\*See Instructions On Reverse Side

Acting

PROPERTY NO. 19520

APINO 30-025-348

POOL CODE 3/920

EFF. DATE 5.10-00

APPROVAL DATE

ose rights in the subject lease which would entitle the applicant to conduct operations thereon.

Assistant Field Manager.

Lands And Minerals

PERMIT NO. ---

Application approva

CONDITIONS OF

APPROVED BY

# RECEIVED

di est

MAR 23 2000

BLM ROSWELL, NM

admitt to whitehing highler fulles State Lease - 4 Copies
Fee Lease - 3 Copies

DISTRICT III 1000 Rio Brazos Rd., Aztec, NM 87410

## OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

P.O. Box 2088

Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2088

DISTRICT IV P.O. BOX 2086, SANTA FE, N.M. 87504-2086

☐ AMENDED REPORT

#### WELL LOCATION AND ACREAGE DEDICATION PLAT

API Number 30-025-34871				Pool Code 31920		HOBBS: GRAYBURG — SAN ANDRES				
Property C <del>1952</del>	20 18	Property Name NORTH HOBBS G/SA UNIT						Well Number 813		
ogrid No. 57 93 -			Operator Name ALTURA ENERGY LTD.				Elevation 3644			
Surface Location										
UL or lot No.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the	North/South line	Feet from the	East/West line	County	
L	29	18 S	38 E	38 E 1450 SOUTH 469				WEST	LEA	
			Bottom	Hole Lo	cation If Diffe	erent From Sur	face			
UL or lot No.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the	North/South line	Feet from the	East/West line	County	
Dedicated Acres	Joint o	r Infill C	onsolidation	Code Or	der No.		<u> </u>		L	
40 I U										
NO ALLO	WABLE W					UNTIL ALL INTER		EEN CONSOLID	ATED	

GEOGRAPHIC LOCA	         TION NAD 83	OPERATOR CERTIFICATION  I hereby certify the the information contained herein is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and bekief.
LAT. = 32'42'5 LONG. = 103'10'	54.24" N	Mark Stephens
		Mark Stephens  Printed Name  Business Analyst (SG)
		March 17, 2000
gunaanaanaanaana	<u> </u>	SURVEYOR CERTIFICATION
**************************************	PROPOSED SURFACE LOC NAD 27 NM EAST ZONE Y = 625750 X = 855587	I hereby certify that the well location shown on this plat was plotted from field notes of actual surveys made by me or under my supervison and that the same is true and correct to the best of my beliaf.
Ananominanananananananananananananananananana		JANUARY 12, 2000  Date Surveyed DC  Signature & Seal of Professional Surveyor
1450,		Barn Stalon 2/28/2000
		Certificate No. RONALD J. EIDSON 3239 GARY EIDSON 12641 MACON McDONALD 12185

ROSWELL, UM

MAR 23 2000

**BECEINED** 



### **DRILLING PROGNOSIS**

## NORTH HOBBS UNIT GRAYBURG/SAN ANDRES

Lea County, New Mexico
13 Well Package

#### LONG SURFACE CASING PROGRAM

#### INTRODUCTION

The year 2000 San Andres drilling program consists of 12 wells in the North Hobbs Unit and 1 in the South Hobbs Unit in Lea County, New Mexico within the city of Hobbs. These wells will have production casing set through the Queen, Grayburg and San Andres formations.

Rig Key #27 has been contracted to drill these wells starting about February 17<sup>th</sup> 2000 on an incentive based contract. Drilling operations should take approximately 6 days per well, with logging, to a TD of about 4400′ MD.

The **drilling order** is as well as other specific and legal information is listed on the following pages.

The long surface casing design is being used to to protect fresh water zones, and eliminate potential red bed sloughing problems. The production casing will set at TVD of  $\pm 4400'$ .

## H<sub>2</sub>S POTENTIAL

H2S can be expected during drilling operations. Offset wells producing out of the San Andres, operated by Altura produce a concentration of 45,000 to 65,000 ppm. An H2S Drilling Operations Plan will be in place (see attachment). This plan addresses training, well control procedures and equipment, safety procedures and equipment and drilling operations.

#### **ESTIMATED FORMATION TOPS** Red beds 265' Rustler (est.) Top 1550'- 1650' **Bottom** NHU 29-544 1550' 1620' 1580' 1650' NHU 33-521 2815' Yates 3035' Seven Rivers 3570' Queen Grayburg 3900'

#### POTENTIAL PROBLEMS

San Andres

1. **Sloughing of the Red Beds:** The Red Beds are shales that are sensitive to water. Their exposure will be limited by setting the surface casing to 1550'to 1650' based on drilling time.

