

UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT
APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DRILL OR REENTER

1a. Type of work: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DRILL <input type="checkbox"/> REENTER		5. Lease Serial No. NMNM117125
1b. Type of Well: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Oil Well <input type="checkbox"/> Gas Well <input type="checkbox"/> Other		6. If Indian, Allottee or Tribe Name
1c. Type of Completion: <input type="checkbox"/> Hydraulic Fracturing <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Single Zone <input type="checkbox"/> Multiple Zone		7. If Unit or CA Agreement, Name and No.
2. Name of Operator MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY (228937)		8. Lease Name and Well No. (324861) BRAD LUMMIS FED COM 211H
3a. Address 5400 LBJ Freeway, Suite 1500 Dallas TX 75240	3b. Phone No. (include area code) (972)371-5200	9. API Well No. 70-025-45561
4. Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance with any State requirements. *) At surface NWNW / 441 FNL / 543 FWL / LAT 32.209079 / LONG -103.4475229 At proposed prod. zone SWSW / 240 FSL / 988 FWL / LAT 32.1964386 / LONG -103.4460911		10. Field and Pool, or Exploratory WOLFCAMP / ANTELOPE RIDGE; BS, N
11. Sec., T. R. M. or Blk. and Survey or Area SEC 23 / T24S / R34E / NMP		12. County or Parish LEA
13. State NM		14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post office*
15. Distance from proposed* location to nearest property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any) 543 feet	16. No of acres in lease 400	17. Spacing Unit dedicated to this well 320
18. Distance from proposed location* to nearest well, drilling, completed, applied for, on this lease, ft. 1320 feet	19. Proposed Depth 12650 feet / 17412 feet	20. BLM/BIA Bond No. in file FED: NMB001079
21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.) 3492 feet	22. Approximate date work will start* 12/01/2018	23. Estimated duration 30 days
24. Attachments		

The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 1, and the Hydraulic Fracturing rule per 43 CFR 3162.3-3 (as applicable)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. Well plat certified by a registered surveyor. | 4. Bond to cover the operations unless covered by an existing bond on file (see Item 20 above). |
| 2. A Drilling Plan. | 5. Operator certification. |
| 3. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest System Lands, the SUPO must be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office). | 6. Such other site specific information and/or plans as may be requested by the BLM. |

25. Signature (Electronic Submission)	Name (Printed/Typed) Lara Thompson / Ph: (505)254-1115	Date 08/17/2018
Title Assistant Project Manager		
Approved by (Signature) (Electronic Submission)	Name (Printed/Typed) Christopher Walls / Ph: (575)234-2234	Date 01/25/2019
Title Petroleum Engineer		

Application approval does not warrant or certify that the applicant holds legal or equitable title to those rights in the subject lease which would entitle the applicant to conduct operations thereon.
Conditions of approval, if any, are attached.

Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a crime for any person knowingly and willfully to make to any department or agency of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as to any matter within its jurisdiction.

OCP Rec 02/13/19

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(Continued on page 2)



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*(Instructions on page 2)

INSTRUCTIONS

GENERAL: This form is designed for submitting proposals to perform certain well operations, as indicated on Federal and Indian lands and leases for action by appropriate Federal agencies, pursuant to applicable Federal laws and regulations. Any necessary special instructions concerning the use of this form and the number of copies to be submitted, particularly with regard to local, area, or regional procedures and practices, either are shown below or will be issued by, or may be obtained from local Federal offices.

ITEM 1: If the proposal is to redrill to the same reservoir at a different subsurface location or to a new reservoir, use this form with appropriate notations. Consult applicable Federal regulations concerning subsequent work proposals or reports on the well.

ITEM 4: Locations on Federal or Indian land should be described in accordance with Federal requirements. Consult local Federal offices for specific instructions.

ITEM 14: Needed only when location of well cannot readily be found by road from the land or lease description. A plat, or plats, separate or on the reverse side, showing the roads to, and the surveyed location of, the well, and any other required information, should be furnished when required by Federal agency offices.

ITEMS 15 AND 18: If well is to be, or has been directionally drilled, give distances for subsurface location of hole in any present or objective productive zone.

ITEM 22: Consult applicable Federal regulations, or appropriate officials, concerning approval of the proposal before operations are started.

ITEM 24: If the proposal will involve hydraulic fracturing operations, you must comply with 43 CFR 3162.3-3, including providing information about the protection of usable water. Operators should provide the best available information about all formations containing water and their depths. This information could include data and interpretation of resistivity logs run on nearby wells. Information may also be obtained from state or tribal regulatory agencies and from local BLM offices.

NOTICES

The Privacy Act of 1974 and regulation in 43 CFR 2.48(d) provide that you be furnished the following information in connection with information required by this application.

AUTHORITY: 30 U.S.C. 181 et seq., 25 U.S.C. 396; 43 CFR 3160

PRINCIPAL PURPOSES: The information will be used to: (1) process and evaluate your application for a permit to drill a new oil, gas, or service well or to reenter a plugged and abandoned well; and (2) document, for administrative use, information for the management, disposal and use of National Resource Lands and resources including (a) analyzing your proposal to discover and extract the Federal or Indian resources encountered; (b) reviewing procedures and equipment and the projected impact on the land involved; and (c) evaluating the effects of the proposed operation on the surface and subsurface water and other environmental impacts.

ROUTINE USE: Information from the record and/or the record will be transferred to appropriate Federal, State, and local or foreign agencies, when relevant to civil, criminal or regulatory investigations or prosecution, in connection with congressional inquiries and for regulatory responsibilities.

EFFECT OF NOT PROVIDING INFORMATION: Filing of this application and disclosure of the information is mandatory only if you elect to initiate a drilling or reentry operation on an oil and gas lease.

The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 requires us to inform you that:

The BLM connects this information to an evaluation of the technical, safety, and environmental factors involved with drilling for oil and/or gas on Federal and Indian oil and gas leases. This information will be used to analyze and approve applications. Response to this request is mandatory only if the operator elects to initiate drilling or reentry operations on an oil and gas lease. The BLM would like you to know that you do not have to respond to this or any other Federal agency-sponsored information collection unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

BURDEN HOURS STATEMENT: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 8 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this form to U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (1004-0137), Bureau Information Connection Clearance Officer (WO-630), 1849 C Street, N.W., Mail Stop 401 LS, Washington, D.C. 20240.

Additional Operator Remarks

Location of Well

1. SHL: NWNW / 441 FNL / 543 FWL / TWSP: 24S / RANGE: 34E / SECTION: 23 / LAT: 32.209079 / LONG: -103.4475229 (TVD: 0 feet, MD: 0 feet)
PPP: NWNW / 330 FNL / 990 FWL / TWSP: 24S / RANGE: 34E / SECTION: 23 / LAT: 32.2093797 / LONG: -103.4460776 (TVD: 12650 feet, MD: 13063 feet)
BHL: SWSW / 240 FSL / 988 FWL / TWSP: 24S / RANGE: 34E / SECTION: 23 / LAT: 32.1964386 / LONG: -103.4460911 (TVD: 12650 feet, MD: 17412 feet)

BLM Point of Contact

Name: Tenille Ortiz

Title: Legal Instruments Examiner

Phone: 5752342224

Email: tortiz@blm.gov

CONFIDENTIAL

Review and Appeal Rights

A person contesting a decision shall request a State Director review. This request must be filed within 20 working days of receipt of the Notice with the appropriate State Director (see 43 CFR 3165.3). The State Director review decision may be appealed to the Interior Board of Land Appeals, 801 North Quincy Street, Suite 300, Arlington, VA 22203 (see 43 CFR 3165.4). Contact the above listed Bureau of Land Management office for further information.

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PECOS DISTRICT DRILLING CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME:	MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY
LEASE NO.:	NMNM117125
WELL NAME & NO.:	BRAD LUMIS FED COM 211H
SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:	441'/N & 543'/W
BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE:	240'/S & 988'/W
LOCATION:	SECTION 23, T24S, R34E, NMPM
COUNTY:	LEA

Potash	<input checked="" type="radio"/> None	<input type="radio"/> Secretary	<input type="radio"/> R-111-P
Cave/Karst Potential	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Low	<input type="radio"/> Medium	<input type="radio"/> High
Variance	<input type="radio"/> None	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Flex Hose	<input type="radio"/> Other
Wellhead	<input type="radio"/> Conventional	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Multibowl	
Other	<input type="checkbox"/> 4 String Area	<input type="checkbox"/> Capitan Reef	<input type="checkbox"/> WIPP

A. HYDROGEN SULFIDE

1. Hydrogen Sulfide (H₂S) monitors shall be installed prior to drilling out the surface shoe. If H₂S is detected in concentrations greater than 100 ppm, the Hydrogen Sulfide area shall meet Onshore Order 6 requirements, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, provide measured values and formations to the BLM.

B. CASING

1. The 13 3/8 inch surface casing shall be set at approximately 1150 feet (a minimum of 25 feet into the Rustler Anhydrite and above the salt) and cemented to the surface.
 - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
 - b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum of 8 hours or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement)
 - c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength,

whichever is greater.

- d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.

Intermediate casing must be kept fluid filled to meet BLM minimum collapse requirement.

2. The minimum required fill of cement behind the **9 5/8** inch first intermediate casing is:
 - Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above.
3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the **7 5/8 X 7** inch second intermediate casing is:
 - Cement should tie-back at least **200** feet into previous casing string. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above.
4. The minimum required fill of cement behind the **5 1/2 X 4 1/2** inch production casing is:
 - Cement should tie-back at least **200** feet into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.

C. PRESSURE CONTROL

1. Variance approved to use flex line from BOP to choke manifold. Manufacturer's specification to be readily available. No external damage to flex line. Flex line to be installed as straight as possible (no hard bends).
- 2.

Option 1:

- i. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be **5000 (5M) psi**.
- ii. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the **7 5/8 X 7** inch second intermediate casing shoe shall be **10,000 (10M) psi**. **Varinace is approved to use a 5M Annular which shall be tested to 5000 psi.**

Option 2:

- i. Operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly. This assembly will only be tested when installed on the surface casing. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be **10,000 (10M) psi. Variance is approved to use 5M Annular which shall be tested to 5000 psi.**
 - a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
 - b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
 - c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
 - d. **Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in OOGO2.III.A.2.i must be followed.**
 - e. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.

D. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)

Communitization Agreement

- The operator will submit a Communitization Agreement to the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 E Greene St. Carlsbad, New Mexico 88220, at least 90 days before the anticipated date of first production from a well subject to a spacing order issued by the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division. The Communitization Agreement will include the signatures of all working interest owners in all Federal and Indian leases subject to the Communitization Agreement (i.e., operating rights owners and lessees of record), or certification that the operator has obtained the written signatures of all such owners and will make those signatures available to the BLM immediately upon request.
- If the operator does not comply with this condition of approval, the BLM may take enforcement actions that include, but are not limited to, those specified in 43 CFR 3163.1.
- In addition, the well sign shall include the surface and bottom hole lease numbers. When the Communitization Agreement number is known, it shall also be on the sign.

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GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well (minimum of 24 hours)
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)

☒ Chaves and Roosevelt Counties

Call the Roswell Field Office, 2909 West Second St., Roswell NM 88201.
During office hours call (575) 627-0272.
After office hours call (575)

☒ Eddy County

Call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220,
(575) 361-2822

☒ Lea County

Call the Hobbs Field Station, 414 West Taylor, Hobbs NM 88240, (575)
393-3612

1. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval.
 - a. In the event the operator has proposed to drill multiple wells utilizing a skid/walking rig. Operator shall secure the wellbore on the current well, after installing and testing the wellhead, by installing a blind flange of like pressure rating to the wellhead and a pressure gauge that can be monitored while drilling is performed on the other well(s).
 - b. When the operator proposes to set surface casing with Spudder Rig
 - Notify the BLM when moving in and removing the Spudder Rig.
 - Notify the BLM when moving in the 2nd Rig. Rig to be moved in within 90 days of notification that Spudder Rig has left the location.
 - BOP/BOPE test to be conducted per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 as soon as 2nd Rig is rigged up on well.
2. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works are located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.

3. The record of the drilling rate along with the GR/N well log run from TD to surface (horizontal well – vertical portion of hole) shall be submitted to the BLM office as well as all other logs run on the borehole 30 days from completion. If available, a digital copy of the logs is to be submitted in addition to the paper copies. The Rustler top and top and bottom of Salt are to be recorded on the Completion Report.

A. CASING

1. Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size or are Non-API. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.). The initial wellhead installed on the well will remain on the well with spools used as needed.
2. Wait on cement (WOC) for Potash Areas: After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi for all cement blends, 2) until cement has been in place at least 24 hours. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log.
3. Wait on cement (WOC) for Water Basin: After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi at the shoe, 2) until cement has been in place at least 8 hours. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements.
4. Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. Have well specific cement details onsite prior to pumping the cement for each casing string.
5. No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.
6. On that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Formation at the shoe shall be tested to a minimum of the mud weight equivalent anticipated to control the formation pressure to the next casing depth or at total depth of the well. This test shall be performed before drilling more than 20 feet of new hole.
7. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.

8. Whenever a casing string is cemented in the R-111-P potash area, the NMOCD requirements shall be followed.

B. PRESSURE CONTROL

1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and API RP 53 Sec. 17.
2. If a variance is approved for a flexible hose to be installed from the BOP to the choke manifold, the following requirements apply: Check condition of flexible line from BOP to choke manifold, replace if exterior is damaged or if line fails test. Line to be as straight as possible with no hard bends and is to be anchored according to Manufacturer's requirements. The flexible hose can be exchanged with a hose of equal size and equal or greater pressure rating. Anchor requirements, specification sheet and hydrostatic pressure test certification matching the hose in service, to be onsite for review. These documents shall be posted in the company man's trailer and on the rig floor.
3. 5M or higher system requires an HCR valve, remote kill line and annular to match. The remote kill line is to be installed prior to testing the system and tested to stack pressure.
4. If the operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly in the APD. The following requirements must be met:
 - a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
 - b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
 - c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
 - d. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in OOGO2.III.A.2.i must be followed.
 - e. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
5. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
 - a. In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after

installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).

- b. In potash areas, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. For all casing strings, casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated at twelve hours after bumping the plug. However, **no tests** shall commence until the cement has had a minimum of 24 hours setup time.
- c. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug not a cup or J-packer. The operator also has the option of utilizing an independent tester to test without a plug (i.e. against the casing) pursuant to Onshore Order 2 with the pressure not to exceed 70% of the burst rating for the casing. Any test against the casing must meet the WOC time for water basin (8 hours) or potash (24 hours) or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater, prior to initiating the test (see casing segment as lead cement may be critical item).
- d. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2 hour clock. If a twelve hour or twenty-four hour chart is used, tester shall make a notation that it is run with a two hour clock.
- e. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
- f. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
- g. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.
- h. BOP/BOPE must be tested by an independent service company within 500 feet of the top of the Wolfcamp formation if the time between the setting of the intermediate casing and reaching this depth exceeds 20 days. This test does not exclude the test prior to drilling out the casing shoe as per Onshore Order No. 2.

C. DRILLING MUD

Mud system monitoring equipment, with derrick floor indicators and visual and audio alarms, shall be operating before drilling into the Wolfcamp formation, and shall be used until production casing is run and cemented.

D. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area.

Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

PECOS DISTRICT SURFACE USE CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME:	MATADPR [RODUCTION COMPANY
LEASE NO.:	NMNM117125
WELL NAME & NO.:	BRAD LUMIS FED COM 211H
SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:	441'N & 543'/W
BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE:	240'/S & 988'/W
LOCATION:	SECTION 23, T24S, R34E, NMPM
COUNTY:	LEA

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Standard Conditions of Approval (COA) apply to this APD. If any deviations to these standards exist or special COAs are required, the section with the deviation or requirement will be checked below.

- ☐ **General Provisions**
- ☐ **Permit Expiration**
- ☐ **Archaeology, Paleontology, and Historical Sites**
- ☐ **Noxious Weeds**
- ☒ **Special Requirements**
 - Lesser Prairie-Chicken Timing Stipulations
 - Ground-level Abandoned Well Marker
 - Range
 - Raptor Nest Mitigation
 - Hydrology
- ☐ **Construction**
 - Notification
 - Topsoil
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- ☐ **Road Section Diagram**
- ☒ **Production (Post Drilling)**
 - Well Structures & Facilities
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- ☐ **Interim Reclamation**
- ☐ **Final Abandonment & Reclamation**

I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The approval of the Application For Permit To Drill (APD) is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations: 43 Code of Federal Regulations 3160, the lease terms, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, Notices To Lessees, New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) Rules, National Historical Preservation Act As Amended, and instructions and orders of the Authorized Officer. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

II. PERMIT EXPIRATION

If the permit terminates prior to drilling and drilling cannot be commenced within 60 days after expiration, an operator is required to submit Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, requesting surface reclamation requirements for any surface disturbance. However, if the operator will be able to initiate drilling within 60 days after the expiration of the permit, the operator must have set the conductor pipe in order to allow for an extension of 60 days beyond the expiration date of the APD. (Filing of a Sundry Notice is required for this 60 day extension.)

III. ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES

Any cultural and/or paleontological resource discovered by the operator or by any person working on the operator's behalf shall immediately report such findings to the Authorized Officer. The operator is fully accountable for the actions of their contractors and subcontractors. The operator shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery shall be made by the Authorized Officer to determine the appropriate actions that shall be required to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values of the discovery. The operator shall be held responsible for the cost of the proper mitigation measures that the Authorized Officer assesses after consultation with the operator on the evaluation and decisions of the discovery. Any unauthorized collection or disturbance of cultural or paleontological resources may result in a shutdown order by the Authorized Officer.

IV. NOXIOUS WEEDS

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

V. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)

Timing Limitation Stipulation / Condition of Approval for lesser prairie-chicken:

Oil and gas activities including 3-D geophysical exploration, and drilling will not be allowed in lesser prairie-chicken habitat during the period from March 1st through June 15th annually. During that period, other activities that produce noise or involve human activity, such as the maintenance of oil and gas facilities, pipeline, road, and well pad construction, will be allowed except between 3:00 am and 9:00 am. The 3:00 am to 9:00 am restriction will not apply to normal, around-the-clock operations, such as venting, flaring, or pumping, which do not require a human presence during this period. Additionally, no new drilling will be allowed within up to 200 meters of leks known at the time of permitting. Normal vehicle use on existing roads will not be restricted. Exhaust noise from pump jack engines must be muffled or otherwise controlled so as not to exceed 75 db measured at 30 feet from the source of the noise.

Ground-level Abandoned Well Marker to avoid raptor perching: Upon the plugging and subsequent abandonment of the well, the well marker will be installed at ground level on a plate containing the pertinent information for the plugged well. For more installation details, contact the Carlsbad Field Office at 575-234-5972.

