	32.29646 37	- 103.3992 673	LEA	NEW MEXI CO	NEW MEXI CO	F	NMNM 113422	- 835 6	164 06	117 50
BHL Leg #1	240	FNL	330	FEL	23S	35E	19	Aliquot NENE 1	32.29671 1	- 103.3992 676	LEA	NEW MEXI CO	NEW MEXI CO	F	NMNM 113422	- 835 6	164 96	117 50

SCALE: 1" = 1000'

0' 500' 1000'

SECTION 19, TOWNSHIP 23-S, RANGE 35-E, N.M.P.M.
LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO



P.O.B.
X=830194.53
Y=468022.90

DETAIL VIEW
SCALE: 1" = 300'

DR. IRELAND FED COM SLOT 4 SURFACE PAD SITE

LINE	BEARING	DISTANCE
1	S 89°21'48" W	430.00'
2	N 00°38'12" W	370.00'
3	N 89°21'48" E	430.00'
4	S 00°38'12" E	370.00'

DR. IRELAND FED COM SLOT 4 SURFACE PAD SITE

Metes and Bounds Description of a proposed 3.65 acre pad site located within Section 19, Township 23 South, Range 35 East, N.M.P.M., in Lea County, New Mexico.

BEGINNING at a 1/2" iron rod with cap stamped "Topographic" set for the Southeast corner of this site, from whence a brass cap found for the Southeast corner of said Section 19, bears: S 50°59'18" E, a distance of 180.59 feet;

Thence S 89°21'48" W, a distance of 430.00 feet to a 1/2" iron rod with cap stamped "Topographic" set for the Southwest corner of this site;

Thence N 00°38'12" W, a distance of 370.00 feet to a 1/2" iron rod with cap stamped "Topographic" set for the Northwest corner of this site;

Thence N 89°21'48" E, a distance of 430.00 feet to a 1/2" iron rod with cap stamped "Topographic" set for the Northeast corner of this site;

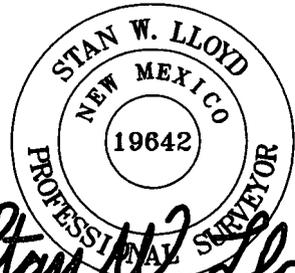
Thence S 00°38'12" E, a distance of 370.00 feet to the Point of Beginning.

LEGEND

- PROPOSED SITE
- TOWNSHIP LINE
- SECTION LINE
- QUARTER SECTION LINE
- SIXTEENTH SECTION LINE
- TRACT BORDER
- ROAD WAY
- EXISTING PIPELINE
- IRON ROD SET
- MONUMENT



TOPOGRAPHIC
LOYALTY INNOVATION LEGACY
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TELEPHONE: (817) 744-7512 • FAX (817) 744-7548
2903 NORTH BIG SPRING • MIDLAND, TEXAS 79705
TELEPHONE: (432) 682-1653 OR (800) 767-1653 • FAX (432) 682-1743
WWW.TOPOGRAPHIC.COM



Stan W. Lloyd
Stan W. Lloyd, P.S. No. 19642

SEPTEMBER 12, 2017

DR. IRELAND FED COM SLOT 4 SURFACE PAD SITE	REVISION:	
	INT	DATE
DATE: 09/12/17		
FILE: BO.DR.IRELAND.FED.COM.SLOT.4.SURFACE.PAD.SITE		
DRAWN BY: MML		
SHEET: 1 OF 2		

- NOTES:**
- ORIGINAL DOCUMENT SIZE: 8.5" X 11"
 - ALL BEARINGS, DISTANCES, AND COORDINATE VALUES CONTAINED HEREIN ARE GRID BASED UPON THE NEW MEXICO STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM, EAST ZONE, U.S. SURVEY FEET, NORTH AMERICAN DATUM 1983.
 - CERTIFICATION IS MADE ONLY TO THE LOCATION OF THIS EASEMENT, IN RELATION TO THE EVIDENCE FOUND DURING A FIELD SURVEY, MADE ON THE GROUND, UNDER MY SUPERVISION, AND USING DOCUMENTATION PROVIDED BY MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY. ONLY UTILITIES/EASEMENTS THAT WERE VISIBLE ON THE DATE OF THIS SURVEY, WITHIN/ADJOINING THIS EASEMENT, HAVE BEEN LOCATED AS SHOWN HEREON OF WHICH I HAVE KNOWLEDGE. THIS CERTIFICATION IS LIMITED TO THOSE PERSONS OR ENTITIES SHOWN ON THE FACE OF THIS PLAT AND IS NON-TRANSFERABLE, AND MADE FOR THIS TRANSACTION ONLY.
 - P.O.B. = POINT OF BEGINNING

APD ID: 10400028893

Submission Date: 03/30/2018

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY



Well Name: DR IRELAND FED COM

Well Number: 214H

Show Final Text

Well Type: OIL WELL

Well Work Type: Drill

Section 1 - Geologic Formations

Formation ID	Formation Name	Elevation	True Vertical Depth	Measured Depth	Lithologies	Mineral Resources	Producing Formation
1	PROSLER	3394	1414	1414		USEABLE WATER	No
2	SALADO	1594	1800	1800		NONE	No
3	CANTIAN REEF	-735	4129	4129		NONE	No
4	HELL CANYON	-2173	5567	5567		NATURAL GAS,OIL	No
5	ROUCHY CANYON	-4113	7507	7507		NATURAL GAS,OIL	No
6	ROSE SPRING TIME	-5419	8813	8813		NATURAL GAS,OIL	No
7	ROSE SPRING 1ST	-6144	9538	9538		NATURAL GAS,OIL	No
8	ROSE SPRING 2ND	-6592	9986	9986		NATURAL GAS,OIL	No
9	ROSE SPRING 3RD	-7332	10726	10726		NATURAL GAS,OIL	No
10	WALTON	-8268	11662	11662		NATURAL GAS,OIL	Yes

Section 2 - Blowout Prevention

Pressure Rating (PSI): 2M

Rating Depth: 15000

Equipment: See Exhibit E-1. A BOP consisting of 3 rams with 2 pipe rams, 1 blind ram and one annular preventer. The BOP will be utilized below surface casing to TD. See attachments for BOP and choke manifold diagrams. Also present will be an accumulator that meets the requirements of Onshore Order #2 for the pressure rating of the BOP stack. A rotating head will also be installed as needed. BOP will be inspected and operated as recommended in Onshore Order #2. A Kelly cock and sub equipped with a full opening valve sized to fit the drill pipe and collars will be available on the rig floor in the open position. A third party company will test the BOPs.

Requesting Variance? YES

Variance request: The operator requests a variance to have the option of running a speed head for setting the intermediate strings. In the case of running a speed head with landing mandrel for 9-5/8" casing, a minimum of a 3M BOPE system will be installed after surface casing is set. Matador Resources requests a variance to drill this well using a co-flex line between the BOP and choke manifold. Certification for proposed co-flex hose is attached (see Exhibit E-2). The hose is not required by the manufacturer to be anchored. In the event the specific hose is not available, one of equal or higher rating will be used.

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: DR IRELAND FED COM

Well Number: 214H

Testing Procedure: After setting surface casing and before drilling below the surface casing shoe, a minimum of a 2M BOPE system will be installed and tested to 250 psi low and 2000 psi high with the annular being tested to 250 psi low and 1000 psi high. After setting intermediate casing, a minimum of a 3M system will be installed and tested to 250 psi low and 3000 psi high with the annular being tested to 250 psi low and 2500 psi high.

Choke Diagram Attachment:

Choke_Manifold_20180329105718.pdf

BOP Diagram Attachment:

BOP_297_001_20180329105727.pdf

Section 3 - Casing

Casing ID	String Type	Hole Size	Csg Size	Condition	Standard	Tapered String	Top Set MD	Bottom Set MD	Top Set TVD	Bottom Set TVD	Top Set MSL	Bottom Set MSL	Calculated casing length MD	Grade	Weight	Joint Type	Collapse SF	Burst SF	Joint SF Type	Joint SF	Body SF Type	Body SF
1	SURFACE	17.5	13.375	NEW	API	N	0	850	0	850			850	J-55	54.5	OTHER - BTC	1.125	1.125	BUOY	1.8	BUOY	1.8
2	INTERMEDIATE	8.75	7.625	NEW	API	N	4400	4400	4400	4400			0	P-110	29.7	OTHER - BTC	1.125	1.125	BUOY	1.8	BUOY	1.8
3	INTERMEDIATE	12.25	9.625	NEW	API	N	0	5400	0	5400			5400	J-55	40	OTHER - BTC	1.125	1.125	BUOY	1.8	BUOY	1.8
4	PRODUCTION	6.125	5.5	NEW	NON API	N	10600	11000	10600	11000			400	P-110	20	OTHER - BTC/TPX	1.125	1.125	BUOY	1.8	BUOY	1.8
5	INTERMEDIATE	8.75	7.625	NEW	NON API	N	4400	11100	4400	11100			6700	P-110	29.7	OTHER - VAM HTF-NR	1.125	1.125	BUOY	1.8	BUOY	1.8
6	INTERMEDIATE	8.75	7.0	NEW	API	N	4400	11977	4400	11977			7577	P-110	29	OTHER - BTC	1.125	1.125	BUOY	1.8	BUOY	1.8
7	PRODUCTION	6.125	4.5	NEW	NON API	N	11600	16496	11600	16496			4896	P-110	13.5	OTHER - BTC/TPX	1.125	1.125	BUOY	1.8	BUOY	1.8

Casing Attachments

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: DR IRELAND FED COM

Well Number: 214H

Casing Attachments

Casing ID: 1 **String Type:** SURFACE

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

TenarisHydril_TenarisXP_BTC_5.500_20_20180213122618.pdf

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

BLM_Casing_Design_Assumptions_4_string_20180326165800.pdf

Casing ID: 2 **String Type:** INTERMEDIATE

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

VRCC_16_1177__CDS__7.625_in_29.70_ppf_P110_EC_VAM__HTF_NR_Rev02_20180327134756.pdf

