



Reconnaissance
Excavation
Analysis
Explanation
Curation

NMAS

New Mexico Archaeological Services, Inc.

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18 March 1970

Mr. Morris Nelson
President
Zia Energy, Inc.
P.O. Box 603
Hobbs, New Mexico 88240

Dear Mr. Nelson:

Enclosed please find NMAS' Archaeological Clearance Report for Zia Energy, Incorporated's proposed Alternate Federal Well No.1, Preferred Federal Well No.1, and for the Modifications to Existing Roads on federal lands in Lea County. No cultural resources were recorded during this reconnaissance; consequently, NMAS is suggesting clearance for the locations as well as the road projects.

If you have any questions, please call my office.
Thank you for asking NMAS to do this reconnaissance.

Yours sincerely,

J. Loring Haskell
Dr. J. Loring Haskell
Principal Investigator

Enclosure

cc: Ms. Ann Ramage, BLM, Roswell
Mr. Jim Simms, USGS, Hobbs
Mr. Stewart L. Peckham, Laboratory of Anthropology,
Santa Fe
Mr. Thomas W. Merlan, SHPO, Santa Fe

as

Archaeological Clearance Report

for

Elia Energy, Inc.

Alternate Federal Well No.1
Preferred Federal Well No.1
Modifications To Existing Ranch Roads

Prepared

By

Dr. J. Loring Haskell

Submitted

By

Dr. J. Loring Haskell
Principal Investigator
New Mexico Archaeological Services, Inc.
Carlsbad, New Mexico

19 March 1979

Permit No. 78-NM-120

Introduction

On 16 March 2000, New Mexico Archaeological Services, Inc., (NMAS), Carlisle, undertook for Zia Energy, Inc., Hobbs, an archaeological reconnaissance of lands administered by the Forest of Land Management in Lea County, New Mexico. Recon-
naitered areas will be impacted by the construction of a drill
rod and tank battery at either the Alternate "or the Preferred"
location. In addition, portions of two existing roads were
investigated as well. This project was administered by Mr.
Parris Nelson, President, Zia Energy, Inc., and Dr. J. Loring
Haskell, Principal Investigator, NMAS. Dr. Haskell conducted
the reconnaissance under excellent field conditions.

Survey Technique

Each of Zia Energy's locations was examined for evidence
of man's past activities by walking them in a series of 20 ft
wide, close interval (15° or less), zigzag transects. An
added zone embracing 20 ft on each side of both locations, and
hence lying beyond the 400 X 400 ft work area, was investigated
as well. Existing roads were surveyed by a similar means.
Methodologically, this technique served to promote optimal
conditions for the visual examination of areas to be impacted
by construction-related activities.

Zia Energy, Inc.
Alternate Federal Well No.1

Location

As proposed, this location will measure 400 X 400 ft and
will be situated 2160 ft from the south line and 2210 ft from

Section 17, T22N, R35E, N4W, De Smet, SD

It will be situated at the:

Section 17, T22N, R35E, N4W, De Smet, SD

It is situated on an existing ranch road which will be discussed below.

Map Reference: USGS Tunica Quadrangle, 7.5 Minute Series, 1968.

Terrein

Topographically, this area is coextensive with the Tunica Plain being characterized by a broad, generally flat landform with localized collapse, or subsidence, structure. Drainage is toward the southeast and ultimately into Monument Draw. Surficial deposits, which largely aeolian in nature; are stable. Soil individuals belong to an intergrade of the Typic Torripsamment subgroup and are thermic. Peds are composed of fine- to medium-grained sandy clay loams and sandy loams which invariably lack lithic inclusions. Consolidated sand underlies the project area as does indurated caliche.

Floristics

Key components of the floral community's overstory include Prosopis juliflora and Quercus havardii, which are codominant, as well as infrequent representatives of Acacia greggii and Koeberlinia spinosa variant. Most commonly observed forbs and grasses are Gutierrezia sarothrae, Euphorbia spp., Aristida sp., Setaria macrostachya, Sporobolus sp., and Bouteloua erionoda. Of the Gramineae, Bouteloua erionoda is decidedly infrequent.

