

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION
STATE OF NEW MEXICO

Certificate of Compliance and Authorization to Transport Oil

Company or Operator Amerada Petroleum Corporation Lease State PR

Address Drawer D, Monument, New Mexico Box 2040, Tulsa, 2, Oklahoma
(Local or Field Office) (Principal Place of Business)

Unit M Wells No. 1 Sec. 16 T. 23 R. 37 Field Penrose-Skelly County Lea

Kind of Lease State Location of Tanks On Lease

Transporter Texas-New Mexico P.L.Co. Address of Transporter El Paso, New Mexico
(Principal Place of Business) (Local or Field Office)

Houston, Texas Percent of oil to be transported 100 Other transporters author-
(Principal Place of Business)

ized to transport oil from this unit are None %

REMARKS: New Well.

The undersigned certifies that the above rules and regulations of the Oil Conservation Commission have been complied with except as noted above and that gathering agent is authorized to transport the percentage of oil produced from the above described property and that this authorization will be valid until further notice to the transporter named herein or until cancelled by the Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico.

Executed this the 26th day of November, 1945.

~~Amerada Petroleum Corporation~~
(Company or Operator)

By W. J. Tappan

Title Asst. Dist. Supt. _____

State of New Mexico } ss.
County of Lea }

Before me, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared Don Topper known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed to the above instrument, who being by me duly sworn on oath states that he is authorized to make this report and has knowledge of the facts stated herein and that said report is true and correct.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this the 26th day of November, 1945

Notary Public in and for Lea County, New Mexico

Approved: 11-23-, 1945

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

By and C. W. Warington
(See Instructions on Reverse Side)

INSTRUCTIONS

This form shall be executed and filed in quadruplicate with the Oil Conservation Commission at Santa Fe, New Mexico, covering each unit from which oil is produced. A separate certificate shall be filed for each transporter authorized to transport oil from a unit. After said certificate has been approved by the Oil Conservation Commission, one copy shall be forwarded to the transporter, one copy returned to the producer, and two copies retained by the Oil Conservation Commission.

A new certificate shall be filed to cover each change in operating ownership and each change in the transporter, except that in the case of a temporary change in the transporter involving less than the allowable production for one month the operator shall, in lieu of filing a new certificate, notify the Oil Conservation Commission at Santa Fe, New Mexico, and the transporter authorized by certificate on file with the Commission, by letter of the estimated amount of oil to be moved by the transporter temporarily moving oil from the unit and the name of such temporary transporter and a copy of such notice shall also be furnished such temporary transporter. Such temporary transporter shall not move any more oil than the estimated amount shown in said notice.

This certificate when properly executed and approved by the Oil Conservation Commission shall constitute a permit for pipe line connection and authorization to transport oil from the property named therein and shall remain in full force and effect until

- (a) Operating ownership changes
- (b) The transporter is changed or
- (c) The permit is cancelled by the Commission

If any of the rules and regulations of the Oil Conservation Commission have not been complied with at the time this report is filed, explain fully under the heading "REMARKS."

In all cases where this certificate is filed to cover a change in operating ownership or a change in the transporter designated to move oil, show under "REMARKS" the previous owner or operator and the transporter previously authorized to transport oil.

A separate report shall be filed to cover each producing unit as designated by the Oil Conservation Commission.

Place Monument, New Mexico
Date November 24, 1945

Glenn Staley
Proration Umpire
Hobbs, N.M.

NOTICE OF COMPLETION OF (Lease) State PB Well No.) 1
660 Feet from South line; 660 Feet from East line; S.T. & R. 16-23S-37E

DATE STARTED August 11, 1945
DATE COMPLETED November 17, 1945
ELEVATION 3332' Derrick Floor, 3322' Ground
TOTAL DEPTH S.L.M. 5075'
CABLE TOOLS _____; ROTARY TOOLS X

CASING RECORD

SIZE	<u>10 3/4" OD</u>	DEPTH	<u>1107'</u>	SAX CEMENT	<u>400</u>
SIZE	<u>7 5/8"</u>	DEPTH	<u>3754'</u>	SAX CEMENT	<u>250</u>
SIZE	<u>5 1/2" CD</u>	DEPTH	<u>5075'</u>	SAX CEMENT	<u>200</u>

TUBING RECORD

SIZE 2" NUE DEPTH 5059'

ACID RECORD

NO. GALS	<u>3000</u>	%	<u>15</u>
NO. GALS	_____	%	_____
NO. GALS	_____	%	_____

SHOOTING RECORD

NO. QTS.	_____
NO. QTS.	_____
NO. QTS.	_____

FORMATION TOPS

	Anhydrite	<u>1070</u>
	Top Salt	_____
	Base Salt	<u>2420</u>
Top Yates	XXXXXXXX	<u>2600</u>
Zone 4	XXXXXXXX	<u>2865'</u>
Base San Andres	XXXXXXXX	<u>4965'</u>
	Oil or Gas Pay	<u>5015-5065'</u>
	Water	_____

INITIAL PRODUCTION TEST 93.15 B. ls Fluid 4% Water Swab and flow 21 hours
TEST AFTER ACID OR SLOT 155.91 Oil 77.22 Water flow 21 hours on 20/64" Choke
Tubing Pressure 120#

INITIAL GAS VOLUME..... 79.761, Gas-Oil-Ratio 511

SCHEDULE NO. _____ DATE _____

PIPE LINE TAKING OIL No Pipe Line Connection yet.