4020'

2. Lost circulation in the Grayburg/ San Andres Formations: – Partial loss of circulation is possible and probable and has been reported during drilling operations. LCM pills have restored circulation in the past. If LCM pills are ineffective a cement plug can be used as an option using the following recipe formulated by Halliburton and spotted with drill pipe:

#### PREMIUM PLUS 200 SK Plug

3% CACL2 1/2# FLOCELE

SLURRY DENSITY: 14.8 LBS/GAL MIXING WATER: 6.3 GAL/SK SLURRY YIELD: 1.32 CUFT/SK

Note the details of any flows or loss encountered on these wells on IADC and MORNIMG REPORT for future reference.

#### DRILLING PROCEDURE ⇒ Long Surface Casing Program

A 12¼" hole will be drilled from surface to around 1550′-1650′. This will allow protection of all water zones, and casing off of the Red Beds. A full string of 8-5/8" 24.0# surface casing will be run and set 25′ into the top of the Rustler Anhydrite with cement circulated to the surface. The cement will be allowed to set for a minimum of eight (8) hours, (minimum 500# compressive strength) the casing will than be tested to 1500 PSI for 30 minuets before drilling resumes. (NOTE: A drop of 150 PSI in 30 minutes is considered failed.) After the casing is run and cemented, weld-on the 8-5/8" X 11" 3M casing head housing and nipple-up the BOP stack (3000# ram preventer).

A 7-7/8" hole will be drilled out from surface casing point (1550'-1650') to  $\pm 4400'$  TVD. A full string of  $5\frac{1}{2}$ " 15.5# production casing will be run to TD, and cemented to surface, (casing test to 1500 PSI will be done by the completion rig.)

## CASING PROGRAM

Hole Size	Interval	Csg OD	Wt	Grd	Thread	Tension	Burst	Collapse
18'	0 - 40′	14'						
12 ¼"	0 – 1550′	85/8	24#	J55	STC	244,000	2950	1370
7 7/8"	1550′ – 4400′	5 1/2	15.5#	J55	LTC	217,000	4810	4040

A 14" conductor will be set and cemented to surface with  $50~\rm sx$ . Casing will be new and meet API standards and minimum design criteria.

## **WELL DEVIATION**

All vertical wells will require inclination surveys taken at 500' intervals to TD (final survey at TD). If excessive inclination becomes a problem, (surveys greater than 4 degrees) confer with the Altura DHS prior to taking corrective action.

## CEMENTING PROCEDURE: 8-5/8" Surface Casing @ 1550' (1-Stage)

Shoe Type:

Texas Pattern Shoe

Collar Type:

Float Collar, 1 joint above shoe

Centralizers:

 $11 \Rightarrow 10'$  above shoe, one at float collar joint then every

forth joint to surface

Flag Joints:

None required

Other Equip:

Stop clamp (1), pipe lock (bottom 2 joints, including

top/bottom of float collar), one rubber plug.

Reciprocate:

Not required

Preflush:

25 bbls fresh water @ 10 bbls/minute

Lead Slurry:

550 sx ⇒Permain Basin Critical Zone Class C Cement

.25lb/sk flocele (Lost Circulation)

12.80 ppg , 1.88 cu.ft./sx , 10.26 gal water/sx

1034 ft<sup>3</sup> cement volume

Tail Slurry:

225 sx => Permain Basin Critical Zone Class C Cement

13.50 ppg,  $1.63 \text{ ft}^3/\text{sx}$ , 8.37 gal water/sx

367 ft<sup>3</sup> cement volume

Volume Based:

1998 & 1999 HISTORICAL SURFACE CEMENT DATA

Hole	Well #	Casing	Pu	mped	Circ	In
			ft3	ft3	ft3	
	32-531	1553	1391	146	1245	
	32-542	1583	1391	96	1295	
	33-523	1560	1391	154	1237	
	33-534	1564	1391	38	1353	
	33-545	1550	1391	280	1111	
	29-544	1565	1282	135	1147	
	33-521	1565	1409	442	967	

Displacement:

Fresh water @ 8-10 bbl/minute.

does not circulate we are required to 1"cement to surface.

Special Note: 1. Report the following on the morning report:

\* casing size, grade, weight, depth set, hole size

- \* approximate temperature of cement slurry when mixed
- \* estimated minimum formation temperature in zone of interest (76 to 78 degrees F at 1700 ft per NMOCD rules.)
- \* estimate of cement strength at time of casing test (900 lbs.)
- \* actual time cement in place prior to starting test
- 2. WOC for 8 hours prior to testing casing.
- 3. Test casing to 1500 PSI for 30 minutes
- 4. Nipple up BOPE and test per requirements

## CEMENTING PROCEDURE: 5½" Prod Csg 4400' (1-Stage, 2 batches, Foam)

Shoe Type: Float Shoe.

