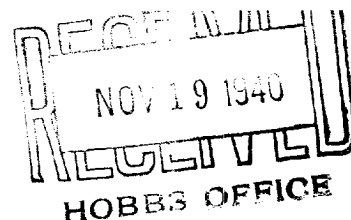




NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION
Santa Fe, New Mexico



MISCELLANEOUS REPORTS ON WELL

Submit this report in triplicate to the Oil Conservation Commission or its proper agent within ten days after the work specified is completed. It should be signed and sworn to before a notary public for reports on beginning drilling operations, results of shooting well, results of test of casing shut-offs, result of plugging of well, and other important operations, even though the work was witnessed by an agent of the commission. Reports on minor operations need not be signed and sworn to before a notary public. See additional instructions in the Rules and Regulations of the Commission.

Indicate nature of report by checking below:

REPORT ON BEGINNING DRILLING OPERATIONS		REPORT ON REPAIRING WELL	
REPORT ON RESULT OF SHOOTING OR CHEMICAL TREATMENT OF WELL	X	REPORT ON PULLING OR OTHERWISE ALTERING CASING	
REPORT ON RESULT OF TEST OF CASING SHUT-OFF		REPORT ON DEEPENING WELL	
REPORT ON RESULT OF PLUGGING OF WELL			

Hobbs, N. Mex.

11-18-40

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION,
Santa Fe, New Mexico.

Place

Date

Gentlemen:

Following is a report on the work done and the results obtained under the heading noted above at the

Anderson-Prichard Oil Corp. State B-32 Well No. 1 in the

Company or Operator

Lease

C SW NW SE

of Sec. 32

T. 24S

R. 37E

N. M. P. M.,

Mattix

Field,

Lea

County

The dates of this work were as follows:

10-17-40

Notice of intention to do the work was ~~received~~ submitted on Form C-102 on 10-15 1940 and approval of the proposed plan was ~~received~~ obtained. (Cross out incorrect words)

DETAILED ACCOUNT OF WORK DONE AND RESULTS OBTAINED

Well was shot from ~~3496'~~ 3496' to 3539' with 170 qts. SNG. After cleaning out to bottom well flowed 70 BOPD with gas/oil ratio of 1200.

Witnessed by

Name

Company

Title

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 18th

I hereby swear or affirm that the information given above is true and correct.

day of November, 19 40

Name

Frank Gray

Position

Supt.

Representing Anderson-Prichard Oil Corp.

Company or Operator

My Commission expires DECE 3-26-44

Address Box 1697, Hobbs, N. Mex.

Remarks:

Rog. Yarbrough
Name
OIL & GAS INSPECTOR
Title

THEORY OF THE EARTH

CHAPTER I

THE EARTH AND ITS HISTORY

The Earth is a planet of the solar system, and is the only one of the planets which is known to be inhabited. It is a sphere, and is composed of a solid inner core, a liquid outer core, and a solid crust. The crust is the outermost layer, and is composed of the rocks and minerals which form the surface of the Earth. The outer core is a liquid layer, and is composed of molten iron and nickel. The inner core is a solid layer, and is composed of solid iron and nickel.

THE EARTH'S HISTORY

The Earth's history is a long and complex one, and is divided into several periods. The first period is the Pre-Cambrian period, which is the earliest period of Earth's history. It is a period of great uncertainty, and is characterized by the absence of any fossil remains.

The second period is the Cambrian period, which is the first period of the Paleozoic era. It is a period of great importance, and is characterized by the appearance of the first fossil remains. The third period is the Silurian period, which is the second period of the Paleozoic era. It is a period of great importance, and is characterized by the appearance of the first land plants. The fourth period is the Devonian period, which is the third period of the Paleozoic era. It is a period of great importance, and is characterized by the appearance of the first land animals.

THE EARTH'S HISTORY

The fifth period is the Carboniferous period, which is the fourth period of the Paleozoic era. It is a period of great importance, and is characterized by the appearance of the first land plants.

The sixth period is the Permian period, which is the fifth period of the Paleozoic era. It is a period of great importance, and is characterized by the appearance of the first land animals.

The seventh period is the Triassic period, which is the first period of the Mesozoic era. It is a period of great importance, and is characterized by the appearance of the first land animals.

The eighth period is the Jurassic period, which is the second period of the Mesozoic era. It is a period of great importance, and is characterized by the appearance of the first land animals.

The ninth period is the Cretaceous period, which is the third period of the Mesozoic era. It is a period of great importance, and is characterized by the appearance of the first land animals.

The tenth period is the Tertiary period, which is the fourth period of the Mesozoic era. It is a period of great importance, and is characterized by the appearance of the first land animals.

The eleventh period is the Quaternary period, which is the fifth period of the Mesozoic era. It is a period of great importance, and is characterized by the appearance of the first land animals.

The twelfth period is the Pleistocene period, which is the sixth period of the Mesozoic era. It is a period of great importance, and is characterized by the appearance of the first land animals.

The thirteenth period is the Holocene period, which is the seventh period of the Mesozoic era. It is a period of great importance, and is characterized by the appearance of the first land animals.

The fourteenth period is the Pleistocene period, which is the eighth period of the Mesozoic era. It is a period of great importance, and is characterized by the appearance of the first land animals.

The fifteenth period is the Holocene period, which is the ninth period of the Mesozoic era. It is a period of great importance, and is characterized by the appearance of the first land animals.

The sixteenth period is the Pleistocene period, which is the tenth period of the Mesozoic era. It is a period of great importance, and is characterized by the appearance of the first land animals.

The seventeenth period is the Holocene period, which is the eleventh period of the Mesozoic era. It is a period of great importance, and is characterized by the appearance of the first land animals.

The eighteenth period is the Pleistocene period, which is the twelfth period of the Mesozoic era. It is a period of great importance, and is characterized by the appearance of the first land animals.

The nineteenth period is the Holocene period, which is the thirteenth period of the Mesozoic era. It is a period of great importance, and is characterized by the appearance of the first land animals.

The twentieth period is the Pleistocene period, which is the fourteenth period of the Mesozoic era. It is a period of great importance, and is characterized by the appearance of the first land animals.

The twenty-first period is the Holocene period, which is the fifteenth period of the Mesozoic era. It is a period of great importance, and is characterized by the appearance of the first land animals.