

NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

Santa Fe, New Mexico

MISCELLANEOUS NOTICES

Submit this notice in triplicate to the Oil Conservation Commission or its proper agent before the work specified is to begin. A copy will be returned to the sender on which will be given the approval, with any modifications considered advisable, or the rejection by the Commission or its agent, of the plan submitted. The plan as approved should be followed, and work should not begin until approval is obtained. See additional instructions in the Rules and Regulations of the Commission.

Indicate nature of notice by checking below:

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO TEST CASING SHUT-OFF	6"	NOTICE OF INTENTION TO SHOOT OR CHEMICALLY TREAT WELL	
NOTICE OF INTENTION TO CHANGE PLANS		NOTICE OF INTENTION TO PULL OR OTHERWISE ALTER CASING	
NOTICE OF INTENTION TO REPAIR WELL		NOTICE OF INTENTION TO PLUG WELL	
NOTICE OF INTENTION TO DEEPEN WELL			

Hobbs, New Mexico, March 10, 1939

Place

Date

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION,
Santa Fe, New Mexico.

Gentlemen:

Following is a notice of intention to do certain work as described below at the

GULF OIL CORPORATION

GYPSY DIVISION

H. T. Mattern "B"

Well No.

2

in

SE/4 NE/4

Company or Operator

Lease

of Sec. 31

T.

21-S

R.

37-S

N. M. P. M.,

Hardy

Field,

Lea

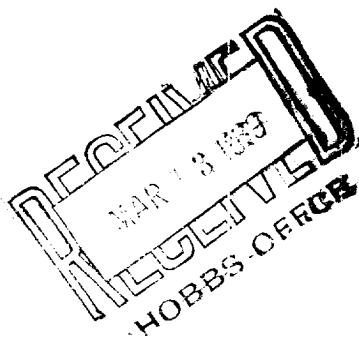
County.

FULL DETAILS OF PROPOSED PLAN OF WORK

FOLLOW INSTRUCTIONS IN THE RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE COMMISSION

March 9, 1939, the 6" OD 16# 10-thd. New SS Casing was cemented in lime at 3577'11", with 290 sacks 4% Aquagel Cement and 60 sacks Neat Cement by the Halliburton Cementing Process.

Propose to drill plug and test at 1:00 PM, March 11, 1939.



DUPLICATE

Approved _____, 19____
except as follows:

GULF OIL CORPORATION

GYPSY DIVISION

Company or Operator

By

Position

District Supt.

Send communications regarding well to

Name

C. C. Cummings

Address

Hobbs, New Mexico

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

By

Title

OIL & GAS INSPECTOR

ORIGINAL ARTICLES

THE EFFECT OF VITAMIN C ON THE
HEALTH OF MAN

By J. H. HENRIKSEN, M.D., and J. H. HENRIKSEN, JR., M.D.,
University of Minnesota School of Medicine, Minneapolis, Minn.
Submitted for publication June 15, 1940; accepted for publication
September 15, 1940.

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this study was to determine the effect of vitamin C on the health of man. The study was conducted in a hospital setting, and the subjects were patients who were admitted to the hospital for various reasons. The study was conducted over a period of six months, and the results were analyzed statistically.

The subjects were divided into two groups: a control group and an experimental group. The control group received no vitamin C, while the experimental group received a daily dose of 1,000 mg. of vitamin C. The subjects were followed up for six months, and their health was monitored.

The results of the study showed that the experimental group had a significantly lower incidence of respiratory infections and other illnesses compared to the control group.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

Subjects

The subjects were patients who were admitted to the hospital for various reasons.

Experimental Group

The experimental group received a daily dose of 1,000 mg. of vitamin C.

The control group received no vitamin C.

The subjects were followed up for six months.

Results

Incidence of Respiratory Infections

The incidence of respiratory infections was significantly lower in the experimental group compared to the control group.

The results of the study showed that the experimental group had a significantly lower incidence of respiratory infections and other illnesses compared to the control group.

DISCUSSION

Summary

The study showed that the experimental group had a significantly lower incidence of respiratory infections and other illnesses compared to the control group.

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