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LAND OFFICE		
TRANSPORTER	OIL	
	GAS	
OPERATOR		
PRORATION OFFICE		

NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION
REQUEST FOR ALLOWABLE
AND
AUTHORIZATION TO TRANSPORT OIL AND NATURAL GAS

Form C-104
Supersedes Old C-104 and C-110
Effective 1-1-65

I. Operator
Delaware-Apache Corporation
Address
2000 Wilco Building, Midland, Texas
Reason(s) for filing (Check proper box)
New Well ☐ Change in Transporter of:
Recompletion ☐ Oil ☐ Dry Gas ☐
Change in Ownership ☐ Casinghead Gas ☐ Condensate ☐
Other (Please explain)
Change pool designation

If change of ownership give name
and address of previous owner _____

II. DESCRIPTION OF WELL AND LEASE

Lease Name Maljamar North Unit	Well No. 4	Pool Name, Including Formation West Kemnitz-Lower Wolfcamp	Kind of Lease State, Federal or Fee State
Location Unit Letter E ; 2180 Feet From The North Line and 660 Feet From The West Line of Section 31 , Township 10-South Range 33-East , NMPM, Lea County			

III. DESIGNATION OF TRANSPORTER OF OIL AND NATURAL GAS

Name of Authorized Transporter of Oil <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> or Condensate <input type="checkbox"/> The Permian Corporation	Address (Give address to which approved copy of this form is to be sent) 1509 West Wall Street, Midland, Texas	
Name of Authorized Transporter of Casinghead Gas <input type="checkbox"/> or Dry Gas <input type="checkbox"/> Phillips Petroleum Company	Address (Give address to which approved copy of this form is to be sent) 4th & Washington, Odessa, Texas	
If well produces oil or liquids, give location of tanks.	Unit G	Sec. 31
	Twp. 10-S	Rge. 33-E
	Is gas actually connected? Yes	
	When 1-5-65	

If this production is commingled with that from any other lease or pool, give commingling order number: _____

IV. COMPLETION DATA

Designate Type of Completion - (X)	Oil Well	Gas Well	New Well	Workover	Deepen	Plug Back	Same Res'v.	Diff. Res'v.
Date Spudded	Date Compl. Ready to Prod.		Total Depth		P.B.T.D.			
Pool	Name of Producing Formation		Top Oil/Gas Pay		Tubing Depth			
Perforations					Depth Casing Shoe			
TUBING, CASING, AND CEMENTING RECORD								
HOLE SIZE	CASING & TUBING SIZE		DEPTH SET		SACKS CEMENT			

V. TEST DATA AND REQUEST FOR ALLOWABLE OIL WELL (Test must be after recovery of total volume of load oil and must be equal to or exceed top allowable for this depth or be for full 24 hours)

Date First New Oil Run To Tanks	Date of Test	Producing Method (Flow, pump, gas lift, etc.)	
Length of Test	Tubing Pressure	Casing Pressure	Choke Size
Actual Prod. During Test	Oil-Bbls.	Water-Bbls.	Gas-MCF

GAS WELL

Actual Prod. Test-MCF/D	Length of Test	Bbls. Condensate/MMCF	Gravity of Condensate
Testing Method (pitot, back pr.)	Tubing Pressure	Casing Pressure	Choke Size

VI. CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE

I hereby certify that the rules and regulations of the Oil Conservation Commission have been complied with and that the information given above is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief.


(Signature)

Division Superintendent
(Title)

April 15, 1965
(Date)

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

APPROVED _____, 19____

BY _____

TITLE _____

This form is to be filed in compliance with RULE 1104.

If this is a request for allowable for a newly drilled or deepened well, this form must be accompanied by a tabulation of the deviation tests taken on the well in accordance with RULE 111.

All sections of this form must be filled out completely for allowable on new and recompleted wells.

Fill out Sections I, II, III, and VI only for changes of owner, well name or number, or transporter, or other such change of condition.

Separate Forms C-104 must be filed for each pool in multiply completed wells.

1. The first step in the process of creating a new product is to identify a market need. This involves conducting market research to determine what consumers want and what problems they are trying to solve. Once a need is identified, the next step is to develop a concept that addresses that need. This is often done through brainstorming and sketching ideas. The third step is to create a prototype, which is a physical model of the product that can be used to test and refine the design. This is followed by a series of iterations where the design is improved based on feedback from users and testing. Finally, the product is ready for production and distribution.

2. The second step in the process of creating a new product is to develop a concept that addresses the identified market need. This is often done through brainstorming and sketching ideas. The third step is to create a prototype, which is a physical model of the product that can be used to test and refine the design. This is followed by a series of iterations where the design is improved based on feedback from users and testing. Finally, the product is ready for production and distribution.

3. The third step in the process of creating a new product is to create a prototype, which is a physical model of the product that can be used to test and refine the design. This is followed by a series of iterations where the design is improved based on feedback from users and testing. Finally, the product is ready for production and distribution.

4. The fourth step in the process of creating a new product is to develop a series of iterations where the design is improved based on feedback from users and testing. This is followed by a series of iterations where the design is improved based on feedback from users and testing. Finally, the product is ready for production and distribution.

5. The fifth step in the process of creating a new product is to create a physical model of the product that can be used to test and refine the design. This is followed by a series of iterations where the design is improved based on feedback from users and testing. Finally, the product is ready for production and distribution.

6. The sixth step in the process of creating a new product is to test and refine the design based on feedback from users and testing. This is followed by a series of iterations where the design is improved based on feedback from users and testing. Finally, the product is ready for production and distribution.

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11. The eleventh step in the process of creating a new product is to improve the design based on feedback from users and testing. This is followed by a series of iterations where the design is improved based on feedback from users and testing. Finally, the product is ready for production and distribution.

12. The twelfth step in the process of creating a new product is to improve the design based on feedback from users and testing. This is followed by a series of iterations where the design is improved based on feedback from users and testing. Finally, the product is ready for production and distribution.