REMARKS _____ COMPANY Amerada Petroleum Corporation

By: L. W. Hippner
Asst. Dist. Supt.

[illegible]

Question	Answer
1. What is the purpose of the study?	The purpose of the study is to investigate the effect of the use of a mobile learning application on the learning outcomes of students in a mathematics course.
2. What is the research design?	The research design is a quasi-experimental design, specifically a pre-test post-test control group design.
3. What are the variables in the study?	The independent variable is the use of the mobile learning application. The dependent variable is the learning outcomes of the students.
4. What is the sample size?	The sample size consists of 60 students, divided into two groups of 30 students each.
5. What are the data collection instruments?	The data collection instruments are a pre-test, a post-test, and a questionnaire.
6. What are the results of the study?	The results of the study show that the use of the mobile learning application significantly improved the learning outcomes of the students in the experimental group compared to the control group.
7. What are the conclusions of the study?	The conclusion of the study is that the use of a mobile learning application is an effective tool for improving the learning outcomes of students in a mathematics course.

Figure 1. The effect of the concentration of the *Agrobacterium* suspension on the transformation efficiency of *Agrobacterium* strains. The *Agrobacterium* strains were grown in the YEA medium for 24 h at 28°C. The cell concentration of the strains was adjusted to 1.0 × 10⁸ cells/ml. The cell suspension was mixed with the plant tissue and the transformation efficiency was determined. The results were expressed as the mean ± SD of three independent experiments. The asterisks indicate the significant difference between the strains at the same concentration of the cell suspension.

[illegible]

• *✓* The *✓* symbol is used to indicate that the item is correct.

Figure 1. The effect of the concentration of the *Agrobacterium* suspension on the transformation efficiency of *Agrobacterium* strains. The number of transformed cells was determined by the number of colonies obtained after 48 h of growth on the selective medium. The results are the mean of three independent experiments. Error bars represent the standard deviation.

<p>1. The first step in the process of identifying a problem is to define the problem clearly. This involves identifying the symptoms of the problem and determining the scope of the problem.</p> <p>2. The second step is to gather information about the problem. This involves collecting data and identifying the causes of the problem.</p> <p>3. The third step is to analyze the information gathered. This involves identifying the key factors that are contributing to the problem and determining the best course of action.</p> <p>4. The fourth step is to implement the solution. This involves putting the chosen solution into practice and monitoring the results.</p> <p>5. The fifth step is to evaluate the results. This involves assessing the effectiveness of the solution and determining whether further action is needed.</p>	<p>1. The first step in the process of identifying a problem is to define the problem clearly. This involves identifying the symptoms of the problem and determining the scope of the problem.</p> <p>2. The second step is to gather information about the problem. This involves collecting data and identifying the causes of the problem.</p> <p>3. The third step is to analyze the information gathered. This involves identifying the key factors that are contributing to the problem and determining the best course of action.</p> <p>4. The fourth step is to implement the solution. This involves putting the chosen solution into practice and monitoring the results.</p> <p>5. The fifth step is to evaluate the results. This involves assessing the effectiveness of the solution and determining whether further action is needed.</p>	<p>1. The first step in the process of identifying a problem is to define the problem clearly. This involves identifying the symptoms of the problem and determining the scope of the problem.</p> <p>2. The second step is to gather information about the problem. This involves collecting data and identifying the causes of the problem.</p> <p>3. The third step is to analyze the information gathered. This involves identifying the key factors that are contributing to the problem and determining the best course of action.</p> <p>4. The fourth step is to implement the solution. This involves putting the chosen solution into practice and monitoring the results.</p> <p>5. The fifth step is to evaluate the results. This involves assessing the effectiveness of the solution and determining whether further action is needed.</p>	<p>1. The first step in the process of identifying a problem is to define the problem clearly. This involves identifying the symptoms of the problem and determining the scope of the problem.</p> <p>2. The second step is to gather information about the problem. This involves collecting data and identifying the causes of the problem.</p> <p>3. The third step is to analyze the information gathered. This involves identifying the key factors that are contributing to the problem and determining the best course of action.</p> <p>4. The fourth step is to implement the solution. This involves putting the chosen solution into practice and monitoring the results.</p> <p>5. The fifth step is to evaluate the results. This involves assessing the effectiveness of the solution and determining whether further action is needed.</p>
---	---	---	---

It is not clear whether the observed differences in the response of the two groups are due to differences in the underlying disease process or to differences in the response to the treatment. The results of this study suggest that the response to the treatment is different in the two groups, but further studies are needed to confirm this.

[illegible][illegible]

1. The following information was obtained from the records of the Department of Health and Human Services, Office of the Assistant Secretary for Health, regarding the activities of the National Health and Medical Research Council (NH&MRC) in the area of research on the health effects of asbestos:

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

1. What is the main purpose of the document?
 The main purpose of the document is to provide a comprehensive overview of the company's financial performance for the year 2023, including a detailed analysis of the income statement, balance sheet, and cash flow statement.

$$w = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}x^2} \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}x^2} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}x^2} \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}x^2} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}x^2}$$

1. *What is the main purpose of the study?*