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

BLM_Casing_Design_Assumptions_4_string_20180327135201.pdf

Casing ID: 3 **String Type:** INTERMEDIATE

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

BLM_Casing_Design_Assumptions_4_string_20180326165808.pdf

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: DR IRELAND FED COM

Well Number: 214H

Casing Attachments

Casing ID: 4 **String Type:** PRODUCTION

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

TenarisHydril_TenarisXP_BTC_5.500_20_20180306142420.pdf

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

BLM_Casing_Design_Assumptions_4_string_20180326165825.pdf

Casing ID: 5 **String Type:** INTERMEDIATE

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

VRCC_16_1177__CDS__7.625_in_29.70_ppf_P110_EC_VAM__HTF_NR_Rev02_20180329111208.pdf

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

BLM_Casing_Design_Assumptions_4_string_20180327135152.pdf

Casing ID: 6 **String Type:** INTERMEDIATE

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

TenarisHydril_TenarisXP_BTC_4.500_13_20180327134139.pdf

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

BLM_Casing_Design_Assumptions_4_string_20180327134258.pdf

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: DR IRELAND FED COM

Well Number: 214H

Casing Attachments

Casing ID: 7 String Type: PRODUCTION

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

TenarisHydril_TenarisXP_BTC_4.500_13_20180329111427.pdf

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

BLM_Casing_Design_Assumptions_4_string_20180327135215.pdf

Section 4 - Cement

String Type	Lead/Tail	Stage Tool Depth	Top MD	Bottom MD	Quantity(sx)	Yield	Density	Cu Ft	Excess%	Cement type	Additives
SURFACE	Lead		0	850	200	1.82	12.8	364	100	Class C	Bentonite + 2% CaCL2 + 3% NaCl + LCM
SURFACE	Tail		0	850	700	1.38	14.8	966	100	Class C	5% NaCl + LCM
INTERMEDIATE	Lead		4400	4400	475	2.36	11.5	1121	75	TXI	Fluid Loss + Dispersant + Retarder + LCM
INTERMEDIATE	Tail		4400	4400	320	1.38	13.2	442	75	TXI	Fluid Loss + Dispersant + Retarder + LCM
INTERMEDIATE	Lead		0	5400	1020	2.13	12.6	2173	100	Class C	Bentonite + 1% CaCL2 + 8% NaCl + LCM
INTERMEDIATE	Tail		0	5400	540	1.38	14.8	745	100	Class C	5% NaCl + LCM
PRODUCTION	Lead		1060 0	1100 0	530	1.17	15.8	620	25	Class H	Fluid Loss + Dispersant + Retarder + LCM

INTERMEDIATE	Lead		4400	1110 0	475	2.36	11.5	1121	75	TXI	Fluid Loss + Dispersant + Retarder + LCM
INTERMEDIATE	Tail		4400	1110 0	320	1.38	13.2	442	75	TXI	Fluid Loss + Dispersant + Retarder + LCM
INTERMEDIATE	Lead		4400	1197 7	475	2.36	11.5	1121	75	TXI	Fluid Loss + Dispersant + Retarder + LCM

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: DR IRELAND FED COM

Well Number: 214H

String Type	Lead/Tail	Stage Tool Depth	Top MD	Bottom MD	Quantity(sx)	Yield	Density	Cu Ft	Excess%	Cement type	Additives
INTERMEDIATE	Tail		4400	1197 7	320	1.38	13.2	442	75	TXI	Fluid Loss + Dispersant + Retarder + LCM
PRODUCTION	Lead		1160 0	1649 6	530	1.17	15.8	620	25	Class H	Fluid Loss + Dispersant + Retarder + LCM

Section 5 - Circulating Medium

Mud System Type: Closed

Will an air or gas system be Used? NO

Description of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

Diagram of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

Describe what will be on location to control well or mitigate other conditions: See Exhibit E-1. A BOP consisting of 3 rams with 2 pipe rams, 1 blind ram and one annular preventer. The BOP will be utilized below surface casing to TD. See attachments for BOP and choke manifold diagrams. Also present will be an accumulator that meets the requirements of Onshore Order #2 for the pressure rating of the BOP stack. A rotating head will also be installed as needed. BOP will be inspected and operated as recommended in Onshore Order #2. A Kelly cock and sub equipped with a full opening valve sized to fit the drill pipe and collars will be available on the rig floor in the open position. A third party company will test the BOPs.

Describe the mud monitoring system utilized: The Mud Monitoring System is an electronic Pason system satisfying requirements of Onshore Order 1. Mud Logging Program: 2 man unit from 5400 – TD.

Circulating Medium Table

Top Depth	Bottom Depth	Mud Type	Min Weight (lbs/gal)	Max Weight (lbs/gal)	Density (lbs/cu ft)	Gel Strength (lbs/100 sqft)	PH	Viscosity (CP)	Salinity (ppm)	Filtration (cc)	Additional Characteristics
0	850	SPUD MUD	8.3	8.3							
0	5400	SALT SATURATED	10	10							
4400	1197 7	OTHER : FW/ Cut Brine	9	9							
1060 0	1649 6	OIL-BASED MUD	12.5	12.5							

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: DR IRELAND FED COM

Well Number: 214H

Section 6 - Test, Logging, Coring

List of production tests including testing procedures, equipment and safety measures:

See page 3 of Drilling Plan attached in Other Facets, Section 8.

List of open and cased hole logs run in the well:

CBL,GR,MUDLOG

Coring operation description for the well:

No DSTs or cores are planned at this time.

Section 7 - Pressure

Anticipated Bottom Hole Pressure: 6450

Anticipated Surface Pressure: 3865

Anticipated Bottom Hole Temperature(F): 180

Anticipated abnormal pressures, temperatures, or potential geologic hazards? NO

Describe:

Contingency Plans geohazards description:

Contingency Plans geohazards attachment:

Hydrogen Sulfide drilling operations plan required? YES

Hydrogen sulfide drilling operations plan:

Matador_Hydrogen_Sulfide_Drilling_Leslie__024_20180315151636.docx

H2S_Emergency_Contacts_20180529151657.docx

Section 8 - Other Information

Proposed horizontal/directional/multi-lateral plan submission:

Dr._Ireland_Fed_Com__214H__Well_Plan_v1_20180329105248.pdf

Other proposed operations facets description:

Other proposed operations facets attachment:

BLM_Casing_Design_Assumptions_4_string_20180329105318.pdf

Close_Loop_System_20180329105339.docx

Dr._Ireland_Fed_Com__214H_MTDR_Drg_Plan_20180329105340.docx

297Co_Flex_Certs__Dr._Ireland_Fed_Com__213H_20180329105359.pdf

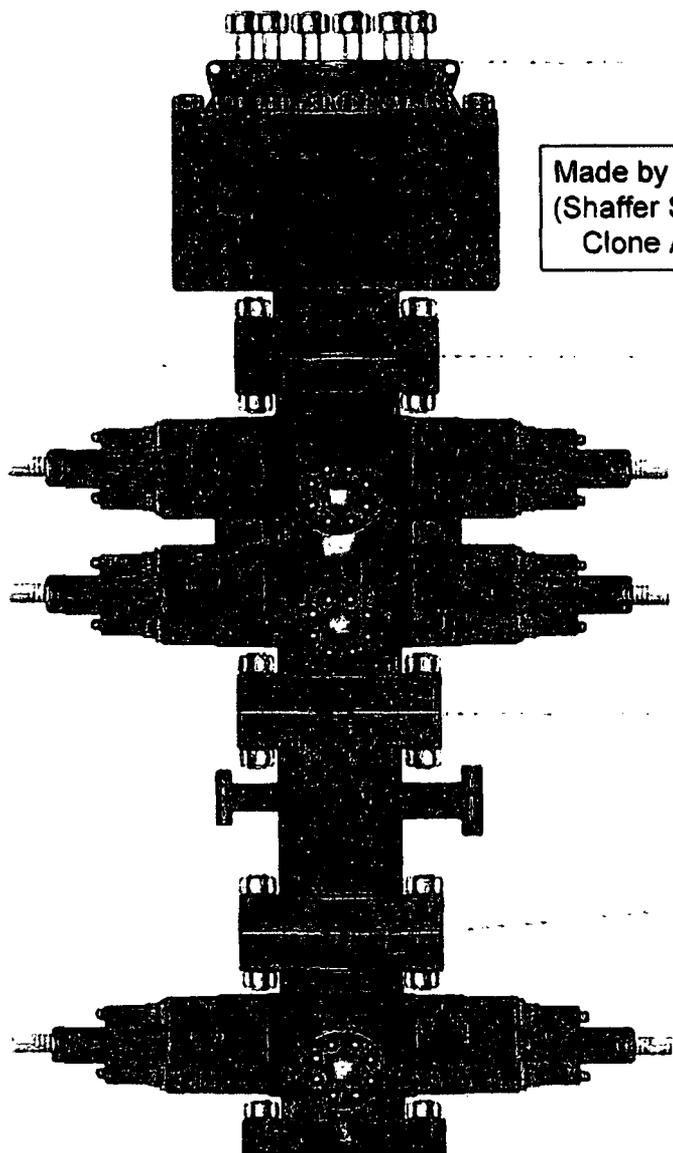
Gas_Capture_Plan__Dr._Ireland_211H__212H__213H__214H_20180529151738.docx

Other Variance attachment:



