## DRILLING PROGNOSIS

# I. Well Identification:

Lease Name:

El Paso Justis Federal

Well No.:

1

Location:

2310 FEL and 330 FSL Section 11, T-25-S, R-37-E

County:

Lea

State:

New Mexico

Elevations:

3129 G.L. (3139 RKB)

II. Drilling Objective:

Zone:

Seven Rivers - Queen

Total Depth:

3600

Pool Name:

Langlie Mattix

Productive Interval: 2950-3500

III Formation Tops:

Zone	Tops Drilling Depth	Subsea Depth	Gross Interval Drilled	Probable Fluid Production
Ogallala (Surface)				
Santa Rosa	<b>245</b> .	+2884	265	
Dewey Red Beds	510	+2619	380	
Rustler Anhydrite	890	+2339	100	
Salado Salt	990	+2139	1210	
Tansil	2220	+ 929	150	sic.
Yates	2350	+ 779	250	Hydrocarbons
Seven Rivers	2600	+ 529	450	Hydrocarbons
Queen	3050	+ 79	_550	Hydrocarbons
Total Depth	<u>3600</u>	<u> 471</u>	3600	

## IV. Hole Size

Hole	Bit Size	T. D.	Gross Interval	
Conductor	15	40	40	
Surface	12 1/4	400	360	
Production	7 7/8	3600	2640	

#### V. Casing Program:

## A. Casing Design

String	Casing Size					
	0. D.	Wt.	Grade	Threads	Amount	Cond.
Conductor	12 3/4	33	В	8 Rd	30	New
Surface	8 5/8	28	В	8 Rd	400	New
Production	5 1/2	17.0	J <b>-5</b> 5	8 Rd	3600	New

#### B. Float Equipment:

Surface Casing:  $8 \, 5/8$ -inch guide-shoe and  $8 \, 5/8$ -inch insert float.

Production Casing: 5 1/2-inch guide-shoe and 5 1/2-inch float collar with automatic fill.

#### C. Centralizers:

Surface Casing: One Centralizer at the float collar and one centralizer two joints above float collar.

Production Casing: Run a total of 8 centralizers. Place one centralizer at the guide shoe and one centralizer at the float collar with the remaining being placed 80 to 90 feet apart or every other joint.

## D. Wellhead Equipment:

Larkin 8 5/8 x 5 1/2 Fig 92 Casinghead. Larkin 5 1/2 x 2 3/8 Type TH tubinghead complete with slips and bell nipple.

#### VI. Mud Program

#### A. Surface Hole:

Drill surface hole with a fresh-water gel (approximately 8.5 lb/gal) while maintaining a high enough viscosity to adequately clean hole.

Add paper as needed to control excess seepage.

Before drilling below surface pipe, jet cuttings out of working pit
into reserve pit and then switch from circulating through working
pit to circulating through reserve pit.

#### B. Production Hole:

Before entering salt section, switch mud system to a saturated salt system (10.1 lb/gal). At 2200', switch back out of reserve pit and back into working pit. Also, at this point, start adding starch and brine gel to lower water loss and raise viscosity.

The mud shall have a water loss of 10 cc/30 min and a viscosity of

The mud shall have a water loss of 10 cc/30 min and a viscosity of 34 to 36 sec. before reaching 2350' (top of Yates).

In order to protect the drill string, sufficient lime shall be added to the mud to maintain a safe PH level.

## VII. Cementing Program

#### A. Surface Pipe:

Cement surface pipe with approximately 400 sacks (or as required)

of API Class-C cement containing 2% Calcium Chloride. Before
resuming drilling operations, allow cement to set for a sufficient time
to gain a 500-psi compressive strength (18 hours). Also, before
drilling plug, the pipe shall be tested to 700 psi for 30 minutes.

#### B. Production String:

Cement long string with approximately 350 sacks API Class-C cement containing 3% Halliburton Enconolite mixed to a slurry weight of 11.3 lb/gal followed by 250 sacks of a 50-50 blend of Pozmix "A"

and API Class-( )ntaining 18% salt and 2% gel; having a slurry weight of 14.1 lb/gal. Pump 30 barrels of water ahead of the cement to help remove the mud filter cake.

Once top plug is bumped, pressure test casing to 1500 psi.

The total specified cement volume of 600 sacks provides for an excess that should be sufficient to bring the cement top back to the surface. Before the cement job is actually performed, the required cement volume will be checked against the open hole caliper log to determine the actual amount of cement necessary to bring the cement back to the surface.

## VIII. Formation Evaluation:

#### A. Drilling Rate:

- 1. The drilling rate shall be monitored with a geolograph from the surface to total depth.
- 2. As part of their farmout agreement, El Paso Natural Gas Company requires that the penetration rate be tabulated in 10-feet increments over the entire hole.

## B. Well cutting Samples:

One set of well cutting samples shall be gathered every 10 feet from the surface to total depth. Each sample is to be cleaned, bagged, and tagged and then grouped into bundles of ten samples per bundle with one bundle representing each 100-feet drilled.

After the drill cuttings have been reviewed by the well geologist, they shall be delivered to Midland Sample Cut, 704 S. Pecos Street, Midland, Texas.

C. Mud Logging: None

D. Drill-Stem Testing: None

E. Coring:

None

F. Well Logging:

## Open-Hole Logs

Log	Interval		
	2" = 100"	5" = 100 <b>'</b>	
CDL-Neutron-GR	T.D Surface	T. D 2000	
Guard-Forxo	T. D 2000'	T. D 2000	
Cased-Hole	Logs		
Log	Interval		
	2" = 100'	5" = 100°	
GRN-CCL	T.D 2000'	T.D 2000'	
Log Distri	bution		
Company	Number of Copies		
	Field Prints	Final Prints	
Alpha Twenty-One Production Company			
2100 First National Bank Buildi Midland, Texas 79701	ng 8	8	
United States Geological Survey P. O. Box 1157			
Hobbs, New Mexico 88240	0	6	
Mr. O. L. Dilworth El Paso Natural Gas Company 1800 Wilco Building			
Midland, Texas 79701	3	3	

## IX. Blowout Preventer System:

A 10 3/4 2000-psi rotating head will be used while drilling the surface hole. Before drilling out from under the surface pipe, the well will be equipped with a 3000-Psi 10-inch series 900 double-ram hydraulic preventer. The blowout preventer shall be used through the running of the production string.

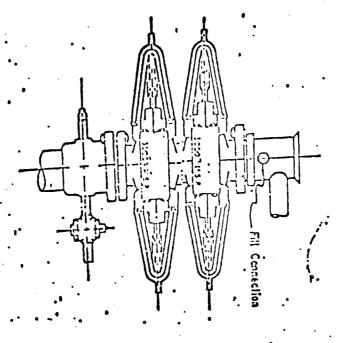
Attached is a diagram of the required BOP system.

## X. Hazardous Zones

None anticipated.

# XI. <u>Duration of Operations:</u>

The total elapsed time required for drilling and completing the subject well is expected to be 30 days.



Shaffer Type E Series 90 Hydraulic B.O.P.

BLOWOUT PREVERTER HOOK- UP .

Seites 900 Flenges, a Bella

Note: BOP system will meet the conditions of drilling approval required by the USGS District Office in Hobbs, New Mexico.

