

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO

Miscellaneous Reports on Wells

APR 20 1950

Submit this report in triplicate to the Oil Conservation Commission or its proper agent within ten days after the work specified is completed. It should be signed and sworn to before a notary public for reports on beginning drilling operations, results of shooting well, results of test of casing shut off, result of plugging of well, and other important operations, even though the work was witnessed by an agent of the Commission. Reports on minor operations need not be signed and sworn to before a notary public. See additional instructions in the Rules and Regulations of the Commission.

Indicate nature of report by checking below.

REPORT ON BEGINNING DRILLING OPERATIONS		REPORT ON REPAIRING WELL	
REPORT ON RESULT OF SHOOTING OR CHEMICAL TREATMENT OF WELL		REPORT ON PULLING OR OTHERWISE ALTERING CASING	
REPORT ON RESULT OF TEST OF CASING SHUT-OFF		REPORT ON DEEPENING WELL	
REPORT ON RESULT OF PLUGGING OF WELL		24 Hr. Shut in Pressure Test	

April 20, 1950

Date

Hobbs, New Mexico

Place

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION,
SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO.
Gentlemen:

Following is a report on the work done and the results obtained under the heading noted above at the

Gulf Oil Corporation

Company or Operator

Grimes, West

Lease

Well No. 15 Gas Well in the

C NE SE SW

of Sec.

32

T 18S

R 38E

N. M. P. M.,

Hobbs

Field

Lea

County.

The dates of this work were as follows:

Notice of intention to do the work was (was not) submitted on Form C-102 on

19

and approval of the proposed plan was (was not) obtained. (Cross out incorrect words.)

DETAILED ACCOUNT OF WORK DONE AND RESULTS OBTAINED

24 hour shut in pressure - Rule No. 402. Dual completion. Casing pressure 433 lbs.

Witnessed by

Name

Company

Title

Subscribed and sworn before me this

day of

1950

Notary Public

I hereby swear or affirm that the information given above is true and correct.

Name

Position

Representing

Address

My commission expires

Hobbs, New Mexico

Remarks:

APPROVED

Date

APR 20 1950

Notary Public
Name
Title

THEORY OF THE EARTH

CHAPTER I. OF THE ORIGIN OF THE EARTH.

The origin of the earth is a subject which has occupied the minds of philosophers and theologians from the earliest times. The ancients were divided into two main schools of thought, the Deists and the Theists. The Deists held that the earth was created by a single, eternal, and immutable deity, who, after creating it, left it to the operation of natural laws. The Theists, on the other hand, held that the earth was created by a series of successive deities, each of whom created a new world, which was then destroyed, and a new one created in its place. This theory was first proposed by the ancient Egyptians, and was afterwards adopted by the Greeks and Romans. It was, however, generally rejected by the Christian Church, which held that the earth was created by a single deity, who created it in six days, and who has since been continually preserving and improving it. The theory of the Deists was also generally rejected by the Christian Church, which held that the earth was created by a single deity, who created it in six days, and who has since been continually preserving and improving it. The theory of the Theists was, however, generally accepted by the Christian Church, which held that the earth was created by a series of successive deities, each of whom created a new world, which was then destroyed, and a new one created in its place. This theory was first proposed by the ancient Egyptians, and was afterwards adopted by the Greeks and Romans. It was, however, generally rejected by the Christian Church, which held that the earth was created by a single deity, who created it in six days, and who has since been continually preserving and improving it. The theory of the Deists was also generally rejected by the Christian Church, which held that the earth was created by a single deity, who created it in six days, and who has since been continually preserving and improving it.