PATTERSON-UTI

Well Control



Made by Cameron
 (Shaffer Spherical)
 Clone Annular

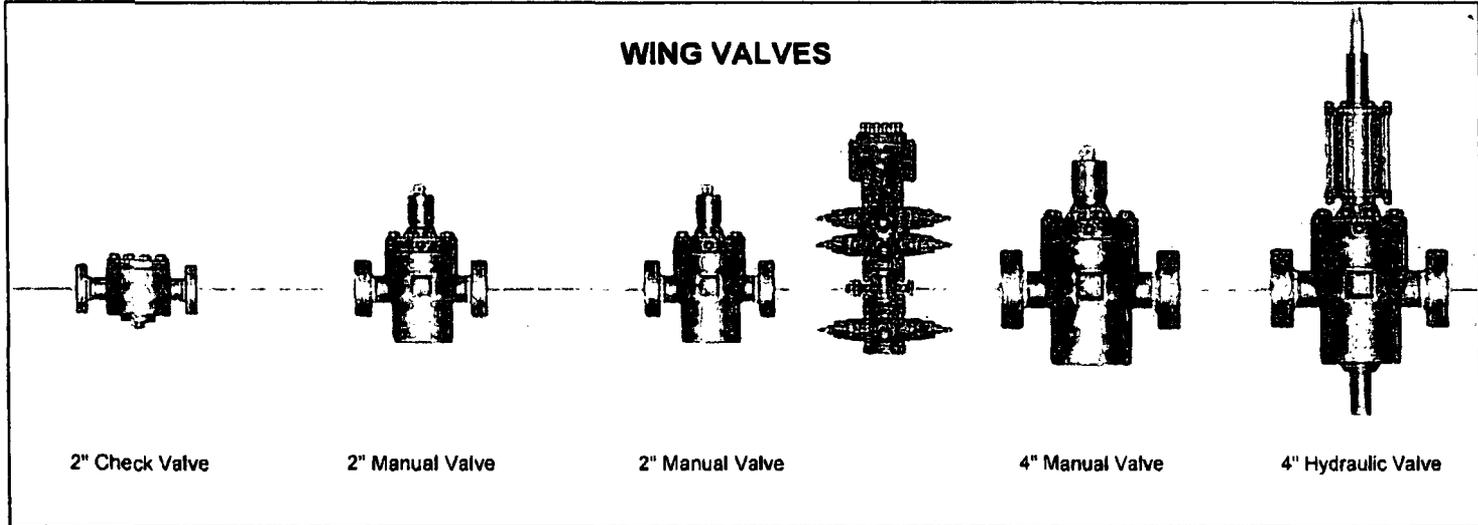
PATTERSON-UTI # PS2-628
 STYLE: New Shaffer Spherical
 BORE 13 5/8" PRESSURE 5,000
 HEIGHT: 48 1/2" WEIGHT: 13,800 lbs

PATTERSON-UTI # PC2-128
 STYLE: New Cameron Type U
 BORE 13 5/8" PRESSURE 10,000
 RAMS: TOP 5" Pipe BTM Blinds
 HEIGHT: 66 5/8" WEIGHT: 24,000 lbs

Length 40" Outlets 4" 10M
 DSA 4" 10M x 2" 10M

PATTERSON-UTI # PC2-228
 STYLE: New Cameron Type U
 BORE 13 5/8" PRESSURE 10,000
 RAMS: 5" Pipe
 HEIGHT: 41 5/8" WEIGHT: 13,000 lbs

WING VALVES



2" Check Valve

2" Manual Valve

2" Manual Valve

4" Manual Valve

4" Hydraulic Valve

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February 02 2017



Connection: TenarisXP® BTC
Casing/Tubing: CAS
Coupling Option: REGULAR

Size: 5.500 in.
Wall: 0.361 in.
Weight: 20.00 lbs/ft
Grade: P110-IC
Min. Wall Thickness: 87.5 %

PIPE BODY DATA			
GEOMETRY			
Nominal OD	5.500 in.	Nominal Weight	20.00 lbs/ft
Nominal ID	4.778 in.	Wall Thickness	0.361 in.
Plain End Weight	19.83 lbs/ft	Standard Drift Diameter	4.653 in.
		Special Drift Diameter	N/A
PERFORMANCE			
Body Yield Strength	641 x 1000 lbs	Internal Yield	12630 psi
Collapse	12100 psi	SMYS	110000 psi
TENARISXP® BTC CONNECTION DATA			
GEOMETRY			
Connection OD	6.100 in.	Coupling Length	9.450 in.
Critical Section Area	5.828 sq. in.	Threads per in.	5.00
		Connection ID	4.766 in.
		Make-Up Loss	4.204 in.
PERFORMANCE			
Tension Efficiency	100 %	Joint Yield Strength	641 x 1000 lbs
Structural Compression Efficiency	100 %	Structural Compression Strength	641 x 1000 lbs
External Pressure Capacity	12100 psi	Internal Pressure Capacity ⁽¹⁾	12630 psi
		Structural Bending ⁽²⁾	92 °/100 ft
ESTIMATED MAKE-UP TORQUES ⁽³⁾			
Minimum	11270 ft-lbs	Optimum	12520 ft-lbs
		Maximum	13770 ft-lbs
OPERATIONAL LIMIT TORQUES			
Operating Torque	21500 ft-lbs	Yield Torque	23900 ft-lbs
BLANKING DIMENSIONS			
Blanking Dimensions			

(1) Internal Pressure Capacity related to structural resistance only. Internal pressure leak resistance as per

section 10.3 API 5C3 / ISO 10400 - 2007.

(2) Structural rating, pure bending to yield (i.e no other loads applied)

(3) Torque values calculated for API Modified thread compounds with Friction Factor=1. For other thread compounds please contact us at licensees@oilfield.tenaris.com. Torque values may be further reviewed.

For additional information, please contact us at contact-tenarishydril@tenaris.com

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February 02 2017



Connection: TenarisXP® BTC
Casing/Tubing: CAS
Coupling Option: REGULAR

Size: 5.500 in.
Wall: 0.361 in.
Weight: 20.00 lbs/ft
Grade: P110-IC
Min. Wall Thickness: 87.5 %

PIPE BODY DATA			
GEOMETRY			
Nominal OD	5.500 in.	Nominal Weight	20.00 lbs/ft
Nominal ID	4.778 in.	Wall Thickness	0.361 in.
Plain End Weight	19.83 lbs/ft	Standard Drift Diameter	4.653 in.
		Special Drift Diameter	N/A
PERFORMANCE			
Body Yield Strength	641 x 1000 lbs	Internal Yield	12630 psi
Collapse	12100 psi	SMYS	110000 psi
TENARISXP® BTC CONNECTION DATA			
GEOMETRY			
Connection OD	6.100 in.	Coupling Length	9.450 in.
Critical Section Area	5.828 sq. in.	Threads per in.	5.00
		Connection ID	4.766 in.
		Make-Up Loss	4.204 in.
PERFORMANCE			
Tension Efficiency	100 %	Joint Yield Strength	641 x 1000 lbs
Structural Compression Efficiency	100 %	Structural Compression Strength	641 x 1000 lbs
External Pressure Capacity	12100 psi	Internal Pressure Capacity ⁽¹⁾	12630 psi
		Structural Bending ⁽²⁾	92 %/100 ft
ESTIMATED MAKE-UP TORQUES ⁽³⁾			
Minimum	11270 ft-lbs	Optimum	12520 ft-lbs
		Maximum	13770 ft-lbs
OPERATIONAL LIMIT TORQUES			
Operating Torque	21500 ft-lbs	Yield Torque	23900 ft-lbs
BLANKING DIMENSIONS			
Blanking Dimensions			

(1) Internal Pressure Capacity related to structural resistance only. Internal pressure leak resistance as per

section 10.3 API 5C3 / ISO 10400 - 2007.

(2) Structural rating, pure bending to yield (i.e no other loads applied)

(3) Torque values calculated for API Modified thread compounds with Friction Factor=1. For other thread compounds please contact us at licensees@oilfield.tenaris.com. Torque values may be further reviewed.

For additional information, please contact us at contact-tenarishydril@tenaris.com

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Connection: TenarisXP® BTC
Casing/Tubing: CAS
Coupling Option: REGULAR

Size: 4.500 in.
Wall: 0.290 in.
Weight: 13.50 lbs/ft
Grade: P110-ICY
Min. Wall Thickness: 87.5 %

PIPE BODY DATA			
GEOMETRY			
Nominal OD	4.500 in.	Nominal Weight	13.50 lbs/ft
Nominal ID	3.920 in.	Wall Thickness	0.290 in.
Plain End Weight	13.05 lbs/ft	Standard Drift Diameter	3.795 in.
		Special Drift Diameter	N/A
PERFORMANCE			
Body Yield Strength	479 x 1000 lbs	Internal Yield	14100 psi
Collapse	11620 psi	SMYS	125000 psi
TENARISXP® BTC CONNECTION DATA			
GEOMETRY			
Connection OD	5.000 in.	Coupling Length	9.075 in.
Critical Section Area	3.836 sq. in.	Threads per in.	5.00
		Connection ID	3.908 in.
		Make-Up Loss	4.016 in.
PERFORMANCE			
Tension Efficiency	100 %	Joint Yield Strength	479 x 1000 lbs
Structural Compression Efficiency	100 %	Structural Compression Strength	479 x 1000 lbs
External Pressure Capacity	11620 psi	Internal Pressure Capacity ⁽¹⁾	14100 psi
		Structural Bending ⁽²⁾	127 °/100 ft
ESTIMATED MAKE-UP TORQUES ⁽³⁾			
Minimum	6950 ft-lbs	Optimum	7720 ft-lbs
		Maximum	8490 ft-lbs
OPERATIONAL LIMIT TORQUES			
Operating Torque	10500 ft-lbs	Yield Torque	12200 ft-lbs
BLANKING DIMENSIONS			
Blanking Dimensions			

(1) Internal Pressure Capacity related to structural resistance only. Internal pressure leak resistance as per

section 10.3 API 5C3 / ISO 10400 - 2007.

(2) Structural rating, pure bending to yield (i.e no other loads applied)

(3) Torque values calculated for API Modified thread compounds with Friction Factor=1. For other thread compounds please contact us at licensees@oilfield.tenaris.com. Torque values may be further reviewed.