Raptor Nest Mitigation

For portions of the project being constructed during the nesting season (March 1–August 31), the operator should contact a BLM biologist and conduct pre-construction nest surveys up to 2 weeks prior of vegetation removal and avoidance buffers around any occupied nest could be established (distances to be specified by the BLM) to ensure compliance with the MBTA.

Hydrology:

The entire well pad will be bermed to prevent oil, salt, and other chemical contaminants from leaving the well pad. The compacted berm shall be constructed at a minimum of 12 inches with impermeable mineral material (e.g. caliche). Topsoil shall not be used to construct the berm. No water flow from the uphill side(s) of the pad shall be allowed to enter the well pad. The integrity of the berm shall be maintained around the surfaced pad throughout the life of the well and around the downsized pad after interim reclamation has been completed. Any water erosion that may occur due to the construction of the well pad during the life of the well will be quickly corrected and proper measures will be taken to prevent future erosion. Stockpiling of topsoil is required. The top soil shall be stockpiled in an appropriate location to prevent loss of soil due to water or wind erosion and not used for berming or erosion control. If fluid collects within the bermed area, the fluid must be vacuumed into a safe container and disposed of properly at a state approved facility.

Tank battery locations will be lined and bermed. A 20 mil permanent liner will be installed with a 4 oz. felt backing to prevent tears or punctures. Tank battery berms must

be large enough to contain 1 ½ times the content of the largest tank or 24 hour production, whichever is greater. Automatic shut off, check valves, or similar systems will be installed for tanks to minimize the effects of catastrophic line failures used in production or drilling.

Cattleguards

An appropriately sized cattleguard(s) sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence crossing(s). Any existing cattleguard(s) on the access road shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattleguard(s) that are in place and are utilized during lease operations. A gate shall be constructed on one side of the cattleguard and fastened securely to H-braces.

Fence Requirement

Where entry granted across a fence line, the fence must be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting. Once the work is completed, the fence will be restored to its prior condition, or better. The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fence(s).

Livestock Watering Requirement

Structures that provide water to livestock, such as windmills, pipelines, drinking troughs, and earthen reservoirs, will be avoided by moving the proposed action.

-OR-

Any damage to structures that provide water to livestock throughout the life of the well, caused by operations from the well site, must be immediately corrected by the operator. The operator must notify the BLM office (575-234-5972) and the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder if any damage occurs to structures that provide water to livestock.

VI. CONSTRUCTION

A. NOTIFICATION

The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5909 at least 3 working days prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad.

When construction operations are being conducted on this well, the operator shall have the approved APD and Conditions of Approval (COA) on the well site and they shall be made available upon request by the Authorized Officer.

B. TOPSOIL

The operator shall strip the top portion of the soil (root zone) from the entire well pad area and stockpile the topsoil along the edge of the well pad as depicted in the APD. The root zone is typically six (6) inches in depth. All the stockpiled topsoil will be redistributed over the interim reclamation areas. Topsoil shall not be used for berming the pad or facilities. For final reclamation, the topsoil shall be spread over the entire pad area for seeding preparation.

Other subsoil (below six inches) stockpiles must be completely segregated from the topsoil stockpile. Large rocks or subsoil clods (not evident in the surrounding terrain) must be buried within the approved area for interim and final reclamation.

C. CLOSED LOOP SYSTEM

Tanks are required for drilling operations: No Pits.

The operator shall properly dispose of drilling contents at an authorized disposal site.

D. FEDERAL MINERAL MATERIALS PIT

Payment shall be made to the BLM prior to removal of any federal mineral materials. Call the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5972.

E. WELL PAD SURFACING

Surfacing of the well pad is not required.

If the operator elects to surface the well pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation. The well pad shall be constructed in a manner which creates the smallest possible surface disturbance, consistent with safety and operational needs.

F. EXCLOSURE FENCING (CELLARS & PITS)

Exclosure Fencing

The operator will install and maintain exclosure fencing for all open well cellars to prevent access to public, livestock, and large forms of wildlife before and after drilling operations until the pit is free of fluids and the operator initiates backfilling. (For examples of exclosure fencing design, refer to BLM's Oil and Gas Gold Book, Exclosure Fence Illustrations, Figure 1, Page 18.)

G. ON LEASE ACCESS ROADS**Road Width**

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed fourteen (14) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed twenty-five (25) feet.

Surfacing

Surfacing material is not required on the new access road driving surface. If the operator elects to surface the new access road or pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

Where possible, no improvements should be made on the unsurfaced access road other than to remove vegetation as necessary, road irregularities, safety issues, or to fill low areas that may sustain standing water.

The Authorized Officer reserves the right to require surfacing of any portion of the access road at any time deemed necessary. Surfacing may be required in the event the road deteriorates, erodes, road traffic increases, or it is determined to be beneficial for future field development. The surfacing depth and type of material will be determined at the time of notification.

Crowning

Crowning shall be done on the access road driving surface. The road crown shall have a grade of approximately 2% (i.e., a 1" crown on a 14' wide road). The road shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

Ditching

Ditching shall be required on both sides of the road.

Turnouts

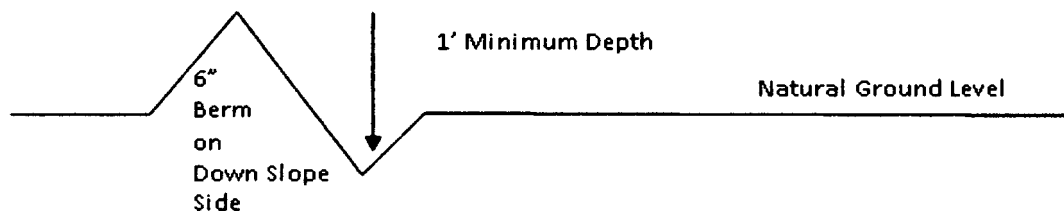
Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

Drainage

Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill out sloping and insloping, lead-off ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.

Cross Section of a Typical Lead-off Ditch



All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing interval are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

Formula for Spacing Interval of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

$$400 \text{ foot road with } 4\% \text{ road slope: } \frac{400'}{4\%} + 100' = 200' \text{ lead-off ditch interval}$$

Cattle guards

An appropriately sized cattle guard sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence/road crossings. Any existing cattle guards on the access road route shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattle guards that are in place and are utilized during lease operations.

Fence Requirement

Where entry is granted across a fence line, the fence shall be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting. The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fences.

Livestock Watering Requirement

Structures that provide water to livestock, such as windmills, pipelines, drinking troughs, and earthen reservoirs, will be avoided by moving the proposed action.

-OR-

Any damage to structures that provide water to livestock throughout the life of the well, caused by operations from the well site, must be immediately corrected by the operator. The operator must notify the BLM office (575-234-5972) and the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder if any damage occurs to structures that provide water to livestock.

Public Access

Public access on this road shall not be restricted by the operator without specific written approval granted by the Authorized Officer.

Construction Steps

1. Salvage topsoil
2. Construct road

3. Redistribute topsoil
4. Revegetate slopes

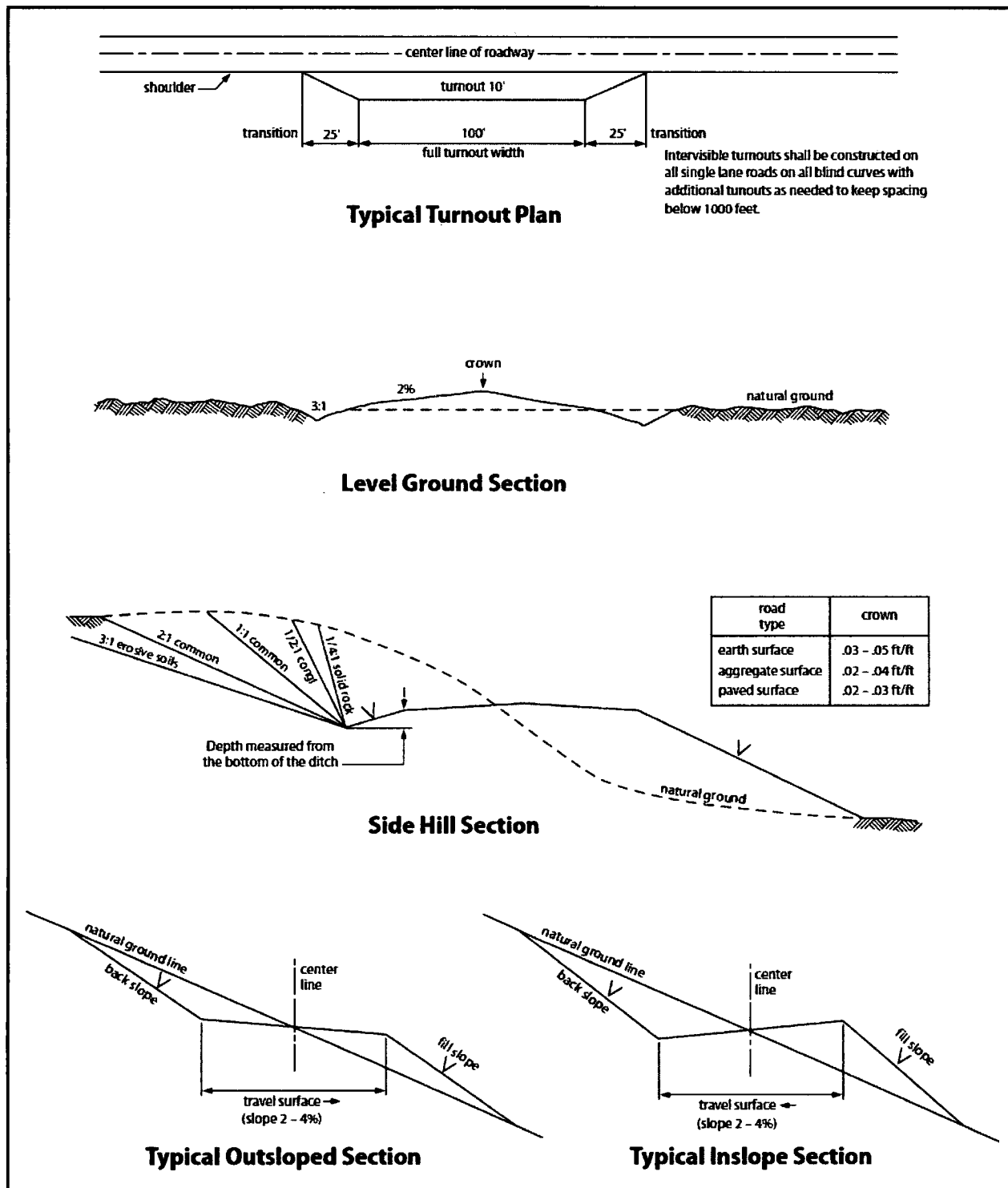


Figure 1. Cross-sections and plans for typical road sections representative of BLM resource or FS local and higher-class roads.

VII. PRODUCTION (POST DRILLING)

A. WELL STRUCTURES & FACILITIES

Placement of Production Facilities

Production facilities should be placed on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

Exclosure Netting (Open-top Tanks)

Immediately following active drilling or completion operations, the operator will take actions necessary to prevent wildlife and livestock access, including avian wildlife, to all open-topped tanks that contain or have the potential to contain salinity sufficient to cause harm to wildlife or livestock, hydrocarbons, or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976-exempt hazardous substances. At a minimum, the operator will net, screen, or cover open-topped tanks to exclude wildlife and livestock and prevent mortality. If the operator uses netting, the operator will cover and secure the open portion of the tank to prevent wildlife entry. The operator will net, screen, or cover the tanks until the operator removes the tanks from the location or the tanks no longer contain substances that could be harmful to wildlife or livestock. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches. The netting must not be in contact with fluids and must not have holes or gaps.

Chemical and Fuel Secondary Containment and Exclosure Screening

The operator will prevent all hazardous, poisonous, flammable, and toxic substances from coming into contact with soil and water. At a minimum, the operator will install and maintain an impervious secondary containment system for any tank or barrel containing hazardous, poisonous, flammable, or toxic substances sufficient to contain the contents of the tank or barrel and any drips, leaks, and anticipated precipitation. The operator will dispose of fluids within the containment system that do not meet applicable state or U. S. Environmental Protection Agency livestock water standards in accordance with state law; the operator must not drain the fluids to the soil or ground. The operator will design, construct, and maintain all secondary containment systems to prevent wildlife and livestock exposure to harmful substances. At a minimum, the operator will install effective wildlife and livestock exclosure systems such as fencing, netting, expanded metal mesh, lids, and grate covers. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches.

Open-Vent Exhaust Stack Exclosures

The operator will construct, modify, equip, and maintain all open-vent exhaust stacks on production equipment to prevent birds and bats from entering, and to discourage perching, roosting, and nesting. (*Recommended exclosure structures on open-vent exhaust stacks are in the shape of a cone.*) Production equipment includes, but may not be limited to, tanks, heater-treaters, separators, dehydrators, flare stacks, in-line units, and compressor mufflers.

Containment Structures

Proposed production facilities such as storage tanks and other vessels will have a secondary containment structure that is constructed to hold the capacity of 1.5 times the largest tank, plus freeboard to account for precipitation, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary.

VRM Facility Requirement

Painting Requirement

All above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements shall be painted a flat non-reflective paint color, **Shale Green** from the BLM Standard Environmental Color Chart (CC-001: June 2008).

B. PIPELINES

BURIED PIPELINE STIPULATIONS

A copy of the application (Grant, APD, or Sundry Notice) and attachments, including conditions of approval, survey plat and/or map, will be on location during construction. BLM personnel may request to you a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

Holder agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer:

1. The Holder shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this grant.
2. The Holder shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, the holder shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC 2601 et seq. (1982) with regards to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the right-of-way or on facilities authorized under this right-of-way grant. (See 40 CFR Part 702-799 and especially, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193.) Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the authorized officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.
3. The holder agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, et seq. or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 6901, et seq.) on the Right-of-Way (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to the Right-of-Way holder's activity on the Right-of-Way), or resulting from the activity of the Right-of-Way holder on the Right-of-Way. This agreement applies without regard to whether a release is caused by the holder, its agent, or unrelated third parties.

4. If, during any phase of the construction, operation, maintenance, or termination of the pipeline, any oil or other pollutant should be discharged from the pipeline system, impacting Federal lands, the control and total removal, disposal, and cleaning up of such oil or other pollutant, wherever found, shall be the responsibility of holder, regardless of fault. Upon failure of holder to control, dispose of, or clean up such discharge on or affecting Federal lands, or to repair all damages resulting therefrom, on the Federal lands, the Authorized Officer may take such measures as he deems necessary to control and clean up the discharge and restore the area, including where appropriate, the aquatic environment and fish and wildlife habitats, at the full expense of the holder. Such action by the Authorized Officer shall not relieve holder of any responsibility as provided herein.

5. All construction and maintenance activity will be confined to the authorized right-of-way.
6. The pipeline will be buried with a minimum cover of 36 inches between the top of the pipe and ground level.
7. The maximum allowable disturbance for construction in this right-of-way will be 30 feet:
- Blading of vegetation within the right-of-way will be allowed: maximum width of blading operations will not exceed 20 feet. The trench is included in this area. (*Blading is defined as the complete removal of brush and ground vegetation.*)
 - Clearing of brush species within the right-of-way will be allowed: maximum width of clearing operations will not exceed 30 feet. The trench and bladed area are included in this area. (*Clearing is defined as the removal of brush while leaving ground vegetation (grasses, weeds, etc.) intact. Clearing is best accomplished by holding the blade 4 to 6 inches above the ground surface.*)
 - The remaining area of the right-of-way (if any) shall only be disturbed by compressing the vegetation. (*Compressing can be caused by vehicle tires, placement of equipment, etc.*)
8. The holder shall stockpile an adequate amount of topsoil where blading is allowed. The topsoil to be stripped is approximately 6 inches in depth. The topsoil will be segregated from other spoil piles from trench construction. The topsoil will be evenly distributed over the bladed area for the preparation of seeding.
9. The holder shall minimize disturbance to existing fences and other improvements on public lands. The holder is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The holder will contact the owner of any improvements prior to disturbing them. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting of the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.
10. Vegetation, soil, and rocks left as a result of construction or maintenance activity will be randomly scattered on this right-of-way and will not be left in rows, piles, or berms, unless otherwise approved by the Authorized Officer. The entire right-of-way shall be recontoured to match the surrounding landscape. The backfilled soil shall be compacted and a 6 inch berm will be left over the ditch line to allow for settling back to grade.
11. In those areas where erosion control structures are required to stabilize soil conditions, the holder will install such structures as are suitable for the specific soil conditions being encountered and which are in accordance with sound resource management practices.

12. The holder will reseed all disturbed areas. Seeding will be done according to the attached seeding requirements, using the following seed mix.

- | | |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> seed mixture 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> seed mixture 3 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> seed mixture 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> seed mixture 4 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> seed mixture 2/LPC | <input type="checkbox"/> Aplomado Falcon Mixture |

13. All above-ground structures not subject to safety requirements shall be painted by the holder to blend with the natural color of the landscape. The paint used shall be color which simulates “Standard Environmental Colors” – **Shale Green**, Munsell Soil Color No. 5Y 4/2.

14. The pipeline will be identified by signs at the point of origin and completion of the right-of-way and at all road crossings. At a minimum, signs will state the holder’s name, BLM serial number, and the product being transported. All signs and information thereon will be posted in a permanent, conspicuous manner, and will be maintained in a legible condition for the life of the pipeline.

15. The holder shall not use the pipeline route as a road for purposes other than routine maintenance as determined necessary by the Authorized Officer in consultation with the holder before maintenance begins. The holder will take whatever steps are necessary to ensure that the pipeline route is not used as a roadway. As determined necessary during the life of the pipeline, the Authorized Officer may ask the holder to construct temporary deterrence structures.

16. Any cultural and/or paleontological resources (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on his behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. Holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the Authorized Officer to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the holder.

17. The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes associated roads, pipeline corridor and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

18. Escape Ramps - The operator will construct and maintain pipeline/utility trenches that are not otherwise fenced, screened, or netted to prevent livestock, wildlife, and humans from becoming entrapped. At a minimum, the operator will construct and maintain escape ramps, ladders, or

other methods of avian and terrestrial wildlife escape in the trenches according to the following criteria:

- a. Any trench left open for eight (8) hours or less is not required to have escape ramps; however, before the trench is backfilled, the contractor/operator shall inspect the trench for wildlife, remove all trapped wildlife, and release them at least 100 yards from the trench.
- b. For trenches left open for eight (8) hours or more, earthen escape ramps (built at no more than a 30 degree slope and spaced no more than 500 feet apart) shall be placed in the trench.

