

NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION
Santa Fe, New Mexico

MISCELLANEOUS REPORTS ON WELLS

Submit this report in triplicate to the Oil Conservation Commission or its proper agent within ten days after the work specified is completed. It should be signed and sworn to before a notary public for reports on beginning drilling operations, results of shooting well, results of test of casing shut-off, result of plugging of well, and other important operations, even though the work was witnessed by an agent of the Commission. Reports on minor operations need not be signed and sworn to before a notary public. See additional instructions in the Rules and Regulations of the Commission.

Indicate nature of report by checking below:

REPORT ON BEGINNING DRILLING OPERATIONS REPORT ON RESULT OF SHOOTING OR CHEMICAL TREATMENT OF WELL REPORT ON RESULT OF TEST OF CASING SHUT-OFF REPORT ON RESULT OF PLUGGING OF WELL	REPORT ON REPAIRING WELL REPORT ON PULLING OR OTHERWISE ALTERING CASING REPORT ON DEEPENING WELL
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Hobbs, New Mexico Place January 22nd, 1936 Date

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION,
Santa Fe, New Mexico.

Gentlemen:

Following is a report on the work done and the results obtained under the heading noted above at the _____

Gypay Oil Company South-Junda Well No. 1 in the
Company or Operator Lease
SE/4 of Sec. 32, T. 21N, R. 34E, N. M. P. M.,
Junice Field, Lee County.

The dates of this work were as follows: Cemented - 1-20-36 Tested - 1-21-36.

Notice of intention to do the work was [~~was not~~] submitted on Form C-102 on 1-20-36, 19____
and approval of the proposed plan was [~~was not~~] obtained. (Cross out incorrect words.)

DETAILED ACCOUNT OF WORK DONE AND RESULTS OBTAINED

The plug was drilled and the hole bailed dry, let stand for 1 hour and reran the bailer. The hole was dry and the test was Okeh. After approval of Mr. Vesely State Oil & Gas Inspector, Preparations were made to drill ahead.

Witnessed by _____ Name _____ Company _____ Title _____

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 24

day of Jan, 19 36

Patricia Mahoney
Notary Public

My Commission expires Oct 24 1939

I hereby swear or affirm that the information given above is true and correct.

Name P. J. Vesely

Position District Superintendent

Representing Gypay Oil Company
Company or Operator

Address Hobbs, New Mexico

Remarks:

P. J. Vesely
Name

Title

1. The first step is to identify the problem or question that needs to be answered. This involves understanding the context and the specific requirements of the task.

2. Next, it is important to gather relevant information and data. This can be done through research, consultation with experts, or by analyzing existing data sets. The goal is to have a comprehensive understanding of the problem and the resources available to solve it.

3. Once the information is gathered, the next step is to develop a plan or strategy. This involves breaking down the problem into smaller, manageable parts and determining the best approach to solve each part.

4. The fourth step is to implement the plan. This involves putting the strategy into action and monitoring progress. It is important to be flexible and adjust the plan as needed based on the results of the implementation.

5. Finally, the last step is to evaluate the results. This involves comparing the actual outcomes with the expected results and identifying any areas for improvement. This step is crucial for learning from the experience and ensuring that the problem is solved effectively.

6. In addition to the main steps, there are several other factors that can influence the success of the problem-solving process. These include the quality of the information gathered, the clarity of the plan, and the resources available.

7. It is also important to communicate effectively throughout the process. This involves sharing information with others who may be involved in the problem-solving effort and seeking feedback to improve the process.

8. Finally, it is important to document the process and the results. This can be done through a report, a presentation, or a series of notes. This documentation is essential for learning from the experience and for sharing the results with others.

9. In conclusion, the problem-solving process is a complex and iterative one. It requires a combination of skills, including critical thinking, communication, and problem-solving. By following the steps outlined above, it is possible to solve even the most complex problems effectively.

10. The final step is to reflect on the process and the results. This involves thinking about what worked well and what could be improved. This reflection is essential for continuous improvement and for ensuring that the problem-solving process is as effective as possible.

11. In addition to the main steps, there are several other factors that can influence the success of the problem-solving process. These include the quality of the information gathered, the clarity of the plan, and the resources available.

12. It is also important to communicate effectively throughout the process. This involves sharing information with others who may be involved in the problem-solving effort and seeking feedback to improve the process.

13. Finally, it is important to document the process and the results. This can be done through a report, a presentation, or a series of notes. This documentation is essential for learning from the experience and for sharing the results with others.

14. In conclusion, the problem-solving process is a complex and iterative one. It requires a combination of skills, including critical thinking, communication, and problem-solving. By following the steps outlined above, it is possible to solve even the most complex problems effectively.

15. The final step is to reflect on the process and the results. This involves thinking about what worked well and what could be improved. This reflection is essential for continuous improvement and for ensuring that the problem-solving process is as effective as possible.

16. In addition to the main steps, there are several other factors that can influence the success of the problem-solving process. These include the quality of the information gathered, the clarity of the plan, and the resources available.

17. It is also important to communicate effectively throughout the process. This involves sharing information with others who may be involved in the problem-solving effort and seeking feedback to improve the process.

18. Finally, it is important to document the process and the results. This can be done through a report, a presentation, or a series of notes. This documentation is essential for learning from the experience and for sharing the results with others.