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February 02 2017



Connection: TenarisXP® BTC
Casing/Tubing: CAS
Coupling Option: REGULAR

Size: 4.500 in.
Wall: 0.290 in.
Weight: 13.50 lbs/ft
Grade: P110-ICY
Min. Wall Thickness: 87.5 %

PIPE BODY DATA			
GEOMETRY			
Nominal OD	4.500 in.	Nominal Weight	13.50 lbs/ft
Nominal ID	3.920 in.	Wall Thickness	0.290 in.
Plain End Weight	13.05 lbs/ft	Standard Drift Diameter	3.795 in.
		Special Drift Diameter	N/A
PERFORMANCE			
Body Yield Strength	479 x 1000 lbs	Internal Yield	14100 psi
Collapse	11620 psi	SMYS	125000 psi
TENARISXP® BTC CONNECTION DATA			
GEOMETRY			
Connection OD	5.000 in.	Coupling Length	9.075 in.
Critical Section Area	3.836 sq. in.	Threads per in.	5.00
		Connection ID	3.908 in.
		Make-Up Loss	4.016 in.
PERFORMANCE			
Tension Efficiency	100 %	Joint Yield Strength	479 x 1000 lbs
Structural Compression Efficiency	100 %	Structural Compression Strength	479 x 1000 lbs
External Pressure Capacity	11620 psi	Internal Pressure Capacity ⁽¹⁾	14100 psi
		Structural Bending ⁽²⁾	127 %/100 ft
ESTIMATED MAKE-UP TORQUES ⁽³⁾			
Minimum	6950 ft-lbs	Optimum	7720 ft-lbs
		Maximum	8490 ft-lbs
OPERATIONAL LIMIT TORQUES			
Operating Torque	10500 ft-lbs	Yield Torque	12200 ft-lbs
BLANKING DIMENSIONS			
Blanking Dimensions			

(1) Internal Pressure Capacity related to structural resistance only. Internal pressure leak resistance as per

section 10.3 API 5C3 / ISO 10400 - 2007.

(2) Structural rating, pure bending to yield (i.e no other loads applied)

(3) Torque values calculated for API Modified thread compounds with Friction Factor=1. For other thread compounds please contact us at licensees@oilfield.tenaris.com. Torque values may be further reviewed.

For additional information, please contact us at contact-tenarishydril@tenaris.com

**DATA ARE INFORMATIVE ONLY.
BASED ON SI_PD-101836 P&B**

VAM® HTF-NR™
Connection Data Sheet

OD 7 5/8 in.	Weight 29.70 lb/ft	Wall Th. 0.375 in.	Grade P110 EC	API Drift 6.750 in.	Connection VAM® HTF NR
------------------------	------------------------------	------------------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------------	----------------------------------

PIPE PROPERTIES	
Nominal OD	7.625 in.
Nominal ID	6.875 in.
Nominal Cross Section Area	8,541 sqin.
Grade Type	Enhanced API
Min. Yield Strength	125 ksi
Max. Yield Strength	140 ksi
Min. Ultimate Tensile Strength	135 ksi
Tensile Yield Strength	1 068 klb
Internal Yield Pressure	10 760 psi
Collapse pressure	7 360 psi

CONNECTION PROPERTIES	
Connection Type	Premium Integral Flush
Connection OD (nom)	7.701 in.
Connection ID (nom)	6.782 in.
Make-Up Loss	4.657 in.
Critical Cross Section	4.971 sqin.
Tension Efficiency	58 % of pipe
Compression Efficiency	72.7 % of pipe
Compression Efficiency with Sealability	34.8 % of pipe
Internal Pressure Efficiency	100 % of pipe
External Pressure Efficiency	100 % of pipe

CONNECTION PERFORMANCES	
Tensile Yield Strength	619 klb
Compression Resistance	778 klb
Compression with Sealability	372 klb
Internal Yield Pressure	10 760 psi
External Pressure Resistance	7 360 psi
Max. Bending	44 °/100ft
Max. Bending with Sealability	17 °/100ft

TORQUE VALUES	
Min. Make-up torque	9 600 ft.lb
Opti. Make-up torque	11 300 ft.lb
Max. Make-up torque	13 000 ft.lb
Max. Torque with Sealability	58 500 ft.lb
Max. Torsional Value	73 000 ft.lb

VAM® HTF™ (High Torque Flush) is a flush OD integral connection providing maximum clearance along with torque strength for challenging applications such as extended reach and slim hole wells, drilling liner / casing, liner rotation to achieve better cementation in highly deviated and critical High Pressure / High Temperature wells.

Looking ahead on the outcoming testing industry standards, VAM® decided to create an upgraded design and launch on the market the VAM® HTF-NR as the new standard version of VAM® extreme high torque flush connection. The VAM® HTF-NR has extensive tests as per API RP 5C5:2015 CAL II which include the gas sealability having load points with bending, internal pressure and high temperature at 135°C.

Do you need help on this product? - Remember no one knows VAM® like VAM®

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**DATA ARE INFORMATIVE ONLY.
BASED ON SI_PD-101836 P&B**

VAM-HTF-NR
Connection Data Sheet

OD	Weight	Wall Th.	Grade	API Drift	Connection
7 5/8 in.	29.70 lb/ft	0.375 in.	P110 EC	6.750 in.	VAM® HTF NR

PIPE PROPERTIES	
Nominal OD	7.625 in.
Nominal ID	6.875 in.
Nominal Cross Section Area	8.541 sqin.
Grade Type	Enhanced API
Min. Yield Strength	125 ksi
Max. Yield Strength	140 ksi
Min. Ultimate Tensile Strength	135 ksi
Tensile Yield Strength	1 068 klb
Internal Yield Pressure	10 760 psi
Collapse pressure	7 360 psi

CONNECTION PROPERTIES	
Connection Type	Premium Integral Flush
Connection OD (nom)	7.701 in.
Connection ID (nom)	6.782 in.
Make-Up Loss	4.657 in.
Critical Cross Section	4.971 sqin.
Tension Efficiency	58 % of pipe
Compression Efficiency	72.7 % of pipe
Compression Efficiency with Sealability	34.8 % of pipe
Internal Pressure Efficiency	100 % of pipe
External Pressure Efficiency	100 % of pipe

CONNECTION PERFORMANCES	
Tensile Yield Strength	619 klb
Compression Resistance	778 klb
Compression with Sealability	372 klb
Internal Yield Pressure	10 760 psi
External Pressure Resistance	7 360 psi
Max. Bending	44 °/100ft
Max. Bending with Sealability	17 °/100ft

TORQUE VALUES	
Min. Make-up torque	9 600 ft.lb
Opti. Make-up torque	11 300 ft.lb
Max. Make-up torque	13 000 ft.lb
Max. Torque with Sealability	58 500 ft.lb
Max. Torsional Value	73 000 ft.lb

VAM® HTF™ (High Torque Flush) is a flush OD integral connection providing maximum clearance along with torque strength for challenging applications such as extended reach and slim hole wells, drilling liner / casing, liner rotation to achieve better cementation in highly deviated and critical High Pressure / High Temperature wells.

Looking ahead on the outcoming testing industry standards, VAM® decided to create an upgraded design and launch on the market the VAM® HTF-NR as the new standard version of VAM® extreme high torque flush connection. The VAM® HTF-NR has extensive tests as per API RP 5C5:2015 CAL II which include the gas sealability having load points with bending, internal pressure and high temperature at 135°C.

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Vallourec Group



Casing Design Criteria and Load Case Assumptions

Surface Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.52 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (8.3 ppg).

Intermediate #1 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 50 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (10.0 ppg).

Intermediate #2 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Partial Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered. Internal force equal to gas gradient over half of setting depth and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run below that (0.65 psi/ft).

- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 100 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.65 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (9.0 ppg).

Production Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.65 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: 8000 psi casing test with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Injection Down Casing: 9500 psi surface injection pressure plus an internal pressure gradient of 0.65 psi/ft with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (12.5 ppg).

Casing Design Criteria and Load Case Assumptions

Surface Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.52 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (8.3 ppg).

Intermediate #1 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 50 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (10.0 ppg).

Intermediate #2 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Partial Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered. Internal force equal to gas gradient over half of setting depth and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run below that (0.65 psi/ft).

- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 100 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.65 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (9.0 ppg).

Production Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.65 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: 8000 psi casing test with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Injection Down Casing: 9500 psi surface injection pressure plus an internal pressure gradient of 0.65 psi/ft with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (12.5 ppg).

Casing Design Criteria and Load Case Assumptions

Surface Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.52 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (8.3 ppg).

Intermediate #1 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 50 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (10.0 ppg).

Intermediate #2 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Partial Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered. Internal force equal to gas gradient over half of setting depth and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run below that (0.65 psi/ft).

- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 100 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.65 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (9.0 ppg).

Production Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.65 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: 8000 psi casing test with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Injection Down Casing: 9500 psi surface injection pressure plus an internal pressure gradient of 0.65 psi/ft with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (12.5 ppg).

Casing Design Criteria and Load Case Assumptions

Surface Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.52 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (8.3 ppg).

Intermediate #1 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 50 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (10.0 ppg).

Intermediate #2 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Partial Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered. Internal force equal to gas gradient over half of setting depth and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run below that (0.65 psi/ft).

- **Cementing:** Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- **Pressure Test:** Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- **Gas Kick Profile:** Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 100 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.65 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- **Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface:** Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- **Overpull:** A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (9.0 ppg).

Production Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- **Full Internal Evacuation:** Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- **Cementing:** Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.65 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- **Pressure Test:** 8000 psi casing test with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- **Injection Down Casing:** 9500 psi surface injection pressure plus an internal pressure gradient of 0.65 psi/ft with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- **Overpull:** A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (12.5 ppg).

Casing Design Criteria and Load Case Assumptions

Surface Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.52 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (8.3 ppg).

Intermediate #1 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 50 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (10.0 ppg).

Intermediate #2 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Partial Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered. Internal force equal to gas gradient over half of setting depth and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run below that (0.65 psi/ft).

- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 100 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.65 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (9.0 ppg).

Production Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.65 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: 8000 psi casing test with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Injection Down Casing: 9500 psi surface injection pressure plus an internal pressure gradient of 0.65 psi/ft with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (12.5 ppg).

Casing Design Criteria and Load Case Assumptions

Surface Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.52 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (8.3 ppg).

Intermediate #1 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 50 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (10.0 ppg).

Intermediate #2 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Partial Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered. Internal force equal to gas gradient over half of setting depth and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run below that (0.65 psi/ft).

- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 100 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.65 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (9.0 ppg).