19. Special Stipulations:

Lesser Prairie-Chicken

Oil and gas activities will not be allowed in lesser prairie-chicken habitat during the period from March 1st through June 15th annually. During that period, other activities that produce noise or involve human activity, such as the maintenance of oil and gas facilities, geophysical exploration other than 3-D operations, and pipeline, road, and well pad construction, will be allowed except between 3:00 am and 9:00 am. The 3:00 am to 9:00 am restriction will not apply to normal, around-the-clock operations, such as venting, flaring, or pumping, which do not require a human presence during this period. Normal vehicle use on existing roads will not be restricted. Exhaust noise from pump jack engines must be muffled or otherwise controlled so as not to exceed 75 db measured at 30 ft. from the source of the noise.

VIII. INTERIM RECLAMATION

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations should undergo interim reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses.

Within six (6) months of well completion, operators should work with BLM surface management specialists (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909) to devise the best strategies to reduce the size of the location. Interim reclamation should allow for remedial well operations, as well as safe and efficient removal of oil and gas.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche is important to increasing the success of revegetating the site. Removed caliche that is free of contaminants may be used for road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

All disturbed areas after they have been satisfactorily prepared need to be reseeded with the seed mixture provided below.

Upon completion of interim reclamation, the operator shall submit a Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, Subsequent Report of Reclamation (Form 3160-5).

IX. FINAL ABANDONMENT & RECLAMATION

At final abandonment, well locations, production facilities, and access roads must undergo "final" reclamation so that the character and productivity of the land are restored.

Earthwork for final reclamation must be completed within six (6) months of well plugging. All pads, pits, facility locations and roads must be reclaimed to a satisfactory revegetated, safe, and stable condition, unless an agreement is made with the landowner or BLM to keep the road and/or pad intact.

After all disturbed areas have been satisfactorily prepared, these areas need to be revegetated with the seed mixture provided below. Seeding should be accomplished by drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other approved methods. Seeding may need to be repeated until revegetation is successful, as determined by the BLM.

Operators shall contact a BLM surface protection specialist prior to surface abandonment operations for site specific objectives (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909).

Below Ground-level Abandoned Well Marker to avoid raptor perching: Upon the plugging and subsequent abandonment of the well, the well marker will be installed at ground level on a plate containing the pertinent information for the plugged well.

Seed Mixture for LPC Sand/Shinnery Sites

Holder shall seed all disturbed areas with the seed mixture listed below. The seed mixture shall be planted in the amounts specified in pounds of pure live seed (PLS)* per acre. There shall be no primary or secondary noxious weeds in the seed mixture. Seed will be tested and the viability testing of seed shall be done in accordance with State law(s) and within nine (9) months prior to purchase. Commercial seed shall be either certified or registered seed. The seed container shall be tagged in accordance with State law(s) and available for inspection by the Authorized Officer.

Seed will be planted using a drill equipped with a depth regulator to ensure proper depth of planting where drilling is possible. The seed mixture will be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area (smaller/heavier seeds have a tendency to drop the bottom of the drill and are planted first). Holder shall take appropriate measures to ensure this does not occur. Where drilling is not possible, seed will be broadcast and the area shall be raked or chained to cover the seed. When broadcasting the seed, the pounds per acre are to be doubled. Seeding shall be repeated until a satisfactory stand is established as determined by the Authorized Officer. Evaluation of growth may not be made before completion of at least one full growing season after seeding.

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed* per acre:

<u>Species</u>	<u>lb/acre</u>
Plains Bristlegrass	5lbs/A
Sand Bluestem	5lbs/A
Little Bluestem	3lbs/A
Big Bluestem	6lbs/A
Plains Coreopsis	2lbs/A
Sand Dropseed	1lbs/A

*Pounds of pure live seed:

Pounds of seed x percent purity x percent germination = pounds pure live seed



U.S. Department of the Interior
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Operator Certification Data Report

01/28/2019

Operator Certification

I hereby certify that I, or someone under my direct supervision, have inspected the drill site and access route proposed herein; that I am familiar with the conditions which currently exist; that I have full knowledge of state and Federal laws applicable to this operation; that the statements made in this APD package are, to the best of my knowledge, true and correct; and that the work associated with the operations proposed herein will be performed in conformity with this APD package and the terms and conditions under which it is approved. I also certify that I, or the company I represent, am responsible for the operations conducted under this application. These statements are subject to the provisions of 18 U.S.C. 1001 for the filing of false statements.

NAME: Lara Thompson

Signed on: 06/13/2018

Title: Assistant Project Manager

Street Address: 5647 Jefferson Street NE

City: Albuquerque

State: NM

Zip: 87109

Phone: (505)254-1115

Email address: Lara.Thompson@swca.com

Field Representative

Representative Name:

Street Address:

City:

State:

Zip:

Phone:

Email address:



U.S. Department of the Interior
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Application Data Report

01/28/2019

APD ID: 10400031158

Submission Date: 08/17/2018

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: BRAD LUMMIS FED COM

Well Number: 211H

Well Type: OIL WELL

Well Work Type: Drill



[Show Final Text](#)

Section 1 - General

APD ID: 10400031158

Tie to previous NOS?

Submission Date: 08/17/2018

BLM Office: CARLSBAD

User: Lara Thompson

Title: Assistant Project Manager

Federal/Indian APD: FED

Is the first lease penetrated for production Federal or Indian? FED

Lease number: NMNM117125

Lease Acres: 400

Surface access agreement in place?

Allotted?

Reservation:

Agreement in place? NO

Federal or Indian agreement:

Agreement number:

Agreement name:

Keep application confidential? YES

Permitting Agent? YES

APD Operator: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Operator letter of designation:

Operator Info

Operator Organization Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Operator Address: 5400 LBJ Freeway, Suite 1500

Zip: 75240

Operator PO Box:

Operator City: Dallas

State: TX

Operator Phone: (972)371-5200

Operator Internet Address: amonroe@matadorresources.com

Section 2 - Well Information

Well in Master Development Plan? NO

Master Development Plan name:

Well in Master SUPO? NO

Master SUPO name:

Well in Master Drilling Plan? NO

Master Drilling Plan name:

Well Name: BRAD LUMMIS FED COM

Well Number: 211H

Well API Number:

Field/Pool or Exploratory? Field and Pool

Field Name: WOLFCAMP

Pool Name: ANTELOPE
RIDGE; BS, NORTH

Is the proposed well in an area containing other mineral resources? NATURAL GAS,OIL

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: BRAD LUMMIS FED COM

Well Number: 211H

Describe other minerals:

Is the proposed well in a Helium production area? N **Use Existing Well Pad?** NO **New surface disturbance?**

Type of Well Pad: MULTIPLE WELL

Multiple Well Pad Name: SLOT **Number:** 6

Well Class: HORIZONTAL

1
Number of Legs: 1

Well Work Type: Drill

Well Type: OIL WELL

Describe Well Type:

Well sub-Type: APPRAISAL

Describe sub-type:

Distance to town:

Distance to nearest well: 1320 FT

Distance to lease line: 543 FT

Reservoir well spacing assigned acres Measurement: 320 Acres

Well plat: BO_BRAD_LUMMIS_SLOT_1_SURFACE_PAD_SITE_S_20180612150129.pdf

CD_BRAD_LUMMIS_SLOT_1_SURFACE_PAD_SITE_S_20180612150130.pdf

MatadorBradLummis_211_20180628114610.pdf

Well work start Date: 12/01/2018

Duration: 30 DAYS

Section 3 - Well Location Table

Survey Type: RECTANGULAR

Describe Survey Type:

Datum: NAD83

Vertical Datum: NAVD88

Survey number:

	NS-Foot	NS Indicator	EW-Foot	EW Indicator	Twsp	Range	Section	Aliquot/Lot/Tract	Latitude	Longitude	County	State	Meridian	Lease Type	Lease Number	Elevation	MD	TVD
SHL Leg #1	441	FNL	543	FWL	24S	34E	23	Aliquot NWN W	32.20907 9	- 103.4475 229	LEA	NEW MEXI CO	NEW MEXI CO	F	NMNM 117125	349 2	0	0
KOP Leg #1	441	FNL	543	FWL	24S	34E	23	Aliquot NWN W	32.20907 9	- 103.4475 229	LEA	NEW MEXI CO	NEW MEXI CO	F	NMNM 117125	299 2	500	500

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: BRAD LUMMIS FED COM

Well Number: 211H

	NS-Foot	NS Indicator	EW-Foot	EW Indicator	Twsp	Range	Section	Aliquot/Lot/Tract	Latitude	Longitude	County	State	Meridian	Lease Type	Lease Number	Elevation	MD	TVD
PPP Leg #1	330	FNL	990	FWL	24S	34E	23	Aliquot NWN W	32.20937 97	- 103.4460 776	LEA	NEW MEXI CO	NEW MEXI CO	F	NMNM 117125	- 915 8	130 63	126 50
EXIT Leg #1	330	FSL	988	FWL	24S	34E	23	Aliquot SWS W	32.19668 6	- 103.4460 908	LEA	NEW MEXI CO	NEW MEXI CO	F	NMNM 117125	- 915 8	173 22	126 50
BHL Leg #1	240	FSL	988	FWL	24S	34E	23	Aliquot SWS W	32.19643 86	- 103.4460 911	LEA	NEW MEXI CO	NEW MEXI CO	F	NMNM 117125	- 915 8	174 12	126 50

SECTION 23, TOWNSHIP 24-S, RANGE 34-E, N.M.P.M.
LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

SCALE: 1" = 1000'
0' 500' 1000'

**BRAD LUMMIS SLOT 1
SURFACE PAD SITE**

Metes and Bounds Description of a proposed 5.11 surface pad site located within Section 23, Township 24 South, Range 34 East, N.M.P.M., in Lea County, New Mexico.

BEGINNING at a 1/2" iron rod with cap stamped "Topographic" set for the Southwest corner of this site, from whence a brass cap found for the West quarter corner of said Section 23, bears: S 08°35'13" W, a distance of 2104.86 feet;

Thence N 04°56'08" E, a distance of 420.00 feet to a 1/2" iron rod with cap stamped "Topographic" set for the Northwest corner of this site;

Thence S 85°03'52" E, a distance of 430.00 feet to a 1/2" iron rod with cap stamped "Topographic"

Thence S 85°03'52" E, a distance of 100.00 feet to a 1/2" iron rod with cap stamped "Topographic" set for the Northeast corner of this site;

Thence S 04°56'08" W, a distance of 420.00 feet to a 1/2" iron rod with cap stamped "Topographic" set for the Southeast corner of this site;

Thence N 85°03'52" W, a distance of 100.00 feet to a 1/2" iron rod with cap stamped "Topographic"

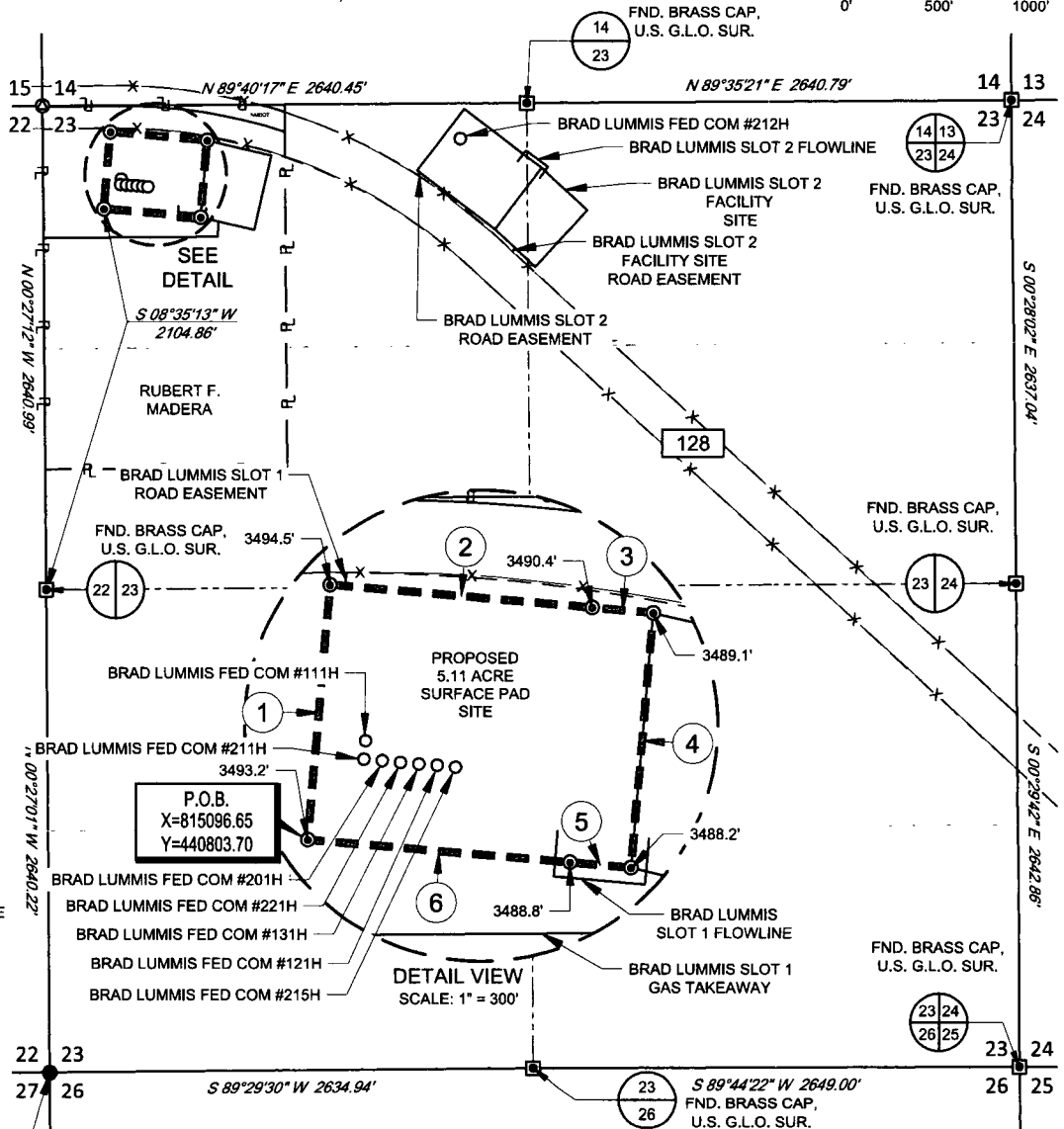
Thence N 85°03'52" W, a distance of 430.00 feet to the Point of Beginning.

LEGEND

—	SURVEY/SECTION LINE
- - -	QUARTER SECTION LINE
- . - . -	SIXTEENTH SECTION LINE
- - - - -	PROPOSED SITE
— R —	TRACT BORDER
==	ROAD WAY
X	FENCE LINE
⊙	IRON ROD SET
⊠	MONUMENT
⊙	CALCULATED CORNER
●	IRON ROD FOUND

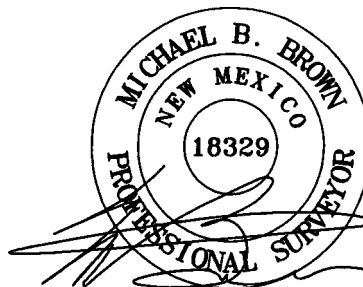
LINE TABLE

LINE	BEARING	DISTANCE
1	N 04°56'08" E	420.00'
2	S 85°03'52" E	430.00'
3	S 85°03'52" E	100.00'
4	S 04°56'08" W	420.00'
5	N 85°03'52" W	100.00'
6	N 85°03'52" W	430.00'



TOPOGRAPHIC
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Michael Blake Brown, P.S. No. 18329

APRIL 27, 2018

**BRAD LUMMIS SLOT 1
SURFACE PAD SITE**

REVISION:

INT DATE

DATE: 04/27/18

FILE: BO_BRAD_LUMMIS_SLOT_1_SURFACE_PAD_SITE

DRAWN BY: EAH

SHEET: 1 OF 2

NOTES:

1. ORIGINAL DOCUMENT SIZE: 8.5" X 11"
2. ALL BEARINGS, DISTANCES, AND COORDINATE VALUES CONTAINED HEREIN ARE GRID BASED UPON THE NEW MEXICO COORDINATE SYSTEM OF 1983, EAST ZONE, U.S. SURVEY FEET.
3. CERTIFICATION IS MADE ONLY TO THE LOCATION OF THIS EASEMENT, IN RELATION TO THE EVIDENCE FOUND DURING A FIELD SURVEY, MADE ON THE GROUND, UNDER MY SUPERVISION, AND USING DOCUMENTATION PROVIDED BY MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY. ONLY UTILITIES/EASEMENTS THAT WERE VISIBLE ON THE DATE OF THIS SURVEY, WITHIN/ADJOINING THIS EASEMENT, HAVE BEEN LOCATED AS SHOWN HEREON OF WHICH I HAVE KNOWLEDGE. THIS CERTIFICATION IS LIMITED TO THOSE PERSONS OR ENTITIES SHOWN ON THE FACE OF THIS PLAN AND IS NON-TRANSFERABLE, AND MADE FOR THIS TRANSACTION ONLY.
4. B.O.L./P.O.B. = BEGINNING OF LINE/POINT OF BEGINNING
5. E.O.L./P.O.E. = END OF LINE/POINT OF EXIT
6. ADJOINER INFORMATION SHOWN FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY.



U.S. Department of the Interior
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Drilling Plan Data Report

01/28/2019

APD ID: 10400031158

Submission Date: 08/17/2018

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: BRAD LUMMIS FED COM

Well Number: 211H

Well Type: OIL WELL

Well Work Type: Drill

Highlighted data
relates to the
open changes

[Show Final Text](#)

Section 1 - Geologic Formations

Formation ID	Formation Name	Elevation	True Vertical Depth	Measured Depth	Lithologies	Mineral Resources	Producing Formation
1	RUSTLER	3492	1103	1103		USEABLE WATER	No
2	TOP SALT	1924	1568	1568		NONE	No
3	CASTILE	-300	3792	3792		NONE	No
4	BASE OF SALT	-1878	5370	5370		NONE	No
5	BELL CANYON	-1921	5413	5413		NATURAL GAS,OIL	No
6	CHERRY CANYON	-3073	6565	6565		NATURAL GAS,OIL	No
7	BRUSHY CANYON	-4273	7765	7765		NATURAL GAS,OIL	No
8	BONE SPRING LIME	-5757	9249	9249		NATURAL GAS,OIL	No
9	BONE SPRING 1ST	-6481	9973	9973		NATURAL GAS,OIL	No
10	BONE SPRING 2ND	-7089	10581	10581		NATURAL GAS,OIL	No
11	BONE SPRING 3RD	-7808	11300	11300		NATURAL GAS,OIL	No
12	WOLFCAMP	-8630	12122	12122		NATURAL GAS,OIL	Yes

Section 2 - Blowout Prevention

Pressure Rating (PSI): 10M

Rating Depth: 15000

Equipment: A BOP consisting of 3 rams with 2 pipe rams, 1 blind ram and one annular preventer. The BOP will be utilized below surface casing to TD. See attachments for BOP and choke manifold diagrams. Also present will be an accumulator that meets the requirements of Onshore Order #2 for the pressure rating of the BOP stack. A rotating head will also be installed as needed. BOP will be inspected and operated as recommended in Onshore Order #2. A Kelly cock and sub equipped with a full opening valve sized to fit the drill pipe and collars will be available on the rig floor in the open position. A third party company will test the BOPs.

