

NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

FORM NO. 000

Form C-122

MULTI-POINT BACK PRESSURE TEST FOR GAS WELLS

Revised 12-1-55

Pool Jalnet Formation Yates - Seven Rivers County Lea
Initial _____ Annual _____ Special I Date of Test May 9, 1956
Company Amerada Petroleum Corporation Lease Cagle "C" Well No. 1
Unit D Sec. 3 Twp. 26 Rge. 37 Purchaser El Paso Natural Gas Company
Casing 5-1/2 Wt. 15.5 I.D. _____ Set at 3314 Perf. 2600 To 3195
Tubing 2-3/8 Wt. 4.7 I.D. _____ Set at 2604 Perf. _____ To _____
Gas Pay: From 2600 To 3195 L 2604 xG 0.655 -GL 1706 Bar.Press. _____
Producing Thru: Casing _____ Tubing I Type Well Single
Re- _____ Single-Bradenhead-G. G. or G.O. Dual
Date of Completion: 5-20-56 Packer 2592 Reservoir Temp. _____

OBSERVED DATA

Tested Through (~~Pressure~~) (~~Stroke~~) (Meter) Type Taps _____

No.	Flow Data					Tubing Data		Casing Data		Duration of Flow Hr.
	(Pressure) (Line) Size	(Stroke) (Orifice) Size	Press. psig	Diff. h _w	Temp. °F.	Press. psig	Temp. °F.	Press. psig	Temp. °F.	
SI						<u>612</u>				<u>72</u>
1.	<u>4</u>	<u>1.000</u>	<u>569</u>	<u>2.56</u>	<u>83</u>	<u>602</u>				<u>24</u>
2.	<u>4</u>	<u>1.000</u>	<u>567</u>	<u>13.69</u>	<u>80</u>	<u>587</u>				<u>24</u>
3.	<u>4</u>	<u>1.000</u>	<u>564</u>	<u>17.64</u>	<u>83</u>	<u>583</u>				<u>24</u>
4.	<u>4</u>	<u>1.000</u>	<u>563</u>	<u>27.56</u>	<u>80</u>	<u>566</u>				<u>24</u>
5.										

FLOW CALCULATIONS

No.	Coefficient (Flg.) (24-Hour)	$\sqrt{h_w P_f}$	Pressure psia	Flow Temp. Factor F _t	Gravity Factor F _g	Compress. Factor F _{pv}	Rate of Flow Q-MCFPD @ 15.025 psia
1.	<u>6.135</u>	<u>38.60</u>		<u>.9786</u>	<u>.9571</u>	<u>1.053</u>	<u>236</u>
2.	<u>6.135</u>	<u>89.11</u>		<u>.9813</u>	<u>.9571</u>	<u>1.053</u>	<u>541</u>
3.	<u>6.135</u>	<u>100.89</u>		<u>.9786</u>	<u>.9571</u>	<u>1.053</u>	<u>611</u>
4.	<u>6.135</u>	<u>126.00</u>		<u>.9741</u>	<u>.9571</u>	<u>1.052</u>	<u>750</u>
5.							

PRESSURE CALCULATIONS

Gas Liquid Hydrocarbon Ratio Dry cf/bbl. Specific Gravity Separator Gas 0.655
Gravity of Liquid Hydrocarbons _____ deg. Specific Gravity Flowing Fluid _____
F_c 9.936 (1-e^{-s}) .111 P_c 635.2 P_c 390.9

No.	P _w P _t (psia)	P _t ²	F _c Q	(F _c Q) ²	(F _c Q) ² (1-e ^{-s})	P _w ²	P _c ² -P _w ²	Cal. P _w	P _w P _c
1.	<u>615.2</u>	<u>378.5</u>	<u>2.38</u>	<u>5.43</u>	<u>0.60</u>	<u>379.1</u>	<u>11.8</u>	<u>616</u>	<u>.9993</u>
2.	<u>600.2</u>	<u>360.2</u>	<u>5.38</u>	<u>28.94</u>	<u>3.21</u>	<u>361.4</u>	<u>27.5</u>	<u>603</u>	<u>.9993</u>
3.	<u>595.2</u>	<u>355.5</u>	<u>6.07</u>	<u>36.84</u>	<u>4.09</u>	<u>357.6</u>	<u>31.3</u>	<u>600</u>	<u>.9997</u>
4.	<u>579.2</u>	<u>335.5</u>	<u>7.53</u>	<u>56.70</u>	<u>6.29</u>	<u>341.8</u>	<u>49.1</u>	<u>585</u>	<u>.9997</u>
5.									

Absolute Potential: 7600 MCFPD; n .9989019

COMPANY Amerada Petroleum Corporation
ADDRESS Dresser B - Mesquite, New Mexico
AGENT and TITLE H. C. Kidd District Engineer H. C. Kidd
WITNESSED Earl G. Smith
COMPANY El Paso Natural Gas Company

REMARKS

INSTRUCTIONS

This form is to be used for reporting multi-point back pressure tests on gas wells in the State, except those on which special orders are applicable. Three copies of this form and the back pressure curve shall be filed with the Commission at Box 871, Santa Fe.

The log log paper used for plotting the back pressure curve shall be of at least three inch cycles.

NOMENCLATURE

Q = Actual rate of flow at end of flow period at W. H. working pressure (P_w).
MCF/da. @ 15.025 psia and 60° F.

P_c = 72 hour wellhead shut-in casing (or tubing) pressure whichever is greater.
psia

P_w = Static wellhead working pressure as determined at the end of flow period.
(Casing if flowing thru tubing, tubing if flowing thru casing.) psia

P_t = Flowing wellhead pressure (tubing if flowing through tubing, casing if
flowing through casing.) psia

P_f = Meter pressure, psia.

h_w = Differential meter pressure, inches water.

F_g = Gravity correction factor.

F_t = Flowing temperature correction factor.

F_{pv} = Supercompressability factor.

n = Slope of back pressure curve.

Note: If P_w cannot be taken because of manner of completion or condition of well, then P_w must be calculated by adding the pressure drop due to friction within the flow string to P_t .