Production Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.65 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: 8000 psi casing test with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Injection Down Casing: 9500 psi surface injection pressure plus an internal pressure gradient of 0.65 psi/ft with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (12.5 ppg).

Casing Design Criteria and Load Case Assumptions

Surface Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.52 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (8.3 ppg).

Intermediate #1 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 50 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (10.0 ppg).

Intermediate #2 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Partial Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered. Internal force equal to gas gradient over half of setting depth and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run below that (0.65 psi/ft).

- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 100 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.65 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (9.0 ppg).

Production Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.65 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: 8000 psi casing test with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Injection Down Casing: 9500 psi surface injection pressure plus an internal pressure gradient of 0.65 psi/ft with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (12.5 ppg).

Casing Design Criteria and Load Case Assumptions

Surface Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.52 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (8.3 ppg).

Intermediate #1 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 50 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (10.0 ppg).

Intermediate #2 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Partial Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered. Internal force equal to gas gradient over half of setting depth and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run below that (0.65 psi/ft).

- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 100 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.65 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (9.0 ppg).

Production Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.65 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: 8000 psi casing test with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Injection Down Casing: 9500 psi surface injection pressure plus an internal pressure gradient of 0.65 psi/ft with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (12.5 ppg).

Closed-Loop System

Operating and Maintenance Plan:

During drilling operations, third party service companies will utilize solids control equipment to remove cuttings from the drilling fluids and collect it in haul-off bins. Equipment will be closely monitored at all times while drilling by the derrick man and the service company employees.

Closure Plan:

During drilling operations, third party service companies will haul off drill solids and fluids to an approved disposal facility. At the end of the well, all closed loop equipment will be removed from the location.

Drilling Operations Plan
 Dr. Ireland Fed Com #214H
 Matador Resources Company
 Sec. 19, 23S, 35E
 Lea County, NM

Surface Location: 257' FSL & 399' FEL, Sec. 19
 Bottom Hole Location: 240' FNL & 330' FEL, Sec. 19
 Elevation Above Sea Level: 3394'

Geologic Name of Surface Formation: Wolfcamp

Type of Well: Horizontal well, No Pilot Hole, Drilled with conventional rotary tools

Proposed Drilling Depth: 16,495' MD / 11,750' TVD

Estimated Tops of Geological Markers w/ Mineral Bearing Formation:

Formation Name	Est Top	Bearing
Rustler	1414	Water
Salado	1800	Barren
Base of Salt	4129	Barren
Bell Canyon	5567	Hydrocarbon
Brushy Canyon	7507	Hydrocarbon
Bone Spring Lime	8813	Hydrocarbon
First Bone Spring Carb	9538	Hydrocarbon
First Bone Spring Sand	9844	Hydrocarbon
Second Bone Spring Carb	9986	Hydrocarbon
Second Bone Spring Sand	10393	Hydrocarbon
Third Bone Spring Carb	10726	Hydrocarbon
Third Bone Spring Sand	11391	Hydrocarbon
Wolfcamp A	11662	Hydrocarbon
Wolfcamp A Fat	11846	Hydrocarbon

OSE Ground Water Estimated Depth: 280'

Drilling Operations Plan
 Dr. Ireland Fed Com #214H
 Matador Resources Company
 Sec. 19, 23S, 35E
 Lea County, NM

Casing Program

Name	Hole Size	Casing Size	Wt/Grade	Thread Collar	Setting Depth	Top Cement
Surface	17-1/2"	13-3/8" (new)	54.5# J-55	BTC	850	Surface
Intermediate	12-1/4"	9-5/8" (new)	40# J-55	BTC	5400	Surface
Intermediate 2 Top	8-3/4"	7-5/8" (new)	29.7# P-110	BTC	4400	4400
Intermediate 2 Middle	8-3/4"	7-5/8" (new)	29.7# P-110	VAM HTF-NR	11100	4400
Intermediate 2 Bottom	8-3/4"	7" (new)	29# P-110	BTC	11977	4400
Production Top	6-1/8"	5-1/2" (new)	20# P-110	BTC/TXP	11000	11600
Production Bottom	6-1/8"	4-1/2" (new)	13.5# P-110	BTC/TXP	16496	11600

Minimum Safety Factors: Burst: 1.125 Collapse: 1.125 Tension 1.8

Cementing Program

Name	Type	Sacks	Yield	Weight	Blend
Surface	Lead	200	1.82	12.8	Class C + Bentonite + 2% CaCL2 + 3% NaCl + LCM
	Tail	700	1.38	14.8	Class C + 5% NaCl + LCM
TOC = 0'		100% Excess			Centralizers per Onshore Order 2.III.B.1f
Intermediate	Lead	1020	2.13	12.6	Class C + Bentonite + 1% CaCL2 + 8% NaCl + LCM
	Tail	540	1.38	14.8	Class C + 5% NaCl + LCM
TOC = 0'		100% Excess			2 on btm jt, 1 on 2nd jt, 1 every 4th jt to surface
Intermediate 2	Lead	475	2.36	11.5	TXI + Fluid Loss + Dispersant + Retarder + LCM
	Tail	320	1.38	13.2	TXI + Fluid Loss + Dispersant + Retarder + LCM
TOC = 4400'		75% Excess			2 on btm jt, 1 on 2nd jt, 1 every 4th jt to top of tail cement (500' above TOC)
Production	Tail	530	1.17	15.8	Class H + Fluid Loss + Dispersant + Retarder + LCM

Drilling Operations Plan
 Dr. Ireland Fed Com #214H
 Matador Resources Company
 Sec. 19, 23S, 35E
 Lea County, NM

TOC = 11600'	25% Excess	2 on btm jt, 1 on 2nd jt, 1 every other jt to top of curve
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Pressure Control Equipment:

See Exhibit E-1. A BOP consisting of 3 rams with 2 pipe rams, 1 blind ram and one annular preventer. The BOP will be utilized below surface casing to TD. See attachments for BOP and choke manifold diagrams. Also present will be an accumulator that meets the requirements of Onshore Order #2 for the pressure rating of the BOP stack. A rotating head will also be installed as needed. BOP will be inspected and operated as recommended in Onshore Order #2. A Kelly cock and sub equipped with a full opening valve sized to fit the drill pipe and collars will be available on the rig floor in the open position. A third party company will test the BOPs.

After setting surface casing and before drilling below the surface casing shoe, a minimum of a 2M BOPE system will be installed and tested to 250 psi low and 2000 psi high with the annular being tested to 250 psi low and 1000 psi high. After setting intermediate #1 casing, a minimum of a 5M system will be installed and tested to 250 psi low and 5000 psi high with the annular being tested to 250 psi low and 2500 psi high. After setting intermediate #2 casing, a minimum of a 5M system will be installed and tested to 250 psi low and 5000 psi high with the annular being tested to 250 psi low and psi high.

The operator requests a variance to have the option of running a speed head for setting the intermediate #1 and #2 strings. In the case of running a speed head with landing mandrel for 9-5/8" and 7" casing, a minimum of a 5M BOPE system will be installed after surface casing is set. BOP test pressures will be 250 psi low and 5000 psi high with the annular being tested to 250 psi low and 2500 psi high before drilling below surface shoe. After 7" casing is set in the speed head, the BOP will then be lifted to install another casing head section for the setting of the production string. We will nipple the casing head and BOP back up and a minimum of a 5M BOPE system will be installed. The pressure tests will be made to 250 psi low and 5000 psi high and the annular will be tested to 250 psi low and 2500 psi high. A diagram of the speed head is attached.

Matador Resources requests a variance to drill this well using a co-flex line between the BOP and choke manifold. Certification for proposed co-flex hose is attached (see Exhibit E-2). The hose is not required by the manufacturer to be anchored. In the event the specific hose is not available, one of equal or higher rating will be used.

Proposed Mud System:

Name	Hole Size	Mud Weight	Visc	Fluid Loss	Type Mud
Surface	17-1/2"	8.30	28	NC	FW Spud Mud
Intermediate	12-1/4"	10.00	30-32	NC	Brine Water
Intermediate 2	8-3/4"	9.00	30-32	NC	FW/Cut Brine
Production	6-1/8"	12.50	50-60	<10	OBM

Drilling Operations Plan
Dr. Ireland Fed Com #214H
Matador Resources Company
Sec. 19, 23S, 35E
Lea County, NM

All necessary mud products for weight addition and fluid loss control will be on location at all times. Mud program subject to change due to hole conditions.

The Mud Monitoring System is an electronic Pason system satisfying requirements of Onshore Order 1.

Testing, Logging & Coring Program:

- Mud Logging Program: 2 man unit from 5400 – TD
- Electric Logging Program: No electric logs are planned at this time. GR will be collected through the MWD tools from Inter. Csg to TD
- No DSTs or cores are planned at this time
- CBL w/ CCL from as far as gravity will let it fall to TOC

Potential Hazards:

No abnormal pressures or temperatures are expected. In accordance with Onshore Order 6, Matador does not anticipate that there will be enough H₂S from the surface to the Bone Spring formations to meet the BLM's minimum requirements for the submission of an "H₂S Drilling Operation Plan" or "Public Protection Plan" for the drilling and completion of this well. Since we have an H₂S safety package on all wells, attached is an "H₂S Drilling Operations Plan". Adequate flare lines will be installed off the mud/gas separator where gas may be flared safely. All personnel will be familiar with all aspects of safe operation of equipment being used

Estimated BHP: 6450

Estimated BHT: 180°

Construction and Drilling:

Road and location construction will begin after BLM approval of APD. Anticipated spud date as soon as approved. Drilling expected to take 35 days. If production casing is run an additional 30 days will be required to complete and construct surface facilities

December 8, 2014



Midwest Hose
& Specialty, Inc.