Requesting Variance? YES

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: BRAD LUMMIS FED COM

Well Number: 211H

Variance request: Matador requests a variance to have the option of running a speed head for setting the Intermediate 1, Intermediate 2, and Production Strings. Matador requests a variance to drill this well using a co-flex line between the BOP and choke manifold. Certification for proposed co-flex hose is attached (see Exhibit E-2). The hose is not required by the manufacturer to be anchored. If the specific hose is not available, then one of equal or higher rating will be used. Matador requests a variance to have the option of batch drilling this well with other wells on the same pad. In the event that this well is batch drilled, after drilling surface, 1st intermediate, and 2nd intermediate hole sections and cementing 2nd intermediate casing, a 10M dry hole cap with bleed off valve will be installed. The rig will then walk to another well on the pad. When the rig returns to this well and BOPs are installed, the operator will perform a full BOP test. Matador requests a variance to run 7-5/8" BTC casing inside 9-5/8" BTC casing which will be less than the 0.422" stand off regulation. Matador has met with Christopher Walls and Mustafa Haque as well as other BLM representatives and determined that this would be acceptable as long as the 7-5/8" flush casing was run throughout the entire 300' cement tie back section between 9-5/8" and 7-5/8" casing. Matador Resources requests a variance to drill this well using a 5M annular preventer with a 10M BOP ram stack. The "Well Control Plan For 10M MASP Section of Wellbore" is attached.

Testing Procedure: After setting surface casing, a minimum 5M BOPE system will be installed. Test pressures will be 250 psi low and 5000 psi high with the annular being tested to 250 psi low and 2500 psi high before drilling below surface shoe. In the event that the rig drills multiple wells on the pad and the BOPs are removed after setting Intermediate 2 casing, a full BOP test will be performed when the rig returns and a 10M BOPE system will be installed. Test pressures will be 250 psi low and 10000 psi high with the annular being tested to 250 psi low and 5000 psi high before drilling below the Intermediate 2 shoe.

Choke Diagram Attachment:

BLM_10M_Choke_Manifold_20180913134443.pdf

BOP Diagram Attachment:

BOP_297_001_20180612151204.pdf

297Co_Flex_Certs__20180913103251.pdf

Section 3 - Casing

Casing ID	String Type	Hole Size	Csg Size	Condition	Standard	Tapered String	Top Set MD	Bottom Set MD	Top Set TVD	Bottom Set TVD	Top Set MSL	Bottom Set MSL	Calculated casing length MD	Grade	Weight	Joint Type	Collapse SF	Burst SF	Joint SF Type	Joint SF	Body SF Type	Body SF
1	SURFACE	17.5	13.375	NEW	API	Y	0	1150	0	1150			1150	J-55	54.5	BUTT	1.125	1.125	BUOY	1.8	BUOY	1.8
2	INTERMEDIATE	12.25	9.625	NEW	API	Y	0	5400	0	5400			5400	J-55	40	BUTT	1.125	1.125	BUOY	1.8	BUOY	1.8
3	INTERMEDIATE	8.75	7.625	NEW	NON API	Y	0	12897	0	12636			12897	P-110	29.7	OTHER - VAM-HTF-NR	1.125	1.125	BUOY	1.8	BUOY	1.8
4	PRODUCTION	6.125	5.5	NEW	NON API	Y	0	17412	0	12650			17412	P-110	20	OTHER - DWCC-IS-MS	1.125	1.125	BUOY	1.8	BUOY	1.8

Casing Attachments

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: BRAD LUMMIS FED COM

Well Number: 211H

Casing Attachments

Casing ID: 1 **String Type:** SURFACE

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Tapered_String__Casing__Specs_20180615121648.pdf

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

BLM_Casing_Design_Assumptions_4_string_20180614144704.pdf

Casing ID: 2 **String Type:** INTERMEDIATE

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Tapered_String__Casing__Specs_20180615121626.pdf

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

BLM_Casing_Design_Assumptions_4_string_20180614144715.pdf

Casing ID: 3 **String Type:** INTERMEDIATE

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

VRCC_16_1177__CDS__7.625_in_29.70_ppf_P110_EC_VAM__HTF_NR_Rev02_20180619124429.pdf

Tapered String Spec:

Tapered_String__Casing__Specs_20180615121723.pdf

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

BLM_Casing_Design_Assumptions_4_string_20180614144724.pdf

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: BRAD LUMMIS FED COM

Well Number: 211H

Casing Attachments

Casing ID: 4 String Type: PRODUCTION

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

4.500in_x_13.50__0.290in__VST_P110EC_DWC_C_HT_IS_Tubing_CDS_20180913103216.PDF

5.500in_x_20__VST_P110EC_DWC_C_IS_MS_CDS_20180614144434.PDF

Tapered String Spec:

Tapered_String_Casing_Specs_20180615121741.pdf

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

BLM_Casing_Design_Assumptions_4_string_20180614144734.pdf

Section 4 - Cement

String Type	Lead/Tail	Stage Tool Depth	Top MD	Bottom MD	Quantity(sx)	Yield	Density	Cu Ft	Excess%	Cement type	Additives
SURFACE	Lead		0	850	650	1.75	13.5	1138	100	Type C	Bentonite + 2% CaCL2 + 3% NaCl + LCM
SURFACE	Tail		850	1150	330	1.38	14.8	455	100	Type C	5% NaCl + LCM
INTERMEDIATE	Lead		0	4320	1330	1.85	12.8	2461	100	Type C	Bentonite + 1% CaCL2 + 8% NaCl + LCM
INTERMEDIATE	Tail		4320	5400	515	1.38	14.8	711	100	Type C	5% NaCl + LCM
INTERMEDIATE	Lead		4400	1089 7	425	2.35	11.5	999	60	TXI	Fluid Loss + Dispersant + Retarder + LCM
INTERMEDIATE	Tail		1089 7	1289 7	300	1.39	13.2	417	60	TXI	Fluid Loss + Dispersant + Retarder + LCM
PRODUCTION	Lead		1159 7	1741 2	555	1.17	15.8	649	25	Type H	Fluid Loss + Dispersant + Retarder + LCM

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: BRAD LUMMIS FED COM

Well Number: 211H

Section 5 - Circulating Medium

Mud System Type: Closed

Will an air or gas system be Used? NO

Description of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

Diagram of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

Describe what will be on location to control well or mitigate other conditions: All necessary mud products (barite, bentonite, LCM) for weight addition and fluid loss control will be on location at all times. Mud program is subject to change due to hole conditions

Describe the mud monitoring system utilized: An electronic Pason mud monitoring system complying with Onshore Order 2 will be used

Circulating Medium Table

Top Depth	Bottom Depth	Mud Type	Min Weight (lbs/gal)	Max Weight (lbs/gal)	Density (lbs/cu ft)	Gel Strength (lbs/100 sqft)	PH	Viscosity (CP)	Salinity (ppm)	Filtration (cc)	Additional Characteristics
1150	5400	SALT SATURATED	10	10							
5400	1263 6	OTHER : FW/Cut Brine	9	9							
0	1150	SPUD MUD	8.3	8.3							
1263 6	1265 0	OIL-BASED MUD	12.5	12.5							

Section 6 - Test, Logging, Coring

List of production tests including testing procedures, equipment and safety measures:

A 2-person mud logging program will be utilized from the ~5400' to TD. No electric OH logs are planned at this time.

List of open and cased hole logs run in the well:

CBL,GR,MUDLOG

Coring operation description for the well:

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: BRAD LUMMIS FED COM

Well Number: 211H

There will be no coring on this well.

Section 7 - Pressure

Anticipated Bottom Hole Pressure: 8223

Anticipated Surface Pressure: 5440

Anticipated Bottom Hole Temperature(F): 170

Anticipated abnormal pressures, temperatures, or potential geologic hazards? NO

Describe:

Contingency Plans geohazards description:

Contingency Plans geohazards attachment:

Hydrogen Sulfide drilling operations plan required? YES

Hydrogen sulfide drilling operations plan:

H2S_Emergency_Contacts_20180612152425.docx

Matador_Hydrogen_Sulfide_Drilling_20180612152426.docx

Section 8 - Other Information

Proposed horizontal/directional/multi-lateral plan submission:

Matador_BradLummisFedCom_211H_PrelimA_20180612152517.PDF

Matador_BradLummisFedCom_211H_PrelimA_WPReport_20181207113806.pdf

Other proposed operations facets description:

Other proposed operations facets attachment:

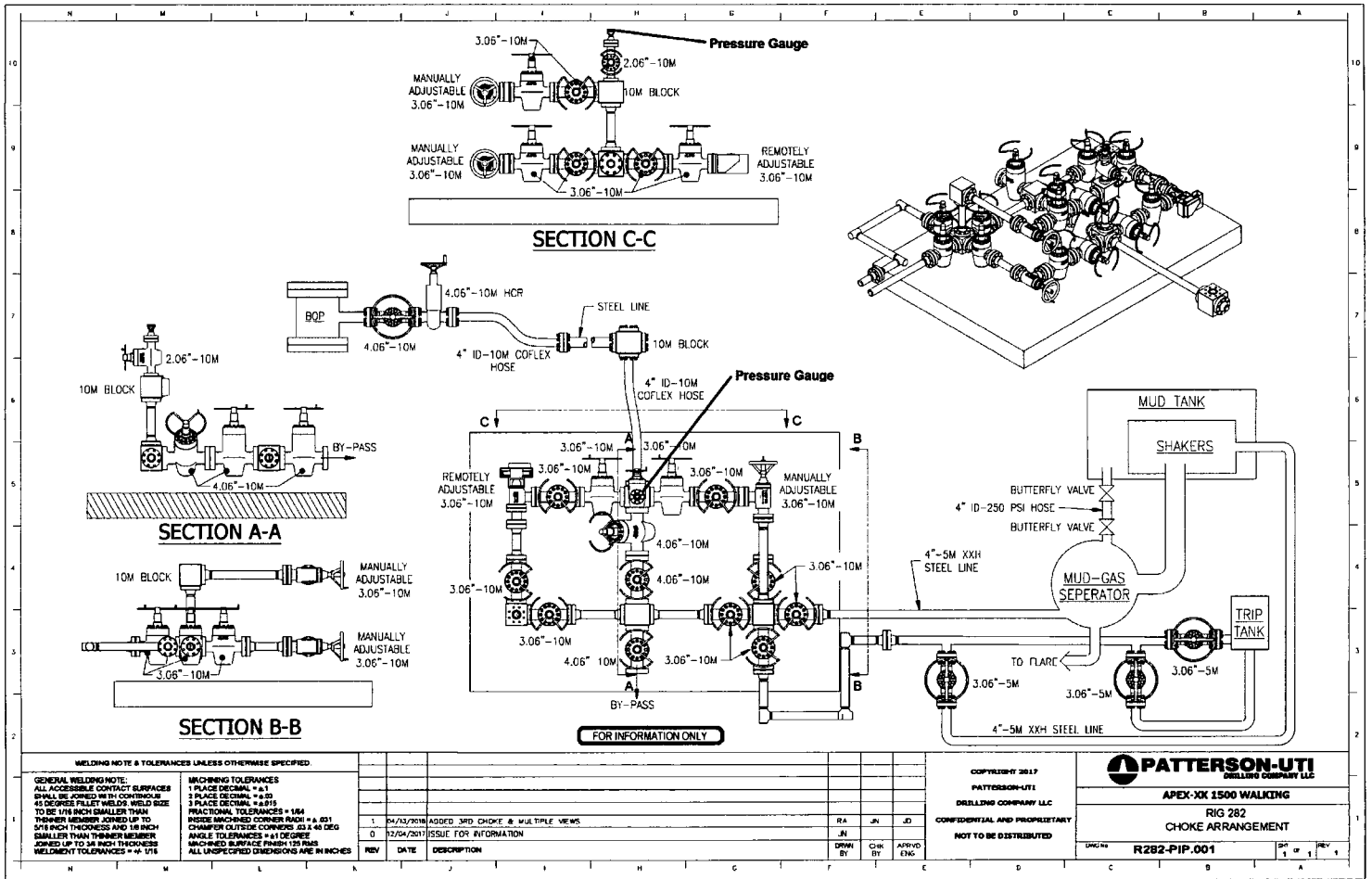
10M_Well_Control_Plan_20180612152735.docx

Close_Loop_System_20180612152736.docx

Gas_Capture_Plan___Brad_Lummis_Fed_Com___121H__131H__201H__211H__215H__2..._20180614150302.docx

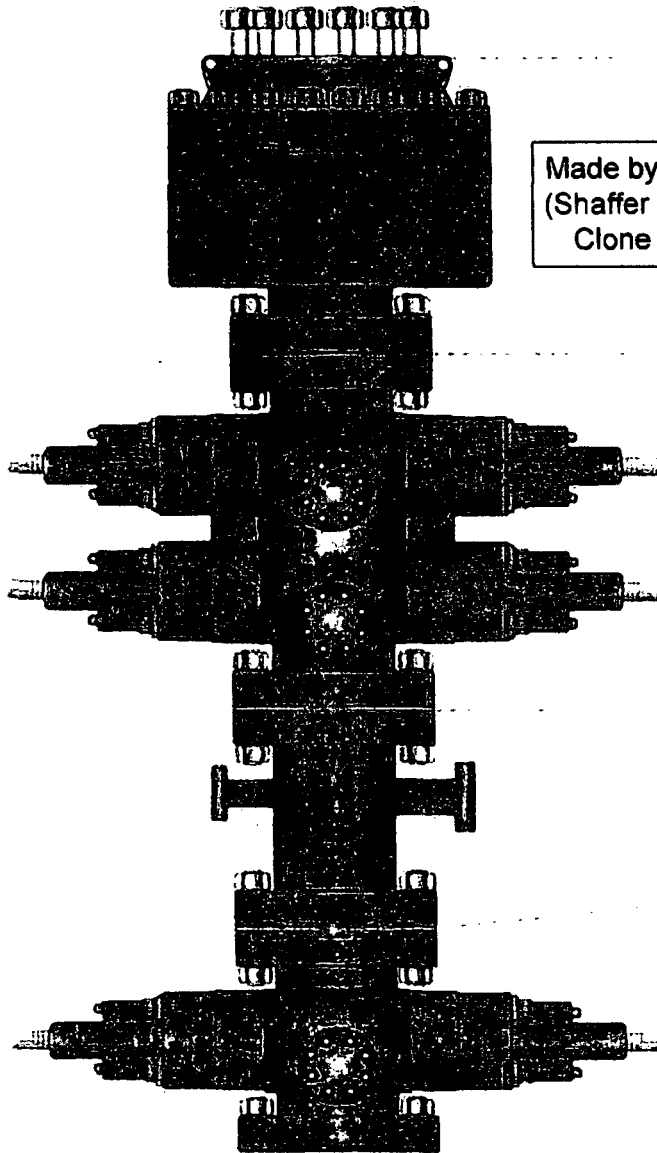
4_String_Wellhead_Diagram_20180913134122.pdf

Other Variance attachment:





PATTERSON-UTI
Well Control



Made by Cameron
(Shaffer Spherical)
Clone Annular

PATTERSON-UTI # PS2-628
STYLE: New Shaffer Spherical
BORE 13 5/8" PRESSURE 5,000
HEIGHT: 48 1/2" WEIGHT: 13,800 lbs

PATTERSON-UTI # PC2-128
STYLE: New Cameron Type U
BORE 13 5/8" PRESSURE 10,000
RAMS: TOP 5" Pipe BTM Blinds
HEIGHT: 66 5/8" WEIGHT: 24,000 lbs

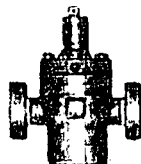
Length 40" Outlets 4" 10M
DSA 4" 10M x 2" 10M

PATTERSON-UTI # PC2-228
STYLE: New Cameron Type U
BORE 13 5/8" PRESSURE 10,000
RAMS: 5" Pipe
HEIGHT: 41 5/8" WEIGHT: 13,000 lbs

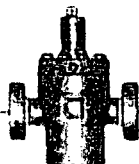
WING VALVES



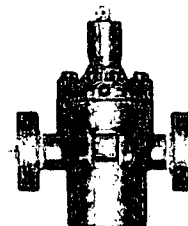
2" Check Valve



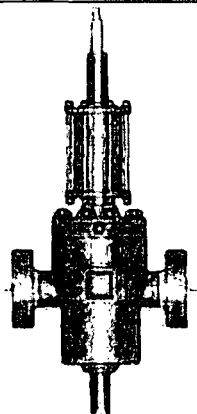
2" Manual Valve



2" Manual Valve



4" Manual Valve



4" Hydraulic Valve

Exhibit E-2: Co-Flex Certifications
Brad Lummis Fed Com #211H
Matador Resources Company



Midwest Hose
& Specialty, Inc.

Internal Hydrostatic Test Graph

December 8, 2014

Customer: Patterson

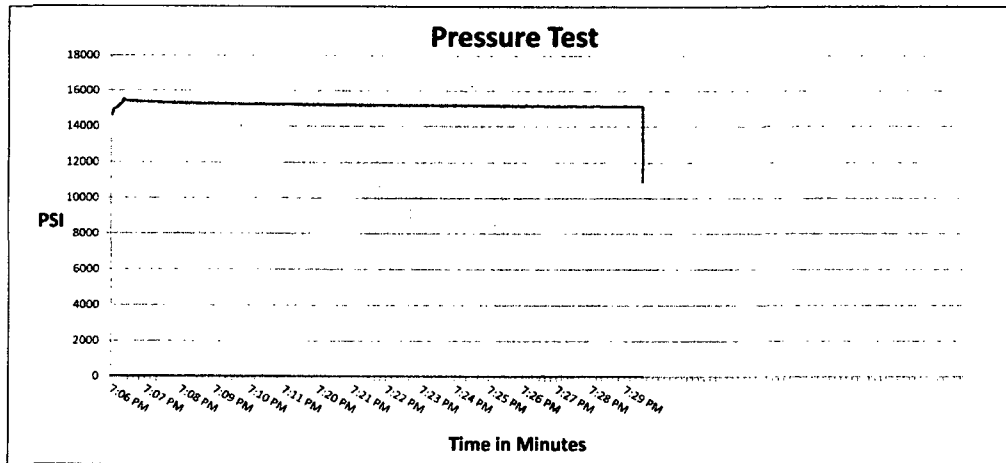
Pick Ticket #: 284918

Hose Specifications

Hose Type	Length
Ck	10'
I.D.	O.D.
3"	4.79"
Working Pressure	Burst Pressure
10000 PSI	Standard Safety Multiplier Applies

Verification

Type of Fitting	Coupling Method
4-1/16 10K	Swage
Die Size	Final O.D.
5.37"	5.37"
Hose Serial #	Hose Assembly Serial #
10490	284918-2



Test Pressure
15000 PSI

Time Held at Test Pressure
15 2/4 Minutes

Actual Burst Pressure

Peak Pressure
15732 PSI

Comments: Hose assembly pressure tested with water at ambient temperature.