Collar Type: Regular Float Collar, 1 joint above shoe

Centralizers:  $8 \Rightarrow 5'$  above shoe, one at float collar joint then every other

joint thereafter to 3900' (700' of centralization).

Flag Joint: 3800'

Other Equip: Pipe lock (bottom 2 joints, including top/bottom of float collar),

one stop clamp, one rubber plug.

Reciprocate: Reciprocate during circulation and cementing, limit 126 Mlbs

with 15.5# J-55 STC.

Preflush: 25 bbls fresh water @ 10 bbls/minute

Lead Slurry:  $550 \text{ sx} \Rightarrow \text{Premium Plus Class "C" (basis for foam)}$ 

14.80 ppg ,  $1.32 \text{ ft}^3/\text{sx}$  , 6.29 gal/sx

33% foam quality

Tail Slurry: 200 sx  $\Rightarrow$  Premium Plus Class "C" Cement

.4% CFR-3 (Dispersant), .5% LAP-1 (Fluid Loss)

14.85 ppg,  $1.32 \text{ ft}^3/\text{sx}$ , 6.17 gal/sx

264 ft<sup>3</sup> cement volume

**True Hole:** Between 8 5/8"- 5 1/2" 1700' x .1926 ft<sup>3</sup>/ft = 327.42 ft<sup>3</sup>

**Volume** Between 7.7/8'' - 5.1/2'' 2700' x .1733 ft<sup>3</sup>/ft = 467.91 ft<sup>3</sup>

795.33 ft<sup>3</sup>

North Hobbs Unit Well Program

Above cement design therefore is 101 % over true hole volume.

Actual volume to be determined by fluid caliper survey run 100' from TD. Vol. Based:

Press. Limit:

 $3600 \text{ psi} \Rightarrow 75\% \text{ of burst of } 5.5'' \text{ } 15.5 \text{\# J-} 55 \text{ STC}$ 

Temp. Svy:

Run 12 hrs after bumping plug if cement not circulated.

Special Note:

1. Report fluid caliper survey results on IADC.

2. Report casing size and grade, weight, depth set, hole

size and top of cement on morning report

3. Displace cement at maximum rate.

4. Report any circulation problems on morning report.

## MUD PROGRAM ⇒ Long Surface Casing Program

The mud system on these two wells will incorporate conventional pits. All cuttings will be removed and disposed of at an Altura approved site, which is Sundance Services (Parabo Facility) located .25 miles North of Highway 18 & 176 intersection, Lea County.

## SURFACE - 1700' (Surface Casing Point):

Size:

12¼" hole

Mud type:

Spud mud (30 bags Aqua-Gel, 1 bag lime), fresh water

Viscosity:

 $40 - 45 \sec/qt$ , (once in red beds 32 - 34)

Mud weight:

8.5 - 9.0 ppg

Fluid loss:

No control

Chlorides:

N/A

PH:

no control

Problems:

Possible loss of circulation, seepage, hole cleaning

Program:

Use fresh water additions and solids control equipment to

Control the viscosity. Maintain the viscosity at 32-34

sec/qt. for hole cleaning and stability.

Circulate a minimum of 30 minutes (or longer if using

only one pump) prior to tripping for casing.

#### SURFACE CASING POINT TO TD @ 4400':

Size:

7-7/8" hole

Mud type:

salt saturated brine water

Viscosity: Mud weight:

28-30 sec/qt. . 10.0 - 10.5 PPG

Fluid loss:

none to 3900' ft, 10 cc or less after 3900'

Chlorides:

188,000 ppm

PH:

10 or greater (control with lime and caustic)

Problems:

H<sub>2</sub>S, seepage, lost circulation, differential sticking

Program:

Use paper to control seepage. Use fluid loss control only if needed to control drilling problems. Use solids control equipment as required to keep solids under control. Keep pH high and treat with ZnCl to control H2S. Viscous sweeps for hole cleaning. (Lo-Loss: 1 bag

in 30 gal diesel)

Notes:

- 1) A mud test shall be performed every 24 hours after mudding up to determine, as applicable: density, viscosity, gel strength, filtration, and pH
- 2) Maintain a sufficient quantity of Zinc Lignosulfonate H<sub>2</sub>S scavenger on location to neutralize any H<sub>2</sub>S that may be encountered.
- 3) Sufficient mud materials to maintain mud properties and meet minimum lost circulation and weight increase requirements will be kept at the wellsite at all times

## **EVALUATION PROGRAM**

Open hole wireline logs  $\underline{will}$  be run on some of these wells. Logging suite to follow.

