

Dually completed as Brunson Oil and Tubb Gas as follows:

1. Pulled rods, pump and tubing. Ran Model D production packer on wire line at 7930'. Ran 256 joints 2-3/8" tubing, GOT circulating valve in closed position at 8037', seal nipple, GOT Circulating valve in closed position at 7894'. Engaged in packer and tested tubing and packer with 2500#, OK. Released from packer and tested casing with 2500#, OK. Pulled tubing, seal nipple, and circulating valve.
2. Perforated 7" casing from 6010-6105' with 2, 1/2" jet holes per foot. Ran 2-7/8" tubing with bridge plug at 6135' and parent packer at 5985'. Spotted 500 gallons mud acid on perforations in 7" casing from 6010-6105' and squeezed into formation. Treated formation thru perforations in 7" casing from 6010-6105' with 5000 gallons 24 gravity oil with 1# sand per gallon. Pumped 500 gallons lease oil with 1# mothballs per gallon. Treated formation with 5000 gallons refined oil with 1# sand per gallon. Pumped 1000 gallons lease oil with 1# mothballs per gallon. Treated formation thru perforations in 7" casing with 5000 gallons refined oil with 1# sand per gallon. Swabbed and well kicked off.
3. Pulled 2-7/8" tubing, bridge plug and parent packer. Ran 2-3/8" tubing, seal nipple and circulating valve, engaged in packer. Swabbed and well kicked off. Flowed at a rate of 362 MCF with 40# back pressure. (Tubb Gas)
4. Closed circulating valve at 7894'. Opened circulating valve at 8037'. Ran rods and pump. Brunson Oil pumped thru 2-3/8" tubing and Tubb Gas flowed thru 7" casing.

The first part of the book is devoted to a general introduction to the theory of groups. It begins with the definition of a group and the basic properties of groups. The second part of the book is devoted to the theory of subgroups and cosets. It begins with the definition of a subgroup and the basic properties of subgroups. The third part of the book is devoted to the theory of quotient groups and homomorphisms. It begins with the definition of a quotient group and the basic properties of quotient groups. The fourth part of the book is devoted to the theory of isomorphisms and the First Isomorphism Theorem. It begins with the definition of an isomorphism and the basic properties of isomorphisms. The fifth part of the book is devoted to the theory of the Sylow Theorems and the structure of finite groups. It begins with the definition of a Sylow subgroup and the basic properties of Sylow subgroups. The sixth part of the book is devoted to the theory of the Jordan Normal Form and the structure of linear transformations. It begins with the definition of a Jordan Normal Form and the basic properties of Jordan Normal Forms. The seventh part of the book is devoted to the theory of the Wedderburn Theorem and the structure of semisimple algebras. It begins with the definition of a semisimple algebra and the basic properties of semisimple algebras. The eighth part of the book is devoted to the theory of the Brauer-Nesbitt Theorem and the structure of representations of finite groups. It begins with the definition of a representation of a finite group and the basic properties of representations of finite groups. The ninth part of the book is devoted to the theory of the Schur Index and the structure of representations of finite groups. It begins with the definition of a Schur index and the basic properties of Schur indices. The tenth part of the book is devoted to the theory of the Brauer-Klein Theorem and the structure of representations of finite groups. It begins with the definition of a Brauer-Klein index and the basic properties of Brauer-Klein indices.