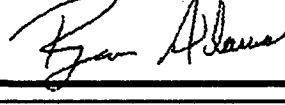
Tested By: Tyler Hill

Approved By: Ryan Adams



Midwest Hose
& Specialty, Inc.

Internal Hydrostatic Test Certificate

General Information		Hose Specifications	
Customer	PATTERSON B&E	Hose Assembly Type	Choke & Kill
MWH Sales Representative	AMY WHITE	Certification	API 7K
Date Assembled	12/8/2014	Hose Grade	MUD
Location Assembled	OKC	Hose Working Pressure	10000
Sales Order #	236404	Hose Lot # and Date Code	10490-01/13
Customer Purchase Order #	260471	Hose I.D. (Inches)	3"
Assembly Serial # (Pick Ticket #)	287918-2	Hose O.D. (Inches)	5.30"
Hose Assembly Length	10'	Armor (yes/no)	YES
Fittings			
End A		End B	
Stem (Part and Revision #)	R3.0X64WB	Stem (Part and Revision #)	R3.0X64WB
Stem (Heat #)	91996	Stem (Heat #)	91996
Ferrule (Part and Revision #)	RF3.0	Ferrule (Part and Revision #)	RF3.0
Ferrule (Heat #)	37DA5631	Ferrule (Heat #)	37DA5631
Connection (Part #)	4 1/16 10K	Connection (Part #)	4 1/16 10K
Connection (Heat #)		Connection (Heat #)	
Dies Used	5.37	Dies Used	5.37
Hydrostatic Test Requirements			
Test Pressure (psi)	15,000	Hose assembly was tested with ambient water temperature.	
Test Pressure Hold Time (minutes)	15 1/2		
Date Tested	Tested By		Approved By
12/8/2014			



Midwest Hose
& Specialty, Inc.

Certificate of Conformity

Customer: **PATTERSON B&E**

Customer P.O.# **260471**

Sales Order # **236404**

Date Assembled: **12/8/2014**

Specifications

Hose Assembly Type: **Choke & Kill**

Assembly Serial # **287918-2**

Hose Lot # and Date Code **10490-01/13**

Hose Working Pressure (psi) **10000**

Test Pressure (psi) **15000**

We hereby certify that the above material supplied for the referenced purchase order to be true according to the requirements of the purchase order and current industry standards.

Supplier:

Midwest Hose & Specialty, Inc.
3312 S I-35 Service Rd
Oklahoma City, OK 73129

Comments:

Approved By

Date

12/9/2014

Exhibit E-2: Co-Flex Certifications
 Brad Lummis Fed Com #211H
 Matador Resources Company



Internal Hydrostatic Test Graph

December 9, 2014

Customer: Patterson

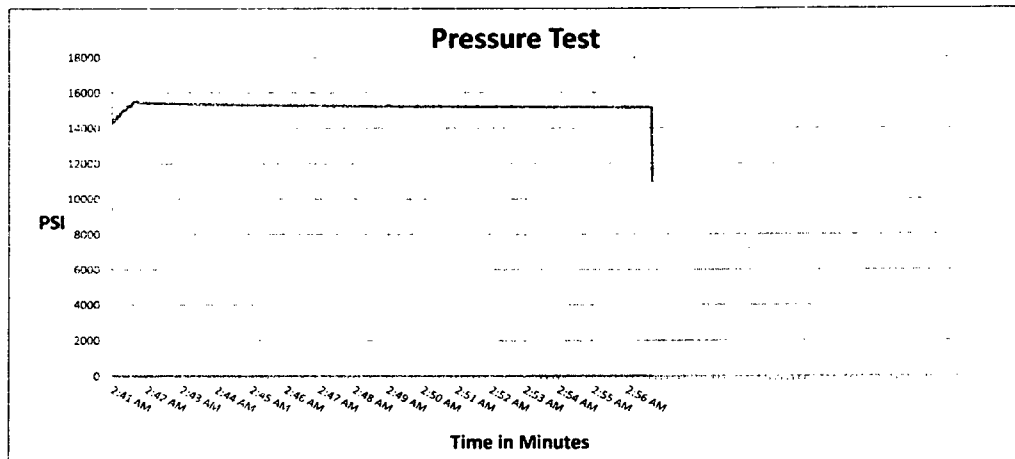
Pick Ticket #: 284918

Hose Specifications

Verification

Hose Type	Length	Type of Fitting	Coupling Method
Ck	20'	4-1/16 10K	Swage
I.D.	O.D.	Die Size	Final O.D.
3"	4.77"	5.37"	5.40"
Working Pressure	Burst Pressure	Hose Serial #	Hose Assembly Serial #
10000 PSI	Standard Safety Multiplier Applies	10490	284918-1

R297



Test Pressure	Time Held at Test Pressure	Actual Burst Pressure	Peak Pressure
15000 PSI	15 2/4 Minutes		15893 PSI

Comments: Hose assembly pressure tested with water at ambient temperature.

Tested By: Tyler Hill

Approved By: Ryan Adams

[Signature]

[Signature]



Midwest Hose
& Specialty, Inc.

Internal Hydrostatic Test Certificate

General Information		Hose Specifications	
Customer	PATTERSON B&E	Hose Assembly Type	Choke & Kill
MWH Sales Representative	AMY WHITE	Certification	API 7K
Date Assembled	12/8/2014	Hose Grade	MUD
Location Assembled	OKC	Hose Working Pressure	10000
Sales Order #	236404	Hose Lot # and Date Code	10490-01/13
Customer Purchase Order #	260471	Hose I.D. (Inches)	3"
Assembly Serial # (Pick Ticket #)	287918-1	Hose O.D. (Inches)	5.30"
Hose Assembly Length	20'	Armor (yes/no)	YES
Fittings			
End A		End B	
Stem (Part and Revision #)	R3.0X64WB	Stem (Part and Revision #)	R3.0X64WB
Stem (Heat #)	A141420	Stem (Heat #)	A141420
Ferrule (Part and Revision #)	RF3.0	Ferrule (Part and Revision #)	RF3.0
Ferrule (Heat #)	37DA5631	Ferrule (Heat #)	37DA5631
Connection (Part #)	4 1/16 10K	Connection (Part #)	4 1/16 10K
Connection (Heat #)	V3579	Connection (Heat #)	V3579
Dies Used	5.37	Dies Used	5.37
Hydrostatic Test Requirements			
Test Pressure (psi)	15,000	Hose assembly was tested with ambient water temperature.	
Test Pressure Hold Time (minutes)	15 1/2		
Date Tested	Tested By		Approved By
12/9/2014			

Certificate of Conformity

Customer P.O.# 260471

Date Assembled: 12/8/2014

Specifications

Hose Lot # and Date Code **10490-01/13**

Test Pressure (psi) 15000

Comments:

Date

12/9/2014

Exhibit E-2: Co-Flex Certifications
 Brad Lummis Fed Com #211H
 Matador Resources Company



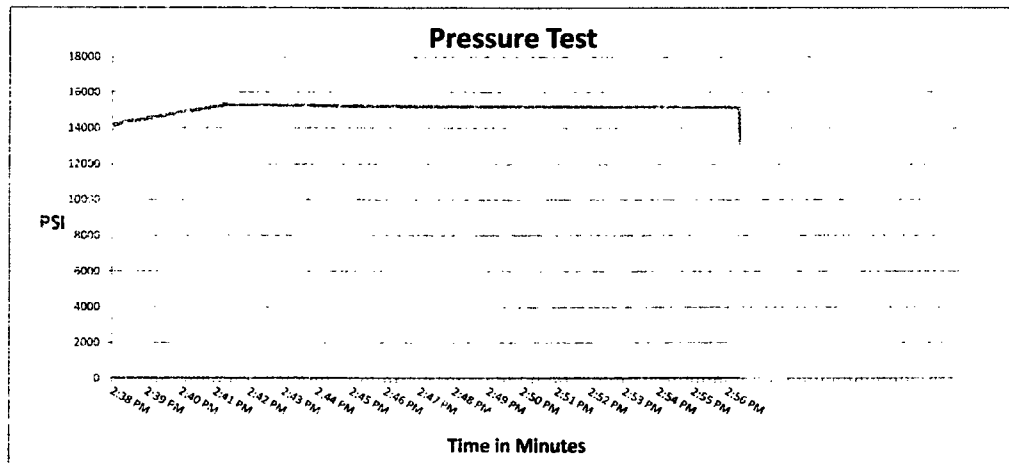
Internal Hydrostatic Test Graph

December 9, 2014

Customer: Patterson

Pick Ticket #: 284918

Hose Specifications		Verification	
Hose Type	Length	Type of Fitting	Coupling Method
Mud	70'	4 1/16 10K	Swage
I.D.	O.D.	Die Size	Final O.D.
3"	4.79"	5.37"	5.37"
Working Pressure	Burst Pressure	Hose Serial #	Hose Assembly Serial #
10000 PSI	Standard Safety Multiplier Applies	10490	284918-3



Test Pressure
15000 PSI

Time Held at Test Pressure
16 3/4 Minutes

Actual Burst Pressure

Peak Pressure
15410 PSI

Comments: Hose assembly pressure tested with water at ambient temperature.

Tested By: Tyler Hill

Approved By: Ryan Adams

[Signature]

[Signature]



Midwest Hose
& Specialty, Inc.

Internal Hydrostatic Test Certificate

General Information		Hose Specifications	
Customer	PATTERSON B&E	Hose Assembly Type	Choke & Kill
MWH Sales Representative	AMY WHITE	Certification	API 7K
Date Assembled	12/8/2014	Hose Grade	MUD
Location Assembled	OKC	Hose Working Pressure	10000
Sales Order #	236404	Hose Lot # and Date Code	10490-01/13
Customer Purchase Order #	260471	Hose I.D. (Inches)	3"
Assembly Serial # (Pick Ticket #)	287918-3	Hose O.D. (Inches)	5.23"
Hose Assembly Length	70'	Armor (yes/no)	YES
Fittings			
End A		End B	
Stem (Part and Revision #)	R3.0X64WB	Stem (Part and Revision #)	R3.0X64WB
Stem (Heat #)	A141420	Stem (Heat #)	A141420
Ferrule (Part and Revision #)	RF3.0	Ferrule (Part and Revision #)	RF3.0
Ferrule (Heat #)	37DA5631	Ferrule (Heat #)	37DA5631
Connection (Part #)	4 1/16 10K	Connection (Part #)	4 1/16 10K
Connection (Heat #)		Connection (Heat #)	
Dies Used	5.37	Dies Used	5.37
Hydrostatic Test Requirements			
Test Pressure (psi)	15,000	Hose assembly was tested with ambient water temperature.	
Test Pressure Hold Time (minutes)	16 3/4		
Date Tested	Tested By	Approved By	
12/9/2014			



Midwest Hose
& Specialty, Inc.

Certificate of Conformity

Customer: **PATTERSON B&E**

Customer P.O.# **260471**

Sales Order # **236404**

Date Assembled: **12/8/2014**

Specifications

Hose Assembly Type: **Choke & Kill**

Assembly Serial # **287918-3**

Hose Lot # and Date Code **10490-01/13**

Hose Working Pressure (psi) **10000**

Test Pressure (psi) **15000**

We hereby certify that the above material supplied for the referenced purchase order to be true according to the requirements of the purchase order and current industry standards.

Supplier:

Midwest Hose & Specialty, Inc.

3312 S I-35 Service Rd

Oklahoma City, OK 73129

Comments:

Approved By

Date

12/9/2014

**DATA ARE INFORMATIVE ONLY.
BASED ON SI_PD-101836 P&B**

VAM® HTF-NR™
Connection Data Sheet

OD	Weight	Wall Th.	Grade	API Drift	Connection
7 5/8 in.	29.70 lb/ft	0.375 in.	P110 EC	6.750 in.	VAM® HTF NR

PIPE PROPERTIES

Nominal OD	7.625 in.
Nominal ID	6.875 in.
Nominal Cross Section Area	8.541 sqin.
Grade Type	Enhanced API
Min. Yield Strength	125 ksi
Max. Yield Strength	140 ksi
Min. Ultimate Tensile Strength	135 ksi
Tensile Yield Strength	1 068 klb
Internal Yield Pressure	10 760 psi
Collapse pressure	7 360 psi

CONNECTION PROPERTIES

Connection Type	Premium Integral Flush
Connection OD (nom)	7.701 in.
Connection ID (nom)	6.782 in.
Make-Up Loss	4.657 in.
Critical Cross Section	4.971 sqin.
Tension Efficiency	58 % of pipe
Compression Efficiency	72.7 % of pipe
Compression Efficiency with Sealability	34.8 % of pipe
Internal Pressure Efficiency	100 % of pipe
External Pressure Efficiency	100 % of pipe

CONNECTION PERFORMANCES

Tensile Yield Strength	619 klb
Compression Resistance	778 klb
Compression with Sealability	372 klb
Internal Yield Pressure	10 760 psi
External Pressure Resistance	7 360 psi
Max. Bending	44 °/100ft
Max. Bending with Sealability	17 °/100ft

TORQUE VALUES

Min. Make-up torque	9 600 ft.lb
Opti. Make-up torque	11 300 ft.lb
Max. Make-up torque	13 000 ft.lb
Max. Torque with Sealability	58 500 ft.lb
Max. Torsional Value	73 000 ft.lb

VAM® HTF™ (High Torque Flush) is a flush OD integral connection providing maximum clearance along with torque strength for challenging applications such as extended reach and slim hole wells, drilling liner / casing, liner rotation to achieve better cementation in highly deviated and critical High Pressure / High Temperature wells.

Looking ahead on the outcoming testing industry standards, VAM® decided to create an upgraded design and launch on the market the VAM® HTF-NR as the new standard version of VAM® extreme high torque flush connection. The VAM® HTF-NR has extensive tests as per API RP 5C5:2015 CAL II which include the gas sealability having load points with bending, internal pressure and high temperature at 135°C.

Do you need help on this product? - Remember no one knows VAM® like VAM®

canada@vamfieldservice.com
usa@vamfieldservice.com
mexico@vamfieldservice.com
brazil@vamfieldservice.com

uk@vamfieldservice.com
dubai@vamfieldservice.com
nigeria@vamfieldservice.com
angola@vamfieldservice.com

china@vamfieldservice.com
baku@vamfieldservice.com
singapore@vamfieldservice.com
australia@vamfieldservice.com

Over 180 VAM® Specialists available worldwide 24/7 for Rig Site Assistance

Other Connection Data Sheets are available at www.vamservices.com

Vallourec Group



Technical Specifications

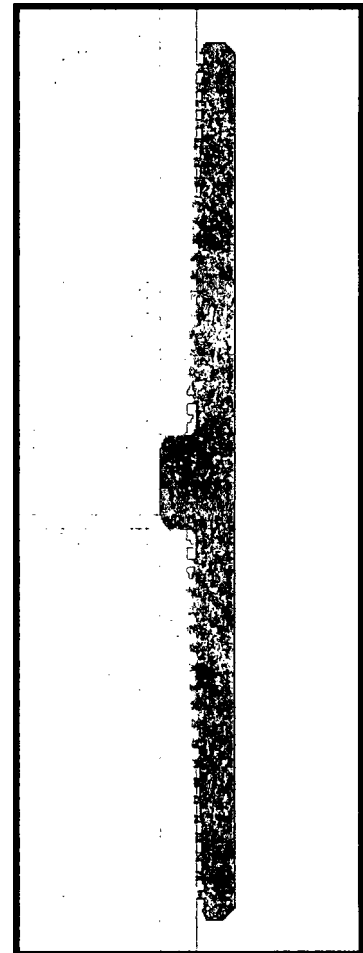
Connection Type:	Size(O.D.):	Weight (Wall):	Grade:
DWC/C-IS MS Casing standard	5-1/2 in	20.00 lb/ft (0.361 in)	VST P110 EC

VST P110 EC	Material
125,000	Grade
135,000	Minimum Yield Strength (psi)
	Minimum Ultimate Strength (psi)



VAM USA
4424 W. Sam Houston Pkwy. Suite 150
Houston, TX 77041
Phone: 713-479-3200
Fax: 713-479-3234
E-mail: VAMUSAsales@vam-usa.com

	Pipe Dimensions
5.500	Nominal Pipe Body O.D. (in)
4.778	Nominal Pipe Body I.D.(in)
0.361	Nominal Wall Thickness (in)
20.00	Nominal Weight (lbs/ft)
19.83	Plain End Weight (lbs/ft)
5.828	Nominal Pipe Body Area (sq in)
	Pipe Body Performance Properties
729,000	Minimum Pipe Body Yield Strength (lbs)
12,090	Minimum Collapse Pressure (psi)
14,360	Minimum Internal Yield Pressure (psi)
13,100	Hydrostatic Test Pressure (psi)
	Connection Dimensions
6.115	Connection O.D. (in)
4.778	Connection I.D. (in)
4.653	Connection Drift Diameter (in)
4.13	Make-up Loss (in)
5.828	Critical Area (sq in)
100.0	Joint Efficiency (%)
	Connection Performance Properties
729,000	Joint Strength (lbs)
26,040	Reference String Length (ft) 1.4 Design Factor
728,000	API Joint Strength (lbs)
729,000	Compression Rating (lbs)
12,090	API Collapse Pressure Rating (psi)
14,360	API Internal Pressure Resistance (psi)
104.2	Maximum Uniaxial Bend Rating [degrees/100 ft]
	Approximated Field End Torque Values
16,100	Minimum Final Torque (ft-lbs)
18,600	Maximum Final Torque (ft-lbs)
21,100	Connection Yield Torque (ft-lbs)



For detailed information on performance properties, refer to DWC Connection Data Notes on following page(s).

