

BIG E TESTERS

DRILL STEM TEST CALCULATIONS AND ANALYSIS

Division of Big E Industries, Inc.

GAS RESERVOIR

COMPANY GAS PRODUCTION ENTERPRISES COUNTY LEA STATE NEW MEXICO LEASE CHAMBERS WELL 1 TEST NO. 1

TEST DEPTHS		PRESSURE DATA		RECOVERY AND FLUID DATA	
FORMATION <u>WOLF CAMP-MORROW</u>		IHP <u>5041</u>	psig	DC ID <u>2 1/2"</u>	HOLE SIZE <u>7 7/8</u> in.
ELEVATION <u>-</u>	ft.	FHP <u>5025</u>	psig	DC LENGTH <u>557</u>	ft.
TOTAL DEPTH <u>10,620</u>	ft.	ISIP <u>3260</u>	psig	DP ID <u>3.826</u>	MUD WT., MW <u></u> lb/gal
INTERVAL <u>10,540-10,620</u>	ft.	IFP <u>387</u>	psig	GTS in <u></u>	min.
DATUM DEPTH, L <u>-</u>	ft.	FFP, Pf <u>534</u>	psig	GAS RATE <u></u>	SCFPD
RECORDER NO. <u>3355</u>		FSIP <u>3214</u>	psig	LIQUID REC. <u></u>	ft.
INITIAL FLOW TIME <u>5</u>	min.	FLOW TIME, T <u>60</u>	min.	SURFACE LIQ. REC. <u></u>	bbls.
					GOR <u></u> scf/bbl

CALCULATIONS AND ANALYSIS

CALCULATIONS	FORMULA	RESULTS
1. EXTRAPOLATED STATIC PRESSURE (HORNER PLOT)	Initial Final	Poi Poi 3280 psig 3275 psig
2. RESERVOIR PRESSURE GRADIENT	$G = \frac{P_{oi}}{L}$.3112 $\frac{\text{psi}}{\text{ft}}$
3. CALCULATED HYDROSTATIC PRESSURE	$CHP = L \frac{MW}{8.33} (.433)$	5025 psig
4. PRESSURE ELEMENT ACCURACY	$E = \frac{IHP}{CHP} (100)$	100 %
5. SLOPE OF P^2 versus $\frac{t + \Delta t}{\Delta t}$	m'	355 psi/cycle
6. GAS PRODUCTION RATE	$Q_g = \frac{\text{Rec.}}{T} (24)$	355,000 scfpd
7. TRANSMISSIBILITY	$\frac{k_{gh}}{\mu_g} = \frac{1.637 Q_g Z T^\circ}{m'}$	230.5 $\frac{\text{md-ft}}{\text{cp}}$
8. GAS PERMEABILITY CAPACITY	$K_{gh} = \frac{k_{gh}}{\mu_g} \mu_g$	3.572 md-ft
9. EFFECTIVE GAS PERMEABILITY IN RESERVOIR	$K_g = \frac{K_{gh}}{h}$, $h = 10'$.3572 md
10. ACTUAL FLOWING CAPACITY (STEADY STATE PI METHOD)	$(K_{gh})_1 = \frac{Q_{gus} T^\circ Z [2.3 \log (.472 \frac{b}{r_w})]}{.704 (P_{oi} - P_f)}$	md-ft
11. DAMAGE RATIO = 1/CR (GLADFELTER ET AL)	$DR = \frac{K_{gh}}{(K_{gh})_1}$	
12. PRODUCTION RATE IF DAMAGE REMOVED	$Q_{g,} = DR Q_g$	6,638,500 scfpd
13. APPROX. RADIUS OF INVESTIGATION	$b = \sqrt{K_g T P_o (0.0156)}$	110 ft

REMARKS: THIS TEST WAS A GOOD MECHANICAL TEST, IN WHICH ALL TOOLS FUNCTIONED PROPERLY. THE FORMATION PRODUCED ENOUGH RESERVOIR FLUID FOR PROPER IDENTIFICATION AND ADEQUATE BUILD UPS OCCURED FOR A REASONABLE EVALUATION OF RESERVOIR PARAMETERS. EXTRAPOLATED RESERVOIR PRESSURE WAS #3290 P.S.I. THIS PLOT AS WELL AS THE MCKINLEY PLOT INDICATED FORMATION DAMAGE DUE TO FLUID INVASION. ESTIMATED PRESSURE LOSS 1400 P.S.I. A HIGH RESERVOIR PERMEABILITY IS INDICATED AS EVIDENCED BY THE RAPID PRESSURE BUILD UP AND VERY LITTLE DEPLETION IS INDICATED. DELIVERABILITY FOR THIS WELL IS ESTIMATED TO BE 6.5 MMCF/DAY.