Internal Hydrostatic Test Graph

Customer: Patterson

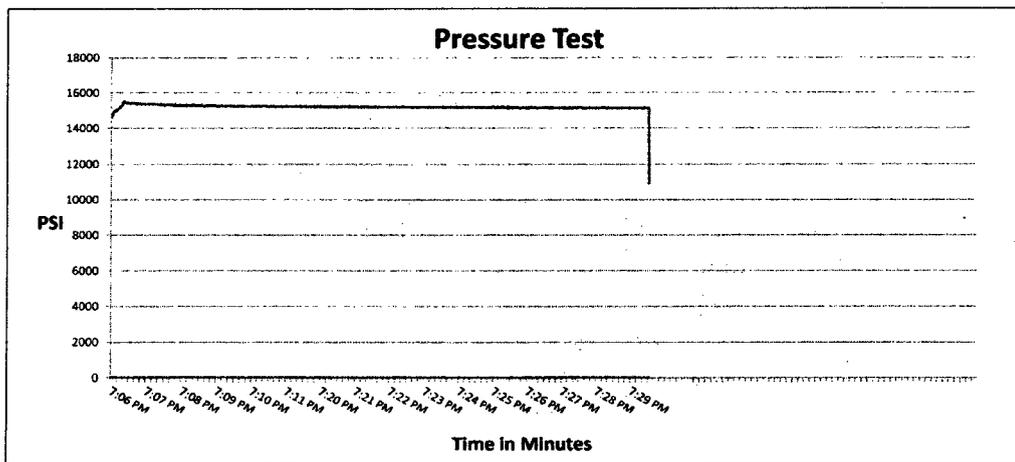
Pick Ticket #: 284918

Hose Specifications

Hose Type	Length
Ck	10'
I.D.	O.D.
3"	4.79"
Working Pressure	Burst Pressure
10000 PSI	Standard Safety Multiplier Applies

Verification

Type of Fitting	Coupling Method
4-1/16 10K	Swage
Die Size	Final O.D.
5.37"	5.37"
Hose Serial #	Hose Assembly Serial #
10490	284918-2



Test Pressure
15000 PSI

Time Held at Test Pressure
15 2/4 Minutes

Actual Burst Pressure

Peak Pressure
15732 PSI

Comments: Hose assembly pressure tested with water at ambient temperature.

Tested By: Tyler Hill

Approved By: Ryan Adams



Midwest Hose
 & Specialty, Inc.

Internal Hydrostatic Test Certificate

General Information		Hose Specifications	
Customer	PATTERSON B&E	Hose Assembly Type	Choke & Kill
MWH Sales Representative	AMY WHITE	Certification	API 7K
Date Assembled	12/8/2014	Hose Grade	MUD
Location Assembled	OKC	Hose Working Pressure	10000
Sales Order #	236404	Hose Lot # and Date Code	10490-01/13
Customer Purchase Order #	260471	Hose I.D. (Inches)	3"
Assembly Serial # (Pick Ticket #)	287918-2	Hose O.D. (Inches)	5.30"
Hose Assembly Length	10'	Armor (yes/no)	YES
Fittings			
End A		End B	
Stem (Part and Revision #)	R3.0X64WB	Stem (Part and Revision #)	R3.0X64WB
Stem (Heat #)	91996	Stem (Heat #)	91996
Ferrule (Part and Revision #)	RF3.0	Ferrule (Part and Revision #)	RF3.0
Ferrule (Heat #)	37DA5631	Ferrule (Heat #)	37DA5631
Connection (Part #)	4 1/16 10K	Connection (Part #)	4 1/16 10K
Connection (Heat #)		Connection (Heat #)	
Dies Used	5.37	Dies Used	5.37
Hydrostatic Test Requirements			
Test Pressure (psi)	15,000	Hose assembly was tested with ambient water temperature.	
Test Pressure Hold Time (minutes)	15 1/2		
Date Tested		Tested By	Approved By
12/8/2014			



Midwest Hose
& Specialty, Inc.

Certificate of Conformity

Customer: **PATTERSON B&E**

Customer P.O.# **260471**

Sales Order # **236404**

Date Assembled: **12/8/2014**

Specifications

Hose Assembly Type: **Choke & Kill**

Assembly Serial # **287918-2**

Hose Lot # and Date Code **10490-01/13**

Hose Working Pressure (psi) **10000**

Test Pressure (psi) **15000**

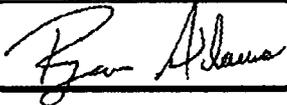
We hereby certify that the above material supplied for the referenced purchase order to be true according to the requirements of the purchase order and current industry standards.

Supplier:

Midwest Hose & Specialty, Inc.
3312 S I-35 Service Rd
Oklahoma City, OK 73129

Comments:

Approved By



Date

12/9/2014

December 9, 2014



Midwest Hose
& Specialty, Inc.

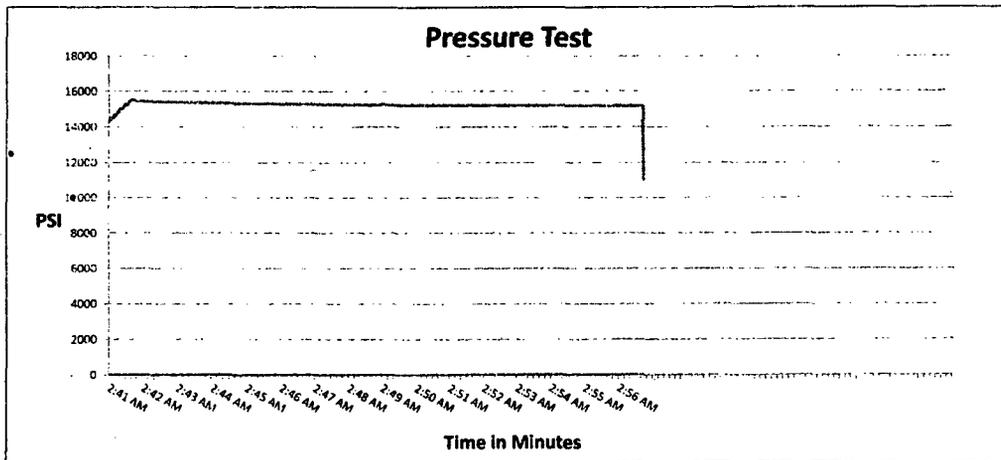
Internal Hydrostatic Test Graph

Customer: Patterson

Pick Ticket #: 284918

R297

Hose Specifications		Verification	
Hose Type Ck	Length 20'	Type of Fitting 4-1/16 10K	Coupling Method Swage
I.D. 3"	O.D. 4.77"	Die Size 5.37"	Final O.D. 5.40"
Working Pressure 10000 PSI	Burst Pressure Standard Safety Multiplier Applies	Hose Serial # 10490	Hose Assembly Serial # 284918-1



Test Pressure 15000 PSI **Time Held at Test Pressure** 15 2/4 Minutes **Actual Burst Pressure** **Peak Pressure** 15893 PSI

Comments: Hose assembly pressure tested with water at ambient temperature.

Tested By: *Tyler Hill*

Approved By: *Ryan Adams*



Midwest Hose
& Specialty, Inc.

Internal Hydrostatic Test Certificate

General Information		Hose Specifications	
Customer	PATTERSON B&E	Hose Assembly Type	Choke & Kill
MWH Sales Representative	AMY WHITE	Certification	API 7K
Date Assembled	12/8/2014	Hose Grade	MUD
Location Assembled	OKC	Hose Working Pressure	10000
Sales Order #	236404	Hose Lot # and Date Code	10490-01/13
Customer Purchase Order #	260471	Hose I.D. (Inches)	3"
Assembly Serial # (Pick Ticket #)	287918-1	Hose O.D. (Inches)	5.30"
Hose Assembly Length	20'	Armor (yes/no)	YES
Fittings			
End A		End B	
Stem (Part and Revision #)	R3.0X64WB	Stem (Part and Revision #)	R3.0X64WB
Stem (Heat #)	A141420	Stem (Heat #)	A141420
Ferrule (Part and Revision #)	RF3.0	Ferrule (Part and Revision #)	RF3.0
Ferrule (Heat #)	37DA5631	Ferrule (Heat #)	37DA5631
Connection (Part #)	4 1/16 10K	Connection (Part #)	4 1/16 10K
Connection (Heat #)	V3579	Connection (Heat #)	V3579
Dies Used	5.37	Dies Used	5.37
Hydrostatic Test Requirements			
Test Pressure (psi)	15,000	Hose assembly was tested with ambient water temperature.	
Test Pressure Hold Time (minutes)	15 1/2		
Date Tested	12/9/2014	Tested By	Approved By



Midwest Hose
& Specialty, Inc.

Certificate of Conformity

<i>Customer:</i> PATTERSON B&E	<i>Customer P.O.#</i> 260471
<i>Sales Order #</i> 236404	<i>Date Assembled:</i> 12/8/2014

Specifications

<i>Hose Assembly Type:</i> Choke & Kill	
<i>Assembly Serial #</i> 287918-1	<i>Hose Lot # and Date Code</i> 10490-01/13
<i>Hose Working Pressure (psi)</i> 10000	<i>Test Pressure (psi)</i> 15000

We hereby certify that the above material supplied for the referenced purchase order to be true according to the requirements of the purchase order and current industry standards.

Supplier:

Midwest Hose & Specialty, Inc.
3312 S I-35 Service Rd
Oklahoma City, OK 73129

Comments:

<i>Approved By</i>	<i>Date</i>
	12/9/2014

Exhibit E-2: Co-Flex Certifications
 Dr. Ireland Fed Com #214H
 Matador Resources Company

December 9, 201



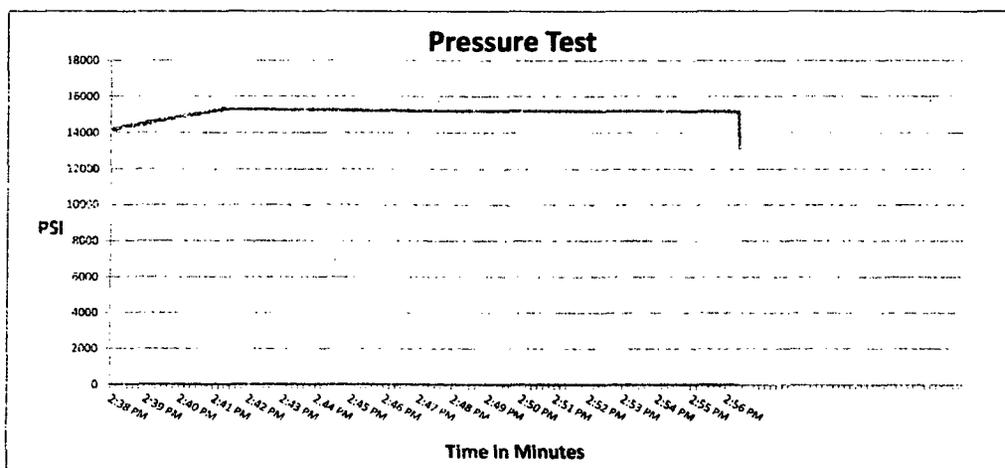
Midwest Hose
 & Specialty, Inc.

