

NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

Santa Fe, New Mexico

MISCELLANEOUS NOTICES

Submit this notice in triplicate to the Oil Conservation Commission or its proper agent before the work specified is to begin. A copy will be returned to the sender on which will be given the approval, with any modifications considered advisable, or the rejection by the Commission or its agent, of the plan submitted. The plan as approved should be followed, and work should not begin until approval is obtained. See additional instructions in the Rules and Regulations of the Commission.

Indicate nature of notice by checking below:

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO TEST CASING SHUT-OFF	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	NOTICE OF INTENTION TO SHOOT OR CHEMICALLY TREAT WELL	
NOTICE OF INTENTION TO CHANGE PLANS		NOTICE OF INTENTION TO PULL OR OTHERWISE ALTER CASING	
NOTICE OF INTENTION TO REPAIR WELL		NOTICE OF INTENTION TO PLUG WELL	
NOTICE OF INTENTION TO DEEPEN WELL			

HOBBS, NEW MEXICO,

Place

3-30-36

Date

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION,
Santa Fe, New Mexico.

Gentlemen:

Following is a notice of intent to do certain work as described below at the _____

THE OHIO OIL CO., W. M. TURNER Well No. 1 in Center NE 1/4 SE 1/4
Company or Operator Lease
of Sec. 29, T. 21 S, R. 37 E, N. M. P. M., EAST EUNICE Field,
LEA County.

FULL DETAILS OF PROPOSED PLAN OF WORK

FOLLOW INSTRUCTIONS IN THE RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE COMMISSION

Plan to run & cement 3600' of 7" 24# casing with 400
sacks of oil well cement- using Halliburton System.

DUPLICATE

APR 1 1936
Approved _____, 19____
except as follows:

THE OHIO OIL COMPANY
Company or Operator
By [Signature]
Position Supt.
Send communications regarding well to

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION,

By [Signature]
Title _____

Name THE OHIO OIL COMPANY
Address BOX 60, HOBBS, NEW MEXICO.

1. The first part of the paper is devoted to the study of the properties of the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation

$$f(x) = \int_0^x \frac{1}{1+t^2} dt.$$

It is shown that the function $f(x)$ is increasing and concave down on the interval $(-\infty, \infty)$. Moreover, the function $f(x)$ is bounded on the interval $(-\infty, \infty)$ and its range is the interval $(-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2})$.

2. In the second part of the paper, we study the properties of the function $g(x)$ defined by the equation

$$g(x) = \int_0^x \frac{1}{1+t^2} dt + \int_0^x \frac{1}{1+t^4} dt.$$

It is shown that the function $g(x)$ is increasing and concave down on the interval $(-\infty, \infty)$. Moreover, the function $g(x)$ is bounded on the interval $(-\infty, \infty)$ and its range is the interval $(-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2})$.

3. In the third part of the paper, we study the properties of the function $h(x)$ defined by the equation

$$h(x) = \int_0^x \frac{1}{1+t^2} dt + \int_0^x \frac{1}{1+t^4} dt + \int_0^x \frac{1}{1+t^6} dt.$$

It is shown that the function $h(x)$ is increasing and concave down on the interval $(-\infty, \infty)$. Moreover, the function $h(x)$ is bounded on the interval $(-\infty, \infty)$ and its range is the interval $(-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2})$.

4. In the fourth part of the paper, we study the properties of the function $k(x)$ defined by the equation

$$k(x) = \int_0^x \frac{1}{1+t^2} dt + \int_0^x \frac{1}{1+t^4} dt + \int_0^x \frac{1}{1+t^6} dt + \int_0^x \frac{1}{1+t^8} dt.$$

It is shown that the function $k(x)$ is increasing and concave down on the interval $(-\infty, \infty)$. Moreover, the function $k(x)$ is bounded on the interval $(-\infty, \infty)$ and its range is the interval $(-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2})$.

5. In the fifth part of the paper, we study the properties of the function $l(x)$ defined by the equation

$$l(x) = \int_0^x \frac{1}{1+t^2} dt + \int_0^x \frac{1}{1+t^4} dt + \int_0^x \frac{1}{1+t^6} dt + \int_0^x \frac{1}{1+t^8} dt + \int_0^x \frac{1}{1+t^{10}} dt.$$

It is shown that the function $l(x)$ is increasing and concave down on the interval $(-\infty, \infty)$. Moreover, the function $l(x)$ is bounded on the interval $(-\infty, \infty)$ and its range is the interval $(-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2})$.

6. In the sixth part of the paper, we study the properties of the function $m(x)$ defined by the equation

$$m(x) = \int_0^x \frac{1}{1+t^2} dt + \int_0^x \frac{1}{1+t^4} dt + \int_0^x \frac{1}{1+t^6} dt + \int_0^x \frac{1}{1+t^8} dt + \int_0^x \frac{1}{1+t^{10}} dt + \int_0^x \frac{1}{1+t^{12}} dt.$$