## TELEPHONE REFERENCES

NMOCD – Hobbs, NM. <u>Call at Spud, and cementing of each casing string.</u> OFF: (505) 393-6161 FAX: (505) 393-0720

		OFFICE#	HOME#
Drilling Team Leader	Randy Pennington	(281) 552-1215	
O	Pager	(888) 859-8568	
	Cellular	(281) 639-1566	
		(915) 631-1345	
Drilling Engineer	Phil DeNitto	(806) 229-9473	(806) 894-2513
-	Cellular	(806) 638-6670	
	Fax	(806) 229-9573	
Production Engineer	David Nelson	(505) 397-8211	
	Cellular	(505) 390-4704	
	Fax	(505) 397-8204	
Operations Specialist	BJ Kennedy	(806) 229-9469	(806) 894-7944
	Cellular	(806) 638-1951	
	Fax	(806) 229-9573	
Operations Specialist	Ron Pulliam	(915) 385-3135	(915) 550-9813
	Cellular	(915) 631-1620	
Cement:	Fax	(915) 385-3106	
Halliburton Services, Hobbs, N	M	(800) 844-8451	
	Gary Long		
	Altura office	(806) 592-6305	
	Cellular	(505) 390-1077	
	Fax	(505) 592-9035	
	Home	(505) 396-6710	
	Pager	(888) 327-8581	
Recommended:	Phil J. DeNitto		
Approved			

## Attachment 1 SURFACE USE AND OPERATING PLAN

ra Energy, Ltd. h Hobbs G/SA Unit Well No. 29-813 ) FSL & 469 FWL Letter L, Section 29, T-18-S, R-38-E County, New Mexico

#### **Existing Roads:**

- A. Access road to the location and elevation contours of area are shown in Attachment 2.
- B. The well site survey plat for the proposed well is shown in Attachment 3.
- C. Directions to location: From corner of Hwy 62/180 and West County Rd. Turn north on West County Rd. and go 1.5 miles to Mahan St. Turn west on Mahan and go 1/4 mile. Turn south on the lease road and go 1/4 mile to reach the well pad.

#### Location of Existing Wells:

Attachment 4 shows existing unit wells within a one-mile radius of this well operated by Altura Energy, Ltd.

#### Location of Existing and/or Proposed Facilities:

The well will be connected to an existing facilities located approximately 1600 feet west of this proposed site by a flowline installed according to API specifications.

#### Location and Type of Water Supply:

The well will be drilled with a combination of brine and fresh water mud systems as outlined in the drilling program. The water will be obtained from commercial water stations in the area and hauled to the location by transport truck over the existing and proposed roads shown in Attachment 2. No water well will be drilled on the location.

#### Source of Construction Material:

All caliche required for construction of the drill pad and to maintain the access roads will be obtained from an approved caliche pit. All roads and pads will be constructed of 6 inches of rolled and compacted caliche.

#### Methods of Handling Waste Disposal:

- A. Drill cuttings will be disposed of into the reserve pit.
- B. Drilling fluids will be contained in steel mud tanks. The reserve pit will contain any excess drilling fluid or flow from the well during drilling, cementing, and completion operations.
  - 1. The reserve pit will be an earthen pit, approximately 150 feet x 125 feet x 6 feet deep and fenced. The pit will be plastic-lined (5-7 mil thickness) to minimize loss of drilling fluids and saturation of the ground with brine water. The pit will be divided into two separate pits, one being for fresh water cuttings, and the other for brine water cuttings. At the completion of the well the pits will be allowed to dry, the brine cuttings will be removed and taken to a licensed disposal site, and the fresh water cuttings will be buried on site.

- the reserve pit or a steel tank. After the well is permanently placed on production, produced water will be collected in existing facilities.
- D. A portable chemical toilet will be provided on the location for human waste during the drilling and completion operations.
- E. Garbage and trash produced during drilling and completion operations will be collected in a screened-in trailer. All waste material will be contained to prevent scattering by the wind. After drilling operations are complete the trash will be disposed of in a nearby landfill.
- F. After the rig is moved out and the well is either completed or abandoned, all waste materials will be cleaned up within 30 days. No adverse materials will be left on the location. The reserve pit will be completely fenced and kept closed until it has dried. In the event of a dry hole, only a dry hole marker will remain.

#### 7. Ancillary Facilities:

No airstrip, campsite, or other facilities will be built as a result of the operations on this well.

#### 8. Well Site Layout:

Attachment 5 shows the planned orientation for the rig and associated drilling equipment, reserve pit, and pipe racks. No permanent living facilities are planned, but a temporary foreman/toolpusher's trailer will be on location during the drilling operations.