Internal Hydrostatic Test Graph

Customer: Patterson

Pick Ticket #: 284918

Hose Specifications		Verification	
Hose Type	Length	Type of Fitting	Coupling Method
Mud	70'	4 1/16 10K	Swage
I.D.	O.D.	Die Size	Final O.D.
3"	4.79"	5.37"	5.37"
Working Pressure	Burst Pressure	Hose Serial #	Hose Assembly Serial #
10000 PSI	Standard Safety Multiplier Applies	10490	284918-3



Test Pressure
15000 PSI

Time Held at Test Pressure
16 3/4 Minutes

Actual Burst Pressure

Peak Pressure
15410 PSI

Comments: Hose assembly pressure tested with water at ambient temperature.

Tested By: Tyler Hill

Approved By: Ryan Adams



Midwest Hose
& Specialty, Inc.

Internal Hydrostatic Test Certificate

General Information		Hose Specifications	
Customer	PATTERSON B&E	Hose Assembly Type	Choke & Kill
MWH Sales Representative	AMY WHITE	Certification	API 7K
Date Assembled	12/8/2014	Hose Grade	MUD
Location Assembled	OKC	Hose Working Pressure	10000
Sales Order #	236404	Hose Lot # and Date Code	10490-01/13
Customer Purchase Order #	260471	Hose I.D. (Inches)	3"
Assembly Serial # (Pick Ticket #)	287918-3	Hose O.D. (Inches)	5.23"
Hose Assembly Length	70'	Armor (yes/no)	YES
Fittings			
End A		End B	
Stem (Part and Revision #)	R3.0X64WB	Stem (Part and Revision #)	R3.0X64WB
Stem (Heat #)	A141420	Stem (Heat #)	A141420
Ferrule (Part and Revision #)	RF3.0	Ferrule (Part and Revision #)	RF3.0
Ferrule (Heat #)	37DA5631	Ferrule (Heat #)	37DA5631
Connection (Part #)	4 1/16 10K	Connection (Part #)	4 1/16 10K
Connection (Heat #)		Connection (Heat #)	
Dies Used	5.37	Dies Used	5.37
Hydrostatic Test Requirements			
Test Pressure (psi)	15,000	Hose assembly was tested with ambient water temperature.	
Test Pressure Hold Time (minutes)	16 3/4		
Date Tested	12/9/2014	Tested By	Approved By



Midwest Hose
& Specialty, Inc.

Certificate of Conformity

Customer: **PATTERSON B&E**

Customer P.O.# **260471**

Sales Order # **236404**

Date Assembled: **12/8/2014**

Specifications

Hose Assembly Type: **Choke & Kill**

Assembly Serial # **287918-3**

Hose Lot # and Date Code **10490-01/13**

Hose Working Pressure (psi) **10000**

Test Pressure (psi) **15000**

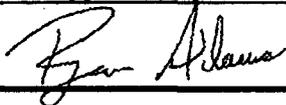
We hereby certify that the above material supplied for the referenced purchase order to be true according to the requirements of the purchase order and current industry standards.

Supplier:

Midwest Hose & Specialty, Inc.
3312 S I-35 Service Rd
Oklahoma City, OK 73129

Comments:

Approved By



Date

12/9/2014

APD ID: 10400028893

Submission Date: 03/30/2018

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: DR IRELAND FED COM

Well Number: 214H

Well Type: OIL WELL

Well Work Type: Drill

[Show Final Text](#)**Section 1 - Existing Roads**

Will existing roads be used? YES

Existing Road Map:

EP_DR_IRELAND_FED_COM_ROAD_EASEMENT_34_S_20180214143930.PDF

EP_DR_IRELAND_FED_COM_ROAD_EASEMENT_33_S_20180214143929.PDF

EP_DR_IRELAND_FED_COM_ROAD_EASEMENT_36_S_20180214143932.PDF

EP_DR_IRELAND_FED_COM_ROAD_EASEMENT_24_S_20180214143927.PDF

EP_DR_IRELAND_FED_COM_ROAD_EASEMENT_25_S_20180214143928.PDF

EP_DR_IRELAND_FED_COM_ROAD_EASEMENT_19_S_20180214155448.PDF

EP_DR_IRELAND_FED_COM_ROAD_EASEMENT_35_S_20180214143930.PDF

Existing Road Purpose: ACCESS,FLUID TRANSPORT

Row(s) Exist? NO

ROW ID(s)

ID:

Do the existing roads need to be improved? YES

Existing Road Improvement Description: Caliche cap

Existing Road Improvement Attachment:

Section 2 - New or Reconstructed Access Roads

Will new roads be needed? YES

New Road Map:

Project_Area_APD_Layout_20180226_20180226113622.jpg

New road type: LOCAL

Length: 1395 Feet

Width (ft.): 30

Max slope (%): 0

Max grade (%): 1

Army Corp of Engineers (ACOE) permit required? NO

ACOE Permit Number(s):

New road travel width: 14

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: DR IRELAND FED COM

Well Number: 214H

New road access erosion control: Crowned and ditched

New road access plan or profile prepared? NO

New road access plan attachment:

Access road engineering design? NO

Access road engineering design attachment:

Access surfacing type: OTHER

Access topsoil source: ONSITE

Access surfacing type description: Caliche

Access onsite topsoil source depth: 6

Offsite topsoil source description:

Onsite topsoil removal process: Grader

Access other construction information:

Access miscellaneous information:

Number of access turnouts:

Access turnout map:

Drainage Control

New road drainage crossing: OTHER

Drainage Control comments: No drainages present

Road Drainage Control Structures (DCS) description: Ditches on either side of road

Road Drainage Control Structures (DCS) attachment:

Access Additional Attachments

Additional Attachment(s):

Section 3 - Location of Existing Wells

Existing Wells Map? YES

Attach Well map:

Existing_Well_Map_Slot_4_20180329095822.JPG

Existing Wells description:

Section 4 - Location of Existing and/or Proposed Production Facilities

Submit or defer a Proposed Production Facilities plan? SUBMIT

Production Facilities description:

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: DR IRELAND FED COM

Well Number: 214H

Production Facilities map:

Location_Layout_20180329095846.pdf

44924p01_Facility_Layout_S4_20180329_20180329162542.jpg

Section 5 - Location and Types of Water Supply

Water Source Table

Water source use type: DUST CONTROL,
INTERMEDIATE/PRODUCTION CASING, STIMULATION, SURFACE
CASING

Water source type: RECYCLED

Describe type:

Source longitude:

Source latitude:

Source datum:

Water source permit type: PRIVATE CONTRACT

Source land ownership: PRIVATE

Water source transport method: TRUCKING

Source transportation land ownership: PRIVATE

Water source volume (barrels): 180000

Source volume (acre-feet): 23.200758

Source volume (gal): 7560000

Water source and transportation map:

Dr._Ireland_Water_Information_20180213161731.jpg

Water source comments:

New water well? NO

New Water Well Info

Well latitude:

Well Longitude:

Well datum:

Well target aquifer:

Est. depth to top of aquifer(ft):

Est thickness of aquifer:

Aquifer comments:

Aquifer documentation:

Well depth (ft):

Well casing type:

Well casing outside diameter (in.):

Well casing inside diameter (in.):

New water well casing?

Used casing source:

Drilling method:

Drill material:

Grout material:

Grout depth:

Casing length (ft.):

Casing top depth (ft.):

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: DR IRELAND FED COM

Well Number: 214H

Well Production type:

Completion Method:

Water well additional information:

State appropriation permit:

Additional information attachment:

Section 6 - Construction Materials

Construction Materials description: Caliche from BLM approved source.

Construction Materials source location attachment:

Section 7 - Methods for Handling Waste

Waste type: DRILLING

Waste content description: Drill cuttings, mud, salts, and other chemicals

Amount of waste: 2000 barrels

Waste disposal frequency : Daily

Safe containment description: Steel tanks

Safe containmant attachment:

Waste disposal type: HAUL TO COMMERCIAL FACILITY **Disposal location ownership:** PRIVATE

Disposal type description:

Disposal location description: Halfway, NM

Reserve Pit

Reserve Pit being used? NO

Temporary disposal of produced water into reserve pit?

Reserve pit length (ft.) **Reserve pit width (ft.)**

Reserve pit depth (ft.) **Reserve pit volume (cu. yd.)**

Is at least 50% of the reserve pit in cut?

Reserve pit liner

Reserve pit liner specifications and installation description

Cuttings Area

Cuttings Area being used? NO

Are you storing cuttings on location? NO

Description of cuttings location

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: DR IRELAND FED COM

Well Number: 214H

Cuttings area length (ft.)

Cuttings area width (ft.)

Cuttings area depth (ft.)

Cuttings area volume (cu. yd.)

Is at least 50% of the cuttings area in cut?

