

**DUPLICATE**

**NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION**  
Santa Fe, New Mexico

**RECEIVED**  
MAY 19 1940  
**RECEIVED**

**MISCELLANEOUS REPORTS ON WELL**

**HOBBS OFFICE**

Submit this report in triplicate to the Oil Conservation Commission or its proper agent within ten days after the work specified is completed. It should be signed and sworn to before a notary public for reports on beginning drilling operations, results of shooting well, results of test of casing shut-offs, result of plugging of well, and other important operations, even though the work was witnessed by an agent of the commission. Reports on minor operations need not be signed and sworn to before a notary public. See additional instructions in the Rules and Regulations of the Commission.

Indicate nature of report by checking below:

REPORT ON BEGINNING DRILLING OPERATIONS		REPORT ON REPAIRING WELL	
REPORT ON RESULT OF SHOOTING OR CHEMICAL TREATMENT OF WELL		REPORT ON PULLING OR OTHERWISE ALTERING CASING	
REPORT ON RESULT OF TEST OF CASING SHUT-OFF	<b>X</b>	REPORT ON DEEPENING WELL	
REPORT ON RESULT OF PLUGGING OF WELL			

**Hobbs, New Mexico**

**May 1, 1940**

Place

Date

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION  
Santa Fe, New Mexico.

Gentlemen:

Following is a report on the work done and the results obtained under the heading noted above at the  
**Stampfli and Martin** **George Glier et al** Well No. **3** in the

Company or Operator Lease  
**SE 1/4 NW 1/4 NE 1/4** of Sec. **33**, T. **22 S**, R. **37E**, N. M. P. M.,  
**Skelly** Field, **Lea** County

The dates of this work were as follows: **4-28- to 5-1-40.**

Notice of intention to do the work was (was not) submitted on Form C-102 on \_\_\_\_\_ 19\_\_\_\_\_  
and approval of the proposed plan was (was not) obtained. (Cross out incorrect words.)

**On 4-25-40** DETAILED ACCOUNT OF WORK DONE AND RESULTS OBTAINED  
**168 Jts. 7" OD Casing ran to 3395 and cemented with 200 Sacks Lone Star Cement and allowed to set 24 hours. On 4-29-40 drilled out plug and found casing leaking at 900 feet. Recemented with 300 sacks Incor by perforating pipe at 960. Stopped circulating cement with pump pressure at 900#. Drilled out 500 feet cement from pipe and on 5-4-40, bailed hole dry at 3400 and let stand one hour. No water entered hole. Water shutoff o.k.**

Witnessed by **W. S. Stampfli** **Stampfli and Martin** **Partner**  
Name Company Title

Subscribed and sworn to before me this \_\_\_\_\_

**29** day of **May**, 19**40**

**Nesma Belle**  
Notary Public

My Commission expires **Nov. 20, 1943.**

I hereby swear or affirm that the information given above is true and correct.

Name **W. S. Stampfli**

Position **Partner**

Representing **Stampfli and Martin**  
Company or Operator

Address \_\_\_\_\_

Remarks:

**Roy Garbrough**  
Name  
**OIL & GAS INSPECTOR**  
Title

1. The first part of the document is a letter from the President of the United States to the Congress, dated January 3, 1862. It is a very long letter, and it contains a great deal of information about the state of the country at that time. The President talks about the war with Mexico, and about the situation in the South. He also talks about the economy, and about the need for more money. The letter is written in a very formal style, and it is full of references to the Constitution and to the laws of the country.

2. The second part of the document is a report from the Secretary of the Treasury, dated January 3, 1862. It is a very long report, and it contains a great deal of information about the state of the Treasury at that time. The Secretary talks about the amount of money that the Treasury has, and about the amount of money that it needs. He also talks about the different ways that the Treasury can get money, and about the different ways that it can spend money. The report is written in a very formal style, and it is full of references to the Constitution and to the laws of the country.

3. The third part of the document is a report from the Secretary of the Interior, dated January 3, 1862. It is a very long report, and it contains a great deal of information about the state of the Interior at that time. The Secretary talks about the land that the government owns, and about the land that it needs. He also talks about the different ways that the government can use the land, and about the different ways that it can manage the land. The report is written in a very formal style, and it is full of references to the Constitution and to the laws of the country.

4. The fourth part of the document is a report from the Secretary of the War, dated January 3, 1862. It is a very long report, and it contains a great deal of information about the state of the War at that time. The Secretary talks about the army, and about the navy. He also talks about the different ways that the government can fight the war, and about the different ways that it can support the war. The report is written in a very formal style, and it is full of references to the Constitution and to the laws of the country.

5. The fifth part of the document is a report from the Secretary of the Navy, dated January 3, 1862. It is a very long report, and it contains a great deal of information about the state of the Navy at that time. The Secretary talks about the ships, and about the sailors. He also talks about the different ways that the government can use the navy, and about the different ways that it can support the navy. The report is written in a very formal style, and it is full of references to the Constitution and to the laws of the country.

6. The sixth part of the document is a report from the Secretary of the Army, dated January 3, 1862. It is a very long report, and it contains a great deal of information about the state of the Army at that time. The Secretary talks about the soldiers, and about the officers. He also talks about the different ways that the government can use the army, and about the different ways that it can support the army. The report is written in a very formal style, and it is full of references to the Constitution and to the laws of the country.

7. The seventh part of the document is a report from the Secretary of the War, dated January 3, 1862. It is a very long report, and it contains a great deal of information about the state of the War at that time. The Secretary talks about the army, and about the navy. He also talks about the different ways that the government can fight the war, and about the different ways that it can support the war. The report is written in a very formal style, and it is full of references to the Constitution and to the laws of the country.

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9. The ninth part of the document is a report from the Secretary of the Army, dated January 3, 1862. It is a very long report, and it contains a great deal of information about the state of the Army at that time. The Secretary talks about the soldiers, and about the officers. He also talks about the different ways that the government can use the army, and about the different ways that it can support the army. The report is written in a very formal style, and it is full of references to the Constitution and to the laws of the country.

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