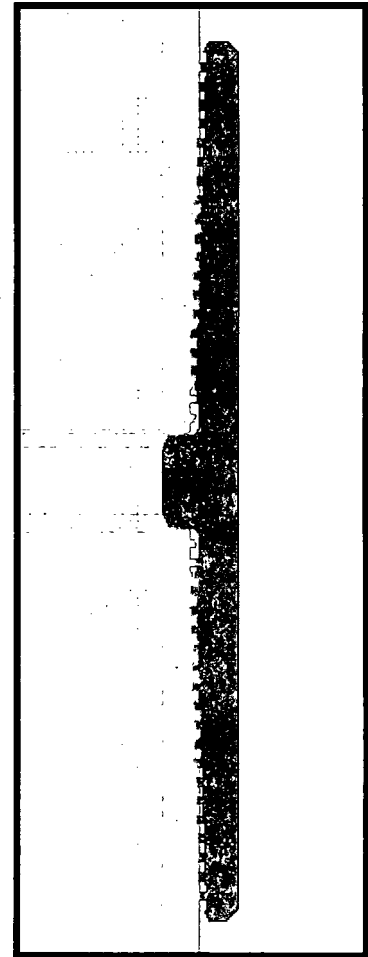
Connection specifications within the control of VAM USA were correct as of the date printed. Specifications are subject to change without notice. Certain connection specifications are dependent on the mechanical properties of the pipe. Mechanical properties of mill proprietary pipe grades were obtained from mill publications and are subject to change. Properties of mill proprietary grades should be confirmed with the mill. Users are advised to obtain current connection specifications and verify pipe mechanical properties for each application.

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DWC Connection Data Notes:

1. DWC connections are available with a seal ring (SR) option.
2. All standard DWC/C connections are interchangeable for a give pipe OD. DWC connections are interchangeable with DWC/C-SR connections of the same OD and wall.
3. Connection performance properties are based on nominal pipe body and connection dimensions.
4. DWC connection internal and external pressure resistance is calculated using the API rating for buttress connections. API Internal pressure resistance is calculated from formulas 31, 32, and 35 in the API Bulletin 5C3.
5. DWC joint strength is the minimum pipe body yield strength multiplied by the connection critical area.
6. API joint strength is for reference only. It is calculated from formulas 42 and 43 in the API Bulletin 5C3.
7. Bending efficiency is equal to the compression efficiency.
8. The torque values listed are recommended. The actual torque required may be affected by field conditions such as temperature, thread compound, speed of make-up, weather conditions, etc.
9. Connection yield torque is not to be exceeded.
10. Reference string length is calculated by dividing the joint strength by both the nominal weight in air and a design factor (DF) of 1.4. These values are offered for reference only and do not include load factors such as bending, buoyancy, temperature, load dynamics, etc.
11. DWC connections will accommodate API standard drift diameters.



Connection specifications within the control of VAM USA were correct as of the date printed. Specifications are subject to change without notice. Certain connection specifications are dependent on the mechanical properties of the pipe. Mechanical properties of mill proprietary pipe grades were obtained from mill publications and are subject to change. Properties of mill proprietary grades should be confirmed with the mill. Users are advised to obtain current connection specifications and verify pipe mechanical properties for each application.

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Name	Hole Size	Top Setting Depth (MD)	Top Setting Depth (TVD)	Bottom Setting Depth (MD)	Bottom Setting Depth (TVD)	Casing Size	Wt/Grade	Joint Type	API Standard
Surface	17-1/2"	0	0	1150	1150	13-3/8" (new)	54.5# J-55	BUTT	Yes
Intermediate	12-1/4"	0	0	5400	5400	9-5/8" (new)	40# J-55	BUTT	Yes
Intermediate 2 Top	8-3/4"	0	0	5000	5000	7-5/8" (new)	29.7# P-110	BUTT	Yes
Intermediate 2 Middle	8-3/4"	5000	5000	12000	12000	7-5/8" (new)	29.7# P-110	VAM HTF-NR	No
Intermediate 2 Bottom	8-3/4"	12000	12000	12897	12636	7" (new)	29# P-110	BUTT	Yes
Production Top	6-1/8"	0	0	11900	11900	5-1/2" (new)	20# P-110	DWCC-IS MS	No
Production Bottom	6-1/8"	11900	11900	17412	12650	4-1/2" (new)	13.5# P-110	DWCC-HT-IS	No

Safety Design Factors: Collapse: 1.125, Burst: 1.125, Body Tensile: 1.8 (Buoyant), Joint Tensile: 1.8 (Buoyant)

Name	Hole Size	Top Setting Depth (MD)	Top Setting Depth (TVD)	Bottom Setting Depth (MD)	Bottom Setting Depth (TVD)	Casing Size	Wt/Grade	Joint Type	API Standard
Surface	17-1/2"	0	0	1150	1150	13-3/8" (new)	54.5# J-55	BUTT	Yes
Intermediate	12-1/4"	0	0	5400	5400	9-5/8" (new)	40# J-55	BUTT	Yes
Intermediate 2 Top	8-3/4"	0	0	5000	5000	7-5/8" (new)	29.7# P-110	BUTT	Yes
Intermediate 2 Middle	8-3/4"	5000	5000	12000	12000	7-5/8" (new)	29.7# P-110	VAM HTF-NR	No
Intermediate 2 Bottom	8-3/4"	12000	12000	12897	12636	7" (new)	29# P-110	BUTT	Yes
Production Top	6-1/8"	0	0	11900	11900	5-1/2" (new)	20# P-110	DWCC-IS MS	No
Production Bottom	6-1/8"	11900	11900	17412	12650	4-1/2" (new)	13.5# P-110	DWCC-HT-IS	No

Safety Design Factors: Collapse: 1.125, Burst: 1.125, Body Tensile: 1.8 (Buoyant), Joint Tensile: 1.8 (Buoyant)

Name	Hole Size	Top Setting Depth (MD)	Top Setting Depth (TVD)	Bottom Setting Depth (MD)	Bottom Setting Depth (TVD)	Casing Size	Wt/Grade	Joint Type	API Standard
Surface	17-1/2"	0	0	1150	1150	13-3/8" (new)	54.5# J-55	BUTT	Yes
Intermediate	12-1/4"	0	0	5400	5400	9-5/8" (new)	40# J-55	BUTT	Yes
Intermediate 2 Top	8-3/4"	0	0	5000	5000	7-5/8" (new)	29.7# P-110	BUTT	Yes
Intermediate 2 Middle	8-3/4"	5000	5000	12000	12000	7-5/8" (new)	29.7# P-110	VAM HTF-NR	No
Intermediate 2 Bottom	8-3/4"	12000	12000	12897	12636	7" (new)	29# P-110	BUTT	Yes
Production Top	6-1/8"	0	0	11900	11900	5-1/2" (new)	20# P-110	DWCC-IS MS	No
Production Bottom	6-1/8"	11900	11900	17412	12650	4-1/2" (new)	13.5# P-110	DWCC-HT-IS	No

Safety Design Factors: Collapse: 1.125, Burst: 1.125, Body Tensile: 1.8 (Buoyant), Joint Tensile: 1.8 (Buoyant)

Name	Hole Size	Top Setting Depth (MD)	Top Setting Depth (TVD)	Bottom Setting Depth (MD)	Bottom Setting Depth (TVD)	Casing Size	Wt/Grade	Joint Type	API Standard
Surface	17-1/2"	0	0	1150	1150	13-3/8" (new)	54.5# J-55	BUTT	Yes
Intermediate	12-1/4"	0	0	5400	5400	9-5/8" (new)	40# J-55	BUTT	Yes
Intermediate 2 Top	8-3/4"	0	0	5000	5000	7-5/8" (new)	29.7# P-110	BUTT	Yes
Intermediate 2 Middle	8-3/4"	5000	5000	12000	12000	7-5/8" (new)	29.7# P-110	VAM HTF-NR	No
Intermediate 2 Bottom	8-3/4"	12000	12000	12897	12636	7" (new)	29# P-110	BUTT	Yes
Production Top	6-1/8"	0	0	11900	11900	5-1/2" (new)	20# P-110	DWCC-IS MS	No
Production Bottom	6-1/8"	11900	11900	17412	12650	4-1/2" (new)	13.5# P-110	DWCC-HT-IS	No

Safety Design Factors: Collapse: 1.125, Burst: 1.125, Body Tensile: 1.8 (Buoyant), Joint Tensile: 1.8 (Buoyant)

Casing Design Criteria and Load Case Assumptions

Surface Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.52 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (8.3 ppg).

Intermediate #1 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 50 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (10.0 ppg).

Intermediate #2 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Partial Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered. Internal force equal to gas gradient over half of setting depth and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run below that (0.65 psi/ft).

- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 100 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.65 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (9.0 ppg).

Production Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.65 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: 8000 psi casing test with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Injection Down Casing: 9500 psi surface injection pressure plus an internal pressure gradient of 0.65 psi/ft with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (12.5 ppg).

Casing Design Criteria and Load Case Assumptions

Surface Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.52 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (8.3 ppg).

Intermediate #1 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 50 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (10.0 ppg).

Intermediate #2 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Partial Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered. Internal force equal to gas gradient over half of setting depth and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run below that (0.65 psi/ft).

- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 100 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.65 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (9.0 ppg).

Production Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.65 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: 8000 psi casing test with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Injection Down Casing: 9500 psi surface injection pressure plus an internal pressure gradient of 0.65 psi/ft with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (12.5 ppg).

Casing Design Criteria and Load Case Assumptions

Surface Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.52 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (8.3 ppg).

Intermediate #1 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 50 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (10.0 ppg).

Intermediate #2 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Partial Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered. Internal force equal to gas gradient over half of setting depth and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run below that (0.65 psi/ft).

- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 100 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.65 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (9.0 ppg).

Production Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.65 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: 8000 psi casing test with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Injection Down Casing: 9500 psi surface injection pressure plus an internal pressure gradient of 0.65 psi/ft with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (12.5 ppg).

Casing Design Criteria and Load Case Assumptions

Surface Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.52 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (8.3 ppg).

Intermediate #1 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 50 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (10.0 ppg).

Intermediate #2 Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Partial Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered. Internal force equal to gas gradient over half of setting depth and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run below that (0.65 psi/ft).

- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 100 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.65 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (9.0 ppg).

Production Casing

Collapse: $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.65 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: 8000 psi casing test with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Injection Down Casing: 9500 psi surface injection pressure plus an internal pressure gradient of 0.65 psi/ft with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.65 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (12.5 ppg).

Exhibit E-6: H2S Contingency Plan Emergency Contacts
Brad Lummis Fed Com #211H
Matador Resources Company
Sec. 23, 24S, 34E
Lea County, NM

Company Office			
Matador Resources Company		(972)-371-5200	
Key Personnel			
Name	Title	Office	Mobile
Billy Goodwin	Vice President Drilling	972-371-5210	817-522-2928
Dee Smith	Drilling Superintendent	972-371-5447	972-822-1010
Blake Hermes	Drilling Engineer Construction Superintendent Construction Superintendent	972-371-5485	713-876-8558
Artesia			
Ambulance			911
State Police		575-746-2703	
City Police		575-746-2703	
Sheriff's Office		575-746-9888	
Fire Department		575-746-2701	
Local Emergency Planning Committee		575-746-2122	
New Mexico Oil Conservation Division		575-748-1283	
Carlsbad			
Ambulance			911
State Police		575-885-3137	
City Police		575-885-2111	
Sheriff's Office		575-887-7551	
Fire Department		575-887-3798	
Local Emergency Planning Committee		575-887-6544	
New Mexico Oil Conservation Division		575-887-6544	
Santa Fe			
New Mexico Emergency Response Comission (Santa Fe)		505-476-9600	
New Mexico Emergency Response Comission (Santa Fe) 24 hrs		505-827-9126	
New Mexico State Emergency Operations Center		505-476-9635	
National			
National Emegency Response Center (Washington, D.C.)		800-424-8802	
Medical			
Flight for Life- 4000 24th St.; Lubbock, TX		806-743-9911	
Aerocare- R3, Box 49F; Lubbock, TX		806-747-8923	
Med Flight Air Amb- 2301 Yale Blvd S.E., D3; Albuquerque, NM		505-842-4433	
SB Air Med Service- 2505 Clark Carr Loop S.E.; Albuquerque, NM		505-842-4949	
Other			
Boots & Coots IWC		800-256-9688	or 281-931-8884
Cudd Pressure Control		432-699-0139	or 432-563-3356

Haliburton
B.J. Services

575-746-2757
575-746-3569

Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling

Operations Plan

Matador Resources

1 H2S safety instructions to the following:

- Characteristics of H2S
- Physical effects and hazards
- Principal and operation of H2S detectors, warning system and briefing areas
- Evacuation procedures, routes and first aid
- *Proper use of safety equipment & life support systems*
- Essential personnel meeting medical evaluation criteria will receive additional training on the proper use of 30min pressure demand air packs

2 H2S Detection and Alarm Systems:

- H2S sensor/detectors to be located on the drilling rig floor, in the base of the sub structure / cellar area, on the mud pits in the shale shaker area. Additional H2S detectors may be placed as deemed necessary
- An audio alarm system will be installed on the derrick floor and in the doghouse

3 Windssocks and / Wind Streamers:

- Windssocks at mud pit area should be high enough to be visible
- Windssock on the rig floor and / top of doghouse should be high enough to be visible

4 Condition Flags and Signs:

- Warning sign on access road to location
- Flags to be displayed on sign at entrance to location
 - Green Flag – Normal Safe Operation Condition
 - Yellow Flag – Potential Pressure and Danger
 - Red Flag – Danger (H2S present in dangerous concentrations) Only H2S trained personnel admitted on location

5 Well Control Equipment:

- See Exhibit E-1

6 Communication:

- While working under masks chalkboards will be used for communications

- Hand signals will be used where chalk board is inappropriate
- Two way radio will be used to communicate off location in case of emergency help is required. In most cases cellular telephones will be available at most drilling foreman's trailer or living quarters.

7 Drilling Stem Testing:

- No DST cores are planned at this time

8 Drilling contractor supervisor will be required to be familiar with the effects H₂S has on tubulars good and other mechanical equipment

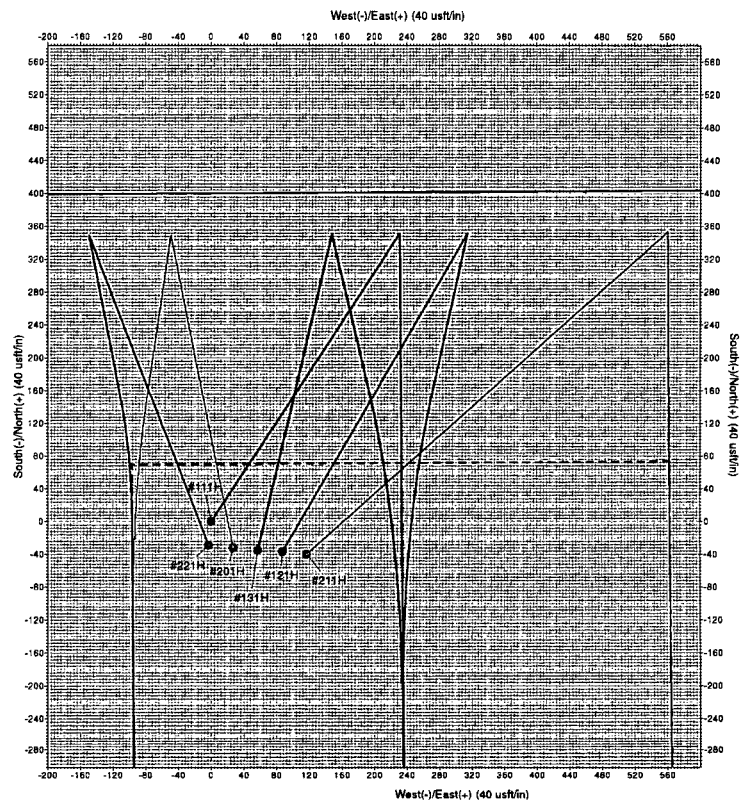
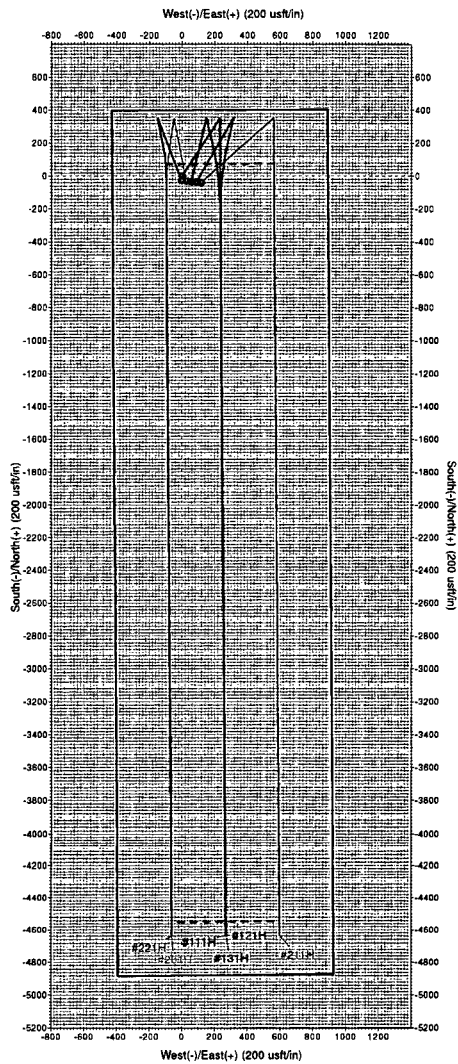
9 If H₂S is encountered, mud system will be altered if necessary to maintain control of formation. A mud gas separator will be brought into service along with H₂S scavengers if necessary

11 Emergency Contacts

- See exhibit E-6



Matador Resources
Lea County, NM
Brad Lummis Fed Com
Slot 1 Pad
Prelim A
Patterson 274





Pro Directional Survey Report



Company:	Matador Resources	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Well #211H
Project:	Lea County, NM	TVD Reference:	GL: 3492' + KB: 28.5' @ 3520.50usft (Patterson 274)
Site:	Brad Lummis Fed Com	MD Reference:	GL: 3492' + KB: 28.5' @ 3520.50usft (Patterson 274)
Well:	#211H	North Reference:	Grid
Wellbore:	OH	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Design:	Prelim A	Database:	WellPlanner1

Project	Lea County, NM		
Map System:	US State Plane 1927 (Exact solution)	System Datum:	Mean Sea Level
Geo Datum:	NAD 1927 (NADCON CONUS)		
Map Zone:	New Mexico East 3001		

Site	Brad Lummis Fed Com			
Site Position:		Northing:	440,907.00 usft	Latitude: 32.209066
From:	Map	Easting:	774,006.00 usft	Longitude: -103.447427
Position Uncertainty:	0.00 usft	Slot Radius:	13-3/16 "	Grid Convergence: 0.47 °

Well	#211H			
Well Position	+N/-S	0.00 usft	Northing:	440,867.00 usft
	+E/-W	0.00 usft	Easting:	774,123.00 usft
Position Uncertainty	0.00 usft		Wellhead Elevation:	usft
			Ground Level:	3,492.00 usft

Wellbore	OH				
Magnetics	Model Name	Sample Date	Declination (°)	Dip Angle (°)	Field Strength (nT)
	HDGM	5/24/2018	6.73	59.92	48,003.30

Design	Prelim A			
Audit Notes:				
Version:	Phase:	PLAN	Tie On Depth:	0.00
Vertical Section:	Depth From (TVD) (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Direction (°)
	0.00	0.00	0.00	179.57