#### 9. Plans for Restoration of the Surface:

- A. Upon completion of the proposed operations, if the well is abandoned, the caliche will be removed from the location and road and returned to the pit from which it was taken. The pit area, after allowing to dry, will be broken out and leveled. The original topsoil will be returned to the entire location that will be leveled and contoured to as nearly the original topography as possible. Pit lining material will be buried or hauled away in order to leave the location in an aesthetically pleasing condition. All pits will be filled and the location leveled within 120 days after abandonment.
- B. The disturbed surface area will be restored per agreement with surface owners.

#### 10. Surface Ownership:

The well site and lease is located entirely on Fee surface.

#### 11. Operator's Representative:

An Altura representative responsible for assuring compliance with the surface use plan is as follows:

Drill Site Compliance:
Dusty Weaver
1017 W. Stanolind
Hobbs, NM 88240
Work Phone 806-894-8307

Well and Facilities Operations: David Nelson 1017 W. Stanolind Hobbs, NM 88240 Work Phone 505-397-8211

#### Certification:

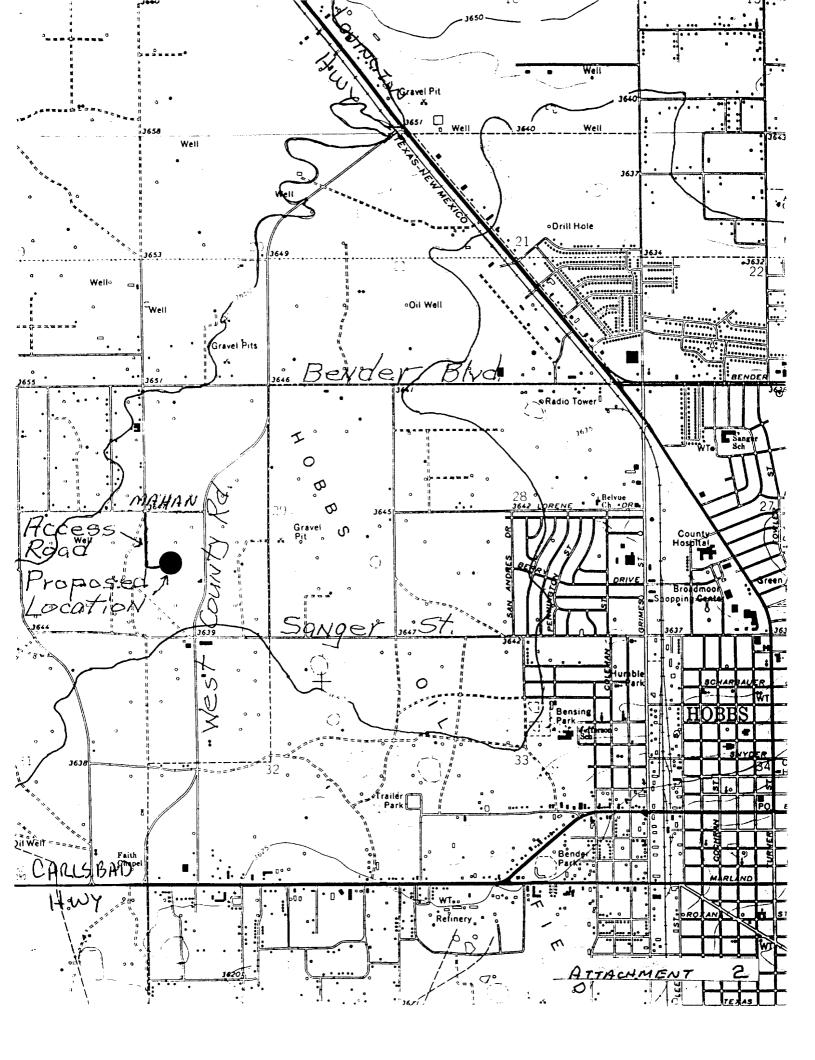
I hereby certify that I, or persons under my direct supervision, have inspected the proposed drill site and access route; that I am familiar with the conditions which currently exist; that the statements made in this plan are to best of my knowledge, true and correct; and the work associated with the operations proposed herein will be performed by Altura Energy, Ltd. and its contractors and subcontractors in conformity with this plan and the terms and conditions which is in approved. This statement is subject to the provisions of 18 U.S.C. 1001 for the filing of a false statement.