Cultural Resources

Excepting contemporary detritus resulting from oil field operations, no cultural resources were recorded during this

the area. The area is also well known for its
the area and well as near the rim of local volcanic
structures. These latter areas often support Paleo-Indian re-
sources as these features acted as receptacles for Pleistocene-
aged loess. In all probability man's activities in the immedi-
ate vicinity focused on hunting and hence was of an ephemeral
nature.

Recommendations

NHMS recommends clearance for Zia Energy, Incorporated's
proposed Federal Well No.1 and suggests that work-related
activities proceed in accordance with their plans.

Zia Energy, Inc.
Preferred Federal Well No.1

Location

The "preferred" location will measure 400 X 400 ft on
federal lands and will be situated 2310 ft from the south and
2310 ft from the west line of:

Section 17, T22S, R37E, NMPM, Lea County, NM

It is situated in the:

NE1/4SW1, Section 17, T22S, R37E, NMPM, Lea County, NM

It is situated on two existing ranch roads. (If an alledged
pipeline is sufficiently well removed from the location, Zia
Energy, Incorporated will use this location rather than the
Alternate.)

Terrain

In general, the environs of this location are distinguished

... In general, the ...
site is, ...
weathering processes as low hummocks, ...
distinctive ...
the vicinity is ...
resulting from ...
Formation of these features undoubtedly occurred during either
Tertiary and Quaternary times. To the west, subsidence has
continued into recent times with the formation of annular
fissures and a bona fide secondary collapse structure being doc-
umented for San Simon Swale in 1936.

Floristics

Prosopis juliflora uniformly occupies a niche provided by
hummocks while intervening areas are filled by Quercus havardii.
Associated plants, albeit occurring in varying frequencies,
include Acacia greggii, Koeberlinia spinosa, Gutierrezia sarothrae,
Euphorbia spp., Setaria macrostachya, Sporobolus flexuosus, and
Douteloua erianoda. Acacia, Koeberlinia, and Douteloua are
infrequent and often rare.

Cultural Resources

No archaeological sites or isolated manifestations were
recorded during this reconnaissance. Owing to an absence of
lithic material suited for the fabrication of flaked- and
ground-tools as well as a paucity of potable water, usage of
this landform, at least since terminal Pleistocene times, has
been limited to the activities of social units engaged in
hunting pursuits. Culturally, this area has been occupied by

(11,000-21,000 ft).

Recommendations

NMFS recommends clearance for Zia Energy's proposed location and suggests that work-related activities proceed in accordance with existing plans.

Modifications to Existing Ranch Roads

Location

Zia Energy, Incorporated proposes to upgrade portions of two existing ranch roads situated in the immediate vicinity. Road beds will measure 12 ft in breadth. For the "alternate location", it will involve 450 ft of road on the north and 660 ft on the east. If Zia decides to utilize the "preferred location", the modifications will embrace approximately 300 ft of road bed on the north and an additional 510 ft on the east. They are situated in the:

NE1/4SW1/4, Section 17, T22S, R37E, NMPM, Lea County, NM (BLM)
Map Reference: USGS Eunice Quadrangle, 7.5 Minute Series,
1969.

Terrain

Reconnoitered areas are situated on a generally eastward-trending slope which drains into Monument Draw during periods of excessive rainfall. Soil individuals tend to be deep, non-calcareous, fine- to medium-textured clay loams and sandy clay loams. Excepting occasional caliche cobbles, lithic inclusions are not present in pedons.

Floristics

and Quercus laevis. Trapa is, however, usually less than .50 m, is restricted to the deeper soils associated with hummocks whereas Quercus tend to be confined to inter-hummock areas. Soils supporting Quercus invariably harbor Eutimaenia serotena, Trichia sp., Tristida sp., and Desmoulinia erionota. Cetaria macrostachya uniformly is associated with Proserpis.

Cultural Resources

No archaeological resources were observed during this reconnaissance. Locally, solitary projectile points should occur on a strictly random basis owing to the transitory nature of hunting-related tasks. Camp sites are largely confined to dune fields situated to the south and west. Significant sites are known from the Monument Springs area.

Recommendations

NMAS recommends clearance for the proposed modifications to be made to the existing ranch roads and suggests that work-related activities proceed in accordance with existing plans.