Survey Tool Program	Date 5/29/2018			
From (usft)	To (usft)	Survey (Wellbore)	Tool Name	Description
0.00	17,412.27	Prelim A (OH)	MWD+HDGM	OWSG MWD + HRGM

Planned Survey										
Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)	
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
100.00	0.00	0.00	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
200.00	0.00	0.00	200.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
300.00	0.00	0.00	300.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
400.00	0.00	0.00	400.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
500.00	0.00	0.00	500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
600.00	1.00	48.45	599.99	0.58	0.65	-0.57	1.00	1.00	0.00	
700.00	2.00	48.45	699.96	2.32	2.61	-2.30	1.00	1.00	0.00	
800.00	3.00	48.45	799.86	5.21	5.88	-5.16	1.00	1.00	0.00	



Pro Directional Survey Report



Company:	Matador Resources	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Well #211H
Project:	Lea County, NM	TVD Reference:	GL: 3492' + KB: 28.5' @ 3520.50usft (Patterson 274)
Site:	Brad Lummis Fed Com	MD Reference:	GL: 3492' + KB: 28.5' @ 3520.50usft (Patterson 274)
Well:	#211H	North Reference:	Grid
Wellbore:	OH	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Design:	Prelim A	Database:	WellPlanner1

Planned Survey

Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
900.00	4.00	48.45	899.68	9.26	10.44	-9.18	1.00	1.00	0.00
999.96	5.00	48.45	999.33	14.46	16.31	-14.34	1.00	1.00	0.00
1,100.00	5.00	48.45	1,098.99	20.24	22.84	-20.07	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,200.00	5.00	48.45	1,198.60	26.02	29.36	-25.80	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,300.00	5.00	48.45	1,298.22	31.80	35.88	-31.53	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,400.00	5.00	48.45	1,397.84	37.58	42.40	-37.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,500.00	5.00	48.45	1,497.46	43.37	48.93	-43.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,600.00	5.00	48.45	1,597.08	49.15	55.45	-48.73	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,700.00	5.00	48.45	1,696.70	54.93	61.97	-54.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,800.00	5.00	48.45	1,796.32	60.71	68.49	-60.19	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,900.00	5.00	48.45	1,895.94	66.49	75.01	-65.92	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,000.00	5.00	48.45	1,995.56	72.27	81.53	-71.65	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,100.00	5.00	48.45	2,095.18	78.05	88.06	-77.39	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,200.00	5.00	48.45	2,194.80	83.83	94.58	-83.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,300.00	5.00	48.45	2,294.42	89.61	101.10	-88.85	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,400.00	5.00	48.45	2,394.04	95.39	107.62	-94.58	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,500.00	5.00	48.45	2,493.66	101.17	114.14	-100.31	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,600.00	5.00	48.45	2,593.28	106.95	120.66	-106.04	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,700.00	5.00	48.45	2,692.90	112.73	127.19	-111.78	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,800.00	5.00	48.45	2,792.52	118.51	133.71	-117.51	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,900.00	5.00	48.45	2,892.14	124.29	140.23	-123.24	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,000.00	5.00	48.45	2,991.76	130.07	146.75	-128.97	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,100.00	5.00	48.45	3,091.38	135.86	153.27	-134.70	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,200.00	5.00	48.45	3,191.00	141.64	159.80	-140.43	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,300.00	5.00	48.45	3,290.61	147.42	166.32	-146.16	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,400.00	5.00	48.45	3,390.23	153.20	172.84	-151.90	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,500.00	5.00	48.45	3,489.85	158.98	179.36	-157.63	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,600.00	5.00	48.45	3,589.47	164.76	185.88	-163.36	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,700.00	5.00	48.45	3,689.09	170.54	192.40	-169.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,800.00	5.00	48.45	3,788.71	176.32	198.93	-174.82	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,900.00	5.00	48.45	3,888.33	182.10	205.45	-180.55	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,000.00	5.00	48.45	3,987.95	187.88	211.97	-186.29	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,100.00	5.00	48.45	4,087.57	193.66	218.49	-192.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,200.00	5.00	48.45	4,187.19	199.44	225.01	-197.75	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,300.00	5.00	48.45	4,286.81	205.22	231.54	-203.48	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,400.00	5.00	48.45	4,386.43	211.00	238.06	-209.21	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,500.00	5.00	48.45	4,486.05	216.78	244.58	-214.94	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,600.00	5.00	48.45	4,585.67	222.57	251.10	-220.67	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,700.00	5.00	48.45	4,685.29	228.35	257.62	-226.41	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,800.00	5.00	48.45	4,784.91	234.13	264.14	-232.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,900.00	5.00	48.45	4,884.53	239.91	270.67	-237.87	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,000.00	5.00	48.45	4,984.15	245.69	277.19	-243.60	0.00	0.00	0.00



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Project:	Lea County, NM	TVD Reference:	GL: 3492' + KB: 28.5' @ 3520.50usft (Patterson 274)
Site:	Brad Lummis Fed Com	MD Reference:	GL: 3492' + KB: 28.5' @ 3520.50usft (Patterson 274)
Well:	#211H	North Reference:	Grid
Wellbore:	OH	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Design:	Prelim A	Database:	WellPlanner1

Planned Survey

Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
5,100.00	5.00	48.45	5,083.77	251.47	283.71	-249.33	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,200.00	5.00	48.45	5,183.39	257.25	290.23	-255.06	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,300.00	5.00	48.45	5,283.01	263.03	296.75	-260.80	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,400.00	5.00	48.45	5,382.62	268.81	303.28	-266.53	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,500.00	5.00	48.45	5,482.24	274.59	309.80	-272.26	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,600.00	5.00	48.45	5,581.86	280.37	316.32	-277.99	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,700.00	5.00	48.45	5,681.48	286.15	322.84	-283.72	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,800.00	5.00	48.45	5,781.10	291.93	329.36	-289.45	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,900.00	5.00	48.45	5,880.72	297.71	335.88	-295.18	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,000.00	5.00	48.45	5,980.34	303.49	342.41	-300.92	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,100.00	5.00	48.45	6,079.96	309.28	348.93	-306.65	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,200.00	5.00	48.45	6,179.58	315.06	355.45	-312.38	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,300.00	5.00	48.45	6,279.20	320.84	361.97	-318.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,400.00	5.00	48.45	6,378.82	326.62	368.49	-323.84	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,500.00	5.00	48.45	6,478.44	332.40	375.01	-329.57	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,600.00	5.00	48.45	6,578.06	338.18	381.54	-335.31	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,700.00	5.00	48.45	6,677.68	343.96	388.06	-341.04	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,800.00	5.00	48.45	6,777.30	349.74	394.58	-346.77	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,900.00	5.00	48.45	6,876.92	355.52	401.10	-352.50	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,000.00	5.00	48.45	6,976.54	361.30	407.62	-358.23	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,100.00	5.00	48.45	7,076.16	367.08	414.15	-363.96	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,200.00	5.00	48.45	7,175.78	372.86	420.67	-369.69	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,300.00	5.00	48.45	7,275.40	378.64	427.19	-375.43	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,383.34	5.00	48.45	7,358.41	383.46	432.62	-380.20	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,400.00	4.75	48.45	7,375.02	384.40	433.68	-381.13	1.50	-1.50	0.00
7,500.00	3.25	48.45	7,474.77	389.03	438.90	-385.72	1.50	-1.50	0.00
7,600.00	1.75	48.45	7,574.67	391.92	442.17	-388.59	1.50	-1.50	0.00
7,700.00	0.25	48.45	7,674.66	393.08	443.47	-389.74	1.50	-1.50	0.00
7,716.64	0.00	0.00	7,691.30	393.10	443.50	-389.76	1.50	-1.50	0.00
7,800.00	0.00	0.00	7,774.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,900.00	0.00	0.00	7,874.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,000.00	0.00	0.00	7,974.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,100.00	0.00	0.00	8,074.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,200.00	0.00	0.00	8,174.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,300.00	0.00	0.00	8,274.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,400.00	0.00	0.00	8,374.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,500.00	0.00	0.00	8,474.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,600.00	0.00	0.00	8,574.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,700.00	0.00	0.00	8,674.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,800.00	0.00	0.00	8,774.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,900.00	0.00	0.00	8,874.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,000.00	0.00	0.00	8,974.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00



Pro Directional Survey Report



Company:	Matador Resources	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Well #211H
Project:	Lea County, NM	TVD Reference:	GL: 3492' + KB: 28.5' @ 3520.50usft (Patterson 274)
Site:	Brad Lummis Fed Com	MD Reference:	GL: 3492' + KB: 28.5' @ 3520.50usft (Patterson 274)
Well:	#211H	North Reference:	Grid
Wellbore:	OH	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Design:	Prelim A	Database:	WellPlanner1

Planned Survey

Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
9,100.00	0.00	0.00	9,074.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,200.00	0.00	0.00	9,174.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,300.00	0.00	0.00	9,274.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,400.00	0.00	0.00	9,374.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,500.00	0.00	0.00	9,474.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,600.00	0.00	0.00	9,574.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,700.00	0.00	0.00	9,674.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,800.00	0.00	0.00	9,774.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,900.00	0.00	0.00	9,874.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,000.00	0.00	0.00	9,974.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,100.00	0.00	0.00	10,074.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,200.00	0.00	0.00	10,174.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,300.00	0.00	0.00	10,274.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,400.00	0.00	0.00	10,374.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,500.00	0.00	0.00	10,474.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,600.00	0.00	0.00	10,574.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,700.00	0.00	0.00	10,674.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,800.00	0.00	0.00	10,774.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,900.00	0.00	0.00	10,874.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,000.00	0.00	0.00	10,974.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,100.00	0.00	0.00	11,074.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,200.00	0.00	0.00	11,174.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,300.00	0.00	0.00	11,274.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,400.00	0.00	0.00	11,374.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,500.00	0.00	0.00	11,474.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,600.00	0.00	0.00	11,574.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,700.00	0.00	0.00	11,674.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,800.00	0.00	0.00	11,774.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,900.00	0.00	0.00	11,874.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,000.00	0.00	0.00	11,974.66	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,096.64	0.00	0.00	12,071.30	393.10	443.50	-389.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,100.00	0.34	179.57	12,074.66	393.09	443.50	-389.75	10.00	10.00	0.00
12,150.00	5.34	179.57	12,124.58	390.62	443.52	-387.28	10.00	10.00	0.00
12,200.00	10.34	179.57	12,174.10	383.80	443.57	-380.46	10.00	10.00	0.00
12,250.00	15.34	179.57	12,222.83	372.70	443.65	-369.36	10.00	10.00	0.00
12,300.00	20.34	179.57	12,270.41	357.39	443.77	-354.05	10.00	10.00	0.00
12,350.00	25.34	179.57	12,316.48	337.99	443.91	-334.65	10.00	10.00	0.00
12,400.00	30.34	179.57	12,360.68	314.65	444.09	-311.31	10.00	10.00	0.00
12,450.00	35.34	179.57	12,402.68	287.55	444.29	-284.21	10.00	10.00	0.00
12,500.00	40.34	179.57	12,442.15	256.89	444.52	-253.55	10.00	10.00	0.00
12,550.00	45.34	179.57	12,478.81	222.91	444.78	-219.57	10.00	10.00	0.00
12,600.00	50.34	179.57	12,512.36	185.86	445.06	-182.52	10.00	10.00	0.00



Pro Directional Survey Report



Company:	Matador Resources	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Well #211H
Project:	Lea County, NM	TVD Reference:	GL: 3492' + KB: 28.5' @ 3520.50usft (Patterson 274)
Site:	Brad Lummis Fed Com	MD Reference:	GL: 3492' + KB: 28.5' @ 3520.50usft (Patterson 274)
Well:	#211H	North Reference:	Grid
Wellbore:	OH	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Design:	Prelim A	Database:	WellPlanner1

Planned Survey

Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
12,650.00	55.34	179.57	12,542.56	146.03	445.35	-142.68	10.00	10.00	0.00
12,700.00	60.34	179.57	12,569.17	103.72	445.67	-100.37	10.00	10.00	0.00
12,750.00	65.34	179.57	12,591.99	59.25	446.01	-55.90	10.00	10.00	0.00
12,800.00	70.34	179.57	12,610.84	12.96	446.35	-9.61	10.00	10.00	0.00
12,850.00	75.34	179.57	12,625.59	-34.80	446.71	38.15	10.00	10.00	0.00
12,896.64	80.00	179.57	12,635.55	-80.35	447.05	83.70	10.00	10.00	0.00
12,900.00	80.20	179.57	12,636.13	-83.66	447.08	87.01	6.00	6.00	0.00
12,950.00	83.20	179.57	12,643.35	-133.13	447.45	136.48	6.00	6.00	0.00
13,000.00	86.20	179.57	12,647.96	-182.91	447.82	186.26	6.00	6.00	0.00
13,050.00	89.20	179.57	12,649.97	-232.86	448.20	236.22	6.00	6.00	0.00
13,063.32	90.00	179.57	12,650.06	-246.18	448.30	249.54	6.00	6.00	0.00
13,100.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.06	-282.86	448.57	286.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,200.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.06	-382.85	449.33	386.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,300.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.06	-482.85	450.08	486.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,400.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.06	-582.85	450.83	586.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,500.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.05	-682.85	451.58	686.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,600.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.05	-782.84	452.33	786.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,700.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.05	-882.84	453.09	886.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,800.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.05	-982.84	453.84	986.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,900.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.05	-1,082.83	454.59	1,086.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,000.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.05	-1,182.83	455.34	1,186.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,100.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.05	-1,282.83	456.09	1,286.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,200.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.05	-1,382.83	456.85	1,386.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,300.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.04	-1,482.82	457.60	1,486.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,400.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.04	-1,582.82	458.35	1,586.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,500.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.04	-1,682.82	459.10	1,686.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,600.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.04	-1,782.81	459.85	1,786.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,700.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.04	-1,882.81	460.61	1,886.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,800.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.04	-1,982.81	461.36	1,986.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,900.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.04	-2,082.81	462.11	2,086.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,000.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.03	-2,182.80	462.86	2,186.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,100.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.03	-2,282.80	463.61	2,286.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,200.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.03	-2,382.80	464.37	2,386.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,300.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.03	-2,482.79	465.12	2,486.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,400.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.03	-2,582.79	465.87	2,586.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,500.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.03	-2,682.79	466.62	2,686.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,600.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.03	-2,782.79	467.37	2,786.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,700.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.02	-2,882.78	468.12	2,886.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,800.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.02	-2,982.78	468.88	2,986.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,900.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.02	-3,082.78	469.63	3,086.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,000.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.02	-3,182.77	470.38	3,186.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,100.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.02	-3,282.77	471.13	3,286.22	0.00	0.00	0.00



Pro Directional Survey Report



Company:	Matador Resources	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Well #211H
Project:	Lea County, NM	TVD Reference:	GL: 3492' + KB: 28.5' @ 3520.50usft (Patterson 274)
Site:	Brad Lummis Fed Com	MD Reference:	GL: 3492' + KB: 28.5' @ 3520.50usft (Patterson 274)
Well:	#211H	North Reference:	Grid
Wellbore:	OH	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Design:	Prelim A	Database:	WellPlanner1

Planned Survey

Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
16,200.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.02	-3,382.77	471.88	3,386.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,300.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.02	-3,482.77	472.64	3,486.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,400.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.01	-3,582.76	473.39	3,586.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,500.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.01	-3,682.76	474.14	3,686.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,600.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.01	-3,782.76	474.89	3,786.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,700.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.01	-3,882.76	475.64	3,886.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,800.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.01	-3,982.75	476.40	3,986.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,900.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.01	-4,082.75	477.15	4,086.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,000.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.01	-4,182.75	477.90	4,186.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,100.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.00	-4,282.74	478.65	4,286.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,200.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.00	-4,382.74	479.40	4,386.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,300.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.00	-4,482.74	480.16	4,486.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,400.00	90.00	179.57	12,650.00	-4,582.74	480.91	4,586.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,412.27	90.00	179.57	12,650.00	-4,595.00	481.00	4,598.48	0.00	0.00	0.00

Design Targets

Target Name	Dip Angle (°)	Dip Dir. (°)	TVD (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Northing (usft)	Easting (usft)	Latitude	Longitude
- hit/miss target									
- Shape									
BHL(B L F C #211H)	0.00	0.00	12,650.00	-4,595.00	481.00	436,272.00	774,604.00	32.196313	-103.445618
- plan hits target center									
- Point									
LPP(B L F C #211H)	0.00	0.00	12,650.00	-4,505.00	480.00	436,362.00	774,603.00	32.196560	-103.445619
- plan misses target center by 0.32usft at 17322.26usft MD (12650.00 TVD, -4505.00 N, 480.32 E)									
- Point									
FPP(B L F C #211H)	0.00	0.00	12,650.00	113.00	446.00	440,980.00	774,569.00	32.209254	-103.445605
- plan misses target center by 75.62usft at 12728.66usft MD (12582.72 TVD, 78.47 N, 445.86 E)									
- Point									

Checked By: _____ Approved By: _____ Date: _____



Well Control Plan For 10M MASP Section of Wellbore

Component and Preventer Compatibility Table:

The table below covers the drilling and casing of the 10M MASP portion of the well and outlines the tubulars and the compatible preventers in use. This table, combined with the mud program, documents that two barriers to flow can be maintained at all times, independent of the rating of the annular preventer.

Component	OD	Preventer	RWP
Drill pipe	4"	Lower 3.5-5.5" VBR Upper 3.5-5.5" VBR	10M
HWDP	4"		
Jars/Agitator	4.75-5"		
Drill collars and MWD tools	4.75-5.25"		
Mud Motor	4.75-5.25"		
Production casing	4.5-5.5"	Annular	5M
ALL	0-13.625"		
Open-hole	-		
		Blind Rams	10M

VBR = Variable Bore Ram with compatible range listed in chart

HWDP = Heavy Weight Drill Pipe

MWD = Measurement While Drilling

Well Control Procedures

Well control procedures are specific to the rig equipment and the operation at the time the kick occurs. Below are the minimal high-level tasks prescribed to assure a proper shut-in while drilling, tripping, running casing, pipe out of the hole (open hole), and moving the Bottom Hole Assembly (BHA) through the Blowout Preventers (BOP). The maximum pressure at which well control is transferred from the annular to another compatible ram is 3,000 psi.