Date: 3/6/2000

Signed:

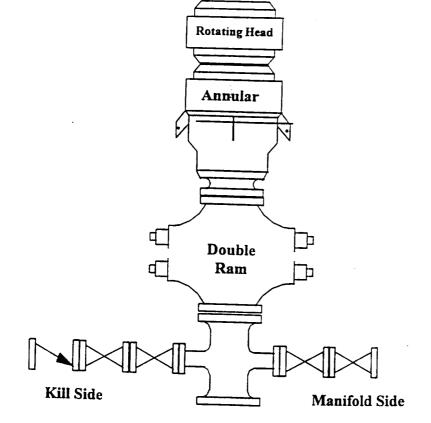
Gary Bullock

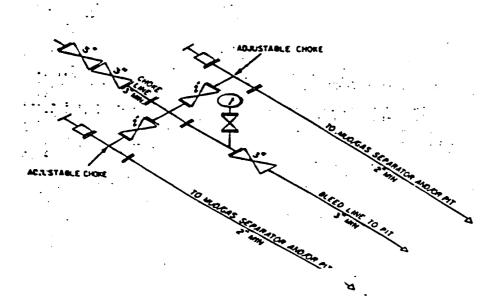
Hobbs FMT Team Leader



## NOTES REGARDING THE BLOWOUT PREVENTERS

- 1. Drilling nipple to be so constructed that it can be removed without use of a welder through rotary table opening, with minimum I.D. equal to preventer bore.
- 2. Wear bushing to be properly installed in head.
- 3. Blowout preventer (BOP) and all fittings must be in good condition, 3000 psi WP minimum. BOP, choke manifold and all related equipment will be suitable for H2S service as per 43 CFR Part 3160 4c.
- 4. All fittings to be flanged.
- 5. Safety valve must be available on rig floor at all times with proper connections, valve to be full bore 3000 psi WP minimum.
- 6. All choke and kill lines to be securely anchored, especially ends of choke lines.
- 7. Equipment through which bit must pass shall be at least as large as the diameter of the casing being drilled through.
- 8. Kelly cock on kelly.
- 9. Extension wrenches and hand wheels to be properly installed.
- 10. Blow out preventer control to be located as close to driller's position as feasible.
- 11. BOP closing equipment to meet 43 CFR Part 3160 'OGO #2' IIIA, and any other parts, paragraphs or sections that may apply.







## H2S DRILLING OPERATIONS PLAN

## NORTH HOBBS UNIT GRAYBURG/SAN ANDRES

Lea County, New Mexico

## 12 Well Package

#### INTRODUCTION

Altura Energy LTD. plans to drill and complete 12 San Andres wells in the North Hobbs Unit in Lea County, New Mexico in close proximity to Hobbs. Altura Energy operates offset wells producing out of the San Andres formation and has provided information on H2S, a concentration of 45,000 to 65,000-ppm H2S is a typical *production* rate for wells. The amounts of H2S and gas encountered during drilling operations are expected to be significantly lower.

#### **TRAINING**

All personnel shall receive proper training in H2S drilling and contingency procedures in accordance with the general training requirements outlined in the American Petroleum Institute's (API) Recommended Practice (RP) 49 (April 15, 1987 or subsequent editions) for Safe Drilling of Wells Containing Hydrogen Sulfide, Section 2. All training will be completed *before* any drilling operations commence. In addition to the requirements of API RP-49, a minimum of an initial training session and weekly H2S and well control drills for all personnel in each working crew shall be conducted. The initial training session for each well shall include a review of the site specific H2S Drilling Operations Plan . All service company personnel will be required to have proper H2S training and be briefed on the site-specific plan before commencing operations.

WELL SITE DIAGRAMS - posted at the start of each well

Each attached well site diagram will contain the following information:

- Drill rig orientation
- Prevailing wind direction
- Location of all briefing areas
- Location of access road(s)
- Location of flare line(s) and pit(s)
- Location of caution and/or danger signs
- Location of wind direction indicators

## WELL CONTROL EQUIPMENT

Due to the shallow depth of the wells and that no abnormal pressures are expected during drilling operations, a 5M (5000 PSI) BOPE system will be installed and tested prior to drilling out from under surface casing. This will include a hydraulic accumulator and rotating head along with the following equipment.

Two rams with one being blind and one being a pipe ram (blind rams on top)

- Kill line (2-inch minimum)
- 1 kill line valve (2 inch minimum)
- 1 choke line valve
- 2 manual chokes, (Refer to diagram in Attachment 1)
- Upper kelly cock valve with handle available
- Safety valve and subs to fit all drill strings in use
- Pressure gauge on choke manifold
- 2 inch minimum choke line
- Fill-up line above the uppermost preventer

Pipe rams and blind rams will be functionally tested each time pipe is tripped out of the hole.

## PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR ESSENTIAL PERSONNEL

There shall be a safety trailer, located on location, with 300 cubic foot cylinders located inside and approximately 8 hours worth of grade "D" breathing air available. Hoses shall be plumbed to the rig floor to allow for emergency control of the well.

Stored inside the trailer shall be 4 (SAR) workline units with egress capability to be used under IDLH conditions.

There shall be 2-SCBA, designed to last approximately 30 minutes duration for use in rescue or emergency conditions located at briefing areas 90° opposing sides of location. These will be stored in hard plastic cases and sealed against weather conditions. Also 2-SCBA designated as backup shall be stored in the safety trailer making a total of four (4).

There will be 4 emergency escape units with approximately 5 minutes duration stored on the rig floor in the top dog house ready for emergency evacuation purposes. One unit will be placed with the derrick man during pipe tripping operations.

- All units shall be maintained and inspected monthly and after each use. Periodic rig
  checks shall include visual inspection of all breathing apparatus to insure emergency
  readiness.
- Communication while wearing breathing apparatus can be performed by normal speech through the speaking diaphragm, but if the noise level succeeds in "drowning out" speech, than communication shall alternately be performed through hand signals agreed upon.

## H2S DETECTION AND MONITORING EQUIPMENT

A stationary H2S monitor shall be stationed in the top dog house (the recognized communications center) with remote audible and visual alarm located on the rig floor high enough up so as not to obscure being seen or heard readily. There shall be three H2S detecting sensors (1) located on the rig floor, (2) located at the bell nipple and (3) located at the flow line/steel pits (where applicable) that are calibrated with the monitor prior to assembly at the rig and calibrated/checked weekly.

Sensors for the stationary monitor shall be either electro-chemical (EC) cell and/or Metal oxide (MOS).

A portable tri-range monitor (H2S, O2, LEL) (EC) and a portable SO2 (EC) monitor shall be located in the safety trailer.

#### **VISUAL WARNING SYSTEMS**

Wind direction indicators will be visible at all times, a windsock will be attached to the rig floor, high enough to be seen from anyplace on location. In addition streamers will be attached to all guide wires at eye level.

Warning sign(s) will be placed at each entrance to the location at a minimum of 200' and a maximum of 500' from the well site. Each sign will read DANGER – POISON GAS – HYDROGEN SULFIDE, and employ a three flag (green = safe, yellow = caution, red = danger) warning system to alert personnel to the hazard level on location. A red flag will be displayed when H2S in excess of 10 ppm is detected at any sensing point.

## **MUD PROGRAM**

The mud system will utilize a conventional pit system, solids control will be maintained by circulating the reserve pits. The mud system will be fresh water/brine water with additions of Lime and Caustic soda to maintain a pH level of 10 or greater. A mud test shall be performed every 24 hours after mudding up to determine, as applicable: density, viscosity, gel strength, filtration, and pH. A sufficient quantity of Zinc Lignosulfonate H<sub>2</sub>S scavenger on location to neutralize any H<sub>2</sub>S that may be encountered. Sufficient mud materials to maintain mud properties and meet minimum lost circulation and weight increase requirements will be kept at the wellsite at all times

## *METALLURGY*

Metallurgical Equipment. All equipment that has the potential to be exposed to H2S shall be suitable for H2S service. Equipment which shall meet these metallurgical standards include the drill string, casing, wellhead, blowout preventer assembly, casing head and spool, rotating head, kill lines, choke, choke manifold and lines, valves, mud-gas separators, drill-stem test tools, test units, tubing, flanges, and other related equipment.

To minimize stress corrosion cracking and/or H2S embrittlement, the equipment shall be constructed of material whose metallurgical properties are chosen with consideration for both an H2S working environment and the anticipated stress. The metallurgical properties of the materials used shall conform to the current National Association of Corrosion Engineers (NACE) Standard MR 0175-90, Material Requirement, Sulfide Stress Cracking Resistant Metallic Material for Oil Field Equipment.

A drill fluid treatment and corrosion inhibitor program as per API's RP-49,§ 6.2.2. will be in use.

## MEANS OF COMMUNICATION FROM THE WELL SITE.

A telephone will be on location at all times, this will be either cellular, radio, or satellite connection. Key Rig #39 (806) 893-6396

#### PLANS FOR WELL TESTING

Testing shall be performed with a minimum number of personnel in the immediate vicinity, which are necessary to safely and adequately operate the test

North Hobbs Unit H2S Program

equipment. No drill stem testing will be conducted on any of these wells. At this time the well test will be conducted through the completed surface facilities.

## EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

In the event of detection of H2s the following procedures will be in use. (Excerpt from the Altura Reaction Plan)

## **Emergency Procedures**

**Emergency Reaction Steps** 

	Drilling	Tripping
All Personnel	1. On alarm don escape unit and report to upwind briefing area.	Same
	2. Check status of personnel (buddy system)	Same
	3. Secure breathing equipment and shut well in.	Same
	4. Await orders from Supervisor.	Same
Altura	1. Report to upwind briefing area.	Same
Representative	2. Don breathing equipment and return to point of release with Pusher or Driller (buddy system)	Same
	3. Determine H2S concentration.	Same
	4. Assess situation and take control measures.	Same
Tool Pusher	1. Report to upwind briefing area.	Same
	2. Don breathing equipment and return to point of release with Altura Rep or	Same
	driller. (buddy system) 3. Determine H2S concentration	Same
	4. Assess situation and take control measures.	Same
Driller	1. Don escape unit.	Same
<b>2</b>	2. Check monitor for point of release.	Same
	3. Report to briefing area.	Same Same
	4. Check status of personnel: ( in an attempted rescue use buddy system)	Same
	<ol><li>Assign least essential person to notify Altura Rep and Tool Pusher by quickest</li></ol>	Same
	means in the case of their absence.  6. Assume the responsibilities of the Altura Rep and Tool Pusher until they arrive shoul they be absent.	Same d