WCuttings area liner

Cuttings area liner specifications and installation description

Section 8 - Ancillary Facilities

Are you requesting any Ancillary Facilities?: NO

Ancillary Facilities attachment:

Comments:

Section 9 - Well Site Layout

Well Site Layout Diagram:

Location_Layout_20180329105208.pdf

Comments:

Section 10 - Plans for Surface Reclamation

Type of disturbance: New Surface Disturbance

Multiple Well Pad Name: DR IRELAND FEDERAL

Multiple Well Pad Number: 4

Recontouring attachment:

Drainage/Erosion control construction: Crowned and ditched

Drainage/Erosion control reclamation: Harrowed on the contour

Well pad proposed disturbance (acres): 5.72

Well pad interim reclamation (acres): 1.58

Well pad long term disturbance (acres): 4.14

Road proposed disturbance (acres): 0

Road interim reclamation (acres): 0

Road long term disturbance (acres): 0

Powerline proposed disturbance (acres): 0

Powerline interim reclamation (acres): 0

Powerline long term disturbance (acres): 0

Pipeline proposed disturbance (acres): 0

Pipeline interim reclamation (acres): 0

Pipeline long term disturbance (acres): 0

Other proposed disturbance (acres): 0

Other interim reclamation (acres): 0

Other long term disturbance (acres): 0

Total proposed disturbance: 5.72

Total interim reclamation: 1.58

Total long term disturbance: 4.14

Disturbance Comments:

Reconstruction method: Interim reclamation will be completed within 6 months of completing the last well on the pad. Disturbed areas will be contoured to match pre-construction grades. Once the last well is plugged, then the rest of the pad

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: DR IRELAND FED COM

Well Number: 214H

will be similarly reclaimed within 6 months of plugging.

Topsoil redistribution: Soil and brush will be evenly spread over disturbed areas and harrowed on the contour. Disturbed areas will be seeded in accordance with the surface owner's requirements.

Soil treatment: None planned.

Existing Vegetation at the well pad:

Existing Vegetation at the well pad attachment:

Existing Vegetation Community at the road:

Existing Vegetation Community at the road attachment:

Existing Vegetation Community at the pipeline:

Existing Vegetation Community at the pipeline attachment:

Existing Vegetation Community at other disturbances:

Existing Vegetation Community at other disturbances attachment:

Non native seed used? NO

Non native seed description:

Seedling transplant description:

Will seedlings be transplanted for this project? NO

Seedling transplant description attachment:

Will seed be harvested for use in site reclamation? NO

Seed harvest description:

Seed harvest description attachment:

Seed Management

Seed Table

Seed type:

Seed source:

Seed name:

Source name:

Source address:

Source phone:

Seed cultivar:

Seed use location:

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: DR IRELAND FED COM

Well Number: 214H

PLS pounds per acre:

Proposed seeding season:

Seed Summary	
Seed Type	Pounds/Acre

Total pounds/Acre:

Seed reclamation attachment:

Operator Contact/Responsible Official Contact Info

First Name:

Last Name:

Phone:

Email:

Seedbed prep:

Seed BMP:

Seed method:

Existing invasive species? NO

Existing invasive species treatment description:

Existing invasive species treatment attachment:

Weed treatment plan description: To BLM standards

Weed treatment plan attachment:

Monitoring plan description: To BLM standards

Monitoring plan attachment:

Success standards: To BLM satisfaction

Pit closure description: No pit

Pit closure attachment:

Section 11 - Surface Ownership

Disturbance type: WELL PAD

Describe:

Surface Owner: PRIVATE OWNERSHIP

Other surface owner description:

BIA Local Office:

BOR Local Office:

COE Local Office:

DOD Local Office:

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: DR IRELAND FED COM

Well Number: 214H

NPS Local Office:

State Local Office:

Military Local Office:

USFWS Local Office:

Other Local Office:

USFS Region:

USFS Forest/Grassland:

USFS Ranger District:

Disturbance type: EXISTING ACCESS ROAD

Describe:

Surface Owner: PRIVATE OWNERSHIP, STATE GOVERNMENT

Other surface owner description:

BIA Local Office:

BOR Local Office:

COE Local Office:

DOD Local Office:

NPS Local Office:

State Local Office: CARLSBAD, NM

Military Local Office:

USFWS Local Office:

Other Local Office:

USFS Region:

USFS Forest/Grassland:

USFS Ranger District:

Disturbance type: NEW ACCESS ROAD

Describe:

Surface Owner: PRIVATE OWNERSHIP

Other surface owner description:

BIA Local Office:

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: DR IRELAND FED COM

Well Number: 214H

BOR Local Office:

COE Local Office:

DOD Local Office:

NPS Local Office:

State Local Office:

Military Local Office:

USFWS Local Office:

Other Local Office:

USFS Region:

USFS Forest/Grassland:

USFS Ranger District:

Section 12 - Other Information

Right of Way needed? NO

Use APD as ROW?

ROW Type(s):

ROW Applications

SUPO Additional Information:

Use a previously conducted onsite? YES

Previous Onsite information: Onsite conducted for four slots and water tank with Vance Wolf on 10/5/2017.

Other SUPO Attachment



Section 1 - General

Would you like to address long-term produced water disposal? NO

Section 2 - Lined Pits

Would you like to utilize Lined Pit PWD options? NO

Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:

PWD surface owner:

PWD disturbance (acres):

Lined pit PWD on or off channel:

Lined pit PWD discharge volume (bbl/day):

Lined pit specifications:

Pit liner description:

Pit liner manufacturers information:

Precipitated solids disposal:

Describe precipitated solids disposal:

Precipitated solids disposal permit:

Lined pit precipitated solids disposal schedule:

Lined pit precipitated solids disposal schedule attachment:

Lined pit reclamation description:

Lined pit reclamation attachment:

Leak detection system description:

Leak detection system attachment:

Lined pit Monitor description:

Lined pit Monitor attachment:

Lined pit: do you have a reclamation bond for the pit?

Is the reclamation bond a rider under the BLM bond?

Lined pit bond number:

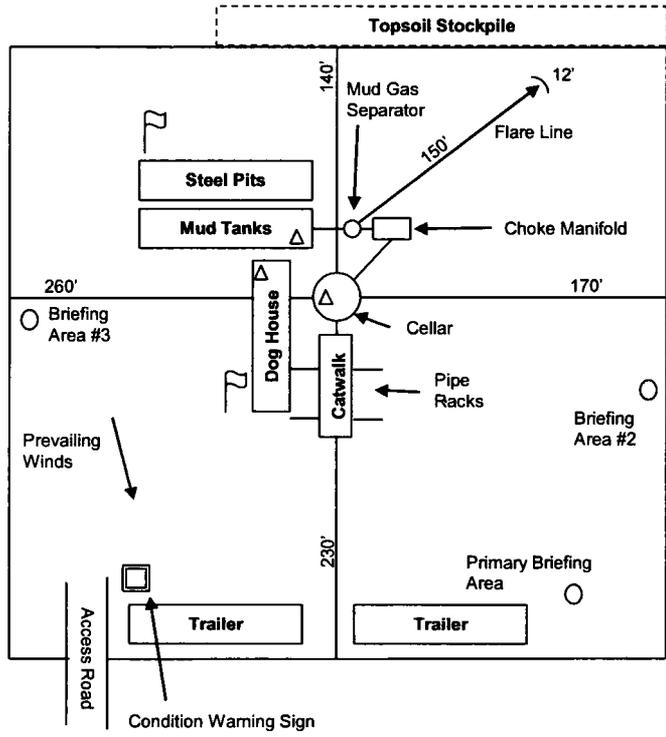
Lined pit bond amount:

Additional bond information attachment:

Rig Diagram

Exhibit E-3: Rig Diagram
 Dr. Ireland Fed Com #214H
 Matador Resources Company
 19-23S-35E
 SHL 257' FSL & 399' FEL
 BHL 240' FNL & 330' FEL
 Lea County, NM

-  Wind Direction Indicator
-  H2S Monitors
-  Briefing Areas



Section 3 - Unlined Pits

Would you like to utilize Unlined Pit PWD options? NO

Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:

PWD surface owner:

PWD disturbance (acres):

Unlined pit PWD on or off channel:

Unlined pit PWD discharge volume (bbl/day):

Unlined pit specifications:

Precipitated solids disposal:

Describe precipitated solids disposal:

Precipitated solids disposal permit:

Unlined pit precipitated solids disposal schedule:

Unlined pit precipitated solids disposal schedule attachment:

Unlined pit reclamation description:

Unlined pit reclamation attachment:

Unlined pit Monitor description:

Unlined pit Monitor attachment:

Do you propose to put the produced water to beneficial use?

Beneficial use user confirmation:

Estimated depth of the shallowest aquifer (feet):

Does the produced water have an annual average Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) concentration equal to or less than that of the existing water to be protected?

TDS lab results:

Geologic and hydrologic evidence:

State authorization:

Unlined Produced Water Pit Estimated percolation:

Unlined pit: do you have a reclamation bond for the pit?

Is the reclamation bond a rider under the BLM bond?

Unlined pit bond number:

Unlined pit bond amount:

Additional bond information attachment:

Section 4 - Injection

Would you like to utilize Injection PWD options? NO

Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:

PWD surface owner:

PWD disturbance (acres):

Injection PWD discharge volume (bbl/day):

Injection well mineral owner:

Injection well type:

Injection well number:

Assigned injection well API number?

Injection well new surface disturbance (acres):

Minerals protection information:

Mineral protection attachment:

Underground Injection Control (UIC) Permit?

UIC Permit attachment:

Injection well name:

Injection well API number:

Section 5 - Surface Discharge

Would you like to utilize Surface Discharge PWD options? NO

Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:

PWD surface owner:

PWD disturbance (acres):

Surface discharge PWD discharge volume (bbl/day):

Surface Discharge NPDES Permit?

Surface Discharge NPDES Permit attachment:

Surface Discharge site facilities information:

Surface discharge site facilities map:

Section 6 - Other

Would you like to utilize Other PWD options? NO

Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:

PWD surface owner:

PWD disturbance (acres):

Other PWD discharge volume (bbl/day):

Other PWD type description:

Other PWD type attachment:

Have other regulatory requirements been met?

Other regulatory requirements attachment:



U.S. Department of the Interior
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Bond Information

Federal/Indian APD: FED

BLM Bond number: NMB001079

BIA Bond number:

Do you have a reclamation bond? NO

Is the reclamation bond a rider under the BLM bond?

Is the reclamation bond BLM or Forest Service?

BLM reclamation bond number:

Forest Service reclamation bond number:

Forest Service reclamation bond attachment:

Reclamation bond number:

Reclamation bond amount:

Reclamation bond rider amount:

Additional reclamation bond information attachment: