

NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION
Santa Fe, New Mexico

MISCELLANEOUS REPORTS ON WELLS

Submit this report in triplicate to the Oil Conservation Commission or its proper agent within ten days after the work specified is completed. It should be signed and sworn to before a notary public for reports on beginning drilling operations, results of shooting well, results of test of casing shut-off, result of plugging of well, and other important operations, even though the work was witnessed by an agent of the Commission. Reports on minor operations need not be signed and sworn to before a notary public. See additional instructions in the Rules and Regulations of the Commission.

Indicate nature of report by checking below:

REPORT ON BEGINNING DRILLING OPERATIONS		REPORT ON REPAIRING WELL	
REPORT ON RESULT OF SHOOTING OR CHEMICAL TREATMENT OF WELL	X	REPORT ON PULLING OR OTHERWISE ALTERING CASING	
REPORT ON RESULT OF TEST OF CASING SHUT-OFF		REPORT ON DEEPENING WELL	
REPORT ON RESULT OF PLUGGING OF WELL			

Midland, Texas

July 23, 1937

Place

Date

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION,
 Santa Fe, New Mexico.

Gentlemen:

Following is a report on the work done and the results obtained under the heading noted above at the _____

Culbertson & Irwin, Inc. & R.K. Stovall **R.L. Mosley** Well No. **1** in the
 _____ Company or Operator _____ Lease _____
NE 1/4 of the SW 1/4 of Sec. **34**, T. **24S**, R. **37E**, N. M. P. M.,
Jal sand Field, **Lea** County.

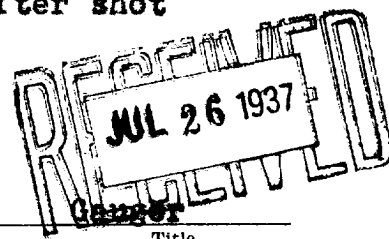
The dates of this work were as follows: **July 20, 1937**

Notice of intention to do the work was ~~submitted~~ submitted on Form C-102 on **July 23** 19 **37**
 and approval of the proposed plan ~~was~~ [was not] obtained. (Cross out incorrect words.)

DETAILED ACCOUNT OF WORK DONE AND RESULTS OBTAINED

**Well shot by New Mexico Glycerine Company with 360
 quarts of glycerine from 3307' to 3485'. Well cleaned
 itself and flowed 201 barrels 1st 12 hours after shot**

DUPLICATE



Witnessed by **R.C. Hays** **Repollo Oil Co.**
 _____ Name _____ Company _____ Title

Subscribed and sworn to before me this _____

23 day of **July**, 19 **37**

Guy Lee Epley

 Notary Public

My Commission expires **June 1, 1939**

I hereby swear or affirm that the information given above is true and correct.

Name *R.L. Mosley*

Position **Pres. Culbertson & Irwin, Inc.**

Representing **Culbertson & Irwin, Inc. and
 R.K. Stovall** Company or Operator

Address **P.O. Box 1071, Midland, Texas**

Remarks:

Guy Shepard

 Name
Oil & Gas Inspector
 Title

PART I. FRAGILE POLYMERIZATION

The first part of the paper deals with the general principles of the polymerization of monomers which are susceptible to attack by oxygen. The author discusses the various factors which influence the rate of polymerization, such as the concentration of the monomer, the concentration of the initiator, and the presence of inhibitors.

1.1. General Principles of Polymerization

The general principles of polymerization are discussed in this section. The author describes the various steps involved in the polymerization process, from the initiation of the reaction to the termination of the growing polymer chains.

1.1.1. Initiation of the Polymerization

The initiation of the polymerization is the first step in the process. It involves the formation of a free radical from an initiator, which then attacks the monomer to start the chain reaction.

1.1.2. Propagation of the Polymerization

The propagation of the polymerization is the second step in the process. It involves the addition of monomer units to the growing polymer chain, which continues to grow as long as there are monomers available.

1.1.3. Termination of the Polymerization

The termination of the polymerization is the final step in the process. It involves the termination of the growing polymer chains, which can occur through various mechanisms such as recombination of free radicals or reaction with inhibitors.

The author discusses the various factors which influence the rate of polymerization, such as the concentration of the monomer, the concentration of the initiator, and the presence of inhibitors.

The author also discusses the various factors which influence the molecular weight of the polymer, such as the concentration of the monomer, the concentration of the initiator, and the presence of inhibitors.

The author discusses the various factors which influence the polydispersity of the polymer, such as the concentration of the monomer, the concentration of the initiator, and the presence of inhibitors.

The author discusses the various factors which influence the glass transition temperature of the polymer, such as the concentration of the monomer, the concentration of the initiator, and the presence of inhibitors.

The author discusses the various factors which influence the thermal stability of the polymer, such as the concentration of the monomer, the concentration of the initiator, and the presence of inhibitors.

1.2. Kinetics of the Polymerization

1.2.1. Rate of Polymerization

The rate of polymerization is the speed at which the monomer is converted into polymer. It is influenced by various factors, such as the concentration of the monomer, the concentration of the initiator, and the presence of inhibitors.

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