North Hobbs Unit H2S Program

## **Emergency Reaction Steps**

#### Tripping Drilling 1. Remain in briefing area until instructed Derrick Man by supervisor. Floor Man #1 Floor Man #2 Same 1. Report to briefing area. **Mud Engineer** 2. When instructed, begin check of mud for Ph and H2S levels. (Garnett Gas Train) Same 1. Mask up and check status of same for **Safety Personnel** all personnel and secure operations as instructed by Altura Rep.

#### Taking A Kick

When taking a kick during an H2S emergency, all personnel will follow standard BOP Procedures after reporting to briefing area and masking up.

## **Open Hole Logging**

All unnecessary personnel off the floor Altura Representative and Safety Personnel should monitor condition, advise status and determine the need for use of emergency equipment.

## **Running Casing or Plugging**

Following the same procedures as above. Altura Representative and Safety Personnel should determine if all personnel have access to protective equipment.

#### Notes:

Warning System Response. When H2S is detected in excess of 10 ppm at any
detection point, all non-essential personnel shall be moved to a safe area and
essential personnel (i.e., those necessary to maintain control of the well) shall
wear pressure-demand type protective breathing apparatus. Once
accomplished, operations may proceed.

a "buddy system" will be used, under no circumstances should any rescue or emergency operations be undertaken without backup personnel.

## EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBERS

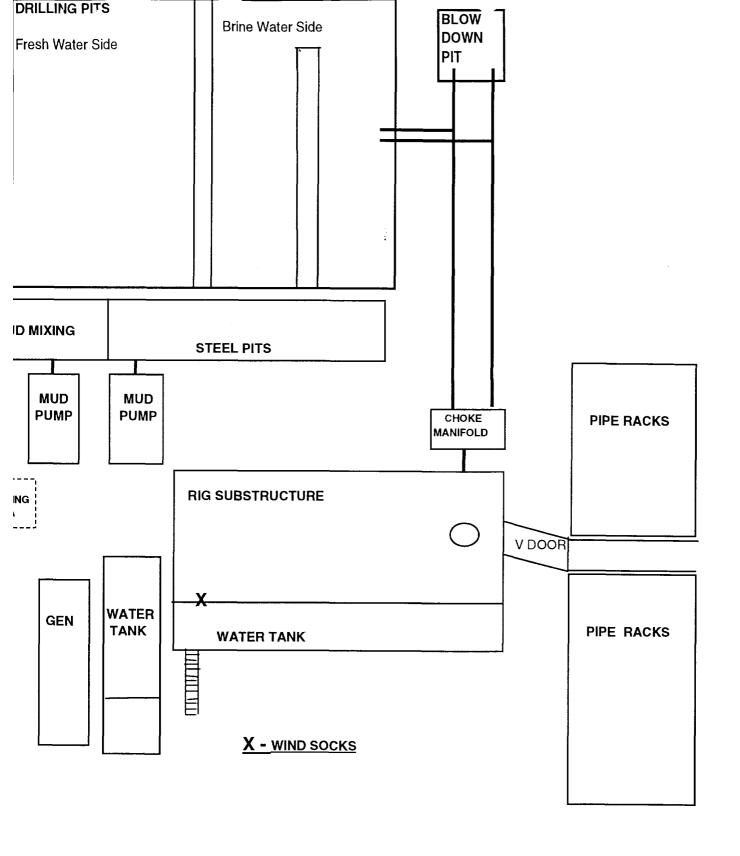
	FIRE	AMBULANCE	POLICE	SHERRIFF	STATE	HOSPITAL
					POLICE	
	911	911	911	911	911	
Hobbs	505-397-9308	505-397-9308	505-397-9265	505-393-2515	505-392-5588	505-392-6581

NMOCD Hobbs - OFFICE: (505) 393-6161 FAX: (505) 393-0720

Downhole Services Team Leader Randy Pennington 281-552-1215

Team Leader - Hobbs Gary Bullock 505-397-8203

(A complete list of all emergency contacts will be posted on the rig board)



BRIEFING AREA

LEASE ROAD CAUTION ON TO LOCATION SIGNS