General Procedure While Drilling

1. Sound alarm (alert crew)
2. Space out drill string
3. Shut down pumps and stop rotary
4. Shut-in well with the annular preventer (The Hydraulic Control Remote (HCR) valve and choke will already be in the closed position)
5. Confirm shut-in
6. Notify tool pusher and company representative
7. Read and record the following:
 - SIDPP and SICP
 - Pit gain
 - Time of shut in
8. Regroup and identify forward plan



Well Control Plan For 10M MASP Section of Wellbore

9. If pressure has increased or is anticipated to increase above 3,000 psi, confirm spacing and close the upper pipe rams

General Procedure While Tripping

1. Sound alarm (alert crew)
2. Stab full opening safety valve and close
3. Space out drill string
4. Shut-in well with annular preventer (The HCR valve and choke will already be in the closed position)
5. Confirm shut-in
6. Notify tool pusher and company representative
7. Read and record the following:
 - SIDPP and SICP
 - Pit gain
 - Time of shut in
8. Regroup and identify forward plan
9. If pressure has increased or is anticipated to increase above 3,000 psi, confirm spacing and close the upper pipe rams

General Procedure While Running Casing

1. Sound alarm (alert crew)
2. Stab crossover and full opening safety valve and close
3. Space out string
4. Shut-in well with annular preventer (The HCR valve and choke will already be in the closed position)
5. Confirm shut-in
6. Notify tool pusher and company representative
7. Read and record the following:
 - SIDPP and SICP
 - Pit gain
 - Time of shut in
8. Regroup and identify forward plan



Well Control Plan For 10M MASP Section of Wellbore

9. If pressure has increased or is anticipated to increase above 3,000 psi, confirm spacing and close the upper pipe rams

General Procedure with No Pipe In Hole

1. At any point when the BOP stack is clear of pipe or BHA, the well will be shut in with blind rams, the HCR valve will be open, and choke will be closed. If pressure increase is observed:
2. Sound alarm (alert crew)
3. Confirm shut-in
4. Notify tool pusher and company representative
5. Read and record the following:
 - SICP
 - Time of shut in
6. Regroup and identify forward plan

General Procedure While Pulling BHA through Stack

1. Prior to pulling last joint/stand of drill pipe through the stack, perform flow check. If flowing:
 - a. Sound alarm (alert crew)
 - b. Stab full opening safety valve and close
 - c. Space out drill string
 - d. Shut-in well with annular preventer (The HCR valve and choke will already be in the closed position)
 - e. Confirm shut-in
 - f. Notify tool pusher and company representative
 - g. Read and record the following:
 - SIDPP and SICP
 - Pit gain
 - Time of shut in
 - h. Regroup and identify forward plan
2. With BHA in the stack and compatible ram preventer and pipe combo immediately available:
 - a. Sound alarm (alert crew)
 - b. Stab crossover and full opening safety valve and close



Well Control Plan For 10M MASP Section of Wellbore

- c. Space out drill string with the upset just beneath the compatible pipe ram
 - d. Shut-in well using compatible pipe rams (The HCR valve and choke will already be in the closed position)
 - e. Confirm shut-in
 - f. Notify tool pusher and company representative
 - g. Read and record the following:
 - SIDPP and SICP
 - Pit gain
 - Time of shut in
 - h. Regroup and identify forward plan
3. With BHA in the stack and no compatible ram preventer and pipe combo immediately available:
 - a. Sound alarm (alert crew)
 - b. If possible to pick up high enough, pull BHA clear of the stack
 - b.i. Follow "No Pipe in Hole" procedure above
 - c. If impossible to pick up high enough to pull string clear of the stack:
 - c.i. Stab crossover, make up one joint/stand of drill pipe, and full opening safety valve and close
 - c.ii. Space out drill string with the upset just beneath the compatible pipe ram
 - c.iii. Shut-in well using compatible pipe rams (The HCR valve and choke will already be in the closed position)
 - c.iv. Confirm shut-in
 - c.v. Notify tool pusher and company representative
 - c.vi. Read and record the following:
 - SIDPP and SICP
 - Pit gain
 - Time of shut in
 - c.vii. Regroup and identify forward plan

Well Control Drills



Well Control Plan For 10M MASP Section of Wellbore

Well control drills are specific to the rig equipment, personnel, and operations. Each crew will execute one drill weekly relevant to ongoing operations, but will make a reasonable attempt to vary the type of drills. The drills will be recorded in the daily drilling log.



U.S. Department of the Interior
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

SUPO Data Report

01/28/2019

APD ID: 10400031158

Submission Date: 08/17/2018

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: BRAD LUMMIS FED COM

Well Number: 211H

Well Type: OIL WELL

Well Work Type: Drill



[Show Final Text](#)

Section 1 - Existing Roads

Will existing roads be used? YES

Existing Road Map:

Existing_Roads_Screenshot_20180612152943.JPG

Existing Road Purpose: ACCESS

Row(s) Exist? NO

ROW ID(s)

ID:

Do the existing roads need to be improved? NO

Existing Road Improvement Description:

Existing Road Improvement Attachment:

Section 2 - New or Reconstructed Access Roads

Will new roads be needed? YES

New Road Map:

Project_Area_20180615103348.jpg

New road type: LOCAL

Length: 44.8

Feet

Width (ft.): 30

Max slope (%): 0

Max grade (%): 1

Army Corp of Engineers (ACOE) permit required? NO

ACOE Permit Number(s):

New road travel width: 14

New road access erosion control: crowning

New road access plan or profile prepared? NO

New road access plan attachment:

Access road engineering design? NO

Access road engineering design attachment:

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: BRAD LUMMIS FED COM

Well Number: 211H

Access surfacing type: OTHER

Access topsoil source: ONSITE

Access surfacing type description: caliche

Access onsite topsoil source depth: 6

Offsite topsoil source description:

Onsite topsoil removal process: grader

Access other construction information:

Access miscellaneous information:

Number of access turnouts:

Access turnout map:

Drainage Control

New road drainage crossing: LOW WATER

Drainage Control comments: crowning

Road Drainage Control Structures (DCS) description: ditches on either side of road

Road Drainage Control Structures (DCS) attachment:

Access Additional Attachments

Additional Attachment(s):

Section 3 - Location of Existing Wells

Existing Wells Map? YES

Attach Well map:

OCD_Existing_Wells_Map_20180614150552.pdf

Existing Wells description:

Section 4 - Location of Existing and/or Proposed Production Facilities

Submit or defer a Proposed Production Facilities plan? SUBMIT

Production Facilities description:

Production Facilities map:

SK_300X400_FACILITY_SITE_LAYOUT_20180730114207.PDF

Section 5 - Location and Types of Water Supply

Water Source Table

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: BRAD LUMMIS FED COM

Well Number: 211H

Water source use type: INTERMEDIATE/PRODUCTION CASING, STIMULATION

Water source type: GW WELL

Describe type:

Source latitude: 32.21486

Source longitude: -103.45763

Source datum: NAD83

Water source permit type: PRIVATE CONTRACT

Source land ownership: PRIVATE

Water source transport method: PIPELINE

Source transportation land ownership: PRIVATE

Water source volume (barrels): 4761.905

Source volume (acre-feet): 0.6137766

Source volume (gal): 200000

Water source and transportation map:

OSE_Water_Wells_1_Mile_Radius_20180615104313.pdf

OSE_Water_Wells_1_Mile_Radius_map_20180615105016.JPG

Water source comments:

New water well? NO

New Water Well Info

Well latitude:

Well Longitude:

Well datum:

Well target aquifer:

Est. depth to top of aquifer(ft):

Est thickness of aquifer:

Aquifer comments:

Aquifer documentation:

Well depth (ft):

Well casing type:

Well casing outside diameter (in.):

Well casing inside diameter (in.):

New water well casing?

Used casing source:

Drilling method:

Drill material:

Grout material:

Grout depth:

Casing length (ft.):

Casing top depth (ft.):

Well Production type:

Completion Method:

Water well additional information:

State appropriation permit:

Additional information attachment:

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: BRAD LUMMIS FED COM

Well Number: 211H

Section 6 - Construction Materials

Construction Materials description: Caliche for road surfacing

Construction Materials source location attachment:

Section 7 - Methods for Handling Waste

Waste type: GARBAGE

Waste content description: Trash generated by drilling crew

Amount of waste: 50 pounds

Waste disposal frequency : Weekly

Safe containment description: garbage cans

Safe containmant attachment:

Waste disposal type: HAUL TO COMMERCIAL FACILITY **Disposal location ownership:** OTHER

Disposal type description:

Disposal location description: Lea County Landfill

Waste type: DRILLING

Waste content description: drill cuttings, mud, salts and other chemicals

Amount of waste: 2000 barrels

Waste disposal frequency : Daily

Safe containment description: steel tanks

Safe containmant attachment:

Waste disposal type: HAUL TO COMMERCIAL FACILITY **Disposal location ownership:** PRIVATE

Disposal type description:

Disposal location description: Located in Halfway, NM

Reserve Pit

Reserve Pit being used? NO

Temporary disposal of produced water into reserve pit?

Reserve pit length (ft.) **Reserve pit width (ft.)**

Reserve pit depth (ft.) **Reserve pit volume (cu. yd.)**

Is at least 50% of the reserve pit in cut?

Reserve pit liner

Reserve pit liner specifications and installation description

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: BRAD LUMMIS FED COM

Well Number: 211H

Cuttings Area

Cuttings Area being used? NO

Are you storing cuttings on location? YES

Description of cuttings location Steel tanks located on adjacent facility site

Cuttings area length (ft.)

Cuttings area width (ft.)

Cuttings area depth (ft.)

Cuttings area volume (cu. yd.)

Is at least 50% of the cuttings area in cut?

WCuttings area liner

Cuttings area liner specifications and installation description

Section 8 - Ancillary Facilities

Are you requesting any Ancillary Facilities?: NO

Ancillary Facilities attachment:

Comments:

Section 9 - Well Site Layout

Well Site Layout Diagram:

Location_Layout_Flipped_20180612154107.pdf

Comments:

Section 10 - Plans for Surface Reclamation

Type of disturbance: New Surface Disturbance

Multiple Well Pad Name: SLOT 1

Multiple Well Pad Number: 6

Recontouring attachment:

Drainage/Erosion control construction: Proper erosion control methods will be used on the area to control erosion, runoff and siltation of the surrounding area, per BLM COAs

Drainage/Erosion control reclamation: Proper erosion control methods will be used on the area to control erosion, runoff and siltation of the surrounding area, per BLM COAs

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: BRAD LUMMIS FED COM

Well Number: 211H

Well pad proposed disturbance (acres): 5.11	Well pad interim reclamation (acres): 1.25	Well pad long term disturbance (acres): 3.86
Road proposed disturbance (acres): 0.03	Road interim reclamation (acres): 0.014	Road long term disturbance (acres): 0.016
Powerline proposed disturbance (acres): 0	Powerline interim reclamation (acres): 0	Powerline long term disturbance (acres): 0
Pipeline proposed disturbance (acres): 1.71	Pipeline interim reclamation (acres): 1.71	Pipeline long term disturbance (acres): 0
Other proposed disturbance (acres): 6.3	Other interim reclamation (acres): 3.1	Other long term disturbance (acres): 3.2
Total proposed disturbance: 13.15	Total interim reclamation: 6.074	Total long term disturbance: 7.076

Disturbance Comments:

Reconstruction method: Per BLM COAs

Topsoil redistribution: The areas planned for interim reclamation will be harrowed on the contour to match pre-construction grades. Where applicable, the fill material of the well pad will be backfilled into the cut to bring the area back to the original contour. Topsoil and brush will be evenly respread over the entire disturbed area. Disturbed areas will be seeded in accordance with the surface owner's requirements. Final seedbed preparation will consist of contour cultivating to a depth of 4 to 6 inches within 24 hours prior to seeding, dozer tracking, or other imprinting in order to break the soil crust and create seed germination micro-sites.

Soil treatment: Per BLM COAs

Existing Vegetation at the well pad:

Existing Vegetation at the well pad attachment:

Existing Vegetation Community at the road:

Existing Vegetation Community at the road attachment:

Existing Vegetation Community at the pipeline:

Existing Vegetation Community at the pipeline attachment:

Existing Vegetation Community at other disturbances:

Existing Vegetation Community at other disturbances attachment:

Non native seed used?

Non native seed description:

Seedling transplant description:

Will seedlings be transplanted for this project?

Seedling transplant description attachment:

Will seed be harvested for use in site reclamation?

Seed harvest description:

Seed harvest description attachment:

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: BRAD LUMMIS FED COM

Well Number: 211H

Seed Management

Seed Table

Seed type:

Seed source:

Seed name:

Source name:

Source address:

Source phone:

Seed cultivar:

Seed use location:

PLS pounds per acre:

Proposed seeding season:

Seed Summary	
Seed Type	Pounds/Acre

Total pounds/Acre:

Seed reclamation attachment:

Operator Contact/Responsible Official Contact Info

First Name:

Last Name:

Phone:

Email:

Seedbed prep:

Seed BMP:

Seed method:

Existing invasive species? NO

Existing invasive species treatment description:

Existing invasive species treatment attachment:

Weed treatment plan description: Per BLM COAs

Weed treatment plan attachment:

Monitoring plan description: Per BLM COAs

Monitoring plan attachment:

Success standards: Per BLM COAs

Pit closure description: NA

Pit closure attachment:

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: BRAD LUMMIS FED COM

Well Number: 211H

Section 11 - Surface Ownership

Disturbance type: NEW ACCESS ROAD

Describe:

Surface Owner: PRIVATE OWNERSHIP

Other surface owner description:

BIA Local Office:

BOR Local Office:

COE Local Office:

DOD Local Office:

NPS Local Office:

State Local Office:

Military Local Office:

USFWS Local Office:

Other Local Office:

USFS Region:

USFS Forest/Grassland:

USFS Ranger District:

Disturbance type: WELL PAD

Describe:

Surface Owner: PRIVATE OWNERSHIP

Other surface owner description:

BIA Local Office:

BOR Local Office:

COE Local Office:

DOD Local Office:

NPS Local Office:

State Local Office:

Military Local Office:

USFWS Local Office:

Other Local Office:

USFS Region:

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: BRAD LUMMIS FED COM

Well Number: 211H

USFS Forest/Grassland:

USFS Ranger District:

Disturbance type: PIPELINE

Describe:

Surface Owner: PRIVATE OWNERSHIP

Other surface owner description:

BIA Local Office:

BOR Local Office:

COE Local Office:

DOD Local Office:

NPS Local Office:

State Local Office:

Military Local Office:

USFWS Local Office:

Other Local Office:

USFS Region:

USFS Forest/Grassland:

USFS Ranger District:

Disturbance type: OTHER

Describe: Facility Site

Surface Owner: PRIVATE OWNERSHIP

Other surface owner description:

BIA Local Office:

BOR Local Office:

COE Local Office:

DOD Local Office:

NPS Local Office:

State Local Office:

Military Local Office:

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: BRAD LUMMIS FED COM

Well Number: 211H

USFWS Local Office:

Other Local Office:

USFS Region:

USFS Forest/Grassland:

USFS Ranger District:

Section 12 - Other Information

Right of Way needed? NO

Use APD as ROW?

ROW Type(s):

ROW Applications

SUPO Additional Information:

Use a previously conducted onsite? YES

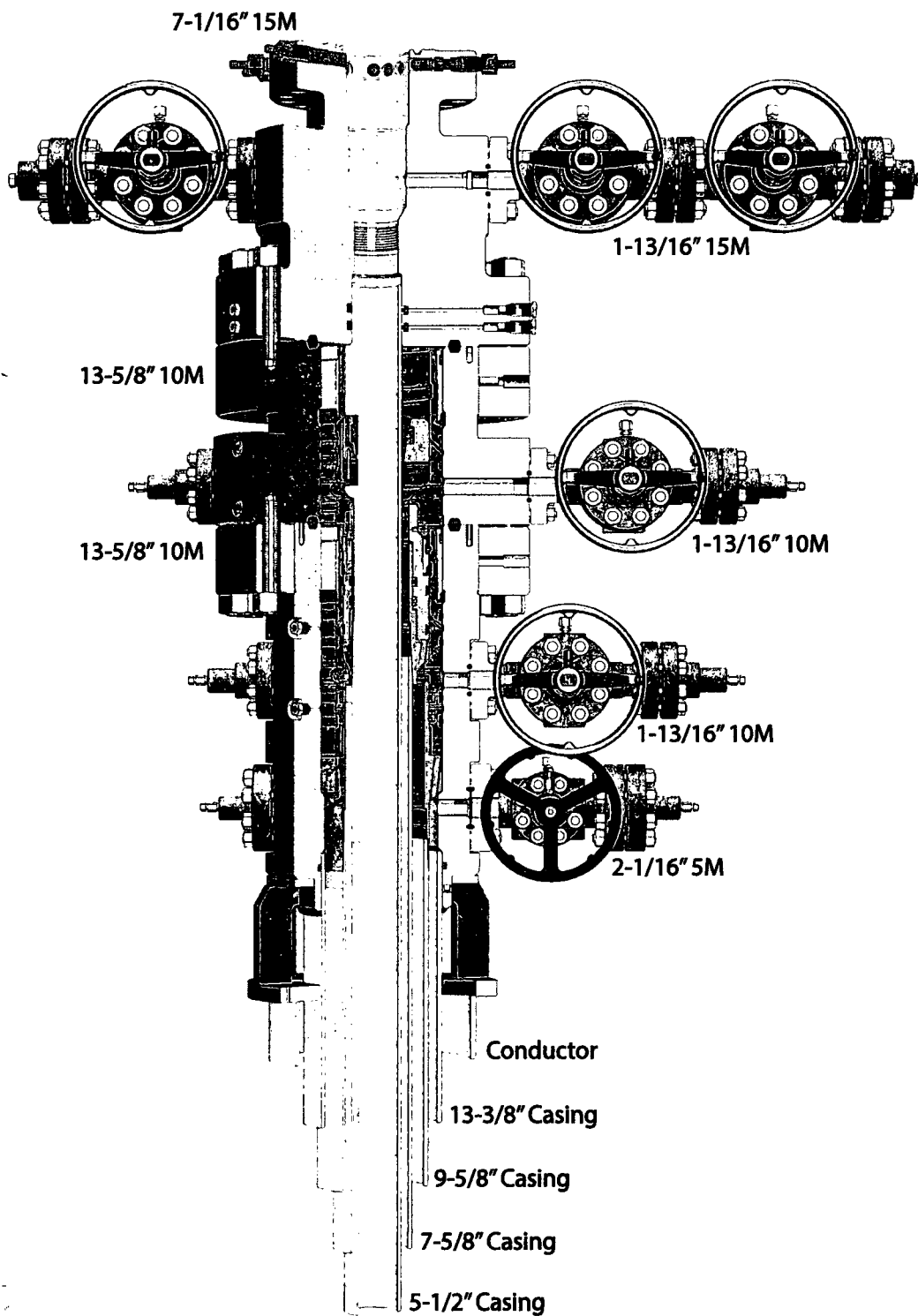
Previous Onsite information: Onsite conducted on 4/24/18 with Jesse Bassett, and covered well pad (with 7 wells) and adjacent facility site.

Other SUPO Attachment

CAMERON

A Schlumberger Company

13-5/8" 10M MN-DS Wellhead Four Stage MN-DS



2018-083-03